Major Handy Working Enthusiastically in Our Behalf,

The Special Commissioner from This Country Anxions That We Should Have a Display Second to None,

Maj. Moses P. Handy, the special commissioner from the United States to the exposition of 1900, has lost no time in beginning work, although he has been in Paris only a few days. Maj. Handy is assisted by Lieut, Baker, who was connected with the Chicago exposition as assistant chief of the foreign transportation of exhibits, and by Col. Chaillet-Lory, who is secretary of the special commission.

In a conversation with a representative of the press Maj. Handy made the

following statements: "Since my appointment on July 27, I have been steadily at work. I spent a month in feeling the public pulse; I did that largely through correspondence and through newspaper publications. From the answers received I feel safe in saying that we shall need more space in 1900 than at previous exhibitions and that our exhibit will be of a higher order of merit. I am more anxious to select exhibits which will be truly representative and characteristic rather than exhibits merely remarkable for their size."

"How do you like the classification made by the French authorities?" Maj. Handy was asked.

"It is excellent," he answered. "It is an improvement on all preceding exhibits. I notice that, with great propriety, education is placed first on the list and art also holds a high place. In these two departments the United States has some surprises. I am, in consultation with the leading educators of our country with a view to securing a consensus of opinion so as to form the best plan for showing the world what we are doing in the field of education. In all international exhibitions we have taken a very high place in matters eduestional, and I think we can do even better the next time. In the domain of art we have never been adequately represented. I hope to secure a better position for the display of the work of American artists than they had in 1889. "The retrospective part of the pro-

gramme, that is, the part which shows what progress has been made during the century, we would easily lead in. We have often taken the lead in the field of inventions and we can do so again. I think the United States will make a generous appropriation. Appropriations from other countries are larger than ever before. When we show congress the desirebility of having the American exhibit hold a high place on the banks of the Seine, I am sure a generous response will be given. The exhibition of 1900 will be the greatest the world has ever seen.

"No lesson taught by previous expositions has been lost upon France. The much-abused word fin-de-siecle will apply to this exposition of 1900 better than to anything else, for it will be the crowning event of the century."

THE SLIPPERY CHINEE

How They Are Sliding Into This Country by the Score.

About 400 Chinese laborers have been landed in San Francisco during the last ave months and have been given free entry in the guise of students." They are now working in the orchards in various parts of the state, in the salmon canneries on the Columbia river and in dozens of small China town factories of various kinds, The other day 41 of them were allowed to pass through the custom house, and an additional hundred went into quarantine from the steamer Dorie, and are expected to be released soon. These laborers have nearly all come in on certificates issued in Maceo, a dependency of Portugal, and which, under an opinion of the attorney-general of the United States, delivered May 20, 1896, must be recognized as prima facie evidence of the right of their bearers to land. The opinion was in effect that the British registrar-general at Hong Kong, the commissioner of customs, at Canton, and the officer of any other foreign country possessing dependencies in China should be recognized as competent to sign such documents. No idendiffication at this port is called for, no previous residence here is called for, and, in short, it seems as though a simple means has been found to successfully evade the Chinese restriction acts.

TUGBOAT DOG IS DEAD · Whiskers, Well Known Among the

Chicago Sailors, is No More. There is gloom among the river men at Chicago. "Whiskers," the steamboat dog familiar to every sailor who enters the harbor, is dead. Through an inadvertency he was shut up in the pilothouse of the tug Monitor Friday night and was suffocated.

Whiskers was known aboard tugs and steamers on the river from the stock yards branch to North avenue, and upon these craft he made his home, sojourning occasionally with the bridge tenders. His career was not unlike that of Owney, the postal dog. One day two years ago Whiskers was

aboard the Tacoma while she lay at the Sixty-eighth street crib. A gale blew up and in the turmoil of the sea Whiskers beheld a young man and a girl being tossed about by the waves in a frail skiff. His frantic barking apprised the crew in the cabin and the youthful pair were rescued.

Bicycle Building De Resorts, President Baldwin makes the astonishing statement in his annual report that the Long Island raffroad has carried thus far this season more than 100,-900 bicycles as baggage. "The influence of the bicycle in building up suburban resorts and encouraging the building of good roads," said he, "has been very marked during the past year."

THE EXPOSITION OF 1900 | AN UNWISE POLICY In America People Leave Nothing for Their Children to Spend.

In America it is the custom - very nearly the universal one—for parents to spend upon the luxuries and pleasures of the family life the whole income, says the North American Review. The children are educated according to this standard of expenditure and are secustomed to all its privileges. No thought is taken of the time when they must set up households for themselves -almost invariably upon a very different scale from the one to which they have been used. To the American parent this seems only a natural downfall. They remark cheerfully that they themselves began in a small way and it will do the young people no harm to acquire a similar experience, forgetting that in most cases their children have been educated to a much higher standard of ease than that of their own early life. They do not consider it obligatory to leave anything to their children at death. They have used all they could accumulate during their own lifetime-let their children do the same. The results of the system are crystallized in the American saying: "There are but three generations from shirt sleeves to shirt sleeves." The man who acquires wealth spends what he makes. His children, brought up in luxury, struggle unsuccessfully against conditions to which they are unused, and the grandchildren begin in their shirt sleeves to toil for the wealth dissipated by the two preceding generations.

A CANADIAN NOTE OF ALARM.

Sending of the Warship Yantic to the Great Lakes Causes a Stir. The Mail and Empire, of Toronte, Ont., in an editorial article, says: In 1817 the United States proposed to Great Britain that the naval force to be maintained on the lakes by each government should be confined to the following vessels: On Lake Ontario, one vessel, not exceeding 100 tons burthen, and armed with one 18-pound cannon. On the upper lakes, two such vessels, similarly armed. On Lake Champlain, one vessel.

It was further proposed that all other armed vessels should be dismantled, and that no further vessels of war should be built or armed on the lakes. To all of this her majesty's government agreed. Now the United States is sending to the upper lakes the war ship Yantic, of 900 tons as a training vessel. She is not to be armed when she passes through the canals, as that would violate the agreement, but a rapid-firing battery is to be placed on board of her at Erie, Pa. The attention of the government at Ottawa is directed to those facts. We have no war vessels on the lakes, and do not want them. Why should the international agreement be broken by the United States?

NEW RAILROAD FOR ALASKA.

Canadian Capitalists Propose to Build Line to Yukon River. Application will be made to the dominion parliament next session for a bill to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and operating a railway from a point near the head of Chilkat inlet, on the Lynn canal, to the rapids on the Yukon river, following closely as practicable Dalton's trail, branch lines, bridges, wharves, telegraph and telephone lines, steamboats than 900 ancient tombe nd other craft on the lakes and tributaries of the Yukon river; to acquire shore rights and land for station houses, and all necessary powers and privileges pertaining thereto; also, to acquire lands, bonus or other aids from the government of Canada, provincial or municipal bodies, corporations or persons to aid in the construction of the said railway. The promoters are a syndicate of wealthy men.

Latest reports received at Ottawa of the progress of the Crow's Nest Pass railway construction are to the effect that work on the first 100 miles is very far advanced and there is no question but that the company will be able to realize its purpose of completing this section before the close of the present season.

A SIGNIFICANT APPOINTMENT.

Governor of Peking to Take Charge of Tien-Tsin-Shanhaikuan Road. Sheridan Reed, consul at Tien-Tsin, reports to the state department that Hu Yungel, governor of Peking, has been appointed by imperial edict to take charge of the Tien-Tsin-Shanhaikuan railroad. This is taken to mean that Chengtactal has entirely lost his influence over railroad matters. The new director is knewn to lean towards Great Britain, and his appointment to build the Manchurian lines, involving the raising of a loan, is therefore, significant, because these lines will closely connect with the Trans-Siberian road. It is suggested that the object of this move was to enlist British capital in northern China in order to weaken the influence of Russia in that quarter, just as British influence in central China has which amount to more than a fourth been weakened by the Belgian loans negotiated by Sheng, for Beligium is of governmental ownership, including believed to have been the agent of Russia in the transactions.

Sphinx Nearly 4,000 Years Old. The famous Sphinx near the pyranids of Gizeh was thoroughly investigated by Prof. Erman, who at a recent neeting of the Berlin academy, delivred a lecture about its probable age. Careful researches show that it could not have been built previous to the socalled "middle kingdom," or about 2,000 B. C. Between her front paws there was originally the image of a delty, all trace of which has at the present time disappeared. For the building of the colossal work more than 20 years must have been necessary, even if 1,500 men

had been employed all the time. Supplied by Canada. At present Canada supplies one-fourteenth of the imported food of Great Britain.

Suggested by the Director of the Bureau of American Republica

America and the West indies.

Joseph P. Smith, director of the bu-Mexico says:

"If transportation enterprises are supplemented by a wise system of reciprocity there will be no bounds to the development of mutually beneficial trade under the stimulus of closer intercourse and a better acquaintance. The tariffs of the two countries levy duties on the products of each, which afford the basis for advantageous con-cessions. The United States could well afford, in my judgment, to remit or modify taxes on Mexican hides, tobacco, ores and fruits in exchange for the lowering of Mexican imports upon manufactured articles which Mexico does not produce, and there can be but little doubt that governments so friendly and so keenly desirous of increased trade, the one with the other, will quickly agree upon some plan that will be heartily applauded by the masses of both countries."

Mr. Smith says the same is true as to the trade of Central America and the West Indies, with the single exception of Cuba. Many of the British colonies to the southward are, he says, practically dependent on the United States for the necessaries of life, and reciprocity would insure the sale to them of many articles which they now buy in Europe.

As to Cuba he says: "Economic forces alone may be expected to compel a solution of the Cuban troubles, which will again bring that fertile island into close relation with the United States. Exhaustion must ultimately bring one or the other of the parties to the present struggle to terms, even should the United States, as is most unlikely, fail in its endeavors to effect an adjustment in the interest of humanity and the principles which all true Americans have ever had at heart. A step toward reciprocity has already been taken, even under the present conditions. Notwithstanding the frequently exhibited disinclination of the Spanish government to make any concessions to the United States, the cable dispatches announce that a new customs tariff has been formed for Cuba which reduces the duties upon nearly all goods imported from the United

on West Side of New York City. with power to construct and operate ground into a park. First they dug a nones. Un some hard for the old burying ground, but but the others will be undisturbed, the drede' graves were to be covered by a walk is said to have obtained a modification of the plans, by which a flower bed will be above the bodies. Until almost effaced by the hand of time, have been objects of wonder and interest to strangers, telling of a time when New York was a little community at the southern end of Manhattan island.

CONCERNING BRAZIL

Her Resources and Financial Condition—The Public Debt.

Senor Mendonca, the Brazilian minister, will have an article in the next bulletin of the bureau of American republics on Brazil's resources and financial condition. It shows in detail the debt and income of Brazil. In round. numbers the debt, including the obligations on outstanding paper money, amounts to \$547,527,600, or a per capita of \$33.18. Against this the minister specifies a few of the resources of the government, including railways, the lebt of Uruguay and of Paraguay, etc., of the debt. The values of other items the public lands, public buildings and the telegraph lines, as well as all other federal property, are not estimated, but in the aggregate would amount to a large sum.

Objects in the Blood. Dr. Muller has given an account of certain objects, not hitherto described, which are to be found in every sample of blood, both in health and disease. They resemble fat globules, but must not be confounded with fragments of the white or red corpuscles; their size is variable, the largest diameter being 1-25,000 of an inch. They may be seen to show movement and are not affected by osmic soid. Dr. Muller has named them "haemokonia" (blood dust),

Population of Japan. The population of Japan has increased at the rate of 27 per cent, in the last 24 years.

A PLAN OF RECIPROCITY.

Wisdom of Fostering Trade Between United States and Mexico, Central

reau of American republica, will have an article in the forthcoming bulletin of the bureau outlining the extent to which, in his opinion, reciprocity can be applied under the new tariff law in fostering the trade between the United States and Mexico, Central America and the West Indies. He shows the expansion of this trade through recent improved means of communication by rail and steamship, and concerning

A PARK OUT OF A GRAVEYARD.

Transformation Scene Taking Place Workmen in the employ of the city of New York have begun to transform the famous old St. Johns burying large pit and into it they threw more of these stones were cut names that were once well known in New York. Five thousand bodies were buried in the cemetery, that is now in a crowded part of the West side and is needed for a pleasure ground for the people of the district. Trinity corporation fought was defeated and obliged to accept \$520,000 for the land. Some of the bodies were disinterred and removed, park grounds being laid out above them. One New Yorker whose kinnow the century old tombetoness the inscriptions on whose faces had been

Bulletin Financier.

Vendredi. 15 octobre 1897.

COMPTOIR DECHANGES (CLEARING HOUSE) DE LA MOUVELLE-OPLEANS. Semana..... \$7,818,609 00 \$887,147 00 temps in semana der-Interested author · 中国 mière..... 6,612,303 90 g 910,943 00

Total..... \$28,485,300 00 Autre passif comptant..... 804.200 00 62,000 00 Total.....\$22,200,700 00 Comparé avec la semaine dernière Augmentation
Legal Tenders......816,200

49,700 banquiers......234,100 Change.........30,200 MARCHE MONETAIRE. Monvelle-Origana...

Monvelle-Oriéans—
Tode exceptionnel
The exceptionnel
The de A1

Prête our gerantise collatéraise... 5 % 6
The de Ga — 66
Papier hypothécaire... 7 % 8

Gennales américaines et etrangère.

MOHNAIE

Severains Victoria... \$4 8004 %
20-france... \$3 80 % 90
Denblone espagnols... \$15 400 15 60
25-passetus espagnols... \$4 700 \$7 697 %
Argent mutilé américain, per 6

Gennales Moninaux
Peuco chilians... Hominaux
Argent anglais, par 6

Argent anglais, par 6

Moninaux
Argent anglais, p

Milete de la Bangande France LONDRES Tenz de la Banque d'Angleterre S 070. consols pour l'argent 111%. Four accompte 111 11116. PARIS. Rentes—108.02%.
ABGENT EN LINGOTS (FAR ONCE --Londres 27 3116 New-York 57% 259.

est ca me.

Traites de commerce \$1 25 d'esc.

Traites de banques sa pair.

VENTES A LA BOURSE DE LA ROUVELLE.

ACTIONS MY MORE. Dernières cetes du M. O. Secoli Ecchange Valour Offre Demo | Waleur Offre | Stangues | Stang

188 125 People's 50 50 100 ... 100 ... 100 ... 100 ... 100 100100100 80 88 l'empagnice d'acco.

Chemine de for urbaine. 18 57% Actions diverses. 50

1300 100

Sout d'Blak Bome de ville.

Hous divers.

Dertillengs et Wetremen. 🕸 O. Abatter Co.
O Cotten Ex. Int Errors
O. Traction Co., Power House 104 **Bulletin Commercial** Vendredi, 15 octobre 1897. COTON. 30 Marché de la NHe-Oriéans. SUR PLACE. Le Cotton Exchange a rapporté anjourd'? si des ventes de 1,100 belles es 2,950 à arriver.
Le mérché est calme.
Les cotens techés sent de le à les pins bas que les cotes suivantes: Azjeard'hu 7. O. FUTURES Calmes et stables.
Jenvier.
Pevrier.
Mage.
Avril.
Mai Septembre 5.8
Septembre 5.8
Discentification 5.8
Lies vantes compressed 24 000 ball RANCESS DIVERS. Aujourd'hui le middling conti cott &-Charleston 5 11:16
Wilmington 5 1:16
Battimore 64
Battimore 67
Philodeiphie 6716
Memphis 5 15:16
Argunta 65-16 Louis6 EABCHE DE NEW-YORE. SUR PLACE.

Calme et stable.

Cotes—Missing Gulf 6 9(16.

No W. FUTURES. 6,38 # 6,40 6,41 # 6 43

A peine stables.

Jatvar
Ferrier
Mars.
Avril
Mai.
Juliet
Autt MOUVEMENT DU COTOR.

MARCHE DE LIVERPOOL. SUB PLACE. Demande assoz bonne. Cotec-\$ 23(32 penr le Middling América) PUTURS. Stables

SUB PLACE. Cotes...50 fr. pour l'Ordinaire (sur place 48 lg fr. pour le Très Ordinaire (sur place 48 fr. pour le Bes (sur place). PUTURS.

Familes SUCRE BY MELANCE. Jobbing left to pine clove par livro pour lo ctore, et 30 ho pine clové par gallen pour le milasces que les cotes anivantes du Bugar Re Mongo.
SUURE-OPRE ESTILE-Colmo. St. UESTRIFUGAL-Calme.

MELASSE_OPEN KETTLE-11 n'y on lus en premières mains. UENTELFUGAL—Bien fort. Meminal per gellon.
AIBOP—25 #29c le gallon.
BUORE HAFFINE—
Out Leaf.
Powdered.
Standard granulated. Meins eo et 1116e d'escempte.

RIE SOALE—Stable.

A LA BOURSE. Chetare efficielle de la Bourse : GRAINS ET POURRAGES.

MAIS-On cote 41 à 42 pour le bianc; à à 22 pour le mêlé et 43 à 44 pour 4: h 12 peur le male et 43 à 44 pour le jaune.
AVOINE...Ne 2 de l'Ouest 26 à 26 h; Cheix 27 à 27 h; Texas No 2 27 à 27 h;
SON...-67 h 2 70c.
FOIS...-Prime \$12 00 à 12 50; Cheise \$14 50 à 15 50.
Lée petits jous es vendent aux prix survans : mais 26, de plus par belessen; aveine 2 à 4c de plus par belessen; son 6 à 8c, de plus par 100 livres, et le fein \$2 60 à 8 00 de plus par tousean.

PROTITIONS. Olotaro esiciello de la Bourse pour selecte na greg ! MESS PORK—\$9 00-99 25. VIANDES SALEES SECHES—

GROCERIES. CAPE RIO.

CORDOVAN MEXICAINS..... 640 67 Jebby g an pou pine élevé. GRAINE DE COTON ET SE PRODUITS.

Genno Vanilio, 13 qua bout., enlese... Ordune de Hoyau, 13 que bout., enlese. Fralines grillées à la Vanilla, 13 quartes enlese.

Confinie B. Cussuler File Ainé & Oc

Paris—
Drime de Mante, Verte [green)......
Drimeses See, exange (etene jugs).....
Otzagne See, green (etene jugs).....
Ankette, en paniere de 3 pemponelles.

Anteste.
Prunelle Cusemier
Créme de Moha.
Orduse de Moha.
Orduse de Vanille.
Lépasur d'Abrisote
Orduse de Cacao Cheuva, extra.
Manachina, extra superior, original bet-

Pesen.
Pesen.

Kummel, genuine, J. A. Gilka Berlin.

Abdinthe, E. Pernod, 12 litree.

Absinthe, A. Rigny, 12 litree.

Kirach, E. Pernod, 12 litree.

Kirach, E. Pernod, 12 litree.

Vermouth, Nollly Prat & Co., 12 litree.

Vermouth, Martini Sola & Co., 12 litree.

Ressian Allach, 12 quarte.

California.

Vins blance—
Sherry

Biseling

Sauternee de Heck

Sauternee de Heok
Vins de l'Onest—
Pert Base Idand Uo.
Catawbs doux, Base Island Co.
Baerry, Madère, par Gellen—
Californie, L & J
Gennies, Byzes & Co.

sites, V

Niersteriner, 12 quarts...
Zeitinger, 12 quarts...
Laubesheimer, 12 quarts...
Oppenheimer, 12 quarts...
Hockheimer, 12 quarts...
Erbacher, 12 quarts...
Radersheimer, 1884, 12 quarts...
Geissenheimer, 12 quarts...
Marcohrunner, 12 quarts...
Marcohrunner, 12 quarts...

QUINCALLERIE.

W REStooth. 7 500 15 00 A.B. & Oo.side harrows, chacus. 2 75

Repanding harrows, 11-tooth, ch. 27-5
Dears's stalk cutter. No 1. 30 00
Deer's stalk cutter. No 2. 37-25
La. Dow disc harrows. 28 00
Deare disc harrows, No 1. 30 00
Deare disc harrows, He 4. 39 00
Rellow ware, skillets and lida. 25
Anvila. 99 12
Bar iron. besis, per tow. 99 12
Bar iron. besis, per tow. 150
Beesl naila, 50-60 basis, kag. 150
Wire naila, 50-60 basis, kag. 125
Vire naila, 50-60 basis, kag. 125
I cut keen plows, peny x pus
list \$7-75, less 35 per cent
I out keen plows, B-0 z pts.
list \$7-50, less 35 per cent
I out keen plows, B-0 z pts.
list \$7-50, less 35 per cent
I out keen plows, O-0 x pts.
list \$10-40, less 35 per cent
John Deere Plows—
A. B. & Oe. steel plows.

rd ceries, steel and wood beam, 30 per

cent from list.

2 25

2 75

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5 75

Expanding harrows, 11-tooth, oh. Deere's stalk cutter, No 1.....

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A. B. & Co. steel plows, pony x

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A.B & Co.steel plews, B-O x pte.

Scott's beliews, 28 to 43-inch.

sen Menthe, 18 grandes bentelles,

Graine de cotes—Lei \$8 00 à --- per ten Parine de graine de cotes par chargement Piche de graine de estes par chargement au dépôt \$18 50 à 18 75 per shert sen, sour l'ex-perintion \$20 25 à 20 50 f. e. b. per lang ten. Oil eake—\$20 25 à 20 50 peur l'expertation c. b. Oll cake—\$20 25 a 20 50 peur l'expertation L. e. b., c. b. PRUITS RT NOIX. POMMES...

ORANGES..... 2 25 Par bolte _____ 2500 275 OOOO ... 275 \$ 350 POIRES..... 4008 450 PECHES.... 2 002 2 25 'ar beite de 1/3 de boisseau... 90c. 981 25

PACAFES... De la Louisiana, par livre......

Du Turne, par livre......

Jobbing un pou plue élevé que les prix el-PRODUITS DE LA CAMPAGNE. (Hes come representant to prix du gros au inading. Les marchands obtiennent 15 à 25c. de pius par bartl et 14 à 16c. par livre en leta.)
FORMES DE TERRE—Par bartl \$1 50 à

S 10.
PATATES DOUGES—Ordinaires par barti
\$1.50 à 1.75. 11 50 à 1 75. TAMS—\$1 75 à 2 00. TOMATES—\$00 à \$1 26 par boite d'un demi

TOMATES—SOCA\$1 26 per beite d'un demi
beisseau.

OIGHORS—Par baril \$2 25 à 2 50.

CHOUX—\$1 50 à — per crata.

AIL—30 à 75c. per macorne.

CHOULEOUTE—Baril \$3 25 à 3 50.

VOLAILLES—Les marchands en gree demandent de 15 à 25c. de plus que les prix auvants par demande de velatile, et 1 à 2c. de plus per doumine d'enfs.

Secure velatiles de l'Unest, is doumine.

S3 40 9 3 75.

Poulets.

Chouse 24 0 9 3 00.

Oiss—25 0 2 4 50.

Dindas—35 0 2 4 50.

Praiets 1 60 9 3 25.

Orange 1 60 9 3 25.

Changes velatiles de la Louisiane la doumine.

\$3 60 4 00.

Puniets 2 2 5 9 2 75.

Oiss.

\$3 00 2 4 00.

Dindas.

\$3 00 2 4 00.

GUFS-158---- 5 00 9 00 LAINE - Burry 8 à 9c. la livre; Louisiana clear 15 à — c.; clear Lake 17 à à — c.;
PEAUX AUX ABATTOIRS—70 livres et au-dessus 6 à c.; steer et peaux de vaches 30 à 70 livres 6 èc.; hips 14 à 30 livres 6 èc.; hips 14 à 30 livres 6 èc.; peaux de vaches 30 à 70 livres 6 èc.; hips 14 à 30 livres 6 èc.; peaux de vaan 60c, pièce; grub selection 6 èc. PEAUX DE LA CAMPAGNE—Wet salted et al de libres.

PELLETERIE Otter \$1 00 à 4 50; castor PELLIETA MALE—Utter pa OU n e OU; Unetter 5 à 50c. pièce; mescene 5 à 35c.
PEAUX—Chevreuil 16c. la livre; moutes 10 à 40c nièce; chèvre 10 à 15c.
MOUNSE—Mètée 1 à 2c. la livre; grise Pianet, Jr., outilivator, whosis, cha.
Pianet, Jr., outilivator, whosis, cha.
Rreat La Dew cultivator, chacus.
25 00
Universal cultivator, chacus.
26 00
Brewn riding cultivator, chacus.
27 00
Brewn walking cultivator, chacus.
28 00
Brewn walking cultivator, chacus.
29 00
Geddee' hisge harrows, Hcel #3.17 50 #25 00
Geddee' hisge harrows, 14 #30. 1 & à 1 % a.; noire 2 à 2 % a. CORNES — Cernes de bœufs, prime, de. pièce.; cornes de vaches — à 1a.

MARCHANDISES DIVERSES. BAVAL STORMS—Lee prix du gros sons comme sait. Au détail il faut payer 25 à 50c. de plus par baril. Pitch \$2 00 à 3 25; goudros de chartos \$4 50 à 4 75 le baril; gondress de pin \$2 80 à 2 75. Récine calon la qualité \$1 25 à \$2 75.

\$1.25 a \$2.75.

Resence de strébenthine 31 lg.

Febbing Rc. de plus le gallen.

TONNELLERIE—La demande est asses
beane excepté pour des neuvenux boucauts de
sacre qui ne sont pas en demande.

Beanants de sucre de seconde

Beanants de sucre de seconde.

ALABAMA—Bar baril Corona 40c.; Corona autoesi 25c.; splint coal 45c.; sut splint coal 56c.; Cahaba 45c.; steam coal sur chare \$2 40 a 265 is tea.

checum.

A.B.& Co.steel plows, C-O x pts checun.
A.B. &Oo. cast plows, 1/6-8-E pony E pies, chaous. 1 75

E pies, chaous. 1 75

Tourse Hanger series, steel and weed beam, 30

pur outs from list.

Biue Beard ceries, steel VENS MY LIQUEUES. Polis Creeks series, stee beams, 25 per cent from

Marveis-Ames', A.B. &Oo., erest continued on the continued of the continue Boarbea ... 1 400
Seigle ... 1 500
Beases, 117 deg. proof. ... 9
prinande, 117 deg. proof. ... 9
priyande, 117 deg. proof. ... 9
Genibvre ... Du pays, de NowKerk on de Fhiladeiphie.
par galies ... 1150
Sir Bobt. Burnott's Cid Tum. Br Robt. Burnett's Old Tom. 3 60 par caises.

David MaArthur & Co.'s Old
Tom Gin, par caises

Holland, par caises

Bun de la Jamaique, 115 deg. proof, par galion... Rum de Banin Gras, 117 deg. Rum de Banin Grus, 117 deg. pruef.
Botterlam, Green Bozze, 13 quaria, kuy brand.
Botterlam Gin, Green Bozze, 13 quaria, suchor brand... yelm De Kuyper & Ben, Rotter-dam, green essest de 12 bou-tellies. 7 00 ••••

dam, green easer de 12 bouteillee. 9 50
Uhampagnes, Par Coisee 12 quarte. 24 pints
Reinert Brut. 251 50 232 00
Hampagnes, Par Coisee 12 quarte. 24 pints
Reinert Brut. 251 50 232 00
Hampagnes, Par Coisee 12 quarte. 25 0 23 00
Hampagnes, Brites Dry. 251 50 23 50
Figer Heddisch. 25 00 25 00 25 00
Yenvo Cherus, Pounardia. 25 00 25 00
Polibesk & Co. 2 serien Dry. qts. 29 50 20 21 50
Delbesk & Co. 2 serien Dry. qts. 29 50 20 20 00
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