The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 5, 1872. [illegible] Whole—16,610.

NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE.

DUFOUR & LIMET, Proprietors.

[illegible]

Weekly Edition.

TERMS—PER YEAR .... $3.

NEW ORLEANS:

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 5, 1872.

Amusements This Evening.

OPERA HOUSE—"La Favorite."
VARIETIES THEATRE—"Marble Heart."
ST. CHARLES THEATRE—"Oliver Twist."
ACADEMY OF MUSIC—"Le Pont des Soupirs."

Unlawful Exercise of the Pardoning Power.

Governor Warmoth has in the course of his administration performed many illegal and outrageous acts, but none of them exceed in enormity that of the release from imprisonment of Mr. Van Norden, President of the Louisiana Savings Institution, who was yesterday committed to the Parish Prison for contempt as a punishment for the contempt of which he had been guilty towards the Sixth District Court. We are certainly not astonished at any act Gov. Warmoth performs. He seems to have become emboldened during the last twelve months, and indifferent to even an outward semblance of respect for the office which he administers. He has not suffered any obstacle whatever to stand in the way of his wicked designs, and has taken a pleasure in exhibiting his contempt for the people. Gov. Warmoth knows well the demoralized condition of our society else he would not dare to trample upon the rights and liberties of the people and set at nought the orders of the Judiciary as he has been in the habit of doing whenever the latter interfered with him or his associates. We venture to say that it is the first time in the history of the United States that any Governor or President has undertaken to nullify and render ineffectual a judicial order, and it is an act of so monstrous a character that we can hardly believe it. The Governor might as well abolish the whole judicial system of the State as release under pretence of exercising the pardoning power, a party committed to prison in a proceeding for contempt of court. That proceeding is the only means the courts have to enforce the respect due to their orders, and its theory is that it is an absolute uncontrolled power vested in the judiciary for the protection of their own dignity, from which there is no appeal. It is necessary to enforce discipline. One committed for contempt by a competent court cannot be discharged from imprisonment by another court under the writ of habeas corpus or through any other proceeding, except an application to the court itself which made the commitment. There is no corrective provided by law for an abuse of the power except that of impeachment. The Executive Department has no control over the judicial, no power to interfere with or set aside any of its orders or decrees, except by pardoning offenders against the criminal statutes of the State after their trial and conviction. The theory of our Government is that these Departments are co-ordinate—co-equal. The pardoning power cannot be legally applied to cases such as the one upon which we are commenting. There is no precedent for its application in such cases. It is a power given to the Executive to remit penalties for the commission of statutory crimes, but its exercise is subject to the approval of the Senate. If the Governor had power to remit the punishment inflicted on parties guilty of contempt of the courts, the latter would have no means of enforcing the attendance of witnesses, nor could they preserve order while in session or protect themselves from insult. The pardoning power in cases in crimes can only be exercised "after conviction," that is after the courts have done with the criminal. A party committed to prison for contempt of court is still in the custody of the court and may be brought up again and recommitted, if he does not purge himself. Gov. Warmoth knows all this. These rules and principles are familiar. He proceeds, we suppose, under that "inherent power" which he claims, but which does not exist under our Constitution.

We presume Judge Cooley will take such measures as are legal to enforce his orders and vindicate the respect due to the court over which he presides.

SOUTH-WESTERN BIBLE SOCIETY.—The 32d Annual Report of this society has been laid upon our table by Rev. J. E. C. Doremus, its General Agent. We extract the following statement of the transactions of the society for the year 1871:

Sales at the Bible House, cash	$ 797 23
Sales to depositories and others	2,344 12
Grants	506 73
Grants on Life Memberships	48 50
Total amount sent out	$3,696 58
Sales by auxiliaries on last year's distribution account	960 22
Total distributed	$4,615 80
Value of the scriptures now on the field	$8,909 82
Value of the scriptures now in the house	2,985 38
Value of stock in possession	$12,916 20
Receipts from all sources	$ 7,288 79

Eleven life members have been constituted, eighty churches, Sunday schools, asylums, etc., and benevolent societies supplied.

Thirteen new auxiliary societies have been organized—making a total of one hundred and twenty-six.

The South-Western Bible Society is managed by a Board of Directors representing the four principal denominations of Christians in the region of its operations, the venerable Joseph A. Maybin, its first President, still presiding, aided by a number of Vice-Presidents, prominent citizens of Mississippi and Louisiana, eminent for their worth. The field it occupies is the whole of the State of Louisiana and half or more of Mississippi. The report urges the colportage system as the most efficient method of circulating the Bible through the State within the jurisdiction of the Society, the adoption of which will involve a need for a steady stream of collection from all the congregations of the various Christian denominations in the field of the Society.

ST. ALOYSIUS ACADEMY.—The attention of parents and guardians is directed to this institution, which is situated at the corner of Chartres and Barracks streets, and directed by the Brothers of the Sacred Heart. The course of studies embraces French, English, German, spelling, reading, writing, geography, grammar, arithmetic, sacred history, history of the United States, elocution, composition and rhetoric, book-keeping, algebra, geometry and drawing. The principal aim of this institution is to enable pupils to acquire a sound and solid Christian training, and to prepare them, in a particular manner, for the duties of commercial life.

[illegible]

Suppression of Steamboats to Louis E. [illegible]

[illegible] the Fire Department at the Varieties Theatre, which [illegible] most brilliant [illegible]. The [illegible] consisted of a large punch bowl, two feet high, a silver waiter, forty-four inches [illegible] goblets and one punch ladle. On the punch bowl on one side is a medallion of Mr. Marks surrounded by these words, "President Firemen's Charitable Association," on the other side a large shield, in which is engraved [illegible] speech was delivered by Mr. [illegible] in presence of a vast gathering of ladies and gentlemen gathered to witness the ceremonies. Mr. Marks replied in a feeling and eloquent address. On the stage were the principal State and city authorities.

SOUTHERN HISTORICAL SOCIETY.—The severity of the weather last Friday evening caused a postponement of the lecture by Col. Holt, which was to have been then delivered. It will be given next Friday evening.

[illegible]—Postmaster Lowell [illegible] us that a postoffice has been established at Toulme Station, on the New Orleans and Mobile Railroad, between New Orleans and Shieldsboro.

Mr. John B. Burnette has been appointed postmaster.

The Firemen's Celebration.

Delightful as our Spring weather commonly is, yesterday, as if a special favor was granted to the firemen and the expectant population of the city, was a singularly beautiful day. The sky was of the purest heavenly blue, the temperature was exhilarating and there was no wind to disturb the dust on the streets.

The procession was organized on Canal street and long before the hour designated for the march to commence, that great avenue and its affluents were crowded with men, women and children, of all classes and races, and the balconies and windows overlooking the mustering spectacle were filled with people.

In the order of the celebration, in the magnificence and splendor of the pageant it is doubtful if the thirty-fifth anniversary of the department was ever equaled; certainly it never has been surpassed. The line was of great length, and whoever surveyed it from a commanding point—whoever had a view of it from van to rear, witnessed a spectacle, which, with its embannered banners, its dazzlingly bright engines, its apparatus so sumptuously decorated and its hundreds of gallant men in their neat and picturesque uniforms, marching to stirring music, may, without hyperbole, be described as a gorgeous panorama.

It was somewhat later than the appointed hour, when the column was put in motion, and the grand marshal, with his [illegible] turned into Camp street and led the procession through the long march, up and down town, to the Varieties Theatre, where the organization was dissolved and, as many as could, entered the theatre to witness the presentation to Mr. Marks of the testimonial voted by the department to him.

Volunteer Steam Fire Co. No. 1, had the advance. Fifty-two men were at the ropes, uniformed in red shirts, black caps, white belts and black pants. The steam engine shone brightly and, drawn by four fine dark bays and [illegible], the floral pyramid, presented a handsome appearance. Trophies of silver plate were also borne on the engine, showing the success of the company in winning prizes for speed [illegible].

Pelican [illegible] Co. No. 1, of Algiers, with thirty-eight men, [illegible]

[illegible] Co. No. 2, of Algiers [illegible]

Washington Hook and Ladder No. 1, [illegible] black caps, white belts, blue shirts and black pants, a formidable half hundred. Their truck was also admirable for its appearance.

David Crockett Engine Co. No. 1, from Gretna, displayed in tastefulness of decoration with the most pretentious in the line. The beautiful hand engine was adorned as a bride, in spangled gauze and flowers, and ribbons. Forty-one men, in black caps, white belts, red shirts and black pants creditably represented the public spirit of the distant suburb.

Mississippi Engine Company No. 1, from the Lake End, gave an impressive idea of the muscular resources of the population there. Forty-one agile and vigorous young men, uniformed in black caps, black pants and red shirts, were drawing their neat engine, which was heavily covered with fragrant flowers and gay ribbons.

Lafayette Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1. This ancient company which dates its organization back to the time when the Fourth District was an independent corporation, the City of Lafayette, turned out fifty-four men, in white caps, white belts, red shirts and black pants, and there was no finer body in the procession. Their truck was arrayed with nice taste, in the choicest productions of the "Garden District."

A delegation from Tenant Steam Engine Co. No. 5, of Mobile, had a place here in the procession.

Mississippi Steam Fire Engine Company No. 2, had fifty-seven men in the line, who were admired for personal qualities and the elegance of their uniform, a black cap, white shirt, black belt and black pants. Their superb silver-mounted engine, the "Lady Bloozy," the proudest machine of all, was drawn by six stately grays, handsomely caparisoned. As the champion on an occasion of competitive strife, the splendid engine bore horns and trophies in the form of silver plate.

Vigilant Steam Engine Company No. 3. This excellent company was out forty-eight strong, every man becomingly attired in black cap, black belt, red shirt and black pants. The highly burnished engine, drawn by four fine horses, had on top a well executed carving of a gray eagle, typical of superior speed [illegible] which handsome ribbons with mottoes inscribed upon them were suspended.

America Hook and Ladder Company, No. 2, had forty-five men, who would have fared better among the best, and who were black caps, white belts, blue shirts and [illegible] truck, a [illegible] large and well executed image of the great American bird, from the mouth of which bright ribbons, with mottoes [illegible].

Columbia Engine Company No. 5, with [illegible] and elaborately ornamented with flowers, [illegible] five stalwart men, who in their black caps, white belts and red shirts, [illegible] with something of a martial bearing.

Louisiana Hose [illegible] Engine Company, forty strong, [illegible] black pants, black caps [illegible] "Little Annie Howard" [illegible]

Mechanics [illegible] Company No. 6.—Seventy men, [illegible] red shirts, white belts and black pants [illegible]

Eagle Steam Engine Co. No. 7. Thirty-five men [illegible] ance and manly bearing. Uniform, black shirts, [illegible] The engine, looked grand, surmounted by the figure of a full-sized eagle, with spread wings [illegible] drawn by four grays. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Ladder Co. No. 3 [illegible]

[illegible] white belts and black pants. The [illegible] its gorgeousness and the [illegible]

[illegible] Co. No. 12 had [illegible] little hand engine [illegible] seventy-four able-bodied men [illegible] white belts [illegible]

Philadelphia Steam Engine Co. No. 10 made a good appearance, with thirty-three [illegible] men at the ropes, in red shirts, black pants, white belts and black caps, and drawing their neat hand engine, upon which floral favors were bestowed liberally, and which, under a pretty temple, bore [illegible] which had been won by the company.

Jackson Steam Engine Company No. 18, [illegible] holds its own in the Melpomene district. Forty-one members held the ropes, and wore black caps, white belts, red shirts and black pants. The engine [illegible] fairly blazed in the sun, and the splendor with which it shone was not more brilliant than the florid ornature with which it was decked.

Washington Steam Engine Company No. 20, the twin representative of Melpomene, had their engine in splendid order, drawn by six black horses, and it was not eclipsed either in brightness or ornature by No. 18. There were forty-six men, with black caps, black belts, red shirts and black pants.

Pelican Hook and Ladder Co. No. 4 numbered fifty-one men, every one gallant in bearing attired in white caps, white belts, black [illegible] was exquisitely adorned [illegible] at a little distance had the appearance of a moving garden.

Orleans Engine Co. No. 21. This spirited and effective company was fifty-eight strong in the ranks, [illegible] They wore black caps, white belts, red shirts and black pants. The engine did not appear unbecomingly. The metallic work was highly burnished and the flowery kingdom had been made to contribute liberally to its adornment.

Jefferson Steam Engine Co. No. 22 turned out all of eighty-four strong, from among the best citizens in the Sixth District, late Jefferson City. The engine was not surpassed in its intrinsic beauty nor in the taste and costliness with which it was bedecked. The uniform of the company is black cap, black belt, red shirt and black pants.

Chalmette Steam Engine Co. No. 23, hailing from the Fourth District, and fine specimens of manhood, surpassed all numerically. There were one hundred of them making up the pageant, uniformed in black caps, black belts, red shirts and black pants. The engine, drawn by four grays, was a model. It was beautifully draped in mourning to commemorate the decease of members lately departed.

Crescent Steam Engine Co. No. 24, forty-six strong, clothed in black caps, white belts, red shirts and black pants, closed the column and, as with the cornet, the tail was not the least brilliant part of it. The men were remarkable for their uniform, high stature and average superior physique and the [illegible] was as bravely adorned as the best.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The *Bee* tenders its thanks to the fire companies which in passing the office yesterday complimented it with a salute, and begs to assure them that the honor is highly appreciated.

Our acknowledgments are due to the Donaldsonville Silver Cornet Band for a serenade last night. The names of the gentlemen composing this amateur organization, who came to the city yesterday to enjoy the spectacle of the firemen's celebration, will be found on the French side.

We have received tickets to a sacred concert, to be given on Friday evening next, in the Coliseum Place Baptist Church, at the corner of Camp and Terpsichore streets, under the direction of Professor L. A. Seward, for the benefit of the organ fund of that church.

A burglary was committed at Mr. [illegible] boarding house, corner of Lafayette and Baronne streets, yesterday morning about one o'clock. Two watches valued at $250, a breastpin worth $50, and $100 in money were stolen. Some of the inmates were aroused by the noise made in the commission of the burglary and the thieves were pursued [illegible] closely that they thought it prudent to drop a box containing [illegible] of the money.

The number of deaths in the city last week was 114—whites, 94; blacks, 20; [illegible] 13; not stated, 1. Males, 63; females, 51; [illegible]

There is reason to think that it was designed to set fire to the clothing store of Mr. J. Barnett, No. 39 Chartres street, on Sunday night. Mr. Barnett, whose residence is over the store, hearing a noise at about [illegible] o'clock, [illegible] by breaking through the wall from an adjoining [illegible] lighted candle and a bottle of turpentine, when they were alarmed upon his approach and escaped.

Taking the White Veil.—One of the deeply interesting religious ceremonials of the Catholic church, which are becoming more frequent as American society grows older and more numerous, was witnessed, yesterday, in the House of the Sisters of Mercy, on St. Andrew street, between Magazine and Constance streets. The ceremony referred to was the reception of Miss Clara Orline Duncan, whose late father was connected with the press of this city many years, and whose brother, Mr. George Duncan, is now connected with it, into the Community as a novice. The young lady, who is to be known, in religion, as Sister Mary Alphonsus Liguori, was surrounded, on the occasion, by friends and relatives. The services in such cases are usually performed by a Bishop or Archbishop, but in consequence of the illness of Monseigneur Perché, they were, in this instance, by special authority from His Grace, performed by Father Gleason, C. S. R., assisted by Father Barrett, C. S. R., Father Murphy, L. J., and Father Kenny of the Secular Clergy, pastor of St. Theresa's Church.

Extraordinary Interference with the Judiciary by the Governor.—Yesterday a rule for contempt taken against W. Van Norden, President of the Louisiana Savings Bank, who figured before the Congressional Investigating Committee as a witness who refused certain information in regard to mysterious checks issued by Gen. Herron, Secretary of State, was tried by Judge Cooley in the Sixth District Court. The case, as it appears on the record, was as follows: Lewis, a member of the Senate, who held a position in the Custom House, and was a State Senator, and who astonished his "friends" by going on the Warmoth side, at the extra session of the Senate, when he voted for Pinchback, and astonished them again by co-operating with the Governor during the legislative embroglio, obtained a writ to sequestrate a certain box, alleged to be in the custody of Van Norden, the contents of which box was said to be $15,000 in cash and $15,000 in promissory notes, and were to be given, report has it, to plaintiff for certain services, which though not mentioned in the pleadings, may be guessed by the public. Van Norden refused to surrender the box, but proffered to give security that the value of the alleged contents would be forthcoming if the suit should be decided in favor of Lewis. The court would accept no conditions and made the order for the production of the box peremptory. The mandate was so made on Saturday, and yesterday Mr. Van Norden produced the box, but there was nothing in it. The Judge then examined him for contumacy. Having stated that he did not know what had become of the box, the Judge interrogated him as follows:

Q—How long have the contents been out of your control?

A—I think a month.

(Witness identified the box as the one referred to in the writ.)

Q—How do you know that when the writ was issued there was nothing in that box?

A—Because they had been taken out.

Q—Who delivered the contents?

A—I did.

Q—To whom?

A—The party who deposited them.

Q—Who was that?

A—Dr. Southworth.

The box was deposited by two parties subject to a certain agreement (referred to) agreement within the box, of which a copy is appended at the end of Judge Cooley's decision) and the contents were delivered in compliance with that agreement.

Q—When the Sheriff asked you for the box was there nothing in it?

A—There was nothing in it but the agreement.

Q—Then why did you object to giving it up?

A—If I had known what I do now, I would have done it; but I acted under advice.

Q—Then why did you not give it up afterward?

A—I did offer to give it up two or three days subsequently.

[illegible]

Q—But that was a week ago, [illegible]

[illegible] counsel for Van Norden [illegible]

Q—The Court—How long has that box been in court?

[illegible]

Van Norden—[illegible]

[illegible] not know why he [illegible]

[illegible]

Q—[illegible] did you [illegible] it?

A—[illegible] I delivered the contents of the box to South worth. Where did you get the authority?

A—The agreement. (Court reads agreement and says: "This says the box shall be delivered only on the order of both, and that it is only after the 6th of March, [illegible] to be delivered.) It was violated by the [illegible]

Q—Therefore, you took upon yourself to decide the question as to the violation of the agreement?

A—Southworth produced the necessary evidence that the agreement, and [illegible] verbal agreement.

Q—[illegible] decided the point?

Q—[illegible]

Q—[illegible] Dr. Lewis [illegible] whether he did or did not [illegible]

A—We agreed to submit it to arbitration, and [illegible]

Q—You only heard one side of the story, and then gave up the box and contents?

A—[illegible]

Q—By what authority [illegible]

Q—[illegible] you were called on by Mr. Gordon to deliver the box, did you tell him the contents [illegible]

Q—Did you tell the Sheriff that the contents had been removed?

A—[illegible] it was since this suit was instituted, and it was after the Sheriff had come to demand the box that I told him that the contents were gone. No one but Southworth was present when they were taken out.

Q—What were the contents?

A—An agreement, $25,000 in cash, and securities worth about that amount, consisting of twenty State bonds of $1000 each.

At this point the court intimated that sufficient had been elicited, and proceeded to pass upon the rule as follows:

I must say I intend to make an example of this case. I don't want a repetition of this kind again. There is a disposition among moneyed men, capitalists, bankers and others, to not pay the slightest respect to orders from courts of justice; they think they can do whatever they please, and as far their lawyers, [illegible] as much as they do for their hats.

When orders of court are in their favor, they are willing to have them; but when they are averse to them, they care nothing about them.

This feeling is so general, and must be stopped. We might as well abolish courts of justice, if they are to be trifled with by men who occupy prominent positions in the community. He may as well have [illegible]

I am glad to find a man who occupies a prominent position, and I will [illegible] him an example [illegible] prominent man. If this blow were to fall on a poor man it would have no effect, for these prominent men would say, "They send such men as that to jail, but they would not dare to touch us." I am glad, therefore, to get hold of this prominent man, that [illegible] example and show that the order of court must be obeyed by prominent as well as by insignificant men.

So far as the respondent has shown, he has already dispossessed himself of the contents of the box, but that does not mitigate his offence, because the writ called for the box and he refused to surrender it. I have my own notion in relation to the time when the securities got out of the box. It is strange that a party who has in his possession an empty box should refuse to deliver it up to the Sheriff. I cannot see the use in fighting about an empty box.

It don't seem natural. Nor does it seem natural that in order to retain that possession he would come into court and offer to give a bond for $3000. It may be all right—possibly it is, judging by the way rich ordinarily inflence [illegible] people, [illegible] highly improbable; and to add to the insult of the refusal, he sends his lawyer into court to say, "I will deliver the box provided I can give bond, so that I can maintain possession of the box."

To the Clerk—Mr. Clerk, enter up an order directing that this respondent (Mr. Van Norden) be imprisoned in the Parish Prison, for the space of ten days, and that he be condemned to pay a fine of $50.

The agreement referred to as being both within the box and produced in Court, was to the effect "that Lewis should sustain Pinchback and the administration during the session, and attend regularly the sessions of the Legislature every day."

The instrument was dated January 19th, and according to a receipt given for the box it was to be delivered after the 6th of March to only two parties, (the two who deposited it) Dr. Southworth and Senator Lewis. An agreement signed by these parties sets forth that "in the event of the death of either of the named parties the box is to be delivered to the survivor."

Upon application by Van Norden's counsel to the Governor, immediately after the sentence by Judge Cooley, the Executive issued a pardon, and Van Norden was set at liberty.

BY TELEGRAPH.

To the New Orleans Bee.

Summary of the Latest Dispatches.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Paris, March 4.—The dissatisfaction incurred over the conduct of Pouyer Quertier, Minister of Finance, in testifying at Rouen in favor of Lamothe, ex-Prefect of the Department of Eure, who is charged with embezzling funds contributed for the relief of the French sufferers, continues. Pouyer Quertier is to have an interview to-day on the subject with his Excellency President Thiers. Should the resignation of the Minister of Finance become necessary, it is believed M. Casimir Perier, late Minister of the Interior, will be appointed to the position made vacant in the Cabinet.

Paris, March 4.—Minister Pouyer Quertier has not yet resigned. The Cabinet is still deliberating.

The Assembly to-day had a stormy debate on the bill proposing penalties on members of the International Society. Deputy Talain made a lengthy speech in defence of the society, which, he said, in placing solidarity above the country, only imitated religious associations in different parts of the world.

Jourdan [illegible], ex-Prefect of the Department of Eure, whose trial at Rouen on the charge of appropriating funds for the relief of France, has elicited so much attention, was to-day acquitted and honorably discharged.

President Thiers, to-day, in reply to a deputation of Englishmen, stated the present passport system was only temporary and promised encouragement for the surplus [illegible]

The Prefect of the Department of the Seine asks for military reinforcements for the maintenance of order, which is menaced by the rapid increase of workingmen's clubs and illegal secret societies.

Rome, March 4.—Père Hyacinthe delivered an address at a Protestant meeting to-night on the diffusion of the Bible.

London, March 4.—The *Times'* Berlin special says: Count Varnlen, Minister to [illegible], has been ordered to Berlin to give information [illegible] of France. The special says: It is thought that Williams' decision will be adverse to England on the San Juan arbitration between the United States and England.

The *Times'* special dispatch from Paris says General Faidherbe has stated his determination to retire from the Governorship of Paris, which position he threatened to resign because the *Rappel* was allowed to appear.

The regular mail steamer from the western coast of Africa, which arrived at Liverpool this morning, brings the intelligence that ex-President Roye of Liberia, who was imprisoned for certain illegal acts committed while in office and escaped, was drowned in the harbor of Monrovia while endeavoring to swim to the steamer just before its departure for Liverpool.

London, March 4.—The jury in the Tichborne case have informed the court that they have heard sufficient evidence upon which to base a verdict. [illegible]

London, March 4.—Dispatches from Calcutta [illegible]

[illegible]

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

Washington, March 4.—[illegible] Gov. Brown, of N. C., [illegible]

[illegible] a new treaty of commerce with the United States.

Gov. Horace Porter [illegible] the Committee [illegible]

Washington, March 4.—The Senate had a long executive [illegible] Arkansas appointment without result.

Washington, March 4.—The signal office reports the barometer in this city has risen very rapidly since 5 o'clock, the thermometer falling 21 degrees in the last three hours. The winds from the northwest is blowing at this hour 38 miles an hour.

Washington, March 4.—[illegible] of certain [illegible]; repealing [illegible] authorizing revenue [illegible] stamps and papers. The Deficiency Appropriation bill was then taken up and [illegible] to adjournment.

[illegible]—Responding to petitions to settle the tea and coffee tariff, Mr. Sherman, from the Finance Committee, reported that no change would occur until July. The Senate then went into executive session until adjournment.

The Committee on Public Buildings reported in favor of appropriating [illegible] for public buildings at Raleigh, N. C. The [illegible] of the committee announced [illegible] policy of the committee was to [illegible] only to capitals of States and [illegible] cities for public buildings.

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, [illegible]

PROBABILITIES.

Rising barometer, a decided fall in the temperature, northwesterly to northerly winds and clear weather will prevail during to-night from the upper lakes to south and east [illegible] to the Atlantic. The winds along the middle and east Atlantic coast [illegible] very brisk and probably high northwesterly. The pressure [illegible] to-night and on Tuesday throughout the Mississippi Valley and westward with southerly to easterly winds and probably increased cloudiness. Dangerous winds are not anticipated for the Gulf and Atlantic coasts this evening, except very brisk and possibly high northwesterly winds from Cape Hatteras to Maine.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

New York, March 4.—Arrived—Serpentine, St. David, South Carolina, General Barnes. Arrived out—Cambria, Idaho and Alexandria.

New York, March 4.—Late foreign papers announce the death of M. Alex. Moustone, Russian Minister of the Interior.

Judge Barnard having granted a stay in the case of Moore, the condemned murderer, his counsel are pressing for a new trial.

Railroad fare has been [illegible] New Orleans from [illegible]

[illegible] McClusky was killed in a [illegible] a [illegible] in Nashville [illegible]

The suit of Wm. Woodward against Ezra Cornell, founder of the Cornell University, for $125,000 [illegible]

Cornell denies the allegations of statement, [illegible]

Albany, N. Y., March 4.—The Assembly Committee have agreed to report in favor of the repeal of the Erie [illegible]

Philadelphia, March 4.—[illegible]

Philadelphia, March 4.—Dr. Jayne's granite building [illegible]

Louisville, March 4.—[illegible]

Grass City, Iowa, March 4.—[illegible]

Norfolk, March 4.—The barge A. B. Hill [illegible]

Louisville, March 4.—Mrs. Brumlette, wife of ex-Governor Bramlette, died in this city this evening [illegible]

Hartford, Ct., March 4.—Mrs. A. Q. Davis was arrested here to-day charged with [illegible]

New York, March 4.—The challenge of the Paris crew of St. Johns has been accepted by [illegible] of New York, conditional on the race taking place on the Harlem River, in June or July, for $2000, or [illegible]

Portland, Me., March 4.—This city re-elected a Republican Mayor. The towns have shown Republican gains over last year's vote.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

New York, March 4.—Coffee quiet and steady; Rio [illegible]

New York, March 4.—Cotton quiet but firm; [illegible]

New York, March 4.—Money steady [illegible] Gold [illegible] Governments strong [illegible] State bonds generally dull. South Carolina [illegible]

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Paris, March 4—Evening.—Rentes [illegible]

Liverpool, March 4—[illegible]

Havana, March 4.—Sugar dull, weak and [illegible]

RIVER AND WEATHER.

Port Madison, Iowa, March 4.—The Mississippi river at this point [illegible]

[illegible]

Washington, March 4.—[illegible] Committee on Public Buildings reported adversely to public buildings at Shreveport [illegible]

New York, March 4.—The *Tribune* [illegible]

[illegible]

New York, March 4.—Noon.—Arrived—[illegible]

[illegible]

London, March 4—Noon.—Consols [illegible]

Paris, March 4—[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] consult [illegible] that England would have to yield [illegible] of the American [illegible] would claim [illegible] of American [illegible] and [illegible] would [illegible]

[illegible] of the British American Commission, comes home on the first [illegible] and returns in November to complete the work of the commission.

Paris, March 3.—Several questions [illegible] ministerial crisis [illegible] the Catholic petitions for [illegible]

[illegible] Minister of Finance, [illegible] court last week as a witness, [illegible] His conduct in this [illegible] a feeling of great dis[illegible] on the part of some of the [illegible] by the Cabinet, and it is rumored M. Dufaure and other [illegible]

Rome, March 3.—The Grand Duke Alexis, accompanied by his suite [illegible] and others, attended [illegible] The day being Sunday a very large crowd was present.

[illegible] will be given to-night at the [illegible]

Washington, March 4.—The Treasury will sell one million in bonds [illegible]

Gentlemen in prominent positions express the opinion that the articles lately [illegible] telegraphed hence and published in the newspapers, indicating a difference of opinion in the Cabinet on the matter which has been sent to the British Government, on the Treaty of Washington, are calculated to mislead. The position of the United States [illegible] in point of fact there has not been a shade of difference of opinion either as to the form or the conclusion of the answer, which goes out in very nearly the identical language in which it was prepared and submitted to the Cabinet by the Secretary.

It has been ascertained that the four [illegible] were verbal, in order to give the clearest expression to the [illegible] it was designed to convey. The [illegible] of the paper at seconds [illegible] was, it appears, [illegible] for delay in its being forwarded, to the belief that time was favorable to alleging the customs of Great Britain. This is regarded as a not unfortunate consequence.

The appropriation for expenses of the United States Courts for the current year is exhausted. The payments must therefore be made to their orders until an appropriation is made by Congress. There [illegible] the deficiency bill [illegible] million for this purpose. The bill will be promptly passed at an early [illegible]

New York, March 4.—Garibaldi, writing to Mr. Reyes [illegible] fifth International, [illegible] the Italian [illegible] Government [illegible]

[illegible] was attended by a [illegible]

[illegible]

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, telegraphs as follows to that journal, under date of the 3d inst.:

There was an extraordinary and full [illegible] Cabinet to-day on the [illegible] Granville, [illegible] was not received in full this morning, though the tenor of it had been [illegible] proposing to give not only the [illegible] of the Secretary of State to the [illegible] Granville has written a line of it [illegible] Earl Granville, [illegible] in the [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] The [illegible] whatever may be made in the matter of an [illegible] will be submitted to arbitration, and to any decision, according to the [illegible] faith. The text of the reply will probably be [illegible] the [illegible]

"BEATING THEM A HUNDRED TONGUES."—[illegible] The German-Republicans are, therefore, [illegible] the granting to immigrant Germans [illegible] thanks for the labor of the German [illegible] and the Moor [illegible]—*Neue Freie* [illegible] *Volksblatt*, (German Republican.)

Under the head "A Revolution in Paris," the London *Globe* says: [illegible]

[illegible]

The [illegible] is a [illegible]

MONETARY AND FINANCIAL.

Monday Evening, March 4, 1872.

[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

[illegible]

The market opened with a better demand and good inquiry, but with some sales showing only a slight advance, good ordinary, closing [illegible] even-running low middling at 21½, [illegible] strict low middling to middling [illegible] improvement at Liverpool and [illegible] April, [illegible] the close and giving an additional stimulus to the market. [illegible] day earlier than was expected.

The [illegible] reports: "Market active at [illegible] advance on all grades. Futures: [illegible] April at 21 [illegible]"

To-day's exports were to Cronstadt, [illegible] against 11,707 on last Sunday and Monday and 10,281 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of [illegible] against 14,130 for the corresponding time last week, [illegible] last year, and since August 31 of 791,989 bales, against [illegible] last year. The [illegible] for the past three days only 19,307 [illegible] against 29,629 last week and 30,788 last year.

SUGAR.—The market is quiet, with light receipts. [illegible]

MOLASSES.—We have [illegible]

FLOUR.—The market is quiet but firm, with a scarcity of low treble and choice extra. [illegible]

CORN.—Is in light supply. [illegible]

OATS.—[illegible]

HAY.—Is in fair supply and demand. [illegible]

BRAN.—[illegible]

PORK.—[illegible]

DRY SALT MEAT.—Is dull and heavy. [illegible]

BACON.—Is also very dull. [illegible]

LARD.—[illegible]

BUTTER.—[illegible]

CHEESE.—Is in better supply. Western factory is [illegible]

BREAKFAST BACON.—[illegible]

[illegible]

SALT.—The market is very dull. The last cargo sales of Liverpool, [illegible]

COFFEE.—The demand is better, though [illegible]

COW PEAS.—Supplies have been coming in freely and are small as yet. [illegible]

LOUISIANA RICE.—We note a limited demand, [illegible]

CORN MEAL.—Is in fair supply and in demand. [illegible]

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes are selling on the levee [illegible]

POULTRY AND EGGS.—Chickens are plenty [illegible]

BAGGING.—Dealers fill orders for the country at [illegible] for jute; [illegible]

COTTON SEED.—Is in demand and commands [illegible]

WHISKY.—[illegible]

NAVAL STORES.—There is no Rosin on sale [illegible]

COOPERAGE.—The season is over, and there is no demand for Sugar Hogsheads or Molasses Barrels. [illegible]

MOSS.—Is in better supply, with a much demand. [illegible]

HIDES.—Are in light supply and active demand [illegible]

[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

St. Charles Theatre.

[illegible]

[illegible] WALLACK. [illegible]

Varieties Theatre.

L. BARRETT .... Sole Lessee and Manager

LAWRENCE BARRETT, [illegible]

Tuesday Evening,

MARBLE HEART.

Wednesday Afternoon, at 12 M.,

MONEY.

Wednesday Evening,

MERCHANT OF VENICE.

GEO. CLARK, STUART ROBSON, [illegible]

In active preparation—ROSEDALE.

Grand Panorama,

[illegible] Perdido Street [illegible]

[illegible]

Office Pontchartrain Railroad Company, New Orleans, February 24th, 1872.

[illegible] resolution of the Board of Directors of the Pontchartrain Railroad Company, the Stockholders [illegible] that a meeting of the Company [illegible] at the office of said Company, at the head of Elysian Fields street, on the 18th day of March, 1872, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of voting upon the [illegible] of the act of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, approved on the [illegible] day of February, 1872, and entitled "An Act [illegible] (to) amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the [illegible] Pontchartrain Railroad Company, approved [illegible] and to enable the said Pontchartrain Railroad Company to sell to Charles Morgan [illegible] its franchises and property [illegible] portion of the Pontchartrain Railroad Company [illegible] tracks, depots, appurtenances and franchises lying between Gentilly and Elysian Fields [illegible] and to authorize said Charles Morgan to incorporate the same with the road now known as Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railroad, and for [illegible] known as the New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad, and for the purpose of providing continuous and unbroken communication from the same by Ferry Transportation.

GEO. PANDELLY, President.

Gun and Fishing Tackle Depot,

56 .... ST. CHARLES STREET 56

F. CHARLEVILLE,

RIFLES, GUNS, PISTOLS, AMMUNITION.

All kinds of Arms Repaired.

[illegible]

ORDERS taken and executed for GUNS of the following celebrated makers [illegible] W. W. Greener, P. Webley [illegible], Purdey, Parker, [illegible] Lancaster, Lefaucheux, Lenard, Bernard, Wm. W. Greener, [illegible]

Coal! Coal! Coal!

PITTSBURG COAL [illegible]

[illegible] COYLE & CO. [illegible]

ANDERSON'S PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO,

No. 162 CANAL ST., NEW ORLEANS.

WHERE will be found all the latest improvements in the Photographic Art. [illegible]

THE SUN PEARL a specialty. [illegible]

BUCK BRILLIANT

AND THE

GREAT SOUTHERN HOME COOKING STOVE.

With patent hot air chamber, the greatest improvement ever made on Stoves.

Purchasers are respectfully invited to examine this Stove before buying a worthless article.

Also, Gas Stoves, Kerosene Oil Stoves, which should be used in every family.

For sale cheap by

B. GERTZ, 74 Chartres street.

Notice.

A YOUNG MAN (married,) having experience [illegible]

EUGENE DUNAND begs leave to [illegible] CHOICE PLANTS, [illegible]

ERNEST C. VILLERE, DEALER IN FINE WINES, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, ALE, PORTER, etc., No. 37 Carondelet street, under the [illegible] Office, New Orleans. [illegible]

To the Public and Tax-Payers.

JOHN T. DUFOUR,

EXCHANGE ALLEY.

[illegible]

JULIUS LOEFFLER,

[illegible] Royal Street [illegible]

GAS FITTER AND DEALER IN GAS FIXTURES, etc. Keeps constantly on hand a complete stock of GAS FIXTURES, GLOBES, etc.

Special attention is given to Refinishing and Regilding of Chandeliers and Gas Fixtures of every description.

All work warranted.

Wm. Jordan & Davidson,

[illegible]

SUGAR-CURED HAMS AT 16 CENTS.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS at 16½ Cents, at retail. [illegible] SHOULDERS [illegible]

Sugar, Molasses and Syrups.

REFINED SUGAR—Cut loaf, Crushed, [illegible]

A. THOMSON & CO. [illegible]

[illegible]

A. THOMSON & CO.

REFINED SYRUP AND MOLASSES—[illegible]

A. THOMSON & CO.

LOUISIANA MOLASSES—Various grades [illegible]

A. THOMSON & CO.

CLARIFIED SUGAR—Various grades white and yellow, [illegible]

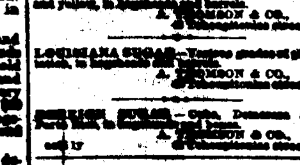
A. THOMSON & CO.

LOUISIANA SUGAR—Various grades [illegible]

A. THOMSON & CO.

FOREIGN SUGARS—Cuba, Demerara and Porto Rico [illegible]

A. THOMSON & CO.



CASSIDY & MILLER,

[illegible] Charles Street, New Orleans, [illegible]

[illegible] Tents, Awnings, Flags, Drays and Wagon Covers; [illegible] Rope, Wood and Iron Blocks, etc.

[illegible]

R. HUBERWALD,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,

(SUCCESSOR OF J. [illegible])

[illegible]

M. BEER,

[illegible]

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION of the Mutual National Bank of New Orleans, in the State of Louisiana, on the Close of Business, 27 February, 1872:

RESOURCES.

[illegible]

LIABILITIES.

[illegible]

STATE OF LOUISIANA, [illegible]

I, Joseph Mitchel, Cashier of the Mutual National Bank of New Orleans, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOSEPH MITCHEL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 4th day of March, 1872.

JULES MOSSY, Notary Public.

Correct. Attest:

CHAS. LAFITTE,

ALBERT BALDWIN,

P. POURSINE, Directors.

Office of the Sun Mutual Insurance Company of New Orleans.

No. 63 Camp street.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 24, 1872.

SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT.

In conformity with the requirements of their charter, the company publish the following statement for the year ending December 31, 1871:

[illegible]

THOMAS SLOO, President.

THOS. ANDERSON, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,

Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

[illegible]

ANDREW HERO, Jr., Notary Public.

The Board of Directors [illegible] dividend of THIRTY-FIVE PER CENT. on the [illegible]

THOMAS SLOO, President.

JOHN G. GAINES, Vice-President.

THOS. ANDERSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR 1872.

[illegible]

New Orleans Mutual Insurance Company.

CORNER CANAL AND CAMP STREETS.

TWELFTH ANNUAL STATEMENT.

1871.

[illegible]

J. W. HINCKS, Secretary. [illegible]

[illegible]

Shakespeare Foundry.

[illegible]

STEAMSHIPS.

For New York.

SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

Cromwell Steamship Line. [illegible]

[illegible] Capt. THEO. HALSEY
[illegible] Capt. A. W. SAMPSON
[illegible] Capt. E. HOWES
[illegible] Capt. W. E. HOWES
[illegible] Capt. H. S. QUICK
[illegible] Capt. E. F. STURDICK

[illegible]

CABIN PASSAGE .... $50 00.
STEERAGE PASSAGE .... 25 00.

[illegible] for Liverpool and the Continent, connecting with Guion's Line of Steamers, sailing from New York every WEDNESDAY.

For freight or passage apply to

JOHN A. LEDWIDGEN, Agent, No. 120 Common street.

The Steamship UNITED STATES will follow [illegible] March 16th, at 8 A. M.

For New York Direct.

[illegible]

For Philadelphia, via Havana.

[illegible]

WM. CRENVY, Agent, Corner Canal and Gravier streets.

The steamship YAZOO, Catharine, commander, will follow, and sail on her regular day.

T E X A S.

Morgan Lines U. S. Mail Steamers.

The following [illegible]

AGNES,	ALABAMA, AUSTIN,
CLINTON,	CITY OF NORFOLK,
HARLAN,	G. C. HARRIS, W. G. HEWES
HUTCHINSON,	JOSEPHINE, MATAGORDA,
MORGAN,	ST. MARY, WHITNEY,

For Galveston [illegible] Indianola [illegible]

W. G. HEWES,

J. W. HAWTHORNE, Commander

Will leave foot of St. Joseph street, on TUESDAY, March 5, at 12 M.

Through bills lading signed for Victoria, via Morgan Line and Gulf Western Texas and Pacific Railway.

FOR GALVESTON—[illegible] AND MAILS ONLY [illegible]

[illegible] and FRIDAYS.

[illegible]

WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.

CITY OF NORFOLK.

THURSDAYS and SUNDAYS.

[illegible]

CHAS. A. WHITNEY & CO., Agents.

GARDEN SEEDS.

[illegible] GARDEN SEEDS, [illegible]

R. HAFNER.

[illegible]

DR. GEO. F. MALONEY, [illegible]

DENTIST—DR. ALLEN, No. 12 [illegible]

Dr. Chas. Mermilliod, Dentist,

COMPLETE UPPER SET ONLY $20.

[illegible]

Dr. CHAS. E. KELLS,

OFFICE and [illegible]

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN under the influence of NITROUS OXIDE GAS.

The American Standard Billiard Tables.

PHELAN & COLLENDER'S BEVEL, [illegible]

[illegible]

CHARLES BILLIARD SALOON, [illegible]

[illegible] LACOUME, Proprietor.

Dr. J. B. PEREZ,

OFFICE, [illegible]

Embalming Without Cutting.

P. MARCHAND, Druggist,

CORNER MARAIS and ST. PHILIP sts.

[illegible]

All Humbugs Set Aside!

[illegible]

[illegible] HERNIA or RUPTURE [illegible] GALVANIC TRUSS for the RADICAL CURE of HERNIA. (Rupture.)

All the above mentioned have no EQUAL in AMERICA or EUROPE.

DIPLOMAS SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS awarded [illegible]

E. SPILLMANN,

[illegible] NEW ORLEANS, La.

Tennessee Sugar Kettles,

[illegible]

A. P. LA VILLEBEUVRE, [illegible]

HILL'S EXTRA GOLD PENS.

FACTORY,

[illegible]

[illegible]

OLD BASIN BREWERY.

[illegible]

Steam Valley Wood Works.

[illegible]