# The New Orleans Bee.

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NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE

DUFOUR & LIMET, PUBLISHERS.

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TERMS OF THE BEE.

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First or Editorial Page, transient advertisements, each insertion, $1 50 per square.

Advertisements inserted at intervals to be charged as new, each insertion.

First or Editorial Page, monthly advertisements, each square, $20 net per month.

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All Business Notices of Advertisements to be charged 20 cents net per line, each insertion. Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

All advertisements not marked for any number of insertions will be published six times.

All bills with regular advertisers shall be rendered monthly.

Semi-Weekly Edition.

TERMS—PER YEAR........................$5.


NEW ORLEANS:

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 29, 1870.

**Amusements This Evening.**

OPERA HOUSE—"Robert the Devil."
ST. CHARLES THEATRE—Miss Lydia Thompson troupe—"Paris, or the Apple of Discord."
ACADEMY OF MUSIC—"The Gaiete Comique Groupe—"Robinson Crusoe."

**Auction Sales This Day.**

By Hoffman, Marks & Co., at 10 o'clock A. M., at No. 33 Chartres street—Dry Goods, Furnishing Goods, Hats and Carpet Bags.

## THE GULF TRADE.

The extension of the railroad system in the Southwest threatens to turn away from New Orleans as a port of entry and departure, a great portion of the trade which formerly was transacted in this market. So long as our only means of communication with the outside world was the sea, our city was without a rival in the trade of the Mississippi Valley. Through this port was shipped much of the cotton, the sugar, the rice, the flour, the grain and the other productions of the Western and Gulf States, and through the same port was received all the various manufactures of the Northern States and foreign countries, for which these productions were exchanged. The value of New Orleans, then, consisted in its proximity to the great markets of the outside world by means of water communication—that is to say, it was the gateway through which the planters of Louisiana, North [illegible] Texas, Arkansas, Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee and Western Mississippi shipped their produce and received their returns. Now all this is changed. St. Louis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Nashville, Memphis, Vicksburg and even Shreveport are nearer the great markets of the world than our own city of New Orleans. This revolution has been effected by means of railroads, so that we of New Orleans might as well be situated on an island in the Gulf of Mexico as to occupy a position near the mouth of this great river, without a complete railroad connection North, East and West. Without such a connection, we are precisely situated towards New York, Philadelphia, Liverpool or Havre, as a station on the New York Central, or Erie or Pennsylvania Railroad. In other words, the trade of the Mississippi Valley is rapidly being transferred from New Orleans and Mobile to the Atlantic ports, because we are from five to ten days farther off from European markets.

But there is a trade for which the Atlantic ports can hardly compete with New Orleans,—and which our merchants can attract if they will only adopt the necessary measures. This is the trade with Cuba, and the other islands of the Gulf and with Mexico, which they can command if they will. For this trade we have no rivals if we establish means of rapid communication with the countries named.

In this connection we are pleased to learn that a number of our local capitalists have set on foot a project looking to the establishment of a steamship line, intended to connect this city with the Gulf ports of Florida, and with Havana. Here is the El Dorado of our merchants and bankers—a mine of wealth which is inexhaustible and from which rapid returns can be secured.

We subjoin the prospectus of the company who have taken this matter in hand and from the character and standing of the parties who originate the enterprise we have no doubt that it will be carried through successfully:

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 23, 1870.

It is proposed to organize a joint stock company under the above title, to run a weekly line of steamships between New Orleans and Havana, touching at Cedar Keys and Key West. The purposes, plans and prospects of the enterprise are as follows:

1. To give to New Orleans a regular, frequent and sure steam communication with the West Indies by a line controlled and in the interest of New Orleans, for the benefit of her commerce in that direction, which, from all the advantages of position should be *abundant* and *progressive*, but which, from lack of the facilities enjoyed by cities less favorably situated, has not maintained itself, thus impeding an outlet for the products of the Great West.

2. To encourage and extend the business of New Orleans and the western markets with middle and eastern Florida, and by railroad and steamship connections via Cedar Keys to increase and facilitate commercial intercourse with Fernandina, Savannah, Charleston and other Atlantic ports, and to secure the business of the enterprising port and island of Key West.

To accomplish these results the plan of the enterprise is as follows:

To form a company to be incorporated under the law of the State of Louisiana, with a capital stock of $250,000, divided into 2500 shares of one hundred dollars each; to open books of subscription at once; to make an organization of the company, and call in an installment of ten per centum of the stock as soon as two thirds of the same is subscribed.

The company propose at once to purchase or build steamships exactly adapted to the service, and to put the line speedily into operation. The plan is still further to enlist in this movement the merchants and capitalists of this and different Western cities, whose interests are to be greatly and immediately benefitted by it.

The prospects of the enterprise are of the most encouraging character. It numbers already among its supporters and the subscribers to the stock of the company the largest exporters from this city to Havana, whose patronage and support is a guarantee of success. The business already secured, together with the subsidy, insure direct profitable results to the company, while all its stockholders will be still more largely benefitted by the general good done to our commerce by the movement.

The foregoing plan having been submitted to the consideration of Messrs. J. H. Oglesby & Co., Puig Brothers, Fatio, Marks & Co., C. Cavaroc, S. H. Kennedy & Co., and Pike, Brother & Co., these firms endorse it, over their respective signatures, in the pregnant words, "we are of the opinion that the realization of said project would be of the greatest importance to the commerce of our city and of the different Western markets."

THE HALL SAFE.—We invite the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Folger & Co., agents of the Hall Safe which successfully stood so severe a test at the Varieties Theatre fire. The certificate of a citizen so well known as Mr. Crickard ought to put the resistance power of the Hall Safe beyond doubt. Folger & Co. have on hand a large stock.

COAL! COAL!—The late cold weather has created a large demand for coal in this city and has locked up the upper rivers. It will be several weeks—perhaps months before the stock can be replenished. In these circumstances those of our readers who require to renew their supply cannot do better than apply to Messrs. W. G. Coyle & Co., who are prepared to answer all demands. See advertisement.

LOUISIANA No. 10's BALL.—We acknowledge complimentary tickets of a grand mask ball to be given by Louisiana Steam Fire Engine No. 10, at Turner's Hall, on Saturday evening next. The list of Managers and the general reputation of the Company is a sufficient guarantee that the affair promises to be one of the most entertaining features on New Year's Eve.

Thanks to Mr. Black, of Ellis' newspaper establishment, opposite the Post-office, for late illustrated publications.

INFANTS.—Much suffering to these tender little buds of the human family might be allayed by using Mrs. Whitcomb's Syrup. See advertisement in another column.

**Dispatch from Evansville, Indiana.**

EVANSVILLE, Dec. 28, 3 P. M.

To Messrs. Fairchild & Bingham, 91 and 93 Magazine street:

Ice very heavy. Cairo packets laid up. Susie Silver loading here; will leave Saturday, 31st. Weather moderating.

W. G. BROWN & CO.,
Wharf Boat Agents.

It is reported in Washington that the family of Robert E. Lee were much mortified at the gratuitous effort of Senator McCreery to have the Arlington estate restored to them. They declare that they did not authorize the attempt, and have not entertained the idea of recovering the property.

## TRESSILIAN COURT; OR, The Baronet's Son.

By MRS. HARRIET LEWIS,

Author of "The Double Life," "The Bailiff's Scheme," "The Sundered Hearts," "The Lady of Kildare," "A Life at Stake," "The House of Secret," Etc., Etc., Etc.

### CHAPTER I.

A FATEFUL CATASTROPHE.

A wild storm was raging upon the Mediterranean Sea, near the close of a dreary November day, and sky and waters were black with the gloom of the sudden and furious tempest, before which a small sailing vessel was scudding under bare poles. Her build and rigging proclaimed her Sardinian. She was *The Gull*, Captain Varino master, on her way from Cagliari to Palermo.

She had on board two seamen, and two passengers.

These passengers were Englishmen, who had procured passage on *The Gull* to Palermo, whence they intended to embark by steamer to Marseilles, the following day.

While the Captain and his assistants were attending to their duties, and expressing apprehensions as to their safety, the two Englishmen stood apart, leaning against the low bulwarks, and surveying the wild scene around them.

These men were both young, apparently of the same age, about three and twenty, but evidently they were not of the same station in life.

One, the more striking of the two, was aristocratic in his bearing, tall, slender and handsome, with a frank, smiling mouth, a pair of fearless blue eyes, set under a wide and massive forehead, and tawny hair blowing back from his face. Noble, generous and kind-hearted, he had an adventurous disposition and a dauntless courage.

He was Guy Tressilian, the only son and heir of Sir Arthur Tressilian, Baronet, of Tressilian Court, England.

His companion presented a remarkable resemblance to him, being also tall and slender and fair, with tawny hair and mustache, but he had not the frank smile, the bright, fearless look, or the joyous spirit that characterized young Tressilian. Young as he was, he had seen much of the dark side of life, and his experience had been such as to develop in him some of the worst qualities of his nature.

He was Jasper Lowder, Guy Tressilian's hired travelling companion, and bosom-friend.

The meeting and connection of the two had a touch of romance. Young Tressilian had spent four years in a German university, whence he had been graduated with honor. On leaving the university, in obedience to his father's written command, he had undertaken a tour of the countries inclosing the Mediterranean Sea, in company with one of his late tutors. This gentleman being unexpectedly promoted to a professorship, abandoned Tressilian at Baden, leaving him to find another travelling companion.

On the evening of the very day after this desertion, as Guy Tressilian was sauntering through the streets of Baden, he had been assaulted by a trio of his own countrymen, more or less intoxicated. It was apparent that they took him for another, and intended to wreak vengeance upon him. Without allowing him to speak, they forced him to defend himself. Guy was getting the worst of the conflict, when a stranger came running to his assistance, and in a few moments the two had put the ruffians to flight.

This stranger who came so opportunely to Guy's assistance was Jasper Lowder. His resemblance to young Tressilian awakened in the latter a romantic interest. He questioned Lowder, learned that he was poor and alone in the world, and took him with him to his hotel. Believing that the similarity of features indicated a similarity of tastes and natures, he engaged Lowder as his travelling companion, and the past year they had spent together more like brothers than like employer and employed.

"This storm is a regular Levanter," said Lowder, clinging with both hands to the bulwarks.

"Do you think the craft will stand it, Tressilian?"

"Oh, yes," answered young Tressilian, wiping the salt spray from his face. "The Captain knows the Sicilian coast perfectly. In two hours, or less, we shall be in the bay of Palermo. In three hours we shall be domiciled in the best rooms of the hotel Trinacria, with the best supper which Messer Ragusa can furnish. And to-morrow, at noon," he added, "we shall embark to Marseilles in a Messageries steamer."

"And from Marseilles you will proceed to England and to Tressilian Court," said Lowder, with some bitterness. "And I—what is to become of me? I have had a year of unalloyed happiness, and now comes back the drudgery, the hopeless toil, the anxieties of the wretched old life. You picked me up at Baden, a poor adventurer seeking to gain a living by teaching English, and the same destiny is open to me now."

Tressilian turned his handsome face upon his companion in surprise and affectionate reproach.

"Jasper!" he exclaimed, "you talk strangely. Do you suppose I have called you friend and brother so long, and loved you so well, to lose you now? I meant to have written to my father concerning you and your future, Jasper, but his sudden recall, received yesterday, causes me to return home without writing. I shall telegraph from Marseilles that you will come home with me. And you will, will you not? You will not abandon me, my friend? I will charge myself with your future. I will see that you obtain the position to which your talents entitle you. You have no ties to keep you on the Continent?"

A strange expression passed over Jasper Lowder's face.

"No, I have no ties," he said huskily. "And I will go home with you."

"What will your father say to my coming?" demanded Lowder. "He will think your generosity Quixotic. He will dismiss from his house the hired companion who dares to resemble his son—"

A sudden lurch of the little vessel, a wave sweeping over the deck, interrupted the sentence.

"You wrong my father," said Tressilian, his blue eyes kindling, when the vessel had righted. "He is the noblest man in the world. He will welcome my friends as his own. You will love him, Jasper, as I do, when you know him."

"He doesn't seem very affectionate," remarked Lowder. "You have been away from your home for five years, and he has not just recalled you!"

Young Tressilian's cheeks flushed, as Lowder saw in the lurid glow that momentarily lighted up the tempestuous scene.

"You know, or can guess, the reason, Jasper," he said, with something of an effort. "My father has a ward, the daughter of an old friend. Ah! hear that wind shriek! The gale is increasing!"

"Yes," assented Lowder. "And the ward is Miss Irby—the golden-haired Blanche of whom you have talked so much, and with whom you have exchanged letters?"

"Yes. My father formed a project to have me marry Blanche. He did not wish us to grow up together, lest we should learn to regard each other as brother and sister. When Blanche came to live at the Court my father sent me to Germany. The night before I left home, he called me into his library and told me all his hopes and plans for my future, and entreated me to continue worthy of his innocent ward, and to keep my heart pure for her. I have done so, Jasper. I have never yet loved any woman. And yesterday I received my father's summons to come home. He has recalled me after five years of absence. I know the wish that lies nearest his heart. He wants me to return and marry Blanche. I shrink from the proposed marriage. I dread going home. And I dread offending my dear father, whom I love better than any woman. It is hard, Jasper, to revolt against the hopes and plans of a kind and generous father, whose very love for me causes him to urge on this marriage."

"Is it?" said Lowder dryly, and with a strange smile full of sneering bitterness. "My experience has been widely different from yours, Tressilian. Did I ever tell you of my father?"

"No. I took it for granted that he is dead."

"Perhaps he is. I don't know," said Lowder, with a reckless laugh. "But if he is living, he is a scoundrel. Don't start, Tressilian, at my unfilial speech. Wait till you hear my story. I am in a desperate mood to-night. This storm stirs up all the bad within me. As nearly as I can discover, my father was the younger son of a proud old county family—"

"You do not know, then?" asked Tressilian, pressing his companion's hand.

"I have no proofs of it. All I positively know is this. My mother was of humble station, pretty, with blue eyes and an apple-blossom face, and tender, appealing ways. She was the daughter of a widow, residing at Brighton. The widow, my grandmother, kept a lodging-house, and my father, a gay, dashing young fellow, came to lodge with her. As might have been expected, he fell in love with his landlady's daughter. He offered the young girl marriage, on condition that the union should be kept secret until his affairs brightened and he chose to divulge it. The young girl loved him. Her mother was ambitious and penurious. The result was the lover had his way, and married the daughter of his landlady quietly, almost secretly. Then he took his bride to London, to cheap and obscure lodgings, where, a year later, I was born."

The wind for a moment drowned his voice. As it presently lulled, he resumed recklessly, and with passionate bitterness:

"For years my mother and I lived in those stuffy, obscure lodgings until her bloom had faded, and she had grown thin and wan and nervous. My father visited us at stated seasons, once or twice a week, but he never brought any of his family to call upon us. I doubt if his aristocratic relatives even suspected the existence of the faded wife and son of whom he was secretly ashamed. I have good reason to believe that he had fine lodgings at the West End, where he was supposed to be a bachelor, and that he went into fashionable society, while my poor mother and I lived obscurely. He was a profligate and a roué, but he had an air of fashion that awakened my boyish admiration, and awakened my mother's affectionate pride in him. She was always pleading to be introduced to his relatives, and to have her son publicly acknowledged. But my father always put her off, saying that he was not yet ready. Worn out and despairing, my mother died when I was ten years old."

Again the wind shrieked past, again the little vessel lurched, the sea sweeping her deck.

The captain screamed his orders to his men, and for a few minutes disorder reigned.

"A nasty bit of weather!" said Lowder. "And a bad sky!"

"Yes, but I've seen as bad," returned Tressilian. "We shall make port all right, never fear. We must be well on toward the Cape di Gallo. And it's only seven miles from the Cape to Palermo."

"But the seven miles in this storm are worse than seventy in good weather. These coasts are dangerous, Tressilian."

Lowder shuddered as he surveyed sea and sky.

"But about your father, Jasper?" said Tressilian, who had become deeply interested in his companion's story. "What did he do after your mother's death?"

"I remained at the old lodgings with our single old servant a month or more, my father visiting me several times and expressing anxiety as to what he should do with me. A week after my mother's death, he told me that his brother was dead. A month later, his father was killed by being thrown from his horse. My father came into riches and honors by these deaths. At last, deciding to rid himself of me, he took me down to Brighton, to my old grandmother. Her sons were dead; she had given up keeping lodgers, and was grown miserly. He promised to give her five hundred pounds a year to keep me, and to keep also the secret of my paternity, solemnly promising to acknowledge me some day as his son and heir. The old woman agreed to carry out his wishes. She would have done anything for money. I never saw my father again. I went to school, grew up, and at the age of twenty-one came into my grandmother's money, the fruits of years of saving, she dying at that time. My father had deliberately abandoned me. I did not know where to seek him, if I had wished to. I took my money and came abroad. I had been two years on the Continent, and had spent my little fortune when I met you. The rest you know."

"An odd, romantic story! But why did your father abandon you?"

"That he might be freed of encumbrance to make a grand marriage. From what my grandmother said at different times, I conclude that my father was in love with a titled lady before my mother's death. No doubt he married this lady. If he lives, this lady's son may be his acknowledged heir. My father has utterly disowned the son of his first hasty, ill-starred marriage. I have a fancy that I shall meet him some day," and Jasper's brow darkened to deeper blackness. "However, I stand no chance of ever receiving justice at his hands."

"What is your father's name, Jasper?" asked Tressilian.

Lowder's face darkened. He bit his lip savagely.

"What I have told you about myself I learned from my own observation, or from chance words of my parents and grandmother. My mother's maiden name was Jeanette Lowder. At our London lodgings, my father bore the name of Lowder. I don't know his real name, but I should know his face anywhere, although I have not seen him in thirteen years. My mother was actually married, Tressilian, but I never heard my father's name. The clergyman who married my mother was dead; the witnesses also. When my grandmother was dying she tried to tell me the story. She had put it off too long. All that I could understand of her mumblings was the name of Devereux. I shall never forget that name—'DEVEREUX!' Probably that was my father's name—my own rightful name. But as I should never find him if I sought him, and as he would repulse me if I did find him, I stand no chance of inheriting his property. He may be dead. He may have other sons who have succeeded him. It is all a mystery, but the prominent truth is that I am an outcast, poor, disowned and friendless."

He leaned over the bulwark, the spray dashing over his face violently.

Tressilian's heart warmed to him.

"My poor friend!" he said, "Must I say again you are not friendless while I live. My father has influence enough to obtain for you a government appointment. This tangle may straighten itself out some day. But if it don't, you are resolute enough to make your own happiness."

He grasped Lowder's hand, and looked with warm bright eyes, full of sympathy, into Lowder's lowering face.

There had been a temporary lull in the storm. But as the two stood there, the tempest revived and swept over the wild sea in maddened rage.

There was no time for talking now. The wind rose so high that words would scarcely have been distinguished. The storm that had gone before had been but play to this awful outburst. The vessel drove on, creaking and groaning, a mere cockle shell on the billows.

"Mother of Mercies!" wailed the captain. "It's all up with us, signores. I can't make out the Cape in this darkness. We shall go on the rocks. St. Anthony save us!"

The seamen echoed his cries.

The two young Englishmen, comprehending their peril, clasped hands in silence.

For the next few minutes it seemed that a pandemonium reigned.

Then a noise like the report of a cannon suddenly boomed through the storm and the darkness. The little vessel shivered, staggered, and careened upon her side.

She had struck upon a rock.

A moment later crew and passengers were struggling in the waters.

A few moments of buffetings and tossings, of vain struggles and agonized, involuntary prayer, and then Jasper Lowder felt his senses slip from him, and became unconscious.

When he came to himself, he was lying upon a rocky beach of the Sicilian shore, bruised, and weak as a child.

He opened his eyes. The wind had spent its fury, and now moaned along the coast with a desolate, despairing wail. The waves beat against the rocks.

Lowder struggled to his elbow.

"Wrecked!" he muttered. "I am cast ashore, while the others are drowned! Oh, this is terrible! I have lost my best friend to-night!"

He moaned and wrung his hands.

"He is dead, who would have done so much for me, and I so worthless am saved! All my hopes of an easy and luxurious life must be resigned now!"

At that moment he beheld a dark object at a little distance in the water. The waves hurled this object against the projecting head of a sunken rock. At the same instant Lowder recognized it as the body of a man.

He crept toward it, and the waters dashed the body on the shore at his feet. He put his hands on the face. How cold and wet it was! It felt like the face of a dead man! Lowder's fingers came in contact with the soft, silken mustache, and he knew that the body was that of Guy Tressilian!

Of the five who had stood on the sloop's deck a half-hour earlier, these two alone were left. The captain and his crew had found their deaths, among the cruel, yawning waters.

Lowder thrust his hand under the waistcoat of his friend, but he could not perceive the beating of his heart. Despair took possession of him.

"Dead!" he said shrilly. "Dead! And he would have done so much for me if he had lived! And his father and the young girl he was to have married will wait in vain for his coming! His place at Tressilian Court is empty. Who can fill it?"

It seemed to him that some demon at his side echoed the question: *Who could fill the place left vacant by noble Guy Tressilian?*

A thought came to him—a thought so strange and sinister that he shivered involuntarily. Again he felt of Tressilian's heart. It gave no throb against his hand. He passed his hand over Tressilian's head and discovered a gaping wound in the skull. The hair was clotted with blood.

Putting his hand into his breast pocket, Lowder drew out his little water-proof match safe. He opened it with trembling fingers and struck a light. The red flicker danced on young Tressilian's face.

How ghastly and terrible it looked! The eyes were closed, the smile was gone. The seal of death seemed set on the noble features.

Lowder examined the wound. It had been made by contact with the sharp rock, and even Lowder perceived its terrible character.

"If he is not dead, he soon will be," he muttered. "His brain has received an awful injury. He will never know who he is again. He won't live till morning, and he is perhaps dead already. He must be dead!"

Again it seemed to him as though some demon echoed his words.

The match dropped from his fingers into the water. For a little while he crouched on the wet stones in silence, battling it may be with the better and nobler instincts of his nature.

At last, with sudden and abrupt stealthiness, his hands stole into the breast pocket of Tressilian and drew out his private note-book, a packet of letters, a few trinkets. He secured these among his own wet garments. Their possession seemed to give him courage, and his face hardened, and he knelt beside the body of his friend and rifled his garments of all that they contained, bestowing his plunder on his own person.

Then he took his own purse, his notebook, a few receipts and trifles from his pockets, and put them in the pockets of Tressilian.

"It is done!" he whispered to himself, looking with wild defiant eyes through the darkness. "No one is harmed. He is dead. If he had lived, he would have provided for me. As he is dying or dead, I must provide for myself. *This likeness between us will make my fortune.* His friends will be spared a terrible grief, and I—I shall live at last! Fortune gives me a chance to gain name and wealth at one lucky stroke!"

As if to give himself no chance for repentance, he arose to his feet and turned his searching glances in an inland direction. A light, as from a cottage window, glimmering faintly through the thick haze, caught his gaze.

Raising his voice, he called loudly:

"Help! Ho, there! help!"

The wind had abated, and his cries rang out through the night with startling distinctness. The light had been moved and disappeared. A minute later, answering cries reached Lowder's ears, and he heard hasty steps, and saw the approaching light of a lantern, borne aloft by a man's upraised arm.

"This way!" shouted Lowder. "We are wrecked on the rocks! For the love of Heaven, hasten!"

The bearer of the lantern, attended by a male companion, came running to him, and was soon at his side. The lantern bearer was a rough Sicilian fisherman, a grade above his class. His companion was also Sicilian, but evidently of somewhat higher degree. Both were all excitement, astonishment and sympathy.

In as few words as possible Lowder told the story of the shipwreck, and called attention to the condition of his noble young employer.

"I think he is dead!" he said, in a choking voice. "Carry him up to your cabin. Let everything be done that can be done to save him. I will pay you well for any kindness to him. Poor fellow! He was my travelling companion. I loved him as if he had been my brother instead of only my hired attendant! Poor Jasper!"

The two Sicilians lifted the helpless form of poor young Tressilian, and carried it between them toward their cottage. Jasper Lowder followed them, bewailing his loss. The above we publish as a specimen chapter; but the continuation of this story will be found only in the N. Y. Ledger. Ask for the number dated January 7th, which can be had at any news office or book-store. If you are not within reach of a news office, you can have the Ledger mailed to you for one year by sending three dollars to Robert Bonner, publisher, 180 William street, New York. The Ledger pays more for original contributions than any other periodical in the world. It will publish none but the very, very best. Its moral tone is the purest, and its circulation the largest. Everybody who takes it is happier for having it.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

To the New Orleans Bee.

### THE FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR.

Dispatch of Faidherbe to the Minister of War.

Prussian Excesses at Saint Callis.

Protest of General Chauzy.

Battle Progressing Near Havre.

Continued Bombardment of Fort Avron.

### HOME NEWS.

Snowing in Washington.

Broom's Varieties Theatre, Memphis, Burnt.

Riot Among the Laborers on the North Pacific Railway.

Result of the Georgia Elections.

Miscellaneous.

**FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.**

*Bordeaux*, Dec. 28.—Faidherbe, in a dispatch to the Minister of War, announces that owing to the intense cold weather he will encamp his troops near Arras, and await the prosecution of measures throughout France for the relief of Paris and the deliverance of France.

The weather in Southern France is intensely cold.

The Prussians bombarded Saint Callis on the 25th, after which they entered the place and committed many disorders. Gen. Chauzy sent a formal protest to the Prussian General commanding, and subsequently issued an order to-day, saying: "I have warned the Prussians against the further perpetration of such horrible outrages as they have committed against unarmed towns and people." He adds: "It is evident that France is not combatting loyal enemies, but devastating hordes; but she will continue the struggle to preserve her honor and independence."

*Versailles*, Dec. 28.—The bombardment of Fort Avron continues. The French reply with vigor, but the fire is ineffective.

*Berlin*, Dec. 27.—The news of the opening of the fire on Paris forts was received here with public rejoicings.

*Vienna*, Dec. 28.—The journals here contain a semi-official denial of the truth of the published statement that Baron Von Beust has replied to Count Von Bismarck's note regarding the German Bund.

*Madrid*, Dec. 28.—Sagoitt has assumed the post of Foreign Minister.

*Munich*, Dec. 28.—The Bavarian Chamber of Deputies voted in favor of an enlarged South German Bund to be united with the North German Confederation. The Bavarian House of Deputies rejected the Federal treaties with a view to obtaining an improvement in the terms.

*Constantinople*, Dec. 28.—The Government, in a note to the Powers, objects to the discussion of questions affecting the Danubian Principalities at the approaching conference.

*Madrid*, Dec. 27.—The Royal Civic list gives the King six million francs annually, and makes him heir to half the palaces of the kingdom.

*London*, Dec. 28.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* warns Englishmen that they cannot do worse than to persist in the idea that the people of the United States are friendly to England. The fact is diametrically otherwise. At any moment the Americans may inflict an intolerable insult on the British people.

The French Army of the North has concentrated around Arras. The health of the troops is excellent.

*London*, Dec. 28.—Gen. Chanzy complains bitterly of the conduct of the Prussians. He denies having been defeated, and avows his intention of taking revenge for the Vandalism of the enemy.

Saint Calais, in the Department of the South, 26 miles from De Mans, has been visited by the Prussians, who left town after a requisition upon the inhabitants.

It is said that Bourbaki is moving with his army to the eastern portion of France to operate against Gen. Werder.

*London*, Dec. 28.—A special to the *Telegraph*, from Havre, states that there has been intense excitement consequent upon a battle which has been going on since the 26th inst. in that neighborhood—the first important struggle between the French troops in this department and the Prussians. For two days a fight had been expected, and, although yet without any decisive result, it is regarded a valuable experience in proving the efficiency of the French artillery and the capacity of the mobiles and franc-tireurs in an encounter with regular troops.

**FROM NEW YORK.**

*New York* Dec. 28.—*World* special: *Versailles*, Dec. 27.—Fort Avron is 2500 yards east of Fort Rosney. It is a new work, mounted with naval guns reaching the towns of Chelles, Mont Nermett and Clisby. The fire from this fort to-day, replying to Saxon guns, was accurate but not destructive.

*Berlin*, Dec. 27.—Information has been received here that the Turks have ordered the Bosphorus and Dardanelle coasts protected by torpedoes.

**FROM WASHINGTON.**

*Washington*, Dec. 28.—Continues snowing, but it melts as fast as it falls.

**ELECTION NEWS.**

*Atlanta*, Dec. 28.—Thomas Speer is elected from the 4th District to the 42d Congress by 500 majority. Long is elected to the 41st Congress, and it is believed Bigby, in the 3d, and Whitely, in the 2d Congressional Districts, are elected. Price is elected in the 6th District by a large majority. Elbert, White, Banks, Madison, Habersham and Franklin counties all give large Democratic majorities.

Chief Justice Brown has resigned. Ex-Gov. James Johnson, of Columbus, has been telegraphed for and will probably succeed him.

B. H. Hill is out in a letter denying that he wrote to Radicals favoring Radicalism or seeking office.

**MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.**

*New York*, Dec. 28.—The steamship Louisa Moore, from New Orleans, reports that the steamship Fairbanks, from Wilmington for New York, with cotton and turpentine, was forced into Hatteras Inlet on the 19th inst. About 3 o'clock in the morning smoke was seen coming from under the pilot-house. In spite of the efforts made to save her the vessel and cargo burned. The crew escaped with a few personal effects.

*Cleveland, O.*, Dec. 28.—The Atlantic and Great Western mail train, bound West this A. M., ran off the track about five miles west of Meadville, near Sutton's. The hind car which was filled with emigrants was thrown down an embankment of thirty feet, turning over several times. One man named Haskins was killed and 20 others badly injured—one of them not expected to recover; 15 others were slightly injured. The train was about two hours behind time and was running rapidly when the accident occurred. The cause of the accident is not known, but it is generally attributed to a poor rail, as one was found broken and the ties entirely broken off. The injured persons were brought to Meadville.

*New York*, Dec. 28.—The residence of Gen. McClelland was burned to-day. Loss $40,000.

*New York*, Dec. 28.—In the game of billiards to-night between Dion and Rudolph, the latter giving the odds of five per cent. in the game, which is 2000 points up, the game standing at this hour (midnight) Dion 1014, Rudolph 1185. The match is for two thousand dollars.

*New York*, Dec. 28.—The *Express* financial article contains a statement that an arrangement has been made between the Pacific Mail Company and the Pacific railroads, whereby all passengers and freight from China are in the future to reach New York via railroad. Inquiries at the steamship office fail to elicit affirmation or denial of the truth of the statement.

*Chicago*, Dec. 28.—A serious riot is reported in progress on the Northern Pacific Railroad, caused by the workmen not being paid by absconding contractors. Although the General Superintendent of the road will pay them for work performed, troops have been asked for to quell the disturbance.

*Memphis*, Dec. 28.—Broom's Varieties Theatre burned down this morning, together with the entire wardrobes, scenery, etc. Loss $15,000; no insurance.

*New York*, Dec. 28.—Arrived out—Mary Sanford.

**FOREIGN MARKETS.**

*London*, Dec. 28.—Noon.—Consols 91⅞. Bonds 88⅝.

*Liverpool*, Dec. 28.—Noon.—Cotton quiet and steady; uplands 8⅜d; Orleans 8⅝d; sales to-day 12,000 bales.

*London*, Dec. 29.—4:30 P. M.—Consols 91⅞. Bonds 88⅝.

*Liverpool*, Dec. 28—4:30 P. M.—Cotton closed unchanged. Sales 12,000 bales, including 2500 for speculation and export.

**DOMESTIC MARKETS.**

*New York*, Dec. 28.—Leather quiet and steady; hemlock and sole, Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande light; middle and heavy weights 27@30; Orinoco do. 26@28¼. Wool dull; 45@52½ for domestic fleece, 30@42½ for pulled, 19½@33 for Texas, and 20@28 for California.

*New York*, Dec. 28.—Money became stringent, closing at legal interest and ⅛ @ ¼ commission. Exchange advanced ⅛.

Southern securities very dull. Tenn.'s 63. Va.'s 67; new 63. La. 6s 70; new 63. Levee 6s 71; 8s 84. Ala. 8s 100; 5s 70. Ga. 6s 81; 7s 91. N. C.'s 45; new 23¼. S. C.'s 84; new 66¼.

*New York*, Dec. 28.—Evening.—Cotton closed dull and heavy; sales to-day 3000 bales; middling uplands 15¼c. Flour—Southern a shade firmer; common to good extra $6 20@6 60.

*New York*, Dec. 28.—Before 3 o'clock ⅛c additional to legal interest was paid for money. Afterwards money was bid up to ¼ per cent. per day. The effect of the stringency upon values is trifling, brokers having made up accounts at lower rates. Gold opened at 110⅝; sold up to 111, but sales limited. 6s of 1881 113⅛; 2s 107⅝; 4s 107⅛; 5s 107⅛; new, 106⅝; 67s, 110⅛; 68s, 110⅛; 10 40s, 105⅛.

(Previous Dispatches.)

(Herald's Special.)

*Bordeaux*, Dec. 27.—A correspondent interviewed Chadourdy, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, who, though trying to make peace, said he thought peace was still distant, as, to accept Prussian terms would reduce France to a third rate power. There is scarcely a man in France, rich or poor, who is willing to allow the Government to give up territory. Arms are plenty. We have offers of more than we can use from England alone.

Three months ago it was difficult to excite the patriotism of the people—now the only trouble is to get them to be patient. France is now struggling for existence. If she is crushed, England will feel the loss more than any other country. England cannot dream of the consequences if she should allow France to be exterminated. Russia will then do what she pleases in the East and Prussia in the West. England, without a single ally, will cease to belong to the family of European nations, and will be reduced to a third rate power.

Chadourdy then spoke in terms of deep indignation of the ingratitude of Italy, and intimated that a day of reckoning would surely come for that cowardly nation. He closed the interview by stating that the new levy in the south and south-east was proceeding with success beyond their expectations.

*London*, Dec. 26.—The French Army of the North is at Arras, having evacuated Corbie, Alberte and Asehenx.

Bismarck, in a note to the Austrian Cabinet, calls attention to the reorganization of Germany, and trusts that the treaty of Bague will not interfere with her development.

*St. Louis*, Dec. 28.—The weather is milder, with a prospect of rain and the speedy resumption of navigation south. Passengers who have just arrived by the Pacific Railroad were snow bound ten days. The weather was extremely cold, and the snow-drift was ten feet deep.

(Herald Special.)

*London*, Dec. 27.—The *Manchester Guardian* contains a statement to the effect that King William and the Princes Royal of Prussia wrote a note to Queen Victoria, protesting against the proposed marriage of the Princess Louise to Lorn. The Queen replied vehemently, advising them to mind their own business.

The same correspondent represents that Bishop Dupanloup is hopeless of the salvation of France while in present hands.

*Memphis*, Dec. 27.—Mr. Lawton sent her two sons, aged 15 and 16 years, with a negro named Jeff, to Lauderdale, Miss., with a bag of cotton. Jeff had an interest in the cotton. Jeff killed the elder boy and the people killed Jeff.

*Washington*, Dec. 28.—Mr. Schenck will depart for England about the middle of January. His instructions have not yet been completed.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations had a conference with Secretary Fish, at the State Department, to-day. The object and proceedings are unknown. Messrs. Sumner, Schurz, Norton and Patterson were present.

## CITY INTELLIGENCE.

*Sudden Death of an Old Citizen.*—Professor Herz Leja, well known to all of our citizens, and particularly to the habitués of the St. Charles Hotel, was found dead in his bed, yesterday morning. He has been a boarder in the hotel over twenty-five years and a resident of this city nearly half a century, and was universally esteemed by all who knew him.

Professor Leja retired to his bed last night in his usual good health, and previous to that was conversing with his friends in the hotel, and appeared to be in good spirits.

Coroner Creagh held an inquest on his body yesterday and the verdict rendered attributed his sudden demise to apoplexy.

*The Steamship Robbery.*—The examination of the Sirs Leopold and Oppenheim, concerned in the Atlantic steamship robbery, was continued yesterday. Sergeant Malone, who discovered the missing goods, was the first witness examined—the substance of his evidence has been already given. Mr. Geo. A. Fosdick, the agent of the Company, was the next witness, who stated that upon his return from the North, in October, he discovered the goods missing and notified Superintendent Badger of the fact, and since that time, on other occasions, goods were missing consigned to various parties. Having received information that some of the goods were deposited at Hoffman & Marks and sold for the account of the accused, led to the search and detection. The invoices of the consignees of the missing goods were offered in evidence. Messrs. Hughes, Dalsheimer & Cooney for defense, and Mr. Henry Castellanos for prosecution. The case went over.

*A Cotton Operation.*—Yesterday the mate of the Italian ship Parandella, whose name is R. Avita, sold two bales of cotton which had been sent from press for shipment, to B. Crowley, who keeps a junk store on Louisa street, for $65. The cotton was carried off from the head of Hospital street towards the Third District, Crowley being on the dray with the driver, whose name is Scanlan. Officer Martin saw the operation, and followed the dray, bringing it back to the ship, where the mate, after first denying, acknowledged the transaction. All three were arrested.

*False Imprisonment Case.*—In the case of officers Brown, Caughlin and Champagne, charged by Mr. J. Barrett with false imprisonment and robbery, the jury returned a verdict of "not guilty." The District Attorney had offered a *nol. pros.* in the case of two of them, but they preferred to be acquitted by a jury upon the evidence.

*A Well-Deserved Acknowledgment.*—The following order from the Superintendent of Police speaks for itself:

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
METROPOLITAN POLICE,
December 27, 1870.

To the Captains:

For the efficiency, courage and zeal displayed by Sergt. E. Rapp, and patrolman A. Lewis, Fourth Precinct, in recapturing the gang of thieves and murderers who made their escape through the walls of the Parish Prison, on the morning of the 26th inst., the Superintendent extends his congratulations to the officers named. The presence of mind and promptness evinced by Sergeant Rapp on this occasion stamp him as a meritorious officer, and speaks eloquently of his worthiness to fill the position he holds. The action reflects credit upon the entire force.

A. S. BADGER,
Sup't Metropolitan Police.

P. H. BOYNE, Sec'y.

*Release of the Boy-Murderer.*—In the case of the boy John Burns, who shot and instantly killed a boy named Jean Marie Campo, at the head of St. Philip street, on the 27th of May, 1870, a *nol. pros.* was entered by Attorney General Belden.

The father of the boy Campo was willing that this should be done, as it was more carelessness than ill-will that caused the fatal affair. The boy will be taken charge of by the Rev. Father Cornelius Moynihan, who will send him back to his relatives in England on Thursday.

*Again.*—The notorious Jack Killeen was arrested yesterday by Capt. McCann, while in the act of picking the pocket of a man on the levee.

## AMUSEMENTS.

THE ACADEMY.—The habitués of this pleasant place of amusement have been more than ordinarily favored during the holiday season. The olio performance has been excellent, and the burlesque of "Robinson Crusoe," put upon the stage with the taste for which Mr. Bidwell is so well noted, could not fail to attract. Besides during this cold weather one may visit the Academy, sure of being as comfortable as by their own fireside, the place being thoroughly warmed. Go by all means and see your old friend "Robinson Crusoe." Friday, the goat and parrot.

THE ST. CHARLES.—The Lydia Thompson Troupe fill the Old Drury from pit to dome every night. Among those who are particularly good is the new *Mercury*, Miss Minnie Walton, whose sweet singing and roguish ways are always noticed with applause. Of Misses Weathersby and Fisk it is unnecessary to speak, and all of the rest have proved themselves favorites. The present piece, "Paris; or the Apple of Discord," will be continued only to the Saturday matinée.

THE ARLINGTON ESTATE—THE TRUTH ABOUT ITS CONFISCATION.—The Washington *Star*, of last night, says:

As the exact relationship of the Lee family to the Arlington property was not clearly stated in the debate yesterday, we may say that it never belonged to General Lee. At the death of George W. P. Custis a life interest in it was bequeathed to Mrs. Lee, his daughter, and at her death it was to go to his grandsons, Custis and Fitzhugh Lee. The taxes upon the property having accumulated during the rebellion it was sold therefor, and purchased by the Government; thus it will be seen it is held by virtue of a tax title. Subsequently efforts were made to redeem it by paying the amount of taxes, but they were unsuccessful, and the title is still vested in the Government by virtue of the tax sale alluded to.

**An Absolute Safeguard.**

Invalids, broken down in health and spirits by Chronic Dyspepsia, or suffering from the terrible exhaustion which follows the attacks of acute disease, the testimony of thousands who have been raised as by a miracle from a similar state of prostration by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is a sure guarantee that by the same means you too may be strengthened and restored. But to those who stand in peril of epidemics, to all who, by reason of exposure, privations, and uncongenial climate or unhealthy pursuits, may at any moment be stricken down, this paragraph is most particularly and emphatically addressed. You, who are thus situated, are proffered an absolute safeguard against the danger that menaces you. Tone and regulate the system with this harmless medicinal stimulant and Alterative, and you will be fore-armed against the malaria whose seeds float around you in the air unseen. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are not only a standard Tonic and Alterative throughout the United States, but they are accredited by the certificates of the most distinguished citizens of the Union, to the people of all other lands. In Canada, Australia and the West Indies they are generally taking place of all other stomachics, whether native or foreign, and as surely as truth is progressive and delusion transitory, will eventually supersede every other invigorant and restorative now employed in medicinal practice. dec29 31 jal dctw

## MONETARY AND FINANCIAL.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 28, 1870.

The demand for discounts continues to slacken off, and borrowers on approved business paper find little difficulty in obtaining accommodations at bank. The movement on the street is limited and we hear only a few transactions at about the inside figures of our quotations, say 10 per cent. per annum to 1 per cent. per month for A1 notes accompanied by first-class collaterals, and 1@1¼ for good to A1 business paper without collaterals. Mortgage notes are quoted at 10@11 per cent. for A1, and 12@14 for second grade.

Gold opened at 110⅞@111, (against 110⅞ at New York, and closed at 111 @111⅛ (against 110⅞.) Cash gold was very scarce and rates ruled still more above New York. The sales included $300 at 110⅞, $500 at 111, $30,000 at 111⅛, $9,000 at 111@111⅛, and $1000, $300, $500 and $800 at 111¼. Nothing transpired in Silver.

We noticed quite an active movement in Foreign Exchange at irregular and generally stiffer rates, the market varying in agreement with the course of gold. The business in sterling embraced £50,000, of which £4000 bill of lading at 119¾, £5000 clear at 119¾@119⅞, £4000 A1 bill of lading and clear at 119½@119⅝, £5000 clear at 119⅝@119¾, £4000 A1 bill of lading at 119⅝, £5000 A1 clear, £5000 A1 bill of lading, and £17,000 A1 bill of lading and clear at 119½@119⅝, £3000 A1 clear and £15,000 A1 bill of lading and clear at 119½@119⅝, £8000 A1 clear at 119¾, £1500 ship's bill at 119⅝, £2000 first-class at 120, and £5000 private bankers' at 120¼. Sterling may be quoted at 119⅝@119⅞ for good to A1 bill of lading and clear, and 120@120¼ for bank. 50,000 A1 commercial Francs sold at —.

Domestic Exchange ruled very firm during most of the day, but was hardly as strong at the close. The banks applied the remittance demand which was light at ⅛ per cent. discount, one of them asking par, and the sales included $10,000, $10,000 and $15,000 bank sight on New York, and $11,000, $20,000 and $35,000 private bankers' at 3-16 discount, $10,000 bank and commercial at 3-16 for the former and ⅛ for the latter, $10,000, $12,000, $15,000 and $15,000 commercial, $10,000 bank and $25,000 private bankers' at ⅛, $30,000 ten days' sight on New York at 11-16, and $5000 sight on St. Louis at ¼.

Some of the banks draw gold checks on New York at ⅛ per cent. discount.

In Stocks 100 Crescent City Slaughter-House sold at — and 100 at $25 37½ and we heard of 100 at $23 25.

Nothing reported in Bonds.

No sales of Warrants were reported. Dealers bought new State at 70@72, and new Metropolitan Police at 97½, and sold the former at 71@74, and the latter at 98@—.

Dealers' rates for City Treasury Notes were 25@27 per cent. discount buying and 22@24 selling.

## COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE BEE,
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 28, 1870.

COTTON—The sales to-day summed up 9250 bales, at an irregular decline of ¼ @ ⅜c. We quote ordinary at 12@12½c; good ordinary at 13½@13¾c; low middling at 13¾@14¼c; middling at 14½@14¾c, and strict middling at —@15c.

Low middling ruled at 14c, and strict at 14¼c, but there were sales of the former at 13¾, and even less, and of the latter at 14⅛. Our quotations for good ordinary agree with the ruling rates, but there were sales of strict as high as 13¾, and a fraction more. Liverpool middling was reported at less than the inside figures for that grade, but in exceptional cases. The demand was fair at the opening, but improved on factors meeting it more freely. At the close the market showed more steadiness than earlier in the day.

COTTON STATEMENT.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Stock on hand Sept. 1st, 1870—bales | | 36,000 |
| Arrived since last statement | 3,743 | |
| Arrived previously | 562,836 | 566,579 |
| | | 602,579 |
| Clear'd to-day | 3,655 | |
| Cleared previously | 295,... | 299,461 |
| Stock on hand and on shipboard—bales | | 303,164 |

To-day's exports embraced 2145 bales to Liverpool and 870 to Vera Cruz. Receipts proper since last evening's statement 3055 bales, against 3465 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 33,974 bales, against 27,227 for the corresponding time last week, and 31,014 last year, and since August 31, of 468,861 bales, against 433,247 last year.

FREIGHTS.—The demand for room for Great Britain and the German ports continues good, though the offerings are confined principally to cotton. Coastwise, the shipments are fair, and rates rule steady. We quote: Liverpool, sail ½d; steam ⅝@15-16d; Amsterdam, sail 11-16d; Antwerp, sail 11-16d; Bremen, sail 11-16d; Hamburg, sail 11-16d; Genoa, sail 1d; New York, steam 1c; Philadelphia, steam 1c; Boston 1¼c. Sugar to New York, steam $9. Molasses to do $3. Grain to Liverpool, sail 10@10½d; tallow to do 37s 6d; flour to do 4s.

SUGAR.—Received to-day 400 hhds. The market is in good supply, but the demand is only moderate and prices are unsteady. About 500 hhds were sold to-day, and we quote Inferior at 6@6¼c; common 6¾@7¼c; fair 7¼@7⅝c; good fair at 8@8¼c; fully fair 8¾@9c; prime 9¼@10c; seconds and centrifugal 7¾@10c; yellow clarified 10½@11¼c; white 11¾@12c. ℔.

MOLASSES—Received to-day 1400 bbls, and 78 half bbls. The demand continues active at stiffening prices, and all the supplies were sold at 25@30c. for centrifugals, 40@52c. for common, 52@56c. for fair, 57@58c. for prime, 59@61c. for strictly prime, and 62c. for choice. Some half bbls. strictly prime sold at 65c. ℔ gallon.

FLOUR—The market has shown more animation to-day, with firmer prices for superfine and double extra, which are very scarce and in request. Superfine is quoted at $5 50@5 75, double extra $5 80@6, treble extra $6 12½@6 25 ℔ bbl. Some 1500 bbls. were sold to-day, of which 200 double extra at $5 70, 50 at $5 87½, 100, 100 and 125 do at $6, 250 treble extra at $6 12½, 259 do at $6 25, 250 do at $6 30, 100 choice treble at $6 50, and 70 choice extra at $6 75 ℔ bbl.

CORN—Is in fair supply and moderate demand; 4500 sacks were sold to-day, of which 3000 white and yellow at 67c., 441 yellow and 880 white at 67½c.@— ℔ bushel.

OATS—Are quiet but firm, with a fair supply; 1000 sacks were sold to-day, of which 100 and 150 St. Louis at 54c., 150 and 200 do at 55c, and 350 white at 56c ℔ bushel.

BRAN—650 sacks sold at $1 20 ℔ 100 lbs.

HAY—Good is in light supply and firm; 50 bales choice Western sold at $30 ℔ ton; Prime is quoted at $28.

PORK—Yesterday, not reported, 430 bbls. mess and mess ordinary sold at $20 50, and 500 bbls mess at $21 ℔ bbl. To-day the market is firmer and mess is held at $21, with $21 50 offered. It is retailing at $22 50 @22 75 ℔ bbl.

BACON—4 casks shoulders sold at 12¼c, and 20 casks clear sides at 15¼c, clear rib sides are quoted at 15c.

DRY SALT MEAT—Shoulders are scarce and are held at 9c ℔ lb; 3 casks clear sides sold at 11¼c. Yesterday, not reported, 25 casks sold at 9c for shoulders and 9¾c for rib sides.

LARD—25 tcs. country kettle-rendered sold at 13c, 10 tcs kettle-rendered, choice leaf, at 13c, and 30 kegs pressed at 14c ℔ lb.

BREAKFAST BACON—Western is quoted at 17@17½c; Northern at 18@19c ℔ lb.

BUTTER—Continues quiet and steady, the demand being principally for choice descriptions. We quote choice Goshen 42@46c, common Northern 30@35c, choice Western 30@33c, inferior 16@22c ℔ lb.

SALT—The demand is good and prices are steady. We quote dealers' rates for new delivered $1 65@1 70 per sack for coarse, $1 90@1 95 for fine; old Salt dull and 5@10c less than the foregoing. When large lots are taken at warehouse by boats a deduction is made for drayage. Turk's Island Salt dull and nominal at 50c ℔ bushel. Table Salt in pockets, 5 lbs 10c, 4 lbs 8c.

**Cattle Market.**

NEW ORLEANS, December 28, 1870.

Arrived yesterday—285 Texas Beeves, 182 Calves and Yearlings and 21 Hogs.

Sold yesterday—278 Texas Beeves, 209 Calves and Yearlings, 40 Hogs, and 37 Sheep.

Stock on sale 916 Texas Beeves, 441 Calves and Yearlings, 430 Hogs, 2732 Sheep and 20 Milch Cows.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Tex. Beeves, corn fed ch... ℔ head... | — | — |
| Texas Beeves, choice, ℔ head | 40 00 | 45 00 |
| Texas Beeves, corn fed 2d quality, ℔ hd | 40 00 | 45 00 |
| Texas Beeves, 1st quality, ℔ head | 30 00 | 35 00 |
| Texas Beeves, 2d quality, ℔ head | 25 00 | 28 00 |
| Texas Beeves, 3d quality, ℔ head | 18 00 | 21 00 |
| Hogs ℔ gross | — | — |
| Mack Hogs ℔ head gross | 7 00 | 9 00 |
| Sheep, 1st quality, ℔ head | 5 00 | 6 00 |
| Sheep, 2d quality, ℔ head | 3 50 | 4 00 |
| Sheep, 3d quality, ℔ head | 2 00 | 2 50 |
| Milch Cows (choice) ℔ head | 60 00 | 100 00 |
| Milch Cows, ℔ head | 35 00 | 50 00 |
| Texas Cows, with Calves, ℔ head | 20 00 | 30 00 |
| Yearlings, ℔ head | 6 00 | 9 00 |
| Calves, ℔ head | 8 00 | 12 00 |
| Goats, ℔ head | 1 00 | 4 00 |


**No Advance in Price Yet!**

ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER BBL. FOR THE BEST OF PITTSBURG COAL.

W. G. COYLE & CO.,
Office, 126 Gravier street.

dec29 3t

**For Sale.**

ONE of the best GROCERIES, well stocked, situated in the Second District.

For particulars—apply at the N. O. BEE Office, or to S. CAMBON, 39, 41 and 43 Old Levee.

dec28 1w

**Notice.**

NEITHER the Captain nor Consignee of the Norwegian bark HILDA, Forjnsen, master, will be responsible for debts contracted by the crew of said bark.

CONSIGNEES per bark HILDA, Forjnsen, master, from Bordeaux, are hereby notified to attend to the delivery of their goods on the Levee, Post No. —, Second District, otherwise said goods will be stored at the risk and expense of Consignees.

C. CAVAROC,
5 Exchange Place.

dec28 3t

**Merchants' Bank,**
New Orleans, December 27, 1870.

THE annual election for ten Directors of the Bank, to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, January 9th, 1871, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

THOS. J. DIX,
Cashier.

dec27 td

**New Orleans Canal and Banking Com'y,**
New Orleans, December 28, 1870.

AT a special meeting of the Board of Directors held THIS DAY, a semi-annual dividend of Four per Cent. was declared payable to the Stockholders on the first MONDAY of January next.

CH. JUMONVILLE,
Cashier.

dec27 1td

**Office Robert E. Lee Monumental Association,**
New Orleans, Dec. 24, 1870.

NOTICE is hereby given that books of subscription to the Robert E. Lee Monumental Association may be found at all of the Banks, Banking Houses and Insurance Offices in the city.

dec27 6t

**PACKWOOD & BROTHER,**

95 & 97........CAMP STREET........95 & 97

**GROCERS.**

Have a large stock of Good things for the CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR HOLLIDAYS. FRENCH VEGETABLES—in cans, dried and in paper parcels.

LIQUORS—Of finest brands and quality.

WINES—Champagne, claret, etc., etc., etc., and, in fact, all that the most fastidious and delicate palate can wish for. dec25 1w & sw

**Notice.**

IF MRS. CAROLINE WARNER is still in New Orleans, she is most earnestly requested to send her address to my son CHARLES LEE, whom she was kind enough to take charge of several years ago, when he was only one year old. I now live at Newbridge, the Highland, Illinois.

MR. ADOLPHE BERNIER, fat maker, will also oblige me by informing me of his actual residence. dec28 3t VICTORINE GENET.

LANDING ex ship A. DENICKE, from Bordeaux:

50 boxes ABSYNTH, Edouard Pernod; in Cantonne house stores.

50 boxes BRANDY FRUITS, APRICOTS and PLUMS.

25 boxes BRANDY CHERRIES.

For sale by A. COUTIN, 30 Magazine street.

dec27 3t

**Office New Orleans and Carrollton Railroad Company,**
New Orleans, La., December 22d, 1870.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. was declared payable on and after the 2nd of January, 1871.

P. McBRIDE,
Secretary.

dec23 1m

**153 DR. CRANE, 153**

**MEDICAL INSTITUTE**

For Consumption, Scrofula, Cancer, Catarrh, Asthma, the Eye and the Ear, as well as all Chronic and Female diseases.

**St. Charles, No. 153, between Lafayette and Girod streets.**

Dr. CRANE is the founder of the Brompton Hospital, inhalation treatment in America. Consultations hours, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Dr. CRANE delivers a series of free lectures on the nature and treatment of diseases, every WEDNESDAY, at the Lyceum, (City Hall) at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

**Bank of America,**
New Orleans, December 22d, 1870.

AT the annual election held yesterday, the following gentlemen were unanimously re-elected Directors of this Institution, to serve the ensuing year:

| | |
|---|---|
| A. M. FORTIER, | W. B. SCHMIDT, |
| C. J. LEEDS, | D. FATJO, |
| J. J. FERNANDEZ, | F. W. TILTON, |
| J. I. ADAMS, | M. PUIG, |
| P. MASPERO, | I. SCHERCK, |
| I. CAULFIELD, | ANT. GIRAUD, |
| DAVID JAMISON. | |

And at a meeting of the Board, this day, Am. FORTIER was unanimously re-elected President.

J. E. PASCAL,
Cashier.

dec23 6t

**Auction Notice.**

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has taken a License as Auctioneer for the City of New Orleans, and will devote his time and attention to the sales of Real Estate, Successions, Stocks, Port Warden's Cargoes, Furniture, and all out-door sales.

Having been engaged as Auctioneer in this city for 28 years, he hopes that the experience he has acquired in the said business will enable him to give satisfaction to those who may favor him with their business.

He also informs his friends and the public that he has rented the Rotunda of the St. Louis Hotel, on St. Louis street, for the purpose of having regular Furniture sales three times a week, viz: On Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Office in the front of the Rotunda, St. Louis street.

dec20 1m MAURICE BARNETT.

**C. P. Holle & Co.,**

Commission and Forwarding Merchants.

—AND—

DEALERS IN WESTERN PRODUCE, WINES AND LIQUORS,

—ALSO—

Agents for the Celebrated

**Cincinnati Lager Beer.**

91........MAGAZINE STREET........91

Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

**Office Atlantic Insurance Company,**
No. 36 CAMP STREET,
New Orleans, December 17, 1870.

IN conformity with the requirements of the charter, an election will be held at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, the 2d of January next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., for Nineteen Directors, to serve for one year from that date.

H. P. JANVIER,
Vice President.

dec17 tjan2

**Crescent City Bank,**
NEW ORLEANS, December 15, 1870.

THE annual election for Thirteen Directors of this Bank, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, corner Carondelet and Union streets, on MONDAY, January 2, 1871, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

CHAS. FAURIE, Jr.,
Cashier.

dec15 td

**Office Pontchartrain Railroad Company,**
New Orleans, December 16th, 1870.

THE annual election for Directors of this Company for the ensuing year will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 2d of January prox., 1871, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

WM. J. CARTER,
Secretary.

dec16 tjan2

**Wanted,**

A GOOD COOK, white or colored. Also, a dinner room FEMALE SERVANT (white). Apply at No 80 Esplanade street.

**Watch Free—Given Gratis**

TO every live man who will act as agent in a new, light, and honorable business paying $30 a day sure. No gift enterprise. No humbug. No money wanted in advance. Address

R. MONROE KENNEDY & CO.,
Pittsburg, Pa.

**Office New Orleans and Carrollton Railroad Company,**
New Orleans, La., Dec. 2d, 1870.

THE annual election for Directors of this Company will take place according to law, on MONDAY, January 2d, 1871, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at the office of the Company, No. 17 Baronne street.

P. McBRIDE, Secretary.

**Office Jefferson and Lake Pontchartrain Railroad Company,**
New Orleans, La., Dec. 2d, 1870.

THE annual election for Directors of this Company will take place, according to law, on MONDAY, January 2d, 1871, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at the office of the Company, No. 17 Baronne street.

P. McBRIDE, Secretary.

**Removal..........Removal.**

SAM'L BARNES,

DEALER IN POTATOES, ONIONS AND FRUITS,

Has removed to stores

Nos. 41 Front and 45 Fulton streets, Between Poydras and Gravier streets. Always ready to fill orders promptly.

**PACKWOOD & BROTHER,**

Old Stand at 95 and 97 Camp Street,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

—AND—

IMPORTERS OF WINES, LIQUORS AND ALES.

HAVE constantly on hand the best of FRENCH, GERMAN, ENGLISH AND DOMESTIC ARTICLES, suitable for Family supplies.

Goods delivered free of charge to all parts of the City.

—And—

Country orders carefully attended to.

**Look Out for Advance in Price of Coal!**

IT IS NOW ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER BBL.

W. G. COYLE & CO.,
Office, 126 Gravier street.

dec29 3t

EDWARD BEALS, Jr. ALPHONSE LAINE

**BEALS & LAINE,**

DEALERS IN PITTSBURG, ANTHRACITE AND ENGLISH CANNEL COAL.

Steamers, Cotton and other presses, foundries, and families supplied promptly. Yards on Levee street, at District Ferry, and Louisiana and Levee streets. Office No. 29 Carondelet street, New Orleans, La.

Orders received either at office or yards.

SPENCER FIELD, JR. WALTER O. BELL

**Field & Bell,**

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Pittsburg, Anthracite and English CANNEL COAL.

Also, ASH, OAK and PINE WOOD. Steamships, Steamboats, Cotton Presses, Foundries and Families promptly supplied at the lowest market rates. Main Office 147 Camp street, corner Girod. Branch Office 261 Magazine street, near Poydras.

**P. & R. De Vergès,**

—DEALERS IN—

ANTHRACITE, CANNEL AND PITTSBURG COAL.

No. 170 Gravier, and 39 Dauphine Streets.

Families, Planters, Steamboats and Cotton Presses supplied at the lowest market price.

**Louisiana Savings Bank**

AND

SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY.

No. 31..........Camp Street..........No. 31

JOSEPH S. COPES, President. W. VAN NORDEN, Vice-President.

JOHN S. WALTON, Treasurer.

DIRECTORS:

R. W. Thomas, David Wallace,
Henry Peychaud, Dr. W. H. Holcombe.

Six per cent. paid on savings deposits.
Sales rented, and valuables received.
Interest on bonds collected and remitted.
Persons living in the country will find this Company a safe depository for valuables, papers, etc., at a small expense.

**LOOK TO YOUR CHILDREN.**

**The Great Soothing Remedy.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Mrs. WHITCOMB'S SYRUP. | Cures Colic and Griping in the Bowels, and facilitates the process of Teething. | Price, 25 Cents. |
| Mrs. WHITCOMB'S SYRUP. | Subdues Convulsions and overcomes all diseases incident to Infants and Children. | Price, 25 Cents. |
| Mrs. WHITCOMB'S SYRUP. | Cures Diarrhea, Dysentery and Summer Complaint in Children of all ages. | Price, 25 Cents. |

It is the Great Infant's and Children's Soothing Remedy in all disorders brought on by Teething or any other cause.

Prepared by the GRAFTON MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine everywhere.

**M. ELIE,**

16.........ROYAL STREET.........16

HAS always on hand a large assortment of PIANOS from the best French manufacturers, such as Pleyel and others. Also, every kind of musical instruments, strings, etc., at moderate prices. PIANOS tuned.

**GETTING MARRIED.**

Essays for Young Men, on Social Evils, and the propriety or impropriety of getting Married with sanitary help for those who feel unfitted for matrimonial happiness, sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa.

**J. Bontemps,**

DYER AND SCOURER,

132..........Poydras Street..........132

Between Carondelet and Baronne streets, (formerly in Bourbon street), New Orleans.

**H. W. Johns' Asbestos Roofing.**

THIS Roofing consists of a foundation of strong canvas, manufactured expressly for the purpose, saturated and coated with an elastic water-proof composition. This, when coated with the Asbestos Roof coating, forms a strong elastic covering with a smooth surface of stone which is proof against burning cinders or coals. It is adapted to all climates and is the only composition roofing which will withstand the heat of the tropics. It is used for all kinds of roofing, including Cars and Steamboats, and Factories where the roof is liable to damage from acids.

It is insured by Insurance Companies at same rate as tin roof.

H. W. John's Lake Superior Iron Ore Paint—The best and most durable Fire Proof Paint in the world. It is adapted to Metal and Woodwork of all kinds, and is fully equal to Red Lead for Steam Pipes and Boilers.

SABLE & DALTON, Agents for Louisiana, 115 Poydras street.

Agents for the celebrated French Eureka Ranges.

" " the Osborn Bird and Animal Cages.

" " "The Times" Cooking Stove.

Manufacturer of all kinds of Japan Ware.

**Armstrong's**

**Foundry and Boiler Manufactory,**

CORNER ERATO and PETERS STREETS,
(Late New Levee Street)

W. J. J. ARMSTRONG, MANAGER.

—MANUFACTURER OF—

STEAM ENGINES, SUGAR MILLS, DRAINING MACHINES, SAW MILLS, &c.

Flued and Cylinder Boilers of all kinds, Iron Columns and Fronts of Buildings, Grate Bars and Castings OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

**St. Louis Church of New Orleans.**
Secretary's Office.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Pewholders of the Church of Saint Louis to call at my office, No. 24 St. Anthony Alley, before SUNDAY, 1st January, 1871, and settle for the amount of their Pews for the year 1870, at the same prices as the present year. Said Pewholders having the privilege of their Pews at former prices, and all Pews not retained and paid for on above specified date, shall be disposed of according to custom.

E. BUZUO,
Secretary.



## AUCTION SALES.

HOFFMAN, MARKS & CO.'S SALES.

**CREDIT SALE! CREDIT SALE!**

**Large and Unreserved Credit Sale — of —**

**500 Lots Fine Seasonable Clothing.**

**250 Lots Gent's Furnishing Goods — and —**

**100 Cases Fine Hats—Without any Reserve on Very Liberal Terms.**

BY HOFFMAN, MARKS & CO.,
A. LEVY, Auctioneer.
Office: No. 33 Chartres street.

WILL be sold on THURSDAY, the 29th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., at Salesroom, No. 33 Chartres street—

500 lots fine seasonable Clothing, comprising a fine assortment of regular custom-made Goods, viz: Black Cloth Frocks and Sacks, fine silk mixed Cassimere Suits, black Cloth and Doeskin Pants, Beaver and Doeskin Overcoats, Jean, Tweed and Satinet Pants, fine French Cassimere Pants, etc.

—And—

250 lots Gent's Furnishing Goods.
100 cases fine Hats.

—Also—

100 dozen Railroad and Carpet Bags.
Terms liberal at sale. dec29 1t

**French Bazaar.**

IN order to complete certain arrangements calculated to greatly facilitate the delivery of the prizes, the drawing of the GRAND LOTTERY is postponed until the first day of January.

dec25 1f FELIX LABUE, President.

**For Sale.**

THE Large SUGAR PLANTATION known as the Olivier & Wogan place, situated on the bayou Terre aux Boeufs, in the parish of St. Bernard, having 50 arpents front and 40 arpents in depth on each side of said bayou, and containing about 2300 arpents, of which about 350 are cultivable land, the balance in heavy cypress timber. There is now on the place 100 arpents of plant cane and 130 arpents of first year ratoons, a large sugar house with steam mill, and everything necessary to take off a large crop, large stables for 60 mules, a large dwelling house, overseer's house, a large store-house for corn, and other outbuildings, quarters for negroes, and all the necessary farming utensils, including cane and wood carts, 6 of each. The above plantation is offered for sale deliverable 1st January, 1871, with plant cane enough to plant 300 arpents, and as much more as the purchaser wishes at the current market value, if spoken for in time. The place is free from overflow from the Mississippi River, and the land known to be as productive as any in the State. For price and terms apply to

WM. H. VREDENBURG,
25 Peters street.

dec8 1m

**For Sale,**

A HOUSE, forming the corner of Claiborne and Kerlerec streets, south side, No. 28, built with cypress wood, bricked between posts, slate roofed, cement coated, battened throughout, divided into two, having four rooms below and four above, with closets, pantries, galleries and balconies, and attic window.

The kitchen contains two rooms below with two cellars, and two rooms above. It is built like the house.

The lot measures sixty-four feet front on Claiborne street, with fruit trees, by one hundred feet in depth on Kerlerec street. For terms, apply on the premises. dec10 1m



## AMUSEMENTS.

**St. Charles Theatre.**

Unqualified and Indisputable Success of the LYDIA THOMPSON TROUPE In the Grand Spectacular Burlesque Extravaganza of

PARIS
OR THE APPLE OF DISCORD.

Seats secured six days in advance. dec28 3t

**A Hall Safe**

OVER FORTY HOURS

—IN THE—

VARIETIES THEATRE FIRE.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Dec. 22, 1870.

MESSRS. FOLGER & CO., Agents Hall's Safe and Lock Company:

Gentlemen—The SAFE inside of the Varieties Theatre was one of Hall's Safe and Lock Company's House Safes.

The building was utterly destroyed, and the Safe was exposed on all sides to the hottest of the fire.

Over Forty Hours after the breaking out of the fire, the heat being so intense, it was found necessary to have an engine play on it for some time before it could be touched.

When it was cool enough to handle it was opened without any trouble, and the contents, consisting of books, papers and valuable records, were found entirely uninjured.

I would suggest that it be well for you to exhibit the burnt safe to your customers, and it is, therefore, subject to your orders.

This test should establish the character of the Hall safe in New Orleans, if even you had no further evidence of the fire-proof quality of the Safes.

Very respectfully,

JOHN CRICKARD,

Secretary and Treasurer Louisiana Varieties Association.

The above mentioned SAFE was one of our residence Safes, which are made much lighter than our regular FIRE PROOF SAFES.

These SAFES have never failed to preserve their contents.

We have now on hand a large stock of various sizes, to which we invite the attention of those using inferior Safes.

de29 jal FOLGER & CO., Agents.

NEW STYLES, REDUCED PRICES.

**MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.**

For Parlors, Drawing Rooms, Libraries, Churches, Sunday Schools, Lodges, &c.

The most popular and widely used of large musical instruments. Elegant as furniture, suitable for secular and sacred music; not requiring tuning, or liable to get out of order.

FIFTY STYLES, at $50, $60, $100, $125, $150, $175, $200 to $1000 each.

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS are THE ACKNOWLEDGED STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE among instruments of the class, having been awarded

**75 MEDALS**

or other highest premiums, for DEMONSTRATED SUPERIORITY, in Europe and America, including the first-class medal of the

PARIS EXPOSITION.

**Nearly 1,000 Musicians**

including a majority of THE MOST EMINENT IN AMERICA, and many in Europe, have given written opinions that they

EXCEL ALL OTHERS.

(See Testimonial Circular, Sent Free.)

NEW STYLES AND REDUCED PRICES this month. AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE, with elegant illustrations from photographs and full information, sent free. Address MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 596 Broadway, New York, or 154 Tremont street, Boston.

dec18 6m tu th sa

Common Sense Compressed. It is difficult to give in a dozen lines the reasons why

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

should be preferred as a corrective and alterative to every other medicine in use. Firstly, it allays fever; secondly, it cleanses the bowels without violence or pain; thirdly, it tones the stomach; fourthly, it regulates the flow of bile; fifthly, it promotes healthy perspiration; sixthly, it relieves the system from unwholesome humors; seventhly, it tranquilizes the nerves; eighthly, it acts upon the blood as a depurant; and lastly, it forms one delicious cooling draught that ever passed down the throat of an invalid.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

dec29 7w tu th sa&sw

**G. L. FEVRE,**

148.........ROYAL STREET.........148

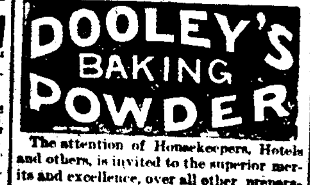
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

**Leather and Shoe Findings,**

Receives by every steamer from Europe and New York a large stock of Calf Skins, Morocco Kid and Sheep Skins English Serges, French Satin, Terry Cloths, Galloons, Reed Webs, Shoe Trimmings.

Best standard SHOE THREAD, MACHINE SILK, OAK and HEMLOCK SOLE LEATHER.

SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS of every description




The attention of Housekeepers, Hotels and others, is invited to the superior merits and excellence, over all other preparations, of this perfectly pure and infallible

BAKING POWDER.

It stands unrivalled for producing elegant, light and nutritious

Rolls, Biscuits, Buckwheat, Corn, And other Griddle Cakes.

Waffles, Dumplings, Pot Pies, Pastry, &c.

It is especially adapted for use by Inland or Ocean vessels, as it is put up in tins, which are impervious to the action of weather or time. Try it.

THIS VALUABLE CULINARY ARTICLE

Is put up in Cans of ¼, ½, 1 and 5 lbs each actual net weight, as represented, and

Sold generally throughout the United States

By Grocers and Ship-Chandlers.

DOOLEY & BROTHER,

Manufacturers,

69 New Street, New York.

**Sugars and Molasses.**

REFINED SUGARS—Cut Loaf, Crushed and Powdered. A. THOMSON & CO., 40 Tchoupitoulas street.

GOLDEN SYRUP—A Superior Article of Crescent City Refinery. A. THOMSON & CO., 40 Tchoupitoulas street.

REFINED MOLASSES—Crescent City Refinery, Orleans, Louisiana, and Chalmette brands. A. THOMSON & CO., 40 Tchoupitoulas street.

CLARIFIED SUGARS—Various Grades of White and Yellow. A. THOMSON & CO., 40 Tchoupitoulas street.

LOUISIANA SUGARS—Various Grades of Plantation. A. THOMSON & CO., 40 Tchoupitoulas street.

CUBA SUGARS—In Boxes and Hogsheads. A. THOMSON & CO., 40 Tchoupitoulas street.

FOR SALE—A bargain presented. The lease, stock and movables of a first-class SUGAR PLANTATION, 850 acres, 300 under cultivation in cane, enough of stubble and plant for 300 acres. The place is well fenced and ditched, the stock as fine as any in the State, all necessary tools on the place; will make 450 hhds sugar. The best chance offered this year—a clear profit of 50 per cent. guaranteed, the price $20,000, and terms easy. For further particulars apply to DAVIS & PREOT, 26 St. Charles street, Masonic Hall.



## STEAMSHIPS.

**For New York.**

Merchants' Steamship Line.

Comprising the first-class Steamships

CRESCENT CITY......Capt. GEO. W. NORTON
SHERMAN..............Capt. A. BLANCHARD
GEN. MEADE..........Capt. A. W. SAMPSON
UNITED STATES......Capt.
MISSISSIPPI..........Capt. W. P. HENRY
WESTERN METROPOLIS..Capt H. S. QUICK
EMILY B. SOUDER...Capt. M. B. CROWELL

Sailing from New York and New Orleans.

The steamship

WESTERN METROPOLIS,
H. S. QUICK, Commander,

will leave her wharf, opposite Jefferson street, on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 8 A. M.

These steamers have superior accommodations for passengers.

CABIN PASSAGE.........................$50 00.
STEERAGE PASSAGE......................$25 00.

Through Bills Lading signed to Liverpool, Glasgow, Hamburg and Bremen.

Through TICKETS for first-class and Steerage Passengers for Liverpool and the Continent connecting with Cuban's Line of Steamers, Sailing from New York every WEDNESDAY.

For Freight or Passage apply to

LOW & LUDWIGSEN,
No. 139 Common street.

The steamship GEN. MEADE will follow—leaving SATURDAY, January 7, at 8 A. M.

**For New York.**

Cromwell Line.

This line is composed of the following steamships:

GEO. WASHINGTON, CORTES,
GEO. CROMWELL, MARIPOSA.
ST. LOUIS.

The steamship

GEO. CROMWELL,
R. L. CLARY, Commander

Will leave her wharf, foot of Toulouse street, on Saturday, Dec. 31, at 8 A. M.

PASSAGE...........................$50.

Freight for LIVERPOOL, BREMEN and HAVRE taken by this line, and through Bills of Lading given for the same.

For freight or passage apply to

ALFRED MOULTON,
41 Carondelet street.

**TRAVELERS ATTENTION!!**

**The New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern — AND — Mississippi Central Rail Roads**

Run their PASSENGER COACHES and BAGGAGE CARS, their combined length, without change. The 7 A. M. express train leaves New Orleans, daily, (except Sundays) and makes close connection for

VICKSBURG, MEMPHIS, ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, LOUISVILLE,

and all points beyond. Sleeping Cars at night, Canton to Grand Junction and Humboldt. The 5 P. M. mail train makes schedule connections with Lightning Express Trains to all points—

NORTH, EAST AND WEST.

Carries the Great Northern Mail:

Time to New York—76 hours!

New and elegantly fitted up Sleeping Cars to Humboldt, Tenn., Cleveland, Tenn. and Louisville, Ky.

Express Train South arrives at N. O........1 30 A. M.
Mail Train.......................................11 05 A. M.

Ticket Offices, Galveston—Iron Building.
Ticket Offices, New Orleans—Corner Camp and Common streets, and at Depot.

BAGGAGE CHECKED FROM RESIDENCE TO DESTINATION.

E. D. FROST, Gen. Supt. M. C. R. R.
E. G. SEWALL, Gen. Supt. N. O., J. & G. N. R. R.
D. B. MOREY, G. T. A. M. C. R. R.
J. B. MOREY, G. T. A. N. O. J. & G. N. R. R.
S. W. SCOTT, General Passenger Agent.

**New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga Railroad.**

The Mobile Division of this Road Will be Opened for Business ON MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21st, 1870.

And Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave New Orleans, from the foot of Canal street, for Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, Mississippi City, Biloxi, Ocean Springs, Pascagoula and Mobile, at....................6 o'clock A. M.

Arriving at Mobile at..............12 30 P. M.

Connecting at Mobile with the Mobile and Ohio and the Mobile and Montgomery Railroads, for all points North and East.

Leave Mobile for New Orleans, at.........11 A. M.
Arriving at..............................................6 00

Fare between New Orleans and Mobile......$5 00

Through freight trains run regularly daily. Freight received at New Orleans at the foot of Julia street, before 4:30 P. M. delivered at Mobile early next morning.

Freight as low as by any other route.

For further information call at the General Office of the Company, rooms 1 and 2 upstairs, Story building, corner of Camp and Common streets.

J. B. KENDRICK, Gen. Supt.

**Illinois Central Railroad Company.**

NEW ORLEANS, CHICAGO AND THE WEST.

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD and BLUE LINE via Cairo will take freight from New Orleans on first-class steamers, leaving daily at 5 P. M., for Cairo, Chicago, and all points West and East at the lowest rates.

All rates, and all through bills of lading from New Orleans via the above route, signed and recognized only at the general office of this company, No. 26 Carondelet street.

Shippers by this route save all drayage and transfer charges at Cairo, and their goods go through without breaking bulk, free of charge for forwarding.

JAMES T. TUCKER, General Agent.

**Pontchartrain Railway.**

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

EXCURSIONS TO AND FROM THE LAKE, SAME DAY, 25 Cents.

ON AND AFTER OCTOBER 3d, 1870, the trains on this Road will be run as follows:

| FROM THE LAKE. | FROM THE CITY. |
|---|---|
| 5 o'clock A. M. | 6 o'clock A. M. |
| [illegible] | [illegible] |

On Sundays the trains will leave Girod street, and the Lake, hourly, after 6 o'clock A. M.

A Horse Car will leave the Old Depot every morning, at 6 o'clock A. M., and the Lake one hour after the last steam train.

Passengers for Beatfully must notify the Conductor prior to departure of train.

Fare to Gentilly, 15 cents each way.

G. PANDELY,
General Superintendent.

**Morgan's "Louisiana and Texas Railroad."**

U. S. Mail Route between New Orleans, Western Louisiana and Texas.

ON and after ... will leave the foot of St. Ann street, DAILY, at 7 A. M., connecting with the PASSENGER TRAIN leaving Algiers at 8 A. M.

Freight for the road or landings on the Teche, and for Opelousas, deliverable at New Iberia or St. Martinsville, received daily, (Sundays excepted) from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M., at the foot of St. Ann street.

Freight for all points on Bayou Lafourche, between Labadieville and Lockport, for Bolanger Canal, and for Houma, will be transported at through schedule rates.

GEORGE PANDELY, Superintendent.

For freight or passage, apply corner of Natchez and Magazine streets.

No freight received after 5 o'clock.

CHAS. A. WHITNEY & CO., Agents.

**DR. GODFREY,**

DENTIST,

MAY BE FOUND AT

No. 129 Canal Street,

SECOND floor and third door west from Christ's Church. The same entrance as Anderson's Art Gallery.

**Dental Consultations.**

**J. S. KNAPP, D. D. S.,**

No. 15 Baronne street, near Canal.

BESIDES attending, as usual, to operations for adult patients, will devote a portion of each SATURDAY to CHILDREN, advising on the extraction of "first teeth," and the treatment of the irregularities and various diseases to which the mouths of children are peculiarly liable. CONSULTATION FEE, $5.

**$20 ONLY—ONLY $20.**

DR. CHS. MERMILLOD respectfully informs his friends and the public that being desirous that all, rich and poor, should enjoy the benefit of Artificial Teeth, he has determined to manufacture Vulcanized Gutta Percha Teeth, which he offers at $20. All Surgical and Mechanical Operations carefully made on moderate terms. He can be found daily, from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M., at Dr. L. Dupuyren's office, No. 68 Bienville street, corner Royal. PAINLESS EXTRACTION OF TEETH.

**Preserve Your Teeth!**

**J. A. CASADAVANT, D. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST,**

No. 132 CANAL STREET,
Between St. Charles and Carondelet Streets.

HE continues to perform all operations in Dental Surgery in the most scientific manner. He inserts Artificial Teeth on gold and silver at moderate prices. Consultations in French, Spanish and English.

Teeth extracted without pain under the influence of chloroform.

**Dr. C. Blancke,**

416 & 418....St. Charles St....416 & 418

GREAT REVOLUTION IN DENTISTRY

ALUMINIUM! ALUMINIUM!

THE LATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE

GREAT SUCCESS!

DR. C. B. BLANCKE begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he will furnish Artificial Teeth, set in this newly discovered metal, except the most skillful and elaborate manner. The Aluminium Sets are far superior to those of Gold or Silver for comfort and durability, being much lighter, cheaper, and not susceptible of being tarnished by acids.

**Dr. CHAS. E. KELLS,**

DENTIST.

OFFICE and RESIDENCE No. 14 Dauphine Street, second house from Canal street.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN under the influence of NITROUS OXYD GAS

**$1000 REWARD**

For any case of Blind, Bleeding or Itching PILES that DE BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It has cured cases of 20 years standing. Try it, and get rid of the most troublesome disease flesh is heir to. Sold by all Druggists. Laboratory—142 Franklin street, Baltimore, Md.

**The Imperishable Perfume!**

As a rule, the perfumes now in use have no permanency. An hour or two after their use, there is no trace of perfume left. How different is the result succeeding the use of

Murray's & Lanman's Florida Water!

Days after its application the handkerchief exhales a most delightful, delicate, and agreeable fragrance.