NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE.

DUFOUR & LIMOZIN, Publishers,
No. 73 Chartres street.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

Terms of Subscription—Daily, per annum, in advance, $8; daily, for 3 months, $2; Tri-weekly, per annum, $6; Weekly, per annum, $4; Semi-Weekly, per annum, $3; invariably in advance.

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Advertisements not marked for any number of insertions will be published six times.

Bills with regular advertisers shall be rendered monthly.

Semi-Weekly Edition.

TERMS—PER YEAR.....$5.

NEW ORLEANS:
FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 28, 1870.

Auction Sales This Day.

By Hoffman, Marks & Co., at 10 o'clock, A. M. at No. 76 Chartres street—Dry Goods, Furnishing Goods and Damaged Goods.

A SUGGESTION TO VOTERS BELOW CANAL STREET.

The City Council and their apologists take great credit for what they allege to be an improvement in the condition of the corporation finances effected since the Administrators came into office. We have not been able so far to see any such improvement springing from their acts, and therefore have been unable to concur in the com- mendation pronounced upon them. It is very easy to clear off past debts and provide for current necessities when you can raise the money by borrowing, and this is precisely what the Administrator of the municipal finances has accomplished. The cost of raising this money seems to be made a matter for future consideration, for it is prudently kept out of sight in their printed statements and the organs of the Council are silent on the point. If the Charter under which the Administrators are acting is an improvement upon the former one, the credit for that is due to those who conceived the plan, and we know that no member of the present city Council had any share in its authorship. But admitting that the financial department of the city government has been conducted with some care and foresight, we certainly cannot concede that the other departments have been equally well managed. And we mention particularly the Department of Improvements over which presides Mr. J. R. West. Many complaints have reached us touching his large expenditures of money and the favoritism for certain parts of the city which he displays. He is said to be the brains of the Council, his colleagues throwing the blame upon him for their failure to effect improvements which they acknowledge are loudly and justly called for. It is possible they may charge him with more responsibility than it is rightful to put upon him, but the complaints made by the public are concerning matters pertaining to Mr. West's office, the management of which is perhaps left exclusively in his hands. We have been informed that Mayor Flanders desired that a share of Mr. West's time and a share of the disbursements of his department should be given to the Second and Third Districts of the city, but says he has not been able to induce Mr. West to accede to his views. This is between them. We only state what we have heard without pretending to have much confidence in it. One thing is sure, the sheet of New Orleans has been most shamefully neglected, and it is that we have in view to speak of to-day. The Administrator of Improvements is seldom or ever seen below Canal street, and there are no evidences in this part of the city, except the Tax Collector and the Metropolitan police, that we are regarded at the City Hall as being a constituent portion of the community. Our city fathers seem to think we are not entitled to even a trifling proportion of the municipal disbursements for repairs of streets and wharves. When money is to be paid out the lower portion of the city is almost entirely ignored; when money is to be collected, the authorities never overlook that we are a taxable people. They have always a sharp scent for any property that is taxable, and never fail to find out where it lies. But represent to them the necessity for repairs of streets and the disbursement of money, and they will either profess never to have received your statement, or they will frame some excuse for giving no attention. One has but to ride over the First and Fourth Districts to see the distinction in their favor which is made by the city authorities. The Administrator of Improvements can be met with any day in that direction, and his workmen devote their time principally to the main streets of those Districts. We trust the members of the City Council will bear us in mind occasionally, and as the election is close at hand, we suggest to the voters below Canal, street, whose support is asked for by Mr. Flanders, that they might with some propriety and advantage to our District intercede him as to his future policy on this subject, in the event of his being continued in office.

LEE MONUMENTAL ASSOCIATION OF LOUISIANA.—In another column is published the constitution of this laudable enterprise, and the names appended are a guarantee that the money subscribed and all donations will be used in the manner most satisfactory to the people of New Orleans and the State. The admission fee has been fixed at five dollars, a sum which will enable every man and woman in the State who loves and reveres the memory of Lee to participate in the undertaking. It is proposed to call a meeting of the members on Saturday evening for the purpose of effecting a permanent organization as required by article three of the constitution, and due notice of time and place will be given.

HOW A GERMAN DEMOCRAT GOT HIS VOTE IN.—A letter from Scranton, Pennsylvania, tells the following story of the late election in that State. It is very suggestive:

A very respectable and influential German, who was naturalized some time since, and who had as much right to vote as any one in the county, presented himself here to vote, and his regular right was not having apparent flaws in them, which a Republican officer could invent, if not see. His vote was refused, but he knew he had a right to vote, and determined to vote; whereupon he went home, black- ened his face, made a negro of himself, joined his German friends into battle array, and his vote was received by the Republican officers without a word of dissent. Then, in their astonishment, he voted the Democratic ticket. He is threatened with prosecution, but he threatens in return a prosecution for depriving him of his right to vote.

Don't hawk, hawk, spit, spit, blow, blow, and disgust everybody with your Catarrh and its offensive odor, when Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will speedily destroy all odor and arrest the discharge. The proprietor offers $500 for a case he cannot cure. Sold by druggists, or by mail, sixty cents. Pamphlet free. Address R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.
wed fri sun—&w

The $18 Lever Watch, No. 13,580, purchased from Chas. P. Norton & Co., 36 Nassau street, New York, January 5th, has been carried by me over six months, with a total variation in time of only 36 seconds, without regulating, and still presents the same brilliancy of color as when purchased.

JAMES B. WILTON,
Sec. American S. M. Co. N. Y.
New York, July 30th, 1870. 3m

THE RAREST PHENOMENON is a fluid without sediment and without bad smell, that restores the youthful honors of the head, bidwer thus pay have blanched them, repeating the line of nature to a choice. This marvel of science is PHALON'S VITALIA, OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR. It stands alone.

Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

I have for the past eight months constantly used one of the $12 Oride Gold Lever Watches manufactured by Chas. P. Norton & Co., 36 Nassau street, New York, and found the total variation in its time but one-half minute, (30 seconds) and it retains the same appearance of gold as when purchased. Several of our men use them with the same results. I cheerfully recommend them for correctness and wear.

HORACE W. WORTHEN,
3m Conductor Erie Railroad Co.

TO MOTHERS AND NURSES.—Mrs. Whitcomb's Syrup for Diarrhea &c. In children whether induced by teething or other causes, is the safest and best remedy.

The Prussians are really making no progress now in their war against the French republic. In truth, taking into consideration the fact that every body else to the size and efficiency of the French army; that winter is at hand, and sickness raging among the Prussians, it is perfectly correct to conclude that Prussia's war is retrogressing. If Paris is not captured in six weeks, there is no probability of its being captured at all. Every day now adds to the French power of resistance, and decreases the aggressive ability of the Prussian invader.—Chicago Times.

The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 28, 1870. 44th YEAR—Vol. XLIV.—Whole—15,200.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Closing of the Registration Books.—The Registrars of voters close their books at 7 o'clock this evening, in order, we suppose, to give time to prepare them properly for use election day, on Monday. Tuk Nev. This is taking unnecessary time, we imagine, but the Registrars are doubtless tired of qualifying so many voters against their party. We hope every conservative citizen entitled to register will make a dead set at them this morning.

An outrage was perpetrated by some of the registration officers of the Third Ward, accompanied by a couple of policemen, making four men in all, Wednesday night. About 8 o'clock they went to the residence of Mr. Louis Subervielle, corner of Bastin and Poydras streets, and after calling him "d—d rebel, d—d Democrat," etc., arrested him without warrant, and had him lodged in the First District station house. They took him and his boy both away, leaving his saloon open at the mercy of lookers, and as a consequence about fifteen dollars were stolen. They made an affidavit charging him with fraudulent registration. Case fixed for future hearing.

In the Eighth District Court came up yesterday the rules taken by mandamus against Registrar Houston, of the Sixth Ward, and Registrar Barr, of the Eighth Ward, requiring them to show cause why they should not register Col. Breaux, who had applied to the former, and Mr. De Arnas, who had applied to the latter for the purpose of being registered as voters, and were denied that privilege. W. R. Whitaker, Esq., appeared for the Registrars, and Judge H. D. Ogden for the relators.

It was decided to register complainants, and the case was dismissed at the cost of the respondents.

Democracy.—On Wednesday, the 26th, the Fifth Ward Club met, and a fine meeting it was.

The old citizens who have heretofore remained in the back ground, and who have refused to take part in politics, are now coming forward. The meeting of the Fifth Ward was largely attended by them, and fully inaugurated a thorough canvass of their ward.

A great deal of business was transacted tending to the good of the Democratic party.

It was resolved that the club turn out in procession on Saturday, the 29th, the procession to start from opposite the old Orleans ball-room, at 7 o'clock P. M.

A vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. H. Fry for the election to the Fifth Ward Club of the banner formerly the property of the club. The banner was formally presented to the club in appropriate terms by Mr. Charles E. Lloyd and Mr. Blasco, acting in behalf of Mr. H. Peralta.

It was resolved that all Democrats be requested to join in the grand torchlight procession, to take place on Saturday next, 29th instant.

This club, through the untiring efforts of Mr. John S. Tully, its president, promises to be one of the finest organizations in the city.

Success to you, gentlemen!

The Steamer Lee.—This fine boat, which left port yesterday morning, on a race against the record time made by the Natchez recently, by the steamer Natchez, was heard from last evening at Baton Rouge, which point she made in 7 hours, 40 minutes 42 seconds. The time made by the Natchez was 7 hours, 49 minutes 30 seconds. Our colleagues will probably give further returns from the Lee. She is reported to have encountered a rise in the river at Donaldsonville.

Accidentally Locked up in a Vault—Narrow Escape from Suffocation.—Wednesday evening Mr. Tympe, a locksmith, of this city, had occasion to go into the huge vault of the new building of the Louisiana Savings Bank on Camp street, in order to examine and make some slight changes in the bells and the locking apparatus which, it seems, had been somewhat put out of working order by the settling of the vault, which, of itself, is an immense structure of the kind.

Access to the vault had to be effected through heavy iron doors fastened with patent locks. Tympe, after arranging the fastenings lit a candle, and, fortunately for him, taking a cold chisel and hammer, went inside to see how they fitted, and make any changes which might be desirable. Closing the door after him and trying the action of the lock which works on the combination principle, as that he thought there was no danger of any accident, he was suddenly surprised to hear the massive electric clutch drop, thus locking him in with bolts, which, it was feared, could not be cut or moved so formidable was their dimensions, in time to prevent his suffocation, as there was no air vent larger than a small crevice barely sufficient to admit a human straw on one side of the lock, caused by the swing of the vault. He could not be heard by his assistant outside, and the bolt was only accessible to himself so that he was left to the desperate alternative of cutting his way out with his chisel, or being cruelly suffocated and intoxicated for want of air. Either event was terrible to contemplate, and, fully comprehending the necessity of quick and desperate exertions on his part, he set to work without losing a moment's time, for he knew that his salvation was in his own hands, and after about two hours and a half of the most vigorous and incessant labor he effected his escape by cutting away the bolt which was so fearfully imprisoning him, but not till he was somearly exhausted as to have been unable to have made much further exertions.

The vault, it is proper to explain, had previously settled so that it was necessary to re-open it by main force, by means of machinery requiring the exertions of a power equal to several tons weight, drilling, wedging, powder and other means having been resorted to in vain to effect this allowing that the lock and bolts were indeed burglar-proof. It was to repair complained of slight damage effected by even this violently opening it that Mr. Tympe went inside as we have explained. His escape is certainly miraculous.

Insurance Suit.—Regina Phillips, wife of the late Horace Marsh, has sued the Louisiana Equitable Life Insurance Co., of New Orleans, for $5000 alleged to be due by reason of the policy granted by the company to her deceased husband. She says she has vainly demanded payment.

Old Metropolitan Police Warrants for Dates.—Judge Dibble in the case of Tony Delia, Italian Republican leader, has just decided that old Metropolitan Warrants or checks, known "blue checks," are receivable for taxes due the city. Many individuals in the case is therefore made peremptory.

Woman Badly Injured.—About 11 o'clock last night Capt. Schreiber arrested a man named Gottlieb Fahman, charged with having kicked and severely wounded a woman whose husband was working for him. He was locked up, and Recorder Houghton under bonds of $5000.

Fatal Accident.—A man named Thomas Coleman, a workman for the Gas Company, was killed yesterday by falling from a ladder while at work, about 1½ o'clock, in the gas works. Three of his ribs were broken by the fall. He died at the Charity Hospital.

Losses by the Virginia Flood.

We gave last week some account of the great flood in the East from which a fearful loss of life and property resulted. It would require more space than we can give to the subject to give the details which for many days filled whole columns of the Virginia press. The "Old Dominion" has been sorely tried during the last decade, and her terrible sufferings in that short space of time have excited the sympathy of her friends everywhere. A Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* gives the following list of losses in property and life by the flood in the Potomac and James Valleys will probably foot up as follows:

Lives Lost	100
Cattle and sheep	6,000
Railroad property	$1,500,000
Mill Property	300,000
Household and household property	250,000
Crops carried off	500,000
Roads and bridges	200,000
City warehouse damages	200,000
Damage to canals and boat property	400,000
Loss to the whole country by interrupted transportations	2,000,000

[The price and quantity of coal alone will be added to a large part of the above amount.]

The total damage by the flood of 1870 is probably $5,000,000, or two-thirds of which fall upon the poor and laboring classes.

Italian Rome.

PROTEST OF THE PAPAL GOVERNMENT.

Cardinal Antonelli has sent to the members of the diplomatic body in Rome a protest against the recent proceedings of the Italians. His Eminence says: "In presence of this fact, which has been accomplished by the open act of all Europe and by which the sacred principles of all law, and specially of the law of nations, have been trodden under foot, His Holiness has directed the undersigned Cardinal Secretary of State to object and protest loudly, as he now objects and protests in his utmost name, against the unworthy and sacrilegious spoliation of the dominions of the Holy See which has been accomplished, declaring at the same time the King and his Government responsible for all the damage which may result to the Holy See and to the Pontifical subjects from the open act of this sacrilegious usurpation. His Holiness, moreover, has ordered it to be declared, as the undersigned now declares by his august name, that this usurpation is deprived of all effect, is null and without any value, and that it can never in any way prejudice the inconteatable and legitimate rights of the dominion and possession, whether of the Holy See or of his successors; and, if force prevents the exercise of these rights, His Holiness intends and wishes to preserve them intact, in order to resume, at his own time, their actual possession." In intercepting Cardinal Antonelli's communication Excellency, by the express order of His Holy Father, of the unqualifiable event which has taken place, and of the protest and objections which follow, in order that your Excellency may bring the whole to the knowledge of your Excellency's government, the undersigned Cardinal abstains from any expressive caution. Duke Decazes, in intercepting Cardinal Antonelli's communication, has not only approved of the course taken by the Papal Government, but has also expressed the hope that their government will be extended to the Papal States.

It is certain that France and England have expressed their sympathy in favor of the Papal Government.

Four millions more of the Peter's Pence fund came to-day on the Atlantic Cable from the Republican Government and other sources.

BY TELEGRAPH.

To the New Orleans Bee.

THE FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR.

Reported Surrender of Bazaine.

Statement of an Officer who Escaped from Metz.

Prussian March on Lyons Checked by Garibaldi's Victories.

Increase of Prussian Inhumanity.

Peace Terms of England, Russia and Austria.

Proclamation of M. Keratry.

The French Republic Recognized by Greece.

Rumored Fighting Near Orleans.

Cambria's Missing Boats Found.

HOME NEWS.

Troops Ordered Into South Carolina.

Important Circular from the Revenue Department.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

Miscellaneous.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Tours, Oct. 27.—A young officer has just arrived from Metz with dispatches for the Government. He eluded the Prussians by an effective disguise. He confirms the accounts lately published of the successful sorties of Bazaine, and says the city and garrison are well provisioned and able to hold out indefinitely.

Information from Orleans states that all the shops are closed and the streets deserted. The gloom almost universally prevails in mourning. The Prussian officers ineffectually attempt to dispel the gloom.

At Marseilles affairs are more orderly. The Journals which were formerly suppressed have been allowed to reappear, by order of M. Gambetta. The civic guard are less unruly.

Tours, Oct. 27.—It is asserted the Prussians withhold a safe conduct from Thiers from fear of having the Parisians learn the true feeling throughout France.

From all parts of the country come hopes that the government will accept no humiliating terms. The journals of this city unanimously assert that the only hope for fair terms lies in an indefinite prosecution of the war.

The Prussian movement eastward has been stopped. The march on Lyons was checked by Garibaldi's victories.

Garibaldi has been active; he has taken many prisoners and cannon, and has accomplished the object for which he went forth.

Parties who furnish the enemy willing, or for the hope of profit, will be court martialled as traitors.

Mayors must defend every town; those failing will be dismissed, and the towns officially denounced.

The inhabitants of the Departments of Jura and Vosges, petition against a peace involving the cession of territory.

The Moniteur announces that letters for Paris may be sent by the Prefecture at Tours, as it is determined to break the blockade.

The Prussian movements in the Vosges and Normandy have been checked by the rain, wind and cold.

It is noticed that Prussian inhumanity increases with their difficulties. They destroy farming utensils, machinery, factories; tear down dwellings, kill horses and cattle, and destroy the food they cannot eat.

The Franc-tireurs are taking advantage of the bad weather and inflicting heavy damage.

M. Keratry has ordered the Mobiles in Brittany to concentrate at Mans. Keratry will organize them himself for an offensive war. Many regular troops will be incorported in this army. M. Keratry's proclamation promises the Mobiles the best weapons, with a proportionate number of cannon and mitrailleuses.

Wagons are going through the streets collecting provisions for the Chateau Dun sufferers.

Tours, Oct. 27.—The journals announce that a long interview occurred yesterday between Lord Lyons and Thiers.

It is reported that Marcini, the noted Italian Republican leader, has left Italy, and is now on his way to Tours.

The English Papal Nuncio, are under the protection of Minister Washburne, as the British *Charge d'Affaires*, has not recognized the Republican Government and has no authority to act.

Blois, Oct. 27.—A strong column of the enemy's cavalry and infantry attacked a French reconnoitering party on the left bank of the Loire yesterday, and were handsomely repulsed after a short engagement.

Rouen, Oct. 27.—The enemy on leaving Giscours attacked Long Champs with 800 men and four mortars. They were beaten off by the franc-tireurs and other troops.

Vendome, Oct. 27.—It is said there are still 2000 Prussians in Chateau Dun, 800 of whom are cavalry.

Troyes, Oct. 27.—Nogent was evacuated by the Prussians last night. Before they left they fired the town in several places. Garibaldi is still at Dale. He has collected a strong force.

Several sharp engagements have occurred; with considerable loss to both sides.

Tours, Oct. 27.—An officer, one of five who escaped from Metz, has arrived here and makes the following statement: He and four others left the fortress in disguise. His alone succeeded in reaching Tours.

Bazaine was well, and his troops in good condition. Provisions ample, and could be made to last for many months. Bazaine had 65,000 troops, rank and file. Sorties were much more successful than Prussian or English reports acknowledged.

Captures and losses of the French have been vastly misstated by published accounts. There had been no disorders in the city.

Tours, Oct. 27.—No news received from Paris to-day.

It is rumored fighting is going on near Orleans.

The Russian Minister at Tours has received a dispatch from Versailles assuring him safe conduct will be granted to Thiers, and the King of Prussia shows a desire to accept the mediation of neutral powers.

The loan announced yesterday is guaranteed by Morgan & Co., of London. Many shares were described here to-day. The success of this financial venture increases the confidence in the Government.

[Dispatches from Lyons report a halt in the advance of the Prussians in the eastern departments.

No news of the military movements in the north, where Bourbaki is preparing to receive the enemy.

Reports from Lemars indicate that the enemy are advancing on that place. Measures have been taken to check them.

London, Oct. 27.—The Manchester *Guardian* to-day gives the following peace terms, which were proposed by England, France and Austria:

First—No cession of territory. Second—The fortifications of Metz and Strasburg to be razed. Third—France to pay 2,000,000,000 francs indemnity. The neutrals to guarantee peace.

London, Oct. 27.—The stern of the Cambria drifted ashore at Islay, Scotland, Emmets and Austria.

Sengrance, by which a fireman, Gunned Rouher, Chevandier, Mel, Le Roberts of Vincennes, and Nancy Banyan, of Kansas City, were killed. Among the wounded were Geo. Williamson, Pomeroy, seriously; John Gardner, express master, express messenger Starinpeni, a Mr. Bartley, of St. Louis, Geo. Loftris, St. Louis, Mr. Conway, of St. Louis, and Charles Zeigler, of this city, seriously.

Memphis, Oct. 27.—Fall meeting of the Chickasaw Jockey Club. Third day. Free handicap sweepstakes, three miles for all ages, for a Club purse of $700: Morgan Scott, 1; Defender, 2; Emma Marsta, 3; Julia Farnam, 4. Time—5:28.

Second race—Jockey Club purse of $400, mile heats, for all ages: Regret, 1; Ir. John Kilgour, 2; Mollie Sheathan, 3 2 Bijou, 4 4. Time—1:48¾; 1:50¾.

In the first race Defender was the favorite, but the Scout was an easy winner.

In the second race Morlacchi was the favorite, but was sick and withdrawn.

The attendance was good. Weather clear and warm.

Lynchburg, Oct. 27.—W. C. Pendleton's mare, Nora, won the first race to-day at the fair. Rev. Father McQuirk's horse "Sam," won the second race. The horse was ridden by the owner.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Liverpool, Oct. 27 — Evening.—Cotton closed quiet; Uplands 8¾@8¾d; Orleans 9@9¼d; sales 8000 bales, of which 3000 were for export and speculation.

London, Oct. 27 — Evening. — Consols closed 92¾, American securities quiet; 6s 86¼. Stocks unchanged.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 27.—Evening.—Cotton closed dull; sales 1000 bales; middling uplands 19¾c; to-day 1800 bales; middling uplands 19¾c. Flour—State and Western sale active and firm; superfine $5@5 65; Southern steady; common to fair extra $6 05@6 65; good to choice $6 70@8 25. Wheat heavy and dull; Western red and amber Western $1 34@1 36; white Western and in better demand; mixed Western 79@81c. Beef dull; mess $10@15; extra $15@18. Pork dull and heavy; new mess $19 50@20. Lard dull; steam 14@14¼c; kettle 15¼c. Whisky lower, 89¼@90¼c. Groceries quiet and firm. Turpentine quiet, 45¾@46c. Rosin dull, $1 90@2 for strained. Freights active and firmer—Flour per sail 4, and 6c; Wheat per steam 10c; sail 8½c.

New York, Oct. 27.—Wall street was very dull to-day. The different departments of speculation were devoid of any feature. There was a more liberal supply of capital offering, indicating that most of the money withheld from the street for some days past has been returned to active circulation.

Governments opened dull on account of the large operations at the Treasury; 6s of 1881, 113¾; 6s of 1881, 113¾; 6s, 1867, 113¼; 6s, 1868, 111¾; new 110¾; 6's, 1874's; 6s, 1874, 110¾; 10-40s, 105¾.

Tennessees, 69¾; new, 69¾. Virginias, 65; new, 65. Louisiana, 70; new, 87¾. Levees, 79¾; 6s, 87¾. Alabamas, 109; 5s, 70. Georgias, 80; 7s, 90. North Carolinas, 42¾; new, 37. South Carolinas, 80¾; new, 67.

New York, Oct. 27.—Sub Treasury balances $64,380,000 gold and $16,000,000 currency.

New York, Oct. 27.—Arrived—Northern Light, Arizona, Columbia and Minnesota. Arrived out—Panama.

Mobile, Oct. 27.—Cotton dull; middling 19¼c; sales 1800 bales; receipts 3113; exports 3622.

Louisville, Oct. 27.—Bagging quiet. Hemp 9½c. Cotton—Middlings nominal; receipts 18 bales; shipments 1. Flour, Wheat, Corn and Rye unchanged. Oats scarce and firm; new 40@42c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Lard dull and nominal at 14½c. Tobacco scarce and firm. The first lot of new leaf was sold here to-day. Whisky dull at 90c. Eggs 15c.

Cincinnati, Oct. 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 19¼c. Flour, Wheat, Oats and Rye unchanged. Corn scarce and firm; new 40@42c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Lard dull and nominal at 14½c. Tobacco scarce and firm. The first lot of new leaf was sold here to-day. Whisky dull at 90c. Eggs 15c.

Galveston, Oct. 27.—Cotton—Sales to-day 1000 bales; receipts 326; exports coastwise 338; stock on hand 19,403.

Mobile, Oct. 27.—Cotton—Sales to-day 1000 bales; receipts 1741; exports coastwise 439; stock on hand 21,403.

Charleston, Oct. 27.—Cotton easier; middling 19c; sales to-day 400 bales; receipts 1,197; exports coastwise 1884; stock on hand 31,000.

Savannah, Oct. 27.—Sales to-day 600 bales; receipts 4884; exports coastwise 11; stock 21,207.

Norfolk, Oct. 26.—Receipts 120 bales; exports coastwise 200; stock 3000.

FOREIGN COMMERCIAL NEWS PAPER.

Southeast Pass, Oct. 27, 7 P. M.—Bark Ariadne, Hall, Liverpool, 41 days, with salt to Wallace, Grunwell & Co. Ship Ellen, from Liverpool, in tow. Ship Ocean Rover, from Liverpool, in tow. Ship Ocean Queen, Lee, from Liverpool, in tow. Ship Ocean Wave, Cummings, Hull, in tow, master, 46 days from Cardiff, with railroad iron to Denan, Zargas & Co.; ship Ocean of Peace, master, 39 days from Newport, Wales, with railroad iron to order; ship Ben Flis, Privat, master, 42 days from Bassein, with a general cargo to Gilligan & Lakerdre; schooner Appelina, Smith, master, 14 days from Rastell, with coal to T. Chetocovich; schooner Zeus, Lyons, master, 14 days from Rastell, with coal to Jos. Granger.

Below—Schooner Salvador.

FROM PASS-OUTGOING.

Pass-a-Loutre, Oct. 27—4 P. M.—Wind east; weather clear and pleasant.

Arrived—At 2 P. M., steamship Layaca, Gelt master from Havana via Key West, with passengers and United States mails, by P. Wright & Co.; schooner John Fabin, Panama, master, 5 days from Port-au-Prince, with 6000 bushels of salt, to Goldsmith & Hardy.

Sailed—Schooner Allen and Agnes.

RIVER NEWS.

Memphis, Oct. 27.—Passed down—Mollie Able, River falling slowly. Weather clear and pleasant.

Vicksburg, Oct. 27.—Weather cloudy, pleasant; rain, good. Hochepachala 7 feet 6 inches, stationary. Heavy rains are reported on the upper Alleghany, and freights are offering freely in anticipation of a rise.

Vidalsburg, Oct. 27.—Passed down—Arkansas, at 6; Bismarck, at 8 A. M., and Lizzie Taylor at 7 P. M. River rising. Weather clear and pleasant.

[Previous Dispatches.]

London, Oct. 27.—Prince Napoleon published a letter yesterday in the Times, made against him, and published in the daily News, of disloyalty to the Emperor.

Madrid, Oct. 27.—Should a peace conference be held, Olozaga, Martos, Rivero, Gonzalez Bravo, Castelar and Sagasta will be sent thither to represent Spain.

Madrid, Oct. 27.—The members in the majority in the Cortes passed a resolution for assembling that body on the 20th instant.

FROM NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 27.—*Tribune* special:

London, Oct. 27.—M. Laurier, delegate from the Tours Government, received a dispatch to-day from Tours intimating strong hopes of the success of the armistice.

The letter of Schneider, declaring the debt sacred, was written after his return from Chiselhurst. It is understood it is sanctioned by Rouher and other Imperialists.

North—*New York*, Oct 27.—The *Herald's* Berlin special of the 24th should read: "The Landwehr under Hammer, near Metz, is spelling Bazaine's sortie on the 7th least 400 fathers of families, leaving as many bereaved widows and 1070 orphans.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Oct. 27.—A circular from the Revenue Department directs Assessors to demand from distillers a classified statement of their stock of brandy, gin, rum, whisky, high wines, alcohols and fruit brandies on hand on the 1st of November, 1870.

Imported and domestic liquors must be separated. This statement is required by the 15th inst.

Washington, Oct. 27.—A meeting of the plenipotentiaries of Spain and South American Governments is officially announced to take place at Washington, Saturday next.

Washington, Oct. 28.—The Secretary of War orders troops from Georgia and North Carolina to the Cherokee districts reported disturbed by Gov. Scott.

The Customs receipts for the week ending 29d is over $8,000,000.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Baton Rouge, Oct. 27.—The following are the figures of the cotton made by the steamer Robt. E. Lee to this point to-day, ou her run to Natchez:

	H.	Min.	Sec.
From N. O. to Carrollton	—	28	35
Hill's Gate	—	54	43
Red Church	1	20	5
Bonnet Carre Church	2	25	32
College Point	3	28	20
Convent	3	27	—
Donaldsonville	4	30	55
Bayou Gonla	5	40	28
Plaquemine	6	25	50
Baton Rouge	7	40	42

Charleston, Oct. 27.—Great preparations are being made for the Fair of the South Carolina Institute, which opens next Tuesday. An immense building has been erected; and it is expected a large attendance will be present.

The official count of votes of the State elections on the legend Tuesday proceeds slowly. The results so far confirm the unofficial estimates.

Cincinnati, Oct. 27.—The east ward bound passenger train on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, by a misplacement of a switch, through the absence of mind of the switchman, ran into a freight train standing on a side track between Shades and Sengrance, by which a fireman, Gunned Rouher, Chevandier, Mel, Le Roberts of Vincennes, and Nancy Banyan, of Kansas City, were killed. Among the wounded were Geo. Williamson, Pomeroy, seriously; John Gardner, express master, express messenger Starinpeni, a Mr. Bartley, of St. Louis, Geo. Loftris, St. Louis, Mr. Conway, of St. Louis, and Charles Zeigler, of this city, seriously.

Memphis, Oct. 27.—Fall meeting of the Chickasaw Jockey Club. Third day. Free handicap sweepstakes, three miles for all ages, for a Club purse of $700: Morgan Scott, 1; Defender, 2; Emma Marsta, 3; Julia Farnam, 4. Time—5:28.

Second race—Jockey Club purse of $400, mile heats, for all ages: Regret, 1; Ir. John Kilgour, 2; Mollie Sheathan, 3 2 Bijou, 4 4. Time—1:48¾; 1:50¾.

In the first race Defender was the favorite, but the Scout was an easy winner.

In the second race Morlacchi was the favorite, but was sick and withdrawn.

The attendance was good. Weather clear and warm.

Lynchburg, Oct. 27.—W. C. Pendleton's mare, Nora, won the first race to-day at the fair. Rev. Father McQuirk's horse "Sam," won the second race. The horse was ridden by the owner.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Liverpool, Oct. 27 — Evening.—Cotton closed quiet; Uplands 8¾@8¾d; Orleans 9@9¼d; sales 8000 bales, of which 3000 were for export and speculation.

London, Oct. 27 — Evening. — Consols closed 92¾, American securities quiet; 6s 86¼. Stocks unchanged.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 27.—Evening.—Cotton closed dull; sales 1000 bales; middling uplands 19¾c; to-day 1800 bales; middling uplands 19¾c. Flour—State and Western sale active and firm; superfine $5@5 65; Southern steady; common to fair extra $6 05@6 65; good to choice $6 70@8 25. Wheat heavy and dull; Western red and amber Western $1 34@1 36; white Western and in better demand; mixed Western 79@81c. Beef dull; mess $10@15; extra $15@18. Pork dull and heavy; new mess $19 50@20. Lard dull; steam 14@14¼c; kettle 15¼c. Whisky lower, 89¼@90¼c. Groceries quiet and firm. Turpentine quiet, 45¾@46c. Rosin dull, $1 90@2 for strained. Freights active and firmer—Flour per sail 4, and 6c; Wheat per steam 10c; sail 8½c.

New York, Oct. 27.—Wall street was very dull to-day. The different departments of speculation were devoid of any feature. There was a more liberal supply of capital offering, indicating that most of the money withheld from the street for some days past has been returned to active circulation.

Governments opened dull on account of the large operations at the Treasury; 6s of 1881, 113¾; 6s of 1881, 113¾; 6s, 1867, 113¼; 6s, 1868, 111¾; new 110¾; 6's, 1874's; 6s, 1874, 110¾; 10-40s, 105¾.

Tennessees, 69¾; new, 69¾. Virginias, 65; new, 65. Louisiana, 70; new, 87¾. Levees, 79¾; 6s, 87¾. Alabamas, 109; 5s, 70. Georgias, 80; 7s, 90. North Carolinas, 42¾; new, 37. South Carolinas, 80¾; new, 67.

New York, Oct. 27.—Sub Treasury balances $64,380,000 gold and $16,000,000 currency.

New York, Oct. 27.—Arrived—Northern Light, Arizona, Columbia and Minnesota. Arrived out—Panama.

Mobile, Oct. 27.—Cotton dull; middling 19¼c; sales 1800 bales; receipts 3113; exports 3622.

Louisville, Oct. 27.—Bagging quiet. Hemp 9½c. Cotton—Middlings nominal; receipts 18 bales; shipments 1. Flour, Wheat, Oats and Rye unchanged. Corn scarce and firm; new 40@42c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Lard dull and nominal at 14½c. Tobacco scarce and firm. The first lot of new leaf was sold here to-day. Whisky dull at 90c. Eggs 15c.

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Galveston, Oct. 27.—Cotton—Sales to-day 1000 bales; receipts 326; exports coastwise 338; stock on hand 19,403.

Mobile, Oct. 27.—Cotton—Sales to-day 1000 bales; receipts 1741; exports coastwise 439; stock on hand 21,403.

Charleston, Oct. 27.—Cotton easier; middling 19c; sales to-day 400 bales; receipts 1,197; exports coastwise 1884; stock on hand 31,000.

Savannah, Oct. 27.—Sales to-day 600 bales; receipts 4884; exports coastwise 11; stock 21,207.

Norfolk, Oct. 26.—Receipts 120 bales; exports coastwise 200; stock 3000.

FOREIGN COMMERCIAL NEWS PAPER.

Southeast Pass, Oct. 27, 7 P. M.—Bark Ariadne, Hall, Liverpool, 41 days, with salt to Wallace, Grunwell & Co. Ship Ellen, from Liverpool, in tow. Ship Ocean Rover, from Liverpool, in tow. Ship Ocean Queen, Lee, from Liverpool, in tow. Ship Ocean Wave, Cummings, Hull, in tow, master, 46 days from Cardiff, with railroad iron to Denan, Zargas & Co.; ship Ocean of Peace, master, 39 days from Newport, Wales, with railroad iron to order; ship Ben Flis, Privat, master, 42 days from Bassein, with a general cargo to Gilligan & Lakerdre; schooner Appelina, Smith, master, 14 days from Rastell, with coal to T. Chetocovich; schooner Zeus, Lyons, master, 14 days from Rastell, with coal to Jos. Granger.

Below—Schooner Salvador.

FROM PASS-OUTGOING.

Pass-a-Loutre, Oct. 27—4 P. M.—Wind east; weather clear and pleasant.

Arrived—At 2 P. M., steamship Layaca, Gelt master from Havana via Key West, with passengers and United States mails, by P. Wright & Co.; schooner John Fabin, Panama, master, 5 days from Port-au-Prince, with 6000 bushels of salt, to Goldsmith & Hardy.

Sailed—Schooner Allen and Agnes.

RIVER NEWS.

Memphis, Oct. 27.—Passed down—Mollie Able, River falling slowly. Weather clear and pleasant.

Vicksburg, Oct. 27.—Weather cloudy, pleasant; rain, good. Hochepachala 7 feet 6 inches, stationary. Heavy rains are reported on the upper Alleghany, and freights are offering freely in anticipation of a rise.

Vidalsburg, Oct. 27.—Passed down—Arkansas, at 6