THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE.
DUFOUR & LINET, PUBLISHERS.
No. 72 Chartres Street.

TERMS OF THE BEE:
Terms of Subscription—Daily, per month, in advance, $16; six-yearly, $8; quarterly, $4.
Price of the paper—Single copies, 10 cents.
The Bee Weekly is published every Tuesday and Saturday. Subscription $5 per annum, invariably in advance.
Rates of Advertising—Transient advertisements having been of the usual first insertion $1 50 per square, each subsequent insertion, 75 cents per square.
Price, or Editorial Page Transient Advertisements, each insertion, $1 50 per square.
All reminiscences inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Price, or Editorial Page, Monthly Advertisements, each square, $30 net per month.
Regular advertisers, who advertise largely, shall be allowed such discount from the above named transient rates as may be agreed upon. In no case shall such discount exceed 25 per cent.
All Business Notices of Advertisements to be charged double rates per line, cash insertion.
All Transient Advertisements must be paid for in advance.
All Advertisements not marked for any number of insertions, will be published six times.
All bills with regular advertisers shall be rendered monthly.

NEW ORLEANS:
THURSDAY MORNING, OCT 29, 1868.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
HORATIO SEYMOUR,
OF NEW YORK.

For Vice President.
FRANK P. BLAIR,
OF MISSOURI.

Electoral Ticket.

ELECTORS FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.
George W. Race, of Orleans.
W. P. Blackmon, of Claiborne.

ALTERNATES.
Durant Deposte, of Orleans.
E. J. Ellis, of St. Helena.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.
First District—A. Sambola, of Orleans.
Second " —M. B. Brady, of Orleans.
Third " —Dr C. Ward, of Iberville.
Fourth " —B. J. Powell, of West Feliciana.
Fifth " —P. M. Goodrich, of Carroll.

ALTERNATES.
First District—W. S. Thompson, of St. Helena.
Second " —J. H. Kennard, of Orleans.
Third " —H. Walsh, of E. Baton Rouge.
Fourth " —E. N. Callum, of Avoyelles.
Fifth " —J. H. Brigham, of Morehouse.

FOR CONGRESS.
First District—Louis St. Martin, of Orleans.
Second " —J. B. Hunt, of Orleans.
Third " —Adolph Dalley, of St. Landry.
Fourth " —Michael Ryan, of Rapides.
Fifth " —G. W. McCrearie, of Catahoula.

The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 29, 1868. Vol. XLI.—Whole—14,584.

THE CONDITION OF THE CITY.

The city was well guarded on Tuesday night by citizen patrols and by Sheriff Maxwell's deputies, and nothing very serious occurred. Yesterday the excitement and alarm had, in a great degree subsided, thanks to the energy and vigilance of Gen Rousseau and the members of the Democratic clubs. In the evening it became known that Williamson, the Radical Chief of Police had been dismissed for insubordination, and that Gen. James B Steedman had been appointed in his place, and in protecting the city would avail himself of the services of the citizen patrols as on the previous night, and the Sheriff's deputies. As we go to press the city is all quiet. Gov. Wardmoth and the Police Board are practically superseded

It will be seen by the proceedings last night of the Lower Board of the City Council that they have resolved to ignore the Metropolitan Police Law and to instruct and authorize the Mayor to organize a new force. This is the way to test the constitutionality of the law. Of course, if nobody refuses obedience to an unconstitutional law, it remains in force without being tested Some one must resist such a law, before it can be set aside or annulled. A statute believed to be in violation of the organic law has no sanctity whatever, and can be judged of by every citizen at his peril.

THE MASS MEETING TO-NIGHT—GEN ROUSSEAU'S PROCLAMATION.—We have it on the authority of Generals Rousseau and Steedman themselves, that the proclamation of the Commanding General is not intended to interfere with peaceable assemblies of the people in regular mass meetings, such as is to be held this evening, under the auspices of the Independent Democratic Clubs, on Washington Square Only processions and assemblies on the streets are prohibited. So, the mass meeting will be held as intended.

The Metropolitan Police Bill to be Tested.

The Mayor and Council of the city of Carrollton, and the members of the Police force appointed by them, have sued out a writ of injunction in the Parish Court of Jefferson against the Metropolitan Police Board and its officers appointed for the city of Carrollton—Woodruff and others.

The petition sets forth that the individuals appointed by the Metropolitan Board, have assumed the right to act as policemen within the limits of the city of Carrollton, and have by threats and violence prevented the regularly appointed police of said city, from acting in that capacity.

The petition further alleges that the act of the Legislature creating the Metropolitan Police Board is unconstitutional, null and void, and carries with it no force or effect whatever, for the following reasons:

1. Because it violates the Constitution and laws of the United States.

2. Because the act does not express its objects in its title, and because many of its provisions are contrary to and inconsistent with its title, notwithstanding article 144 of the Constitution of the State.

3 Because said act contravenes article 73 and other articles of the said Constitution, and confers judicial power upon the Board and persons acting under it.

4 Because it violates article 9 of said Constitution, which protects the rights of the people to be secure in their persons, houses and papers against unreasonable search, or search without warrant.

5. Because it inflicts strange and unusual penalties, and gives the right to persons acting as policemen to imprison citizens without warrant or accusation

6 Because it gives the power to the said Board to levy a tax, on the people of Carrollton, which is not equal or uniform, and gives also to said Board the power to levy vast sums, from the incorporated communities within the limits of the district, without any court or authority having the right to question the manner of disposing of the same or the correctness of said levy.

7. Because it provides for the holding of an office by and the paying of a salary to an officer of said Board who already holds another office, the same being in violation of articles 41 and 117 of the Constitution.

8. Because it violates article 115 of the Constitution which forbids that a law shall be revived or amended by reference to its title, and requires that in such case the revived or amended section shall be re-enacted and published at length.

The prayer of the petition is that the Board of Metropolitan Police be cited and that a writ of injunction issue to restrain them from exercising any of the functions pertaining to the policeing of said city of Carrollton, or acting as policemen therein until the further order of the Court.

The petition is signed by N Commandeur and B C Elliott, Attorneys for the Corporation, and bears the following order:

CARROLLTON, October 21, 1868.

Let a writ of injunction issue, as within prayed for, according to law.

GEO BRUNING, Parish Judge.

Acting in the absence of Don. A. Pardee, Judge of the Second Judicial District.

DEMENTED BY "FLANCHETTE"—A most distressing account is told of a lady, of Memphis, who was carried off by the Radicals, and it seems her daughters, who had been away on a visit, returned with this infuriating contrivance. She made it from the brass band of a hat worn by her bed, and consulted it so much in secret that it began to affect her mind One day she called another lady into her room very mysteriously, and told her to be very strange way, "I have something to show you, but you must promise not to one." She then fastened the door, went to her bed and drew it out from its place of conceal ment, asked it questions, raved like a maniac, tore off her clothes, tore the bedding to pieces, and before assistance could be procured beat and bruised her from head to foot, and took like a human being, and finally tried to kill her daughters When the doctor arrived he had her taken to a hospital.

Her friends consider so furious that they started with her to an insane asylum. On the way she seemed to get better and to understand where they were going, and at last begged and pleaded not to be taken there, where she was again seized with paroxysms of madness more vio ent than before and escaped from her conductors She was soon retaken, and finally lodged in an asylum, where, it is reported, she has since died.

The lady in question has always been regarded as one of unusual strength of mind.

A Slander Refuted.

SOUTHERN PARK,
New Orleans, La., Oct. 28, 1868.

To the Editor of the New Orleans Times—In your morning edition I noticed among the Washington dispatches a report, copied from your Washington correspondence, said to be based upon the statement of a "prominent officer on duty in New Orleans," to the effect that "the men composing the regiment (its infantry) were nearly all enlisted in New Orleans" also, that "about three-fourths of the enlisted men had served in the Confederate army," and that "unless other troops are at once sent to relieve them, no protection will be afforded to loyal men in case a riot should occur" also, "that these troops will take advantage of the uniform as a cloak for their loyalty, to aid negroes, under a pretence that the latter are inciting a riot, while every protection will be shown to the rebel element, who are the real aggressors."

The statements of this cowardly assassin I pronounce false in toto beginning to end. The men composing the regiment were enlisted in the North. But a very few have been enlisted in this city, and the most of these were men of scheaper from the volunteer service of the United States.

The citizens of New Orleans know too well the impartial manner in which the officers and men of the regiment have discharged their duties, during the five years we have been stationed here, to make this refutation necessary, and I would take no notice of the statements of this base traducer were it not that the article referred to may be copied in your exchanges.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
CHAS. D. VIKLE, Capt. 1st Infantry.

Registration in the Interior Parishes.

REGISTRATION IN ST. LANDRY AND ST MARTIN—Tuesday evening last there were 2625 names on the registration lists at the office in our town. The lists at Washington, (the seat in our Parish, contained at the same date about 2000 names, amounting, on Thursday evening, to about 4600. The offices will close this evening, when the total number registered will probably amount to 5500.—*Opelousas Courier, 24th.*

The total number of registered voters in the parish of St Martin is 1645, 1325 whites and 320 blacks, with the exception of one precinct to be heard from; which will not materially change the figures.

All the signs furnished by the present registration in our parish convince us that the parish of St Landry will give 3000 majority to the Democratic candidates on the 3d of November next. This great difference is explained by the sudden change which has taken place in the minds of the freedmen since the bold attempt made in our parish by the Radical leaders to have the white race massacred through their instrumentality, and in putting down the Democratic majority at 3000 we candidly believe that we are yet below the mark, judging from present indications.—*Opelousas Courier, 24th.*

The District Court is now in session at Marksville, Parish of Avoyelles The Grand Jury is composed of 13 negroes and 3 whites.

Judge Bruning, Parish Judge in Jefferson, has appointed Robert L. Preston, Esq., Attorney for the parish. Mr. Preston is a young man of fine address and excellent character His father was the Hon Isaac T Preston, for many years one of the leading lawyers at the bar of Louisiana, and at one time a Judge of the Supreme Court. The appointment gives general satisfaction.

One of the New York theatres has introduced what is known as the English half price system Spectators arriving after half past nine o'clock are charged but half the usual admission fee.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

General Rousseau's Proclamation to the People—Change in the Command of the Police—Below we give an important proclamation issued by Gen Rousseau, which we think will calculated to secure a return of peace and order, though it is to be regretted that the action of the Metropolitan Board and the City Council, as elsewhere reported, do not concur as should be desired We are satisfied, however, that peace will be maintained without further difficulty The proclamation was promulgated upon by Gen Rousseau, after consultation with the present Metropolitan Board, who, in company with Mayor Conway, consulted the Commanding General:

HEADQ'RS, DEPARTMENT OF LOUISIANA.
STATES OF LOUISIANA AND ARKANSAS
New Orleans, La., Oct. 28, 1868.

To the People of New-Orleans, Louisiana.

FELLOW CITIZENS—I have received instructions from the authorities at Washington to take such action as may be necessary to preserve peace and good order and to protect the lives and property of citizens

As the city is quiet to-day, I think it a proper time to make the above announcement and to call upon all law abiding citizens to aid me hereafter in carrying out these instructions, and to that end are earnestly requested to refrain from assembling in large bodies on the streets, to avoid exciting conversation and other causes of irritation and excitement and to pursue their ordinary vocations as usual.

The Police force of the city has been reorganized and inefficient members have been dropped from the rolls and others appointed in their places; and Gen. J. B. Steedman is appointed Chief of Police pro tem by the Board of Police Commissioners.

General Steedman and his Police force will be supported by the military and assurance is given alike to the peaceful and the lawless that everything at my command and to the utmost of my ability will be used in the endeavor to obey those instructions.

For the present, political processions and parading the streets by armed men are prohibited. LOVELL H. ROUSSEAU

Bvt'd Maj Gen., U S A., Comdg Dep't.

Orders of General Steedman—General Steedman, the new *pro tem* Superintendent of Police, yesterday issued the following orders:

OFFICE OF SUP'T MET POLICE,
New Orleans, Oct 28, 1868.

To all Precincts:

The undersigned having been appointed to the office of Superintendent of Metropolitan Police, hereby assumes command of the same, and authorizes and directs that Capt Geo L Cain, Metropolitan Police, will issue all necessary orders in his name

All existing orders will remain in force and all officers will move on duty, as heretofore, unless otherwise ordered.

JAS. B. STEEDMAN,
Sup't Met. Police.

J. O. NIXON, Secretary.
Per HITCH.

OFFICE OF SUP'T OF MET POLICE,
New Orleans, Oct 28th, 1868.

To all Precincts:

For this night (last night) the streets will be patrolled by Deputy Sheriffs who are armed and wearing badges. They will work in conjunction with the police. In case your men require assistance they will call on these Deputy Sheriffs, and if called on by them assistance will be furnished in the execution of their duties. All other bodies of armed men will be disperced in accordance with Gen. Rousseau's orders.

JAMES B. STEEDMAN,
Sup't Met. Police.

J. O. NIXON Secretary.
Per HITCH

Other executive orders of a similar character were issued.

Removal of the Superintendent of Police—Appointment pro tem of Gen J. B Steedman—The following notice of the action of the Board of Metropolitan Police was served yesterday:

OFFICE BOARD OF MET. POLICE.
New Orleans, October 28, 1868.

J. J Williamson, Sup't of Metropolitan Police

SIR—I have the honor to inform you that at a meeting of this Board, held this day, the following resolution was adopted:

"That charges having been preferred against J. J Williamson, Superintendent of Police, of insubordination, and he having plead guilty to the charge, he is hereby dismissed from the force, and James B Steedman is appointed to fill the vacancy *pro tem.*

By order of the Board,
C. D. LUDEKE, Chief Clerk.

Major Williamson surrendered gracefully, and Gen Steedman took charge of the office.

The City Council—Board of Aldermen—Noon Session Yesterday—President Shields in the chair, and Messrs. Brady, Kaiser, O'Brien and Pesson present.

Mr Shields stated that it was generally known that the Council had met for the purpose of taking some speedy action for calming the present agitated state of the public mind regarding the police He hoped the matter would be quietly arranged before evening, and with that view moved that the Board take recess till 3 o'clock, p. m. The motion was adopted.

A recess for five minutes was taken, when the Board adjourned to meet the Lower Board to select a Superintendent of the Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph in place of Mr. Weeks, removed.

The two Boards elected Mr J. K. Mingle to fill the vacancy, and both adjourned till 3 o'clock in the evening.

Board of Aldermen.—Evening Session—The body spent the time in the office of the other as noticed in the proceedings elsewhere

A resolution offered by Mr Shields to appoint an additional Assistant City Attorney, with a salary of $175 per month, was adopted after some discussion. The Board adjourned till to day, noon.

Board of Assistant Aldermen—Evening Session—President Kerry in the chair.

Mr Fishes introduced the following, which were adopted and sent to the upper Board for concurrence:

Resolved, That in view of the illegality and unconstitutionality of the statute of 1868, approved September 14th, and entitled "An act to establish a Metropolitan Police District, etc; and in view of the utter incapacity of the police, organized under that bill, to maintain peace and suppress disorders in the community, the Mayor be instructed and authorized to organize a police under and in conformity with the laws and ordinances existing prior to the enactment of the said act approved September 14 entitled as aforesaid

Resolved, That the Mayor be further authorized in case the police force thus organized by him proves inadequate to maintain order, to appoint and organize a sufficient number of extra policemen to act in conjunction with the regular police.

The resolution offered by Mr Farrell at the previous meeting instructing the Treasurer not to pay the Metropolitan Police, and instructing all city officers not to recognize, and force as a part of the city government, was also passed and sent up for concurrence.

A resolution was introduced by Mr. Farrell, instructing the Tax assessor to submit a statement of the number, denominations and amounts of the million loan bonds issued, and furnish daily statements of issues, and requesting the Mayor and Controller to furnish the Council weekly statements of the number denominations and amount of bonds issued by them Adopted and sent up for concurrence.

The Board adjourned till 12 to-day.

The Seymour Legion.—There was a large meeting of this club last night, at the St Louis Hotel They were addressed in the proper spirit by Messrs. B. F Jonas and J. H Kennard The club resolved to meet every night, and to appoint delegations to attend the polls on the day of the election.

Property Holders' Association—The convention of this Association for the purpose of permanent organization met yesterday at the German Company's Hall

On motion, Col George W. Race was called to preside, and on taking the chair made a short address on the nature of the duties before the Convention.

The roll of members was then called, and a quorum being present Col C. E. Girardy moved that the minutes of the last meeting be read, whereupon Mr Samuel Flower, the Secretary, read the proceedings, which, on motion, were adopted

Col G A Breaux offered some few remarks as to the proper mode of organization for action. It was believed that, as the general association law could not be adopted for an efficient working of the association, but simply to organize as the Property Holders' Association, he moved that a committee of five be appointed by the chair to prepare articles for the organization. The motion was adopted, and the chair appointed Messrs. G. A. Breaux, Saml Smith, N. B. Bailey, Dr. Beard and F Irwin.

Col. Girardey moved that the committee be increased to eleven—one from each ward.

Mr. N C. Raymond addressed the Convention, and wanted the third and fourth resolutions of the previous meeting adopted, and that an election of a board of directors be forthwith held for the purpose of submitting the action to the next meeting for ratification. Dr. Brickell wanted the delegates from each ward to select their member of the committee. Mr. Bailey was in favor of the original proposition to facilitate business. Mr. B Florence gave his views of organization; did not care by what name, whether board or directors or commissioners, the committee may be called

Mr Raymond moved to reconsider the motion already adopted. The chair decided the question out of order, but as the mover withdrew the amendment increasing the committee, a motion was made to reconsider, which was carried and was then laid on the table.

Mr Raymond moved that a board be elected, consisting of three members from each ward Mr Stevenson moved as a substitute one from each ward

Colonel Breaux stated that the duties of the commissioners or directors should first be fixed and determined before an election; that an election now was getting a cart before the horse, or a horse before the cart was made Mr. Florence again spoke on the mode of organization; so did Mr. Bailey.

Mr John Henderson asked the chair what was the question before the Convention. The chair answered the amendment of Mr. Stevenson, one from each ward. Mr. J. M. Reid was in favor of all the members voting for officers.

Mr. Bailey moved to lay the whole matter on the table, and the question being put was carried. Mr. Bailey then moved that the chair appoint a committee of five to draw articles and regulations for the government of the association, and on motion of Mr. John Henderson to increase to eleven, one from each ward. The question was then put and unanimously adopted

The chair appointed the following gentlemen:

G A. Breaux, chairman; Samuel Smith, N E. Bailey, L. F. Grunes, Arthur Shiff, Edward Pillsbury, Wm C. C Claiborne, J M. Dirmeyer, C T. Buddecke and Patrick Irwin

Mr. Bailey moved that the Convention adjourn to meet on Thursday at 12 m.

Mr Buddecke moved that the Convention adjourn to meet on the call of the President. Not carried.

The original motion was then adopted.

The Tertian Club.—This newly organized Democratic Club will meet this evening in room No. 102 of the City Hotel.

Tuesday's Disturbance—Inquests—Names of the Killed, etc—Julia Ann Crighton, colored, has recognized the body of the negro who was stabbed and killed Tuesday at the corner of Bourbon and St. Ann streets, as that of her husband, named Walker Craigh.

George Allen is the name of the negro whom we reported shot Tuesday on Crossman street, near the levee. He has since died of his wounds. Deputy Coroner Espinole held an inquest on the body yesterday The jury returned a verdict that he came to his death from the effects of a gunshot wound inflicted by some person or persons unknown. He is supposed to be the man who robbed Mr. Constantine of the Innocents Club, Tuesday, on Crossman street, near the levee. The knife, a large one, which he had was stained with blood Mr. Constantine, it is expected, will survive the severe wound he received.

Inquests have yet to be held on other parties killed Tuesday

Urville Legoin is the name of the negro reported killed Tuesday on Love street.

Shooting Into Mr. Dolhonde's Residence—Near 9 o'clock, Monday night, the residence of Mr. J. B. Dolhonde, on Hospital street, was fired into from the street, and his family had been standing on their balcony when, observing some men under a dark veranda, they deemed it best to go in doors. As they went in a shot was fired from the direction of the men on the street, who had been crying out "Grant and Colfax," and seemed to be drunk. The shot broke the window glass and forced the fragments against the head of Miss Dolhonde, 17 years of age, causing the family to suppose she had been shot, though fortunately she was but slightly hurt by the glass The men from whom the firing came spoke like negroes, and one of them was heard to say, "Give me the gun, I'll shoot." A squad of men arrested six negroes in the next square, drawing them from under a house, where they were concealed. They are probably the guilty ones, according to an indirect admission of one of their number.

Accidental and Fatal Shooting—A sudder accidentally shot and killed himself last night on Morgan, between Spain and Elysian fields streets, where he followed his business. His name is reported to be Martin Luiz He leaves a wife and two children. It is not known how the accident occurred.

Killed Tuesday Night—Sometime Tuesday night a man named Fox, a man of family, a painter by occupation, 38 years of age, and native of the city, was shot and killed with buckshot, twelve of which entered his body, by some one of a gang of men who forced their way into his house, Number 4 Dryades and Harvage streets, near the Fair Grounds, and shot him as he ran from them. The jury rendered a verdict of death caused by shooting by some persons or persons unknown.

Difficulty Between Prominent Citizens—Two of our prominent citizens had a quarrel yesterday evening in the Mayor's parlor, relative to the charges in the City Hall. It has leaked that something serious resulted between them we forego the mention of names.

Arrest in Second District—J. Hiz, colored, and a man named E V Pierson, have been arrested on complaint of Deputy Sheriffs on charges in the stabbing of Mr Constantine, of the Innocents Club, Tuesday.

H C. Hamilton was arrested, charged by Mr. Guireaud with breach of trust and embezzlement.

One Mr. Firmier was arrested, charged by Lisa with assault and battery.

A young woman named Kitty McCloskey, surrendered herself, saying she had cut an un lucky man named Ely Fuller

A Peter Funk by name was arrested yesterday charged with carrying concealed weapons.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(To the New Orleans Bee.)

FROM WASHINGTON.

Miscellaneous Matters.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Washington, Oct. 28.—Judge Chase holds court in Charleston, S C, next week.

Seymour speaks in Pittsburg to-night.

Rosefield allows his clerks to go home to vote.

Dr. J. B. Linwood, of Illinois, has been appointed chief Clerk of the Freedmen's Bureau.

The President is announced as helpless under the Reconstruction acts in restraining District Commanders from interfering with the Courts, of which he complains to Congress and solves the postponement by Reynolds of an order of settlement of an estate.

The Radical Clubs held a meeting and resolved to arm and organize for their own protection while passing Baltimore on their way home to vote.

Washington, Oct. 28.—In the United States Circuit Court, to day, Judge Blatchford charged the Grand Jury in reference to naturalization frauds, saying the matter was of great importance, and clearly punishable under the statute of 1813. The jury were instructed to indict all parties guilty of violating these laws

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Mobile, Oct. 28.—The Register this morning contains a letter from John Forsyth to the New York Herald, in which he severely denounces the *Times* for misquoting and garbling his words. He proves that the *Register* never said the Democratic party was dead, and quotes the correct omitted by the *Times*.

The letter concludes: The Mobile *Register* has not given up for an instant in this memorable struggle for constitutional liberty. It has never written "we are beaten." It claims Alabama, Georgia and Louisiana as certain for the Democrats.

St. Louis, Oct 28.—A special from Little Rock announces the arrival there of the body of Representative Hinds and its departure for New York. Hinds and Brooks are shot by Geo A. Clark, Secretary of the Democratic Committee of Monroe county, who had been drinking heavily and was bordering on *delirium tremens*. Clark is unhurt.

Fortress Monroe Oct. 28.—The coast survey steamer Bibb, from Hatteras, reports heavy northeasterly weather outside since the 18th inst.

New York, Oct. 28.—Blair addressed an immense crowd at Tammany Hall last night.

New York, Oct. 28.—Panama advices to the 19th have been received. The Provisional Governor of Panama has issued a decree closing all ports in that State, except that of the capital Owing to the failure of the second crop of Guatemala, the President of that State decrees the suspension of all taxes, imposts, stamps, tobacco and land until 1870. A force organized in Honduras to suppress insurrection has been disbanded. Fever and cholera prevail at Guayaquil and several earthquakes occurred at Quito on the 25th. The crop reports were satisfactory.

New York, Oct. 28.—An appeal to their fellow countrymen at the North is published, from a member of Irishmen hailing from New Orleans, Mobile and Savannah, whose names are appended, in behalf of disfranchised Irishmen in the Southern States They say they are no longer citizens, having been deprive to vote, etc. That thousands of Irishmen have been deprived of political positions, for which they were elected or appointed in different Southern cities, which were afterwards conferred on negroes. They moreover say they look to the success of Seymour and Blair to free them from political bondage, signed Jas G Moore, Jas Collins, Bernard Hughes and Andrew McGuire, of New Orleans, and others.

New York, Oct. 28.—This afternoon a gentleman named Woolsey took from the vault of a safe deposit company a tin box containing $100,000 in government and Railroad bonds and currency, and afterwards entering the office of a real estate agent placed the box on a desk. He then went out and left it there. Upon his return the thief was seen and pursued but escaped.

Boston, Oct. 28.—It is reported that the prize fight between O Baldwin and Wormald will take place to-morrow morning at the Isle of Shoals

Wilmington, Oct. 28.—The Radical majority is stated at 5500.

Fortress Monroe, Oct. 28.—The ship Two Brothers, sahore at Body Island, has been stripped of everything and will be sold at auction.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

London, Oct. 28.—It is fully confirmed that Prussia, Italy, Portugal, France and England have renewed relations with Spain.

Paris, Oct. 28.—*La Constitutionel* says recognition of the National Guard is rapidly progressing in the departments, where the measure is received with great favor by the people.

London, Oct. 28.—Chas. Langley, Archbishop of Canterbury, is dead.

Bombay advices report additional successes of the British troops in the northwestern provinces.

Madrid, Oct. 28.—The Progressists clubs of this city have formed a union for political purposes. At a recent meeting of the United Club, Olozaga informed them that Isabella would abdicate in favor of Don Carlos The election for the constituent Cortes takes place Nov. 24th. Aya's, Colonial Minister, has issued a circular announcing that the colonies will be placed on the same representative basis as the rest of Spain

The Papal Nuncio at Madrid has put himself in communication with the Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Liverpool, Oct. 28—Afternoon.—Cotton buoyant. Tallow 52s 3d.

Havre, Oct. 28—Low Middling Cotton afloat, 97½.

Liverpool, Oct. 28, Evening—Cotton closed firm and unchanged. Sales 12,000 bales; Middling Uplands 11, Middling Orleans 11¼. Breadstuffs and provisions unchanged.

London, Oct. 28, Evening—Consols 94⅞—Bonds 73⅞. Sugar, on the spot advanced to 38 3d: Afloat 35 9d to 36; Tallow 53.

Frankfort, Oct. 28—Consols 78⅞ to 78¾.

Paris, Oct. 28—Bourse weaker, Rentes 70.20.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 28—Cotton less active but steady Sales 2500 Sales. Middling uplands 25½ to 25¾c. Flour heavy—State $6 to $7 90, Western $6 to $9 65; common to fair extra Southern $8 to $8 90 Wheat heavy Corn heavy mixed Western $1 05 to $1 12. Oats 1c lower Pork firmer—$25 50. Lard easier—15¾ to 17¾. Whisky quiet. Groceries firm. Turpentine 43 to 44c. Rosin $2 40 to $7 50. Wool quiet. Tallow active. Freights firmer—Cotton by steam 7-16 to ½

Money stringency severer than ever, but was a shade easier at the close. Discount operations suspended under the pressure. Sterling weaker at 109¾. Gold a little stronger—134¾. Southern Bonds irregular—Tennessees firm; North Carolinas weak; Governments firm; Tennessees 70; do. new, 70¼; North Carolina 66; do. new, 63¾; Virginia 55¾.

New York, Oct. 28—Money on call of per cent currency to gold with 1.32 commission

Sub Treasury balances 92,000,000; 5 20s of '62, 113, of '64 113; of '65 111¾; do new 109¾; of '67 110¾; of '68 110⅝; 10-10s 105¾.

Louisville, Oct. 28.—Tobacco—sales 46 hhds; lees to medium wrappers $6 to $21 25. Cotton 23¾c Flour—superfine $6 25. Wheat $1 85 to $2. Corn—old 85 to 90c; new 55 to 60c Oats in bulk 53 to 55c Meas Pork $30 50. Bacon—shoulders 13¾c; clear ribbed sides 15¾c; clear sides 17¾c. Lard in tierces 17¾ to 18c. Whisky—raw $1 10 to $1 12.

Cincinnati, Oct 28.—Family Flour $7 50 to $7 75 Wheat $1 70 Corn—new, 80 to 82c; old 93c to $1 Oats 57 to 58c Cotton firmer 23¾ to 24c. Whisky $1 10 Bulk sides 15¾c Clear Bacon sides 15¾c. Pork $25 for future delivery. Lard 16c. Groceries unchanged.

St. Louis, Oct. 28.—Superfine Flour $5 25 to $6 Wheat lower—fall, $1 90 to $1 95. Corn $1 to $1 05 Pork $30 75 to $31 Bulk sides 14¾ to 15¾c Bacon—shoulders 13¾c; sides, 15¾c; clear, 17¾c. Lard 17¾ to 18c Whisky $1 13.

RIVER NEWS.

Louisville, Oct. 28—River falling with 3 feet 3 inches in the canal. Weather clear and pleasant.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

Southwest Pass, Oct. 28—6 p. m.—Barometer 29.90. Wind northeast and strong.

Arrived—Ship Polar Star, Bairns, Liverpool, general cargo to Ashbridge and Bacon. Bark Eva, McCulloch, Liverpool, salt, to Mumford, Lulling & Co. Bark Thomas Fletcher, Pendleton, New York, general cargo, to master.

Sailed—Steamships Crescent Jenkins and Maryland Ship Ariadne and barks Leonidas and Malaga.

(Previous Dispatches.)

Savannah, Oct. 27.—A large negro Radical meeting was held in Court-House Square this afternoon. Several white leaders were on the stand. The speeches of whites and blacks were threatening and incendiary. One colored speaker threatened a fearful retribution on the Democrats when Grant is elected, and said the right of his race to vote was obtained by revolting, and it would take a bloody revolution to take it from them; that the colored people would be law abiding and peaceful citizens, if they may; but devilish, fighting, burning citizens, if they must. Many whites were present as spectators.

Columbia, S. C, Oct. 27.—Associate Judge Hoge was taken refuge North from the fury of the citizens. He says he has learned that he asserted some time ago that he wished he had all the negroes in a man-are field and he would go through them with his old regiment. Hoge is a Radical candidate for Congress from this district.

Augusta, Oct 27.—A Democratic meeting was held here to night and addressed by Judge Carmichael, Colonel Sanford from Indiana, H. Hill and Gen. Wright, urging the people to vote for Seymour and Blair. Republicans say they will carry the State by a small majority, but the Democrats are confident of 30,000 majority

Stanton, Va, Oct 27.—The Valley agricultural fair commenced to day The exhibition of stock, machinery, agricultural implements, is very good. About 7000 visitors were on the grounds to-day. An address of welcome was delivered by Judge Baldwin, President of the society, in which he adverted to the changed condition of the States of the South, and the cheering aspect of her agricultural prospect for the future. Hon. H. H. Bingham addressed on behalf of the society upon agriculture. Gen R E. Lee arrived to night from Lexington to-day. Gen. Jno. D. Imboden, Confederate Commissioner to Canada, and Gen. Jno. C. Breckinridge, Confederate Secretary of War, also arrived to-night from Lexington to attend the ladies' conquesting match

St Louis, Oct 28.—A Cheyenne dispatch says the Indians attacked Hunt and Hall's train near Perry station, on Sunday, killing five men and capturing fourteen mules.

Nashville, Oct. 28—The contest between Morgan and Prosser, both Radicals, for Congress is warming. Prosser's friends have raised a pole and run up a carpet-bag instead of the national colors.

London, Oct. 28, Noon—Consols 94⅞; bonds steady at 73⅞; sugar firm, both on the spot and afloat

London, Oct. 28, Noon—Cotton buoyant; sales 15,000 bales

Liverpool, Oct. 27—Sugar buoyant and heavy sellers, with a large speculative inquiry. Sterling exchange 15¾ to 16¾ Provisions

Cotton—Prices to no change to notice in his article. No. 2 and 10 cents shoulders sold at 18¾c per lb, and 5 cents shoulders on private terms embracing the day's business. The retail price is 19¾c for shoulders and 17¾c for clear ribbed sides, and 18¾ to 19¾c for clear sides

LARD—Prime in tierces is retailing at 19¾ to 20c, kegs 22c per lb

WOOL—There is very little in market. We quote nominally, washed 35 to 45c per lb; carry 12 to 30c; free from burrs 25 to 31c per lb.

CORN MEAL—The market is unchanged. Round lots of kiln dried are held at $4 50 to $4 75 Only a retail business is doing at these figures

FLOUR—The light receipts are being taken up at full prices. Wet city slaughter Hides are quoted at 9¾ to 10¾c per lb for heavy steer to light kips; do. salt skins $1 to $1 25 each. Tallow is quoted at 9¾ to 10c for rendered, 10¾c, Texas stretched 18 to 20c, dry salted 16 to 17c per lb.

BUTTER—Choice Butter is in fair request at the prices, but inferior grades are dull and plentiful. Choice Western is quoted at 34 to 36c, common 25 to 30c per lb. Good Northern 40 to 43c; choice Goshen 45 to 47c per lb.

CHEESE—There is a fair demand for choice Northern and Western, but the inferior grades are very dull The supply of the former is only moderate, but the latter plentiful. Selected choice Western cheese sells 20 to 21c per lb; prime and fortnightly 17 to 18c, inferior 12 to 15c. New Berne cream and English dairy 18 to 20c, per lb.

MALT AND HOPS—Malt is steady at $1 80 to $2 85 per bushel for good to choice Western, and $2 90 to $3 for Canada New Hops 30 to 35c per lb, old 10 to 15c per lb.

POULTRY—On the landing young Chickens sell at $4 50, and grown at $7 per dozen. Geese $10, Turkeys $20 per dozen.

LOUISIANA RICE—The demand is steady and supply very light, quotations are 9 to 9½c per lb for choice, 8 to 8½c for prime, and 6 to 7½c for ordinary.

BEAN HOPS—Is still very dull. Choice machine made is held at 9c per lb.

IRON TIES—Are quoted at 6½ to 7c, as in size.

BREAKFAST BACON—New York Bacon is selling in a small way at 22c per lb.

SHELLED—Choice Western Potatoes sell on the levee at $3 to $3 25, and in lots at $3 to $2 25 per bbl. Onions $4 to $5 50, choice Apples $6 50 to $7 50, inferior do. $3 50 to $4 per bbl.

BUTTERNUT—On the landing at $12 per bbl.

CANNAGES—Are quoted at $20 to $22 per crate

WHISKY—Western rectified is firm at $1 50 to $1 55 per gallon Bourbon is in moderate request at $1 to lots it is quoted at $1 75 to $3 50 per gallon.

SUGAR—The last sale within our notice was at 21¾ to 22c for good and heavy extra, but all a shade low in second hands and held for higher prices.

BAGGING—The market for India Bagging continues very dull Round lots are offered at 22c per yard, without finding purchasers.

COTTON—Prices for the firm, but lower grades are quiet and unchanged. We quote prime 16¾ to 17c per lb, good 15 to 15¾c; fair 14 to 14½c per lb.

NAVAL STORES—Rosin is unchanged. No. 1 commands $3 per bbl; pale $4 50; No 2 $2 50 to $2 75 per bbl. Southern pitch still $4 per bbl Tar steady at $2 25 for 18 to 20 gallon packages, and $2 50 for 32 gallon. The Turpentine firm at 41c per gallon. 75 bbls sold at that price.

Cattle Market.

CITY OF JEFFERSON, October 28, 1868.

Arrived yesterday—236 Texas Beeves, 120 Calves and Yearlings per train.

Sold yesterday—277 Texas Beeves, 18 Calves and Yearlings, 74 Milch cows, 3 Milch Cows.

Left over—1 Texas Beeves, 414 Calves and Yearlings, 465 Hogs, 200 Sheep and 26 Milch Cows.

Texas Beeves, cows—

24 quality of head	3 c
Same Beeves, 1st quality, 1 head	4 c
Same Beeves, 2d quality, 2 head	3 c
Same Beeves, 3d quality, 9 head	2 c
Same Beeves, 4th quality, 9 head	1 c
Stags, 1st quality 6 head	3 c
Stags, 2d quality 4 head	2 c
Stags, 3d quality 2 head	1 c
Cows, 1st quality 2 head	$60 00
Cows, 2d quality, 2 head	50 00
Milch Cows, 3d quality, 2 head	40 00
Yearlings, 2 head	20 00
Calves, 9 head	20 00
Texas Cows with Calves per head	50 00
Goats 6 head	1 50

The market opened with a moderate inquiry, but an effort on the part of buyers to obtain concessions, to which factors would not submit, and the movement was, moreover, checked by the failure of the cattle telegraphed from Liverpool, which did not come through until about noon. In the meantime a few hundred beeves changed hands at previous rates In the afternoon, although the Liverpool accounts were regarded as discouraging, yet as they reported no further advance, buyers refused to pay the outside figures of yesterday, excepting for extra classification, and factors were compelled to meet the demand more freely, without submitting to marked reduction. Some authorities consider it to quote middling at 23¾ to 23