The New Orleans Bee.

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THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE,
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NEW ORLEANS:
MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 5, 1866.

ATLANTIC INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.—The office of this very successful and well managed Company has been removed to the elegant room No. 19 Camp street, recently occupied by Smith, Newman & Co., where fire, marine and river policies will be granted on the most liberal terms as heretofore. Mr. E. Rigney is President, and H. F. Janvier Secretary of the Company. The names of the officers and directors appear in the advertisement elsewhere given in our columns.

HOUSE AND FURNITURE.—A good house to rent and furniture for sale. See advertisement elsewhere.

A GUARANTEE accompanies each bottle of MARSDEN'S PECTORAL BALM, which will cure every case of Coughs, Colds, Influenza or Asthma. His agents have instructions to refund the money in every instance where it fails to relieve and cure.

The Tennessee Conference of the Methodist Church, in session at Huntsville, Alabama, has refused to ratify the change of the name of the Church recommended by the General Conference at its last session in this city. The proposition was to change the name from "Methodist Episcopal Church South" to "Episcopal Methodist Church."

THANKS to the officers of the Southern Express Company for late papers; and also to the purser of the steamship Alabama, for like favors.

REOPENING OF THE OPERA HOUSE.—As heretofore stated, the new Opera House will be reopened Thursday evening next, on the occasion of the benefit of M. Paul Alhaiza. Impelled by a generous sentiment which all can appreciate, a number of citizens have tendered to this artist, to whom the disaster of the Evening Star was so cruel a blow, the means of conducting a season at the Opera House notwithstanding the calamity which defeated the original plan that was about to be inaugurated. Nor will the intelligent public fail to perceive how much the presence of regular operatic entertainments conduces, not alone to artistic enjoyment and elegant pleasures, but to the commercial interests as well as to the fame and lustre of the city. We doubt not, then, that all who desire to preserve this ancient characteristic, and beautiful feature of Orleanian life, taste, and amusement, will be eager to contribute to the success of the special representation on Thursday. Among the artists who will assist on this occasion, is Madame Canbier, who has for some years held a foremost place on our lyric stage. She will sing several selected pieces from grand opera. Besides the musical performances, there will be given a fine comedy by Octave Feuillet.

This reopening, indeed, may be looked for, ward to as a signal event in the artistic and fashionable worlds, and will doubtless be in all respects a brilliant affair. Seats, to be secured in advance, should be applied for early. A schedule of prices may be seen on the French side of the *Bee*.

AMUSEMENTS.

VARIETIES THEATRE.—After weeks of elaborate preparation, we are pleased to announce, for this evening, the reappearance of *Shoes the Past*, and his charming sweetheart, on the "Varieties" stage. Unless we accept the dramatization of *Dot*, in 1859, there has never been such a dramatic success as that which attended the representation of "Arrah-na-Pogue" last season.

Who does not remember those halcyon nights of the drama when one had but to buy a piece of colored pasteboard from the hands of our courteous friend, Mr. St. Germaine, and be initiated into all the mysteries of that world wherein *Shaun* suffered with so much dignity and sweetness—where *Arrah*, tender and faithful *Arrah*, sorrowed so sweetly for her lover—where laughter-loving *Kary* invoked at once the applause of the audience and the admiration of her rustic suitors—where the "Wearin' of the Green" tossed, nightly, the rampant or dormant Fenianism of the house—where *Wilkerbottom*, worn out with the arduous labors of the day, would be so beset with late visitors and unconscionable fatigue—where *Michael Feary* scowled at his tormentors, glaring at him from around the witness-box, and where the *O'Grady* fairly blubbered on the judge's bench! We, for one, are glad to see the most pleasant reminiscence of the season of 1865-66 destined to become a reality of the season of 1866-67. We bid hearty welcome to *Shaun* and his *Arrah*, together with all the rest, bad or good—devils or saints, traitors or loyalists—who revolve around them.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—After a brief engagement at Mobile, the Ghioni and Susini Italian Opera Company—considered the most complete and best provided organization of the kind in America—will give their first representation at the "St. Charles" this evening. We understand that the opening, since last Monday of the subscription list has been marked by the most cheering success. If we are rightly informed, all the signs are in favor of an unusually successful operatic season. The management has been at a heavy expense in engaging this troupe; and we trust that the proverbial musical taste of our people will meet half-way its efforts to minister to their love of the beautiful and graceful in operatic melody. The opening opera is the tuneful one of "Il Trovatore." We confess to a weakness for this opera, and hold decidedly with "Owen Meredith," that—

> "Of all the operas that Verdi wrote,
> The best to our taste is the 'Trovatore;'
> And Mario can soothe, with a tenor note,
> The souls in Purgatory."

Whether Sig. Ristori lifts—who is to make his first appearances to-night—can, in *Maurice*, touch the sensibilities as keenly as Mario, we will have an opportunity of judging this evening. Mme. Angiolina Ghioni will be the *Leonora*.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The audiences at the "Academy" since the advent of the Hanlon Troupe on Saturday evening—if they can be taken as an evidence of anything, sufficiently attest the wisdom of Manager Bidwell's enterprise in securing their services. The fact is, the Company now performing at the "Academy" cannot be easily equaled in the variety of the performances, or the talent of the members. There are a mingled grace and precision in the exercises of the Hanlon Brothers, which we have never seen combined. We have seen many performers, but nothing like them. It is not too much to say that in the great race of Acrobatism and Gymnastics, this remarkable family are Eclipses, and leave their rivals far behind them.

The "Academy" is certainly to be the rendezvous of all those who love athletic sports, and are amused by the oddities of the Pantomime. The Hanlons' in their unapproachable feats—Mariette Zanfretta on the tight rope—the Stigrits family in their acrobatic displays—Johnny Thompson in his Ethiopianisms—the Clinston Sisters in their graceful dances—and the Caron family in the silent humors of the Pantomime, make up an entertainment to which, on the whole, even Manager Bidwell well (liberal as he is) has not often invited his patrons.

THE CRESCENT CITY MUSEUM, Nos. 40 and 42 St. Charles street, in the midst of the many amusements, which now tempt our pleasure-seekers on all sides, still holds its own creditably. The noble looking lions and the treacherous pumas; the "Happy Family;" the birds of gorgeous plumage—the sacred white peacocks on their perch, and the ostrich reposing lazily in his cage; the juggler with his fiery wand, and Miss Louise with her power of nerve; and Prof. Roger's amusing ventriloquisms, are all worthy of a special visit and a careful study.

ARRIVAL OF THE FUNG SHUEY.—The following is the report of this vessel; also, the list of passengers by her:

The Fung Shuey arrived at the Bar on Saturday, Nov 3d, at 9 P. M. Mor. 1st, off Soldier's Key, at 5:15 P. M., met steamship Marathon, hence for New York.

The Fung Shuey sailed from New York in company with the steamships Gen. Meade and Havana for this port.

Monday, Oct. 29th, off Cape Fear, the Fung Shuey experienced violent gales from the S. E., with a tremendous sea running, which lasted twenty hours with un-abated fury, and during which she passed a number of sailing vessels hove to under bare poles.

Miss Smith, lady and 2 children; Mrs Frank Smith, Mrs D S Austin; Mrs A F Palmer, Mrs L S Graves, Mrs D S Hall, two children, F S Ryan, D H Bloomfield, Wm Ely, Master Symonds Carroll, Chas Carroll Symonds, Wm Kelso, Jas Rogers, Geo Thompson, Jas Smith, Thos Wilson, Jas Mc Mullen, J Harrington, Capt. Tibbs, Wm H Walker, E D Lockwood, H S Mercer, M Olsen, J Rowland, Miss M Dempsey, Miss E Haggerty, F Morrison, H Hudson, Jas Hanlon, J Bergolge.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP MONTEREY.—The steamship Monterey, Capt. J. B. Edwards, from New York, arrived at her wharf yesterday, with merchandise and the following passengers:

Miss Louise d'Arcy, Miss Fanny Percy, Miss Mary E Lee, Miss M Lee and three children, Miss Kate M Leech, Sr Lucia, Sr P Lucia, Capt Geo Butler, Mrs Hume, Thos Wilson, Chas Mc Mullen, J Stanley, J C Brugier, 6th, 3 children and servant, and 19 in steerage.

COAL BOAT SUNK.—The towboat A. J. Bell, Capt. Dowd, from Pittsburg, ran afoul of a raft on the night of the 2d inst., at Carrollton, and sunk one of her barges, containing 22,000 bushels coal.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[To the New Orleans Bee.]

FROM WASHINGTON,

European News.

London and Liverpool Markets.

New Complications in the Baltimore Troubles.

Washington, Nov. 4.—Governor Swann, Montgomery Blair, and Mr. Latrobe, counsel for the newly appointed Baltimore Commissioners, arrived here last evening, and had an interview with the President to-day. Swann, General Grant, Stanton and the Attorney-General were in conference with the President.

Baltimore, Nov. 4, noon.—The counsel for the new Commissioners have made application before Judge Bartol, of the Court of Appeal, for a writ of *habeas corpus*. The writ cannot be served until to-morrow. The law of Maryland on the subject of *habeas corpus* provides that the officer having the party issuing out the writ shall, within three days after such service, make return of the writ and cause the person detained to be brought before the Court. If the warden of the jail sends himself of those three days in which to make the return, it is supposed the parties may not get a hearing before Tuesday or Wednesday. It is not known what course he will pursue. It is presumed that if the Commissioners are brought before Judge Bartol to-morrow the counsel will enter into discussion on the points involved. The city continues remarkably quiet; and, excepting small gangs of people quietly discussing the situation, and the rumors in circulation, there is nothing noticeable out of the ordinary course of events.

Augusta, Ga., Nov. 4.—Hon. A. H. Stephens, in a private letter to a gentleman in this city, incidently alludes to a statement of a correspondent of the New York *Times* regarding himself and brother in the matter of the Constitutional amendment, and characterizes it as utterly without foundation, and thinks the Legislature should reject the amendment promptly.

Baltimore, Nov. 4.—The writ of *habeas corpus* has not yet been served on the jail, but will be to-morrow morning. It is made returnable immediately, and it is claimed that the warden will have to make his return immediately. It is currently reported there will be a new set of judges of election announced to-morrow morning as appointed by the new Commissioners. The registers of voters, it is also reported, have delivered to voters their lists only to the judges appointed by Gov. Swann's Commissioners. This is bringing about new complications. The old Board will arrest any person acting under the new Commissioners.

New York, Nov. 4.—Arrived steamers E. B. Souder, from Charleston, and Mississippi, from New Orleans.

London, Nov. 3.—A large fund has been raised for the relief of the Quebec sufferers.

Consols 89¾. U. S. 5-20's 68¼.

Liverpool, Nov. 3.—Cotton is active. Middling Uplands have advanced to 15¼d. The sales to day were 16,000 bales.

Paris, Nov. 3.—The rumored change in the Washington embassy is fully confirmed.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 3.—The military and naval forces of Russia have been ordered to be raised to their full strength.

Madrid, Nov. 3.—It is said Spain contemplates a *coup d'état*.

Vienna, Nov. 3.—The Hungarian diet has convoked for the 19th inst.

Toronto, Nov. 3.—The excitement in relation to the Fenian trials has moderated. Lumsden was tried to day. The court-room was densely crowded. A verdict of not guilty was rendered.

New York, Nov. 3.—The grand total of registered voters in this city is 125,282.

Queenstown, Nov. 4.—The steamship Asia, from Boston October 24, arrived to day *en route* for Liverpool.

Vienna, Nov. 4.—Decrees have been promulgated relieving Mensdorff from the Foreign Ministry office, and appointing Von Beust his successor. The decrees also appoint Baron John Minister of War, vice Esterhazy, relieved. The Ministry is without portfolio. Von Beust has issued a circular, wherein he declares himself separated from the past. He says he enters the Austrian service free and unprejudiced. Austria will maintain a true and peaceful conciliatory policy, but will uphold the dignity of the Empire.

Florence, Nov. 4.—A deputation from Venetia has arrived at Turin amid great enthusiasm. The King and Cabinet were also there to receive them.

Berlin, Nov. 4.—The King of Saxony and his family re-entered Dresden yesterday, and were well received by the people. The German Parliament, it is expected, will be ready to meet at the beginning of the year.

Brussels, Nov. 4.—Chazes, the Belgian War Minister, has resigned.

Vicksburg, Nov. 4.—Passed up Henry Von Phul at 9 last night and Swallow at 1 P. M. and down Southerner at 3 P. M., and Judge Fletcher at 4 P. M. River stationary.

Southport Pilot, Nov. 4.—Arrived yesterday bark Rose Hatteras, Schatz, master, 43 days from Rio de Janeiro, with 2,000 bags of coffee, to J. L. Phipps & Co; schr. Margaret Ann, Reed master, 13 days from Havana, with 120 hogsheads molasses and 30 bales of tobacco, to J. Butler; steamship Morning Star, bound out ran ashore on the bar at 6 P. M. Arrived this A. M., steamship Fung Shuey, from New York the 27th of October, to David McCord; steamship Fire Queen, Williamson, master, thirty-six days from Liverpool, to Ashbridge, Deans & Co.; Bark Horace Scudder, Gould, master, 17 days from Boston, with a cargo, to Geo. W. Hyuson: Spanish brig Jones Josquin, from Matanzas in ballast. All went up in tow at 10 A. M. Steamship Montgomery went to sea at 7 A. M. Steamship Morning Star is still on the bar. Weather clear and pleasant. Wind north, very light. Tide low.

Steamship Fung Shuey arrived safely, having experienced a violent gale from S. to W. S. W., south of Lookout. The ship behaved admirably throughout, and suffered only the loss of new sails and rigging.

The Relief Measure of the Legislature.

[From the Mississippi Clarion.]

Numerous propositions were made in the Legislature for the purpose of giving temporary relief to debtors and protection for the sacrifice of property under execution sales. All the bills and resolutions on this subject were referred to a select committee composed of the ablest lawyers and best men of the Legislature, and, after mature consideration, a series of bills were reported that it was believed were constitutional, and would give the people the necessary relief in the present emergency. These bills passed both Houses by very decided majorities. The act allowing stay of execution and writs of error without bond, except for costs, has been approved and is now a law. The act allowing injunctions in certain cases without bond, was not considered by the Governor the wisest of time, and its act to regulate process allowing the plaintiff to collect annually twenty-five per cent. of his judgment, as our readers are aware, received the Executive veto. None of these laws propose to interfere with the creditor in obtaining his rights, but lean on the property of the debtor is fully protected, while time is given the defendant, which would enable a large number of those who are embarrassed, but not wholly insolvent, to pay off their debts and at the same time save their property from sacrifice at executions' sales.

A few accept those who are interested in the collection of old debts, either as plaintiff or attorneys, but regard some such legislation as just, equitable, and really necessary in the present condition of the country.

The unexampled losses of the people during the war, the failure of the present crop, the scarcity of money, the absolute certainty that all kinds of property will be sacrificed if so sacrificed, appeal strongly to the Legislature for some interposition. Of the three bills proposed, there is but one, that in reference to executions, denied by the Supreme Court to be constitutionality. Many of the best lawyers in the State are satisfied on this question, and believe that if passed it will be sustained as a law by the High Court. We have seen nothing so convincing on this subject as the speech of Mr. Stovall, of the House of Representatives.

When the Legislature came in January one of the first questions for its consideration will be whether the bill shall become a law, notwithstanding the Executive veto. If the people desire the bill passed, let them so instruct their members.

There is ample time for this to be done, and for Senators and Representatives to ascertain the wishes of their constituents.

The Mexican Annexation and Pacific Railroad Project.

—The New York *Times* of the 30th ult., in a double-leaded editorial, says:

Our Washington correspondent informs us that Minister Campbell has received his instructions, and will forthwith proceed to his post as our representative in Mexico. It is now agreed that the French troops will soon be withdrawn, Maximilian of course going with them; that the United States recognize the Juarez Government, and undertake to support it, if such contingency shall become necessary; that in consideration thereof, Mexico will cede to the United States a large portion of the territory of Chihuahua, and nearly the whole of Sonora, and all of Lower California. The like is not fixed further than that it is to run from the Rio Grande somewhere near El Paso directly to the Gulf of California, so as to include over side the important port of Guaymas. By this cession we gain a new and practicable route to the Pacific, secure the entire control of the Gulf of California, and extend our direct access inland on the Pacific from San Diego to Cape St. Lucas, about a thousand miles.

The following is a list of the passengers per steamship I. C. Harris, Capt. Lockwood, from Indianola and Galveston:

A Tarney, W Collins, Bitten, Robbert, Douglass, O Dalton and wife, Mrs Dalton and wife, Jno Hall, Mrs Parmet and daughter, Norris, Morrison, Marks, Wm Kessel, Miss Murphy, Miss Bartley, Murray and servant, J Carrera, Capt Stanton, C Williams, Mrs Simonds, and 7 on deck.

The Great Fenian Demonstration in New York.

FINAL ADDRESS OF HEAD CENTRE STEPHENS.

New York, Oct. 29.—A vast concourse of nearly 50,000 people assembled yesterday in Jones' woods, for the purpose of listening to an address by James Stephens on the prospects of the approaching culmination of Fenian affairs. The speaker was greeted with the utmost enthusiasm, and performed great difficulty in making himself heard to even the small circle of the assemblage who happened to be within the scope of the sound. By consent of necessary he crowd towards the stand.

It was understood to be his last speech previous to his departure for Ireland; where, he said, he will strike a blow for Ireland before the dawning of the New Year. He remarked that much had been already done in Ireland. An army of fifty thousand men had been organized, the aristocratic tendencies of her people republicanized, and the nation taught to reject the polished idolatries of her Catholic clergy. The latter he urged upon the crowd assembled without advising them to respect their spiritual advisers in all that appertains to their spiritual concerns. Efforts at the release of Ireland had failed heretofore, he said, because of a want of sympathy and aid in America.

A disagreement occurred at the close of the meeting by the supposed discovery of a British spy, who was badly cut and beaten before he was rescued by policemen and proved to be innocent of the charge.

A meeting of Fenian circles at the Gasmania Assembly Rooms, last night, resolved to avenge the death of the convicted Fenians in Canada, should they be executed, and dared the Canadians to carry their threats into execution.

The annexed despatch to President Roberts and the answer will serve as a summary of the great number that arrive and are answered:

TELEGRAM FROM CINCINNATI.

To President Roberts, New York:

Cincinnati, October 29—2 P. M.—We hold a grand civil and military meeting to-night. What is best to be done? We have over military force thoroughly reorganized. If you call for 100,000 men for three months, they would be ready at once. Answer this immediately.

J. W. FITZGERALD.

PRESIDENT ROBERTS' RESPONSE.

To J. W. Fitzgerald, Cincinnati:

Get your men in military form instantly. We will send to each Canadian town and ask whether they can hang a minister of God or not. If they touch a hair of his head they will have to run further than Booker, the "Queen's own" pedestrian.

WILLIAM R. ROBERTS,
President Fenian Brotherhood.

IMPEACHMENT.—Gen. Butler, in one of his late stump orations out West, has gone so far as to denounce his nomination and his changes against the President, as follows:

1. As attempt to bring Congress into public hatred, ridicule and contempt.

2. To usurp the executive power of appointment, and disregarding the prerogatives of the United States Senate in the appointment of men whom, that body, in pursuance of constitutional authority, had tried and rejected.

3. For declaring peace in the insurrectionary States without the consent of Congress.

4. For strongly using the pardoning power.

5. For failing to enforce the Civil Rights bill.

6. For complicity in the New Orleans riot.

Four and a half per cent. of all the cattle in England died of rinderpest.

Under storm of poverty the American War Minister lessened his expenses 60,000,000 in one month.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Anniversary of the Benevolent Sons of Louisiana.—This worthy Association of our fellow citizens, for charitable purposes, celebrated their tenth anniversary yesterday, in spirited style. The society, like all others, suffered some diminution by loss of its members during the war, but we were glad to notice a considerable turn out and procession, nevertheless, and to be assured that they have reorganized themselves on a more satisfactory basis than ever.

The exercises of the day passed off, according to the programme, in a very interesting manner. The procession formed at the Hall, corner of Elysian Fields and Greatmen streets, and marched, with the accompaniment of music, to the residence of the President, Mr. N. A. Lambias, where a beautiful wreath was presented by a lady member of the family; then, to the residence of Mr. Desgrais, corner of Craps and Desiré streets, where a new and beautiful "Louisiana State flag" was presented to the Association on behalf of the proverbially generous ladies of the Third District.

This was gracefully done through the hands of Miss L. V. Saucier, who delivered a pretty little address, to which our talented young friend Dr. J. J. Castellanos replied, and returned thanks in the name of the Society in his usual happy vein. The flag was made of elegant white silk, fringed with gold, and displayed a large Fetiens with its young at her bleeding breast, as traditionally represented It certainly reflects great credit upon the many fair hands which doubtless contributed to the ornateness of its design and execution.

The procession next marched to the new Church of St. Vincent de Paul, on Greatmen street, where the flag was dedicated and blessed by the Rev. E. J. Fottier in an earnest and impressive manner in the presence of a large number of ladies. The ceremonies seemed to be generally satisfactory, and not less so we imagine were the good things spread and said at the sumptuous collation prepared for the hundreds who participated in it at the Hall, and the dance which wound up with the night in the same place. May the gentlemen of the Association circle out in their enterprise like so many good Samaritans in the cause of benevolence.

THE COURTS.—The Courts of the State will all open for the transaction of business this morning. The Supreme Court are expected to render decisions in some old cases of the last term. The field of litigation, it is thought, will be quite distressing to debtors.

City Mortality.—There were returns to the Board of Health yesterday from the Girod, St. Louis, Lafayette, and St. Vincent de Paul cemeteries only, showing 45 interments therein for the week ending yesterday morning at 6 o'clock. Of this number seven were of yellow fever and nine of cholera. The cemeteries not reported are Cypress Grove No. 1 and No. 2, Greenwood, Odd Fellows' Rest, St. Patrick St. Joseph Asylum, Catholic No. 1 and No. 2 and the four Hebrew cemeteries. We expect to be able to report the full returns to morrow morning.

Found Dead.—Corporal Logan reports that a man named Kelly, 37 yrs was found dead in his store last night, corner of Levee and Thalia streets, Fourth District, and the cause of his death not known. The Coroner was notified.

Destitute.—Policeman Hart sent to the Charity Hospital last night a man named John Ward, found in a sick and destitute condition on the Levee.

Errant Yoemaster.—An intelligent, but afflicted boy, about 15 years old, named John Stewart, was locked up in the First District last night for stealing about $40 from Capt. Ben Woods, of the Sixth United States Cavalry, who had him in his employ. Some thirty dollars of the money was found on him. He says he is an orphan, and that he came from Cincinnati.

Drowned—Foul Play Suspected.—The Coroner began an inquest yesterday on the body of John Fitzgerald, aged 47 years, a native of Ireland, found drowned in the river, at the foot of Celeste street, Third District. The case was continued on account of the absence of an important witness. There are suspicions of foul play, which it is supposed his testimony will establish.

Robbery.—James F. Burke [was arrested in the Second District yesterday, charged by E. O. Bennett with having, last Saturday night, robbed him of $20. He is also charged by Officer Delaup, who arrested him, with carrying concealed weapons.

Larceny.—George Lewis is under arrest in the First District, charged by Xavier Legoued with larceny of a trunk and some articles of clothing.

AN INSTANCE OF WAR'S RAVAGES IN ALABAMA.—One of the editors of the Selma *Messenger* writing from Tuscaloosa, on the 29th ult., says:

A sad instance of the reverses of fortune produced by the war was mentioned in the case of Mr. Prewitt, of this county, whose estate was sold out on the first Monday in the month. At the breaking out of the war he was the wealthiest citizen of Tuscaloosa county. He owned three hundred and sixty slaves and large tracts of land. He had large sums of money out at interest, secured by mortgage on negro property and land. He was a nonsuiter, economical countryman, who bought everything at the lowest price for cash. He paid his physician's bills before the doctor left the house. When General Croxton came to Tuscaloosa he took from this old man some forty head of horses and mules, all his money, provisions, etc., which was his first calamity. Next came emancipation, which swept his slave property. Next came the breaking up of all the men to whom Prewitt had loaned money, or for whom he stood security. Finally an execution was levied on his property for a few thousand dollars, and all his real estate was sold under the sheriff's hammer for $600.

How the Popular Vote Stands.

	Radical.	Conserva.
California*	62,134	43,841
Colorado†	3,292	2,567
Connecticut*	42,274	31,329
Delaware*	8,156	8,767
Illinois*	189,497	158,349
Indiana*	150,422	128,383
Iowa*	87,331	49,260
Kansas‡	11,420	9,726
Kentucky*	27,788	64,201
Maine*	53,479	31,117
Maryland*	40,171	29,730
Massachusetts*	126,742	46,745
Michigan*	91,521	74,904
Minnesota*	25,027	17,482
Missouri*	72,394	31,698
Nevada¶	1,699	
New Hampshire*	36,400	32,871
New Jersey‡	67,386	64,734
Ohio†	223,633	193,497
Oregon‡	9,983	8,457
Pennsylvania*	238,490	215,748
Rhode Island*	14,367	8,718
Vermont†	37,586	8,887
Wisconsin*	57,139	48,842
Alabama		90,357
Arkansas*		54,053
Florida*		12,247
Georgia*		102,363
Louisiana*		50,510
Mississippi*		69,130
North Carolina*		96,320
South Carolina (estimate).		50,000
Tennessee*		98,799
Texas*		62,986
Virginia*	1,925	165,294
Total	1,669,923	2,218,759
Majority on popular vote		384,836
Majority in the Presidential College		

* Presidential vote of 1864.
† Gubernatorial vote of 1865.
‡ State officers' vote of 1865.
¶ Majority on last Congressional vote.
|| Congressional vote of 1864.

MONETARY AND FINANCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 3, 1866.

We have no material change to notice in the general market, the movements in bank statements having been on a restricted scale. Sugar and Molasses were quiet and Western Produce in limited supply, attracting attention however, with a slight decline in Pork and Flour; while operations in our leading staple were on a moderate scale, and the close assuming nearly 2,000 bales at prices showing no variation from last evening's rates.

The Coin market in the early part of the day was quite active, owing to high quotations at New York, but after the receipt of the noon telegrams announcing a reaction in Wall street the movement became less animated.

Gold opened this morning at 138¾ to 139 against 138¾ to 139, the closing rates last evening, and after selling as high as 140¼ closed steady at 140 bid.

Silver was in fair demand, and the morning Board comprised $10,000 at 134¾, $14,000 (1000, three lots of 2000, 5000 and 5000) at 135, $45,000 (1000, 4000, 4000, and 40,000 at 136; at the Evening Board $10,000 at 135, $7,000 at 135¾, $48,109 (4000, 4000, 4000, and 5000) at 136¾, $22,000 (3000, 5000, 8000 and 10,000) at 137, and $10,000 at 137¾. In Silver the sales included $5,000 in American coin, at the Board, at 140¼, including 1½ Fine at @1 50, 250 do at @1 52½ Superfine at @1 50, 50 and 200 Choice do at @1 53, 100 Treble do at @1 75, 100 Choice do, at @1 80, 100 do. at @1 85, and 50 very Choice Family at @1 95 per barrel.

CORN—Operations have been entirely suspended in consequence of the late arrivals, and the few that were taken were obtained at lower prices than those reported yesterday. The transactions were restricted to 11c bids, including 1½ Fine at @1 50, 250 do at @1 52½ Superfine at @1 60, 50 and 200 Choice do at @1 53, 100 Treble do at @1 75, 100 Choice do, at @1 80, 100 do. at @1 85, and 50 very Choice Family at @1 95 per barrel.

OATS—Thanquiry to day was fair, and we noticed sales of some 200 bbls the particulars of which we have not yet transpired. We quote round lots of Even Weight Mess at $35, and retail parcels at $33 25 per barrel.

BACON—There is only a retail movement at full prices. We quote Shoulders and Ribbed Sides at 18c, Clear Sides at 19 to 19½c, Green Shoulders at 16½c, Plain Hams at 21 to 22c, and Sugar Cured do. at 25 to 26½c per pound.

LARD—There is a fair supply on hand, both in tierces and kegs, but the demand is limited We quote Prime at 14c for the former and 16½c for the latter.

STAR CANDLES—We noticed a sale of 150 boxes Sheaffer's at 23c, for 12 os, 21c for 13 os, and 25c per pound for full weight.

RICE ROFF—There is considerable inquiry, and prices are firm at 14c per pound. We have no transactions, however, to report.

INDIA BAGGING—There is little or none in first hands, and dealers are supplying the de mand at 34c per yard for bales, and 35½c in rolls.

IRON COTTON TIES—The stock on hand is limited and the demand very active at 11 to 12c per lb.

WOOL—There is a fair supply on hand, which is being disposed of at 13 to 25c for Louisiana Native, 19 to 30c for Texas half and three quarters Merino, 23 to 25c for do. three-quarters and seven eighths do, 13 to 15c for washed, and 28 to 31c per lb for hurry.

HAY—There is only a retail business being carried on at $2 25 to $2 40 per gallon for Western Rectified, while Alcohol is selling by the quantity at $2 to $2 20, and in small parcels at $2 25 per gallon. The week's receipts comprise 375 bbls, and the exports 181 bbls.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.—The stock of Western Butter is very large and is selling at 20 to 35c, according to quality; Northern or Goshen at 45 to 47c per lb, Western Cheese is selling at 16 to 18c, and Northern at 17 to 18c per lb. To day there were sales of 100 boxes Western at 17c, and 50 do. Engelish Dairy at 20c per lb.

SALT—We have little or no alteration to note. Prices remain about the same, and we continue to quote Liverpool at $2 10 to $2 75 for Fine, and $2 35 to $3 00 for Coarse in warehouse and $2 15 to $2 25 for Fine and $2 10 for the latter in cargo. The last sale of Turk's Island was made at 70c per bushel.

BRANS—There is some demand for Western at $20 to $21 per bbl, while Feeders are very much in request at $16 to $18 per bbl.

FREIGHTS—Very little doing. Sail for New York and Boston ⅜c per lb for Cotton. Sail for Liverpool ⅝ to ¾ bid per lb for Cotton, and 1½ to 1¾c for Havre. The steamer on the berth for Liverpool has the whole of her cargo engaged at ⅝c per lb for Cotton, and makes her departure next Saturday.

Cotton Market.

CITY OF JEFFERSON, N ember 5, 1866.

Arrived Saturday: 1092 Texas Bowes, and 51 Hogh. No sales.

Sales on Sunday: 2902 Texas and 7 Western Rogue, 61 Mobile and Yazoo Fine, 3646 Sheep and 72 Mitch Cotton.

Ordinary, Choice	29 @ 30
Western Rogue, fair quality, P lb	30 @ 31
Western Rogue, 3d quality, P lb	28 @ 29
Texas Rogue, fair quality, P lb	30 @ 31
Texas Bowes, 1st quality, P lb net	31 @ 32
Texas Bowes, 2d quality, P lb net	30 @ 31
Texas Bowes, 3d quality, P lb net	29 @ 30
Western Rogue, 1st quality, P lb net	32 @ 33
Western Rogue, 2d quality, P lb net	31 @ 32
Mobile Rods	33 @ 34
Mobile Fine, 1st quality, P lb net	32 @ 33
Texas Sheep, P bale	1 00 @ 1 05
Genuine Sheep, P lb	30 @ 31
Mitch Cotton, middle to good	30 @ 32
Mitch Cotton, Fine	33 @ 34
Mitch Cotton, Extra Fine	35 @ 36

DIED.

Tuesday, at 5 o'clock P. M., JOSEPH LLULLA, Jr., aged 26 years.

His friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, TO-DAY, at 4 o'clock P. M., promptly, from his brother's residence, Dryades street, near the corner of Louisiana street, Third District.

FUNERAL MASS.

A funeral mass will be celebrated on TUESDAY, November 6th, 1866, at 7½ o'clock A. M., precisely, at the Obstinary Chapel, corner Canal and Bourgogne streets, in memory of the late JOSEPH CEZEAU, who died on the 19th of October last, at 11½ o'clock A. M.

The friends and acquaintances of the deceased, and those of his family are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice.

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MARINE NEWS.

Port of New Orleans, November 3, 1866.

CLEARED YESTERDAY

☞ No steamers at the Custom-house yesterday.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY

Steamship Hudson, Pennington, from Galvez Pass, in Havana & Bowen—1st district 17

Steamship J C Harris, Rockwood, from Indianola and Galveston, by T L Harris—1st district 16

Steamship Fung Shuey, Simpson, from New York 27th ult, to D McCord—2d district

Steamship Monterey, Edwards, from New York, 26th ult, to Wm Gerry—3d district

Ship Thomas, Modgett, 18 days from New York to Master—Ward

Bark Leyden Street, Gregory, 14 days from Rockland, Me—to Thornton & Rost—1st district, 31

Schooner Welcome, Blake, from Vera Cruz, to Master—Point

—STEAMBOATS—

Alone, Paradise, from Tallahatchie, Ms

J M Sharp, Dugas, from Donaldsonville

Hurricane, Knapp, from Shreveport

M S Hopkins, Hopkins, from St Louis

Lady Gay, Burke, from St Louis

Dan Hogan, Hogan, from Pittsburg, Pa

Atonia, Stapler, from Pittsburgh

Rose, Fitzsimmons, from Pittsburg, Pa

—TOWBOAT REGISTER—

Towboat A J Bales, Dowd, from Pittsburg, with nine barges.

MEMORANDA

Capt Edwards, of the steamship Monterey, reports the following weather report:

Oct. 29—Exchanged signals with steamship George Cromwell, hence for New York.

Oct. 30, 12:30 o'clock—Exchanged signals with steamship Sadie, from Havana for New York.

At 4 o'clock P. M., exchanged two minute guns with Peyton's Roof, saw steamship Mississippi, hence for Portland Monroe and New York.

IMPORTS

INDIANOLA AND GALVESTON—Per steamship J C Harris—[Here follows a long list of packages, the principal of which are 2,000 sacks Corn to Thomas & Lanier; 2,000 do Rice to Thomas & Lanier; 2,000 do Corn to Thomas & Lanier; 2,000 do Corn to Thomas & Lanier; 2,000 do Corn