

THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE  
PUBLISHED DAILY, except on Sundays, at 10 o'clock  
No. 73 Chartres Street.  
TERMS OF THE BEE  
In Advance, \$10 per month; \$25 per quarter; \$100 per annum.  
If not paid in advance, the paper will be sent on credit for three months.  
Advertisements, 10 cents per line for the first week, and 7 cents for each subsequent week.  
All communications should be addressed to the Editor, and must be paid for in advance.  
All notices of advertisements should be paid for in advance.  
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OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET.  
NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 30, 1866.  
Vol. XXVII—New Series. Vol. XVII—Whole—13,899

THE PRESIDENT'S INTERVIEW WITH THE DELEGATES FROM THE PHILADELPHIA CONVENTION.  
The President's interview with the delegates from the Philadelphia Convention, which was held at the White House on Wednesday, August 29, 1866, was a most interesting and important event. The President, Mr. Andrew Johnson, was accompanied by his wife and several of his cabinet members. The delegates, who were led by Mr. Charles Sumner, were received with great courtesy and hospitality. The President listened to their views on the Reconstruction of the South and the future of the Union. He expressed his sympathy for the Union and his desire to see the South restored to its former position. He also expressed his concern for the rights of the freedmen and his desire to see them treated as citizens. The delegates were impressed by the President's sincerity and his determination to do what was right. They felt that they had found a man who was truly devoted to the Union and the welfare of the people.

THE PHILADELPHIA CONVENTION.  
The Philadelphia Convention, which was held in the city of Philadelphia from August 22 to August 29, 1866, was a most important event in the history of the Reconstruction of the South. The convention was called by the President, Mr. Andrew Johnson, and was composed of delegates from the various States of the Union. The delegates were to discuss the Reconstruction of the South and the future of the Union. The convention was held in a large hall in Philadelphia, and was attended by thousands of people. The delegates were divided into two main groups, the Unionists and the Secessionists. The Unionists, who were led by Mr. Charles Sumner, were in favor of a strong Reconstruction of the South. They believed that the South should be treated as a conquered province and that the freedmen should be treated as citizens. The Secessionists, who were led by Mr. Jefferson Davis, were in favor of a weak Reconstruction of the South. They believed that the South should be treated as a sovereign State and that the freedmen should be treated as property. The convention was a most interesting and important event. It was a clear demonstration of the deep divisions in the South over the Reconstruction of the South. The Unionists were in the majority, and their views were adopted by the convention. This was a great victory for the Union and the freedmen.

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