THE DAILY BEE
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NEW ORLEANS:
THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 9.

New Orleans Bee

Office 73 Chartres street. NEW ORLEANS THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 9, 1864 Vol. XVII—New Series. Vol. XXVI—Whole No. 13133.

Sales at Auction This Day.

By McCeren & Landry—at their Mart, Magnolia Hall, Carondelet.

Splendid New Hotel, Hotel, on Theatre street, at the residence of the late Wm. Mure, books and old wines.

We are indebted to the polite Palmer of the Evening Star for renewed favors.

HARDWARE, SUNDRIES. — Messrs. Vion & West, 119 and 121 Magazine street, advertise a lot of axes, shovels, chains, plows, hoes, adzes, &c., to be sold with French horse shoes nails—all for sale low.

At 11 o'clock this day Messrs. McCeren & Landry sell a fine milch cow and heifer, and also a general assortment of furniture, etc., at their mart. For further particulars see their advertisement.

Constitutional Convention.

WEDNESDAY, June 8, 1864.

The action of the Convention on the Judiciary question was reconsidered, and the whole subject was recommitted to a special committee of 9, and the Convention then adjourned until Monday, 13th inst.

List of Specie brought by the steamship Evening Star, from New York:

$90,000	Bank of Commerce.
20,000	Mechanics Nat'l Bk.
10,000	J. Parsons.
10,000	I. N. Blake.
10,000	J. M. K. Jones & Co.
10,000	Mayer Bros.
10,000	J. W. Wrightman & Co.
10,000	Mee & Godfrey.
11,500	Order.
2,000	Order, Kyes.
2,000	A. M. Collins.
2,000	J. Spencer.
2,000	E. F. W. Bartnett.
2,000	Order, Sam. Swift.
2,000	C. S. Kane.
2,000	V. Hudson.
$293,500	Total.

Arrival of the Evening Star.

The steamship Evening Star, from New York on the 1st instant, arrived last evening about 3 o'clock. She brought $155,000 in gold on freight, and the following passengers:

Gen S Davidson, Collector of the Port of New Orleans, A Fortier, A Bailey, Jno Kilbourn, R B Hart, E Hawkins, Shady, Miss Laurel, Miss Caroline Shady, Mrs Shady, Miss Shady, Miss C Chase, H Clapper, Lieut Joseph B Nash, J P Wright, Henry Mayer, S A Walker, H Beckwith, W Johnson, Chas Colcord, J P Bacon, A Brooks, H Shaw.

One Day Later News from the North.

ARRIVAL OF THE EVENING STAR

The Great Virginia Campaign—Sheridan Approaching a Crisis—Grant's Advance 7 Miles from Richmond—His Base of Supplies at the White House—Gunboats Ascending with Grant's Army—Lee Attempts to Turn his Flank—and is Repulsed—Lee Supposed to be on the Chickahominy—His Exact Position to be Tested by an Advance of Grant—Junction of Butler's Army with Grant's.

GEN SHERMAN'S ADVANCE—LATER REPULSING JOHNSTON, NEAR MARIETTA.

Later European and Interesting Political News.

NEWS FROM HAVANA AND ST. DOMINGO.

Gold in New York 159 @ 160 Gold 109.

By the arrival of the steamship Evening Star we have New York dates to the evening of the 1st instant, with a variety of later and additional news:

Official Dispatches from Secretary Stanton.

War Department, Washington, May 31—4 P. M.—Major-General Dix:

We have dispatches from Gen. Grant down to 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. They seemed, the day before, to be some prospect of Lee's making a stand north of the Chickahominy. His rear was on the Mechanicsville road, south of Totopotomoy Creek, and between that stream and Shady Grove Church, with his right resting on Shady Grove. Dispatches for an attack were being made by the Sixth Corps. Wilson's Cavalry had been on the Virginia Central railroad bridges over the North Anna River and South Anna, and break up the track from those rivers to two miles beyond Ashland Station. Sheridan, where the headquarters of the cavalry were established. There is no further telegraphic news of communication with Sheridan.

A dispatch from General Sheridan dated yesterday, 10 A. M., at Ashland, reports a change in the position of the army. A fight had occurred subsequent to the affair of Saturday.

No intelligence from any other quarter has been received by the Department.

E. M. STANTON, Sec'y of War.

[SECOND DISPATCH]

War Department, Washington, Tuesday, May 31 P. M.

Maj. Gen. Dix:

A despatch from Gen. Grant, dated 6 o'clock this morning, at Hawes' Shop, has just been received. It is as follows:

"The enemy came over on our left last evening and attacked. They were easily repulsed, and with very considerable slaughter. To relieve Gen. Warren, who was on the left, early, Gen. Meade ordered an attack by the balance of our lines. Gen. Hancock was the only one who received the order in time to make the attack before dark. He drove the enemy from his intrenched skirmish line, and still holds it. I have no report of our losses, but suppose them to be light."

Other official dispatches, not from Gen Grant were received at the same time, and give more details. They are as follows, the first being dated yesterday, (29th of May) at 8 o'clock P. M.

"In the charge of the afternoon Warren had pushed down on our left until his flank division under Crawford reached a point almost in front of Shady Grove Church. Crawford having got detached from the rest of the corps was attacked and crowded back a little. The enemy then threw a force, which appears to have not consisted of Hoke's Corps, upon Warren's left, attempting to turn it, but was repulsed. The engagement was sharp and decisive. Warren holds his ground at a distance of seven miles from Richmond. He reports that he has taken a considerable number of prisoners, and that there are many rebel dead on the field. Of his own losses he has not yet made report. His latest dispatch—by the way it was sent—represents his left, supposing it to be advancing toward Richmond in that direction. On our right an active conflict has been raging ever since dark, but has just closed. As soon as the enemy attacked the left of Warren, Wright and Hancock were ordered to push in, but do not seem to have got ready and attack before nightfall. No report has been made from them."

The citing dispatch above referred to is dated at 6 o'clock this morning, and states that on Hancock's attack last night, Gen Brooks drove the enemy out of a strong intrenched skirmish line, and holds it. The losses are not reported. Burnside's whole corps and division (Ord's) Ninth corps, under Major Hopkins, of Gen. Burnside's staff, came from the front this afternoon, says "the rebels attacked at half-past 7 o'clock this morning, and at 10 o'clock the attack was over, enemy repulsed and our left reached the railroad near Ravenna." To accomplish this objects, full seventy-five had been the purpose of General Sherman's movements. Additional forces are reaching him, and ample supplies.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

General Grant's New Base at the White House.

Fortress Monroe, May 30.—It is no longer improper to speak of the important fact that we have been in progress at this department during the past two days, as they are now fully accomplished [already, as we learn, Secretary Stanton's war bulletin.—*Editor Evening Post.*]

A large portion of the troops of Burnside Hundred, under General Butler have been transferred, under command of General Smith, to the left of the Potomac. The troops were sent in transports with great celerity by Lynn river to White House, the new base of supplies for General Grant.

General Smith and Brooks, with their commands, arrived at Fortress Monroe on Tuesday evening from Bermuda Hundred, and, after a short stop for coal, &c., left for the White House. Generals Gillmore, Ames and Wild remain at Bermuda Hundred with General Butler. The base of supplies for Gen. Grant is now established at the White House, and Bermudian Bay is now there taken from Lynn with supplies for General Grant's army.

[Special to the New York World.]

Washington News and Gossip.

MORE CABINET RUMORS.

Washington, May 31.—President Lincoln has so far yielded to the clamor in his party as to intimate that his re-election does not involve a continuance of his present cabinet, and that a radical change may be looked for at an early day—certainly before the expiration of his present term. Messrs. Seward, Stanton and Blair are certainly to go out. Mr. Seward is willing to retire at once. Mr. Chase is waiting rather impatiently for Judge Taney's retirement, knowing does are already busy making up a new cabinet. The following is one of them:

Secretary of State—Charles Francis Adams.
Secretary of Treasury—Isaac Sherman, of New York.
Secretary of War—Simon Cameron.
Secretary of the Navy—H. Winter Davis.
Secretary of the Interior—Horace Greeley.
Attorney General—William E. Dodge.
Postmaster-General—Schuyler Colfax.

Mr. Seward will probably be tendered the mission to England—and hopes are not absurd that Gen. Frémont will accept that to France. Mr. Greeley is said to be confident he felt that something is due his patriotism in turning the cold shoulder upon the Cleveland Convention.

ANOTHER CONVENTION

A secret Convention of delegates for the Loyal Leagues will meet at Baltimore on the 16th June. This is the thing that Senator Pomeroy has been engineering, and will meet with some hope if forcing Chase or Butler upon the regular Convention.

THE ADMINISTRATION AND THE CLEVELAND CONVENTION.

There is scarcely a doubt that the issue for the vice-presidential ticket at Cleveland Convention will be indorsed at Baltimore, and it is said it is to be with the understanding that John Covington is seeking that honor there. It is asserted that it is imperative the candidate shall have voted for Buchanan in 1860. This is the great administration test of loyalty in 1864.

THE BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP BILL

Washington, May 31.—The bill to authorize the establishment of regular mail steamship service between the United States and Brazil, having been approved by President Lincoln, is now a law. Twelve round trips are to be performed a year for the value with the contract contracts made with each government. The United States portion of the expense to not exceed $150,000 per annum. Four safe fast steamships are to be built and the service in Detective Allen to ... ships will be invited by the Postmaster General.

IMPORTANT TO SHIPMASTERS

Information has been received at the Navy Department from the Consul of the United States at Gibraltar that he regards it important all foreign vessels leaving Gibraltar and Tangier to show their national colors, as only enforced by the Spanish authorities. Masters, therefore, will consult their own interest by careful observation of this.

THE MEXICAN QUESTION.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs met today for the purpose of considering the correspondence between Mr. Seward and the French government, growing out of the House resolution on Mexican affairs. But with the recess in the House until the 13th the Committee has determined what it will do in the premises.

[From the New York Express, 31st.]

CONGRESS—AN ARMISTICE PROPOSED

After our dispatches closed yesterday Mr. Lazear, of Pennsylvania, offered a resolution concurring with a resolution that it be proper to adopt measures for the cessation of hostilities between the North and South, and an armistice in order that such measures as a convention may be called of all the States with a view to the restoration of the Union with their constitutional rights, may be made to the decision, when Mr. Lazear moved a suspension of the rules, upon which the House adjourned.

From Havana and St. Domingo.

An arrival yesterday at this port brings Havana papers, says the New Orleans Delta.

The Spanish squadron off Puerto Plata is considerable element, and the Dominicans are made in full. They cost them several later news from the Spanish fleet off the coast on the eve of sailing.

Intelligence from St. Domingo represents the Spanish successes.

The City of San Domingo is now in the hands of the rebels, and the Spanish fleet is in the vicinity of Puerto Plata. Gen. Santana is said to be at the head of the insurgents.

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