THE [illegible] BEE.
G. F. [illegible] & CO.

NEW ORLEANS:
MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 13, 1860.

# The New Orleans Bee.

Office, 73 [illegible]tres street. NEW ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 13, 1860. Vol. XVII—New Series. Vol. XXXII.—Whole No. 11,751.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
ONE DOLLAR for every TEN lines, in each language, for the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one.
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SUBSCRIPTIONS BY THE WEEK.

The carriers of the Bee are authorized to receive subscriptions to our paper, at the rate of 25 cents a week, payable in all cases to the carriers themselves.

Auction Sales This Day.

[illegible] at 10½ o'clock, A. M., on [illegible] Frenchmen [illegible] horses, cows, calf, buggies, cart, harness, &c. At 12 o'clock, M., at the [illegible] common street, judgment, bond, &c. [illegible]

## ENGLAND ARMING.

Some weeks ago we took occasion to [illegible] an abstract of the voluminous report on the public defenses of Great Britain submitted by the Commission to which the subject had been referred. The establishment of a complete and extensive system of fortifications especially in those places where arms and ammunition are stored, on which [illegible] the avenues leading to the city of London, was the chief recommendation of the Commission; and to effect this object appropriations were asked for, amounting in the aggregate to some sixty [illegible] millions of dollars.

The report of the Commission was laid before the country several months ago, but the subject has been quite recently brought before Parliament in a copious and remarkably significant speech by Lord PALMERSTON, pronounced on the 23th ult. The noble Lord began by pointing out the gradual decay of the system of English defenses which had followed the conclusion of the protracted Napoleonic wars. He then alluded to the revolution in the entire system of maritime warfare occasioned by the application of steam to sea navigation; touched upon the necessity of new and improved defensive works, referred to the appointment of a Commission for the purpose of making proper enquiry, and to its report. After this cautious introduction Lord PALMERSTON spoke not very gingerly of the threatening aspect of Europe, and of the probable policy and designs of NAPOLEON III. He declared in substance that France was a warlike nation, not much addicted to commerce, and with a decided love of military glory; that though a commercial treaty existed between that nation and Great Britain, it could not be expected at once to modify the taste and genius of the French people; that France was almost invulnerable, while England, from her insular position, was perpetually open to attack. He adverted to the immense standing army—exceeding six hundred thousand men—possessed by France, and showed that such a force was entirely too formidable to be limited to mere objects of defense. That army had not probably been raised for purposes of aggression; but the possession of power to aggress frequently gives the desire to do so. The French navy he regarded as even more redoubtable. By it she has the ability of transporting within a few hours a large and formidable number of troops to the English coast. In this strain Lord PALMERSTON proceeded at great length, alluding to the various and complicated interests of both nations in nearly every quarter of the globe; to the contact and collision which might occur between them, and to the urgent and imperative necessity on the part of England of being at all times prepared for any emergency. The following passage shows with what directness and explicitness the question is treated:

What are the dangers to which we are exposed? They are of two kinds—I speak now only of the United Kingdom, and say nothing of the colonies or our various foreign possessions. The danger to which we should be exposed would be that of invasion, for one or two, or I may say three purposes—either with the hope of conquest, which I think no country would imagine to be possible [hear]; or, next, to get possession of the metropolis, and there levy heavy contributions, and by overbearing the spirit and hopes of the country, dictate in the capital terms of peace that would be ignominious to the country and advantageous to the invader. [Hear, hear.] The third, and, as I think, the more probable attempt, would be by a sudden attack, by sea and land, or by land if the sea defences be bad, attempting to take possession of, or destroy our arsenals, the cradles of our navy, which are our national strength, and by destroying at the root our naval forces, to lay us open afterwards to other measures of aggression which they might be enabled to carry out. [Hear, hear.] I dismiss from my mind the idea that any foreign power would dream of conquering this country with the view of permanent possession, as I do not believe it would enter the mind of any one. [Hear, hear.] No doubt London would be open to invasion, but London is too [illegible] space to be surrounded by fortifications. [Hear, hear.]

You cannot fortify London as you can Paris. London must be defended in the field. [Hear, hear.] There are [illegible] natural positions between the coast and London, which, skilfully taken advantage of, might enable even a small force to repel a larger force, and eventually drive back an invasion. [Hear, hear.] And there is this to be said, that whatever amount of force an enemy might land on our shores, so long as we retain our naval power, that force must ultimately be lost, because its communications would be cut off, its supplies rendered impossible, and sooner or later, it would be compelled to surrender. [Hear, hear.] It might do great mischief; it might cause extensive destruction of life and property, and entail great misery on the country; but the ultimate success of such an operation would not, I apprehend, enter the mind of any military man to be regarded as one likely to be attended with permanent advantage to an enemy, except in so far as it might inflict injury on this country. [Hear.]

The remainder of the speech of Lord PALMERSTON was occupied with the discussion of the most effective and available means of establishing an adequate system of defence. The protection of the dockyards by fortifications, and the presence of an army in the field were considered indispensable to the accomplishment of the object.

The influence of this speech [illegible] in the depression of the funds and in the tone of the public press. It was [illegible] that when an aged, experienced and [illegible] statesman expresses himself in language [illegible] decisive and intelligible, there is probable danger ahead. We think ourselves that the precautionary measures suggested by Lord PALMERSTON are abundantly necessary, and cannot be too soon adopted. England has as a near neighbor a nation which has [illegible] open and bitter enemy for centuries, and her friend at spasmodic and long separated intervals. That nation is one of the most excitable and most pugnacious of any in the civilized world; while its excitability and pugnacity are unlikely to be at all subdued by the reflection that in material power, discipline and the command of military and naval resources it is at least equal, if not superior to her traditional rival. Who can say that France may not feel disposed to humble the pride of Great Britain? Is it not possible that LOUIS NAPOLEON may one of these days resolve to avenge Waterloo? Besides, at this time when all Europe is surrounded by difficulties and embarrassments which may lead to a general war, opportunity will easily present itself for picking a quarrel with Great Britain, provided France is anxious to find a pretext. Upon the whole we think England right in preparing for trouble, though whether her usually plucky Premier [illegible] right in the open expression of his apprehensions may well be questioned.

THE DOUGLAS ELECTORAL TICKET.—In our advertising columns will be found the Electoral Ticket of the National Democrats of Louisiana. It is certainly one of the strongest that could have been selected, and will, no doubt, command a powerful vote in the State.

THE YOUNG BELL RINGERS.—Our readers are referred to the eloquent and appropriate resolutions adopted by the Young Bell Ringers in acknowledgment of the handsome scarf presented to them by the ladies of Natchitoches.

ADDRESS OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—We publish to-day the address of the Executive Committee of the Constitutional-Union party of Louisiana, and bespeak public attention to this spirited, forcible and comprehensive document.

TWO BOATS ON THE RIVER.—We learn from the officers of the steamship Suwanee, which arrived yesterday morning, that the towboat J. L. Day, having in tow the schooner D. F. Keeling, was blown ashore [illegible] below the Quarantine Station. The [illegible] bound down with the ships [illegible] and Arno, was capsized above the forts. [illegible] a brig, name unknown, dismasted, at the forts; also a schooner, a complete wreck. The storm blew down a great number of houses and fences all along the coast.

NEW MUSIC.—Our thanks are due to P. P. Werlein, No. 5 Camp street, for the following new music:

*Melodies from Wallace's Opera of Lurline*, comprising the following choice gems: [illegible]

*The Fairy's Dream*—a [illegible] ballad, by [illegible].

*The Angel of Life*—a [illegible] ballad, by Thomas. [illegible]

[illegible] *Love Letter Polka*, by [illegible].

[illegible] Why [illegible] your Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores? Why have the [illegible] by Dyspepsia, Rheumatism [illegible] Syphilitic and Mercurial [illegible] in your body, or the [illegible] Why let your sluggish blood [illegible] scatter its distempers through your veins? AYER'S COMP. EXT. OF SARSAPARILLA cures these complaints, and cleanses out [illegible] Use it faithfully, and you will [illegible] a healthier, cleaner, and [illegible] member.—*Democrat, Bath.*

## POLITICAL ITEMS.

NEW BELL AND EVERETT PAPER.—Mr. Thos. J. Hargis, a graduate of the Thibodaux *Minerva*, and late editor of the Houma *Civic*, has just established a new paper at Houma, parish of Terrebonne, styled the "*Civic Guard*." It advocates the cause of Bell and Everett for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency of the United States.

The Baton Rouge *Sugar Planter* states that the Douglas and Johnson ratification meeting held at Bruley Landing on Saturday evening was one of the largest assemblages ever seen in that parish.

We perceive the Breckinridgers of New Orleans announce a mass meeting at the foot of the Clay statue for Thursday evening, 16th inst. As this is the third attempt to get up a gathering, we trust they will have a good time of it. Poor fellows! They need something to keep them in spirits.

ANOTHER DOUGLAS ORGAN.—The Vicksburg *Citizen* has hauled down the Breckinridge, and run up the Douglas flag.

The Bell and Everett meeting in Washington City on the evening of the 8th inst. was, says the *Intelligencer*, by far the largest and most important gathering of the whole campaign.

At a Breckinridge and Lane ratification meeting in Madison, Ga., a few nights since, Col. John G. McHenry had the manliness to acknowledge the soundness and worth of the Union candidates. The Madison *Visitor*—a neutral paper—says:

He complimented Mr. Bell as a sound, honest man, and Mr. Everett as a pure, high-toned, noble gentleman, whose sense of justice towered above the storm of fanaticism, which has distracted the country and jeoparded the rights of our section of the Union.

This, remarks the Augusta *Chronicle*, is very different from the common herd of Breckinridge *slang-wangers*, who are accustomed, from party bitterness or from ignorance, to denounce John Bell, a large slaveholder, as "unsound," and Mr. Everett, one of the purest men of the Republic, as a vile Abolitionist. Common decency ought to close the mouths of the slanderers, if nothing else could.

### The Elections.

*North Carolina.*—As the official figures come on the Democratic majority declines. It is now estimated at 4000, being a loss of three-fourths of the vote of 1858, and may be still further reduced. The Unionists have gained fourteen members of the Legislature. Old Rip is perfectly safe for Bell and Everett in November.

*Kentucky.*—In 64 counties Combs beats McClarty 24,686. Mr. Breckinridge was beaten in his own precinct, his own county, his own district and his own State.

*Missouri.*—The St. Louis *Republican* furnishes the vote of 40 counties—about one-third of the State. The result is as follows: C. F. Jackson (Douglas), 36,792; Orr (Union), 34,026; H. Jackson (Breck.), 2,501. We cannot say how the State has gone, nor does the *Republican*. The Legislature will probably be anti-Democratic—the Black Republican delegation from St. Louis holding the balance of power. The Unionists have gained one member of Congress—Major Rollins—in the Second District.

*Arkansas* deserves a separate paragraph.

### Arkansas—A Congressman Gained!

The returns from Arkansas warrant the belief that Cypert (B. and E.) has beaten Hindman (Breckinridge) for Congress, by a considerable majority. In three counties he leads Hindman nearly 500. Good! The Helena *Shield* claims the State for Bell and Everett in November.

Since writing the above the news is confirmed of the defeat of Hindman by Mr. Cypert. Hindman admits his defeat by his competitor, by from 5000 to 8000 majority.

### The Result in Kentucky.

The friends of Bell and Everett, aided by a portion of the friends of Douglas, have elected Leslie Combs over the Breckinridge candidate by a loud and resounding majority. And they have done this, not only without organization and without the use of money and almost without the aid of stump speakers, but against the most tremendous and multiform influences ever brought to bear upon a Kentucky election. On several occasions before, powerful agencies, originating not only here, but in Washington and New York, were wielded for the political control of Kentucky, but in no past year were such mighty exertions made as in the canvass that has just closed, and in no past year were exertions so nobly met and so signally and terribly rebuked.

And now, what is to be the result of all this? What is to be the effect of this signal and utter prostration of John C. Breckinridge in his own State and in the person of his candidate and his party's candidate? To a certain extent and a great extent these questions are easily answered. All intelligent men have perfectly understood for many weeks past that the disunion candidate for the Presidency could not by the remotest possibility obtain a solitary electoral vote in any non-slaveholding State; and now, when his party is miserably and hopelessly routed in his own State, the State where his hopes and the hopes of his friends have been highest, it is evident that nothing can be accomplished for him in even the slaveholding portion of the Confederacy. Politically he is as dead as if he had lived before the flood and had not been admitted to the ark. Stump-speakers and newspaper organs, for the want of something else to say or do, may and probably will pretend for a time to believe that he has yet a chance—may, almost a certainty, but they can hardly make dupes and fools and victims of intelligent men any longer. Some of those for whom they try the experiment will laugh at them, whilst others, less good-natured, will curse and execrate them.

To our friends everywhere we send our heartfelt congratulations. The day of the friends of the Union, the Constitution, and the Enforcement of the Laws, is plain, and as pleasant as it is plain. We can perform it joyously and with the most exhilarating anticipations of success. We can achieve a triumph, a glorious victory, in nearly every Southern State, and if the true patriots of all parties will make such arrangements as they may without a sacrifice of principle to carry two or three Northern States against the Republican candidate, the country will be safe, and all will be well. Never before had our friends greater incentives to exertion than they now have, and, so far as we can judge, never were they readier to yield glad obedience to such incentives. We will rejoice over our magnificent triumph, but not give up our whole time to rejoicing. We will shout and work, and work and shout.

[*Louisville Journal, 9th.*

### Terrible Indian Fight.

*Three Hundred Delawares and Pottowattomies Killed—Excitement Along the Frontier Settlements.*

[From the Topeka (Kansas) Record, August 4.]

We learn from Mr. Davidson, of Indianola, that a painful rumor was brought to that place on Saturday last, by a returned Pike's Peaker, of a severe Indian fight, some three weeks since, on the Solomon, about one hundred miles above Fort Riley, in which about three hundred Pottowattomies and Delawares were killed. The informant says he passed directly through the scene of the fight—that the dead were all scalped, and supposed the other party to have been Cheyennes, Arapahoes, &c., who were known to have been in that vicinity at that time. The murdered Indians are supposed to be a party of some three or four hundred Pottowattomies, half breeds, and Delawares, that went from this vicinity a short time previous to the rumored battle, for the purpose of hunting buffalo. Among them were Messrs. L'Flumbeau, Beaubien, Ogee, Darling, and several other prominent Indians, well known in this vicinity, who accompanied the expedition for the sake of the excitement and pleasure which it promised.

Mr. Davidson himself had a very narrow escape from the hostile Indians, being with another party hunting buffalo, and on the day of the rumored fight was only fifteen miles distant, on the identical spot, on Salt Creek, a tributary of the Republican fork, where a battle had been fought only four days previous, between the Cheyennes, Arapahoes, &c., and the Pawnees. His party had advanced, but a few miles beyond this spot, in quest of buffalo, when they came suddenly upon a large camp of Indians, numbering, he thought, over a thousand. The Indians called themselves Pawnees, but he and his party believed them to be Cheyennes, as they had been victorious in the fight of a few days before, and had driven the Pawnees from that vicinity. The savages immediately surrounded the little caravan, numbering only sixteen men, making hostile demonstrations, and would doubtless have murdered them all but from a fear that other and larger parties of Pottawattomies and whites were in the rear, a delusion which the hunters encouraged until they got clear of their troublesome visitors.

The fight between the Cheyennes and Pawnees was witnessed by a couple of pioneers, who were at the time hunting buffalo, and was described by them as being a fearful scene. The combatants numbered some thousands, were all mounted, and kept constantly circling, lying down on their saddles, and firing over their horses' necks as they approached the enemy. The fight lasted two hours; quite a number were killed—their informants did not know how many—and at the end of that time the Pawnees broke and ran with the Cheyennes after them.

It was the original intention of Mr. Davidson's party to have accompanied the band of Pottowattomies and Delawares spoken of, but by some defect in the arrangement, they did not [illegible] appointed for the rendezvous, and [illegible] different routes.

In addition to the above information, Mr. D. informs us that great excitement prevails throughout the frontier settlements, on account of Indian depredations—that many whites had been killed; also, that he met many families on their way to the larger settlements, carrying with them their entire household goods, having abandoned their homes, their crops, and every thing they could not carry away. [illegible] being made up at Manhattan, Junction City, &c., for pursuing and chastising these wild Indians, who have never before [illegible] the settlements as close as they now [illegible] The [illegible] country on the [illegible] Republican and Solomon's Forks had been actually progressing this season, and these disturbances, unless speedily checked, will prove very serious in its effects upon that country.

Messrs. [illegible] and others spoken of above have [illegible] been heard from, all safe. The names of [illegible] but no particulars [illegible].

The [illegible] says: We regret to learn that Mr. B[illegible] Vigus [illegible]

## TELEGRAPHIC.

### Arrival of the Adriatic—Three Days Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, August 11.—The United States mail steamship Adriatic, Jos. J. Comstock, commander, has arrived at this port.

The Adriatic left the port of Havre Wednesday, August 1st, touched at Southampton the same evening, and brings three days later intelligence than was received at Halifax by the steamship Europa, from Liverpool July 28th, and Queenstown the 29th.

The news by the steamship Adriatic are important and interesting.

The Neapolitans are still occupying Messina, and the Royal forces have been ordered to guard the city from any attack on the part of the insurgents.

It is asserted that Gen. Garibaldi, during the combat at Milazzo, received a wound in the foot and narrowly escaped.

By order of Garibaldi several Milanese are to be shot for fighting against him.

Several letters from Sicily say Mons. Clary, commander of the Royal forces, only evacuated the outskirts of Messina, [illegible] concentrating his army in the Citadel.

The remainder of the Royal troops, especially the division of Gen. Bosco, was dispatched to Calabria.

The latest news from Naples is more satisfactory.

A military convention was held between Gen. Garibaldi and Clary, the chief commander of the royal forces, the provisions of which are as follows:

The Neapolitans are to keep the forts of Syracuse, Augusta and Messina. One of the conditions provides for free navigation through the Strait of Messina [illegible].

The Emperor Napoleon has written an important and peaceful letter to his Ambassador at London regarding the speech of Lord Palmerston in the House of Commons on national defences. This letter has been published in the papers of London.

The Paris *Constitutionnel* announces that Lord John Russell has ordered Lord Cowley to effect an understanding with France respecting the Syrian expedition.

The *Constitutionnel* says all powers have agreed on that question except Turkey, whose assent will necessarily follow.

A letter dated Constantinople, July 24th, says that the European proposals for an intervention are almost to be negative.

The latest telegrams from Paris state that Turkey has accepted the proposals of the convention in Paris for intervention in Syria.

All English war steamers in the dock yards are to be made ready for the next emergency.

*Kentucky Election.*—Louisville, August 11.—The returns of sixty counties are as follows: Leslie Combs received 46,806 votes, Clinton McClarty 25,507, R. B. Boling 8592, Hopkins 385, Kelly 264.

Mr. Leslie Combs's majority in Jefferson is 3009, instead of 157, as was previously published.

*Further by the Adriatic.*—New York, August 11.—The European mails by the steamship Adriatic, from Southampton and Havre the 1st instant, were fully delivered to-day, and those intended for the Southern cities were sent off by this evening's train. The Adriatic brings the following additional commercial and political news:

Lady Franklin, wife of the late Sir John Franklin, accompanied by her niece, and Donald McKay, came passengers by the steamship Adriatic.

Messrs. Murdock & Son, tanners in Perth, have suspended payment. The amount of their liabilities is not stated.

*General Intelligence.*—The journals of Turin speak of a meeting this month between the King of Sardinia and the Emperor Napoleon. The object of the meeting is to consider the present deplorable condition of Italy, and to adopt certain measures by which France and Sardinia will be able to take several portions of Italy.

On the evening of the 1st, the city of Naples was in a perfect state of tranquility, but great agitation prevailed in the provinces.

It is rumored that the Royal troops are about to evacuate the citadel of Messina, and that hostilities had been suspended for the present.

A letter from Milan says that several Hungarian soldiers were procuring ball cartridges, and had, on one occasion, fired into a corps of chasseurs loyal to the Emperor of Austria, and killed a sergeant. Several Hungarians [illegible] afterwards decimated.

Advices from Damascus to the 10th July state that 4000 Christians had taken refuge in the citadel occupied by Algerines under Abdel-Kader.

The city of Damascus is in possession of murderers and incendiaries, numbering in all 2400 men.

The Turkish garrison, composed of 500 men, is either inactive or hostile. The soldiers drove the Christians into the flames of burning houses, and permitted the innocent beings to burn to death. The number of victims is put down at 3000 to 4000. This statement, it is thought, has been exaggerated.

*Later from the West Indies—Insurrection Among the Negroes.*—New York, August 11.—The schooner Anna Tuttle has arrived at this port from Sombrero, Guano Island.

She reports that an insurrection has taken place among the negroes employed at Sombrero. An overseer by the name of Snow was murdered by one of the negroes under his charge. The negro was immediately arrested, and sent to the United States, on board the American bark Warren, to be tried.

The blacks, infuriated at this conduct on the part of the authorities, rose and took possession of the island, numbering two hundred against twelve whites.

*Domestic Intelligence.*—Creston, Pa., August 11.—The Pennsylvania Democratic State Convention which assembled in this city was largely attended. Permanent officers were chosen, composed of well known Democrats throughout the State and elsewhere. The Convention, after its permanent organization, immediately proceeded to business, and adopted a series of resolutions, among which is the following:

A resolution was offered and adopted, providing to head a ticket with the names of Breckinridge and Lane, and instructing the electors for the State at large to vote for whatever Democratic Presidential candidate can be elected by the electoral vote of Pennsylvania.

A full electoral ticket was nominated, and the Convention adjourned *sine die*, after having passed a resolution adopting the platform of the National Democracy at Baltimore.

St. Louis, August 11.—The Central Overland Express, bringing advices from Denver City to the 4th instant, has arrived at St. Joseph, Mo. The express brought $13,000 in gold, and a great many letters.

The news from the mining districts in the neighborhood of Pike's Peak is generally unimportant. A large quantity of money was leaving for the States.

The jury declared in the case of Wood, who was accused of attempting to kill Byers. The result of the trial was altogether unexpected, and caused great indignation. Wood was escorted out of Denver City by twenty-six citizens.

New York, August 11.—A very interesting game at cricket was played, on the ground at Hoboken, between the St. George's Club, of New York, on one side, and ten Canadians and Mr. Veness, of Pennsylvania. There were a great many persons present, who took great delight at seeing the game played. The cricket match was won by the St. George's Club beating their antagonists, with five wickets to go down at the second innings.

Philadelphia, August 11.—Col. John Buchanan Cross, the notorious forger, who some days past made his escape from a police officer, while the latter was taking him to court, has been, after a keen search, arrested. The fugitive was committed to jail, and will remain there till he can be tried.

New York, August 11.—The fine steamship Coatzacoalcos, lately in the service of the Tehuantepec Company, has been purchased from certain parties residing in New Orleans, and will leave in the course of a few days for the Pacific.

Washington, August 11.—The report which has been set afloat that Hon. Lewis Cass, Secretary of State, had resigned, is totally false. Mr. Cass, though in ill health, intends to retain his position of Secretary of State.

Long Branch, N. J., August 11.—The mysterious murder of a wealthy Southerner by a negro boy employed at one of the hotels here, is now deemed a hoax.

*Missouri Election.*—St. Louis, August 11.—The following is the official vote of St. Louis county for Governor:

Mr. Hancock Jackson (Breckinridge Democrat) received 275 votes; J. C. Gardenhire (Black Republican) 3215; Claiborne F. Jackson (Douglas Democrat) 9700; Orr (Union Opposition) 12,600. The Black Republicans figure up Mr. Rollins's majority in the Second District at 300.

Louisville, August 11.—The Kentucky Democratic State Convention assembled to-day. Eighty-seven counties were represented. After the permanent organization of the Convention, the members proceeded to business.

Several resolutions were offered and passed endorsing the platform adopted at Baltimore by the National Democrats.

A full electoral ticket was nominated, composed of some of the oldest Democrats of the State.

Douglas members were repudiated, and the coalition expressed great confidence in carrying the State in November next. Harmony and enthusiasm prevailed during the entire proceedings. The Convention adjourned *sine die*.

Toronto, C. W., August 11.—Wm. W. F. Montague, who was arrested on a charge of swindling a large sum of money from the firm of [illegible] & McDougal, produce merchants of Cincinnati, was brought before the magistrate to be examined. The magistrate decided that this case of embezzlement did not come within the provisions of the Ashburton treaty, and Montague was accordingly discharged. The money was recovered and $25,000 delivered up to the Cincinnati detectives.

### FROM CALIFORNIA.

### ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAIL.

St. Joseph, Missouri, August 9.—The Pony Express, with California dates to July 28th, reached here at 9 o'clock this morning.

The Breckinridge and Lane Democrats, having taken courage from the recent Eastern advices, are organizing energetically for the campaign. Several prominent Democrats who at first favored Douglas are coming out on the other side, apparently under the pressure of Federal influence.

The Douglas Democrats are also active. The Irish and German vote will mostly go with that wing of the party. It is difficult to estimate which wing is the stronger. Thus far seventeen Democratic newspapers have declared for Douglas, thirteen for Breckinridge, and nine remain non-committal, with an even chance for going either way.

Under these circumstances the Republicans entertain not unjustifiable hopes that the Democratic division may be so equally balanced as to give the State to Lincoln.

[illegible] very respectable Bell and Everett meetings have been held in different parts of the State, but thus far that party does not seem to have made much [illegible] strength.

A terrible [illegible] recently took place [illegible] Sacramento, which has intensely excited the [illegible] of the State. On the 11th of July a man named Winder was murdered while asleep in Sacramento city, and robbed of considerable [illegible] Circumstances pointed to [illegible] as the murderer, who was [illegible] conveyed to Marysville for [illegible] in charge of Wm. C. Stoddard, recently District Attorney of Sutter county, George Armstrong, formerly from Texas, and celebrated as an Indian fighter, and Timothy Wharton, Deputy Sheriff of Sutter county, but formerly of Oquawka, Illinois.

On arriving within a mile of Sacramento, at 2 A. M. on the 26th, the prisoner quietly slipped the handcuffs, and with a pistol taken from Armstrong while asleep, fired on Wharton and mortally wounded him. He then fired on Stoddard, killing him instantly. Next he fired on Armstrong, inflicting a wound from which he died in an hour. Wharton was then sufficiently recovered to fire on the prisoner, when the prisoner fled. The wounded man was able to walk to Sacramento and give the alarm, but he died the same night.

The country has since been overrun by armed men searching for the escaping desperado, but, thus far, without finding any traces of him.

It is said that Armstrong was a very vigilant and watchful man, and the only reason given for his falling asleep is the fatigue resulting from his long and unceasing charge of the prisoner while bringing him over the mountains from Washoe.

The Pony Express, with St. Joseph dates to the 15th, arrived at San Francisco on the 27th. The overland mail arrived the same day with St. Louis dates to the 5th. General Shields is reported to have come by this stage as far as Los Angeles, where he remains a few days to recruit.

The recent discovery of copper and other minerals in Calaveras county, about thirty miles from Stockton, continues to engross considerable attention in that portion of the State.

It is reported that the Pacific Mail Steamship Company have purchased of the California Steam Navigation Company the steamers Brother Jonathan, Senator, and Pacific, which would give the former company the control of ocean steam navigation to and from the coast ports north and south of San Francisco.

A strong effort is being made to prove the alleged will of the late Senator Broderick a forgery, with considerable weight of testimony on this side.

The citizens of San Bernardino met on the 10th to decide what that town could do towards extending the telegraph from Los Angeles. Committees were appointed to solicit subscriptions.

The new silver discoveries in what is now called the Coso district, situated fifteen miles south of Owens Lake, and fifteen miles east of Visalia, on the eastern slope of the Sierra Nevada, are attracting very considerable attention.

At Pyramid lake every thing was quiet, no Indians showing themselves there or anywhere else on the eastern slope of the mountains of feasibly.

Overland immigrants had commenced arriving at Honey Lake Valley by Sander's cut off wagon road. They report the road good, feed plenty, and no troublesome Indians.

The steamer Oregon arrived to-day with Oregon dates to the 21st of July, and British Columbia dates to the 23th. Lieut. Gillis returns with the astronomical party who took observations from Puget Sound on the total solar eclipse on the 18th. Their observations were entirely satisfactory.

Oregon news was unimportant. There was a general lull in politics after the recent election.

The British Columbia news is also devoid of interest.

## CITY INTELLIGENCE.

*The Match for the Championship.*—Another match at base ball, for the championship of the South, was played yesterday at the Singleton Course, at Algiers, the victorious Magnolia Club having been challenged by the Lone Star Club. The result was that the Magnolias won the game easily, and retain the championship. On the very first innings they went in and made nine runs, while their opponents had their first three men put out without making a run. On the second innings the Magnolias scored four and the Lone Stars three. On the third they made but one apiece. But on the fourth the Magnolias again made nine, while of the Lone Stars, Watson, Fanny and Rose were put out in succession, without a run being made. The fifth innings showed three for the Magnolias, and again the Lone Stars made nothing. The sixth resulted in five for the champions, and but one for the Lone Stars. On the seventh the Magnolias scored seven, and their opponents but 3, and the playing was now very careless, the victory being a sure thing. On the eighth and ninth the Magnolias made 6 and 6 runs, and the Lone Stars 2 and [illegible], which summed up the game 45 for the Magnolias and [illegible] for the Lone Stars—such large figures to show it was by no means a closely contested game.

There was a large attendance on the ground, and both clubs had their tents pitched, but the majority had to stand it out in the sun, which was rather too powerful for their comfort. But for the want of shade the Singleton Course would be a good ground. Could not a better field be found in the City Park? The umpire of the day was Mr. Thomas Sims, of the Southern Club, and the scorer for the Magnolias was Mr. James Dee[illegible], who courteously kept for us the following interesting analysis of the game. We did not learn who was the scorer for the Lone Star Club:

| MAGNOLIAS. | Put out. | Runs |
|---|---|---|
| F. Smith, p. | 3 | 6 |
| C. Meister, c. | 3 | 5 |
| G. Delassere, l. f. | 2 | 6 |
| H. Chandler, 3 b. | 6 | 3 |
| G. Meister, s. s. | 4 | 4 |
| F. Stinson, r. f. | 4 | 4 |
| R. Allen, 1 b. | 1 | 7 |
| M. Toomey, 2 b. | 4 | 6 |
| J. Kelly, c. f. | 2 | 5 |
| | | 45 |

| LONE STARS. | Put out. | Runs |
|---|---|---|
| G. Moore, s. s. | 4 | 2 |
| W. Dunn, c. | 4 | 2 |
| J. O'Brien, 1 b. | 2 | 4 |
| J. Moore, r. f. | 3 | 2 |
| J. Watson, p. | 4 | 2 |
| J. Fenny, 3 b. | 3 | 1 |
| R. Rose, l. f. | 2 | 3 |
| M. Denny, 2 b. | [illegible] | 3 |
| F. Keinzlingsiow, c. f. | 3 | 1 |
| | | [illegible] |

FIELDING.

| | Fly. | Bound. | Base. | | Fly. | Bound. | Base. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Smith | 1 | | | G. Moore | 4 | | |
| C. Meister | 3 | 9 | | Dunn | 1 | 9 | |
| G. Meister | 1 | | | O'Brien | 5 | | 3 |
| Allen | | | 5 | Watson | 24 | 4 | |
| Toomey | | 4 | | Rose | | 1 | |
| Kelly | | 5 | | | | | |

*The Storm.*—The violent storm which arose on Friday night and raged so furiously on Saturday came from the same quarter and on the same days of the month and week as the disastrous tornado of 1856, which submerged Last Island. During night before last the storm cleared off, and all of yesterday the sun was shining brightly and the atmosphere was nearly as warm as it had been previous to the storm. The effects of this tornado have been somewhat serious. The steamer Belle Gates was blown from the Algiers shore among the shipping on this side. About 10½ o'clock A. M. Saturday the side wall of a three-story brick store, recently burned out, on Tchoupitoulas street, between Julia and St. [illegible] down upon the adjoining one-story building, occupied by Davidson's foundry and brass finishing shop. There were ten or twelve workmen inside, but on some persons from the street calling upon them to run for their lives, they obeyed the warning instantly, and not an instant too late to save their lives.

Along the Gulf shore the storm was most severely felt. Milneburg and Prestonville were entirely inundated, and that portion of the long wharf on which the Pontchartrain railroad track runs out into the Lake was destroyed. The Indies' bath house, on the right of this wharf, was completely swept away. Several trees in front of the hotels were prostrated by the wind.

*Apprehension of a Supposed Murderer.*—Mr. Simeon Martin, Sheriff of the parish of Plaquemines, arrived last evening from New York, in charge of Dominique Ormes, who is accused of having murdered Nicholas Savelli, a Catholic priest, of Plaquemines, about three years ago. The prisoner was brought to the Second District police office.

*Affair of Honor.*—Messrs. H. C. Clark and James Irwin, Jr., who had a street difficulty some time since at the corner of Customhouse and Chartres streets, fought a duel at Pascagoula, Saturday morning. The weapons were pistols, and Mr. Clark was wounded seriously, but not dangerously, at the first fire.

*Official Appointment.*—The experienced and efficient chief of the Second District, Pierre Lozelle, Esq., has been reappointed to this responsible position, perhaps from the rare ability he formerly displayed in the catching of animals astray or otherwise.

*Clue for Identification.*—We mentioned a couple of days ago that the skeleton of a young man, apparently, had been found in the batture at the head of Canal street, and that a daguerreotype, defaced, was found on him. The picture was given by the Coroner to Mr. Frilots, and this gentleman has succeeded in restoring it, so that it is now to be used as a means of identification. It is at his rooms, next door to the corner of Chartres and Customhouse streets, and may be seen there, as he is ready, in compliance with the Coroner's request, to exhibit it to any person who may call for that purpose.

*Reported to the Mayor.*—Lieutenant Costley, of the Fourth District police, has reported J. H. Harris, a night watchman, for giving a false alarm of fire from the box corner of Rousseau and St. Mary streets, at nine o'clock last Friday night, and for using obscene language on the streets. We hope that every person who sends a false alarm of fire will be held to a strict accountability.

*Second District Recorder's Court—Assistant Recorder Fremaux.*—On Saturday Adelaide Benjamin was examined and sent before the Criminal Court on the charge of harboring a runaway slave belonging to Mme. Livaudais.

Mr. Spaine paid $20 to save his slave girl, Jane, from twenty-five lashes, for having insulted Rose Gomes.

Marie Mallie was required to furnish security for the observance of a peaceful demeanor toward Marie Laporte.

Rudolph Gonder, who keeps a coffee-house at the corner of Marais and St. Louis streets, and his barkeeper, Wm. Baker, gave bail to answer the charge of threatening Peter Dyssell.

## ADDRESS OF THE State Central Executive Committee OF THE NATIONAL CONSTITUTIONAL-UNION PARTY OF LOUISIANA.

*Rooms of the State Central Executive Committee of the National Constitutional-Union Party of Louisiana.*

NEW ORLEANS, July, 1860.

The Committee to whom has been entrusted the management of the canvass on behalf of the nominees of the National Constitutional Union Party of the country, within the State of Louisiana, deem it their duty, at this early period of the campaign, to address their friends throughout the State in a few brief words of encouragement, as well as of counsel and exhortation.

The signs of the times are propitious for the success of our new-born organization, which has sprung full-armed from the patriotic spirit of the country, a creation shaped by the exigencies of the hour, demanded by the political necessities of the Union.

We here take occasion to say that our party is entirely distinct and separate from any former political organizations; that we are organized with an eye single to the preservation of the Union and the institutions of our beloved country; that we ignore as a party all inferior questions of domestic policy; that we wipe away and obliterate all distinctions of Whig and Democrat, of American and naturalized citizen, and offer to the people of the country a platform which all can approve, and candidates whom all can support, regardless of the minor questions of political difference, which sink into nothingness in the magnitude of the interests at stake. Those interests are the preservation of the Union; the defeat of sectional parties North and South; the restoration of the country to its former condition of internal peace and brotherly feeling.

Until these ends are attained, we have neither time nor inclination for the discussion of tariffs, internal improvement, homestead bills, or other questions of policy.

Our platform being catholic and wide enough for all, we here invoke the aid of all patriotic citizens in our glorious cause.

To the Whigs, we say: the issues of your party are bygone and forgotten; it was your boast in former days that you were ever devoted to the Constitution and the Union—prove your sincerity now, by rallying to the support of the only candidates who are solely laboring for their perpetuation.

To the Americans we desire to say: this is no time for drawing invidious distinctions between citizens who have alike a deep stake in the future of the country; the people have pronounced against your organization—your first love is for your native land—you call yourselves Americans—rally to our aid, lend your energies to the cause of your native land, or it will be rent into dishonored fragments by the incendiary efforts of sectional parties at the North and secessionists at the South.

To our naturalized fellow citizens, we feel confident but a word of appeal is necessary. Every thing that they have gained in this land of freedom is at stake—those inestimable boons of liberty and republicanism for which they left their native land, which they sought as a heritage for their children, will be as dust and ashes in their grasp, should vandalism destroy our fair Republic. We ask our naturalized citizens to do battle in our ranks, in defense of the institutions of their adopted land.

Democrats, discordant and divided, no longer with front erect and serried ranks before your enemy, we ask if this is a time for internal discord and unprofitable wrangling? Your two candidates destroy each other, they are each without chance of hope; we ask you to leave your intestine quarrels to be decided at a future day, and lend your aid to the support of the only candidates who can defeat our common enemy. By such a course you sacrifice no principle. Our ranks are already augmented by the accession of large numbers of patriotic Democrats.

Fellow-citizens, our candidates have been long before you, and we find the highest testimony to their praise in the fact that their opponents have been unable to attack their characters or assail their records, spread upon the political history of the country for forty years. Their nomination has been received everywhere with enthusiasm—not the noisy clamor raised for a moment, to effervesce and pass away, but that deep-seated feeling which results in conviction, and will be proven at the hustings.

Our candidates need no eulogy from us. JOHN BELL gained his laurels as the compeer of Clay, Calhoun and Webster, he was among the foremost in those days when there were giants in the land. While he has ever been true to his section, he has been ever devoted to his country. We say to our friends, his record is before you; it is not written in water. Challenge investigation!

To the high and lofty character and brilliant talents of EDWARD EVERETT his opponents tender their voluntary praise. He has been ever true to the whole country in the midst of sectionalism; he has bade the waves of fanaticism be still; he has defended our rights when assailed by an unscrupulous majority, and has received the warm praises of both the Democratic candidates for the Presidency. The feeble shafts which are leveled at him by party scribblers will fall blunted from their mark.

Fellow-citizens, we place these candidates upon a platform simple and comprehensive, and yet more binding and emphatic than all the wire-drawn theses which are offered for your approval by the political platform makers of the present day. They quarrel over abstractions—we stand upon realities. Our platform is "*The Union, the Constitution, and the Enforcement of the Laws.*" It is certainly old—it contains nothing new, but it is the platform of the fathers and sages of our country, and we are unwilling to exchange it for the new fashioned progressive article which wears out in less than four years.

Our candidates were reared and have lived in devotion to this platform, and the people will trust them to defend and sustain it.

A few words, now, fellow-citizens, as to the chances of this campaign. It is no part of our duty nor our wish to buoy up and delude our friends with false hopes. In our opinion the signs of the times are unfavorable for the election of either Bell, Breckinridge or Douglas by the people. The effort now of all true patriots is to defeat Lincoln before the people, where he has his only chance. The loss of New York will effect this result—so will the loss of Pennsylvania and Indiana. Already the friends of BELL and EVERETT in New York have taken the initiative, and resolved to throw their vote so as, by any combination, to defeat Lincoln. Let us hope that the friends of Douglas and Breckinridge will meet them in a similarly patriotic spirit. The defeat of the arch-agitator and his crew would throw the election into the House and Senate, where Lincoln would stand no chance. His party have but fifteen States in the House, and [illegible] a large majority in the Senate. But with our candidates, how stand the chances? Fellow citizens, we feel hopeful and sanguine of the result. The issue depends upon the Southern States; in case the election goes to the House, Mr. Bell will be one of the three candidates, and he alone can be elected—neither of the other candidates can be elected—he must be chosen by compromise, or there can be no election.

Only two names can go before the Senate for the Vice Presidency. The name of Hamlin will be one—fellow-citizens, Edward Everett must be the other! Mr. Johnson stands no chance of reaching the Senate; the contest is between Everett and Lane, a giant and a pigmy. The Southern States have the power to send Mr. Everett before the Senate, and we feel sanguine they will do it. Breckinridge and Lane have no chance for a Northern electoral vote; the former has no chance of an election, and his party managers know it. Lane is their candidate, and it is he they wish to engineer into the Presidential chair.

Fellow-citizens of Louisiana, all around us sound the notes of preparation for the campaign. In every Southern State our friends are organized and in the tented field; inspirited by the division in the ranks of their opponents, encouraged by the accession to their number of thousands of patriotic men of other parties, the friends of the good cause push forward their columns in glorious consciousness of victory. Their speakers are addressing the people from every stump; the banner of BELL and EVERETT, *the Constitution and the Union*, floats in every breeze, and from every quarter the glorious Union men send tidings of great joy to your committee, and ask what of Louisiana, the most conservative, Union loving State of the South?

Fellow-citizens of Louisiana, we have pledged our faith for you, and we call upon you to redeem our pledge! In New Orleans and Jefferson we are thoroughly organized, unanimous, and enthusiastic. With a full sense of the responsibility we take, we pledge you a majority of FIVE THOUSAND in the two parishes for our glorious standard-bearers. Will you do half so well? If all Louisiana will lead the van of the Union column.

Organize! organize! form clubs; call meetings of the people; send forth your gray-headed counselors and your active young men to advocate the good cause; communicate your wants to the Committee, who will aid you; and, above all, suffer yourselves not to be deluded by the bad dog cry of "no chance! no chance!" which will be raised by those who are themselves fighting a hopeless fight for the spoils and crumbs of office.

Fellow-citizens, we send you tidings of glad cheer; we look for a glorious response. The Democratic party is powerless for good—let its angry factions not prove impediments in your path. In the Constitutional-Union party is the only hope of the country.

M. MUSSON, Chairman.
THOMAS CURRY, Secretary.

THE GREAT WEST is the promised land in the eyes of millions, both in the Old World and New. Its fertile soil and magnificent opportunities for development are the great sources of its attraction. But along the beautiful streams [illegible] malaria of most deadly influence, which is the great drawback of that splendid region, and must be guarded against [illegible] Emigrants and others [illegible] the best protection [illegible] J. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS, which have snatched hundreds from an untimely grave. Their operation upon the digestive organs is soon felt to be beneficial, without violent. For sale by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere.

THE OLD SACHEM BITTERS AND WIGWAM TONIC rank high in the estimation of professional men, who constantly administer them for their tonic properties, in a regulator of the digestive organs; and for their speedy removing chills and fever, they are unequaled. For sale by WOODMAN & BEMENT, Corner Common and Magazine streets.

HAVANA CIGARS.—35,000 choice Havana cigars, [illegible] brands, comprising Media Regalias, [illegible] Lord Nelson, Conchitas and Ingenuidad. For sale by P. GUMA & CO., corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts., N. O.

RECEIVED per steamship Habana, direct from Havana, 35,000 Havana cigars, such as Media Regalias, Regalia de la Reina, Conchas, Londres, &c., of the well known brands Cazador, Dos Amigos, Torre de Madrid, Meridiana, Figaro, [illegible] El Sol, Washington and Arsenal. For sale by P. GUMA & CO., au13 corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts., N. O.

GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS.—We have in store and for sale 300,000 Havana cigars, at moderate prices to suit all customers. P. GUMA & CO., au13 corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts., N. O.

HAVANA LEAF TOBACCO.—25 bales fine leaf, old crop, comprising fillers and wrappers; in store and for sale by P. GUMA & CO., au13 corner Canal and Tchoupitoulas sts.

FINE SPANISH WINES.—20 small barrels Muscat, [illegible] Malvasia, [illegible] Madeira. For sale by F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee street, between Dumaine and St. Philip.

CLARET IN CASKS.—75 casks Claret do, Julien; [illegible] For sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 16 and 18 St. Louis st.

WHITE WINE.—12 barrels White Wine, [illegible] For sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 16 and 18 St. Louis st.

CHAMPAGNE.—[illegible] & Co., etc. and etc. For sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 16 and 18 St. Louis st.

Notice. THE undersigned beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally that they have [illegible] removed their store to the corner of OLD LEVEE AND CONTI streets. FAURES & NORMAN.

SHERRY, MADEIRA AND PORT.—[illegible] For sale by S. D. GRATIAA & CO., No. 50 Customhouse street.

## NATIONAL DEMOCRACY.

ROOMS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, New Orleans, La.

FOR PRESIDENT: STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, of Illinois.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON, of Georgia.

Presidential Electors:

First District—Col. MAUNSEL WHITE, Plaquemines, Elector. CHS. BIENVENU, St. Bernard, Substitute.
Second District—Hon. PIERRE SOULE, Orleans, Elector. W. G. MULLEN, Orleans, Substitute.
Third District—Hon. GUSTAVE LEROY, Jefferson, Elector. DESIRE LEBLANC, Assumption, Substitute.
Fourth District—Hon. J. DUNCAN STUART, East Baton Rouge, Elector. W. E. WALKER, Livingston, Substitute.
Fifth District—Hon. JOSHUA BAKER, St. Mary, Elector. W. W. WHITTINGTON, Rapides, Substitute.
Sixth District—Col. M. D. COLEMAN, Madison, Elector. J. N. T. RICHARDSON, Morehouse, Substitute.

By authority of the "Democratic State Executive Committee."
G. W. MUNDAY, Chairman.
GEO. A. FOSDICK, Vice-President.
LOUIS DUFAU, Secretary.
August 11th, 1860. au13 tnov6

### Hall of the "Young Bell-Ringers."

NEW ORLEANS, August 11, 1860.

At a meeting of the "Young Bell-Ringers," held on this above date, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Be it Resolved, That the "Young Bell-Ringers" of New Orleans return their warmest thanks to the Bell and Everett Union Club of Natchitoches, for the beautiful Scarf made by the ladies of Natchitoches, and presented to us, on behalf of the Club, by Mr. Jules Mabé at our second regular meeting.

Resolved, That we cannot but regard this early mark of encouragement as an omen of our success.

Resolved, That so long as we constitute an organized body, we will doubly cherish this token of friendly sympathy as the handiwork of the patriotic ladies of Natchitoches, and that the knowledge of their approval will strengthen us in our attachment to the glorious cause which we have espoused, if any thing can increase our ardent attachment for that, in the [illegible] of which we can see the only hope of our distracted country.

And be it further Resolved, That we desire to express our warmest sympathies toward the Bell and Everett Union Club of Natchitoches, and to congratulate its members for the patriotic spirit which they have displayed in having organized at so early a period of the campaign.

Resolved, That we also desire to return our thanks to Mr. Jules Mabé for his courtesy in bringing us the scarf, and for his happy remarks at its presentation.

Resolved, That our Corresponding Secretary be instructed to forward a copy of these resolutions to the Bell and Everett Union Club of Natchitoches, accompanied with a request that they may be made known to the ladies who made the scarf.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the Crescent, Picayune, Bee and Bulletin.

L. J. SALOMON, President.
D. C. CANTER, Secretary. au13 1t

### Rally! National Democracy!

DOUGLAS AND JOHNSON CLUB, SIXTH WARD.

ALL Voters of the Sixth Ward or Representative District favorable to the election of STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS for President, and HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON for Vice-President, are respectfully invited to join the undersigned in a meeting which will take place on MONDAY, the 13th inst., at 7½ o'clock, P. M., at Abadie's Coffee-house, Old Levee, opposite the Vegetable Market, between St. Philip and Ursulines streets.

The object is to organize a Douglas and Johnson Club for the Sixth Ward of Representative District.

| | |
|---|---|
| H. a Donation Augustin | Octave Marel |
| Philippe [illegible] | Philippe Lanaux |
| [illegible] Fabio | J. A. d'Hémécourt |
| Dr Henry Rance | Louis Mottier |
| H R Grandmont | Jerome Bayon |
| Dr Bayon | A P Roux |
| Jean Augustin | Henry Collins |
| Chas Collins | A C Sterling |
| Stephen Vaughn | Daniel Rich |
| David Nicholson | J Isbell |
| Theo D Harper | J B [illegible] |
| M Murry | Sam Whipple |
| Josiah Pettingill | J A Guerinet |
| B Barth | C McCully |
| L A Revoile | Aug Abadie |
| Arthur Raymond | A Gueste |
| P [illegible] Bobie | E Laborde |
| P [illegible]berry | C Johnston |
| C [illegible] | J [illegible] |
| Jos Morrison | Jos Laborie |
| A Ackmann | Edmond Mouret |
| Louis Perez | N Cotin |
| Eugene Roux | Gustave Roux |
| Leonard Branch | John [illegible] |
| Antoine Redman | C Young |
| J Lantz | A Bertel |
| P Philipe | F Maire |
| John Jones | |

au11 3t

### BELL AND EVERETT.

RALLY! RALLY!! RALLY!!!

SECOND DISTRICT.

THE friends of Bell and Everett in the Second District are invited to meet at the ST. PHILIP BALL-ROOM, on St. Philip street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, on FRIDAY, 17th August, at 7½ o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of organizing a UNION CLUB for said District.

J. W. ZACHARIE,
JOHN B. HOLLAND,
W. T. [illegible],
W. F. HODGKINS,
W. T. VINCENT,
and others.
au11td

### HEADQUARTERS STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE Constitutional Union Party!

AUGUST 9th, 1860.

MASS MEETINGS will be held throughout the city previous to the Presidential election, as follows:

Third District, Washington Square, Wednesday, 15th August.
Second District, Place d'Armes, Tuesday, 4th September.
Fourth District, Clay Square, Wednesday, 12th September.
First District, Clay Statue, (Canal street) Wednesday, 3d October.
Third District, Washington Square, Wednesday, 17th October.
Right Bank, (Algiers) Saturday, 27th October.
First District, Clay Statue, (Canal street) Monday, 5th November.

Distinguished Speakers will address the several meetings.

The various Clubs attached to the Constitutional Union, or Bell and Everett party, are respectfully invited to turn out; and to the public generally, irrespective of party, a cordial invitation is extended.

By order of the Committee, M. MUSSON, Chairman.
THOS. CURRY, Secretary. au8 tnov6

### Fourth District Union Club.

AT a regular meeting of said Club, held at Union Hall, on the evening of the 7th inst., [illegible] the following named officers, viz:

President—WILLIAM FRERET.
Vice-Presidents—A. W. Bosworth, John Livingston, C. T. Buddecke, C. G. Fisher, Jacob Staub.
Secretaries—A. S. Phelps, J. Barrett.
Treasurer—Theodore A. James.
Committee on Funds—H. S. Buckner, H. T. Lonsdale, F. [illegible], S. Shurtleff, A. Levy, D. Adams.
Chief Marshal—Henry Adams.
Assistant Marshals—H. M. Verlander, J. S. Berthelot, Wm. Woolger.

The regular meetings of the Club were ordered to be held every TUESDAY EVENING, until after the November election.

A committee was appointed to engage, if possible, a more spacious room in which the future meetings of the Club may be held, and due notice thereof by publication was ordered.

Spirited addresses were delivered before the Club by Messrs. Jonas, Day and White.

Ordered, the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Picayune, Crescent, Bulletin and Bee.

AUG. S. PHELPS, Secretary.
August 8, 1860. au9

### NATIONAL DEMOCRACY.

DOUGLAS AND JOHNSON CENTRAL CLUB, For the Parish of Orleans.

President—Col. JOSIAH COLE.

Vice-Presidents—James Brewer, 1st Ward; John Fassell, 2d Ward; Tom Lannus, 3d Ward; A. A. Lipscomb, 4th Ward; Lucien Cheuvet, 5th Ward; F. Gossorn, 6th Ward; Louis Dovie[illegible], 7th Ward; Charles Gellet, 8th Ward; Deveney Farrar, 9th Ward; T. P. White, 10th Ward; John Purcell, 11th Ward; Geo. W. Lewis, city of Algiers.

The Vice-Presidents are authorized and requested to organize Subordinate Clubs in their respective Wards.

The Rooms of the Central Club are on Royal street, second floor, over the Gem, and opposite the Postoffice. They are open every day, from 8 o'clock, A. M., to 10 o'clock, P. M.

Membership can be obtained by being introduced by any officer or member of the Club.

Special meetings for the transaction of business are held every Tuesday and Friday.

By order of the Central Club, LOUIS DUFAU, Secretary. au9 1m

### ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

J. A. CASADAVANT, Surgeon Dentist, 148.........ROYAL STREET.........148, Between St. Peter and Toulouse streets.

INSERTS Artificial Teeth from one to a whole set, with or without gums, by the atmospheric pressure, with the latest improvements, and guaranteed to perform all the functions of the natural ones. His reputation and success being so well known in Louisiana for a number of years, that he needs no other recommendation. Consultations in French, Spanish and English. my19 ly

### Dog Found.

FOUND, on Monday last, a Newfoundland Dog. The owner can have him on application to J. F. Mailere, 133 Royal street, and paying costs. au11-6t

### A Square of Ground.

IS offered at private sale, a certain SQUARE OF GROUND bounded by Champs Verte, Broad, Bellechasse and Seventh streets, divided into twenty-two lots, on a plan made in October, 1858. This piece of ground is very high, and in the midst of improved property, with a good chance of rising in value. To a good purchaser the terms will be made easy and moderate. Apply to S. C. GUINAULT, 20 Exchange Alley. au7

### To Rent.

A FIVE-STORY brick store on Magazine street, No. 76, near the corner of Poydras. Apply to EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., au8 Nos. 16 and 18 St. Louis street.

### For Sale.

TWENTY head of fine KENTUCKY MULES, for either city or plantation use. For information inquire at No. 8 CONTI street. au7 6t

### Removal.

MRS. WIDOW BOURGOIN, Midwife, has removed from St. Louis street, between Dauphine and Burgundy, to St. Peter street, No. 73, between Royal and Bourbon. au8 1m

### New Fish.

LANDING ex ship Congress, from Boston—[illegible] bbls. Mackerel, [illegible], 200 boxes Codfish; 100 [illegible] Herrings. For sale by FRED. AVET, Nos. 39 and 41 Old Levee [illegible]. au8 1m

### $50 Reward.

RAN AWAY from the premises of the undersigned, on the 24th July last, the negro boy MANUEL. Manuel is about 19 years old, five feet nine inches in height, complexion a deep black, slender built, with very thick lips; has a down look when spoken to. He speaks both French and English. The above reward will be paid on the delivery of the said runaway in any of the jails of this city, or at my office, corner of New Levee and St. James streets. GAVINO LEDDA, [illegible] Slave Yard.

RED WINES FOR FAMILY AND RESTAURANT.—[illegible] For sale by S. D. GRATIAA & CO., au11 50 Customhouse st.

ABSYNTH.—[illegible] cases Absynth, [illegible] For sale by LANATA BROTHERS, au11 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

RED AND WHITE WINES.—[illegible] For sale by LANATA BROTHERS, 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

BRANDIES IN BONDED WAREHOUSE.—[illegible] For sale by S. D. GRATIAA & CO., No. 50 Customhouse street. au11

## UNIVERSITY OF NASHVILLE. MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

THE COURSE OF LECTURES for 1860-61 will commence on the first Monday of October next, and continue five months.

The Introductory, as usual, will be delivered on the first Monday in November.

THOMAS R. JENNINGS, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
J. BERRIEN LINDSLEY, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
C. K. WINSTON, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Medical Jurisprudence.
A. H. BUCHANAN, M. D., Professor of Surgical Anatomy and Physiology.
JOHN M. WATSON, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
PAUL F. EVE, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Surgery.
W. K. BOWLING, M. D., Professor of Institutes and Practice of Medicine.
WILLIAM T. BRIGGS, M. D., Adjunct Professor and Demonstrator of Anatomy.

The Anatomical Rooms will be opened for Students on the first Monday in October, (the 1st.)

The Tennessee State Hospital under the direction of the Faculty, is open to the Class free of charge.

A Clinique has been established in connection with the University, at which operations are performed and cases prescribed for and lectured upon in the presence of the Class.

Amount of Fees for Lectures is $105; Matriculation Fee, (paid once only) $5; Practical Anatomy, $10; Graduation Fee, $25.

Good boarding can be procured for $3 to $4 per week. For further information or catalogues apply to W. K. BOWLING, M. D., Dean of the Faculty.

NASHVILLE, TENN., August, 1860. au13 6t

## TO CAPITALISTS AND OTHERS.

### Real Estate in the Island of Cuba.

A VERY valuable Tract of Land, consisting of 80,000 acres, situated on the north side of the Island, and bordering on one of its best harbors, is offered for sale. These lands are supplied with abundant springs of water, and their extremely rich soil is capable of producing all the fruits of the Tropics. Their topographical position is also particularly adapted to the cultivation of the sugar-cane.

The Tract is covered with valuable timber, such as mahogany, cedar, &c., &c., suitable for naval construction and for general building purposes.

For further particulars, apply to E. DE VISSER & CO., au8 1m 84 Magazine street.

### Citizens' Bank of Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, August 2d, 1860.

AT a regular meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a semi-annual dividend of 10 per cent was declared, payable to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after Monday, August 13, 1860. au3 13t J. T. N. ROBINSON, Acting Cashier.

### Office of the Commissioners of the Consolidated Debt of New Orleans,

NEW ORLEANS, July 24th, 1860.

BY virtue of the 37th section of the act of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana entitled "An act to consolidate the city of New Orleans, and to provide for the government and administration of its affairs," approved the 23d February, 1852, and of the 5th section of the act supplementary thereto and providing for the incorporation of the city of Lafayette with the city of New Orleans, approved on the same day, and for the purpose of [illegible] all obligations of the old corporations, maturing the year 1860—

Sealed proposals will be received at this office from this date until the 13th day of August, 1860, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purchase of one hundred and five bonds of $1000 each, said bonds to be dated the 1st of July 1860, payable in thirty two years at the office of the Treasurer of the city, with interest coupons attached thereto, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually in the city of New York.

Proposals to be endorsed "Bids for the Purchase of Bonds of the City of New Orleans," and addressed to G. De Buys, Secretary. The Bonds to be adjudicated to the highest bidder, the Commissioners reserving the right to reject any or all bids. Terms of payment, cash on delivery of the bonds.

JOHN T. MONROE, Mayor.
V. DUPLESSIS, Comptroller.
ADAM GIFFEN, Treasurer.
L. F. FORSTALL, Chairman Finance Committee Board of Aldermen.
A. DUPRE, Chairman Finance Com. Board of Ass't Aldermen.
G. DE BUYS, Secretary. jy25 td

### Crescent Mutual Insurance Company.

PURSUANT with the requirements of their Charter, the CRESCENT MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY make the following statement, viz:

Amount of Premiums for the year ending 30th of June, 1860 [illegible]

Premiums on Fire Risks, Marine, River, Life [illegible]

Amount of Earned Premiums for the year ending 30th June, 1860 [illegible]

Losses paid during same period, viz: On Fire Risks, On Marine Risks, On River Risks [illegible]

Deductions [illegible] Net Profits [illegible]

The Company have the following Assets, viz: Bills Receivable, being [illegible] Loans on Bond and Mortgage; Bills Receivable, Loans on Pledge of Bank and Public Stocks; Bills Receivable, Premiums [illegible]; Due for Premiums and in course of collection; Real Estate; Bank Stock; Cash [illegible]

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans. Be it remembered that on the 25th of July, 1860, before me, the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace in and for the city aforesaid, personally appeared THOMAS A. ADAMS, President of the Crescent Mutual Insurance Company of New Orleans, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the foregoing statement is true and just and correct transcript from the books of the Company.

THOMAS A. ADAMS, President.

Sworn to and subscribed before me the 25th July, 1860. D. F. MITCHELL, Sec. J. P.

The Board of Trustees have resolved to pay an interest of SIX PER CENT in cash on all the outstanding certificates of Profits to the holders thereof, or to their legal representatives, on and after the SECOND MONDAY in August next.

Also to declare a dividend of THIRTY PER CENT on the net earned premiums of the Company for the year ending the 30th June, 1860, for which certificates will be issued on and after the first day of October next.

And resolved further, that after reserving one Million of Dollars of Profits, the outstanding certificates of the year 1856 be redeemed in cash after the SECOND MONDAY IN AUGUST proximo—interest thereon to cease from 30th June ult.

TRUSTEES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Samuel Bell, | J. W. Carroll, | R. J. Ward, |
| John Watt, | P. Avendano, | Cornelius Fellowes, |
| H. D. McNorton, | Samuel Smith, | James Tuttle, |
| C. T. Buddecke, | John D. Bein, | Henry McGinnis, |
| S. B. Summers, | R. W. Estlin, | R. B. Newman, |
| H. M. Wright, | P. Bonneau, | W. B. Tyler, |
| J. C. Haskins, | J. N. Nicoll, | J. J. Nobile, |
| H. Frellsen, | E. Boudousquie, | John G. Barrell, |
| D. H. Frellsen, | E. B. Sumner, | Alex. Dollal, |
| S. H. Kennedy, | J. J. Person, | Moses Greenwood, |
| W. G. Robinson, | John F. Caldwell | |

jy26 1y

### CARPET WAREHOUSE.

19 CHARTRES STREET.

LATELY received an invoice of CHEAP MATTING, also 500 pieces do., assorted widths and qualities; Fine Oil Cloth, of all widths, styles and qualities; Carpetings of all kinds, &c., Medallions, Velvets, Wiltons, Brussels Tapestry, Three-Ply, &c. &c., Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers; Linen and Drugget, Crumb Cloths, &c., &c. All of which are offered at REDUCED PRICES. jy30 A. BROUSSEAU & CO.

### Grand Opening.

### ENGLISH SADDLERY.

Guilbaux & Giefers,

128..........ROYAL STREET..........128

BEG leave to inform their numerous customers and the public generally that they have just received, per ship J. W. Clark, from Liverpool—

An extensive assortment of ladies, gentlemen and children's Saddles, the opening of which will take place on MONDAY NEXT.

Also, a selection of hunting goods, such as powder flasks, shot pouches, dog collars, &c., hunting and coachman's whips, shot bags, horn, whistles, game bags, very beautiful croupe powder horns. Also, Dawson's bits and fine snaffle bridles.

HARNESS! HARNESS!

Arrangements with the best manufacturers in Philadelphia will enable them to keep constantly on hand fine, plain and double buggy, carriage, sulky and other harness; also, for private and public carriages. The whole on moderate terms.

TO ARRIVE.

Expected from Havre, per ships Kate Dyer and Adelaide Bell, their splendid assortment of buggy and horse winter blankets, surcingles, halters, fine bridles, horse whips and riding whips. Military saddles and bridles, shabracks, &c. jy19

### SANITARY GRUEL.

I. X. L. NOURISHING REMEDY.

INVENTED AND PREPARED BY P. MARMAY.

THE inventor of this new and invaluable remedy has taken patents in France, England, Scotland, Ireland, Belgium and the United States.

The most chronic constipation yields to the daily use of the Invigorating Gruel.

It is a precious discovery for sea travelers.

The malignant effects ordinarily resulting from Tonics, Bitters and Vermifuges, so valuable in many cases, are modified by the use of the Invigorating Gruel, which can without fear be given to persons of the most delicate stomachs.

This Invigorating Gruel has been tried by distinguished physicians, and it has been used triumphantly to every disease of the stomach, such as: Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Heartburn, Megrims, Sick Headache, Pains in the Stomach, Costiveness, Vomiting, Chronic Diarrhœa, &c., &c.

The Invigorating Gruel is taken in different ways: with a broth—with salt or sweetened milk—with or without the orange flower water. A spoonful of it is sufficient, and should be put in boiling milk and remain 15 or 20 minutes.

To be taken morning and evening.

For further particulars, apply at the General Depot, [illegible] street, between Chartres and Royal streets, New Orleans.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by A. RENAUD, TRABUE, principal agent in the United States. Depots in all the principal cities of the United States.

For sale by J. River, 54 Customhouse street; James Syme, 134 Canal street, and J. Wright & Co., 21 and 151 Chartres street. au30 2m law 1y

### Important Notice.

Among all other good qualities of the SANITARY GRUEL, which are universally acknowledged, it has been found to be highly useful and beneficent to Women in a state of Pregnancy, and that it facilitates their delivery.

It also improves positively the quality and increases the quantity of Milk of Nurses.

No other kind of Food can be compared to it; it may be administered without fear to the youngest children; it refreshes and strengthens them, and preserves them against a great many diseases peculiar to their age.

We may therefore confidently recommend it to every family.

Every one-pound paper of the SANITARY GRUEL contains thirty-two portions for one person. They are all signed by P. MARMAY, Inventor and Patentee. au19 1tawly

ITALIAN PRODUCE.—100 boxes sparkling Asti Wine; 100 demijohns desert White Wine; 100 bxs Vermicelli; 200 boxes Macaroni di Napoli; 200 boxes assorted Pastes; 500 half boxes Macaroni and Vermicelli; landing ex ship Julia, and for sale by jy31 LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

MARSEILLES! MARSEILLES!—300 cases Castile Soap; 50 cases Vermouth, (Noilly, Pratt & Co.); 100 cases Crême de Mont d'Or; 300 cases Muscat Wine; 50 cases Malaga Wine, very old; 100 baskets empty Bottles, 100 in each; 300 cases Orange Flower Water; 100 boxes Malaga Wine, [illegible] Rose Water; for sale by [jy31] LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

MONUMENTS! MONUMENTS!—1 Marble Monument, with 3 Statues, representing Faith, Hope and Charity, with sculptured bas-reliefs; for sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

FRENCH BRANDY! FRENCH BRANDY!—100 one-quarter pipes old French Brandy, [illegible]; 100 [illegible]; La Rochelle; 100 [illegible] old French Brandy. For sale by jy31 LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

POTATOES.—50 barrels choice Western Mechanics, landing ex steamer Diana. ONIONS—100 barrels silver-skins, landing and in store. APPLES—100 barrels and in prime choice shipping. DRIED APPLES—50 barrels very bright sun-dried. RICE—50 tierces prime Carolina. For sale by CUCULLU & JULIAN, No. 20 (late 14) Fourth st.

SUNDRIES.—500 boxes vermouth, Noilly, Pratt & Co.; 50 do do, Jonny & Co.; 150 do anisette, Lemaitre and Rivière's; 100 do Punch; [illegible] For sale by BLANCHIN & GIRAUD, 71 Old Levee st.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH, New Orleans, July 14, 1860.

WHEREAS, by the proclamation of the Governor of Louisiana, issued to the Board of Health, dated June 2, 1860, the port of Havana has been declared an infected port; and whereas, by said proclamation and authority, the Board of Health are authorized to insert in said proclamation all such other ports as they may have reason to believe infected; and whereas, by the 6th section of the amendment to an Act of the Legislature of Louisiana, organizing the Board of Health, said Board are authorized and empowered, in case of emergency, to issue Proclamations of Quarantine without application to the Governor; and whereas, that emergency has now arisen, and they have good reason to believe that other ports are equally infected; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Board of Health, that the following ports and places are hereby declared infected, viz: Havana, Matanzas, Trinidad, Cardenas and St. Iago, all in the Island of Cuba; Kingston, Port Royal and Montego Bay, on the Island of Jamaica; Jacmel and Port au Prince, on the Island of St. Domingo; the Islands of St. Thomas, Martinique and Guadaloupe; Campeachy, in Yucatan; Belize, in Honduras; Vera Cruz, Alvarado, Tampico, Tuspan, in Mexico; San Juan de Nicaragua; Chagres, Aspinwall and Porto Bello, in Central America; Bermuda, in Venezuela; Laguayra, Island of Trinidad; Rio de Janeiro, Para and Cayenne, in South America; and Ruatan Island, and all vessels arriving from or touching at any of the aforesaid ports be subject to a quarantine of TEN DAYS, and that due notice of the same be given, by publication in French and English in the city papers.

C. DELERY, D. M. P., President.
GEO. W. DIAMEYER, M. D., Secretary of Board of Health.
jy16 1m1stp

### NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD.

TWO passenger trains leave the depot, at the corner of Calliope and Magnolia streets, daily—the mail train at 8 o'clock, A. M., and the express train at 8 o'clock, P. M. Connections made with all the Northern and Eastern roads, and tickets sold to all the principal cities of the North, East and West.

Time to New York, [illegible] days and [illegible] hours; price, $48. For further information apply at the General Ticket Office, 118 Camp street.

Freight will be received at the depot, foot of Calliope street, as late as 3:30, P. M. daily, Sundays excepted.

The Company not responsible for loss by fire.

Accommodation train to Magnolia leaves on Saturday, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

jy18 ly T. S. WILLIAMS, General Superintendent.

### Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing in this city under the firm of Romagosa & Magi, is from the 1st instant, dissolved by mutual consent. F. ROMAGOSA will continue the same business in his own name and for his own account, and will liquidate the affairs of the concern. All powers of attorney granted by us and by F. Romagosa are revoked. F. ROMAGOSA. JAYME MAGI.

New Orleans, July 8th, 1860. jy7 4m

### NEGRO BLANKETS.

H. DE COEN & RIFFLARD, 311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

BEG leave to inform their former customers in Louisiana that they have on hand a large stock of Negro Blankets, 3½ points, white and grey, from the best French manufacturers, Grenier & C. and others, whose agents they are. Orders thankfully received. jy4 3m

### Wanted.

IN a store, a LADY, speaking French and English. Apply at the office of this paper. jy17 tf

### Building Material, Bricks, Fire-Wood

V. DEMORUELLE, Dealer,

At the Old Basin, corner Toulouse and Franklin.

HAS constantly on hand BUILDING MATERIAL, such as Lime, White and Yellow Sand, Cement, Plaster of Paris, Shingles, Laths, Staves. Also, English, French and American Fire-Bricks, and all kinds of Fire-wood.

Orders from the country promptly and carefully attended to.

### Wanted.

A MAN speaking English and French, to act as salesman in a wholesale dry goods store. One who is acquainted with the country, and has no objections to travel during the summer, would be preferred. A good salary will be paid for a competent person. Address Box F. 40, Post-Office, with reference. jy6

### Removal.

LOUIS FALK, tailor, informs his customers and the public that he has removed from No. 148 Bourbon street to No. 39, same street, between Bienville and Conti streets. jy7 4m

### PHELAN'S

Improved Billiard Tables and Combination Cushions.

Patented February 19, 1856; October 28, 1856; December 8, 1857; January 12, 1858; November 16th, 1858; and March 29, 1859.

PHELAN & COLLENDER, Sole Manufacturers, 63, 65, 67 and 69 Crosby street.

THESE Billiard Tables may be seen at "Miller's" Southern Billiard Saloon, 7 [illegible] Gravier street, where he has twelve of them in use; also at the Louisiana Pelican and Boston Clubs, and may be obtained from M. M. MILLER, sole Agent for this city, who also sells all articles in the Billiard line, such as Balls, Cues, Cue Points, Cues, Leathers, Chalk, &c. He has on hand for sale several new second-hand Billiard Tables, and attends to the repairing of tables at the shortest notice.

### NEW FANCY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED, a large and well selected assortment of new and fancy SILK, STRAW and MILLINERY GOODS, comprising—

HAIR, STRAW AND CRAPE BONNETS,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
MANTILLAS,
GLOVES, MITTS,
PARASOLS, UMBRELLAS,
LACES, LACE POINTS,
EMBROIDERIES,
TRIMMINGS of all kinds,
SILKS,
VELVETS,
FRINGES,
BLONDES,
TARLETANS,
VEILS and BRIDAL VEILS,
WREATHS and HEAD-DRESSES,
MOSQUITO BOBBINETS, &c. &c.

And a full and varied assortment of BLOOMERS and Men and Children's FANCY LEGHORN and PANAMA HATS, which will be sold at the lowest market prices, by J. DERBES, Jr., 49 Chartres st.

### Late House of P. Bertrand.

149..........CHARTRES STREET..........149

### PAPER-HANGINGS.

RECEIVED per ship Cumberland, an extensive and new assortment for apartments of all sizes.

BARGAINS..........BARGAINS.

Parlor Papers and Ornaments, bedroom and dining-room do., hall, staircase and gallery do.

A large selection of Gilt and Velvet Trimmings, Etruscan and Gilt Rose Works, Motto, Bosses, and Velvet Ornamental Papers for Opera Boxes, [illegible] The services of competent workmen have been secured.

THE WORK IS GUARANTEED.

Mr. HENRY HABERT, desirous of preserving the reputation of the late house of P. Bertrand, has made proper arrangements, and will receive by each arrival from Havre the latest and best goods in his line.

de9 HENRY HABERT.

### PAULIN DUREL,

STATIONER, PRINTER AND BINDER,

37 Chartres street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his numerous friends, and the public in general, that he has just received, per steamer Star of the West, from New York, the following articles:

ENGLISH CASH BOXES—a superior article, very cheap.
NEW STYLE LETTER COPYING PRESSES.
PATENT METALLIC SLATES—new article for Schools, Offices, Banks, &c.
TRAVELING DESKS.
TRAVELING PORTFOLIOS—a large assortment.
TRAVELING PORTABLE PRESSES.
TRAVELING INKSTANDS—a large assortment.
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, for Offices and Families.
COIN AND POST-OFFICE SCALES.
GOLD PENS—a splendid assortment.
ROGERS'S AND CROOKE'S PENKNIVES.

And many other articles too numerous to mention. The above articles will be sold at very low rates. Please call and examine.

PAULIN DUREL, au9 37 Chartres street.

### Extensive Stock of Spring Goods.

RECEIVED by LION & ANDREE, 54 and 56 (formerly 64 and 66) Royal street, corner Bienville.

AN ASSORTMENT OF NEW SEASONABLE GOODS.

FANS—All shapes and prices. Also, 25 boxes Palm Fans, fine, ordinary and common.
MERCERY—Trimmings, Ribbons, Velvet, Buttons, Fringes, Lace Tapes.
GLOVES—500 dozen Silk Gloves, Scotch Thread Gloves, with or without Manchettes; Mits, Amazone Gloves.
[illegible]—60 dozen Scotch Thread.
VEILS AND VOILETTES—36 Veils and Voilettes new style.
LACE—A few pieces splendid black Lace, imitation ditto, new designs.
PERFUMERY—5 cases Lubin, Guerlain, Violet, Piver, Rimmel and Societe Hygienique.
SETS—A fine selection of Pins, Necklaces, Bracelets, Brooches, Ear Rings, &c., &c.
JEWELRY—French and American Jewelry, fine Stones and Diamonds, splendid Imitation Jewelry, Coral ditto.
CHINAWARE & CRYSTALS—Vases, Tete-a-Tetes, Cake Baskets, Jardinières, Powder and Tobacco Boxes, &c.
CLOCKS AND CHANDELIERS.—Bronze and imitation ditto.
HOSIERY—Drawers, Undershirts, Hose and Half Hose, &c.
SHIRTS—200 dozen Cotton Shirts, with Linen Bosoms.
200 dozen Cravats and Collars.

LION & ANDREE, Royal street, corner Bienville.

CLARETS! CLARETS!—750 cases, in quarts and pints, of Leoville, Haut Brion, St. Estephe, St. Emilion, Latour and Lafitte; for sale by jy16 S. D. GRATIAA & CO., 50 Customhouse st.

GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS.—The undersigned have now in store a large assortment of celebrated brands, such as Cabanas, Globo, Gutierrez, Trovatore, Ritica, M. Duval, Flor de Fujadas, El Sol—all imported direct, and for sale by CABALLERO & BASUALDO, 46 Old Levee street, jy18 between Customhouse and Bienville.

BI-CARB. SODA.—1000 kegs, for sale by F. J. HART & CO.

ABSYNTH, KIRSCHWASSER.—100 cases Absynth, C. Lecoultre; 50 do Kirschwasser, do; landing ex ship Kate Dyer, and for sale by S. D. GRATIAA & CO., jy24 No. 50 Customhouse street.

### Genuine Havana Cigars.

THE undersigned have now in store a large and well selected assortment of Regalia Britanica, Half and Medium Regalia, Regalia de Londres, Regalia Elegante, Londres, Conchas, Cazadores, Comerciantes, Millars, and several other sizes of the best brands, such as Meridiana, Washington, Globo, Ritica, Trovatore, Traviata, American Flag, Corona Ducal, Mi Recreo, Folgueras, Estrangero, Serafina, El Mundo, and various others, which they offer for sale.

CABALLERO & BASUALDO, 46 Old Levee street, jy31 between Customhouse and Bienville sts.

DAILY EXPECTED.—50 boxes Green Peas, F. Briant, for sale by BLANCHIN & GIRAUD, jy30 71 Old Levee st.

ROCHELLE BRANDIES.—10 quarter pipes, 50 eighth octaves, T. Moneau; for sale by S. D. GRATIAA & CO., jy24 No. 50 Customhouse street.

DRAWBACK.—100 casks Cette Wine, dark color, for sale by LANATA BROS., jy28 9 and 11 Jefferson street.

TRUFFLED PIES AND TRUFFLES.—Landing ex ship Marathon from Bordeaux: 6 cases game and liver pies, assorted, quarter boxes; 6 do Perigord Truffles, half boxes; for sale by QUEYROUZE & LANGSDORFF.

BOLOGNA SAUSAGES, PARMESAN CHEESE.—[illegible] Bologna sausages; 15 Parmesan cheeses. For sale by LANATA BROTHERS, 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

LANDING ex ship Ida Wylie, from Bordeaux—140 boxes orange flower water; 12 casks Haut Sauterne white wine; 50 do claret, Chateau Malbec; 50 do do, St. Julien, [illegible] Sauterne white wine; 100 boxes claret, St. Lambert; 100 do Haut Sauterne white wine. For sale by J. H. CURIEN, jy12 27 Toulouse st.

LANDING ex ship India, from Havre—3 boxes Lyons Sausages; for sale by HENRY VALETON & CO., jy25 27, 29 and 31 Bienville st.

BIENVILLE COTTON SEED OIL FACTORY.—Cotton Seed Oil, for sale by S. PLASSAN, 38 and 40 Old Levee st.

OLIVES, CAPERS, PICKLES, &c.—100 boxes, for sale by FAURES & NORMAN, 27 and 29 Royal st.

LANDING—[illegible] cases fresh Butter, in half and 1 pound boxes, a superior article; 1 do do do, in 6 pound do; 1 do do do in 18 and 25 pound do, do do of [illegible] and do, New York; for sale by HENRY VALETON & CO., 27, 29 and 31 Bienville st.

CHAMPAGNE.—100 baskets Delorme, 50 do Cordon Vert, 100 do Doligny, 50 do Imperial, in quarts, pints and half pints; for sale by S. D. GRATIAA & CO., No. 50 Customhouse street.

ITALIAN PRODUCE.—100 cases [illegible]; 50 do macaroni; 200 half do vermicelli; 25 bbls shelled almonds; 100 bales English walnuts; 100 cases filberts, first quality; 10 do gum Arabic; 4 cases essence of bergamot, lemon and Portugal; 25 do triple orange flower water; 100 do Florence oil, [illegible] 22 and 21 do; 20 cases citron, 10 boxes in each. First quality; 120 bags Sicily beans. For sale by LANATA BROTHERS, 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

MADEIRA, PORT AND SHERRY WINES.—[illegible] For sale by LANATA BROTHERS, 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

NOTICE.

Succession of Leandre Ducré, dec'd.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of St. Tammany.

THE undersigned having been confirmed as testamentary executor of the last will and testament of Leandre Ducre, late of the aforesaid State and Parish, deceased, is desirous of a speedy settlement of the affairs of said succession. All persons, therefore, who have claims against said succession are hereby requested to present them for settlement and liquidation; and all persons indebted unto the same are hereby requested to come forward and make payment, either to the undersigned, at his residence on Bayou Lacombe State and Parish aforesaid, or to Geo. H. Penn, Esq., at his office in the town of Covington, La.

Covington, La., July 19th, 1860. JOSEPH COUSIN, Test. Executor. jy21—4a 2d aug

### Wanted.

BY a man of family, a situation as Assistant Overseer on a sugar plantation. He was raised on a Virginia plantation, and has resided in the South for several years; also understands the general management of a Louisiana plantation.

A low salary, with a permanent engagement with a good planter will be accepted. Address OVERSEER, Post-Office, N. O., stating location, salary, &c.

### EAST PASCAGOULA HOTEL.

EAST PASCAGOULA HOTEL, July 28, 1860.

*Mr. Chas. L. Gumbel, Present:*

Dear Sir—We, the undersigned, understanding that rumors injurious to your Hotel are in circulation in New Orleans, and elsewhere, are happy to be able to state that they are unfounded, and that we consider your establishment not only completed and ready to receive visitors but as well kept as any other Hotel on the Gulf coast, and provided with all the requirements for such a purpose. The late rains, having filled up your large cisterns, have removed the cause of complaint which existed relative to the want of water. Your wharf and bathhouses are of the best quality, and the plan of your Hotel is the most judicious that could have been devised to take advantage of the delightful sea breezes which prevail here, the sea bathing is superior to that of any other locality on the Gulf coast, and we are most happy to recommend your House to all persons seeking for a pleasant and healthy summer resort.

We remain, dear sir, your obedient servants,

| | |
|---|---|
| G. T. Beauregard, | J. P. Dillingham, |
| F. V. Labarre, | Thos. H. Williams, |
| R. Gardere, | A. Delagrave, |
| Edward Durrive, Jr., | Ch. Hilaret, |
| Southerne Allain, | C. R. Railey, |

jy29 15t Wm. J. Seymour

# Dr. Mott's CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE PILLS OF IRON.

An aperient and Stomachic preparation of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon, by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest medical authorities both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz.:

*In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaints, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.*

In cases of GENERAL DEBILITY, whether the result of acute disease or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bed-ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly reappeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In NERVOUS AFFECTIONS of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and overheating; and gently, regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness, without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for Piles, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In DYSPEPSIA, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases, including the attendant Costiveness.

In unchecked DIARRHŒA, even when advanced to DYSENTERY, confirmed, emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In SCROFULOUS TUBERCULOSIS this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative in the cases peculiarly affecting them.

In RHEUMATISM, both chronic and inflammatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In INTERMITTENT FEVERS it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole history of medicine which exerts such prompt, happy and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing fifty pills, price 50c. per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to

B. B. LOCKE & CO., General Agents, 339 BROADWAY, N. Y.

ap10-3mwd-3am

### Scrofula, or King's Evil,

IS a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation; indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

### AYER'S Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only Scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as *Eruptive and Skin Diseases, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Blains and Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Rheumatism, Syphilitic and Mercurial Diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Debility*, and, indeed, *all complaints arising from Vitiated or Impure Blood.* The popular belief in "*impurity of the Blood*" is founded in truth, for Scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

### AYER'S AGUE CURE,

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache, or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in biliary derangement, caused by the Malaria of Miasmatic Countries.

We are enabled here to offer the community a remedy which, while it cures the above complaints with certainty, is still perfectly harmless in any quantity. Such a remedy is invaluable in districts where these afflicting disorders prevail. This "CURE" expels the miasmatic poison of FEVER AND AGUE from the system, and prevents the development of the disease, if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy ever yet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of every body; and in bilious districts, where FEVER AND AGUE prevails, every body should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of Intermittents is that it contains no Quinine or mineral, consequently it produces no quinism or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease.

Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, among which are *Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis and Derangement of the Stomach*, all of which, when originating in this cause, put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "CURE" expels the poison from the blood, and consequently cures them all alike. It is an invaluable protection to immigrants and persons traveling or temporarily residing in the malarious districts. If taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infection, that will be excreted from the system, and cannot accumulate in sufficient quantity to ripen into disease. Hence it is even more valuable for protection than cure, and few will ever suffer from Intermittents if they avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

All of our remedies are for sale by J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 and 151 Chartres st. au12 4tw eow

# PIANOS!

The undersigned respectfully invite the public to call and examine their SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS.

GRAND CONCERT PIANOS,
HALF GRAND PIANOS,
OBLIQUE PIANOS,
PICOLOS.

The above instruments are guaranteed in every respect, and will be sold at unprecedented low prices.

SOURDES & CHASSAIGNAC, 70 CHARTRES STREET. fe28 3m

BAVARIAN LAGER BEER.—Just received, 50 casks genuine Bavarian Lager Beer of the choicest quality; for sale by jy16 DUNTZE & CO., corner Royal and Conti.

BIENVILLE COTTON SEED OIL FACTORY.—Creole Soaps, for sale by S. PLASSAN, my31 38 and 40 Old Levee st.

DEMIJOHNS ABSYNTH.—300 demijohns of 5 gallons; 1000 do do 3 do; 1000 do do 2 do; 1000 do do 1 do; 100 boxes absynth, Vernia & Lecoultre; 100 do Holland cheese, 12 in each; 100 pails genuine Herring, landing from the ship Express, from Havre; for sale by my27 LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson street.

ASPARAGUS.—5 cases, containing each 50 boxes, new Bouanard, landing and for sale by HENRY VALETON & CO., my29 27, 29 and 31 Bienville street.

JALAP.—One bale of Jalap received from Mexico. In store and for sale by CABALLERO & BASUALDO, 46 Old Levee st., jy31 between Customhouse and Bienville sts.

MARSEILLES.—300 cases Castile Soap; 50 do Vermouth, Noilly, Pratt & Co.; 100 do Cassis; 200 do Muscat Wine; 50 do do Malaga; 25 do Rose Water; 100 do Brandied Fruits; 200 do old Cognac; 50 cases Orange Flower Water; 100 do Absinthe, Cette [illegible] 50 quarter pipes Muscat Wine; 20 quarter do Old do do; [illegible] For sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

[illegible] cases Crême de Mont d'Or, [illegible] For sale by HENRY VALETON & CO., 27, 29 and 31 Bienville st.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS

OF

# HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

AS a measure of self-defense, and in order to warn and protect our customers in all parts of the Union, we deem it our duty to expose a deep-laid and widespread conspiracy now existing in the South and West, for the counterfeiting of our CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS.

We have been for some time past engaged in ferreting out and prosecuting the parties concerned in this nefarious and despicable business, and expect to visit upon them the just penalty of the violated law. Villainy, like death, "loves a shining mark," and the knaves who subsist by pirating proprietary preparations have exhibited a cunning almost equal to their rascality in selecting for fraudulent imitations the most popular stomachic and invigorant manufactured in this or any other country. Large quantities have, we understand, been thrown upon the market in our Southern and Western cities, and exported to Spanish America, and dealers from whom better things might have been expected have, in some instances, connived at the imposition for the purpose of sharing in the plunder. On the principle that the receiver is as culpable as the thief, and that the passer of spurious money is as criminal as the forger, the maker and the vender of the counterfeits of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS may be said to stand on the same moral level.

We have already commenced suit against Daniel L. Fi[illegible] more and Benjamin A. Johnson, of New Orleans France & Buchanan, Mobile, Alabama; T. Cook & Co., James Clark and C. H. Beckwith & Co., of Chicago; Wm. B. Lawrence, Thos. Hostetter, Henry Ihmsen, Charles H. Ihmsen and Victor S. Jourdan, of St. Louis.

In all the cases that have been brought into Court, injunctions have been granted restraining the defendants from selling their deleterious trash under the name of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

As that our TRADE MARK, has been printed on the label and boxes of the spurious stuff, or some very close resemblance to it, there can be no doubt as to the issue of the impending trials.

In the meantime, in order to shield ourselves and the public as far as possible against the fraud complained of, we have had a new and beautiful label engraved and devised which hereafter will be found on our Bitters in addition to the old trade label, which these counterfeiters will find somewhat difficult to as dangerous to imitate. It cannot be counterfeited without the commission of a felony. The principal feature of the new label is a superb Vignette of St. George and the Dragon, below which is a black escutcheon with the following inscription:

"The best evidence of the merit of an article is the disposition to produce counterfeits, and WE REGARD IT as a flattering testimony to the value of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, that attempts of that description have been frequent. A due consideration of the public welfare has induced us to obtain a fine engraving, of which this is a fac-simile, and to append our note of hand which cannot be counterfeited without the perpetration OF A FELONY."

Under the above and on the bottom of the label is a miniature engraving of a note of hand for one cent, signed "Hostetter & Smith," to counterfeit which is a State prison offense. The pictorial portion of the label is surmounted with the words "HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS" in heavy black letters, and the whole is surrounded with a narrow black ornamental border.

It is hoped that this precaution will secure the public from being further imposed upon by base imitations of our valuable and popular restorative, and we earnestly request all who see it to scrutinize the label on each bottle they purchase corresponds with the foregoing description. If it does not, the article is fraudulent, and cannot be partaken of without peril to health and life.

HOSTETTER & SMITH.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by J. WRIGHT & CO., 21 and 151 Chartres street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by A. NORTON & MACAULAY, 3 and 4 Poydras street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by E. J. HART & CO., 71 and 73 Tchoupitoulas street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by WOODMAN & BEMENT, Corner Common and Magazine streets.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by EATON & BETTERTON, Corner New Levee, Common and Fulton streets.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by E. LAMPERT, 62 Magazine street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by J H & J N MARKS, 43, 45 and 47 New Levee street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by ARTHUR & CO., Corner Canal and New Levee streets.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by HOLMES & SPENCER, 7 Gravier street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by G. N. MORRISON & CO., 12 Magazine street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by BISCOE & SIMMS, 15, 17 and 19 New Levee street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by JOHN T. MOORE & CO., 7 and 9 Poydras street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by JOSEPH MAILLOT, 17 Crossman street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by SCOFIL & MEAD, 111 Chartres street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by VIOLET & CO., [illegible] New Levee street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by QUEYROUZE & LANGSDORFF, 13 and 15 St. Louis street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by E. B. WHEELOCK & CO., 45 Magazine street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by J. MORGAN HALL, Corner of Canal and New Levee streets.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by BLANCHIN & GIRAUD, 71 Old Levee street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by JAMES SYME, 134 Canal street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by LABATUT & DIKE & CO., 103 Tchoupitoulas street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by THOMPSON & BARNES, 28 and 30 Common street.
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, For sale by PINCKARD, STEELE & CO., Corner of Tchoupitoulas and Gravier streets.

# L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR,

AN EFFECTIVE, SAFE AND ECONOMICAL COMPOUND,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR to its original color, without dyeing, and preventing the Hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF AND DANDRUFF, and all cutaneous affections of the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, imparting to it an unequaled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and the increasing demand for this unequaled preparation convince the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation at present in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from dandruff and other cutaneous diseases. Causes the hair to grow luxuriantly, and gives it a rich, soft, glossy and flexible appearance, and also where the hair is loosening and thinning, it will give strength and vigor to the roots, and restore the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a fresh covering of hair.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the hair from turning gray until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of the Invigorator will with certainty restore it to its original hue, giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in dressing the hair, which, when moist with the Invigorator can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place, whether plain or in curls—hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a standard toilet article which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being

ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS

per bottle, to be had at all respectable druggists and perfumers.

L. MILLER would call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the use of his Invigorator, in cases where the children's Hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for a good head of hair, as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary both for the health of the child and the future appearance of its hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac-simile LOUIS MILLER being on the outer wrapper; also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y. blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 56 Dey street, and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity.

I also desire to present to the American public my New and Improved Instantaneous

LIQUID HAIR DYE,

which, after years of scientific experimenting, I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly, without injury to the Hair or Skin. Warranted the best article of the kind in existence.

PRICE, ONLY 50 CENTS.

Depot, 56 Dey street, New York. jy17 d3mw4m1awly

### To the Public.

AYA PANA BITTERS,

MANUFACTURED BY J. CHAUVET.

OUR prolonged experience, and the continual labor we have been engaged in, have enabled us to arrive at the solution of a problem of the utmost importance to the public at large.

In warm and unhealthy climates aliments are watery and destitute of nutritive salts, indispensable to the easy digestion.

No one can be ignorant of the important part played by the stomach, when the general health is good. It is, in fact, the infallible thermometer of the condition of the vital principle which animates. Thanks to science, there is no longer anything mysterious in its admirable functions. Every one is aware, when it remains too long in this condition, diseases, unfortunately too well known, result—such as Dyspepsia, Gastralgia, Cramps in the stomach, Vomiting, Constipation, &c.

All disorders occasioned by imperfect digestion are combatted and relieved by the AYA PANA. It disembarrasses the stomach, imparts to it tone, creates appetite, and predisposes the digestive organs to the performance of their functions.

Although it is barely a year since the introduction of this remedy, thousands of persons are already indebted to it for the recovery of their health. Let the incredulous make a trial of the AYA PANA BITTERS, by experience, and they will be certain to use it continually.

On the approach of summer, when fetid exhalations arise in profusion, the use of these Bitters is indispensable in order to neutralize miasms.

Hotels, Restaurants, and Coffee-houses desiring to encourage public patronage, should be constantly supplied with this infallible compound, which may be taken at all times, and with equal benefit by both sexes.

As the sale is becoming general, and to avoid any ... qualifying all, we have established the following agencies:

New Orleans General Depot—J. Cassaux, Importer, No. 75 Old Levee; Messrs. E. Deschamps and E. Lambert.

Baton Rouge—M. Odvray.
Assumption—[illegible]
Donaldsonville—T. Gaudreau.
Plaquemine—M. Le Blanc.
Thibodaux—W. C. Horton.
Napoleonville—J. Brené.
Waterloo—J. St. Germain.
Mobile—L. Launoy.
my16 6m

### Arabian Bitters.

THESE BITTERS, the excellent effects of which have been duly appreciated by the public, and which are one of the remedies most in demand in the houses, are for sale at the following named places:

GENERAL DEPOT—F. SANCHO'S, 229 Old Levee, between St. Philip and Dumaine streets.

ALSO—At W. RAYMOND'S, 71 Camp street; at A. CALOGNE'S, corner Royal and Dumaine streets; and at J. LLAMBIAS, corner Spain and Casa Calvo streets.

Mixed with water and sugared, the Arabian Bitters make a very cool and pleasant beverage. jy11 1m

### Fine Wines.

WINES IN BOXES—Constantly on hand, white wines and claret, [illegible] Chateau Lafitte, Fonsade, Pauillac, Chateau Pontet, Haut Sauternes, Chateau Yquem, Chateau Guirault, very old Port wine, etc., etc. For sale by my28 FABBOURY, OLIVARI & CO.

### House to Let.

THE house No. 5 Jackson square, Pontalba Buildings, St. Peter street. Apply to Mr. HENRY PEYCHAUD, at the Hope Insurance Company, Canal street.

### Notice.

PERSONS having claims against the succession of Theodore Capitaine, are requested to present the same, within ten days from date of present notice, to the undersigned, testamentary executor. AM. COUTURIÉ, 55 Gravier street. New Orleans, July 16, 1860. jy17

CASSIS, PUNCH RUM, ARABIAN BITTERS.—[illegible] boxes cassis, [illegible] punch rum; 200 do Arabian bitters. For sale by F. SANCHO, 229 Old Levee, between Dumaine and St. Philip sts.