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The New Orleans Bee.

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THE DAILY BEE.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 28.

BEGGARS AND ALMS-HOUSES.

A London paper, speaking of street beggars, remarks that the chances are ninety-nine to one that their appeals for charity are groundless, and that in giving them alms the benevolent are aiding impostors. This is no doubt perfectly true of London, and equally so of almost every large European city.—Mendicancy is very commonly adopted as a profession. Those who are too lazy to work, find it easier to beg, and not unfrequently more profitable. Besides, this calling presents attractions to shrewd and cunning men in the various disguises assumed, the doleful tale invented, the whining voice, the sickly and consumptive look, the artificial lameness, and all the shifts and devices which ingenuity can suggest to excite the sympathy and secure the succor of the charitable.

The time was when the European beggar was literally unknown amongst us. The extreme facility with which the necessaries of life might be obtained with but moderate labor rendered mendicancy the rarest of all our possible social evils. For many years the great want of our people was sturdy hands to till the soil and pursue the various mechanical arts, and the emigrants from the Old World who were ready to give their thews and sinews for a compensation experienced no difficulty in finding employment. In proportion, however, as our principal cities increased in population, and as the tide of European immigration supplied an ample store of labor, pauperism began to show itself. Unaccustomed to the system of mendicancy of the Old World, and unsuspecting simulated misfortune, the drafts on our sympathies were promptly met. No doubt the warmth and activity of our benevolence became speedily known across the ocean, and the swarms of mendicants whom a stern municipal police had every banished from the capitals of England and France, hearing that America was the true El Dorado of beggars, hastened hither to ply their gainful trade. It is perfectly well known that nearly every beggar to be seen in the United States comes from Europe. Our own countrymen are seldom reduced to the necessity of soliciting alms, and generally speaking, would rather starve at once than endure this humiliation. In consequence of the immense number of paupers from foreign lands our densely populated cities, such as New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans, are beginning to be lamentably infested by professional mendicants. Hence the necessity of establishing poor houses, alms houses, and other places of refuge, where absolute destitution may be properly cared for, and by which the nuisance of street begging may be broken up. We have been behindhand in the work of building such asylums in New Orleans, but, thanks to the wise forecast of Judge Tonro, that deficiency promises to be supplied at an early day. The spacious edifice now in process of construction in the Third District is designed as an alms house, [illegible] enabled to accommodate several hundred inmates. We trust that the epoch is not far distant when the public importunity of beggars along our streets and thoroughfares will cease. The alms-house will provide shelter and occupation for vagrants. Those who are really willing to work will be glad to find food and lodging by their labor; while those who endeavor by feigned distress to extort alms from our citizens will be furnished with a home where they will be compelled to give their toil as the price of their support. Professional beggars will be seen to avoid such an ungenial field for their vocation as New Orleans is likely to become as soon as the alms-house throws open its hospitable portals.

Dolbear's Commercial College, 106 Canal street.—All who wish to be ready for fall business should begin immediately. There are seven apartments and professors for book keeping, mathematics, languages, penmanship, &c.

Agency for Lauve's Bi-Sulphite of Lime.—It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns that Mr. Ulger Lauve has appointed Messrs. Augustin & Thibaut the sole agents for his Carondelet refinery works, for the manufacture of bi-sulphite of lime. Orders must hereafter be addressed to these gentlemen at their office, No. 7 Front Levee.

Hot Weather.—Our exchanges, particularly at the West, are complain of the excessive heat of the weather. At Cincinnati, Monday, the thermometer again ranged from 100 to 105 degrees in the shade, and there were sixteen cases of sun stroke, nine of which proved fatal. Sunday was a scorching day also at Louisville, where the thermometer marked 102 degrees in the shade. There were seven deaths from sun-stroke, and many cases took a fatal character. At Cincinnati, S. C., on Monday, the thermometer reached 100, and at Charleston, on Tuesday, 98 degrees.

The long contested India rubber case, involving the title to the Goodyear patent for the manufacture and sale of elastic vulcanized rubber goods, which has been adjudicated in favor of Horace H. Day, by a decision of the United States Circuit Court at Baltimore, was, we understand, rendered upon a first full hearing of all the pleadings and proofs, and gives Mr. Day the monopoly throughout the United States of the manufacture, importation and sale of these peculiar fabrics. The decision, which is a lengthy one, will shortly be published.

The Late Rufus Choate.—The following letter from the President of the United States in relation to the death of the Hon. Rufus Choate was received in Boston on Tuesday night, having been written by the President on Monday, before leaving Washington for Bedford:

WASHINGTON, 18th of July, 1859.

My Dear Sir: I deeply regret the death of Mr. Choate. I consider his loss at the present time to be a great public misfortune. He was an unselfish patriot; devoted to the Constitution and the Union, and the moral influence of his precepts and his example would have contributed much to restore the ancient peace and harmony among the different members of the confederacy.

In him the elements were so combined that all his acquaintances became his devoted friends. So far as I know, even party malevolence spared him. He was pure and incorruptible, and in all our intercourse I have never known him to utter or insinuate a sentiment respecting public affairs which was not of a high tone and elevated character. Yours, very respectfully,

JAMES BUCHANAN.

Mr. John Clark.

From Utah.—*Gospel Preaching in the Mormon Tabernacle.*—Letters from Great Salt Lake City to June 24 have been received.—The aspect of affairs is somewhat more favorable. Chief Justice Eckels had returned to the capital. He appears to have promptly made arrangements for holding district courts, in the following order: First district at Nephi, commencing on Monday, the 15th of August; second, at Great Salt Lake City, commencing the 1st August; third, at Genoa, commencing the 1st of September. Each court is to remain in session until the first Monday in November, or until all the business is disposed of. Chief Justice Eckels will take charge of the first district, and seems to apprehend no difficulty in enforcing the laws without the aid of military power. There could scarcely be a plainer proof of the advancement of liberty and good order in Utah than the fact that the Rev. Mr. Vaux, chaplain to the army at Fort Lars, Episcopalian, preached in the famous Mormon temple, before Bishop Kimball and Brigham Young, and delivered addresses at the close. Every thing was pleasant and harmonious. It was currently reported that not a few Mormons were recovering from their delusion, and were likely openly to express their awakened disbelief in the tenets and their disapproval of the practices of Mormonism.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

The Convention of Young Men's Christian Associations.—This body, which was in session at Troy, New York, last week, adjourned on Saturday, to meet next year at New Orleans. Previous to the adjournment the following resolutions were adopted:

1. That this Convention reaffirm the declarations of the Richmond and Montreal Conventions, "that we do not intend that this institution shall take the highest place in our affections, or the largest share in our labors, but that we hold this organization as auxiliary to the divinely appointed means of grace—the Church and the preaching of the Gospel."

2. That the associations should in all cases carefully avoid in their enterprises any thing that might interfere with the duties of members to their respective churches.

Bloody Duel.—Count Bethlen, the Hungarian, at present in the staff of Prince Napoleon, is the one who fought the duel with Prince Esterhazy. The quarrel was a political one, and great importance was attached by the Austrian party to the death of Bethlen, whose patriotism, combined with his immense wealth, had rendered him obnoxious to them. In the first fire the Count was shot through the body. When the Esterhazy faction saw him fall, they instantly dispatched an express to Vienna to announce his death. To their great surprise and consternation, however, they saw the apparently dead man rise to his knees and fire at his antagonist. The ball struck Prince Esterhazy between the eyes and killed him instantly.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA AT HALIFAX.

PEACE FULLY CONFIRMED.

THE ITALIAN PRINCES RESTORED.

The Emperor's Return to Paris.

RESIGNATION OF THE SARDINIAN MINISTRY.

ADVANCE IN COTTON.

Halifax, July 27.—The Cunard steamship Europa, Capt. Leitch, has arrived at this port. She left Liverpool on Saturday, the 16th instant, and brings three days later news than was received by the North Briton.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, July 16.—The sales of Cotton during the week amount to 107,000 bales.—All qualities of Cotton have considerably advanced during the week. An advance of from ⅛ to ¼d. is reported. Middling Orleans closed at 7½d.

The market generally closed firm.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.

Havre, July 15.—The Cotton market closed buoyant, and prices have advanced 2 to 3 francs during the week. Orleans Tres Ordinaire 112 francs.

CONSOLS.

London, July 16.—The funds show considerable want of confidence, and have considerably declined. Consols for money closed at 95⅛ to 95¼.

BANK RATES.

The Bank of England has reduced its rate of discount to 2½.

BREADSTUFFS AND PROVISIONS.

Liverpool, July 16.—The Breadstuffs market generally closed with a declining tendency.

There was but little inquiry, and prices were weak.

The Provision market closed very dull. Pork closed heavy, and all qualities had slightly declined.

ARRIVAL OF STEAMSHIPS.

Liverpool, July 16.—The steamships Saxonia and Kangaroo arrived here on the 13th, the Ocean Queen on the 14th, and the Persia on the 15th.

POLITICAL INTELLIGENCE.

Liverpool, July 16.—The peace has been fully confirmed, but no further particulars have transpired, beyond the fact that the Princes of Tuscany and Modena return to their States.

The result of the treaty is generally mistrusted in England.

Napoleon was on his way to Paris.

The Sardinian Ministry have resigned, and Count Arez is charged with the formation of a new Cabinet.

FURTHER BY THE EUROPA.

Liverpool, July 16.—The Emperor Napoleon was expected to reach home on the 18th instant, when further details will be afforded.

In his address to the soldiers, he says that peace was concluded because the contest was about assuming proportions outside of the interests which the Emperor of France had in the war.

The Emperor of Austria was on his way to Vienna.

In his order of the day, he says he yields to a peace on account of his unfavorable political situation, and because his natural allies did not, as he expected, come to his assistance.

Count Cavour has resigned on account of the terms of the peace.

PARIS BOURSE.

Paris, July 16.—The Paris Bourse closed actively. The Three Per Cent. State rentes closed at 68 60.

ADDITIONAL BY THE EUROPA.

What Paris Thinks of the Peace—Napoleon to Make Grand Entree into Paris—Victor Emmanuel at Milan—Unfriendly Feelings Between Napoleon and Victor Emmanuel—Rumored Visit of Napoleon and Eugenie to Vienna—Garibaldi About to Issue a Proclamation—Doubtful Whether He will Lay Down Arms—Letter of the Pope to Napoleon—The English Church Rate Bill—Liverpool and London Markets—Domestic Intelligence.

London, July 16.—Letters from Paris note great discontent concerning the terms of peace. The *Siecle* objects to suffering Austrian influence still to remain in Italy, and demands the expulsion of the petty Italian princes, confederates of Austria.

The populace of Paris are indignant at the Emperor for failing to fulfil his promises.

NAPOLEON AT ST. CLOUD.

London, July 16.—Napoleon was to proceed direct to St. Cloud, postponing his official entry into Paris until he makes it at the head of the army.

VICTOR EMMANUEL AT MILAN.

Victor Emmanuel entered Milan on the 13th instant amidst the greatest enthusiasm, which surpassed his first entry after the battle of Magenta.

THE ENTREE INTO TURIN.

Napoleon and Victor Emmanuel entered Turin on the 15th amidst the most enthusiastic plaudits. There have arisen some unfriendly feelings between the Emperor and the King. The latter issued a proclamation announcing the annexation of Lombardy to Sardinia.

THE VISIT TO VIENNA.

It is rumored that the Emperor and Eugenie will soon make a visit to Vienna.

It was reported that the French army had commenced their countermarch.

It was also reported that Cardinal Antonelli would be dismissed.

GARIBALDI.

London, July 16.—It was reported that Garibaldi was soon to issue a proclamation, and that it was very doubtful whether he would lay down his arms.

LETTER OF THE POPE TO NAPOLEON.

The Pope has sent an autograph letter to Napoleon announcing his intention to demand armed intervention from Catholic powers.

ORANGE RIOTS IN IRELAND.

London, July 16.—News from Ireland states that there were Orange riots in various parts of Ireland on the 8th of July.

SWITZERLAND AND PRUSSIA.

London, July 16.—Switzerland has ordered the disbandment of her troops, and Prussia has ordered her troops on march to halt.

DECREASE OF BULLION.

Paris, July 16.—Bullion in the Bank of France has decreased over eleven million francs.

THE LATEST.

Paris, July 16.—Intelligence has been received that troubles had arisen at Milan and great agitation prevailed. Venetia and Florence were disturbed.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON MARKETS.

Liverpool, July 15.—The Flour market closed very dull—American is quoted at $10 to $12 50.

Yellow and mixed Corn is quoted at 5s. 10d. to 6s. 4d.

Beef closed dull, and holders are pressing on the market.

London, July 15.—All qualities of American stocks have slightly advanced.

The Sugar market closed firm.

Coffee closed firm.

THE ENGLISH CHURCH BILL.

London, July 16.—The bill before the House of Commons abolishing Church rates passed to a second reading by a vote of 263 to 193. Lord Russell, in answering, says that nothing could be known about the treaty of peace until the return of Napoleon to Paris. Lord Graham called attention to the formidable French fleets.

NEW YORK AND CINCINNATI MARKETS.

New York, July 27.—Cotton closed with an advancing tendency. An advance of ⅛ is quoted. The sales of the day amounted to 2500 bales. Middling Uplands are quoted at 12¢.

The sales of Flour amount to day to 10,000 barrels. Superfine is quoted at $4 25 to $4 70. Sugar closed firm, and coffee closed quiet.

Cincinnati, July 27.—The Flour and Corn market remains unchanged at former quotations. Oats are quoted at 42 to 45c. Whisky closed firm at 24c. Western Mess Pork closed at $15 50.

STATE OF THE RIVERS.

St. Louis, July 27.—The Mississippi at this point has risen eight inches during the last 24 hours.

STEAMBOAT PASSING.

Vicksburg, July 27.—The steamer Messenger passed down at 3 o'clock this evening.

M. Alexandre Dumas, the elder, has been tried at the Correctional Police in Paris for having, in a work called *Le Caucase*, pirated largely from a small volume entitled *Souvenirs d'une Française captive de Schamyl*, and against the printer and publisher of *Le Caucase*, for having printed and published the piracy. M. Merlieux, a literary man, proved that he is the author of the *Souvenirs*, which were published two years ago; that they contain a history of the captivity which two Russian ladies, the Princesses Tchawtchawadzé and Orbeliani, and a Frenchwoman, Mme. Drancey, underwent in the hands of Schamyl some years back; and that a great part of that history has been copied verbally by Dumas in his *Caucase*. M. Alexandre Dumas, in his defense, represented through his advocate that the details of the said captivity had been published both in Russian and French, and in every newspaper in Europe, so that M. Merlieux had no exclusive property in them; and that, besides, it was impossible for any writer in relating them not to imitate, to a certain extent, his predecessor. He represented also that the two princesses, whom he saw at Tiflis, had given him an outline of their adventures, and had referred him to the book in question for all the additional details he might require. He further represented that he had duly acknowledged in foot notes that he was indebted to the complainant's work for some of his facts. The tribunal, on comparing *Le Caucase* and the *Souvenirs*, decided that the former contained so many textual extracts from the latter as to be a piracy; it therefore fined Dumas 100f., his printer and publisher 126f., and it condemned all jointly to pay 500f. damages.

EUROPE.

ADDITIONAL BY THE AFRICA.

The Pope Pays Up to Mr. Perkins.

A letter from Rome, July 2d, to the London *Post*, says:

I learn that Cardinal Antonelli has consented to make the reparation demanded for the losses sustained at Perugia by Mr. Perkins and his family. The United States Minister, Mr. Stockton, having so far succeeded, left Rome for a tour on Monday last.

Mr. Perkins appears to have been deceived both by the chiefs of the Provisional Government and by his own landlord with respect to any possibility of an attack on Monday, and on the following day he had made arrangements to remove to a less exposed quarter of the town. Indeed, he and the ladies of his family had been invited to repair to a villa about a mile from Perugia, inhabited by Mrs. Ross, of Bladensburg, and her children, Mr. Ross being in England at the time; but he did not consider the danger so urgent as to render it advisable to leave the town.

Although her villa was on the line of march, and the troops halted for some time opposite it, Mrs. Ross was subjected to no annoyance. In excuse for the sanguinary excesses committed in the hotel by the soldiery, it is alleged by them that the landlord and his servants fired from the windows, killing a lieutenant, a sergeant, and two soldiers; that stones were thrown from the roof, and that tri-colored flags were displayed at the upper windows.

At any rate the vengeance of the soldiers was very near falling upon the innocent instead of the guilty. The leaders of the insurrection had post-horses ready, and escaped before the struggle was brought to an end.

The Bonaparte Family—Illness of Prince Jerome.

[London Star Correspondent.]

Paris, July 7.—The slight indisposition which has attacked Prince Jerome has been the cause of the greatest uneasiness at the Tuileries. Though not yet sufficiently recovered, so fearful has he been of exciting alarm that he has still maintained his place at the Council Board. The engagement of his favorite grandson, Bonaparte Patterson, and the exposure of his regiment at Solferino, is said to have given him a shock which at his advanced age is always disquieting. The arrival of a second grandson from Baltimore has given people much to talk about as regards the probability of some fixed position being offered to the members of that branch of the Bonaparte family. Meanwhile the pointed manner in which young Patterson Bonaparte's name is kept in the background, although acknowledged as being amongst the most distinguished on the great day of the battle, has led many people to imagine that, from measures of prudence, it is thought advisable to re establish the name of Prince Jerome's son with the army, before holding up, as it were, a rival to their admiration. The situation is felt to be a most difficult one for Prince Napoleon. Whether justly or unjustly, there exists a prejudice against him amongst the French troops which will require some *action d'eclat* to efface entirely. This *action d'eclat* is expected to take place beneath the walls of Mantua. The Emperor will not allow the opportunity to be thrown away, and the ridicule of the Crimea will be effaced before the campaign of Italy is concluded.

Another omission of well earned glory is loudly complained of in the absence of the name of the Duc de Chartres amongst those officers who have most distinguished themselves. The Orleanists have been telling a story to prove the glory caused by the young Duke, and the reason for keeping it secret, which is rather amusing. It seems that at the beginning of the campaign, when the Nice regiment, to which the Duc de Chartres belonged, was much engaged, the young man, anxious to make a name, was in the habit of committing the rashest exploits, by running into unnecessary danger. This circumstance was reported at Clermont by one of the many partisans who have entered the same regiment in order to be near him, and the consequence was an immediate letter of congratulation from the most grave and potent personage of that sylvan solitude, wherein, after much compliment upon his bravery, he was encouraged to continue thus exposing himself to the enemy's fire, as, no doubt, if he could only get reported, he would receive the cross of the Legion of Honor from Louis Bonaparte's own imperial hands. The threat was quite sufficient. Not another word has been breathed amongst the Duke's partisans concerning the oblivion in which his gallantry is left to perish—neither has he been led away by his own boyish ardor to go beyond orders, as it is reported that he did in the last engagement. We all know whence came the barbed arrow of bright wit which has wrought the change—it was a wiser hit than all the sermons in the world.

The annexed article from the London *News* of the 9th was written as a commentary upon the intelligence of the armistice. It applies, however, with singular felicity to the news of the peace just negotiated:

There never was a question on which the national will was more deep and fixed than the question of the future fate of Italy; there never was one therefore in which it more emphatically behooved a statesman to confess explicitly the faith that is in them. After the bitter and mortifying experience we have had of the consequences of sending half hearted and puzzle headed men to represent us in European Congresses, we are in no humor to see the honor, influence and dignity of the nation jeopardized again by the choosing of some cunning but colorless man to be its representative abroad. We want to see Italy free as speedily and as completely as possible. The man who has no opinion on this point, or who, affecting to have it, shrinks from publicly committing himself to it as a public man, may be a very able, very useful and very honest man, but in this matter of Italian emancipation he must stand aside, for he is not trustworthy in the particular business in hand. For our part we should infinitely prefer to see the settlement of the great controversy left to the people of Italy themselves. They, and they alone, can judge rightly what form or forms of rule ought to subsist in their country after the foreigner has been cast out. To talk of the French Emperor's right to dispose of Lombardy because he has driven the Austrians beyond its confines, and of Austria's right to insist on the retention of Venetia, because its towns are still garrisoned by her troops, is to deify anew the brute right of mere possession by force, against which the war, as a war of principle, was avowedly begun. If military occupation be a legitimate sanction when opposed to the indisputable will of the people whose country is thus occupied, then the entrance of the French army into Italy two months ago was a mere act of brigandage, and a violation of all the usages and sanctions of public law. Nothing did and nothing could warrant that momentous interposition on the part of France but the assumed invitation of an oppressed nation, continually ratified in every variety of form by them, wherever their liberating allies appeared. The solemn and explicit pledges volunteered by Napoleon III ere he crossed the Ticino are still fresh in the remembrance of all Europe. His mission, he declared, was not to conquer, but to emancipate—not to carve out Italy afresh to suit dynastic schemes of power or aggrandizement, but to wrest the Peninsula from an usurping and oppressive foreign yoke, and to leave it free. From that noble vow the victor of Magenta and Solferino will not be betrayed into departing. His gains from the brief but brilliant campaign, now momentarily suspended, are already vast; but his moral influence will be still greater on the day that he leads back his victorious legions to their native land, free from the stain of spoliation, or the reproach of having betrayed the noblest cause that brave men ever drew the sword to win.

As for the real or supposed bases of negotiations said to be about to be opened, and to which the armistice just concluded is but a preliminary, we affect no peculiar knowledge. One thing we know, that unless they admit frankly and fully the renunciation by Austria of all power, either of government or interference, direct or indirect, present or reversionary, beyond the Alps, their discussion is but waste of time, for they can never lead to any thing but failure and a renewal of the deadly strife. It is no chopping German logic about the comparative advantages of the line of the Mincio or the line of the Adige, or the difference between royal imperial sovereignty and the domination of an archducal puppet, set up to save appearances and keep up the old anti-Italian supremacy under another name. The voice of the people of England—of their press, and of their Parliament—will with unmistakable power be raised against all complicity, so far as we are concerned, in any redistribution of the all-but-liberated Peninsula among the despotic powers or their creatures. Time was when the offer of partial concessions by the Court of Vienna might have prevented the active interposition of France, though it could never have satisfied or silenced the inalienable claims of the Italian people. But that time is past, never to return. The gyves are already loosed, the bars of the prison-house are broken. The captive nationality of Italy walks erect and free, though still bearing the marks of its fresh wounds, and not yet venturing to sleep on its blood-stained arms. To say that all shall be undone, or half undone, either by secret compact between Emperors or by another Vienna Congress, is idle; it cannot be; and, for one reason among others, because the liberal representatives of the people of England in the House of Commons will not, we trust, follow the unworthy counsel given to the peers by Lord Brougham and others, of observing a philo-Austrian silence on the great question, while there is time to appeal to the public opinion of Christendom against any new partition of Northern Italy.

M. Blondin's Last Walk Across Niagara.—On Thursday last M. Blondin walked his rope at Niagara for the last time, in presence of an immense multitude of people. About two hundred Buffalonians were present, besides some ten or fifteen thousand persons from other places. Blondin walked the rope from the American to the Canada shore backwards, and when near the centre of the river waited until the steamer Maid of the Mist came beneath, bringing Travis, the great shooter. Blondin held his hat at arm's length, and Travis, standing on the steamer, fired a pistol-ball through it. The hat was then lowered to the boat, that the marksman might see what he had done. Travis was satisfied, and returned the hat to Blondin, who went on his way. Returning from the Canada side, Blondin pushed a wheel barrow across. The wheel had a grooved rim to fit the rope, and the handles of the vehicle were suspended by a cord around his neck. He carried his balancing pole with him while pushing the barrow. This was the last walk at Niagara.

A Monster Watermelon.—At the grocery store of Mr. Clarbonier, the other day, could be seen a monster watermelon, measuring two feet and a half in length and three feet in circumference. It was raised in the immediate vicinity of this city.—*Pensacola Observer.*

Mr. Collier's Emendations of Shakespeare.

[From the Illustrated London News.]

Mr. Hamilton, of the Department of Manuscripts in the British Museum, has written a long letter to the London *Times*, setting forth the grounds upon which he conceives it positively established that the so-called emendations of the text of Shakespeare, in a copy of the folio edition of 1632, purchased by Mr. J. Payne Collier of Mr. Thomas Rodd in 1849, and published in a volume by Mr. Collier in 1853, "having been made in the margins within the present century." It seems that two months ago the present Duke of Devonshire liberally placed the folio in the hands of Sir Frederick Madden in the strictest custody; it might yet be examined, under proper restrictions, by any and all literary persons who were anxious to do so. Mr. Hamilton seized the opportunity, and such is his conclusion from a careful examination. He says there is evidence to show the corrections, though intended to resemble a hand of the middle of the seventeenth century, could not have been written on the margins of the volume until after it was bound (which, from the water-mark on the end papers, he shows would be about the middle of George II's reign), and consequently not, at the earliest, until toward the middle of the eighteenth century. The corrections, Mr. Hamilton states, may be divided into those which have been allowed to remain and those which have been obliterated by knife or chemical agency, which last (possibly by the action of the atmosphere) have been more or less negatived, so as to allow of the corrections sought to be effaced being easily deciphered. But the strongest statement is that the margins of the volume are covered with an infinite number of faint pencil-marks and corrections, having no pretense to antiquity in character or in spelling, being written in a bold hand of the present century; and that, in obedience to these modern marginal notes, the corrections have been written in the antique and smaller character, with the old spelling. In some cases the corrector has forgotten to efface his pencil directions, and they remain quite plain. In conclusion, Mr. Hamilton says he hopes shortly to publish, in another form and in fuller detail, various particulars relating to this remarkable volume.

Mr. Collier has written a reply to this letter of Mr. Hamilton, in which he states that he "never made a single pencil mark on the pages of the book, excepting crosses, ticks, or lines, to direct his attention to particular emendations;" that, with respect to the charge "darkly expressed" of his being the author both of the pencillings and the notes in ink, he has "asserted on oath in an affidavit sworn and filed in the Queen's Bench on the 8th of January, 1856," and that he is "ready to confirm it, and to encounter the most minute, the most searching, and the most hostile examination." "I have shown and sworn," says Mr. Collier, "that this very book, annotated as it is now, was in the possession of a gentleman named Parry, about half a century ago." The binding, he contends, is considerably older than the reign of George II; and the date of the flyleaf in his opinion, affords no criterion as to the date when the leather covering was put on, because flyleaves are often added at a subsequent period, when the original ones have been torn or destroyed. As to imperfect erasures and alterations of emendations, Mr. Collier states that "soon after he had discovered the volume, 'he produced it before the council of the Shakspeare Society, at the general meeting of that body, at two or three evening assemblies of the Society of Antiquaries; and, in order that it might not escape the severest scrutiny, he advertised that it would be left for a whole morning in the library of that Society for the inspection of every one who wished to examine it." "If," says Mr. Collier, "I have committed a fraud, it has been merely gratuitous; for, having turned the corrected folio, 1632, I might have established for myself a brighter Shakspearean reputation than all the commentators put together." I answer to certain paragraphs, stating that the late Duke of Devonshire gave him a large sum for the corrected folio, Mr. Collier says "that was a free gift on my part, frankly accepted by his Grace, although he afterward (knowing of my family bereavement and consequent expenses) unexpectedly endeavored to persuade me to accept £250 for the volume." Finally, Mr. Collier says that he is "determined not to make the poor remainder of his life miserable by further irritating contests;" and that "this is the last word he shall say upon the subject in point;" but if the matter be brought before a legal tribunal, he shall "be prepared in every way to vindicate his integrity."

Statistics of Suicide.

A work on suicide, recently published by a Frenchman, M. Lisle, states that in France, from 1836 to 1852 inclusive, there were fifty-two thousand one hundred and twenty-six suicides, or a mean of three thousand and sixty-six a year. Before 1836 the proportion was one suicide to every seventeen thousand six hundred and ninety-three inhabitants. In 1836 it was one for fourteen thousand two hundred and ninety-six, and in 1852 it had risen to one for nine thousand three hundred and forty. In 1838 and 1839 England had one suicide for every fifteen thousand nine hundred inhabitants; France one for every twelve thousand four hundred and eighty-one. Between London and Paris, for the same years, the difference is yet more remarkable, the figures being for London one in eight thousand two hundred and fifty, and for Paris one in two thousand two hundred and twenty-one. The North of France is the most prolific in suicides; nearly half of the whole number belong to the North, which has increased its own ratio by one-third. The North has one in six thousand four hundred and eighty-three; the East one in thirteen thousand eight hundred and fifty-five; the South one in twenty thousand four hundred and fifty-seven. The department of the Seine, which includes Paris, has risen with frightful rapidity; but Paris and Marseilles, and all large centres, are the foci of suicides to a very striking extent. Russia stands the lowest of European States in the scale—her suicides being only one in forty-nine thousand one hundred and eighty-two; while Prussia has one in fourteen thousand four hundred and four; Austria one in twenty thousand nine hundred; New York one in seven thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven; Boston one in twelve thousand five hundred; Baltimore one in thirteen thousand six hundred and fifty; and Philadelphia one in eleven thousand eight hundred and seventy-three. The author maintains that suicide is not always a sign of mental alienation, but, like every other human movement, obeys fixed laws, and that hence, year by year, it can be confidently predicted how many out of a certain population will commit suicide. The opinion is expressed that climate has little to do with the matter, and the author says that in latitude from forty-two degrees to fifty-four degrees the proportion is one in thirty-eight thousand eight hundred and eighty-two; from fifty-four degrees to sixty-four degrees one in fifty-six thousand five hundred and seventy-seven. Yet the last figures include Moscow and St. Petersburg, and represent a much more rigorous, damp, uncertain, and joyless climate than the first.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Recorder Summers's Court.—A charge of breach of trust and embezzlement, committed by Eli F. Harrell to the prejudice of Florentine Davis, f. w. c., to the amount of $500, alleged to have been placed in his hands to be deposited with McKleroy & Bradford, was inquired into yesterday, and the accused committed for trial before the First District Court. Bail $1000.

Charles Berger was held to answer the 29th of July to a charge of assault and battery, by pulling out the hair of Christiana Mayer; also Mr. Joseph Meyer, for dragging about by the hair Mary Bougart; also Selvina Boudro, for abusing and insulting Frances Guy.

Recorder Long's Court.—A warrant was issued yesterday for the arrest of Celia Meekins, f. w. c., charged with stealing $250 from the armoir in the house of Fanny Washington, f. w. c., living on Love street, between Poet and Music streets.

A warrant was issued also for the arrest of a free man of color named Eobo, charged with rescuing a runaway slave from officer Cook, in a field on Gentilly road, by running him off with a double-barrelled shot gun.

Recorder Wiltz's Court.—Jacques Marquese, Oscar Boxell and Pierre Lamothe were examined yesterday for destroying some of the city lamps, and were sent before the First District Court for trial on a charge of having been guilty of "malicious mischief."

Albert Nowack was held for examination the 30th instant on a charge of having sold a dog which had been stolen.

Fell from a House.—A man named John Wilson was picked up on Toulouse street, near Chartres street, having fallen, it is said, from the second story of Mrs. Burd's boarding house. He was severely injured, and was taken to the Charity Hospital. These house-tumbling incidents seem to be a little too frequent to be regarded any other way than very peculiar.

After the Dogs and Mad Dogs.—A mad dog ran furiously about the levee in the Third District last evening, and frightened every body who was near him, till he drowned himself by running on to a vessel and jumping into the river. The work of distributing poisoned sausages for the special destruction of the canine species commenced last night. So the public may expect some strange antics from the poor creatures.

Died of Liquor.—The Coroner held an inquest yesterday on the body of Antonio Camenerovich, found dead in a house on Chartres street, between Main and St. Philip streets. Verdict, "Died of delirium tremens." He went into the building (an unoccupied one) on Sunday, and it was supposed he had gone out until yesterday, when the stench of his corpse gave offensive intimation of his death, the body being far gone already in decomposition. He was lying with his legs raised up, the neck terribly swollen, and the face as black as ink, as though he had died in fearful convulsions. He was 45 years of age and a native of Austria.

The Temperature.—The mercury in the thermometer yesterday stood at 94°—a very moderate temperature for the season, as we know from comparison with that of places much farther north. The weather is quite tolerable for July, and the health of our city remarkable. One thing is certain—we have had no visit from Yellow Jack this season.

A Memento of John Wesley.—An interesting memento of John Wesley was presented to the Trustees of Trinity College two weeks ago. It consists of a telescope and an electrical machine which were once the property of Wesley. The telescope is not large, but is in good order, and is an excellent instrument for its size; the electrical machine derives its only interest from its associations, and both will be admitted to have a value in the estimation of Methodists of North Carolina far beyond their commercial or scientific worth.—*North Carolina Advocate.*

Kean's Henry the Fifth.—The London correspondent of the Boston *Transcript* says:

I went the other evening to see Charles Kean's "Henry the Fifth." It is called the most perfect dramatic representation yet seen on the London stage. Two of the scenes surpass all my previous theatrical experiences. The siege of Harfleur is as real as any thing that can be done upon the stage. The breach in the walls—the bodies crushed by the fallen masonry—the grenades and fiery missiles thrown into the town—the assault, not by a few awkward supernumeraries, but by a crowd of well drilled men who look like soldiers—made up a picture which will not easily pass away from my memory. The triumphal entry of Henry into London, also, was eminently startling and untheatrical. The excitement of the people and the curiosity of the women and children to catch the first glimpse of the hero of Agincourt were admirably represented, and a chime or two of church bells ringing a merry peal, made me really forget for a moment that I was in a theatre. The Henry V has already run some seventy nights or more, and still draws crowded houses.

The Sheriff sells at auction, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock M., at the City Hotel, Common street, lots of ground fronting on Marigny avenue and Private road, Pressurado Lafayette, Prosper and Port streets, Third District; also titles to Texas lands. See advertisement.

DIED,

Last evening, 28th instant, at 10 o'clock, after a painful illness of four weeks, Mrs. MARGARET JULIA COMPTON, wife of A. W. Compton, aged 43 years.

The relatives and friends of the deceased are respectfully invited to attend her funeral To-Day (28th) at 5 o'clock, P. M., from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Henry Wilks, on Common street, between St. Mary and St. Mark streets.

Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills.

When the proprietors, Fleming Bros., of Pittsburg, Pa., of this invaluable remedy purchased it of the inventor, there was no medicine which deserved the name for the cure of Liver and Bilious complaints, notwithstanding the great prevalence of these diseases in the United States. This medicine is supplied by Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, as has been proved in every instance in which it has had a trial. Always beneficial, not a solitary instance has ever occurred in which its effects have been injurious. The invention of an educated and distinguished physician, it has nothing in common with the quack nostrums imposed upon the public by shallow pretenders to the medical art. Experience has now proved, beyond a doubt, that Dr. M'Lane's Pill is the best remedy ever proposed for the Liver Complaint.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburg, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

SCOVIL & MEAD, Wholesale Agents for the South, 111 and 113 Chartres street. jy28 6t

World-famous to a certainty is Dr. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, for the cure of Dyspepsia, Flatulence, Constipation, and all the train of diseases which arise from a morbid condition of those functions of the stomach, upon the proper action of which the health so much depends. These Bitters are pleasant to the taste, sure of operation, and composed entirely of vegetable substances prepared with the greatest care. If you want to be entirely refreshed both physically and mentally, go and procure this valuable tonic.

For sale by druggists and dealers generally. See advertisement. jy28 6

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Even if the whole surface of the body is absolutely blotted over with pustules, incrustations, or running sores, it may be healed and purified by the Ointment, assisted internally by the Pills.

Look out for imitations of Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons.

B. PRADEL,

60 ... St. Charles st. ... 60

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

TO THE CITY AND COUNTRY TRADE.

HAVING received a large assortment of FINE CUTLERY, such as two and three bladed Pocket Knives, Erglish Knives with several blades, shell and fancy work, fine and common Scissors, table, office and carving Knives, plain and extra fine Kitchen and Butcher Knives, Cork Screws, a rich supply of Razors, assorted, as well as of cutlery in general.

Having received likewise a stock of Albatide spoons and Forks, he offers them for sale at market prices. Families requiring any of the foregoing articles would do well to visit his establishment before making their purchases elsewhere. He is the agent for one of the most celebrated European manufacturers. *WHOLESALE and RETAIL.* nov20eowly

Two STEAM ENGINES from one to four horse power

B. PRADEL,

60 ... ST. CHARLES STREET ... 60

MANUFACTURER of Surgical instruments, Trusses, Orthopedic Apparatuses, of Dr. Bosjetti's Ivory Trusses, of Dr. Burat's, of Galbert & Fache, a new and improved article—SILVER PLATED PRINGS. Drs. Wichamet & Bart's Patent Trusses, with screw pressure, for the cure of RUPTURES, when curable. These trusses have received the highest recommendations of the Medical Faculty. Also Trusses manufactured by others, patented and proved excellent by many years' experience. Bandages for Piles; several varieties of Bandages for the relief of prolapsus uteri; Hypogastric Belts; Elastic Abdominal Belts. Vulcanized Elastic Silk, Thread and Cotton Stockings; suspensory Bandages of various sorts. Artificial Legs and Arms of various descriptions. Assorted Crutches; Extension Leg Bandages for the cure of false anchylosis of the knee, &c. &c. for the relief of Deformities, and particularly of the foot; a complete assortment of apparatuses for the removal of every species of deformity.

INJECTING MACHINES OF VARIOUS KINDS. Injecting Pipes of different principles, by lever power, with constant stream, with single or double pumps; Basins for traveling, for the bed, for sleeping apartments. Dr. Egisier's Irrigator, self-acting and winding up with a clock, adapted to every species of injection or irrigation. Ascending Shower baths, together with a large supply of Clyso-pumps of different models.

Trusses, Bandages, &c., applied to the satisfaction of customers. All the instruments and apparatuses are of assorted sizes. Surgical and other Instruments repaired with promptitude and care.

DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES will find a large assortment of Bandages, Trusses, Surgical Instruments, and Clysopumps of every description, for sale, at wholesale and retail, at B. PRADEL, nov29 ely ly 60 St. Charles st.

POTATOES—250 barrels St. Louis pinkeyes, snowballs and whites, landing from steamboat Planter, for sale by
jy26 A. CHOPARD & CO, 14 Poydras st

JUST received per steamship Havana, from Philadelphia, and for sale by the undersigned—
150 boxes fresh Layer Raisins.
100 casks Congress Water;
50 ... Empire
50 tierces Duffield's Hams;
5 packages Belcher's Golden Syrup, in barrels and in gallon kegs;
300 cases Hostetter's Bitters;
100 boxes Lovering's Loaf Sugar;
250 bbls ... crushed and powdered;
5000 ounces Quinine.
R. J. HART & CO.,
jy27 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

SPANISH PRODUCE—Landing ex ship Concolier, from Barcelona—
8 casks Mayorca;
40 casks superior and very thick Claret;
25 bbls. Canary Seed;
20 gross Spanish Playing Cards;
400 jars Olive Oil.
For sale by PABLO GELPI & CO.,
jy27 129 Old Levee st.

IN STORE—40 bbls superior sweet Port Wine. For sale by PABLO GELPI & CO.,
jy27 129 Old Levee st.

DAILY EXPECTED per ship Ville de Grenade, from Marseilles—
100 casks very thick Claret;
25 bbls Madeira Wine.
For sale by PABLO GELPI & CO.,
jy27 129 Old Levee st.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.—100 casks Bergasse claret; 50 do Cette do; 50 do Haut Sauterne white wine; 100 bbls do do; 50 casks Margaux Medoc claret; 20 pipes superior Holland gin, in bond; 100 bbls do do; 100 do Zara Maraschino; 200 baskets champagne, Laforestier Fils, 12, 24 half, 36 quarts; 100 boxes Abt Skermante wine, 25 do green cordial; 50 do Angier's cherrybounce. For sale by LANATA BROTHERS,
jy26 9 and 11 Jefferson st

OIL, ALMONDS, SARDINES, &c.—2000 baskets Bezigatupt olive oil, 12 bottles. 500 do do do, 24 half bottles; 500 do Plagniol do, 24 do; 500 do Croce do do; 100 do Bagnol & Gautier; 50 bales soft shelled almonds; 100 cases, 100 quarter boxes, sardines in oil, Nantz. 25 cases, 200 do do, do; 40 cases, 100 half boxes sardines in oil, Ferrand; 25 boxes stuffed olives and anchovies in oil, Nantz; 50 do Marseilles soap. For sale by
jy26 LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st.

BORDEAUX AND MARSEILLES WINES.—50 casks good ordinary Bordeaux claret; 40 do old fine claret; 50 do Bergasse do; 75 bbls Haut Sauterne white wine. For sale by
BLANCHIN & GIRAUD,
jy26 44 Old Levee st.

LANDING ex ship Sheffield, from Bordeaux—70 casks good ordinary claret; 20 casks H Sauterne white wine; 40 bbls H sauterne white wine; 100 boxes H Sauterne white wine; 500 boxes St. Julien medoc; for sale by PIAGGIO & VIOSCA, Jr.,
jy26 29 Conti st.

ABSYNTH, OIL, &c.—50 bbls absynth, Neilly, Prat & Co; 25 bbls absynth, Andre; 50 boxes absynth, Lecoultre; 1000 baskets Bezigatupt oil, 12, 24, 11 ea; 100 baskets Plagniol oil, 24, 11 ea; 100 quarter boxes, 100 half boxes, sardines in oil; 100 cases, 100 quarter boxes, sardines in oil; for sale by
jy26 PIAGGIO & VIOSCA, Jr., 29 Conti st.

DRAWBACK—50 casks very thick Bergasse wine; 400 boxes, 12 boxes each, claret, Lion brand; 40 pipes Holland gin, Double Eagle and Anchor; 150 packages brandy, various brands; 100 boxes Plagniol oil, 23 oz; 100 baskets champagne, Laforestier, quarts and pints; for sale by
jy26 PIAGGIO & VIOSCA, Jr., 29 Conti st.

SUNDRIES—50 boxes, 24 glass jars, prunes, 3 Fau; 30 boxes, 12 glass jars, prunes, 3 Fau; 25 bbls shelled almonds; 10 bbls currants; 100 boxes fruits in juice, Delmas & Bellinger. For sale by
jy26 PIAGGIO & VIOSCA, Jr., 29 Conti st.

STARCH—400 boxes Fox's refined starch, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO.,
jy26 15 Tchoupitoulas st.

LARD OIL—50 bbls Nos. 1 and 2, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO.,
jy26 15 Tchoupitoulas st.

MESS BEEF—100 bbls Jacobs' Extra, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO.,
jy26 15 Tchoupitoulas st.

STAR CANDLES—1000 boxes, full and short weight, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO.,
jy26 15 Tchoupitoulas st.

FLOUR—500 barrels choice extra, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO.,
jy26 15 Tchoupitoulas st.

POTATOES—150 bbls Louisville mechanicks, landing from steamboat E H Fairchild.
ONIONS—50 barrels Louisville, silver skins, landing from steamboat E H Fairchild.
POTATOES—100 bbls Louisville Mechanicks, landing from steamboat Wm. Nelson.
POTATOES—100 bbls St. Louis White City, from steamboat White City.
POTATOES—100 bbls large mechanicks, landing from steamboat Wm Nelson. For sale by
jy26 A. CHOPARD & CO, 14 Poydras st.

IN STORE—100 casks good ordinary Bordeaux claret; 30 do superior family white wine; 20 do do; 10 bbls Sauterne white wine; 20 do do family claret; 100 bales Cognac pale brandy; 50 bbls Boyer's pale Bordeaux brandy; 50 do do do; 100 cases Bergasse wine, 100 half cases; 100 pounds Crème de Menthe; 50 do Curacao; 250 cases liqueur; 35 do Bricio absynth, E. Pernod; 50 do do, C. Lecoultre; 25 do do, Neilly, Prat & Co.; for sale by
BLANCHIN & GIRAUD,
jy26 44 Old Levee st.

FOR CONGRESS.

We are authorized to announce the name of Mr. J. E. BOULIGNY as a candidate for Congress from the First Representative District, subject to the nomination of the American party.

NOTICE.

I HAVE appointed Messrs. AUGUSTIN & THIBAUT the sole agents here for my CARONDELET REFINERY and BI-SULPHITE OF LIME WORKS. All orders will have to be addressed to them at their new office, No. 7 Front Levee, between Customhouse and Bienville streets. ULGER LAUVE. New Orleans, 20th July, 1859.

We have removed our office to No. 7 Front Levee street, between Customhouse and Bienville streets. AUGUSTIN & THIBAUT. jy28 2m

A CARD.

A FEW individuals, for the purpose, doubtless, of injuring the reputation of the house, are circulating a rumor to the effect that Mr. John Pettit had been arrested in France and sent to the army; others even affirm that he is in prison. I hereby declare that such is not the case; the rumor is unfounded, and I can prove it.

CHS. ST. PERSIL, Agent for Mr. J. Petit,
jy28 3t Corner Franklin and Toulouse streets.

Bank of Louisiana.
New Orleans, July 28th, 1859.
A SEMI-ANNUAL dividend of five per cent., also an extra dividend of five per cent., will be payable to the stockholders of this bank, on and after Monday, 1st of August next.
By order of the Board.
jy28 13tAe R. M. DAVIS, Cashier.

Esplanade Street Property,
By J. B. WALTON, Auctioneer,
(Office No. 10 Bank Place.)
AT PRIVATE SALE—A valuable PARCEL OF GROUND on Esplanade street, Third District, between Marais and Villeré streets, 141 feet front by about 150 feet in depth.
Terms—One-third cash, balance at 1, 2 and 3 years credit, with six per cent. interest. jy28 1mA

A Card to Merchants and Parents.
ALL who wish to have their clerks or sons acquire a practical knowledge of Book Keeping, Penmanship, Mathematics, French, Spanish, German, English, &c.
During the summer months, can have them to do so at DOLBEAR'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
jy28 106 Canal street.

CARPETING,
Floor Oil-Cloth and Matting.
19 ... CHARTRES STREET ... 19

1000 ROLLS checked, white and fancy MATTING, lately received.
FLOOR OIL-CLOTH — Of all widths and qualities.
CARPETING—Medallion, Velvet, Brussels, Tapestry, Threeply, Ingrains, &c.
Druggets for Crumb Cloths, Table Covers, Window Shades, &c., offered at the lowest market prices, by A. BROUSSEAU & CO.,
my9 19 Chartres street.

NOTICE.
DURING the absence of Mr. LOUIS BLANC from the city, persons having goods, &c., deposited at his establishment, No. 47 Conti street, are requested to apply at the corner of Royal and Toulouse streets, to Mr. DOUTBUR, who will deliver the same. jy28 6t

An Excellent Chance for Tinsmiths,
FOR SALE ON PROFITABLE TERMS.
THE TIN STORE kept by J. LASALLE, at No. 149 Chartres street, between Toulouse and St. Louis, is to be sold at private sale. It contains an extensive assortment of Tinware and other goods in the line, and a selection of copper boilers, pot covers, brass and tin galleries. Also, fine store fixtures, and a complete assortment of French and American tools and new boards.
The whole is offered on very profitable terms. The purchaser can have besides a lease that has several years to run. The establishment has a good custom in the city and country, and the owner, in order to prove that the chance here offered is an excellent one, is ready to show his books.
The goods are still sold at cost on account of liquidation. jy28

For Sale.
ON account of departure, a splendid SADDLE HORSE, to be seen at Mr. L. E. Dutton's stables, on Basin street. For terms, apply to
jy22 V. A. HAGMAN, 25 St. Louis street.

To Rent.
A FIVE-STORY brick store, No. 50 Magazine street, near Poydras. Apply to
EUG. ROUSSEAU & CO.,
jy26 11 and 19 St. Louis st.

Twenty-Four Dollars Only,
TO LEARN THE ITALIAN LANGUAGE.
A FINI will teach the Italian Language, in three months, to those ladies and gentlemen willing to study the same according to his particular plan. Lessons given at the residence of the pupils, three times a week at $8 a month, payable in advance. Apply at Mr. Dash's music store, No. 23 Chartres street. jy19 1m

For Rent.
FROM the 1st of next October, a two-story HOUSE, situated at the corner of B... and Barracks streets, having gas, cisterns, and built with a double yard. For terms, apply on the premises, or at No. 66 Esplanade street. jy16 1f

For Sale.
THE beautiful property occupied by Mr. DE LANNEVILLE, measuring one arpent and fifteen feet front on the river, by thirty-eight arpents, more or less, in depth, bounded on the upper line by the property of Mrs. Widow Clavarie, and on the lower line by that of Mrs. Widow alphonse Dubra. Said property is at an equal distance from the Louisiana College and the Convent of the Sacred Heart. The improvements comprise a fine house, kitchen with twelve cooking stoves, brewing room, a building in the yard, cellar and poultry, washhouse, stove, stables, cow stables, well, oven, sugar coolers, &c.

For terms, apply to Mr. A. DE LANNEVILLE, parish of St. James. jy10 3t

For Rent.
THE FIVE-STORY BRICK STORE situated at the northeast corner of Poydras and Magazine streets. Also, the store No. 50 Magazine street, adjoining. Apply to
EUG. ROUSSEAU & CO.,
No. 17 and 19 St. Louis st.
Possession given immediately. jy19

Notice.
PERSONS having SLAVES for sale, for the city and for the country, are requested to apply at No. 120 Customhouse street, between Bourbon and Dauphin, to DERBEY, Broker.

Notice.
IN conformity with the late act of the Legislature of the State, the style of our firm is from this date changed to PAULIN DUREL.
P. DUREL & CO.
New Orleans, July 18th, 1859. jy28

Notice.
THE subscribers to the capital stock of the LOUISIANA STATE INSURANCE COMPANY are hereby invited to call at the office of Mr. Edward Barnett, notary public, No. 10 Royal street, to sign the Charter of said Company.
New Orleans, 19th July, 1859. jy28 1m

Notice.
TO conform with the late act of the Legislature of the State, the style of our firm will from this date be changed to JOHN D. BEIN & SON.
PRESTLEY & BEIN.
New Orleans, July 9, 1859. jy21—1m

LANDING ex ship Sheffield, from Bordeaux—100 baskets extra sup Anisette, Chauvet; 75 bxs do do Cordials; 10 baskets sup Angiers Cherry Brandy; 75 bxs assorted Fruits, Chauvet; 15 do Vanilla Cream. For sale by
BLANCHIN & GIRAUD,
jy26 44 Old Levee.

GRANDE CHARTREUSE—25 boxes, in store and for sale by BLANCHIN & GIRAUD,
jy26 44 Old Levee.

COW PEAS—100 sacks Carolina, fresh and free from weevils, for sale by
jy26 A. CHOPARD & CO, 14 Poydras st.

IN STORE—50 casks family wine;
30 do ordinary do;
50 bbls Haut Sauterne white wine;
20 do Madeira wine; 15 do Sherry wine;
20 do sweet Malaga wine;
20 do very old Port wine;
30 quarter casks cognac, various brands;
15 eighth do do do;
20 bbls anisette, do do;
50 do curaçao; 60 demijohns maraschino;
20 demijohns Persian Forest Noir kirschwasser, a superior article;
200 boxes cordials, various prices;
20 do absynth, various brands;
20 do kirschwasser, Verein & Lecoultre;
20 do vermouth; 60 do curaçao;
20 do maraschino;
200 baskets anisette, various brands;
25 boxes Hostetter's bitters;
20 do cassis, ratafia and punch;
15 do Gentian brandy;
20 do Boker's bitters; 12 do cherrybounce;
20 do Frontignan muscat;
20 do raspberries in juice;
15 baskets orig Creme de Noyau champagne;
20 do sparkling celery;
20 boxes Chateau Fonroque wine;
20 do do do do;
20 do Chateau Margaux wine, 24 half bottles;
20 do Haut Sauterne;
20 do various brands, very old;
75,000 pointed corks, in bales containing each 10,000;
5 bales, 10,000 each, fine regular corks;
5000 demijohn corks;
4 dozen, assorted fine old demijohns;
20,000 very choice Havana cigars.
For sale by
jy26 E. DECHAMPS, 21 St. Louis st.

WHISKY—50 bbls Pike's Magnolia, just received and for sale by L. MALUS & CO,
jy26 42 Old Levee st.

BEEF—50 half and quarter bbls, Fulton Market, and Davis's extra family, in store and for sale by L. MALUS & CO.,
jy26 42 Old Levee st.

SUGAR—100 bbls Lovering's crushed and powdered, just received and for sale by L. MALUS & CO, 42 Old Levee st.

HAMS—50 tierces Duffield's, just received and for sale by L. MALUS & CO.,
jy26 41 Old Levee st.

CANDLES—100 boxes Proctor & Gamble's Star, and J. Leonard's Sperm, in store and for sale by L. MALUS & CO.,
jy26 42 Old Levee st.

LARD—100 bbls and kegs choice leaf, in store and for sale by L. MALUS & CO.,
jy26 42 Old Levee st.

TEA—75 packages choice green and black, just received and for sale by
jy26 L. MALUS & CO, 42 Old Levee st.

CLARET—100 boxes different brands, in store and for sale by L. MALUS & CO.,
jy26 42 Old Levee st.

WHITE WINE—100 boxes just received, in store and for sale by L. MALUS & CO,
jy26 42 Old Levee st.

STARCH—100 boxes Orange and Fox's, in store and for sale by L. MALUS & CO.,
jy26 42 Old Levee st.

RICE—50 barrels choice Creole, just received and for sale by L. MALUS & CO.,
jy26 42 Old Levee st.

COFFEE—200 bags Java, Havana, Guayaquil and Rio, in store and for sale by
jy26 L. MALUS & CO, 42 Old Levee st.

VINEGAR—50 bbls French white wine and cider, in store and for sale by
jy26 L. MALUS & CO., 42 Old Levee st.

TOBACCO—75 packages different brands, in store and for sale by L. MALUS & CO,
jy26 42 Old Levee st.

SWEET OIL—50 baskets, J. Bagniol brand, in store and for sale by G. DAVAROS & CO.,
jy26 144 Royal st.

HAVANA CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.—A large and well selected stock always on hand, comprising all qualities and brands. [illegible]
jy26 ... No. 24 Gravier st.

[illegible]—25 cases, 1 [illegible], just received and for sale by L. MALUS & CO.,
jy26 42 Old Levee st.

NOTICE.
SELTZ WATER ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 256 St. Claude street.
ALL persons having in their possession Pitchers, or patented bottles, used for the sale of Seltz Water, and marked "J. C. F., St. Claude street, No. 256," are respectfully requested to send them back to the undersigned, or let him know where the same may be sent for. And whereas he knows that said Siphons are often bought, he takes the liberty to inform the public that no one has the right to dispose of the same. He shall claim them in whose possession they may be found, and in future will prosecute all such persons as may have said them.
J. CHESNUT.
New Orleans, 29th June, 1859. jy1 1m

J. H. & JOHN E. HOLLAND,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
J. H. HOLLAND,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER FOR TEXAS.
Office at No. 39 St. Charles street,
jy17y Next door to Bank of New Orleans.

Dissolution.
THE firm of PAYNE, STEELE & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books and papers will remain in the office of PAYNE & HARRISON, at the old stand, and Mr. JOHN E. BELL will attend to the settlement of the business, being authorized to use the name of the firm in liquidation, as are also all the members of the firm.
E. C. PAYNE,
C. STEELE,
F. PINCKARD.
New Orleans, July 1, 1859.

Copartnership.
CLAIBORNE STEELE & F. PINCKARD, (of the late firm of PAYNE, STEELE & CO.) having associated themselves with WM. M. PINCKARD, (of the late firm of GEO. M. PINCKARD & CO.) for the purpose of conducting a General Wholesale Grocery business in New Orleans, under the firm of PINCKARD, STEELE & CO., they will occupy No. 35 Tchoupitoulas street, a few doors above the old stand of PAYNE, STEELE & CO., and in the same block of buildings, until their spacious new store is finished, at the corner of Tchoupitoulas and Gravier streets.
WM. M. PINCKARD,
CLAIBORNE STEELE,
FERDINAND PINCKARD.
New Orleans, July 1, 1859. jy3 1f

Franco-Italian Drug Store.
VEGETABLE Antiphlogistic Potion—invaluable for all kinds of cutaneous diseases.
Injection—a certain remedy for gleet. Cure in six days.
Vegetable Depurative Syrup—for the radical cure of diseases arising from the blood, syphilitic virus, ulcers, eruptions, &c.
Preserved Cassia, Tamarind Pulp—a light purgative.
Tamarind Syrup—a pleasant purgative, especially for children.
Also—Remedies used in Italy.
F. BERVA, Druggist,
A graduate of the University of Turin,
jy4 Corner Rampart and Barracks streets, N. O.

For Sale at a Great Reduction.
ON ACCOUNT OF LIQUIDATION.
THE contents of the TINWARE STORE No. 149 Chartres street, between Toulouse and Jefferson streets, comprising a large variety of "Housekeeping" wrought iron kitchen utensils, common and Japanned tinware, earthen ironing stoves, bathing tubs, coffee pots and cookers. Also various other goods too numerous to be mentioned.
The undersigned would sell in block, on very liberal terms, the goods, the fixtures and a complete assortment of French and American tools.
The store is of thirteen years' standing, and has a good custom both in the city and country.
jy28 J. LASALLE.

MEDICAL CARD.
DR. C. F. GUINAND, having returned to New Orleans, has resumed the practice of his profession, and opened his consultation office on Bourbon street, No. 54, between St. Louis and Conti. Physical asked only for the successful treatment of so called incurable diseases.
Consultations daily, from 12 M. to 3 P. M., and free for the poor. jy28 1m

J. HENARD.
GARDEN SEEDS.
LARGE Drumhead and Bonneuil Cabbages; Flatland Dutch Flat Head, large Anglers, Early Flat Head, white and blue Turnips, St. Denis, Early Green Cole, Red, Cavalier, Dutch, Swedish, Turnip Cabbages; Italian Cauliflower, Red Turnip, Early White Turnip, large White Flat Red Beet, Carrot, Parsnip, &c.
Red Beet, Carrot, Curled Endive, Yellow Lettuce, Tomatoes, Broad leaved Cress, White Solid Celery, Royal, Washington and Dwarf Beans.
CREOLE SEEDS, NEW CROP.
Carrot, large Drumhead Cabbage, Royal Lettuce, White Leaved Lettuce, Roman Lettuce, Parsley, Cherries, &c.
The above Seeds are all superior, and have been tested.
PLANTS.
An extensive assortment of Plants and Shrubs in pots.
Apply either at the store or at the Horticultural establishment, Gentilly road.
The whole is offered on very moderate terms, at Old Levee street, No. 213, (late No. 161) between Barracks and Hospital. jy9

PAUL E. THEARD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
jy6 6m No. 80 ROYAL STREET.

Notice.
FROM this date Mr. CHAS. ABROTO has our full power of attorney.
DUPEIRE & DEPTUL.
New Orleans, July 24, 1859. jy26 1m

INDIA RUBBER PATENT
B. ANTOGNINI

B. ANTOGNINI & E. RICHARD,
Billiard Table Manufacturers,
No. 14 Conti street,
Between Chartres and Old Levee, New Orleans.
HAVE the honor to inform their friends, the planters, merchants and the public generally, that they have formed an association and are ready to attend to all orders with the greatest care and dispatch, and will endeavor to increase the reputation of the establishment.
Being in connection with European houses, they offer a complete assortment of French Billiard Tables and Goods, such as Kilburn's Cloths, Balls, Cues, Cue Cutters, Cue-Leathers, Pool Baskets and Balls.
They have constantly on hand a choice lot of Billiard Tables, mahogany and rosewood, with marble slates or wood tops, furnished with PATENT INDIA RUBBER CUSHIONS, of the latest improved style. Also on hand, Keno Boxes and Cards, Ten Pin Balls, and Pins, Backgammon, Bagatelles and Pigeonhole Boards, &c.
Prices very moderate.
ECONOMICAL COOKING STOVES,
Portable and set up to order, with crockery and castiron ware.

ENGLISH SUGAR KETTLES.
WROUGHT IRON.
[illegible]
CAST IRON.
[illegible] For sale by
JUAN Y DE BRANE,
jy28 6m 67 Bienville st.

SPERM CANDLES—200 boxes best Sperm Candles; St. Leonard's, Macy's, Thomas's, &c.; 40 do Macy's Wax Candles, white and colored. For sale by JOS H & I N MARKS,
jy7 45, 45 and 47 New Levee st.

SUGAR—50 bbls Lovering's crushed sugar; 75 do do powdered do; 50 half do do do do. For sale by JOS H & I N MARKS,
jy7 45, 45 and 47 New Levee st.

SNUFF—400 dozen Goodwin's bolt Scotch snuff; 25 do do Maccoboy do; 50 do Garrett's bolt Scotch do; 15 do do de Maccoboy do; 15 do Lorillard's Scotch do. For sale by JOS H & I N MARKS,
jy7 45, 45 and 47 New Levee st.

SPICES—100 bags each of Pepper, Ginger, Allspice, Cloves and Cassia. For sale by
JOS H & I N MARKS,
jy7 45, 45 and 47 New Levee st.

LANDING ex ship Aristides, arrived from Bordeaux—
50 casks claret wine, St. Julien Medoc;
20 do do Margaux do.
For sale by E. LAMBERT,
jy26 No. 65 Magazine street.

SAL SODA—75 casks, for sale by E J HART & CO,
jy26 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

SPICES—40 blued cloves; 15 cases nutmegs, prime; 20 bags ginger; 20 do pimento; 20 do pepper. For sale by E J HART & CO,
jy26 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

LANDING ex ship Aristides, from Bordeaux—40 casks Family Wine; for sale by
E. DECHAMPS, 21 St. Louis st.

ENGLAND—15 boxes Sheet Isinglass, in the Shred do; for sale by JOS H & I N MARKS,
jy26 45, 45 and 47 New Levee st.

THOMS—25 quarter pipes Cognac, Blenaud Jeune;
25 quarter pipes Cognac, Cognac; 25 do;
[illegible]
5 pipes Holland Gin, imported [illegible]
For sale by E. LAMBERT,
jy26 No. 65 Magazine st.

EXTRACTS—10 gross Preston & Merrill's assorted extracts; 5 do Burnett's do do; 25 do [illegible] For sale by JOS H & I N MARKS,
jy7 45, 45 and 47 New Levee st.

POTATOES—150 barrels St. Louis Pinkeyes and Whites, landing from steamer Gladiator.
ONIONS—15 barrels Louisville Silver-skins, landing from steamer John Raine.
POTATOES—a few barrels Louisville Mechanicks, landing from steamer John Raine.
POTATOES—50 barrels St. Louis Snow Balls, landing from steamboat Lookout.
For sale by A. CHOPARD & CO.,
jy26 14 Poydras st.

WINES, SARDINES AND PICKLES—10 cases, 100 of boxes, Nantz Sardines; 100 do, 100 do do do; 100 casks Bordeaux and Burgasse Claret; 200 boxes, 12 bottles, Claret, various vintages; 500 do Olives, Capers and Pickles; 100 do Cassis, Bordeaux Punch. For sale by
PIAGGIO & VIOSCA, Jr.,
jy26 29 Conti street.

WHITE WINE VINEGAR—50 barrels superior quality, in store and for sale by
S. D. GRATIAA & CO.,
jy11 32 Customhouse st.

CORKS—50 bales regular; 20 do pointed; 25 do fine regular. For sale by
S. D. GRATIAA & CO.,
jy11 32 Customhouse st.

TRUFFLES—5 cases truffles, half boxes; 4 do truffled pies, in half and quarter boxes; for sale by
S. D. GRATIAA & CO.,
jy11 32 Customhouse st.

WE have in store and are constantly receiving a supply of the following wines, which are warranted to be pure and of good quality:
PORT WINE—Cofin's Queen's Port, in quarter, eighth and sixteenth casks.
Harris's pure juice Port, in quarter, eighth and sixteenth casks.
Osborn's No. 1 and No. 2, in cases.
MADEIRA WINE—Verin Madeira, in half and quarter pipes and eighth casks.
SHERRY WINE—Harmony's standard, Topaz, Amontillado.
Mel Purado.
Also a large assortment of common wines. For sale by JOS H & I N MARKS,
jy7 45, 45 and 47 New Levee st.

LARD OIL—40 bbls. 31 per cent., for sale by
VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO.,
jy26 15 Tchoupitoulas st.

WHISKY—300 barrels White Wheat, for sale by
VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO.,
jy26 15 Tchoupitoulas st.

WINES, BRANDIES, OILS, &c. &c. Imported by ships Messrs. Sybil and Aristides, from Bordeaux—[illegible]
For sale by PIAGGIO & VIOSCA,
jy26 29 Conti st.

LANDING ex ship Uruguay, from Marseilles—10 cases vermouth, various charges; 10 do Ponce wine; 10 do Rataffa. For sale by
[illegible]

CHARTER AND ACT OF INCORPORATION
—OF THE—
New Orleans Mutual Insurance Company.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—STATE OF LOUISIANA—CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

BE IT KNOWN, That this day, the twenty second of June, in the year of our Lord Eighteen Hundred and Fifty-Nine, and in the Eighty-Third of American Independence.

Before me, AMEDEE DUCATEL, Notary Public, duly commissioned and sworn in and for this City and the Parish of Orleans, therein residing, and in presence of the undersigned witnesses,

Personally came and appeared the parties whose names are hereunto subscribed, who declared that, availing themselves of the provisions of an act of the Legislature of this State, entitled, "an act for the organization of corporations for works of public improvement and utility," approved March the fourteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty five, they have covenanted and agreed, and do by these presents covenant and agree, and bind themselves, and those whom they represent, to establish an INSURANCE COMPANY, for the object and purposes and under the obligations, stipulations and regulations following, to-wit:

ARTICLE 1.—This Company shall be established in the City of New Orleans, and shall be designated and known by the name of the "NEW ORLEANS MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY." It shall commence its operations on or about the first day of October, Eighteen Hundred and Fifty-Nine, or as near thereto as may be; and the said Company shall exist for twenty-five years from the date of this act, unless it be sooner dissolved or settled up, by order of three-fourths of the votes of the Company. It shall have a seal, the device of the Company upon that same shall be the Arms of the State of Louisiana, with the name of the Company upon the margin.

ARTICLE 2.—The object and purposes of this Company are declared to be—

1. To make insurance on dwelling-houses, stores or other buildings, household furniture, merchandise or other property, against loss or damage by fire.

2. To make Marine Insurance upon vessels, freights, steamboats, goods, wares, merchandise, specie, bullion, commissions, profits, bank notes, bills of exchange, and other evidences of debt, bottomry and respondentia interests, and to make all and every insurance appertaining to or connected with marine or inland transportation risks.

3. They may cause themselves to be reinsured against any risk upon which they have made or shall make insurance.

The President or Secretary of the Company shall be the proper officer upon whom to serve citations or other legal documents in all suits against the Company.

ARTICLE 3.—The names and respective interest of the parties to these act are declared to be as follows, to wit:

E. BOCHEREAU & CO.,
MR. MILLAUDON,
J. BURNSIDE & CO.,
BABCOCK & RHODES,
FELLOWES & CO.,
CABALLERO & BASCALDO,
A. MILTENBERGER & CO.,
MONTGOMERY & WHITE,
REICHARD & CO.,
HAGGERTY & BROS.,
CUTHBR, HARRISON & CO.,
[and others.]

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED, $411,500.

ARTICLE 4.—For the purposes of carrying out the objects of this corporation, those persons who have already subscribed, and those who may hereafter subscribe, shall give their notes, approved of by the President of the Company, for the amount of their subscriptions, payable at twelve months from the first of October next, 1859; for which a receipt shall be given, signed by the President, acknowledging to have received the same for premiums in advance. These notes are to be subject to all the contingencies of capital.

All premiums for insurance made by these parties are to be paid in conformity with the rules and regulations of the Company, and endorsed, when paid, on the note of the endorsed, until such notes shall have been paid in full. No subscriber shall, in any event, be liable for losses of the Company in any larger sum than the amount that may be due on his note, or their notes, as aforesaid. Parties who, at the maturity of their notes as aforesaid, shall not have insured with the Company, in same, the premium of which shall be sufficient to equal the amount of their notes, and the wants of the Company not requiring the payment of the same, shall be entitled to renew the balance for one year: all the same, however, shall be subject to all and every plan of want of value or consideration for the same.

When the capital of the Company shall equal, by its earnings, the sum of FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, the said notes shall be cancelled and surrendered.

ARTICLE 5.—All the corporate powers of the Company shall be exercised by a Board of Directors, and other officers, who shall be as they may appoint. This Board shall consist of twelve persons, to be elected, except the first year, on the last Monday of September, in each year, at such place as may be designated by the Board, in the city of New Orleans, of which election they shall give at least fourteen days notice in three of the public newspapers published in the city of New Orleans. The Board shall appoint three of the members of the corporation inspectors to preside at such election; and if any of said inspectors decline or fail to attend, the President may appoint others to fill such vacancies. The Board thus elected are to take their seats on the last Monday of October next ensuing, and to hold the same for one year thereafter, or until others are qualified to act in their stead.

For the first year that this Company goes into operation, the following named subscribers shall form the Board of Directors, to wit:

ALPHONSE MILTENBERGER,
H. M. WRIGHT,
U. LAUVE,
E. M. DARBY,
J. J. GRIBBLE,
A. REICHARD,
A. ROCHEREAU,
LM. MILLAUDON,
J. M. BASCALDO,
L. F. GENERES,
S. MARTINE,
J. SUTER,
F. A. NOBLOM.

Whose term of service shall expire on the last Monday of October of the ensuing year. In elections, those persons having a plurality of votes shall be considered duly elected; in the event of no election taking place on the day aforesaid, the President and Directors thereafter shall continue to take place with like good effect on any day thereafter, after giving notice by advertisement in one or more of the public newspapers published in the city.

The Board of Directors shall, at their first meeting, elect a President, annually, who shall, if not one, be a stockholder of the company, and be a member of the Board. He shall hold his office until his successor is elected.

The President shall preside at all meetings of the Board, and at all the meetings of the members of the Company, and shall conduct the business of the Company generally, under the supervision of the Board. It shall be the duty of the President to sign all the policies. The Board shall fix the compensation of all the officers and clerks employed or retained by the Company. They shall invest the profits of the Company from time to time, as hereinafter provided for. They shall have power to adopt such by-laws as they may deem necessary and convenient for the government and regulation of the Company, not being contrary to this act, nor to the laws of the State of Louisiana, and they shall have power to fill all vacancies in the Board that may occur in the Board of Presidency.

ARTICLE 6.—Every person who shall hereafter insure with this Company, and continue to be insured, and every person holding in his own name or in the name of his firm, a certificate of the Company, unless discharged by payment of losses, shall be deemed a member of the Company, and entitled to vote in person, or by proxy, at all elections. Each certificate of the Company so recognized by the President and Secretary, shall entitle the holder to one additional vote for every one hundred dollars of the same, until the amount of the certificate shall reach one thousand dollars, and then such five hundred dollars shall be entitled to one additional vote until the amount of the certificates shall reach five thousand dollars, when each one thousand to one thousand dollars shall be entitled to one additional vote: provided that all the certificates, as aforesaid, entitling the holder thereof to vote shall have been transferred for a shorter period than six months prior to said election.

ARTICLE 7.—It shall be lawful for this Board to invest the profits of the Company in bonds and mortgages, on unincumbered and improved real estate in the city of New Orleans, to an amount not exceeding one half of the profits aforesaid; and, in every case, the property shall be worth twice the amount loaned thereon. They may also invest the profits of the Company in the stocks created by, or under the laws of the United States, or of this State, or of this city, and may loan the same upon receiving such stocks as security, in sums not exceeding three-fourths of the par value of the same.

The Company may hold real estate to an amount not exceeding one fourth of its net profits, though it may be lawful for the Board to purchase, in addition, any property which may be mortgaged to said Company, at any forced sale of the same, if in their option it may be of advantage to the Company.

ARTICLE 8.—The officers of the Company, at the expiration of one year from the time the first policy shall have been issued and bear date, and within one month thereafter, and during the first month of every year succeeding, shall cause an estimate to be made, and sworn to by the President and Secretary of the Company, of the affairs thereof, so near as may be, for the preceding year, including a statement of all the premiums earned, distinguishing between fire, marine and inland risks, of the losses and expenses which shall have been paid or incurred during the period embraced in such estimate, distinguishing between fire, marine and inland risks, and the balance remaining to the credit of the Company. The profits, for the purpose of a division of the profits of the said Company, in which they shall charge each insurer with a proportionate share of the losses of the said Company, according to the amount of premiums by him paid, but in no case shall such share exceed the amount of such premiums; and also with an equal share of the profits of the Company, derived from investments, in proportion to said amount; and said insurer shall thereupon be entitled to a certificate signed by the President and Secretary of said Company, of the amount of his credit on the books of the Company, payable out of the earnings of the Company, in such sums as may be determined by the Board, at the end of each year, and to contain a proviso, that such certificate shall be liable for any further loss which may be sustained by the said Company.

No certificate to be issued for the fractional parts of sums, bearing even sums of dollars, nor for any sum less than five dollars; but all such fractional parts of sums, and sums less than ten dollars, are to be passed to the contingent account of the Company, and shall be applied to the expenses and other charges of the year to which they appertain.

Said certificates shall not be transferable except by the consent of the Company, and the same shall be duly entered on the books thereof.

ARTICLE 9.—Every person who shall become a member of this Company by effecting insurance therein, shall, the first time he effects insurance, and before he receives his policy, pay the rates that may be fixed upon by the Board, and no payment so made shall ever be withdrawn from said Company, but shall be applied to the expenses and losses incurred by this Company.

ARTICLE 10.—Whenever the accumulated net profits shall exceed five hundred thousand dollars, the excess may be applied from year to year thereafter to the redemption of each year's certificates, respectively, in part, but the certificates issued for the profits of the preceding years are provided for, until all of the preceding year have been redeemed. All redemption shall be made by the Board of Directors, however, by a vote of two thirds of the shall their annual meetings, by a vote of two thirds of the Board for the profit of the Company to be, or be applied to the redemption of certificates.

ARTICLE 11.—On any day of the first month after the expiration of the first year, from the time when the said Company shall issue the first policy, and every year thereafter, the President, Secretary and officers of said Company shall make a statement of the affairs of said Company, which shall contain: 1. The amount of premiums received during the year just ended, distinguishing the amounts received on fire policies, on marine policies, and on river or inland policies during the same year. 2. The amount of expenses of the Company during the same year. 3. The amount of losses incurred during the year, distinguishing between fire risks, marine risks, and inland navigation and transportation risks. 4. The balance remaining with the Company, setting forth the amount of capital, the amount of cash, and the amount invested in real estate, and the nature of such securities.

ARTICLE 12.—The stockholders of the Company, at a general meeting to be convened for the purpose, after thirty days notice in two of the newspapers published in this city, shall have the power to propose any changes, additions, or modifications in this act of incorporation, or even to dissolve it, provided that three-fourths of the stock represented in such meeting shall vote in favor of such proposed measure; and any and all such changes, addition, modification, or dissolution, shall be recorded as required by law.

ARTICLE 13.—At the expiration of the term of this act of incorporation, or at its earlier termination, as provided in article twelfth, three commissioners shall be appointed by the Board of Directors, and who shall, under the direction of the Board, settle the affairs of the Company with all reasonable dispatch, and collect all the debts and liabilities paid, and the balance of the funds shall be appropriated to the redemption of the certificates of profits, pro rata, and without distinction of date; the same commissioners shall continue to act until the business of the Company shall be entirely closed and settled, and in case of the death or inability of either, the survivor or survivors alone shall act.

ARTICLE 14. In addition to their share of profits on the business of the Company the original subscribers shall be entitled to receive for the first year a special interest of eight per cent. on the amount of premiums credited on their subscription notes, which interest shall run from the dates of such credits until the fifteenth day of October, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty.

ARTICLE 15. In case any certificate or certificates of profits shall not be called for by the parties entitled thereto, within three years from the date of their issue, then the same shall be cancelled, and the amount thereof, with all interest accrued thereon, shall be placed to the credit of the contingent account on the books of the Company, after public advertisement in French and English in two of the newspapers published in this city, for thirty days; which advertisement shall contain the amount of the certificate and the names of the parties entitled to the same.

DONE AND PASSED in my office, in New Orleans, the day, month and year first above written, in presence of Messrs. ERNEST DUCATEL and AMEDEE DUCATEL, Jr., competent witnesses, who have signed these presents, together with the said parties, and me, the said notary, after reading the whole.

The original is signed: Victor Bezel, LA. Millaudon, Caballero & Bascaldo, Lauve & McCall, A. Miltenberger & Co., J. Wright & Co., and others.
ERNEST DUCATEL,
AMEDEE DUCATEL, Jr.
AMEDEE DUCATEL, Notary Public.

I do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original act of incorporation on record and on file in my office. In faith whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of my office, at New Orleans, this twenty-third day of June, Eighteen Hundred and Fifty-Nine.
AMEDEE DUCATEL, Notary Public.

The Recorder of Mortgages for the Parish and City of New Orleans does hereby certify that the within act has this day been recorded in his office in Society Book 4, F. 236 to 294. JOHN HOLMES,
New Orleans, June 24, 1859. Recorder.
jy14 4t6d

French Medicines.
THE undersigned has just received from France, per ship Mary Annah—
500 bottles Labarraque's Liquor;
100,000 Issue Peas;
Pure Extract of Poppy, warranted;
... Opium;
... Chicory,
... Absynth,
... Ergot,
... Cicuta,
Spirit of Violets,
Borage Flowers and Leaves;
Succory
Millfoil
Violet d'Eau Flowers
Powdered Liquorice;
... Althœa;
... Florentine Iris, &c. &c.
The attention of druggists, physicians and dealers in Louisiana and the neighboring States is called to his stock of Drugs, French, American and English Chemicals, received directly from European and Northern manufacturers, from the East Indies, South America, &c. His prices are fully as moderate as those of wholesale Northern and Eastern druggists, and his terms accommodating.
B. JOURDAN,
(Late house of H. Bonnabel)
jy14 corner of Natchez and Tchoupitoulas sts.

Just Received and for Sale.
500 bottles Laroche's Quinquina—a tonic, digestive, stomachic febrifuge and hygienic liquor;
500 bottles Post Gage and Duponts Anti-Glaireux;
2000 flasks Brou's Injection;
200 ... Raquin's Capsules Balsam Copiva.
500 ... Clark's
2000 boxes Mothe's
Rebec's Charcoal Powder and Pills;
5000 boxes Regnauld and Degenetais's Pectoral Paste and Arabian Mafe;
500 phials Auberger's Lactucarium Syrup;
500 ... Briant's Anti-Phlogistic Syrup;
200 ... D'Orvault's Iodurated Sarsaparilla Syrup;
200 ... Iodurated Syrup of Iron and Manganese;
200 flasks Ferro-Manganic Powder;
500 bottles Cottin's Le Roy Purgative;
... Vomi Purgative;
100 ... Le Roy's Purgative Pills;
100 ... Ruspini's Cod-liver Oil;
100 ... Hogg's
100 ... Jongh's
150 flasks Leclerc's Homeopathic Water;
100 ... Dubois's Ophthalmic Liquor—an infallible remedy for diseases of the eyes;
1000 flasks Lime's Santonine Drops;
1000 ... Pelletier's
1000 ... Labarraque's Disinfecting Chloride;
1000 boxes Vichy Lozenges;
500 bottles Boyveau Laffecteur's Anti-Syphilitic Rob;
500 Clysopumps, self-acting; do continued stream; Clysophiters; Aigulster's Irrigators; English Clysopumps, &c.;
Superior Wax and India Rubber English and French Catheters;
Billard's Creosote; do Calecoform; O'Meara's Elixir; Pelletier's Elixir and Odontine; Dr. Pierre's Dentifrice, Water and Powder;
Buscol's English Tooth Brushes—a very superior article;
Medical Extracts of the greatest purity. French and American chemical products;
1000 ounces Sulphate Quinine, from Robiquet, Pelletier, Delondre and Levaillant, Powers & Weightman, Rosengarten & Sons.
jy1 F. F. DUCONGE, 20 Chartres st.

Street Importation from Paris.
THE undersigned, depositary of the French Specialties, and all Medicines sanctioned by experience, has just received, per ship Mary Anne and Leonel Byer, from Havre:
2400 bottles genuine Seltz Wine;
500 flasks Leras's Phosphate of Iron;
1500 bottles Rob Laffecteur;
500 ... Jongh's Cod Liver Oil;
500 ... Madeg Quinquina Wine;
500 ... Blancard's Pills;
500 flasks Pelletier's (Lyons) Pastilles de Santonine;
1200 flasks Mathey Caylus's Capsules;
500 ... Phosphate of Iron in Pills;
500 ... in Syrup;
500 ... Leroy's Pills;
200 bottles Labarraque's Chloride;
200 kilos Tapioca;
100 ... Bismuth's Scourubinate;
250 ounces Valerianate de Quinine;
40 litres Iodide of Potassium;
250 flasks Collas Benzine;
250 boxes Charrieul's Apparatus;
500 ounces Pelletier's Sulphate of Quinine.
For sale by EDOUARD GUILLOT,
je28 168 Royal street.

Notice of Copartnership.
THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, as per act before Amedee Ducatel, notary, under the style of B. ANTOGNINI & E. RICHARD, for the manufacture and sale of Billiard Tables and all articles in the line.
B. ANTOGNINI,
E. RICHARD.
New Orleans, June 1, 1859. 14 Conti street.

New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad.
THE Freight as well as Passenger Trains are now running through over the road daily, Sundays. BENJ. F. FLANDERS,
je8 Secretary.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL.
THE undersigned having purchased the St. Louis Hotel and Furniture, will inform the public patrons and the public that it will be closed during the summer, for additions, alterations and repairs, and will be refurnished and reopened on Tuesday, November 1st, for their reception.
jel 6m O. E. HALL & CO.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL.
WE have taken a lease of the St. Charles Hotel for five years, and avail ourselves of this opportunity to thank the public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended, and will inform them that the Hotel will, during the summer, be thoroughly renovated, painted and refurnished, and we hope, on the opening of the season, to again have the pleasure of catering to their wants, which we promise to do in a satisfactory manner.
jel 6m D. H. HILDRETH & CO.

To Cotton Planters.
I TAKE pleasure in announcing that Messrs. MANDEVILLE & McILHENNY are my authorized agents in this city to make contracts for the use of MY INVENTION
FOR GINNING BY THE SEED COTTON ON PLANTATIONS WITH THREE, AND ALL GINNING IN RELATION TO IT.
I will only say here that I make the same capital, the same location, the same steam power, the same expenses very nearly that now raises, gins and bales the cotton, to gain it; that, with the addition of machinery costing about half what the improved value of the yarns the first year will be, and which is standard by surplus labor of the plantation, in little girls of 8 to 10, women, and old men insufficient as field-hands, I DOUBLE, OR MORE THAN DOUBLE, THE PLANTER'S NET INCOME.
We spin the best yarns in the world. The danger from fire of the gin-house is immensely reduced, with many other advantages of great value. And what is of great importance is, that all this is fully demonstrated by its successful daily operation on the plantation of Col. Geo. S. Yerger, near Vicksburg.
Planters desiring more full particulars are referred to my agents, as above.
Applicants for agencies will please address them, inclosing testimonials.
my6 6m GEO. G. HENRY.

Notice.
NEITHER the captain nor consignees of the Bavarian bark ARISTIDES, from Bordeaux, will be responsible for debts contracted by the crew.
je30 S. PLASSAN, 50 Old Levee.

Dry Goods in Bond for the Mexican Market.
FOR sale by the undersigned, consisting of Pastillas, Bretannias, Crass, Estopillas, Silesias, Cambrics, Russia Sheetings, Fancy Checks, Cottons, Victorias, Ducks, Prints, Printed Muslins, Bleached Muslins, Imperiales, Madapolams, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Verona Handkerchiefs, Bayettes, Ball Thread and Spool Thread, (Alexander's) Cottonade, (Righs) Linsdes, Cotton Hosiery, &c. &c.
G. B. GRAHAM & CO.,
je28 3m 30 Gravier st.

Linen Goods for City Trade.
RECEIVED per late arrivals from Liverpool, a general supply of assorted Linen and Cotton manufactures, consisting of Irish Linens, Linen Checks, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Printed Linens, Linen Diaper, Damask, Napkins, Crash, Towels, Pillow Case Linen, Drillings, Fancy Shirt Fronts, Long Lawns, Diapers, Ducks, Hollands, Brown and Bley Linens, Shirts and Chemises, White and Brown Linen Hollands, Swiss Muslins, Jaconets, Printed Muslins, Lawns, Lenos, Bareges, Ginghams, Printed Muslin Dresses, Printed Lawn Dresses, Cottonades, (Rich) Blankets, Planters' Linens, Certain Linens, Gray Cloths, Linen Drillings, Linen Coatings, &c. &c.
G. B. GRAHAM & CO.,
je28 3m 30 Gravier st.

Wanted.
A GOOD COOK. A permanent situation for a suitable person. Apply to
U. LAROCHESSI & CO.,
jy27 1f Corner of Baronne and Poydras sts.

For Sale.
A LIKELY NEGRO, about 24 years of age, an excellent coachman, good coachman and highly recommended. He has been working for the last four years. Apply at No. 120 Customhouse street, to DERBEY, broker. jy28

Linen & Pleased.
84 and 86 (late 58 and 60) Royal st., corner Bienville,
HAVE just received per ship Mary Annah, from Havre, and steamship Empire City, from New York—
500 dozen Cotton Shirts, Hose Bosoms, all shapes and prices;
100 dozen new shape Fans;
100 cases of plain Ribbons, all widths;
Edline, Toques, Ribbons, Scotch Thread for summer trimmings.
Waistbands of every description.
5 dozen Point Mits, a new article, $4 to $6 a pair.
Cotton, Scarfs, Scarfs and Bonnets, Under sleeves and Half Hose.
500 dozen Fancy Corsets and Collars.
A considerable selection of Saint Bonnets, Gallons, Mantillas, &c.
Combs of every description.
3 cases of fine and fresh Perfumery, from the best Paris houses.
500 dozen ladies' silk Gloves, with or without Hemstitches. Gentlemen's Gloves jy27

HAVANA CIGARS—75,000 assorted brands and sizes, landing from schooner Peter Morrell, from Havana, and for sale by E. THOMPSON,
jy26 75 Customhouse st., between Chartres and Old Levee.

Texas.
To sail on SUNDAY, July 31st, at 8 o'clock, A. M.
UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.
SOUTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—For Galveston and Matagorda Bay.—The superior coppered and copper-fastened steamship SUWANEE, J. S. Crowell, commander, will leave as above, carrying the United States mails. For freight or passage, having superior state-room accommodations, apply on board, or to
J. C. HARRIS, 57 Camp st.
A steamship of this line will leave every Thursday and Sunday morning for the above ports. jy28

For Brazos Santiago.
To sail on FRIDAY, August 5th, at 8 o'clock, A. M.
SOUTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—U. S. MAIL LINE—FOR BRAZOS SANTIAGO, VIA INDIANOLA.—The superior iron steamship ARIZONA, Robert Smith, commander, will sail as above, carrying the U. S. Mails.
For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply on board, or to C. B. PAYNE,
jy28 57 Camp street.

Galveston and Matagorda.
To sail on THURSDAY, July 28th, at 8 o'clock, A. M.
SOUTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.—For Galveston and Matagorda Bay.—The superior coppered and copper fastened steamship MAGNOLIA, Geo. Fowler, commander, will sail as above, carrying the United States mails.
For freight or passage, having superior stateroom accommodations for passengers, apply on board, or to C. B. PAYNE, 57 Camp street.
A steamship of this line will leave every Thursday and Sunday morning for the above ports. jy28

For Key West.
To sail on SATURDAY, July 30th, at 8 o'clock, A. M.
FLORIDA—U. S. MAIL LINE.
FOR KEY WEST AND HAVANA, VIA PENSACOLA, Apalachicola, St. Marks, Cedar Keys, Tampa Bay and Manatee—Southern Steamship Company.—The superior coppered and copper fastened steamship ATLANTIC, W. H. Folger, commander, will leave as above carrying the United States mails.
For freight or passage, having superior state-room accommodations for passengers, apply to
C. B. PAYNE, 57 Camp street.
Freight to Apalachicola, St. Marks and Tampa Bay subject to lighterage at steamship's expense, but at the risk of the consignees.
No freight received without an order.
The days of sailing hereafter will be on the 14th and 30th from New Orleans, returning, will leave Key West on the 13th and 28th. jy18

For New York via Key West.
THE U. S. mail steamship ERICSSON, W. H. Talbot, commander, will leave as above on SUNDAY, July 31, at 8 o'clock, A. M.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
In Cabin ... $60 | Steerage ... $20
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations for cabin and steerage passengers, apply to
jy22 C. B. PAYNE, 57 Camp street.

To sail on the 14th and 30th of every month
For Key West and Havana, via Florida Ports.
UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.—
The public are respectfully informed that the steamships GALVESTON and ATLANTIC will hereafter leave as above, carrying the United States Mails. Returning, will leave Key West on the 12th and 26th.
jy8 1m C. B. PAYNE, 57 Camp st.

For Mandeville, Lewisburg, Madisonville, Covington and Abita Springs.
UNITED STATES MAIL—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
The elegant, fast running, low pressure steamer ARROW, Captain I. W. Hoffman, built expressly for the lake trade, with splendid accommodations, will leave Lake end of Pontchartrain Railroad daily on arrival of the 12 o'clock M cars.
Returning, leaves Covington at 6 A. M., in time for 1 P. M. cars to the city.
Passage $1 each way. Refreshments to be had at the bar. No meals on board.
Freight must be sent to the railroad in time for the 10¼ o'clock train. For further information, apply to
GEO. A. FORTIN, Agent.

EXCURSIONS will be made every Sunday to Mandeville, Lewisburg and Madisonville, leaving the Lake end of the Pontchartrain railroad on the arrival of the 7 A. M. cars, and returning in time for the 7 P. M. cars for the city.
Fare for the Excursion $1. jy18

For Matamoros—Passage Only.
THE fine, fast-sailing A1 American schooner DANUBE, Golding, master, having all of her cargo engaged and going on board, will have quick dispatch.
For passage, having superior cabin accommodations, apply to the captain on board, Post 44, First District, or to FOSO & AVENDANO,
jy1 100 Common street.

Mandeville Fancy Groceries.
The undersigned respectfully announces to the public that he is about opening at Mandeville a grocery, wine, preserve and liquor store.
Families spending the summer at the above place are informed that they will constantly find in his establishment all the necessary provisions, which will be offered at the lowest price.
my18 B. RINAUD.

Esplanade Store.
THERE now are, already so much in vogue in the Third District, and which justifies the favor of the public by the CHEAPNESS OF ITS GOODS, has just received a case of English Bareges, to be sold at 25 cents a yard!
Also, a new selection of Double Jupe Organdy Robes, and Black Lace Points, at a very low price.
DE MONTROND & CO.,
corner of Esplanade and Bourbon streets
NOTA.—The assortment of Linen Goods for the summer season, and for shirtings, has also been increased, and is most complete.

MEDICAL CARD.
W. BOCKMAN, M. D., having the honor to offer his services in New Orleans, will open an office at No. 160 Canal street, on the 15th of November next. It will be especially for the Medical and Surgical treatment of Chronic Diseases, particularly Bronchitis, Asthma, Gravel, and Piles, Cancerous affections, Female Diseases, Swelling of the Glands, Fracture of the Bones, Ulceration of the Bowels, &c. Dr. B.'s Office at 584 Broadway, New York, will be opened until the May business, and operations will continue until 1st of December next. my3 6m

Gas Fitting, &c.
THE undersigned has leave to inform his customers and the public in general that he continues the business of the late firm of OEHMICHEN & LOEFFLER, old No. 142, new No. 128 Chartres street, in his name and for his account. Thanking them for the liberal patronage extended to the said firm, he hopes that his exertions will merit a continuance of the same. He would respectfully and earnestly call the attention of the public to his large stock of Gas Fixtures, Chandeliers, Bracket Lights, Pendants, Fancy Globes, Chimneys, Cut-Glass Globes, and Lanterns, Gas Burners, and all kinds of Gas Pipe, Brass Cocks, Cast Iron Fittings, Gas Meters, &c. &c. [illegible]
Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere and you will find it to your satisfaction.
CHARLES LOEFFLER.

NOTICE.
All accounts of the late firm of OEHMICHEN & LOEFFLER will have to be settled by me, as successor of the concern, on account of the late Oehmichen.
CHARLES LOEFFLER,
my27 New No. 128, old No. 142 Chartres st.

PRESERVE YOUR TEETH!
J. A. CASADAVANT,
SURGEON DENTIST,
(Successor to J. T. BRAUNARD.)
No. 102 Royal street, bet. St. Peter and Toulouse.
CONTINUES, at the above place, to perform all operations in the Dental art in the most scientific manner; and asks the attention of those who need the services of a competent Dentist, and those persons whose teeth have been injured by unskillful Dentists, (whose gums drop out a short time after the teeth are plugged, and whose artificial teeth cannot be worn with comfort.) By calling on J. A. CASADAVANT they can have their teeth plugged conscientiously, and in the most skillful manner, and have ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted with the atmospheric pressure, with all the late improvements in the art, which are warranted to masticate and perform all the functions of the natural ones.
He has invented a chemical Process which he applies on the gums, without obliging the patients before extracting teeth, if required.
Consultations in French, Spanish and English.

To Hotel Keepers, Restaurants, Druggists, Grocers and the Public.
DR. BRUNON'S BITTERS
Have, from their excellent qualities, been recommended by the MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS as the most valuable and never-failing remedy for
DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHEA,
DEBILITY, HEARTBURN,
BILIOUSNESS, JAUNDICE,
LIVER COMPLAINTS, BLOOD DISEASES,
&c. &c. &c.
Are also a sure and certain preventive against Fever and Ague, Cholera, and other Complaints, &c., and is the most valuable and delicious TONIC and APPETITE-CREATING COMPOUND ever offered to the public.
By the use of these BITTERS ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD will be thoroughly eradicated, and those who are suffering from early excess and PROSTRATION OF THE PHYSICAL ENERGIES will be restored to a ROBUST AND VIGOROUS STATE OF HEALTH.
The DIGESTIVE ORGANS will be stimulated and PERMANENTLY STRENGTHENED, APPETITE will be created, and the DEBILITATED SUBJECT RESTORED TO NEW LIFE.
This remedy has a very agreeable taste, and will be taken readily by children as well as adults.
All persons suffering from any of the above complaints are invited to try DR. BRUNON'S BITTERS.
Dose.—For an adult, a small wineglassful three times a day; for a child, a small teaspoonful three times a day.
K. CRUGER,
SOLE AGENT FOR THE UNITED STATES,
742 Broadway, N. Y.
Sold at 50 cents per bottle, $5 per dozen, $2 a per gallon; extra Bitters for the trade, by the gallon or barrel, at the low price of $1 25 per gallon.
For Sale by all Druggists and Grocers,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AT
742 BROADWAY, N. Y.
jan19 ly lawp

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE "ONLY GOOD SAUCE," AND APPLICABLE TO EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.
EXTRACT of a Letter from a Medical Gentleman at Madras, to his Brother at Worcester, May 1851.
"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their SAUCE is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."
Beware of Counterfeits!
It gives, to fish, Meats, Game, Salad dressing, &c. Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce imparts piquancy, zest and flavor, gives tone to the stomach, digestion, and promotes health.
ON THE DINING TABLE.
Families are cautioned against purchasing by a cross of Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce.
Sold by all respectable grocers and fruiterers.
Sole Wholesale Agents for the United States,
John Duncan & Sons,
405 Broadway, New York.
A stock always in store. Also, orders received for direct shipment from England. my31

LANDING ex ship Lemoen Tyer, from Havre—100 boxes chocolat, Menard Ferand; for sale by
E. LAMBERT, 65 Magazine st.