THE DAILY BEE.
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The New Orleans Bee.

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THE DAILY BEE.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 23

NORTHERN PROMISES.

Senator HAMMOND's speech elicits much encomium from Northern journals. Even the organs of Black Republicanism speak of it as a frank, truthful and eminently practical address. The Albany *Evening Journal*, which is probably the most thorough-paced anti-slavery sheet in the Union, devotes an elaborate article to the analysis of the speech, and bestows upon it a fair share of commendation. We are glad to perceive these evidences of a disposition to discuss Southern questions with calmness and sobriety. Had the North never indulged in detraction and reproach, the South would never have responded in the same violent tone. Let New England condescend to reason, and even South Carolina will not refuse to listen. It is a time for

The Albany *Evening Journal* extracts a passage from Senator HAMMOND's speech, in which it is affirmed that no practical issue now exists on which the federal party can rally for the conquest of the South, and comments as follows:

"Be it so. Let us live in peace. The North will not, we are quite sure, break truce. If the South, with a wisdom learned from experience, forbears its aggressions, the North will cease to agitate. If they "differ" on "practical question," we shall not run into impracticabilities. Whatever their views of slavery, in a philanthropic aspect, may be, the people of the North are neither prepared nor disposed to make its abolition a *political* test question. We have no more right to demand the *abolition* of slavery in South Carolina than that State has to insist upon its *adoption* by New York. We may and do desire universal freedom, and will work for it in all rightful ways and by all just means. But until the compact which binds the States together is annulled—until the Union is dissolved—we shall not infringe liberty in any way or to any extent we think it exists under the Constitution. While it keeps within its prescribed limits, it should not be molested. When it encroaches, it will be resisted.

These are fair words and brave promises, but to what, after all, are they tantamount? We are told that the Republican party will not wage war on slavery as it exists within the States, so long as the institution keeps within its prescribed bounds, but that when it encroaches, it will be resisted. The people of the South are consequently to be indebted to the magnanimity or mercy of the North for their existence. As the Constitution inhibits the North from abolishing slavery within the States, that section graciously promises to observe the organic law. But we are not to be considered as equals; we are simply permitted to remain unmolested upon sufferance. Slavery must not exceed its prescribed limits—or in other words the South must not endeavor to add a foot of slave territory to the Union. Should she make the attempt the North will at once bristle with indignation, and oppose her to the bitter end. Now, what sort of a Union would this be? Where is the equality of rights which, by the Constitution, we are presumed to enjoy? The North may go on annexing Canada, Mexico, Central and South America, and admitting them all into the Union as free States, but if we happen to discover some favored spot in which slavery may be profitably planted, we are exceeding our prescribed limits, and will not be permitted to encroach. And this is the utmost concession we can possibly expect from the justice or generosity of the North.

But what guarantee have we that the North will remain true even to this stinted measure of right? Senator SEWARD proposes the absolute and entire extinction of slavery throughout the Union; yet he does not contemplate waging war upon the South by any other than constitutional means. He looks to a period not so far distant but that men now living may witness its advent, when the non-slaveholding States will so far outnumber the others as to be enabled to effect any desired amendments of the Constitution—such for example as a prohibition of the slave trade between the States, or the prospective abolition of slavery itself. By the time the North is ready for this aggressive policy, it is shrewdly inferred that she will be sufficiently powerful to enforce it; and constrain the South to *ut armis* to remain within the Union and to extinguish slavery. What assurance of safety have we? The protestations of the Black Republican journals are worthless, because that party has demonstrated its willingness on all occasions to wage an unrelenting warfare on the South. We must judge of the tree by its fruits. A rogue will not pass current for an honest man, despite his sanctimonious mien and oily phrases, if he has been repeatedly detected in acts of rascality. Even so is it with the anti-slavery men of the North, who are perpetually protesting that they have no idea whatever of interfering with Southern slavery, and still "from morn to noon, from noon to dewy eve," display towards us the most marked and inveterate malevolence. Hence we of the South are justified in mistrusting Northern promises, and in keeping constantly on our guard against the spoiler and the foe. The only point to be determined is whether, the fanatics of the North constitute a clear majority of the people. If they do, we can see no hope for the South, but if they do not, we are not yet certain. The late elections look ominous, but may be susceptible of a different interpretation from that which they bear upon their face. The next Presidential election will undoubtedly settle the question, till when it behooves the South to wait and watch.

LOUISIANA TEHUANTEPEC COMPANY.—It will be seen by the announcement in our columns that the books of subscription to the capital stock of the company will be opened at their office, No. 45 Carondelet street, from this day, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 10 P. M., under the superintendance of six responsible and respectable commissioners. By the terms of the charter, but thirty per cent. of the stock subscribed can be called for until one-third of the railroad is completed, and not then unless by special resolution adopted at a meeting of the stockholders. These conditions are eminently favorable, and the success of the enterprise being now assured, the strongest possible inducements are presented to capitalists to lend their aid to its speedy consummation. The citizens of New Orleans ought to take the largest amount of stock, as they will be the greatest beneficiaries by the road.

MATRIMONIAL.—Ladies matrimonially inclined are referred to the advertisement of Henry Seymour. We have reason to believe that the offer is made in entire good faith.

THANKSGIVING.—Gov. Wickliffe has issued his proclamation appointing Thursday, the 16th December, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, and "earnestly requests the good people of this State to suspend on that day all business evocations, that it may be devoted exclusively to the worship of Almighty God."

The Governor of Pennsylvania has commissioned John M. Read Judge of the Supreme Court for fifteen years, from the first Monday of December next.

MICHIGAN.—The official majority by which the Hon. William A. Howard is defeated in the first (Detroit) district of Michigan is seventy-five. The new Legislature of that State is divided thus: Senate—Republicans 24, Democrats 6. House—Republicans 60, Democrats 27; joint ballot, Republican majority 54. A United States Senator is to be chosen in place of the Hon. Chas. E. Stuart.

Sailor county, Illinois, at the recent election, polled 1,095 votes, which were divided as follows:

Democratic	1095
Republican	0000
Democratic majority	1095

THE BURNING OF THE HUDSON.—The steamship Hudson, of the Bremen and New York line, was burnt in the harbor of Bremen on the night of the 4d of November; loss estimated at 270,000. The Hudson was a new iron steamer of 2500 tons register, and 700 horse power, valued at about $300,000. She arrived at Bremen from New York on the 24th ult., and was to sail again on the 6th inst. The agents of the company in New York have not received any intimation of the disaster, and are inclined to doubt its authenticity. The information reached Southampton by telegraph on the day appointed for the sailing of the Vanderbilt, which was detained one day over her time. It is supposed she had discharged her inward cargo, and taken in her coal and part of the heavy freight for the return voyage.

DEATH OF AN OLD CITIZEN.—The Iberville *Southern Star* of Tuesday announces the demise of Major Amasa Dorsey, aged 87 years. That journal says:

He was born in this parish, and resided in it all his life. He became ever to have been exceedingly respected and beloved by his fellow-citizens, and occupied much public life. He was a member of the Legislature of 1812-13—in the present Legislature, his great-grandson, Chas. A. Bright, has been nominated by the three employed in closing Baton Rouge, in deference to the order of Gen. Jackson. He was a firm Patriot and an enthusiastic lover of the institutions of his country, and spite his infirmities, always did his duty at the polls. Genuine Health the public of his and the parish.

EUROPE.

THE VANDERBILT'S NEWS.

The steamship Vanderbilt, from Bremen and Southampton November 3d, arrived at New York on the afternoon of the 15th inst.

During the last week of October a number of telegraphic engineers were engaged in the work of submerging a telegraphic cable in the Norfolk coast to Ordem, Hanover.

The London *Times* says that M. Sabatier and Capt. Pullen left Suez for Dildah on the 8th inst. by the Oyclops. It is understood that for the present the two commissioners will occupy themselves exclusively with the adjustment of the claims brought forward by the European merchants for losses and damages sustained through the late outbreak. The total amount of the indemnity demanded is said to exceed £500,000. Ismail Pasha and his prisoners have gone on to Constantinople. What may be the intentions of the Porte it is difficult to conjecture, but for the present Dildah continues without a Turkish Commissioner.

The Cuba correspondent of the London *Post* says: On the 26th of August Peh-qui received the seals of office as Governor of the province of Kwangtung, vice Yeh, removed to Calcutta. The junks conveying the seals left Fahi Creek early in the morning of that day—an order having been issued to French and English vessels stationed in that quarter to allow them to pass. The presentation took place at Peh-qui's yamun, where for so long he has been under surveillance, and it was a strange and interesting sight for western eyes to behold.

At the Newmarket Houghton races on October 30th, Mr. R. Ten Broeck ran his mare Prioress against Capt. Little's horse Poodle for $500, and won. The distance was 1 mile, 7 furlongs and 158 yards. Each horse was ridden by its owner.

The official journal of Vienna announces that the Emperor has allowed Baron Lionel de Rothschild to resign the post of Austrian Consul-General at London, and has expressed satisfaction for his long and faithful services; also, that his Majesty has appointed Baron Anthony de Rothschild to the vacant office.

The *Peninsular Correspondence* of Madrid says that great activity prevails in the principal naval arsenals in that country. The Spanish navy—which has five steam frigates and sixteen smaller steamers more than last year—is being augmented as fast as the state of the finances will admit.

The Russian Minister was at Jeddo while Lord Elgin was there; but his treaty differs in no material point from the American. Mr. Hanskin, the American Consul-General's Secretary, rendered Lord Elgin invaluable service as interpreter. On the 16th of July the English treaty (which we give below) was formally signed by Lord Elgin and the six Commissioners. A steam yacht was presented to the Emperor of Japan from Queen Victoria.

The London *Times* says the Admiralty steam yacht was to leave Woolwich for Bourlogne-sur-mer, in which the funeral car used in the interment of Napoleon at St. Helena, and which has been completely restored.

The Rev. W. Smith, whose trial and conviction for an attack on Leach created so much sensation, died on Wednesday, September 27th, at Lowa.

A quantity of arsenic had been used in the manufacture of lozenges, in mistake for a composition named "daff," which is prepared in Derbyshire. Fifteen deaths are reported, and between sixty and seventy persons dangerously ill. There was found as much arsenic in one ounce of these lozenges as would poison a dozen men.

The *Vindicator* says:

"We are enabled to announce that a company is in course of formation, to be called the British and Canadian Submarine Telegraph Company, (limited) the object of which will be to connect the most important British North American colonies with Great Britain by electric telegraph, communicating with that portion of the line between Galway and Newfoundland, extending it onward to the Pacific as soon after as may be deemed expedient. The company propose that the first section shall commence at Galway, cross the Atlantic to Belle Isle, and follow the course of the river St. Lawrence to Quebec. The wire to be used will be of a totally different nature and construction from any hitherto employed, and the whole arrangements will be such as to secure its being successfully laid."

The London *Times* contains the following extract from a commercial letter:

"St. H. L. Bulwer was passing in the streets at Pera, on horseback, preceded by his groom, on the 20th of October, being a holy day, (the nativity of Mohammed) some of the soldiers having left the barracks, the horses of the groom touched one of their horses, and the rider struck him with his whip—the groom used his whip also. Sir H. Bulwer endeavored to separate them, when the remainder of the guards came to the Ambassador and struck him several blows. The Ambassador was arrested and taken to the police station at Pera."

The Prussian Ministry are expected to resign.

Madame Ida Pfeiffer is dead.

It is announced that the French Court will start for Compiegne on Monday, November 1.

Mr. Bright's speech at Birmingham, about Reform, is commented on by most of the Paris papers.

The *Pays d'Orient*, among other particulars which it gives relative to the ratification of the Convention of the 19th of August, on the subject of the Danubian Principalities, states that that Convention will, if possible, receive its complete and definitive execution early in January.

The *Times'* correspondent says:

"Speculation is becoming more active in Paris, and merchants are now more liberal in their credits. The commercial bills presented for discount at the Bank of France on Thursday, September 30th, amounted to 21,000,000 francs, being the largest sum offered in one day to the bank for many months. The gold in its cellars is said to have declined to about 600,000 francs. The shopkeepers of Paris likewise are a better satisfied with their sales last week."

Letters from the Isle of Reunion, dated September 26th, state that a vessel from that place had been plundered by the African coast, and the captain and almost all the crew massacred.

The vessel Alfred, which had left Reunion for Cimoro, had been seized by the Portuguese at Gibo, and taken to Mozambique. It was afterward given back to the French owner, but only after having experienced great loss.

The Spanish government had decided that the state of siege shall be raised at Malaga. The condition of the parties in opposition to the Ministry has had its influence on the elections at Madrid. The government had everywhere triumphed in the provinces. General tranquillity reigns in all parts of the country. The insurgents are making preparations to act against Mexico.

Lord Stratford de Redcliffe had left Constantinople. The office of the Minister of Marine had been suppressed on All Souls, a third sitting had taken place of the Conference charged with the duty of defining the frontiers of Montenegro.

The *Daily News* says:

"We hear from Turin that the Marquis Migliorata, Chargé d'Affaires of Piedmont at Rome, has joined with the Duke de Grammont in making representations to Cardinal Antonelli against the abduction of young Mortara."

The following telegram has been received at the Indian House:

"CORFIAL INDIA.—The advanced force under Capt. Mayne, consisting of 420 sabres of the Malwa Field Force, reached Seronge on September 30, but found that the enemy, under Tantia Topee, had broken up his camp, and retreated toward Kanaghur. They then attacked and captured on the 24 October. Brigadier Smith, with his force from Gonnaly, reached Kanghur on the 5th October. The enemy, with his guns and elephants, had the same morning, at sunrise, left the place for Chundaree. Brigadier Smith's cavalry, however, succeeded in capturing four guns. Reinforcements had been dispatched by the rebel leaders to plunder Runnade. (?) A combined movement is proposed for hemming the enemy in at Chundaree by the Mhow Field Force, the force under Brigadier Smith, and the troops at Goondy, Sungor and Gojein. With the exception of a slight Bhoel disturbance in Khandesh, the Bombay Presidency is quiet. The 46th Regiment and the 8th Regiment of the line have arrived in Bombay from Suez. The former had gone to Seinde.

"H. B. ANDERSON, Sec. to Government.
"Bombay Castle, Oct. 9, 1858."

The following telegram was received at the Foreign Office November 1:

"ALEXANDRIA, October 25.—Tanda Topee, having for a few days after his former defeat occupied Seronge, fled on the approach of the detachments under General Mitchell and Brigadier Smith, and is now marching in the direction of Chundaree.

"Several gallant affairs have taken place in various parts of Oude, all ending in the total rout and great destruction of the enemy, with trifling loss on our side. The campaign has not yet commenced, but Lord Clyde has left Allahabad for Cawnpore, en route for Lucknow; meanwhile the rebels are stated to be in great numbers and ravaging the country, and sorely oppressing the inhabitants wherever our troops are not present. The steamer Pottinger was to have left Bombay for Suez on the 12th inst. for troops.

"ARTHUR FANSHAW, Vice-Admiral."

New gold fields have been discovered at Port Curtis, north of Sydney. They are very rich.

The New South Wales Assembly has voted a grant of £50,000 per annum for ten years toward the establishment of a mail service via Panama.

The Adelaide Parliament was opened on the 27th of August.

The Latest.

PARIS, Tuesday, November 2.—The name of the French vessel, the captain and crew of which were massacred on the coast of the Comoros, is the Anna. The emigrants true upon them, and only two men escaped.

TURKEY.—CONSTANTINOPLE, October 30.—The Caradon, on board of which Lord Stratford de Redcliffe had embarked, has run ashore near Smyrna. The passengers and crew saved.

Ali Ghalib, son of Redshid Pasha, and son-in-law of the Sultan, has been drowned in the Bosphorus. He was on board a small vessel, which was dashed to pieces by collision with a steamer.

ST. LOUIS, November 17.—Senator Brodderick, of California, has arrived. He left Salt Lake October 1st, and encountered a good deal of snow and severely cold weather in the mountains. By the upsetting of the stage near distance west of Kansas City, Broderick had a rib broken and was otherwise severely bruised. He also had a foot frozen in the mountains.

NEWYA CAMERON.—The State Legislature convened on Monday, and there was a large attendance in both branches. H. T. Clark, of Edgecomb, was elected Speaker of the Senate, and Thomas Setts, of Cumberland, Speaker of the House. Hon. John Hill was chosen Clerk of the Senate, and Hiram Cornell Clerk of the House.

Gov. Reeder's application to be able to resume his special diplomatic for Old Point Comfort, the decision is to be given on the 20th inst.

LOUISIANA ITEMS.

The *New Iberia* speaks of the weather as follows:

The weather during the past week has been quite cold, with heavy frost and also very thick ice, even so much as to make the weather quite uncomfortable; we have had frequent rains, so as to render travelling all but pleasant. The planters generally have been quite busy putting up cane in windrow, there is at present very little of it left standing.

The following shows the census of the Parish of Avoyelles:

Qualified voters	1,041
White population	6,945
Slaves	6,455
White male population between 18 and 45 years	1,022
Free colored population	127
Total	12,074

The Baton Rouge *Sugar Planter* has the following:

A friend of *ours*, and one in whose judgment we place the most implicit reliance, informed us on Sunday last, that the cane crop in Ascension had been injured by the late freezes, to the extent of one-third. This is, perhaps, indeed and if the same injury is sustained in every parish, farewell to the 150,000 hogshead crop so loudly boasted of some days since by those who pretended to know every thing.

Gerrit Smith, the Abolition candidate for Governor of New York, has published an address to the men who put him in nomination. In the course he pursued and the causes of the light vote. He owes his light position in part to the unpopular answers to the questions put to him; but mainly to Governor Wright's letter, which he had published the day before the election. Governor Wright's letter was in the same vein of his speech at Syracuse, and gave up to the curse of slavery.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

AMUSEMENTS.—Mr. Collins, the comedian, made his first appearance of the season at the St. Charles last night before a crowded house. He appears again this evening, in the pieces entitled "The Nervous Man and the Man of Nerve," "Teddy, the Tiler," and the musical farce of "the King's Gardener." The entertainment will be spiced with several of Collins's characteristic songs.

The Amphitheatre.—The Buckley Serenaders reproduce this evening, after their "taking" style, Rossini's fairy operatic spectacle Cinderella, or the Little Glass Slipper, together with a profuse variety of negro minstrelsy.

Tennorio's Museum.—A pair of beautiful white swans are exhibiting in water, a pretty young glantess of 650 pounds weight, and her diminutive sister of but about 70 pounds weight, are a few of the many rare objects on exhibition at this Museum.

THE ORLEANS THEATRE.—Mme. Vadé, first duegess, is announced to make her debut at the Orleans this evening, when will be produced the operas "Le Chalet" and "Le Maître de Chapelle," together with a vaudeville.

CITY MORTALITY.—The Board of Health announce 189 deaths in New Orleans during the week ending 6 o'clock Sunday morning, November 21st, 1858.

THE GRAND JURY AND NICARAGUAN ADVENTURERS.—Other arrests were made yesterday of persons supposed to be going on an expedition to Nicaragua in violation of the neutrality laws. The United States Grand Jury have taken the subject up for definite action, in accordance with the recent charge of Judge McCaleb, of the United States District Court.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—*Judge T. G. Hunt.*—Matthew Mahar was yesterday arraigned on the charge of murder; Wm. Berkenstuck, on the charge of manslaughter; Michael Duffy, on the charge of manslaughter; Bridget Malone, on the charge of larceny; Samuel Jacobs, on the charge of larceny and receiving stolen property knowingly.

The charges against J. Christman, Frank Donahy, Owen and Margaret Garnon and N. Ferguson were dismissed.

It was ordered that three hundred jurors be drawn to serve for December.

A nol. pros. was ordered in the case of James Farelly, alias Rooster, charged with assault and battery.

Wm. Wilson was tried for larceny and acquitted.

After a jury had been formed to try Wm. Miller for assault and battery, the District Attorney stated that he had just received the affidavit, and that the charge could not be substantiated. A nol. pros. was accordingly ordered; but Miller was required to furnish $500 bonds to keep the peace towards Mary Schneider.

John Morel was tried for larceny, but the jury could not agree, and he was remanded to prison.

A long catalogue of informations was filed, and the Court adjourned.

RECORDER SUMMERS'S COURT.—*Assistant Recorder Monroe* presided in this Court yesterday.

THOMAS O'HARA was sent to the Workhouse for six months on a charge of having forcibly taken $10 from J. Janus, Saturday night.

Charles Vulz, elsewhere noticed, was held for examination the 28th, for larceny.

Lawrence Lasteiro was fined $100 or the 24th for assault and battery with intent to kill J. O. Schneider; also Mike Connors, a youth, charged by Lieut. Dryden with being a notorious and suspicious character.

J. Sarey was fined $25 for fighting and carrying concealed weapons.

A young man of genteel appearance paid the fine of a few dollars, which he refused to a young lady of his acquaintance to prove that he had not been disturbing the peace.

RECORDER WILTZ'S COURT.—Joseph Mirabella, alias Francisca Parta, was charged by John Viola, No. 152 Royal street, with having feloniously and clandestinely stolen, on about the 9th of February last, and stolen therefrom 1½ or 20 pairs of Congress gaiters and stitched uppers of shoes. An affidavit had been made against the accused in March last, but he was not to be found then. A warrant was issued.

RATHER FAST.—His Honor Mayor Stith yesterday arrested John Beevan, conductor, and Wm. Sullivan, engineer, of the Carrollton Railroad cars, on the charge of violating ordinance No. 5663, regulating their speed in passing through the limits of the city. The parties appeared before Assistant Recorder Monroe, and gave bail to answer the 24th inst. Bail $1000 each.

ANOTHER COUNTERFEITER ARRESTED.—A man named James Murphy, alias Mason, was arrested yesterday noon, on Tchoupitoulas street, by Lieut. Dryden and officer Dalton, for having in his possession

255 counterfeit dimes,	
52 do. quarter dollars,	
13 do. half do.	

He had also a recipe for making counterfeit money in his pocket, and a crucible and a pan of base metal at home. He will be arraigned before Theodor Summers.

WIFE-BEATER.—Salvador Murphy, an Italian, was arrested yesterday and held to answer to a charge of beating his wife, at the New Basin.

ONE OF THE O'SHAUGHNESSY'S.—One Jack, whose other name has the euphonious pronunciation of O'Shaw-nessy, was arrested yesterday by officer Rousset, of the First District, on a charge by Wm. O'Keefe of coming to his house and stealing three coats, besides getting credit in complainant's name all in the neighborhood of the supposed plous precincts of Religious street, on which he was arrested. He is not the only one of this stripe of the O'Shaw-nessys.

SANCTIMONIOUS PEACE-BREAKER.—Thomas Tansey was arrested last night for getting drunk and disturbing the peace of that naturally, to be supposed, quiet retreat—Peace street. Tom had hardly a receiving pile, but had the pious passport of a prayer book in his pockets, in which, however, was written, not Tom's name, but that of "Mary Tansey," probably erratic Tom's sister. He seemed sanctimonious enough though in the piousness of his allusions to this prayer book" to have commended us that he had really gotten some piety as well as some liquor into his head—the one being imbibed by virtue of intoxicating potions, and the other by instilling virtue of "the pious" religious instructions. We hope that prayer book may yet lead to Tom's reformation from the error of his ways.

ATTEMPTING TO BRIBE AN OFFICER.—Thos. Spinner was arrested in the Second District on Saturday night with a suspicious number of articles of jewelry about his person, and is charged on the books with attempting to bribe Sergeant Raymond.

ACQUITTED.—A jury of slaveholders, in the Fourth Justice's Court, on Saturday, acquitted a slave woman, Betsy, who had been committed for trial by Recorder Wiltz on the charge of having committed the robbery of Mrs. Stillman's, 154 Canal street.

JEWEL THEFT.—Charles Volz has been arrested on a charge of having stolen from Lyllon W. Pierson, a pair of diamond earrings valued at $500.

The attention of buyers is called to the large and select assortment of Havana Cigars, which will take place THIS DAY, at the store of the importer, F. Gums, corner of Canal and Tchoupitoulas streets, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., by R. E. Murphy, auctioneer.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

They are entirely vegetable, and free from alcoholic stimulant and all injurious ingredients; are pleasant in taste and smell, mild in their operation, will expel all morbid secretions from the body, give bloom to the pallid cheek, and health and vigor to the frame.

They will cure DYSPEPSIA.
They will cure NERVOUS DEBILITY.
They will cure LIVER COMPLAINT.
They will cure JAUNDICE.
They will cure DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS.
They will cure CONSTIPATION.
They will cure PILES.
They will cure HEARTBURN.
They will cure DISEASES OF THE HEAD.
They will cure FLUTTERING OF THE HEART.
They are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON, 418 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., and sold by druggists and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies and South America, at 75 cents per bottle.
For sale by J. WRIGHT & CO.,
nov1 1m Daw dw 21 and 151 Chartres st.

AMONG DISEASES, Dyspepsia and Diarrhea rank as most difficult to cure. We are pleased to have it in our power to point out a remedy which has proved effectual in many cases, and which we can safely recommend as a certain and infallible cure. It has been the means of rescuing thousands from an untimely grave, and gives the glow of health to many a lean and cadaverous form. The medicine we have reference to is HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS. These bitters, whose virtues are promulgated through the State, are continually increasing in the favor of the public, and, from the many cures they have effected, have doubtless the ascendancy over any other preparation before the public.
For sale by Druggists and dealers generally everywhere, and by J. WRIGHT & CO.,
nov23 3t 4td 21 and 151 Chartres street.

Electric Oil.
The operation of this Oil in removing rheumatic pains and other ills is indeed astonishing; they every good result, it has been successful, and very cheap.
Just the preparation of Fred. De Grath, of Philadelphia, has received testimonials from Congressmen, Governors, Judges, merchants and physicians, all of the highest character, attesting its wonderful cures in cases under their own observation.
Will be for sale by the agents below, the proprietors price is 50 cents.
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
nov23 21 and 151 Chartres st.

WILD CHERRY AND TAR.
This compound, known as DR. DAVIS'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY AND TAR, has done more for a suffering public than any other medicine on record. It cures, permanently,
CONSUMPTION,
Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, Bronchitis, Influenza, Catarrh, Pleurisy, Croup, Whooping Cough, Pains in the Breast, Sides, &c., &c.
All we would conscientiously say is, that the invalid cannot be disappointed. His hopes may best high; for so sure as he takes the Wild Cherry and Tar, so sure recovery follows, as a matter of course.
For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 151 Chartres st.
General Agents for the South, and to whom all orders should be addressed.
nov23 2t 2t

Loss of Appetite.
In persons of sedentary and literary pursuits, if the brain is overworked and the muscles under worked, the appetite is very apt to fail from a general sion of the system. The QUINTUAN SYRUP restores the tone of the digestive system, and consequently the appetite, by supplying a pure blood to organs too weak to make it satisfactorily.
For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 151 Chartres street,
nov23,25 27 General Agents.

QUINTUAN LIVER OIL JELLY possesses all the medicinal properties of the purest Oil, free from any unpleasant taste, and can be taken as a delicious jelly. The weakest stomach will not reject it.
For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 151 Chartres street,
nov23 25 27 General Agents.

Jefferson Academy,
53 *BOURBON STREET, NEW ORLEANS,*
CONDUCTED BY
G. J. LORD.
THIS Establishment, founded in 1838, has long held a high position in public opinion, as one of the leading institutions in the South of the United States.
The plan comprises a general and extensive system of instruction, adapted to pupils from seven years of age, and continues till they are prepared for their future pursuits in life. They are distributed into classes, according to their capacities and acquirements.
The premises are, perhaps, the best to be found in the city, with ample space for exercise and recreation, and every convenience for an institution of learning.
The Professors are gentlemen of talent, chosen with care. Good order and discipline is the establishment, and strict attention is paid to the moral conduct and improvement of the pupils.
SPECIAL attention is invited to the fact that Mrs. Carr has such a variety of the latest PATTERNS of DRESS, Cloaks, Paris, London and New York—and such a corps of the most accomplished artistes, that she cannot fail to please and satisfy those who may do her the honor of calling upon her. To her old ladies patrons, she has only to refer to her past efforts to give satisfaction. Those who have not patronized her heretofore she solicits a visit from at her rooms.
nov13 1m
MILLINERY AND FURNISHING GOODS
MISS EUDONIE GUILLOPE.
The Ladies are respectfully informed that she has lately received from Paris and London a complete assortment of new goods Velvet, straw and fancy bonnets; ribbons, artificial Military cockades, feathers, (large) ladies and children's furnishing goods; caps, head-dresses and toilettes de soirée.
Orders for all goods in her line attended to. Goods renovated in the shortest time and on moderate terms. 199 Bourbon street, Between St. Peter and Orleans.
DOLHEAR'S
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
100 CANAL STREET 100
Lessee in BOOK KEEPING,
MATHEMATICS,
PENMANSHIP,
FRENCH,
SPANISH,
GERMAN
and ENGLISH, &c.,
are given daily from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M., by able Professors for each branch. Citizens and strangers are invited to call and judge for themselves.
RUFUS DOLHEAR.
nov22
Twenty Dollars Reward
WILL be paid for the delivery, at No. 9 Planché street, of the mulatto woman CELINA, forty years of age, five feet eight inches high, fine measure, speaking Eng. and French, well dressed, very fine teeth; has had a sore lip the right leg for the last fifteen years. Has resided for a long time in auburn Market.
nov22 tf S. N. BITE.
Millinery and Latest Style Goods.
OPENING.
M'LLE SOPHIE,
60 CHARTRES STREET 60
Between Customhouse and Bienville streets,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies of New Orleans that she has returned from Paris, and will open on Tuesday next, 23d November, the goods selected by herself with the greatest care. nov20 1m
"THE SHADES!"
Corner of Carondelet and Perdido streets.
Open every day, ready for the reception of the public. A fine LUNCH will be set EVERY DAY, at 10 A. M. The stock of Liquors has been carefully selected, and contains the finest brands to be found in the city.
H. M. COOK.
Notice.
G. W. DUNBAR & CO. have the honor to inform their friends and the stamer that they have returned to their old stand, No. 6 Magnolet-st., and offer to the street, an fresh and very desirable assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, well adapted to the country and city trade. Their entire stock of Boots and Shoes is upon the premises, in fresh and of superior quality.
nov5 1m dw
Direct Importation from Paris.
THE undersigned, agent for the French Commission, has just received, per ship Normandy, from Havre—
2500 Sacks Pelletier's (Lyons) Semencontra
500 Sacks Pelletier's at opine valerianate;
1500 " Pertrisatt's syrup;
1000 boxes Gent. Pelletier's Cerezes;
400 " Ergotine bouegies;
400 " Carvin's pills;
500 hot lee Sorel's wine;
1000 " Vichy water;
4 large Sacks superior cranes flower water;
300 Pelletier's Antiseptiques, assorted numbers;
10 kilo discoulous;
10 " thertique;
50 " vermicelli;
50 " Vice powder.
Received, per Charlotte Reed, from Bordeaux—
1000 bottles Faure & Mailho's old liver oil.
EDUARD GUILLIN,
nov16 dkw 148 Royal street.
Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Strop de Batterie, &c.
200 RACES HIGH WINES—
100 sacks Havana Coffee;
100 sacks Java Coffee;
40 barrels Pennsylvania Rice;
500 boxes Winchester and other Soaps;
400 " Star and Sperm Candles;
100 barrels Linseed Oil, bottles and half bottles;
100 barrels Mackerel;
25 half barrels Mackerel;
500 boxes Codfish, in drums, half drums and boxes;
40 boxes Herrings;
50 barrels old Bourbon and Monongahela Whiskies;
50 boxes Mc & Mc and other Tobaccos;
200 boxes and half boxes Gewgo Starch;
25 boxes Hesbrock and Vve. Clicquot's Champagne Wines.
—On consignment—
500 PILOT CLOTH COATS, for servants. nov12 1f
Dissolution.
THE firm of ADLER & QUENTELL, of this city, is hereby dissolved by the death of Mr. C. QUENTELL. The undersigned, surviving senior partner, will continue the Exchange Brokerage business on his own account.
S. J. ADLER,
New Orleans, Nov. 1, 1858.
Situation as Governess Wanted.
A EUROPEAN LADY desires to obtain a situation as Governess in a planter's family, in the best part of Louisiana. Lively family preferred. She is an experienced teacher, and competent in all the usual branches of education. She teaches French, is a fine vocalist, and teaches both Harp and Piano. A good salary will be expected, and the best references will be given.
Apply at this Office. nov2 130
Lamps.....Lamps.
200 MOORHATTAN LAMPS, from one of the best manufacturers in Philadelphia, on an economical plan. Complete, $3 50, fully guaranteed.
20 casks colza purified oil, a superior article. For sale, by the gallon, by
LION & PINSARD,
54 and 56 (formerly 66 and 68) Royal street,
nov2 corner Bienville.
Gloves.....Gloves.....Gloves.
WE have just received our full and complete assortment of Gloves,
Ladies, gentlemen and children's Gloves.
JOUIN & DE HELWIG—500 dozen, guaranteed genuine Kid Gloves.
BEAVER GLOVES, Jouvin & Co—200 dozen, ladies and gentlemen's.
WOMEN AND MISSES MERINO GLOVES—200 dozen, all sizes and colors.
SILK GLOVES—200 dozen, of every description.
SILK GLOVES lined with shammy leather, a superior English article.
An extensive assortment of Hosiery, Gloves, Gauntlets, Gloves, Mitts, Clip and Cotton Hosiery.
nov2 LION & PINSARD, 54 and 56 Royal st.
Furs.....Furs.
A LARGE selection, sleeves, palatines, berthes, cannaile, &c., &c., received and for sale, on very moderate terms, by
LION & PINSARD,
54 and 56 (formerly 66 and 68) Royal street, corner Bienville.
Hosiery, Hosiery.
LION & PINSARD,
54 and 56 (formerly 66 and 68) Royal street, corner Bienville.
RECEIVED from England and France cotton, merino and woolen half hose, underskirts, drawers and hose.
nov2
Wanted,
A YOUNG LADY, speaking English and French, to attend store and reside in the establishment. Apply at this office. nov22 tf
Cook Wanted.
WANTED to buy, or hire, a first-rate French or Creole COOK—a woman preferred. Apply at No. 65 Rampart street. oct27 1m
PAYABLE in all January next—600 Mutasses Barrels.
nov5 181 evnd H. NAUTRE & CO.,
23 Condé street.
Guns.....Rifles.
THE undersigned offer at cost prices, in order to close consignments, an extensive assortment of double-barreled guns, rifles and pistols, Monte Christos, caps, &c., of the best manufacture.
A. STURZENEGGER & ETERNOD,
nov12 1m 47 Chartres street.
SARDINES—750 cases sardines in oil, of Nantz and Rochelle brands, in half, quarter and whole boxes; for sale by
TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO.,
nov12 18t 27 Old Levee st.
CORN AND COB MILES.—50 Little Giant, Scott's patent, assorted, for sale by
TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO.,
nov12 18t 27 Old Levee street.
ONE CALIBRON FURNACE, large size, for sale low by
TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO.,
nov12 18t 27 Old Levee street
OLD ROCHELLE BRANDY—2 half and 3 quarter pipes old O. V. Bernard & Co., imported two years ago; for sale by
TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO.,
nov12 18t 27 Old Levee st.
LINSEED OIL—2000 gallons linseed oil, Judd's; for sale by
TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO.,
nov12 18t 27 Old Levee st.
CHAMPAGNE WINE—50 baskets, quarts and pints, Heidsieck Piper; 100 do do Anchor brand of S. A. E. Perrier; 10 do do superior wine; 3 boxes extra superfine sauterne; for sale by
TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO.,
nov12 18t 27 Old Levee st.
BRANDY—100 baskets champagne brandy; 50 do Lafrance; 50 do Martell's; 50 do Hennessy; 50 do Jacquier; 50 do Castillon; 50 do Dupuy; 50 do Ragnaud; 50 do Ainé; 50 do Gaulin; 50 do Jacquier; 50 do Castillon; 50 do Dupuy; 50 do Ragnaud; 50 do Ainé; 50 do Gaulin;