THE DAILY BEE.
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Daily paper, semi weekly.....
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The New Orleans Bee.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One Dollar for every TEN lines, in each language on the first insertion, and Half that price for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements on the first page One Dollar per line each insertion.
Special notices inserted at intervals will be charged One Dollar for every TEN lines for each insertion, for the first insertion.
The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and to ordering no more notices at any other day.
No subscription taken for less than one year.
Advertising on advertising will be stopped until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the proprietors.

OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 5, 1858. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXI—WHOLE NO. 10,662.

THE DAILY BEE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 5.

THE NORTHERN MAIL came through yesterday with the latest dates.

PARAGUAY.

Not a word in the Kansas controversy has been heard at least for a while—the Congress of the United States might fittingly abandon Kansas to public over slavery, and direct all their attention to our foreign relations. A [illegible] which calls for decisive action on the subject with Paraguay. The President in his annual message, brought the matter before Congress in an impressive manner, showing that the conduct of Lopez has been such as to entitle the United States in requiring from the Paraguayan authorities a full and entire reparation for injuries done to our citizens, and in default of such atonement, satisfaction by a vigorous hostile demonstration. There are three well grounded reasons against the mock republic of Paraguay, as they are stated briefly and succinctly in the Boston Courier: First, the President of that republic has entirely broken his government with the United States, formed in 1853, and not accepted and ratified by him, upon the ground that in the ratification the action by the Senate of the United States in making necessary verbal alterations was made in its phraseology. Second, the act of fitting up and killing the man at the arsenal of the United States steamer [illegible] by the Paraguayan authorities, and the steamer was in the peaceful pursuit of exploring enterprise on the river, upon the pretext that she—although not speaking not a vessel of war—was entering a district of the President of Paraguay, forbidding foreign vessels of war to enter the river. Third, the insulting and cruel treatment of American citizens engaged in business in Paraguay, and the secure and destruction of their property by the authorities of the country.

These three were submitted to the consideration of Congress by Mr. BUCHANAN, with the suggestion that, should it be found necessary to make atonement for the wrongs, he was empowered to use force, and he should require it. For [illegible] the Senate kept "pottering" over Kansas affairs, but Mr. BUCHANAN, as chairman of the Committee of Foreign Relations, availed himself of the moment, and reported a resolution:

"Resolved, That it is the purpose of adjustment between the United States and Paraguay in conduct of the United States steamer [illegible] and with other matters referred to in the annual message of the President, he is authorized to use such forces and use such force as may be necessary and adequate in the event of a refusal of a just demand by the government of Paraguay."

This resolution ought to have been adopted [illegible] that the Senate is proverbially timid and hesitating in all matters connected with foreign affairs, accordingly, it was suffered to lie quietly on the table, and, Mr. MASON [illegible] recently, when Mr. BUCHANAN introduced the resolution, and urged its passage, the Black Republicans by their [illegible] Mr. BUCHANAN might involve the country in a war. The bellicose spirit of the American people might induce them to [illegible] such a course, and thus the President might be popularized. Considerate leaders of that faction opposed [illegible] for mile heats, best [illegible] weighing 200 pounds. Free [illegible] notice paid. See advertisement.

VAUXHALL.—The public will be [illegible] that Signora FELICITA VESTVALI [illegible] at the Orleans Theatre, on Friday next, for the benefit of Mr. Carnisse, [illegible] of the orchestra. She will appear in the third act of Lucia [illegible] Bianca in the third act of Il Moliere [illegible] Artistian audience [illegible] the reappearance of Vestvali and signor [illegible].

We are indebted to the clerk of the steamship [illegible] of Memphis for files of St. Louis papers of the latest dates.

THE American Brass Council assembled at [illegible] on the 21st April, and continued in session, at intervals, till the 27th. They have adopted a series of resolutions based [illegible] of the party.

THE GRAND CONCERT THIS EVENING.—It should not be forgotten that the grand vocal and instrumental concert, given under the patronage of the Classic Music Society, for the benefit of the St. Mary's Orphan Boys' Asylum, takes place this evening, at Odd Fellows' Hall. The orchestra of the French Theatre and Messrs. TALLMADGE and JONES, two of the finest artists in the opera troupe, will contribute their important aid on the occasion. The selections are from the works of the great masters of harmony and melody, and promise an amount of attraction rarely offered. We trust to be enabled to chronicle an overflowing audience.

THE MARIANNA DIAMOND.—Mr. Gay P. Mathews, of Virginia, has deposited his great Virginia diamond, said to be worth not less than two millions of dollars, in the Bank at Charleston, Virginia, for the inspection of the curious.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.

ADVANCE IN COTTON.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The Royal mail steamship Europa, from Liverpool on Saturday, the 24th, has arrived at this port, bringing three days' later advices than received by the Anglo-Saxon.

The steamer City of Baltimore arrived out on the 21st, and the Persia on the 24th.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

LIVERPOOL, April 24.—The sales of Cotton for the past week foot up 88,000 bales.

We notice an advance on lower qualities of fd.

Fair and Middling qualities have improved ½ to ¾d. The market closed firm.

MONEY MARKET.

Consols for Money closed at 96¼ to 96½. The Money market is generally unchanged.

BREADSTUFFS.

The Breadstuffs market generally closed quiet.

Corn displayed an advancing tendency.

PROVISIONS.

The market for Provisions was in the main dull.

GENERAL NEWS—ENGLAND.

Our Parliamentary news by this arrival does not show any thing of importance.

THE BERNARD CASE.

The British government has declined proceeding further against Simon Bernard, who was indicted as accessory to the attempted assassination of Louis Napoleon.

BURNING OF THE JAMES BAINES.

The clipper ship James Baines was burned in the dock at Liverpool.

The ship and cargo were valued at £170,000.

INDIA.

The Europa brings dates from Calcutta to the 23d of March inclusive. They report that the British troops continue to gain successes over the rebels.

The Governor-General's proclamation calling upon the rebels to submit has had no effect whatever.

RIVER NEWS.

VICKSBURG, May 4—*Rivers Still Rising.*—The river has risen one inch and a half since our last report, and the water now stands fully seven inches above the late rise.

We have reports that the Arkansas and White rivers are about at a stand.

The crevasse at Point Lookout has increased to over half a mile in width, and is from ten to twelve feet in depth.

The Yazoo is near up to the highest water mark, and is still rising slowly.

MEMPHIS, May 3.—The river here is about at a stand, but is running over the Arkansas shore in several places.

A crevasse is reported above.

We had a heavy rain yesterday.

ADDITIONAL BY THE EUROPA.

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, April 24.—The sales of Cotton for the week foot up 88,000 bales, of which speculators took 14,500 bales, and exporters 3000 bales.

The sales to-day are estimated at 7000 bales—closing steady.

Orleans Fair 7¾d, Orleans Middling 7 1-16d, Mobile Fair 7¾d, Mobile Middling 7d, Uplands Fair 7¾d, Uplands Middling 6¾d.

The whole stock in port amounts to 472,000 bales, of which 323,000 bales are American.

Flour closed very dull—Western Canal 25s. 6c. Red Wheat 6s.; White 7s. to 7s. 4d.—White Corn 34s. 6d.; Yellow 34s. Lard 54s. to 56s. Sugar steady. Rice firm.

Our advices from Havre show the sales of Cotton for the week ending April 16, at 112 frs. for New Orleans *free ordinary*, closing with an advancing tendency.

GENERAL NEWS.

The steamship Leviathan will not be completed for sea before autumn.

The Earl of Derby had assured the House of Lords that no exclusive privileges would be granted to any particular company.

Austria is concentrating troops on the Sardinian frontier.

A change in the Portuguese Ministry was expected.

Placentia was in a state of siege.

The Atlantic Telegraph cable was progressing satisfactorily.

Sir Colin Campbell had returned to Lucknow.

Nana Sahib's retreat had been stormed on the 21st of March, but Nana escaped.

Peace prevailed in Oude.

We have dates from China to the 15th of March. The Emperor had issued an edict degrading Yeh, and appointing his successor.

Naples has flatly refused to accede to the demands of Sardinia.

JUDICIAL.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Judge Loring, of Massachusetts, is mentioned in all the papers in the Court of Claims caused by the death of Judge Gilchrist.

R. H. Gillet is nominated as Solicitor to the Court of Claims vice Blair, removed.

LOSS OF THE SHIP MAJESTIC.

HALIFAX, May 4.—The ship Osprey has arrived here with 20 of the passengers and crew of the ship Majestic, from Liverpool. The Majestic was burnt at sea.

LOSS OF THE CORTEZ.

NEW YORK, May 4.—By the Europa we learn of the burning of the American whaling ship Cortez, off Cape Cruzade. The crew were all saved.

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The upper Mississippi is rising in the same ratio.

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CINCINNATI, May 4.—Flour $3 65 to $3 75. Whisky 16½c. Provisions dull. Linseed Oil 64c.

STEAMBOATS COMING.

VICKSBURG, May 4.—The Compromise passed down at 4 last night, and the Maria Denning at 1 this morning.

The steamship Philadelphia, Captain Harrison, sails at 8 o'clock this morning for New York, via Havana, with the California mails and the following passengers:

For NEW YORK—E Van Ness, Mr Gibon, J Fraser, John Hawkins, Mr Peet and lady, F Donelins, Etienne Hogins, James Hopkins, daughter and servant, Mr Perry, Miss Jones, John Dennis, John Jarvis, Jr, L Trenchard, lady, 3 children and servant, W Hodgson, Mr Brown, W T Brown, E S Simpson, L B Christian, L J Webster, A Bodenhamer, S Sharpley, Thomas O'Donnell, S Jamison, P Wayne, C S Newton, Mr Baker, A S Hynes, John Hudson, R Stevens, John L Geddes, F Collins, F Quirk, James Ivor, U Turpin, J Hagerston, D Delany, H D Patrick, M Pence, W H Brooks, and 40 steerage.

For HAVANA—Mrs Gray, J Quinn, S Agnada, Madame Fresnay, Mr T Bessel, lady, child and servant, John F Weiss, J L Chaddesaw, W S Rogers, N Sagee, Jos Bernadez, A Fernandez, H S Wright, Francisco Fraces.

For CALIFORNIA—J Thomasher and servant, Mr Glynn, Mrs Craddock, 2 children and servant, J A Farley, Byrd, J L Cannon, Mrs Haddot, D Thomasher, Mary and child, Mrs Johnson and 2 children, C J Johnson, Miss Amanda Johnson, Mrs James, Captain Pinfield, and 46 steerage.

Mme. FERRIOLITI gave her first concert in St. Louis on the 26th ult., and was received by a large and enthusiastic audience.

Effects of the Freeze.

We understand that in many localities in this latitude more damage has been occasioned by the late frosts than was at first supposed. Some planters will have to replant considerable portions of their cotton crops. We have heard of some places not far off in which the young corn has been made to look decidedly frost-bitten, and stalky, but we presume that seasonable weather will bring it all back to freshness and vigor.

The Atlanta *American* says that there were both frost and ice in that region on Tuesday morning, and that "much damage has been done to vegetation in low situations;" but little damage there to wheat and fruit crops.

The Camville (Ga.) *Standard* reports more heavy frosts on Tuesday and Wednesday mornings. On Wednesday morning "considerable ice was seen, and the ground in some places was frozen to the depth of quarter-of-an inch. Nearly all the fruit has been destroyed, and gardens are in a miserable condition. The wheat has certainly been injured—to what extent we know not. Young corn looks as if it had the 'yellow fever.'"

The Cartersville (Ga.) *Express*, of the 29th, says:

"In what extent wheat has suffered we are unable to say, but fear badly—cotton has we know—corn not so badly. Garden vegetables have been seriously damaged. Fruits, we hope, but slightly bitten.—*Columbus (Ga.) Sentinel.*

Wm. Fuller has been arrested in New York, charged with forging a government draft for $6000, purporting to be drawn by James Reynolds, and accepted by O. F. Brown, Treasurer of the Post-office Department. Four drafts of a similar nature have been already paid at various periods.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, April 27.

Senate.—After some unimportant business the report of the Committee of Conference on the Kansas bill came up.

Mr. Crittenden took the floor and made an philippic, in which he said that the other made by the Conference substitute was merely equivalent to a bill of public lands to accept the Lecompton Constitution, and went on to say that the Conference substitute was a poor, mutilated, imperfect substitute for the bill adopted by the House.

Mr. Hunter, in advocating the report of the committee, said that the bill now under consideration and the original bill acknowledged the binding obligation of the Lecompton Constitution. Both act on the principle of recognizing no right to submit the constitution to the people. The ordinance and nothing else is submitted. There is no such thing as submitting the constitution. They acknowledge no power to change or modify the constitution, except in the way indicated in that instrument, and therefore, he and his friends in advocating the proposition preserved their consistency.

After some discussion as to whether the subject should be postponed, the Senate finally agreed to make it the special order for 12½ o'clock to-morrow.

Adjourned.

House.—Mr. Pettit, from the select committee appointed to inquire into the facts and circumstances attending the sale of the Fort Snelling property, made a report from the majority. He said the committee was not so fortunate as to come to an agreement relative to the facts.

In reply to a suggestion of Mr. Grow's he remarked that there was nothing in it implicating a member of either branch of Congress. He moved that the report be laid on the table and that it be printed and made the special order for the 10th of May.

Mr. Burnett made a minority report, which was ordered to take the same direction.

Mr. Hughes asked leave to offer a resolution to censure Mr. Spinner for committing a breach of privilege, order and decorum of the House—the latter being yesterday asked leave to submit a preamble and resolution proposing the appointment of a select committee of five to inquire into facts and circumstances, by which, under the order of a Commissioner of the Land Office, Senator Bright and Representatives English and Foley were permitted to enter six thousand acres of land at the Council Bluffs Land Office.

Mr. Campbell said it was not a breach of privilege on the part of Mr. Spinner. If every member vilified through the public press should think proper to bring the subject to the House, they should have nothing but question of privilege.

The Speaker decided it was a question of privilege.

Mr. Hughes wished the House to set a seal of condemnation on this malicious assault on a Senator and two Representatives. The House should maintain its own dignity and character.

The newspaper attack embodied in Mr. Spinner's resolution was false and scandalous, founded in ignorance of the public statutes of the country. He had no doubt that the resolution was concocted outside of the House.

Mr. Hughes explained that Messrs. Bright, English and Foley made their locations under the authority of law, from which he read extracts.

He said the proceedings of the House were used for the purpose of stabbing a Commissioner of the Land Office, a Senator and two Representatives, and for this purpose irresponsible and infamous newspaper attacks were lugged in.

Mr. English made a few remarks relieving himself from any suspicion of impropriety in locating land warrants, which was done strictly in accordance with law. He said if any one charged that any favor was shown to him, in this respect, for the purpose of influencing his conduct on the Kansas question, or any imputation was cast that he was influenced by other than patriotic motives, he would pronounce him a liar, coward and poltroon.

Mr. Spinner briefly explained that his object in offering the resolution referred to yesterday was to institute an examination into the conduct of the Commissioner of the Special Land Office.

Mr. Campbell condemned the noticing of mere maligners of public character through the newspaper press.

On motion of Mr. Davis, of Maryland, the whole subject was laid upon the table.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

Mr. J. Glancy Jones moved to take up the General Appropriation bill, but this was not agreed to, and the committee resumed the consideration of the bill granting pensions to the soldiers of the war of 1812.

After some debate, without coming to a vote, the committee rose, and the House adjourned.

LOUISIANA ITEMS.

We copy the following interesting items from the Plaquemines *Pilot*:

CREVASSES.—We are again forced to call public attention to the crevasses in our parish. We have been credibly informed that in the Court of Claims caused by the death of Judge Gilchrist.

R. H. Gillet is nominated as Solicitor to the Court of Claims vice Blair, removed.

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CITY INTELLIGENCE.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—Halevy's grand opera, in five acts, "La Juive," the Jewess, is to be given at the Orleans Theatre to-morrow evening, for the benefit of M. Vila. A benefit is announced for M. Carriere the evening following.

THE ARTEVEHAVES.—The friends of the March Juvenile should bear in mind that this will be the last week of their appearance in this city. Miss Josephine Henry is announced for a benefit this evening, when will be produced, for the first time this season, the comic military drama of the "Invincibles;" to be followed by a comic piece, entitled "Home Among the Cobblers." Miss Henry will dance "La Cracoviennes," and the performances will conclude with "Perfection"—making a capital programme for the occasion.

VAUXHOUL MUSEUM.—Nearly every place of public amusement has been closed. Vauxhall, however, has determined to keep open his splendid establishment at whatever cost the dullness of the summer season may involve. For this spirit he deserves to be rewarded independent of the merits of the attractions which he puts forward for the admiration of the public. We ask attention to the list of splendid objects which he has on exhibition.

THE COUNCIL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—Session of Tuesday evening, May 4th, 1858—Col. Sammers, President.

A communication from the Street Commissioner was read and referred.

The monthly report of the Fiscal Agent was referred to the Finance Committee. It showed an indebtedness to the Citizens' Bank of $10,269 44.

A resolution from the lower Board fixing the salary of the City Surveyor at $2000 per annum was concurred in. It also authorized a warrant upon the Treasurer, in his favor, of $1111 10 as additional compensation for past services.

A resolution from the lower Board to purchase 30,000 feet of pine lumber for making plank roads upon Fourth District, was concurred in.

A number of resolutions relative to certain streets, with one for granting Wood, Hitenberger & Co. permission to erect a steam engine on their property on Tchoupitoulas street, were referred to the Streets and Landings Committee.

An ordinance providing for the proper management and administration of the property acquired by this city from John McDonough was next taken up, and elicited considerable debate.

Mr. Howell observed that the property when bequeathed was worth $2,000,000 but now was now hardly enough of it left for "salt."

Mr. Delabarre called for the reading of the ordinance, which was accordingly read, the words "Common Council" for "Finance Committee."

Mr. Wiltz moved to lay the matter over. The vote stood a tie, with the assistance of the President, who voted yes.

Mr. Wiltz thought the President could not vote; the latter thought he could, and read from Jefferson's Manual.

The motion to lay over was declared to be lost, and Mr. Delabarre renewed his motion for the substitution as above.

The President decided that the ordinance was properly before the Board for consideration.

Mr. Delabarre stated that he would vote yes, if the latter would vote in the reconsideration of his vote at the next meeting.

Mr. Wiltz moved for a reconsideration of his vote, which he cast in the majority. A dispensation of the rules was granted, and Mr. Wiltz contended that this brought the ordinance before the Board for reconsideration.

Mr. Howell good naturedly observed that he had not anticipated such a course as a reconsideration of Mr. Wiltz's motion for a dispensation to reconsider his vote.

The resolution to concur in the ordinance was now reconsidered, and Mr. Wiltz moved to substitute in the ordinance the words "Streets and Landings Committee" in the place of the words "Finance Committee."

Mr. Delabarre moved his substitute for adoption in substitution for that of Mr. Wiltz.

Considerable confusion was manifested, and the President threatened to adjourn the Board unless the members kept order.

Mr. Howell called a substitute which Mr. Wiltz moved be laid on the table. The motion prevailed, and Mr. Wiltz renewed his motion for inserting the words "Streets and Landings Committee."

Mr. Delabarre moved for a Committee of the Whole (of the Board) to consider the matter this evening.

The motion was lost, and Mr. Wiltz again renewed his motion. The motion was lost.

Mr. Dupré then moved for concurrence in the original resolution for adoption of the ordinance. The motion was lost.

Mr. Wiltz then moved that the ordinance be referred to the Streets and Landings Committee.

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Mr. Delabarre moved for a dispensation of the rules for the purpose of reconsidering the entire action of the Board upon the adoption of the ordinance.

The matter was finally adopted.

An ordinance from the lower Board for repairing the Octavia collector's office was presented for concurrence.

Mr. Wiltz moved an amendment fixing the salary of the book-keeper in the Treasurer at the same amount as that for the book-keeper to the Controller. The amendment being lost, the ordinance was laid over.

The resignation of Mr. Godeys as Railroad Director was accepted.

A resolution relative to repairing the protection levee along the city was referred to the Streets and Landings Committee, with authority to call a meeting of the Board, if necessary.

A resolution for the purchase of the Lunsburg Hospital for small-pox patients was referred.

The report of the Streets and Landings Committee was read and adopted in most particulars, by a unanimous vote.

The Board adjourned.

BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.—Tuesday evening, May 4th, 1858—Mr. Reid in the chair.

Mr. Huyghe offered a resolution, which was adopted, and set up for concurrence, for having the protection levee above the city thoroughly repaired.

A communication from the upper Board for employing James Walsh to number the houses of the city at the rate of eight cents per plate, was adopted.

An ordinance relative to the disposition of small-pox patients was referred to a special committee of Messrs. Leland, Huyghe, Phelps and Stickney.

The resignation of David E. Godeys as Director of the Jackson Railroad was accepted.

The Treasurer's weekly report shows a balance on hand of $1,837.

The Finance Committee reported at length. Their resolution for remitting the interest upon $6000 due by the Canal Banking Company, and upon the company pay the principal, was adopted.

The report of the Streets and Landings Committee was read. The report favored the repairing of the road from Milneburg to Bayou St. John, at a cost of $4000; recommended the repairing of the bridges along the road, at a cost each of $250.

The ordinance relative to the wharves and the farming thereof, and the duties of the Wharfingers, was taken up and read for action section by section.

Mr. Holland moved an amendment to a certain section, so as to allow sugar and molasses to remain upon the levee 24 hours instead of 36 hours.

Mr. Reid moved to lay the amendment on the table—motion carried.

The ordinance was finally adopted fixing the time at 36 hours.

Pending the lengthy discussion which was expected to necessarily ensue upon the various sections of the ordinance, the reporters are adjourned.

THE COURTS.

SUPREME COURT.—There are nineteen decisions rendered by this State appellate tribunal on Monday, May 3d, determining cases as follows:

State of Louisiana vs. Edward H. Ansel; P. Harman, surety, appellant. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of First District Court (Criminal Court) of New Orleans affirmed.

State of Louisiana vs. François Vigouroux, appellant. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of above Court affirmed. The defendant was convicted of murder.

State of Louisiana vs. Thomas Crawford, alias Rebel, Green, Spoffard, Jr. Judgment of above Court affirmed. The defendant was convicted of forgery.

State of Louisiana, vs. steve Green, appellant. Spofford, J. Judgment of Fifth Justice's Court of Jefferson, sentencing the slave to be hung for attempted rape upon a white woman, affirmed.

E. Finney, appellant, vs. A. Bidault & Co. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of Second District Court of New Orleans affirmed.

Stephen Girard's heirs, appellants, vs. City of New Orleans. Buchanan, J. Judgment of above Court affirmed.

Angelo Costa vs. John B. Conway & Son, appellants. Buchanan, J. Judgment of Third District Court of New Orleans affirmed.

Feoley, Hicel & Co., appellants, vs. Joseph Moorehouse. Merrick, C. J. Appeal from Fourth District Court of New Orleans dismissed.

J. W. Andrews vs. Arthur Sanctor. Contested election suit. Cole, J. Judgment of above Court, establishing the validity of Mr. Sanctor's election to the Third Judicatory of New Orleans, affirmed. All the Judges concurred in the decision—Judges Buchanan, Merrick, and Spofford rendering separate opinions. The election took place last November, since which time Judge Andrews, by harassing and constant suits, has retained his seat. We presume that Mr. Sanctor will be permitted to enter immediately upon the discharge of the duties of the office.

Church Wardens of St. Louis Cathedral, of New Orleans, vs. J. A. Rousseau et al.—L. Curtis and L. Armbrecht, appellants, and F. Seubert and Thomas Hawthorn, appellees. Buchanan, J. Judgment of Fifth District Court of New Orleans affirmed. These suits were brought for the proceeds of an auction sale.

R. Conway vs. R. A. Clark, owner of steamer L. L. Cobb; Dyer & Co., appellants, vs. H. Geary. Cole, J. Judgment of this Court, at last term, reversed, and judgment of Fifth District Court above affirmed.

Widow of Michel Mendin vs. Charles Christopher—W. H. Kenzie, intervenor, appellant. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of the above Court reversed, and third opposition of appellant dismissed.

Thomas Buckley vs. C. Roden et al., appellants. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of above Court in same respects amended and as amended affirmed.

F. H. Hall, appellant, vs. R. A. Bridge. Merrick, C. J. Judgment of Sixth District Court of New Orleans affirmed. The Court reversed, and third opposition of appellant dismissed.

Thomas Buckley,