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THE DAILY BEE.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 6.

THE NORTHERN MAIL failed yesterday from beyond Augusta.

LOUISIANA TEHUANTEPEC COMPANY.

Those who peruse the resolutions adopted by the Tehuantepec Company at the meeting of the Board of Directors on the 30th ult., and published in most of the city papers yesterday, might imagine that the enterprise had proved a failure, and was about to be completely abandoned. Those, however, who read attentively the provisions of the charter of the Louisiana Tehuantepec Company appended to those resolutions, will perceive at once that, instead of being relinquished, the project is about to be prosecuted with redoubled energy and zeal, and under auspices infinitely more favorable than have hitherto existed. The presumption that charter furnishes the key by which whatever seeming mystery there may be in the matter will be readily unlocked. From this we learn that the old company is dissolved, and that a new company has been organized under the several grants heretofore given by the Mexican government, called the Garay and Sloo grants, and which are transferred to the new corporation under certain specified conditions. This organization is styled the Louisiana Tehuantepec Company, and differs from the old company in possessing a valid and incontestable title, and in uniting the several conflicting interests which had previously produced jarring, clashing and much litigation, and had effectually impeded active and persevering attempts to open the great highway to the Pacific.

The important and vital objects secured by this combination of interests must be obvious to every intelligent observer. The Garay grant proved upon examination to be fatally defective, in consequence of the absence of a title to the right of way. That title, originally vested in the Sloo grant, had been transferred to Mr. FALCONNET, through the failure of Mr. SLOO to repay to Mr. FALCONNET a considerable sum of money advanced by him—the condition of the loan being that Mr. F. should hold the title to Tehuantepec, in case the loan should not be paid at maturity. The title, thus possessed by Mr. FALCONNET, has been fully recognized by the Mexican government, and is indisputably good and valid. It has been transferred to the Louisiana Tehuantepec Company by the trustees who now hold the title to the Garay and Sloo grants, under the deed of trust executed by Mr. HANCOCK, as representative of the rights of Mr. FALCONNET. The company, therefore, concentrates within itself the previously divided interests of GARAY and HANCOCK, and the two grants are consolidated into one under the present company. Whatever rights and privileges may have been claimed under either of the two will hereafter be fully vested in the Louisiana corporation.

This result is the fruit of a judicious spirit of compromise, and a resolve to make mutual concessions for the common object of promoting the speedy construction of a great national work. The interests of all who have contributed their money to the several projects for a road across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec will be equitably provided for. The third article of the charter sets apart twenty thousand shares, or two millions of dollars, to be issued as full paid stock, and delivered to the trustees who hold the title to the Garay and Sloo grants; and authorizes the trustees to further issue to said trustees of the eight per cent. bonds of the company for one million of dollars: "that portion of said Bonds, which, under the provisions of said trust, is to be used for the payment of the debts and liabilities contracted under the Sloo grant, shall be appropriated to the satisfaction of such debts and liabilities as the parties to whom said trustees are, by the terms of said trust, required to convey the same, in the exercise of their sole and uncontrolled direction, may think proper to pay." It is thus seen that the just claims of all parties connected with the old Tehuantepec Company will be protected by this issue of reserved stock. All the creditors of the company, and all who ever advanced a dollar to the company formed under the Garay grant will be paid principal and interest. No one will suffer wrong, while many will be large gainers by exchanging doubtful for valuable stock.

We have every reason to believe that the administration regards the Tehuantepec enterprise with profound interest, and is gratified at a fusion which blends together in hearty co-operation the energies and resources of those who have hitherto succeeded only in thwarting and baffling one another. Mr. BUCHANAN views with decided favor the new project, and well founded effort to construct a road across the isthmus, and now that the question of title has been settled by the combination of the Garay and Sloo grants, there can be no doubt that the legitimate influence of the federal government will be strongly exerted in behalf of the company. Indeed we are well assured that positive instructions have been dispatched to our Minister, Mr. FORSYTH, to urge upon the Mexican administration the expediency of an early and ample recognition of the rights of the new company; and that in the consummation of this scheme the efforts of our government will be heartily seconded by those of the Mexican Minister at Washington. In the course of a few weeks we shall doubtless learn to what extent Mexico is prepared to support the claims of the company. We have not the slightest misgiving on the subject. The tact and ability of the gentlemen who have proceeded to Mexico, as the representatives of the company, backed by the official weight of the American Minister, the influence of our government, and the well-known friendly disposition of President Comonfort, impress upon us the conviction that the company will obtain all that it can reasonably demand, and will be placed in a position of unimpeachable stability and strength. Then a railroad across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, instead of being a brilliant chimera, or at best a vague and uncertain speculation, will become as tangible, as feasible and as practicable an undertaking as any that has ever engaged the attention of the community. The work will be accomplished, and that right speedily, since neither the will nor the power will be lacking. We feel strongly inclined to indulge in a prospective view of the future of New Orleans when uninterrupted communication with the Pacific, through the Tehuantepec highway, exists; but we have already written enough, and must reserve any reflections on this branch of the subject for another occasion.

The steamship *Empire City*, Capt. McGowan, sailed at 5 o'clock yesterday morning for New York, via Havana, with the California mails and the following passengers:

FOR NEW YORK—Miss B Young, Geo Connely, Jas McCrady, Dr A C Hesselberg, Miss Amelia Graham, Mrs Walton, Miss M Dawes, Miss M E O'Hara, Mrs McMahan and child, Mrs Bryant, Rev R L M Neal, John Bird and lady, J A P Duff ser, S DeGroot, Mr Harrison, Jas M Quade, J W Page, W McNear S Barker, J M Parra, Captain Lafinale, and 27 in the steerage.

FOR HAVANA—Sheppard Reynold, A Hernandez lady and two children, Jean Labbe, lady and her 4 children, J B Mongelard, L B Quigo, H Schutter, P Valdez Y Torre and servant, M Hermes, A Wichard, G Gelam, L Trochant, C H Hare, Thos Bakers, and 10 in the steerage.

FOR CALIFORNIA—Mrs Crooks and two children, Mrs Hoffman, children and servant, Miss Hanson, Mrs Sykes, Mrs Cowley, Mr Chabert, W Reinhart, and 10 in the steerage.

CONFESSIONS OF A DYING COUNTERFEITER.—The editor of the Boone county (Ind.) *Pioneer* has been informed that a short time since a man aged about sixty years, living in Morgan county, was taken sick and died. Previous to his death he called in some of his neighbors and told them he was about to die, and that he had something weighing on his mind which he wished to communicate to them. He then stated that he had for thirty years been connected with a gang of robbers and counterfeiters; that he had never stolen any himself, but had concealed a large amount of stolen property; that the band he belonged to was composed of some two hundred and fifty persons, well organized, and some of them apparently respectable citizens in good circumstances, and that most of them lived in Morgan and Hendricks counties. He then gave the names of some of them, and two of those named are now in Hendricks county jail.

Vermont is a peculiar State. One of its papers says there is but one city in the State, not a soldier, no police, and not a murder has been committed within the last ten years. We have no museums, nor crystal palaces; but we have homes, genuine homes, that are the centre of the world to their inmates, for which the fathers works, votes and talks—where the mother controls, educates, labors and loves—where she rears men, scholars and patriots.

BRIGHAM.—It is said that the rose of Florida, the most beautiful of flowers, emits no fragrance; the bird of Paradise, the most gaudy of birds, gives no song; the eagle, the most daring of birds, no scream; the eagle, the most daring of birds, no scream; and Bell-room bells, the loudest sounders in the world, are very often distinguished little more so!

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE PERSIA.

ADVANCE IN COTTON—PLAN OF LAYING TELEGRAPH CABLE CHANGED—DEPEAT OF WM. M. THACKERAY—RESIGNATION OF BARON BOTHSCHILD—THE SPANISH-MEXICAN QUESTION—SPAIN ACCEPTS THE MEDIATION OF FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

NEW YORK, August 5.—The Royal mail steamship *Persia*, Capt. Judkins, from Liverpool on the afternoon of Saturday, the 25th ult., has arrived here. Her advices are four days later than published this morning by the *Ohnde* at Quebec.

ARRIVALS OUT.

The steamship *North Star's* advices reached Liverpool on the 22d.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Liverpool, July 25.—Cotton has advanced ¼d. since our last weekly report.

The sales of the week foot up 75,000 bales, of which speculators take 12,000 and exporters 4,000 bales.

The sales of yesterday (Friday, 24th) amounted to 10,000 bales, speculators and exporters each taking 1,500 bales.

The market closed steady.

The stock of American Cotton in port at this place amounts to 423,000 bales.

Orleans Middling is quoted at 5¾d.; Mobile Fair, 5¾d.; Mobile Middling, 5¾d.; Uplands Fair, 5¾d.; Uplands Middling, 5 3-16d.; Orleans Fair, 6¼d.

BREADSTUFFS.

The market generally closed dull.

Flour is very dull, having declined 1s. Richardson, Spence & Co. quote Western Canal, 30s.; Ohio, 32s.; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 31s.

Wheat closed dull at a decline of 2d.; red, 8s. 3d. to 9s.; white, 9s. 3d. to 9s. 9d.

White Corn has advanced 1s., and is quoted at 42s. to 44s.; yellow and mixed, 38s. to 38s. 6d.

Provisions closed quiet. Beef closed buoyant at an advance of 5s. to 10s. There is a large speculative inquiry.

Lard, 56s. to 57s. 6d.—closing heavy.

Pork closed quiet, without any quotable change. Bacon is dull.

Potashes quiet; Pearlashes quiet at 43 a 44s. for each.

Rosin is steady.

Sugar and Coffee are both steady.

MONEY MARKET.

Money is slightly easier. Consols for money closed at 91¾ to 91¾.

The bonds and bullion in the Bank of England have increased £748,000.

MANCHESTER MARKETS.

Our advices from Manchester are favorable. The weather has been favorable for crops, but was stormy at the close of our report.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.

The market is steady, without any change in the quotations of New Orleans *tres ordinaire*.

General News.

ENGLAND.

Cardwell has been elected to the House of Commons over Thackeray.

The *Agamemnon* has sailed for Cork with her portion of the Atlantic telegraph cable. The plan of operations is changed, and they will commence submerging the cable at the Irish coast.

The government has intimated in Parliament that nothing will be done in China except to dispatch the war junks, until the result of Kinin's mission to Pekin is ascertained. If his mission ends unsatisfactorily, hostilities will be commenced in Canton.

Lord John Russell obtained leave to bring in a new bill for the admission of Jews.

Baron Rothschild has resigned, but is renominated and will be re-elected without opposition.

The U. S. frigate *Susquehanna* has arrived at Liverpool.

Henry Schartz & Co., of Liverpool, have failed for £60,000.

FRANCE.

The continental news is generally unimportant. In France attention is generally centered on the late Italian conspiracy.

SPAIN.

Spain has agreed to accept the mediation of England and France in the Mexican question.

INDIA.

We have nothing later from India.

KENTUCKY ELECTION.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 5.—The returns show that the Americans have certainly elected Marshall in the Seventh District, and probably elected Underwood in the Third.

The Democrats have elected Burnett, First District; Peyton, Second; Jewett, Fifth; Stivers, Sixth; Chen, Eighth; Mason, Ninth; and Stevens, Tenth.

The Fourth District is still in doubt, but Talbott (Dem.) is probably elected.

Gerard, the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, will have over 10,000 majority.

The Democrats have a large majority in the House of Representatives, and a majority on joint ballot.

MISSOURI ELECTION.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 5.—Six county gives Rollins (American) between 1800 and 1900 majority.

Cooper (Emancipationist) is elected to the Legislature.

Cooper county gives Rollins 275 majority. Stewart has majorities in Cole and Howard counties.

KANSAS NEWS.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 5.—The correspondent of the *Republican* says that Walker is still encamped before Lawrence, and that his force has been increased.

NEW ORLEANS MEDICAL AND SURGICAL JOURNAL.—The editors of this able periodical have our thanks for the August number. They speak as follows of the health of the city:

State of Our City.—Up to this time we have certainly had as pleasant a summer as any one could desire. The sun has shone down on us with full vigor, but has never chased the mercury up the tube that far 84°, in the shade. We have had fine breezes, plenty of refreshing showers, and, better effects of our great Lake, which we cordially seconded by those of the Mexican Minister at Washington. In the course of a few weeks we shall doubtless learn to what extent Mexico is prepared to support the claims of the company. We have not the slightest misgiving on the subject. The tact and ability of the gentlemen who have proceeded to Mexico, as the representatives of the company, backed by the official weight of the American Minister, the influence of our government, and the well-known friendly disposition of President Comonfort, impress upon us the conviction that the company will obtain all that it can reasonably demand, and will be placed in a position of unimpeachable stability and strength. Then a railroad across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, instead of being a brilliant chimera, or at best a vague and uncertain speculation, will become as tangible, as feasible and as practicable an undertaking as any that has ever engaged the attention of the community. The work will be accomplished, and that right speedily, since neither the will nor the power will be lacking. We feel strongly inclined to indulge in a prospective view of the future of New Orleans when uninterrupted communication with the Pacific, through the Tehuantepec highway, exists; but we have already written enough, and must reserve any reflections on this branch of the subject for another occasion.

MAIL ITEMS.

By way of Louisville we obtain some later intelligence from Washington and the North.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The contract for furnishing stamped envelopes to the Post-Office Department was decided upon to-day, but the name of the successful bidder has not yet been divulged.

The quarterly return of the New York city Post-office was received to-day. It is a full cart-load.

The Attorney-General has given an opinion in the case of Capt. Wilkes, against whom an action of trespass was brought on account of the punishment of one of his men, named Dinsmas, for disobedience of orders given by him while in command of the exploring expedition to the South Seas. It is held that the orders were lawful, and the punishment was inflicted by Capt. Wilkes in the discharge of his proper duty.

No man of common prudence, the Attorney-General says, would enter the public service if he knew the performance of his duty would render him liable to be plagued to death by law suits which he must carry on at his own expense. Therefore Captain Wilkes ought to be refunded the sum he is out of pocket by the litigation, although it was finally decided in his favor.

Instructions to Gov. Cumming were completed to-day. They are brief and specific. He is to see that the laws of the United States are faithfully executed. No man in Utah is to be affected for his political or religious opinions, but held responsible for his conduct. Should the civil authorities be unable to enforce the laws, the military force must then be employed. While his powers are ample for all practical purposes, much is confided to his prudence and discretion.

The sons of Col. Pitchlynn, the agent and representative of the Choctaw Indians, who were last autumn convicted, in Arkansas, of assault with intent to kill, and were sentenced to three years's imprisonment in the penitentiary, have been ordered to be set at liberty by the President, it appearing that the testimony against them embraced no allegation of malice aforethought, and they were universally esteemed as peaceable and good citizens, and, further, that the main witnesses for the prosecution had offered to be bought off by the friends of the accused.

The President will leave for Bedford Springs to-morrow morning, accompanied by his niece, Miss Lane.

Thomas H. Dunn, of Mississippi, has been tendered the appointment of Secretary of State for Utah, but there are doubts whether he will accept it.

S. W. Seldon has been appointed United States Attorney for the Northern District of Ohio, vice Danner.

Rev. E. Kincaid, missionary to Burmah, who had delivered the letter from the King of Ava to the President to-day received one in reply, to be conveyed by him to that monarch, cordially reciprocating his wishes for friendly relations, and trusting that peace and good-will may be perpetuated between Burmah and the United States.

The Secretary of War has received a dispatch from Fort Snelling, Minnesota, to the 23d inst., informing him that the Sioux Indians had acceded to everything required of them by the general government, and are now quiet.

The Postmaster-General has awarded the contract for furnishing stamped envelopes to O. F. Nesbitt, of New York, he being the lowest bidder.

The members and Judge Advocate of the new Naval Court of Inquiry, in joint meeting to-day, passed suitable resolutions consequent upon the sudden death, yesterday, of Commodore Newton, the presiding officer of the Session Court.

The Indian Hostilities.—Dubuque, July 29.—St. Paul dates to the 26th have been received. An express train from the Sioux agency reports 1000 Indians defying the United States troops. A Winnebago hostilities is unavoidable, and the settlers are trying to the forts for protection.

Governor Medary is diligently endeavoring to preserve peace. He sustains the action of the Superintendent in the suspension of the payment of annuities until the Sioux nation deliver up the infamous band of murderers. The Sioux refuse, and are trying to bring about a collision with the government troops.

The telegraphic dispatch of the Secretary of War, Floyd, refusing the request of Gov. Medary for arms and volunteers for defense, occasioned some excitement.

Two hundred men are prepared and determined to march, if needed, for the protection of the frontier.

The Democratic Convention have not organized.

KILLED.—New York, July 29.—Emma Browley was killed yesterday on Staten Island by a rejected lover. He is supposed to be named Horton. The girl was engaged to be married to John G. Schultz, against the wishes of her parents, who had discarded her. They were spending the day together at Washington, and were being sailed upon when Horton discovered them. Souler was awakened by the clicking of a pistol, when he discovered Horton in an attempt at suicide. Souler dashed the pistol from Horton's hand, when the latter regained it and shot the girl dead. He has escaped.

UTAH AFFAIRS.—Washington, July 28.—Judge Stiles, District Attorney Hockaday and Marshal Dotten, federal officers for Utah, join in a card emphatically contradicting the reports from that Territory, extensively published in the newspapers, which charge David P. Burr, late Surveyor-General of Utah, with having committed frauds upon the government by overcharging incidental expenses, and falsifying the position of the Mormons.

There is a report in circulation that Brigham Young has written a letter to President Buchanan, expressing his gratification at the prospect of being relieved from the Governorship of Utah, and promising that the federal officers to be sent thither should be kindly treated, provided they attended to their legitimate business.

BEYONT CONVENTION.—St. Louis, July 29. The *Republican* says that E. Bolton, the Deputy Clerk of the Supreme Court of Utah, has sent his affidavit to the Attorney-General, denying Judge Drummond's statements respecting the destruction of the records of that Court. He says they are all safe in his custody, and nobody has interfered with them.

ARRESTED.—New York, July 29.—Julie Heffernan and her two children were arrested at Brooklyn to-day, charged with beating to death Christopher Heffernan, the husband of Julie. All the parties are Irish.

ARRESTED.—Philadelphia, July 29.—Fredericka Busch, a German woman, has been arrested on the charge of causing the death of her children by poisoning while boarding with her. The Coroner is investigating the case.

Dodging a Fee.

[From the Hon. O. H. Smith's Reminiscences of Early Indiana Trials.]

At a term of the Circuit Court of the United States I was requested by Daniel J. Caswell to be employed for Nicholas Longworth, of Cincinnati, Ohio, one of the wealthiest men of the Buckeye State. I was highly pleased with the employment, looking forward, of course, to a liberal fee, punctually paid, as I was assured by Mr. Caswell would be the case.

It was an action of ejectment, brought by David Close, of Rising Sun, against Longworth, for a tract of land in Dearborn county. Judge Holman was on the bench. Mr. Caswell had to leave for Columbus next day, and wished to deliver over the case to me as the sole attorney for Longworth. Mr. Caswell left before the case was reached on the docket.

The trial lasted several days, and was warmly contested by both sides. Judge Holman charged the law against the man, and the plaintiff recovered the land. I immediately informed Longworth, and requested him to pay me a fee of fifty dollars—about one fourth what I should have charged him.

He refused to pay me, on the ground that it was not his lawyer. Mr. Caswell then called upon him, as he told me, and Longworth refused to pay him because he had not attended to the case. This gave me enough of rich attorney clients who would refuse to pay for services rendered them. Longworth, besides being wealthy, was at that time a cunning lawyer. He had not then reached his high position of successful rivalry of French vintners in sparkling Catawba.

His conduct in my case forcibly reminded me of the man who went into the grocery:

"Let me have a glass of whisky."

"Here it is."

"You may take back the whisky and give me crackers."

"Here they are."

Eats the crackers, and is about leaving.

Grocer—"Pay me for the crackers."

"I gave you the whisky for them."

"Then pay me for the whisky."

"I gave the whisky back."

"Well, hereafter pay as you go. It may be all right, but it don't exactly look so to me."

THE POISONING CASE—ONE DEATH—MYSTERIOUS APPEAR—In the *Courier*, yesterday, we briefly alluded to the sudden death of a family of the name of Comstock, residing on Washington street, between Hancock and Clay, and been poisoned. The family consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Comstock, and two young ladies, their nieces. The poison was supposed to have been introduced into the water with which they made their coffee, also that it had been mixed with the sugar.

Mrs. Comstock and her husband were attacked with all the symptoms of poison, and after suffering the most excruciating agony, the wife died yesterday morning about three o'clock. Her husband, last evening, was rapidly recovering. The young women were not attacked, and it is probable they did not partake of the poisoned beverage.

There appears to be a good deal of mystery in the case, and rumors are circulated that may involve the innocent persons, and we await the result of a proper investigation. The Coroner held an inquest, we believe, and was endeavoring to discover the facts in the case, but up to last evening had not been able to make a report.

P. S.—Since the above was in type, Coroner Bryan informed us that the verdict will not be given in until this morning at eight o'clock—the jury not having the facts of the case. The contents of the stomach would in the meantime be examined by Prof. Smith.—*Louisville Courier*, 30th.

A CHILD DROWNED BY AN INSANE GIRL.—A sad tragedy occurred at the poor-house, Tamworth, N. H., on Sunday last, as we learn from the Manchester *Mirror*. The superintendent of the farm, Mr. Whiting, was absent, and Mrs. Whiting, after getting her infant child to sleep, and laying it in the cradle, fell asleep herself. When she awoke, an insane girl, an inmate of the house, was in the room crying. Noticing her appearance, and the fact that her clothes were wet, she bethought herself of her child, and her feelings can be imagined when she looked in the cradle and found her darling gone. She immediately went in search, and found the child in a brook near the house, with its face downward, and life extinct. The crazy girl, who was the cause of the consternation of her horrid purpose, had piled wood upon the child, and shut off every chance of its saving itself.

The "National Hotel disease" has suddenly made its appearance in the capital of Russia. A letter from St. Petersburg, June 15th, in the *Independance*, of Brussels, says:

Several families have, during the last few days, been thrown into mourning in a very melancholy and distressing manner. After a dinner, which took place at the institution of St. Catharine, a large educational establishment, two young persons died suddenly ill. Five of them died within four-and-twenty hours, and yesterday the sixth was in the greatest danger. The Countess de Mortny, who had been educated at St. Catherine, was present at the dinner, and has since been seriously indisposed. The Emperor afterward visited the establishment, and ordered a most searching investigation to be instituted, but nothing has yet been discovered to throw light on the subject.

MISS WARNE, THE ANGLO-ITALIAN REVOLUTIONIST.—Turin, July 3.—I learn that a young lady, a British subject, has also been arrested and ordered to leave the Sardinian States forthwith, to which she strenuously objects and appeals to the protection of her native force. The lady alluded to is a Miss White, who is said to be well known in those political coteries in England of which Signor Mazzini is the great attraction. She came to this country some months since, and was received with acclamations by the admirers of the apostle of revolution and republicanism as his most intimate friend, and as such she received marks of deference and respect from his followers, both in Genoa and Turin. There are not many believers in Mazzini in this town; nevertheless, when Miss White visited the capital of the Sardinian kingdom, a month or two ago, a serenade was got up to compliment her by a society of so-called "trades-men," and it is said that in returning thanks for this honor, the patriot was taken with violent and wholesome diarrhea; the author she quoted remarkably putrid wood. The physician, who was present, said she was safe!

We kept returning to the Lounge, and the patient, whose life had been despaired of, is now in excellent health. No one would believe, on looking at her, that she had suffered from diarrhea.

The physician, the family and myself tender you our heartfelt thanks, for my wife may not have cured by you. Lounge. Please forward a dozen more by the first boat.

I would respectfully request you to by this letter before the public, to whom an additional proof will thus be given of the efficacy of the invaluable remedy prepared by you.

Respectfully, your devoted and grateful servant,

P. REHAUD.

SARSAPARILLA

GASEOUS WATERS,

(MEDICATED AND PURGATIVE)

Approved by the Royal Medical Faculty of Madrid, and the sale of which is authorized by virtue of a privilege from H. M. the Queen, and of a Royal Decree promulgated by the Minister of Justice on the 16th of January, 1857, forwarded to us by the Medical Academy.

At Demarest's Arcade—Since our Digestive Sarsaparilla Water has been offered to the public; since the most distinguished physicians have begun to resort to it, and its efficacy, after a decade trial, has been proved beyond doubt, it is so generally sought, and has become so popular, that we have been compelled to increase our manufacture in order to meet the increasing demand.

Our Digestive Water is acknowledged to be incomparably superior to all the other substances, such as Lemons, the Vichy Mineral Water, Carbonates, Soda, Gaseous Waters, &c., both in regard the taste and particular action on the digestive organs.

We are happy to state that our Gaseous and Digestive Sarsaparilla Water is preferred by physicians in hospitals and private establishments for dilutions of the Sarsaparilla.

It cannot be denied that remarkable cures have been effected by our Digestive Water in cases of chronic diseases, such as chronic gastro-enteritis, gastralgy, obstructions of the liver, hepatic colics, gallstones, jaundice, dropsy, &c., also organic affections, such as chronic rheumatism, gravel, the spleen, obstructions of the bladder, calculus in the bladder, gout, diabetes, chlorosis, lymphatic affections, &c.

Our Water, regulating the stomach, naturally improves it, makes the digestion easier and excites the appetite.

2d. Purgative Action.—Our Gaseous and Purgative Sarsaparilla Water has been of some benefit in therapeutics. It is a remedy quite suitable for persons, shut in a good health, who may be anything but purgatives generally taken at certain epochs, when the bowels require a purgative.

Our Gaseous and Purgative Sarsaparilla Water is free from this disadvantage. It has a pleasant and agreeable taste, and is taken without nausea, and more readily than lemonade or citrate of magnesia.

Prudence will lead us the prescription Sarsaparilla made beside the sensory discomfiture for the use of the water.

For a bottle of the Digestive Water, 50 cents; for a bottle of the Purgative Water, 50 cents.

For sale in Barcelona, at the "Globe" Establishment, Phil. Delvaux street.

Sale agent in New Orleans, for druggists and the public, wholesale and retail,

DR. N. REMY, Druggist,
Corner of Bienville and Tonlouse sts.

A CARD

THE steamer LEGONTE, Capt. Chauncy Johnson, will take the place of the LAFAYETTE on the Bayou Teche, and will leave the Levee on the last boat from this city on Saturday, leaving on every SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Citizens' Bank of Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, August 3, 1857.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, this day, a dividend of nine per cent. was declared, payable to the scrip stockholders of this Bank on and after MONDAY, the 10th inst.

EUG. ROCHEBLAV, Cashier.

REMOVED.

THE Office of the Mississippi and Ohio, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company has been removed from No. 45 Carondelet street to the New Depot Buildings, on Calliope street.

aug 6

MR. J. B. JEANNIN

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, and particularly his former pupils, that his INSTITUTION has been removed from the Place Parmentier, to the Fronton and Sampat streets to No. 230 Royal street, between St. Ann and Dumaine.

The Classes for Young Beginners are thereon taught on a simple, rational and efficacious plan; also, all the branches of a liberal education.

MR. J. B. JEANNIN begs that his near experience in teaching, together with a constant zeal in the discharge of his duties, will not fail to secure the patronage of the public, and particularly that of his former pupils.

aug 6 tu th 2m

SCRIP OF

MERCHANTS', SUN, LOUISIANA, CRESCENT and HOME INSURANCE COMPANIES, and LAND WARRANTS

Purchased by

L. A. FINLEY,
56 St. Charles st.

aug 24

WINES IN BOXES.—150 boxes, 12 bottles each (Co Knowerout, Drouet & Gautier):

12	boxes, 24 bf bd.	cash,	Lafitte.
100	do 12 do	do	Leoville.
25	do 24 bf do	do	do
25	do 12 do	do	Ste Brien.
120	do 12 do	do	Chateau.
75	do 24 bf do	do	do
140	do 12 do	do	Margaux.
75	do 24 bf do	do	do
75	do 12 do	do	St. Emilion.
16	do 24 bf do	do	do
40	do 12 do	do	Cos d'Estournel.
40	do 12 do	do	Pontet Canet.
50	do 12 do	do	Dayries Margaux.
500	do St. Julien, Leon's brand;		
500	do Ste Barbe, do do;		
500	do Bayon Wines, glass corks;		
200	do Champagne, do do;		
50	do do Pontet Canet.		

In store and in condemnation—Apply for sale by

V. & E. HAGNAN,
28 St. Louis st.

CHAMPAGNE WINE.—110 boxes Heidsieck & Co. Fils 12 bottles; 100 do. do. do. 24 half do.; 100 do. 12 and 24 half bottles; On arrival, and for sale by

J. VIGNIA, Jr.,
27 Conti st.

NEW LARGE No. 3 MACKEREL.—For sale, in store, by

JOSEPH H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

POTATOES AND ONIONS.—300 sacks Orange Potatoes; 100 do do Onions. For sale by

SAILOR & PASCAL,
57 and 59 Old Levee street.

WRAPPING PAPER.—3000 reams hardware, sugar and rag, for sale by

J. HART & CO.,
77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

PAPER CIGARS.—20 boxes, of 500 packs, Havana brand. For sale by LABORDE & KIGNIS,
29 New Levee.

RICE.—50 casks prime Carolina, for sale by

JOSEPH H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

GREEN BUTTER.—60 firkins choice yellow, for sale by

JOSEPH H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

BEETS, CABBAGES.—Water, butter, cooks, vinegar and sugar: 50 bbls. for sale by

JOSEPH H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

GRY, CRUSHED AND POWDERED SUGAR.—300 bbls. for sale by

JOSEPH H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

FOR SALE.—COLZA OIL;

FRENCH GREEN COVERS, at 60;
BANE-BEARING NAILS,
FRENCH YELLOW LAMPS, for green shes, coffee-houses and other public establishments.

Kinsey Gilt.

To arrive soon.—WM. GARNER,
No. 28 Gravier st.

BACON.—50 boxes shoulders, 8 Pounds; 100 boxes sides, 8 Pounds; Tennessee Leaf Lard, in tin boxes, 1 pound; 1 package do. Tennessee Leaf Lard, in wooden packages for sale by

JOSEPH LANDIS & CO.,
32 Tchoupitoulas st.

OWEGO SEARCH.—250 boxes and 300 half boxes of this celebrated Cracker, for sale by

JOSEPH H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

PEPPER, CLOVES AND ALLSPICE.—For sale by

JOSEPH H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

BICARBONATE SODA.—100 half bbls. for sale by

JOSEPH H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA.—150 bags, for sale by

JOSEPH H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

NEW COD FISH.—150 quarter boxes, landing ex ship Henrietta Marcy, and for sale by

JOSEPH H. HARKS & CO.,
76 & 78 Magazine st.

LANDING ex ship E. G. Dodge, from Bordeaux, 60 casks claret, Cotes Fronsac, 50 do do, St Julien; for sale by

J. N. CURIEN, 32 Toulouse st.

RECEIVED per ship Jane E. Williams, from Marseilles—80 boxes Provençan Mustard; superior, 80 boxes Vermicelli Italian Pastes, in packages from 50 lb. Flagnol, bottles; 45 do do do, half do. For sale by

J. N. CURIEN,
32 Toulouse st.

RICE.—50 casks fresh prime Rice, just received and for sale by

H. HERMAN,
No. 21 Common st.

YELLOW SPLIT PEAS.—20 barrels in store, for sale by

DONNELLY, BEZINA & CO.,
66 Tchoupitoulas st.

GREEN SPLIT PEAS.—A few barrels and half barrels, in store and for sale by

DONNELLY, BEZINA & CO.,
66 Tchoupitoulas st.

GRUYERE CHEESE.—Landing ex ship Lemuel Dyer, from Havre, and for sale by

SOTHERNE THOMAS & CO.,
No. 8 Gravier st.

GUANO.—100 tons of Mexican Guano—cargo of schooner Howard, arrive shortly. For sale by

ALFRED KEARNY, 72 Magazine st.

MEXICAN LEAF TOBACCO.—Landing ex ship Henrietta W. Harkness, from Tampico, 27 bales Mexican Leaf Tobacco. For sale, in bond, by

CABALLERO & RABALLO,
No. 56 Old Levee, between Customhouse and Barracks streets.

aug 6

NO. 1 HUTMEGS.—5 cases, for sale by

JOS. H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

CHAMPAGNE CIDER.—Quarts and pints; cheaper. For sale by

JOS. H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

GOSHEN BUTTER.—25 firkins Goshen, for sale by

JOS. H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

WHISKY.—200 bbls and half bbls old Monongahela, in iron bound packages for sale by

JOSEPH LANDIS & CO.,
32 Tchoupitoulas st.

CANDLES.—500 boxes, Proctor & Gamble's Star; For sale by

JOS. H. HARKS & CO.,
76 and 78 Magazine st.

PURE SPIRITS.—50 bbls first proof, for sale by

JOSEPH LANDIS & CO.,
32 Tchoupitoulas st.

LARD OIL.—200 bbls choice Cochrane, for sale by

JOSEPH LANDIS & CO.,
32 Tchoupitoulas st.

BRANDY.—Bal quarter and eighth casks, 1st proof, imitation Cognac, for sale by

JOSEPH LANDIS & CO.,
32 Tchoupitoulas st.

BRANDY.—Bal quarter and eighth casks, 1st proof, imitation Cognac, for sale by

JOSEPH LANDIS & CO.,
32 Tchoupitoulas st.

BLOOM.—50 coils Bloom and Manila; 10 do Manila cables, for sale by

LANDIS & PASCAL,
57 and 59 Old Levee street.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE firm of LOUIS DUCOURNAU & CO., in the Commission business, was dissolved on the last instant, by mutual consent of Messrs. Louis Ducournau and J. Chapuis, and the previous withdrawal of Mr. Charles Lapeyre, Jr.

LOUIS DUCOURNAU, Jr.,
JOSEH CHAPUIS.

New Orleans, August 5, 1857. aug 5-1m

Dissolution.

THE firm of the undersigned, under the style of MARTIN, OWEN & CO., is this day dissolved. The name will be used by either partner in liquidation only.

J. MARTIN,
SAMUEL OWEN.

New Orleans, August 5th, 1857.

Partnership.

THE undersigned have this day formed a partnership, for the purpose of carrying a GENERAL COMMISSION AND FACTORAGE BUSINESS, under the name of

MARTIN, OWEN & CO., New Orleans.
OWEN, MARTIN & CO., New York.
Thos. J. Martin, Louisville, Ky.
Hiram Owen, New York.
Jno. D. Owen
Louisiana Place, New Orleans.

August 1st, 1857. aug 3-1m

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE firm of TALABOT & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

For gen. O. TALABOT,
CHS. TALABOT,
Jos. TALABOT.

For gen. J. DESBOUCHES,
LOUIS DESBOUCHES.

New Orleans, August 1st, 1857. aug 1 1m

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of O. TALABOT & Co., in the city of Barcelona, Louisiana.

For gen. O. TALABOT,
CHS. TALABOT,
Jos. TALABOT.

For gen. J. DESBOUCHES,
LOUIS DESBOUCHES.

New Orleans, August 1st, 1857. aug 1 1m

Notice.

MR. ALPHONSE GIRARD, having withdrawn from the firm of DONNELLY, BEZINA & CO., the business of the same will be carried on, from and after the first July, 1857, by both of the undersigned.

MR. HENRY BEZINA will continue the same stand of business, under the firm of BEZINA & CO., at the same place, No. 66 and 70 Tchoupitoulas street, under the name and style of DONNELLY, BEZINA & CO.

HENRY BEZINA,
A. GIRARD.

New Orleans, July 1st, 1857.

Copartnership.

THE firm heretofore known under the style of BEZINA & CO. is this day changed to DONNELLY, BEZINA & CO.

For Pro. HENRY BEZINA.

J. J. REES,
HENRY BEZINA.

New Orleans, 1st July, 1857. 1y2

Office of the Board of Commissioners of the Orleans Levee Board, Corner Carondelet and Bienville streets.