THE DAILY BEE.
PUBLISHED BY
G. P. WEISER & CO.
P. WEISER, S. HARBY,
PRINTER. N. DUFOUR.
Daily paper (one year in advance).....$12
Weekly paper, semi weekly.....8
In all cases subscribers must give one week's notice in writing before they can be allowed to discontinue. Any person receiving the paper through the post office, or otherwise, will be considered as a subscriber and obliged to pay, unless due notice is given to the office.

The New Orleans Bee.

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One Dollar for every TEN lines of ten words long or less, for the first insertion, and one dollar each for every subsequent insertion.
Advertisements continued by special order, but not marked for a specified time, will be charged One Dollar per square for each insertion.
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OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 23, 1858. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXI—WHOLE NO. 10,602.

THE DAILY BEE.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 23

THE NORTHERN Mail came through yesterday with the latest dates.

The Administration of the Criminal Law.

We have before us a copy of an act reported by the Judiciary Committee of both Houses of the Legislature, entitled "An act to provide for the better administration of the criminal law in the city of New Orleans." This highly important bill has been in accordance with the suggestions in the late annual report of the Attorney General. Its object is to relieve the Criminal Court of a multitude of petty cases which occupy a large portion of the valuable time of that Court, to the most provoking delay of more important offenses. This is proposed to be accomplished in the manner provided by creating a new Court for misdemeanors. The provisions of the act are as follows:

1. That at the next municipal election three Recorders be chosen by general ticket, who shall be known as First Recorder, Second and Third Recorder of New Orleans, to fill the present system, with the number of Recorders to be hereafter requiring them to be elected by the city, instead of by districts as at present.

2. That all cases punishable by imprisonment at hard labor, the punishment required to reduce the testimony to writing and have it subscribed by the witnesses, is an equitable and proper one for the Recorders to grant bail in all such cases. Whenever a person is committed by the papers must be sent to the Criminal Court within twenty-four hours after commitment.

3. That it shall be the duty of the Recorders of New Orleans a Court to be called the Recorders' Court, to hold sessions every day in the year, to have concurrent with the First District Court, jurisdiction of all misdemeanors, to have the same powers and privileges of the First District Court. The three Recorders to the first section shall act successively over this Court for three months. The *locale* of the Court to be determined by the Common Council. The clerk of the presiding Recorder to be the Clerk of the Recorders' Court, with the same powers and duties as the First District Court. The same fees. The Sheriff to attend the Court shall be the same as the Sheriffs of the First District Court when acting as such. The Recorders shall be paid as many jurors for the First District Court as may be demanded by the Recorder, subject to existing restrictions. This draw shall be at the June term of the Court, for the term of service of jurors shall be subject to the laws now in force in the First District.

4. That at the election by the people shall be elected the Second Recorder. He shall perform the duties attached to the same by the First District Attorney of the First District. He shall be the assistant of the Recorder. The fees and perquisites of the District Attorney, shall be the same fees and perquisites he now receives, and he shall receive a salary of $1,000 as District Attorney, as the Attorney General may require of misdemeanors to be tried in the First District Court.

5. That the duties of the Recorder of the Police Court, shall be confined to the disposing of petty offenses, leaving the First District Court to try all other criminal functions. The Police Court will not be a Court of Record, and the pressure of business will be less grievously oppressive and procrastinate the ends of justice. The details of the bill are too lengthy for criticism. It remains for the people to reduce the number of Recorders, to elect them as they are—as they now are, and to elect a fit person to preside as Recorder of Police. The change in Court is the summer of 1858. We excite opposition to the whole system, we can ascertain unanimously in favor of the Recorders' Court, but the contemplated modification, of a mode of election of the first two sections of the Criminal Court. They might be the slightest detriment to the system purely with the exception of the First District, which is as perfect as possible in its organization. It certainly will be better there are three Recorders in the city, and whether the Recorders shall be elected by the people or appointed by the Governor is a matter of economy and patronage, which is much consideration. The change is repugnant to our feelings, we deem it advisable to be insisted upon, but we think it should be tried without it.

Our Lectures.—These eminent men have given their gratuitous concert for the Public Schools to-night at the Gaiety Theatre. The admissions are confined to the First and Fourth Districts, we no doubt enjoy quite as heartily as their brethren of the other districts of last week.

Social Celebration.—The annual exercises of the First District, will take place at the Lyceum this evening, with more than usual interest, the addresses of the gentlemen and compositions of the school are excellent, while, of course, under the direction of Professor Morton, they are necessarily inspiriting, with several select airs, to be sung by the pupils at the exercises.

Dinner.—We dined with the speechless Bankers and Breeders; Master Alexander Marks, and the compositions of Professor Taylor and Morton. Miss Morton on the "Good Old Times," and the "Ladies Bewitching Sparkling and Marks, we have seen more delighted, and happily being such as we delight in the land, and we then bringing down the house from the capacious and the capacious rooms, each in his way, most delightful, and made new friends in about as many minutes, we remember to have seen in a session.

Speeches and sentiment valedictory, we have only to say, we have not seen anything, but we shall be sorry if the pleasure of its recollection, and the composition of Miss Morton, should afford the space of time in the course of the Italian song, "Keep Step to Time," by M. F. Burney, of which admirably sung by all the young ladies were delivered to the Misses from the Girls' High School, Messrs. Walton, Pentecost, Morgan, Lex Martin, Fatton, Florance, Kornfoffer, Bailey, Meeker, Massie, Redmond, Norman, Canter and Clarke, the following graduates from the First and Fourth Districts, Messrs. Alex. Marks, W. F. C. Benedict, R. R. Breeden, Geo. H. Trouin, James S. Clarke, Jas. May, each one remember of the nurse of nature's gifts they have as yet but sown in the field of wit and advancement.

Professor Fowler's second lecture on Phrenology will be given this evening at Armory Hall, and will be devoted to a description of the localism, analysis and description of the phrenological organs, illustrated with skulls, busts, drawings and diagrams, and distinguished persons. Professor Fowler is a gentleman of immense phrenological research, of splendid intelligence, and one of the finest lecturers in the country.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

ADDITIONAL BY THE AFRICA.

FRANCE.

French Consuls will not hereafter grant passports to British subjects.

Jerome Bonaparte is invested with the right to a seat in the Councils of State, and to preside in the absence of the Emperor.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Two duels are pending here. The one most likely to result in a meeting is between Hon. James B. Clay and Gen. Cullom.

Another, in which Gen. Harney and Col. Sumner are the parties, will probably be settled by the interference of the War Department.

Another between ex-Lieutenant Rhind and Commander Boutwell is as yet undeveloped.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Senator Davis is seriously ill.

Mr. Seward and others are expected to discuss the Kansas question Wednesday or Thursday.

Ex Lieut. Rhind has been arrested under the anti-dueling law, for posting Commander Boutwell as a liar and coward.

A fisticuff altercation took place yesterday in the barber shop of Willard's Hotel, between Lieut. Bell, of the Cavalry, and Williams, of the Dragoons, which may result in a duel, as a challenge has passed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Rumors were current yesterday of a meeting between Clay and Cullom, resulting in a fatal wound to the latter. The rumor is discredited.

There are no certain developments yet in regard to the hostile meetings anticipated between Harney and Sumner and between Rhind and Boutwell.

CHOLERA ON SHIPBOARD.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—The ship *Howard* has arrived from Hamburg, reporting 37 deaths of cholera on board, or some disease resembling it.

SPAIN AND MEXICO.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—The Havana correspondence says that the Spanish-Mexican difficulties are adjusted, and that the fleet is ordered to return to Spain.

DEATH OF JUDGE KANE.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 22.—Judge Kane died last night.

TWENTY-SECOND IN RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, VA., Feb. 22.—Washington's Statue was inaugurated to-day. Governor Wise welcomed the visitors, J. R. Thompson delivered the ode, and Senator Hunter the oration. The weather was unfavorable.

SHIP BURNT—STORM.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21.—The ship *Diamond State*, lying in the river opposite, was entirely burnt last night. She is a total loss.

It is storming intensely.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Middling Cotton (uplands) 11 9-16. Flour firm. Wheat very dull. Corn—White 67 to 69c; Yellow 66 to 68. Prime Pork $13 25 to $13 44. Provisions steady. Whisky dull. Groceries quiet. Molasses 30 to 33c. Sugars—Kinds 7½ to 8¾c; Shoulders 6½ to 6¾c. Oils unchanged.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 22.—Flour $3 90 to $3 90. Whisky 17½c. Hogs 6 to 6½c. Bacon—6¾ to 8¾ for Shoulders and Sides.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Ex-Lieutenant Rhind and his friend Captain Corrie are held to bail in the sum of $2500, at the instance of Commodore Boutwell, for challenging and posting him (Boutwell.)

THE WEATHER AT 9 A. M. FEB. 22.

NEW YORK.—Cloudy; North wind 32; barometer 30.70.

BOSTON.—Clear; 25.

ST. JOHNS.—Foggy; threatening snow; 28.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.—West; cloudy; 20.

MEMPHIS.—Slight snow last night; clear North wind; 18.

TUSCUMBIA.—Cloudy; West wind and two inches of snow last night; mercury 20.

NASHVILLE.—Cloudy; 18; rained hard yesterday, then froze, and the ground is now covered with snow.

LOUISVILLE.—Five inches of snow fell yesterday—the heaviest fall for eleven years.

STEAMBOATS COMING.

VICKSBURG, Feb. 22.—The Powell passed down at 3, and the Peter at 10 P. M. Sunday; the Antelope at 3 this morning.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL.—Our friend J. De Bach, well and favorably known for his management of the Arcade, has opened a first-class hotel at the corner of St. Charles and Canal streets. Polite, attentive, liberal and experienced, Mr. De Bach presents powerful claims to the patronage of the public. He deserves, and, we doubt not, will obtain success.

SLAVES FOR SALE.—Mr. THOMAS FOSTER, No. 107 Common street, has received a lot of choice negroes, purchased expressly for this market, and which he offers for sale on reasonable terms.

General William T. Haskell, of Tennessee, has again become deranged, and is now confined in the Lunatic Asylum at Hopkinsville, Ky.

CENTRAL AMERICAN TREATIES.—The steamer *Star of the West*, at New York, brings news of the ratification of the treaty between Nicaragua and the United States negotiated by Mr. Yrisarri at Washington. It is reported that a treaty lately made between Nicaragua and Costa Rica had been rejected by the former, thus renewing an unfriendly feeling between the two governments.

THE MISSISSIPPI.—The Illinois Central Railroad propose to run a line of first-class steamers between Cairo and New Orleans, commencing on the 1st of March, and leaving each terminus on alternate days. They will ticket passengers through from New Orleans to Chicago for $31, state-rooms and meals on shipboard included, and from New Orleans to St. Paul (1900 miles) for $43.

Georgia Lottery.

"Fortune! do thou but all me now,
And I will never swindle these again."

A FAIR LOTTERY.—Opposed, as many persons are, to lotteries, on principle, there must, they will admit, be exceptions to every rule. And we are more inclined to think they will make one in favor of a prospectus recently received from Samuel Swan & Co., Augusta, Georgia. A lottery, if only used as a cloak for gambling, deserves to be condemned; but where, as is now the case, it is made the means of establishing a great institution of learning, our objections are materially abated.

Let it be borne in mind that to the money raised by them we are indebted for many of our noblest churches and public edifices. Even at the present day, in the "Fancy Fairs" held for charitable purposes, we see that the "Wheel of Fortune" is in use, with chances varying from one to two dimes each turn. Now, so far as the PRINCIPLE is concerned, the association embarked makes not the slightest difference; whether it be one cent or a thousand dollars, the theory is just the same. It strikes us, too, that it would be much better, for such as have $2 50, $5 or $10 to spare, to invest them in a speculation (like this of Swan & Co.) which would CERTAINLY promote learning, and not make the speculators wealthy for life, rather than squander their money in intemperance and licentiousness, which would surely injure health and character, and could lead to nothing save sickness and degradation. Swan & Co.'s prospectus, as will be seen, offers a pleasant excitement, and at a cost which cannot injure those who fail. There are 5460 prizes, from $70,000 down to the lowest of $125; thus offering a capital chance for investment.

Telegraphic Items.

FROM KANSAS.—St. Louis, Feb. 16.—Kansas advices received here state that a party of General Lane's men had visited Westport in search of Danforth, a member of the Lecompton Constitutional Convention.

Mr. Stoter was recovering from the effects of his recent wounds.

The grocery store of Pat Laughlin, who killed Collins at Doniphan a year ago, was demolished, and the contents burned in the street.

A skirmish had occurred at Fort Scott, but Governor Denver refused to send troops to interfere.

FIRE AT BROOKLYN.—New York, Feb. 16.—Four large buildings on Fulton street, Brooklyn, near the ferry, occupied by a carriage repository, alcohol distillery, boarding-houses, &c., were burnt this morning. Loss probably over $50,000.

HEALTH OF BISHOP POTTER.—Greenbush, Feb. 15.—Bishop Potter is very much better, and is still improving. He is sitting up this morning, and has walked about his room.

HEAVY DEFALCATION AT ST. LOUIS.—St. Louis, Feb. 15.—Recent developments show that George Swiser, the late Collector of St. Louis county, is a defaulter to the amount of $150,000.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 17.—The steamboat *Magnolia*, bound to Fayetteville, exploded at Whitehall, killing fifteen or twenty persons. Some of the bodies have been recovered, but many are missing.

The Ouachita *Register* says:

A runaway negro, belonging to the succession of Ann T. Bradley, was shot one day last week by a free negro living in this vicinity known as Gilbert Hill. The runaway called on the free negro and asked for a breakfast and the privilege of warming. This was not denied him, but by the time breakfast was through with, Gilbert picked up his gun and ordered runaway to proceed with him to town. This he seemingly consented to, but on reaching the road he attempted to escape, when Gilbert shot him—two shots entering his calf and two his heel. Runaway made tracks for home. It is not thought he is seriously wounded.

ACQUITTAL OF GEORGIAN BOY.—Most of our readers will remember that ex-Governor William Bebb, of Ohio, who now resides near Rockford, Ill., was tried and fully acquitted for shooting at and mortally wounding one of a party of reckless young men who were infesting his residence and annoying his family with a shower of rotten eggs, on the occasion of the marriage of one of Gov. B.'s daughters. He was tried for murder last week at Rockford, and triumphantly acquitted. Mr. Corwin and Judge Wm. Johnson, of Ohio, conducted the defense. The verdict is said to be a heavy one against the parties, who were in the habit of thus making a public nuisance of themselves.

Mr. Bebb's shot is deeply deplored, it is hoped that the verdict will be made to put down these disgraceful exhibitions of profanity and ill breeding known as charivaris.

OUR HAVANA CORRESPONDENCE.

HAVANA, February 16, 1858.

Our correspondence having been interrupted for a considerable time, on account of having nothing of interest to refer to, we now resume, as some clouds seem to be rising on our political horizon.

The Mexican government having refused the offer of England and France to settle the pending difficulties with Spain, the latter has sent a considerable fleet, with troops and provisions, to Cuba, and every body here is thinking of an unavoidable war between the two countries. However, Spain would hardly take this step without endeavoring to arrange matters peaceably. Nothing officially is known, but well informed people say that Santa Anna, whom our newspapers here already call the man of destiny, and whose whole family arrived here two months ago, has made the Spanish government the offer, if it would sustain him in his right to the presidency of Mexico, that he would pay the amount which Mexico owes to Spain, or at least the greater part of it, in a short time, by selling another piece of Mexican territory to the United States. Several of his former followers are at present here, and are working for him, and it was rumored a few days ago that he had arrived himself (incognito, and this proving false, it is now said that he may be daily expected. We think these rumors are not entirely untrue, as preparations are going on here very fast. The Captain-General ordered the whole army to turn out two weeks ago, and to encamp on the sea-shore near the village of Chorrera, where Lopez formerly landed. On the same night our whole fleet left the harbor, and shamfights were held at sea and on shore, the Captain-General commanding in person. Every body here is convinced that in two months Santa Anna will be again at the head of the Mexican republic.

The small-pox and yellow fever are raging here dreadfully. The fever cases are all fatal. Among those who died sick yesterday is the Marquis de Malespina, the husband of our divine prima donna, M'me Marietta Gazzaniga; nevertheless, our city is crowded with foreign visitors, and the weather is as beautiful and mild as it has ever been at the same period of the year. Amongst those who have recently died is the Count of Villanueva, the only Grande de Espana here in our island, a young man of about 35 years of age, whose funeral was one of the most splendid Havana ever witnessed.

As to business, our market has recovered its former buoyancy, and we have experienced here but few and inconsiderable failures. In all other cases, in which houses of importance were involved, whose failures might have been disastrous to others, the creditors always have gone into them from 1 to 2, 3 and even 6 years. The only losses we suffered here did not originate in our island, but consisted of protested drafts, rediscounted frequently from the United States and from England.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.

Senate.—Mr. Seward presented the memorial of the New York emigration commissioners, complaining of the abuses experienced by female passengers from the officers of ships, and gave notice of the introduction of a bill relating to the subject.

Mr. Wilson presented a resolution calling for the President's instructions to Mr. Meade, Minister to Brazil, previous to his departure.

Mr. Houston presented the resolutions of the Texan Legislature, praying for an investigation of the charges against Judge Watrous during the present session of Congress.

On motion of Mr. Hamlin, the Indiana contested senatorial election was taken up.

Mr. Hamlin urged the importance of immediate action.

Mr. Gwin made a motion, which was adopted, instructing the Finance Committee to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill for increasing the facilities for refining gold for coinage at the San Francisco mint.

House.—Mr. Warren asked, but the House refused, to suspend the rules to enable him to introduce a resolution confining the debates in Committee of the Whole strictly to the subject pending, and to the hours of the evenings in the week for general discussion.

The resolution of the Committee on Ways and Means appropriating $25,000 to meet the expenses of the several investigation committees was passed.

Mr. Campbell asked leave to introduce a bill requesting the President to negotiate for the purchase of the British North American Provinces and Cuba, the people of said provinces to regulate their institutions their own way.

Mr. Clingman suggested adding "and the rest of mankind."

The House refused to suspend the rules—ayes 10.

A further answer was then received from Mr. J. W. Walcott, a witness in the case of alleged corruption of members of Congress. He submitted a written statement, in which, after disclaiming any intention to contend the authority of the House, he says he denies the right of the Committee of Investigation to require answers to questions not within the scope of its duties, namely: the investigation of charges against members of the last House in connection with the Tariff bill. He said he had been legally advised not to answer questions criminating himself unless opportunity granted him to be heard. He defended his position at great length.

Mr. Burroughs interrupted the reading and said he had heard enough.

Mr. Clemens asked whether the opinion which had been read was signed by Beverdy Johnson.

Mr. Stanton offered a resolution declaring that Mr. Walcott had failed to answer satisfactorily, and orders him to be committed to jail by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and to be kept in close custody until he is willing to answer all legal and proper questions.

Mr. Stanton said that the power to inquire necessarily implied the power to compel witnesses to produce all essential evidence. The House had the *common law* right to punish witnesses for contempt. It was proved that $58,000 came into the hands of Mr. Walcott—perhaps innocently. But subsequently it might have been applied for corrupt purposes, and the committee has the right of knowing what became of the money.

A Medical Man Visits the Woman who has not Tasted Food in Twenty Months.

A correspondent of the Utica *Herald*, who signs himself "Medicus," gives the following account of a recent visit to the woman in Chester, Warren county, N. Y., who has not tasted food for twenty months:

History Previous.—Her name is Betsy Hayes; native of this State, aged 27, is married and a nervo-sanguine temperament. Family hereditary disease known of in her ancestry. Her husband states that she always enjoyed good health until three years ago, when she was seized with a fit, which, from his description, I should say had been of the convulsive form of hysteria. These convulsions continued to increase in severity with the diseases incident to this condition supervening, until June 4th, 1856, when she fell into a state of complete unconsciousness, from which she has never been aroused. Since this time she has partaken of nothing except a little lemonade in February, 1857, and since then nothing, not excepting water. This her husband has given his affidavit to, and gentlemen, whose veracity cannot be questioned, have watched her for weeks, and testify to the same fact.

Present Condition.—Patient, when not in convulsions, lies in a state of complete opisthotonos, with the head so much drawn back that the forehead, instead of the occiput, occupies the pillow; the left arm is flexed at the elbow and wrist, with the back of the hand resting on the stomach; it is not now removed from this position since June, 1856; there is a constant and severe convulsive movement in one of the other extremities; mouth open, with a constant lateral movement of lower jaws; color, heat and moisture of surface is natural; the whole muscular system of the extremities is in a state of tonic spasm; little or no excoriation—tongue, mouth and fauces appear natural.

All the senses except smelling seem to be obliterated, while this is morbidly acute, so much so that the smell of food of all kinds, perfumery, and in fact any thing having an odor, will induce the most violent convulsions, and excite severe efforts at emesis; the pupil of the eye presents the appearance usually found in amaurosis; the chest is well developed, and from its shape should judge the lungs to be fully inflated; on percussion of the chest, a reasonance clearer than in health is observed over all parts; by auscultation, no respiratory or expiratory murmur is heard upon the closest examination; the minute air cells seem to be filled with air, so completely as to allow none to enter; the average number of respirations are one ounce in eight minutes; and when she does respire, it is with a convulsive motion similar to one trying "to catch his breath."

From examination I should judge the air was confined to the larger bronchial tubes, and did not enter the air cells, hence cannot act on the blood; she is stated to have been sixty-two minutes without breathing. The heart occupies its normal position, and is of natural size; its action is feeble, but feebly; it intermittent, varying from 80 to 180 beats per minute; there is a loud blowing sound between the first and second sounds of the heart, so it is with difficulty the natural sounds are distinguished; the pulse can be seldom felt at the wrist; the abdomen is perfectly fluid, so that the vertebra of the spinal column are easily counted through its walls.

Such are some of the abnormal conditions of this truly wonderful woman.

Gammings and Premeditat.

The lively Havana correspondent gives an amusing account of the rival parties in that music-loving city, created by the respective claims of these illustrious *prima donnas*. He says:

Society here has been divided into two parties by the two *prima donnas*—Frezzolini and Gazzaniga—the one party being called the Gazzaniga and the other the Frezzolini. It is quite surprising, and somewhat amusing, to witness the warmth displayed by the "fair sexes," in their discussions upon the respective merits of their favorites, in doing which not only did they sacrifice their better judgments, but (I hope to be pardoned for saying it) also their good tastes. Thus my wife, at table, is so exquisitely beautiful (not Creole) judy, and (when she is not quarreling her opinion of Frezzolini, which I believe it was, as Zilmer is a Gazzaniga English lady, takes place) Gazzaniga, the result (during a look at her photograph) I will bet a gold ounce she had been no praise of her voice, yet I do not like her.

The benefit night of Gazzaniga was a time of gammings. Merely have I seen the Tacon Theatre so closely packed. The opera was "La Traviata," and the Gazzaniga were pretty nearly hoarse with delight. I am sorry to say, though, that some of the Frezzolini of her forget him or herself so in throw a corset, not, compound of *perfie*, upon the stage, brought one prettiest lady sitting in place R of the head of Gazzaniga, but her more sound

WORMS, THE BANE OF CHILDREN, have lost their terrors since the introduction of Wurm's Celebrated Vermifuge. It expels them at a crush. There is no mineral ingredient in the preparation. Nothing can be more mild and gentle than its effects, but it does its work radically, removing every vestige of the disease.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
51 and 151 Chartres street.
Sole Proprietors.

BEELET'S
Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu
Will be found a speedy and certain remedy. In Debility of Internal Organs, Neuralgia, Inflammation and Debilitating Diseases, Leucorrhea or Whites, Pain in Back and Loins, Irregularities and Obstructions, Chronic Gonorrhea and Gleet, Dropsy and Gravel, Burning in Urinary Passages, &c., it will be found to exert a powerful beneficial influence, and being about a secret cure, no matter how severe the case may be, or how stubborn it may resist treatment, providing the directions are complied with and its use persevered in. Retail price $1, and found at all drug stores.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
51 and 151 Chartres street.

General agents for the South, and to whom all orders should be addressed.

GREAT REDUCTION,
ON ACCOUNT OF REMOVAL.

BEING about removing in a few months hence, we wish, as much as possible, to reduce our stock. We are now receiving a complete assortment of articles suitable for the season, which we offer, as well as our stock on hand, at such prices as will answer quick sales.

We have also on hand a large stock of silks, which we must close before the 1st of April. We therefore offer them at 50 per cent below their value.

We invite our city and country purchasers to call and examine for themselves.

C. A. BARNIDGE & BROTHER,
20 Chartres street,
and after 1st October,
150 Canal street,
Touro Building.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL, CORNER OF Canal and Carondelet streets.

The undersigned, who for several years has had the management of the Arcade, informs his friends and acquaintances that he has opened at the above location a HOTEL, which is designed to be FIRST-CLASS in every respect. The rooms are large and well ventilated. The table will be supplied with every thing that the market affords. Having spared no pains to secure a competent cook, he confidently asks a share of the public patronage.

feb22 1t J. DUBAUN, Proprietor.

LANDING ex ship Sewell, Merrill, master, from La Hayre—150 baskets, 12 bottles each, Champagne, Comte de Suirac; 50 do, 36 half do do, for sale by
V. E. MAHUAN,
feb22 28 St Louis st

Great Southern Depot.
CORNER ROYAL AND ST. ANN STREETS.

Direct Importation from Paris
OF PATENT MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, &c.

RECEIVED per ship Clara Wheeler—
Sulphate Iodine 8grs each silver oz;
" Brisset's syrup;
" Fleur's
10,000 boxes Brandeth's pectoral pastes;
1000 bottles Delangenier's Arabian rheubarb;
1000 bottles Leroy's purgative and non-purgative
pills, 600 Dublé Fabrot's pills;
1000 Sachets Dr. Leville's cerebral and dyspepsia
wine; 500 Sachets Leville's pills;
500 boxes Mothes's capsules;
400 Sachets Bellon's cent powder;
100 boxes Bellon's capsules;
100 Sachets Raquin and Clerbo's capsules;
24 doz A Bampse's injection;
60 dozen Brown's injection;
Beyroux LaSommer Rob, Segond's wine;
Scotch paper and chalk for silver, &c.
N. B. All the drugs, &c., sold in the above establishment are of the purest quality, and the fact can be proved by the invoices, if required.
Wholesale and retail. Prices moderate.
LOUIS GASTEL, Agent,
feb22 Corner Royal and St. Ann streets.

DOLBEARS
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
106.....CANAL STREET.....106

EVENING, GERMAN, SPANISH, ENGLISH, ARITHMETIC, BOOK KEEPING, PENMANSHIP, GEOMETRY, ALGEBRA, TRIGONOMETRY, SURVEYING, NAVIGATION, PHONOGRAPHY, &c., are taught by able and efficient teachers. Terms $10 per month for each language, &c. New classes begin this week.
RUFUS DOLBEAR,
106 Canal street.

NEW MUSIC.

H. HERZ'S PIANOS.
GREAT MEDAL OF HONOR!
A. ELIE & CHASSAIGNAC,
79.....Chartres Street.....79

THE most extensive assortment of NEW MUSIC brought or imported at New Orleans.
GREAT REDUCTION!
On account of the reduced tariff.
The most extensive assortment of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, IMPLEMENTS, STRINGS, PAPER, &c. Ever imported in the United States feb22

NOTICE.

SHIP CLARA WHEELER, Captain Pelane, from Liverpool, will commence discharging at Peoples' Levee, under general order, on the 24th instant. All goods not permitted will be sent to the Custom-house stores. Consignees will send their permits to the ship.
J. HARPER & CO.,
17 and 79 Tchoupitoulas street.

Notice.

THROW and after the 1st March next, we shall cease to attend to the affairs of Madame De Pontalba.
RUG ROCHEREAU & CO.
Corner of Royal and St. Louis street.
New Orleans, February 23d, 1858. feb23 2t

CONAC.—100 packages, Rochelle, fourth proof, in bond and for sale by
BLANCHIN & GIRAUD,
feb22 44 Old Levee st

CIDER.—2 cypress staves, with ten hoops, containing 2050 gallons each, for sale by
BLANCHIN & GIRAUD,
feb22 44 Old Levee st

LATHES.—50 bundles Opelousas and Pecan lath, for sale by
BLANCHIN & GIRAUD,
feb22 44 Old Levee st

WOOD.—3 bales choice wool, for sale by
BLANCHIN & GIRAUD,
feb22 44 Old Levee st

VERMOUTH.—180 boxes, Noilly Prat, for sale by
BLANCHIN & GIRAUD,
feb22 44 Old Levee st

ASPHALTE.—350 boxes Seyssel Asphalte, Vernis Lithofuge, under general order, for sale by
BLANCHIN & GIRAUD,
feb22 44 Old Levee st

KIRSCHWASSER.—50 boxes, Noilly, Prat & Co, for sale by
BLANCHIN & GIRAUD,
feb22 44 Old Levee st

CLARET.—60 casks good ordinary St Julien; 150 do very old St Emilion; for sale by
BLANCHIN & GIRAUD,
feb22 44 Old Levee st

ASPHALTE.—100 boxes Abyssth, of the celebrated brand of Auguste Lemba, just received and for sale by
H. HEUGENS,
feb22 31 Common st

GOLD LEAF.—150 packs, just received and for sale by
ALFRED KEARNY,
feb22 73 Magazine st

NAVAL STORES.—5000 bbls Tar, Pitch, Resin and Spirits Turpentine, for sale by
ALFRED KEARNY, 73 Magazine st.
feb22

ZINC.—French and American zinc, white and Zy zinc very superior. For sale by
ALFRED KEARNY, 73 Magazine st
feb22

GLUE.—50 barrels Glue, landing and for sale by
ALFRED KEARNY,
feb22 73 Magazine st

VARNISH.—A large assortment of Copal, Demar, Black, &c., Varnish; for sale cheap by the pounds.
ALFRED KEARNY,
feb22 73 Magazine st

LIME.—1500 barrels Thomaston, Rockland, Alsen and Duca Lime; for sale by
ALFRED KEARNY, 73 Magazine st

FIRE BRICKS.—50,000 English, Tennessee and Western fire bricks; for sale by
ALFRED KEARNY, 73 Magazine st
feb22

WHITE LEAD, PAINTS.—A large and fine assortment of all kinds of paints; for sale by
ALFRED KEARNY,
feb22

WINDOW GLASS.—7000 boxes French and American window glass, all sizes and qualities, for sale by
ALFRED KEARNY,
feb22 73 Magazine st

CHALK AND WHITING.—In casks and barrels, for sale by
ALFRED KEARNY,
feb22 73 Magazine st

FELT.—50 bales sheathing hair felt; 300 bundles sheathing paper, and 100 bags sheathing nails.
ALFRED KEARNY,
feb22 73 Magazine st

PACKING YARN.—120 cotts, landing and for sale cheap from landing. For sale by
ALFRED KEARNY, 73 Magazine st
feb22

COPPERAS.—50 barrels, for sale by
ALFRED KEARNY, 73 Magazine st.
feb22

WHITE WINE.—80 bbls Stone Sauterne white wine; 276 boxes do do do do, 12 bottles each, for sale by
RUG ROCHEREAU & CO,
feb22 17 & 19 St Louis st

CAYENNE WINE.—50 boxes King & Co, quarts and pints, landing ex ship Tuscaloosa, from Havre, and for sale by
RUG. ROCHEREAU & CO,
feb22 17 and 19 St Louis st

CLARET.—96 casks claret, St. Emilion and St. Estephe; 32 do do, Bryan Margaux; 32 do do, R. Rodet; 264 boxes do do, St. Julien; 132 do do, Margaux, Lafite and Latour. For sale by
RUG ROCHEREAU & CO,
feb22 17 and 19 St Louis st

SARDINES IN OIL.—50 cases, ¼ and ⅛ boxes, "Louis Lorenzo," Hamm. For sale by
RUG. ROCHEREAU & CO,
feb22 17 and 19 St. Louis st

PORT WINE.—30 bbls Royal Oporto, pipe, 10 do do, 10 do do, 100 half bbls; for sale by
RUG ROCHEREAU & CO,
feb22 17 and 19 St. Louis st

VERMOUTH AND URSOUS.—35 boxes vermouth, Noilly Prat & Poliatto; 50 boxes Ursous; for sale by
RUG ROCHEREAU & CO,
feb22 17 and 19 St Louis st

CASTOR OIL.—10 barrels No 1, for sale by
E J HART & CO,
feb22 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

COAL.—1000 barrels pitch, 1000 barrels tar, for sale by
E J HART & CO,
feb22 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

MALT.—5000 bushels prime barley malt, for sale by
E J HART & CO,
feb22 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

ALCOHOL.—85 bbls, for sale by
E J HART & CO,
feb22 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

CURRANT JELLY, of superior quality, in packages of 5, 10, 15, 30 and 60 pounds, for sale by
LABORDE & ZIQUIN,
feb22 30 New Levee st.

CHAMPAGNE.—100 boxes assorted Lafoix, Cordon, Minerva and Sparkling, of Lafoix Frères, from Bordeaux, for sale by
LABORDE & ZIQUIN,
feb22 30 New Levee st.

CORDIALS AND WINES IN CASES.—
50 boxes Curaçoa, Cordon Bleu, Cordon Rouge, Cordon Violet, Cordon Jaune, Cordon Vert, Cordon Noir, Cordon Orange, Cordon Violet, Cordon Rose