THE DAILY BEE,
WEEKLY
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The New Orleans Bee.

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THE DAILY BEE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 15.

THE NORTHERN MAIL came through yesterday with the latest dates.

THE MUSS IN THE THIRD DISTRICT.

The fierce Democracy of the Third Congressional District are in what Capt. TRUCK would term a "category." The Democracy rarely permit themselves the luxury of an intestine feud, but when they do, it must be acknowledged that they go at it with a most riotous appetite. In Louisiana hitherto the party has been remarkable for its unquestioning obedience to the dictates of the leaders. The latter had only to promulgate their decrees, and the former usually hastened to put them into execution. So sudden and wide a departure from the wonted humility of the Democratic masses as the Third District now displays, is well calculated to arrest attention and provoke comment.

Mr. DAVIDSON's nomination appears to be the proximate cause of the revolt, but that event is probably only the climax of a series of discontents, nurtured by a portion of the Democracy, but carefully concealed from the vulgar ken so long as the party stood in need of an harmonious organization to enable it to attain or preserve power. How far the charges of tyrannical dictation and domineering, freely urged by one wing of the Democracy against the other, are to be credited; how much truth there may be in the constant iteration of Sidell and anti-Sidell factions, we cannot undertake to determine; but we have seen quite enough to conclude that one portion of the Democrats are restive and sore under the suspicion that their actions have been hitherto controlled by the despotic will of a handful of leaders, and that the stern resolve no longer to submit to this unwelcome influence lies at the bottom of the revolt now in progress in the Third District. DAVIDSON is looked upon as the creature of the oligarchy, and has, therefore, become the chief object of the resentment of those who are determined for the future to ignore and repudiate all efforts at tyrannous control.

Meanwhile the quarrel between the Democratic supporters and opponents of THOMAS GREEN DAVIDSON waxes bitter and irreconcilable. Both sides are committing themselves irretrievably. We see, for instance, that in St. Tammany, formerly DAVIDSON's old senatorial district, some ninety Democrats—about half the Democratic vote of the parish—have proclaimed their hostility towards him, and their willingness to hold another convention. In Pointe Coupée a meeting was held last Thursday, and strong resolutions against DAVIDSON were adopted; but according to the report published in the Bayou Sara *Ledger*, there were only twenty-five persons present, and the assemblage proved a failure. On the other hand, DAVIDSON has authorized sundry journals to announce that it is not his intention to decline; and has confirmed this declaration by starting upon a tour through the several parishes of the District, beginning with Carroll.

It is apparent that the Democrats who refuse to acknowledge DAVIDSON as the regularly nominated candidate, intend, if possible, to convoke a new convention and place another nominee in the field. This will be a very doubtful policy, but does not concern us; on the other hand, it is equally clear that the friends of DAVIDSON have not the slightest idea of seeing him overslaughed by another convention, and he himself will not withdraw unless counseled to this course by his immediate supporters. Now, in either event there is not much show for the success of the party in November. A third candidate divides the Democratic vote, and renders the election of WATTERSON certain. A reluctant, forced acquiescence in DAVIDSON's candidature will not appease the seditious feeling which prevails among the Democracy. The District, as far as we can judge, will be lost to the party, in spite of its large Democratic majority. Upon whom will the responsibility of this political calamity devolve? We have our views on the subject, but prefer that the rival houses of York and Lancaster should settle the question for themselves. In the interim, we can truly say with SIR LICINI O'TANGLER, "the quarrel is a pretty quarrel as it stands."

CITY AUCTIONEER.—The City Council elected, last evening, as will be seen in our report of the sitting of the two Boards, our esteemed friend N. VIGNIE auctioneer for the city of New Orleans. We congratulate Mr. VIGNIE on his nomination, and think that his selection was a well deserved compliment for the zeal, activity and thorough honesty by which he is eminently distinguished as a Bee-ness man.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—The Royal lottery was drawn on the 7th inst. The following numbers drew the principal prizes: No. 10,459, $100,000; No. 20,387, $50,000; No. 23,251, $[illegible]; No. 13,486, $10,000; No. 23,881, $5000; Nos. 5502, 12,199, 21,346, 23,727—each $2000; Nos. 2,216, 11,107, 12,115, 21,923, and 22,359—each $1000.

SARSAPARILLA LOZENGES.—DR. HERON's celebrated lozenges are completely in vogue, and the continually increasing demand would seem to this have exhausted the supply, but for the Doctor's resort to machinery for the manufacture of the article. These lozenges are not only more portable and agreeable, but far more efficacious than the syrups and other preparations of sarsaparilla.

MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.—Those in want of well made, fashionable clothing, at greatly reduced prices, would do well to apply to A. MICHOE & CO., No. 34 Magazine street, where may be likewise found the celebrated patent, or challenge shirt. See advertisement.

We learn by a dispatch received yesterday from the Southwest Pass that the ship *Delhi*, Capt. Knapp, bound for Boston, had returned in distress, leaking badly. The *Delhi* was cleared on the 6th instant, by H. T. Venard, with the following cargo: 4486 barrels flour, 133 bales hemp, 200 barrels beef, 9000 bushels salt, 3000 staves.

CONSUMPTIVE HEROES.—We are indebted to Mr. L. A. FOUCHER, Warehouse Clerk of the Custom-house, for the following report for the month of June:

Value of merchandise, 1st June, 1857	$511,920
Do. do. received in June, 1857	113,396
Value of merchandise withdrawn for consumption	$17,720
Value of merchandise for trans-portation	320,996
Value of merchandise for export at sea	41,404
	$379,819
Value of merchandise in warehouse July 1,	$579,414
Value of day	$705,314

The number of bodies from the wreck of the *Montreal*, in the St. Lawrence, is now 212. The wreck has been advertised for sale. Robbery of the dead is practiced to a dreadful degree by the inhuman fellows who assist in recovering the bodies. The Canadian authorities have not effected the arrest of any of the parties engaged in such proceedings.

The bark *Panchita*, which was seized last October in New York harbor, on suspicion of being intended for the slave trade, and was discharged from custody two months afterward by Judge Betts, the proof against her being regarded as insufficient, has been seized off the coast of Africa by an English brig of war, in charge of a portion of the crew whereof she came into New York on the 7th inst.

Hon. Emery D. Potter has been commissioned Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Utah, in place o. Judge Drummond, who has resigned.

The American Convention of Georgia has nominated Hon. B. H. HILL for Governor.

THE PASSS.—Under this title Mr. J. W. Forney gives notice that he is about to publish a Democratic daily newspaper in the city of Philadelphia. It will sustain the policy of the present national administration. He promises dignity, courtesy, and independence in the utterance of his sentiments.

Interesting News from Havana.

ST. LOUIS, July 4, 1857.

At the Democratic Congressional Convention at Lecompton, Kansas, a resolution to the effect that the Democracy will adopt the Constitution to be framed by the Constitutional Convention, whether that Constitution be submitted to the people or not, was lost by a vote of forty to one.

ST. LOUIS, July 7, 1857.

An unpublished letter in the *Republican* says the Democratic Convention, which met at Leavenworth on the 3d, was composed of a majority of pro slavery men; but that the whole Democratic party will support Walker's inaugural and the submission of the Constitution to the people. Resolutions were passed excluding all sectional distinctions, adopting the Cincinnati platform, and assuming that the name. "National Democracy of Kansas," embraced all Democrats, whether from the North or the South. Governor Walker was invited to address the Convention, which he did with great effect. Reelection is regarded as certain.

Later advices from Leavenworth state that General Harney discredits the reported battle between the Indians and the troops under Colonel Sumner's command.

By Telegraph.

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee

NEW YORK AFFAIRS.

ANOTHER RIOT—POLICE DRIVEN BACK.

MILITARY CALLED OUT.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Another serious riot occurred this afternoon. A body of Irish and Germans attacked the Metropolitan police, in the Seventeenth Ward, with missiles and firearms.

The police, and a squad which was sent to their relief, were driven back.

A requisition has been made for the military, as another riot is anticipated to-night.

Judge Roosevelt has dissolved the injunction against the Coroner, thereby restoring him to office.

The Street Commissioner's case then came up before Judge Peabody, who declined to proceed before hearing the arguments of the counsel.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Cotton firm: Orleans Middling 15c. Flour $7 25 @ $7 50. Wheat—Southern is depressed; White St. Louis 2c. lower; Milwaukie Club $1 35. Corn 87 to 90c. Mess Pork $21 00. Rio Coffee 12c. Molasses heavy. Beef heavy. Lard and Whisky firm. Bacon quiet. Other articles dull.

CINCINNATI, July 13.—Flour $6 to $6 50. Rye 90 to 95c. Wheat unsettled. Oats 50c. Whisky 26c. Bacon inactive. Shoulders 8¼ to 9c.

NEW YORK RIOTS.

NEW YORK, July 14.—The city was quiet throughout the night.

The Seventeenth Ward rioters are making extensive preparations for a renewal of the conflict with the Metropolitan police. The rioters have provided a field piece, and plenty of muskets and ammunition.

There are nearly 300 policemen stationed in the ward, and three regiments of State militia are ordered to prepare for duty.

COL. FREMONT ILL.

NEW YORK, July 14.—Col. Fremont is lying seriously ill in this city.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARAGO.

NEW YORK, July 14.—The *Arago* arrived at midnight. Among her passengers is Col McRae, U. S. Consul at Paris. The U. S. frigate *Susquehanna* was in Cowes roads.

ANOTHER SLAVER SEIZED.

NEW YORK, July 14.—The bark *Wm. Lewis* has been seized by the authorities on suspicion of being a slaver.

LUNATIC ASYLUM BURNED.

UTICA, N. Y., July 14.—The central portion and dome of the State Lunatic Asylum have been consumed by fire, and the East and West wings were partially burned. Dr. Frizze was slightly injured by the falling timber. Loss $200,000.

THE PRESIDENT'S MOVEMENTS.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The President returned to the Soldiers' Quarters, near the Soldiers' Home, to-morrow.

WESTERN NEWS.

LOUISVILLE, July 14.—Capt. Horton, from Fort Kearney, says that Summer's command is 80 miles from Fort Larnage, and all well. The report of the destruction of a part of the command is untrue.

FURTHER LOUISIANA POLITICS.

CLINTON, La., July 14.—The friends of T. G. Davidson, from 50 to 75 in number, met to-day and ratified his nomination.

There is great enthusiasm among the friends of the new Convention meeting, which meets to-morrow.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 14.—Cotton is buoyant at an advance. Orleans Middling 15½. Flour firm. Wheat $1 90 to $2. Corn quiet. Provisions steady. Coffee—Laguayra 12½—Sugar slightly declined—Havana 10½. Molasses 26. Rice 4½ @ 5. Whisky 26. Freights heavy.

CINCINNATI, July 14.—Flour $6. Whisky 25½ to 26c. Bacon—10c for Shoulders, and for Sides. Corn 70c. Oats 48 to 49c. New White Wheat $1 20.

ST. LOUIS, July 14.—Flour $6 37½. Wheat White $1 35 to $1 40. Corn 72 to 75. Hemp $1 25 to $1 35. Tobacco $5 30 to $15.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

VICKSBURG, July 14.—The R. W. Adams passed down at 3 this evening.

✔ CALIFORNIA.

THE PHILADELPHIA'S MAILS.

The mails by the steamship *Philadelphia* were brought to the city yesterday by the steamer *Jenny Lind*. The following is a list of the passengers by the *Philadelphia*—

From New York, July 4th, &c.—Miss Cornelia Mee, Col. Thompson, R. Lane, James Wiley, J. Elliott, Lieut. Vinton, J. Marshall, Mrs. Mem. Mad. J. T. Bowers, Miss Margaret Forgarty, J. Beaucour, Colonel D. Priess, J. B. Hammels, and others in steerage.

From Chilicothe and Aspinwall—Colonel Jas. J. Franks, Rev. W. Mad. Clode, J. J. James, J. P. Witherupp, M. H. ap, P. H. Mallory, C. H. Herkman, W. Hull, G. W. Bryson, G. Haight, and many others in steerage.

We are indebted to Mr. BULLAY, the purser, for files of California, Panama and Havana papers.

Our dates from California are to the 20th ult. The *Globe* of San Francisco furnishes the annexed:

Summary of the Fortnight's News.

Our Atlantic friends will find in the semi-monthly report of intelligence which will reach them from this State no great moving accident by flood or field, but the common occurrences of every-day life.

MINING NEWS.

The information from the mining region goes to show the continuance of a fair yield of the mines. Though water is falling in some localities, still the results denote that the business of extracting the precious metal from the soil has but just commenced.

Great and increased attention is being paid to quartz operations in different parts of the extent of the State, and for particulars concerning the doings of the great Quartz Convention, which, we understand, is now in Sacramento on Thursday last, we would refer our Atlantic brethren to another portion of this paper.

AGRICULTURAL PROSPECTS.

Although the scarcity of water in the early part of the season was looked upon as unfavorable to the crop, still we think that the increased area of cultivation, that our annual products in every department of agricultural interest will be largely enhanced. To show that California is making some addition to the industrial interests of the United States and the world, we would merely refer to the annual report of the last year, as indicated in the California *State Register*.

	Acres.	Bushels.
Wheat	176,869	3,937,952
Barley	154,074	4,639,676
Oats	37,592	1,203,350
Totals	369,115	9,882,969

Besides these staple crops, we find that there are in the State, actually 120,500 apple trees; 619,993 peach trees; 59,111 pear trees; 15,264 cherry trees; 163,861 other fruit trees; and 1,324,224 grape vines. In addition, we exported for that year over two millions of products, and this is over and above the amount of $7 millions of gold which have been sent out from our State.

THE STATE TREASURY FUNDS.

Col. Rowe, the individual who handled the large amount of State funds, is still in jail at Sacramento, and has recently expressed a desire to the Court to answer in reference to the missing money, but was informed that he could do so at the next regular session of the Court.

THE ENSUING POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.

The political elements are beginning to be agitated in view of the coming election. No convention of either political party has, as yet, been held—the Democratic Convention has been fixed for the 14th day of July; and the Republicans will meet on the 8th of the same month. The declaration of preference has, thus far, been made by the Republicans in behalf of any individual for the office of Governor; but a large and able portion of the Democratic press have placed in nomination Col. John B. Weller for the same high station, and it has been responded to with a high degree of sympathy. One or two Democratic journals only have signified any other preference, and their influence is scarcely felt upon the breast of public sentiment. Some small indications of a factional and disorganizing spirit, from quarters suspected of being to the principles of the national administration, are not disappearing in view of the general expression on the part of a sound and incorruptible Democracy. Scarcely a doubt is felt but that Col. Weller will receive the unanimous endorsement of the next Democratic Convention, and be elected to the Gubernatorial chair.

LETTER FROM MR. BRODERICK.

This gentleman has written a letter, the first one that ever appeared in print over his signature, on the subject of certain charges that were made of his being hostile to the administration. The letter is apparently intended as a denunciation, but if so Mr. Broderick is not very happy or clear in his explanations. His complaints of having been defeated at Washington in the matter of his applications for office in behalf of his friends, by a union of certain members of our past and present delegations in Congress. He also denies that his friends have ever sought office or been office holders. The document is considered as entirely uncalled for, and in derogation of the high position of a United States Senator.

OUR CITY AND COUNTY TREASURY.

Some light seems to have been created in this community by the suspension of our late City and County Treasurer, R. E. Woods, Esq., by the Finance Committee, on the charge of an alleged defalcation of $5000. Mr. Woods explains the matter by attributing the deficit to some discrepancy of accounts in quarters independent of the proceedings in his office. An investigation of the affair is progressing, and the state of the matter will soon be disclosed.

NEWS FROM SALT LAKE.

The late intelligence from this Territory still discloses a most outrageous state of affairs as existing there, and one which calls for the interposition of the United States government.

OREGON, CHINA, &c.

In Oregon, the election for delegate to Congress has resulted in the choice of Gen. Lane, Democrat, by a respectable majority. Advices from the Washington Territory indicate further trouble with the Indians.

Our dates from the Sandwich Islands are to the 21st. The missionary vessel *Morning Star* had arrived, and the event was celebrated with great rejoicings.

By the way of Manilla, we have one week's later news from China. There was nothing new relating to the war.

The following is from the *Alta California*:

The U. S. Surveying party to locate the boundary line between Washington Territory and the English possessions have left this port for Puget Sound, on the government steamer *Active*, where they unite with the British party, whence they together proceed on their mission.

In the Southern part of the State, the drouth has seriously injured the crops, and in fact every species of vegetation. The cattle have suffered greatly, and many have died from hunger and thirst.

No further news of interest from Sonora. All doubts of the total annihilation of the Crabb expeditionists are at an end.

Communication between this State and Carson Valley is now of daily occurrence, and an active and rapidly increasing trade is springing up, which will prove beneficial to our territorial neighbors, many of whom are destitute of being annexed to California.

The list of murders, rencontres and accidents, for the fortnight, is appalling; far greater than for many months past.

The flourishing mining precinct of Drytown, Amador county, was almost totally destroyed by fire on the 15th. Loss, $75,000.

Our files of Panama papers are to the 4th inst. The *Star and Herald* has the following from Bogota:

We make the following extracts from our Bogota exchanges. *El Tiempo*, of 2d June, says:

The Secretary of Foreign Affairs being questioned by Sr. Murillo, in the Senate, immediately after the arrival of the mails from the United States, in reference to General Herran's communications, replied that there was no hope of settling the Isthmus difficulties without previously paying the four hundred thousand dollars indemnity demanded by the United States government; that is to say, that *Mr. Hoyse's ultimatum* is insisted upon. Nothing more is known upon the subject."

A law has been brought forward by General Mosquera "authorizing the Executive to settle the difficulties relating to the Isthmus of Panama, to secure public tranquility and order, and to give guaranties and security for the free transit of the Isthmus by the Panama Railroad in future."

Authority has been given to the President to increase the existing force on the Isthmus to one thousand men.

A law has passed the House of Representatives authorizing the State of Panama to levy certain contributions.

From Costa Rica.

We have received, via Greytown, Costa Rica papers to the 10th June.

There had been great rejoicings, balls, banquets, illuminations, religious feasts and other manifestations on account of the termination of the war. Several of the filibusters found their way to the public ball, where they partook freely of the good things, and fraternized with the people as if they had always been their best friends.

General Canas remained in Nicaragua as commander-in-chief of the Costa Rica forces, and was endeavoring to settle amicably the difficulties pending between the two countries.

The government has been receiving reinforcements of arms and ammunition, and expects soon to command ten thousand effective men, armed with Minie rifles.

The deserters from the ranks have found various employments; upwards of a hundred of them are working on farms, and others acting as porters and servants. They have published a document expressive of their gratitude for their kind reception by the Costa Ricans.

The Chili brig of war *Ancud*, with the Minister to Costa Rica on board, had reached Punta Arenas.

The maritime and commercial report of Punta Arenas has been very favorable during the month of May.

From the South Pacific.

By way of Panama, later intelligence has been received from Chili and Peru.

From Chili we find, as usual, little new beyond the excitement consequent on the approaching political revolution, which it was expected sentence of death would soon be passed.

Congress was to have met on the day of the sailing of the steamer, the 1st of June.

Government was about raising a loan of two millions of dollars to complete the Valparaiso and Santiago Railroad.

The little Yankee steamboat, built at Valparaiso, had reached the Maule river in safety, and prospered well.

From RIVA PLATA we learn that the yellow fever was decreasing at Montevideo, and was almost deserted; the disease was breaking out in Buenos Ayres.

From ISLAY, June 6, our correspondent writes that Vivanco and Echenique, at Arequipa, but the town was surrounded by the troops of Gen. San Ramon and Trevjre, about three thousand in number. Vivanco's troops are very enthusiastic, but the others will doubtless defect them in ten or twelve days, when they will side by over. Nothing of interest from the interior beyond this. Two vessels in port loading wool.

A large number of Walker's men return thanks, in a card published in the Aspinwall paper, to Dr. Sutherland, for his attention and kindness rendered to them in their distress and destitution.

HAVANA.—We have files of Havana papers to the 8th inst. Joint stock companies are still the rage. Among them we notice one for promoting the culture of cotton. It has a capital of eight millions of dollars.

Counterfeit doubloons of the year 1809, with the bust of Ferdinand VII, are in circulation in Havana.

EUROPE.

THE ARABIAN NEWS.

The steamship *Arabia*, from Liverpool June 20th, arrived at New York on the 7th instant.

In the British House of Commons the Oaths bill had been passed by a large majority.

Queen Victoria, attended by a brilliant staff, had personally distributed the Victoria Cross, or Order of Valor, in Hyde Park. The attendance was immense.

The British elections have been all one way—the opposition securing only about half a dozen members.

Later news from India shows that the mutiny of the native troops had assumed a very formidable shape.

The Bank of France had reduced its rate of interest.

GREAT BRITAIN.—In the House of Commons, on Thursday, the Oaths (Jewish Disabilities) bill was taken up for a third reading. The Marquis of Blandford moved that the bill be read that day six months, but after some feeble opposition from a portion of the Roman Catholics and Colonel Dunne, it was ordered to a third reading, and passed by a vote of 201 to 154. The bill now goes to the House of Lords, and it is generally supposed that there has been sufficient modification in the views of some of the Peers to render it probable that the measure may pass that body. Mr. Lowe announced that the prospects had to abandon the "Passing Bills" on ship registry, which he had brought forward during the present session of Parliament, other Parliamentary proceedings were devoid of interest.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

The work of shipping the submarine telegraph cable on board the frigate *Niagara* was expected to commence on the 22th of June. The American Chamber of Commerce in Liverpool had invited Captain Hudson and the officers of the *Niagara* to a dinner. The invitation had been accepted, but pending the expected arrival of the United States steamer *Susquehanna*, at the Mersey, no day had been fixed upon for the banquet.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

At a Cabinet council, the title of "Prince Consort" had been conferred upon Prince Albert, thereby making him legally, as he already was, actually, a member of the British royal family, assuring him of a high and definite position abroad, but without giving him any authority at home.

The new cotton supply movement was attracting the attention of the London press. The *Times* calls on the government to pave the way for the Lancashire manufacturers to carry out their projects in India.

The annual commemoration of the Oxford universities took place on the 24th June, and amongst others who were introduced for degrees, was Mr. Dallas, the American Minister, whose reception by the graduates is said to have been enthusiastic. Mr. Dallas is the body doubted the friendly disposition of President Buchanan, and disliked what they construed into a disapproval of a pro-slavery administration."

The educational conference adjourned after a three days' session, having listened to a large number of essays, and adopted a long series of resolutions looking to the advancement of education.

The London *Star* says that there is at length a prospect of some public movement being attempted in favor of Parliamentary reform, a consultation between the leading reformers having held a meeting and taken the preliminary steps to bring the matter before the public.

Advices from Gibraltar to the 16th of June report the arrival there of the American bark *Nevada*, having on board a large gun, presented by the citizens of Charleston, for the fortress of Alessandria—being the first of one hundred guns to be raised by public subscription in different cities of America.

The distribution of the Victoria Cross, or Order of Valor, to those who distinguished themselves in the late war, took place in Hyde Park, on the 26th of June. The Queen handed the crosses to each individual entitled to receive it, adding a few words of compliment.

The military display was small, being confined to about 700 men, comprising the crack regiments of the Crimea. In the temporary stands which had been taken up, there were some ten thousand spectators, while the ground was covered by a dense mass of people, who displayed a considerable amount of enthusiasm.

The police of Dublin had arrested a painter, named Spollen, and his son, for the murder of Mr. Little, the railroad cashier, which created so much sensation a few months since. The evidence is strong against the prisoners.

The accounts of the grain and potato crops in Ireland are highly encouraging.

FRANCE.—*Progress and Result of the Election.*—The election excitement had nearly died out. The returns from the provinces were coming in almost universally in favor of the government, the opposition having elected only 5 or 6 out of the 267 members returned. The ministerial journals generally express great satisfaction at the result, and declare that it surpasses all the hopes of the friends of the Empire. On the other hand, however, the Democratic party are equally loud in their expressions of satisfaction. The new electic 34, in cases where an absolute majority was not obtained by either candidate, were to take place on the 5th of July. General Cavaignac was in this predicament in Paris, while in the seven other provincial districts where he was put forward, he was defeated by very large majorities.

The Council of the Bank of France had reduced the rate of discount on commercial bills to 6½ per cent., but the interest on advances was maintained at 6 per cent.

The Emperor had gone to Plombieres.

The Paris correspondent of the *Times* gives a rumor that a plot of a most serious nature connected with the recent election movement had been discovered, and four Italians, on whom papers and firearms were found, had been arrested.

SPAIN.—*The Mexican (War) Question.*—The Madrid correspondent of the London *Times*, under date of the 18th June, says that "a long conference that took place on the 17th instant between Senors Pidal and Lafragua does not appear to have greatly improved the chances of a settlement of the dispute between Spain and Mexico. There is no reason to believe that this government is otherwise than pacific in its wishes, but it is pressed from without, and dares not, perhaps, be as conciliating and yielding as would be desirable, or as it could wish. The report that Gen. Concha had sent vessels to the coast of Mexico is fully confirmed. This might induce one to think that that officer, who, at the commencement of the dispute, did not show at all a hostile feeling towards Mexico, had changed his views and plan of action.

"Meanwhile with Spanish ships of Vera Cruz there is a risk of collision—a small squadron—and Spain cannot have a choice but to depart at once, should news come of the slightest act of hostility having taken place. Mexico, however, is divided as to whether the quarrel will be settled amicably or the reverse. The situation at this present moment is critical. The English and French Ambassadors are doing everything in their power to bring about a reconciliation. According to present appearances, not many days can elapse without the question assuming a more decided aspect for better or for worse."

The same writer intimates that the complaints concerning the slave trade in Cuba are stronger and more frequent than ever, and that Lord Howden had just sent in to the Spanish government another very strong note on the subject.

In a letter, dated June 20th, from the same source, the above views in regard to the Mexican question are reiterated, and it is added that Senor Lafragua positively intended to leave Madrid in the course of the following week, unless he was previously recognized as Minister Plenipotentiary.

RUSSIA.—*Strike at the Cotton Mills.*—A Berlin letter states that considerable agitation prevailed in the Elberfeld and Barmen districts, in consequence of a general strike for increased wages among the operatives employed in the cotton mills. No disorder had taken place. It was inferred that the strike was the result of a plot, and a superior struggle had ensued, but one of Hecker's friends had written to Berlin.

Wm Clark, accused of beating one of the female Officers because the lady offered some observations upon the impropriety of his having her daughter, was discharged on account of the failure of Mrs. O'B to appear on prosecuting witness.

RECORDER ADAMS' COURT.—Henry Keegan was yesterday held for examination on a charge of having struck Margaret Keegan in the face with a knife, inflicting a dangerous wound.

Corn Ann Brennel was arrested, charged with having been concerned in the murder of a German, committed some time ago.

Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

FRIEND—We would call attention to the public against a fraud daily practiced upon the unsuspecting in the article of Dr. J. Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters. Since these celebrated Bitters have become so popular, others have been put in operation to imitate it, and in some cases have purchased old bottles and refilled them. We would advise all persons to buy of none but respectable dealers; the genuine are all covered with a metallic cap, and the name cast. For sale by druggists and dealers generally, and by

J. WRIGHT & CO
Jy13 6t 18c. 21 and 131 Chartres st.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE EXTRACT BUCHU—Unrivalled in the world for all diseases of the urinary organs.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations, for Nervous and Debilitated Sufferers.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations, for Loss of Power, Loss of Memory.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations, for Pain in the Back, Headache, Pain in the Side.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations, for Dimness of Breathing, General Weakness.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations, for Weak Stomach, Want of Appetite, Trembling.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations, for Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Dimness of Vision.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations, for Languor, Lassitude, Pain in the Limbs, Dizziness.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations, for Pain, Fever, Tender Skin, Eruptions.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations remove Pimples, Pustules, Blotches and Eruptions.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations Sold at $1 per Bottle, Depots, 52 South TENTH street, Atwood's Building, Philadelphia. Cures guaranteed.

Sold by J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 131 Chartres street, New Orleans
And all Druggists and Dealers everywhere.
my30—3m&bw

Dr. Robacik's Scandinavian Remedies.

There is something new under the sun, for here we have a medicine composed of herbs, from the interior of Sweden, which, it is affirmed, will cure a majority of the diseases of mank ind. The assertion is startling, but if the facts are well attested? But what shall we say when hundreds of persons testify to the efficacy of their own joyful experience. We may wonder, but the facts are undeniable! Ask the Swedish ambassador if he has not used it in his family for years? Ask the Swedish Royal Pills are *nature's interpreter*; that the types of the human frame are not to be cured by the majority of their specifics; that the human frame is a complex piece of machinery, and that medicines remove every disease, to the trial, to whom it is adapted, and to no other. Nature, we may be doubted, but cures speak for themselves. If the dyspepsia is removed, the crippled victim of rheumatism walks, and the nervous sufferer is healed, and believe in the Swedish which accompish such beneficent ends. See advertisement.

FANCY GOODS.

WE have received per late arrivals from Havre a considerable assortment of fancy Articles, such as

Bracelets *of every description*, jewelry, fancy reticules, gentlemen's fancy belts and jewelry, purses, baskets, naves and ivory articles.

Clocks, biscuit, glass and crystal ware, Brass and iron fancy ware.

Ladies and girls' hose.

Men and boys' half hose.

Drawers of every description;

Undersleeves " " "

Shirts " " "

French Perfumery.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh assortment of French Perfumery, from the best houses in Paris.

LION & PINSARD,
65 and 68 Royal st, corner Bienville.

Parasols, Parasols.

60 Marquise parasols,
Just received by
Jy15 LION & PINSARD.
65 and 68 Royal st, corner Bienville.

Fans, Fans.

LION & PINSARD, 65 and 68 Royal street, corner Bienville, have just received new supply fans of every description. Jy15

Observing Jewelry.

RECEIVED—A considerable assortment of Jewelry, Bracelets, crosses, necklaces, chains, brooches, breastpins, earrings, studs, &c., which are offered on very moderate terms by

LION & PINSARD,
Jy15 65 and 68 Royal st, corner Bienville.

Hosiery, Hosiery.

RECEIVED by LION & PINSARD, 65 and 68 Royal street, corner Bienville a complete assortment of English & French Hosiery

Ladies and girls' hose,
Men and boys' half hose,
Drawers of every description;
Undersleeves " " "
Shirts " " "

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City Intelligence.

THE COUNCIL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—The Board of Aldermen met last night, Mr. S. Kittredge in the chair.

The following resolutions were offered:

To cancel certain tax bills previously made out for the year 1856. Carried.

To prevent the sale of cooked meats, &c., in the markets. Laid on the table.

That the Controller be requested to make out plans and specifications for the erection of a new jail, to cost, in all, not exceeding $[illegible], on property lately purchased by the city. Carried.

A resolution providing for the construction of hydrants in certain markets and testing the same. Referred to the Water Board for concurrence.

The Finance Committee submitted their report.

The committee recommended concurrence in an ordinance relative to the support of public schools for the year ending July 1st, 1858. The ordinance appropriates for the purpose the sum of $[illegible]. Mr. Depre moved to amend by striking out the sum of $[illegible]. The orig nal report of the Committee was then adopted.

A resolution was passed authorizing the absence of Recorder Fabre until the last of September.

A resolution was then passed for the laying on the lowest bidder, of the City Warehouse for the term of ten years after giving fifteen days' notice thereof in the official journals.

The Board then adjourned to meet the other Board in Joint session, for the purpose of electing a city auctioneer.

BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.—The Board of Assistant Aldermen met last evening. Mr. Magnon in the chair.

The Mayor sent in a message informing the Board that the *Crescent*, having accepted their election as corporation journal, entered upon its duties the 6th inst., with Geo. C. Lawrason as security. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

The weekly report of the Treasurer showed a balance on hand of $[illegible].

A resolution was unanimously adopted for selling the lease of the City Workhouse for ten years, after three days' notice in the official journal.

The Committee on Streets and Landings reported in favor of making sundry improvements in Washington Ward.

The Board of Aldermen was then announced, and the Board, in joint session, proceeded to elect a City Auctioneer, and Mr. Vignie was declared elected by a majority of four votes over Mr. L. Carman.

Mr. Geo. C. Lawrason was accepted as security for the *Crescent* as city printer.

The Fire Committee recommended to have repairs made in the engine-house of Rose Company, No 2. The Committee also complained of the neglect of those in charge of the alarm bells, and recommended that the bells be placed under the charge of the Chief of the Fire Department.

A resolution to appoint a committee for the purpose of conferring with the city of Baltimore in relation to a lot of ground belonging to the McDonogh estate, for erecting thereon a Recorder's office, was rejected.

A substitute offered and adopted, authorizing the Third District delegation to purchase a lot of ground for that purpose, subject to the approval of the Mayor.

INQUESTS.—An inquest was yesterday held on the body of a white man, whose name is unknown, which was found floating in the river, at the foot of Independence street. Verdict, "Found drowned." Deceased was apparently about twenty-five years of age, and the body had probably been in the river five or six days.

Another inquest was held on the body of William Gordon, a native of this State, found dead at the Charity Hospital. Verdict—"Died of lock-jaw, resulting from a fracture of the forearm, caused by the falling of concealed on board the steamboat Ohio, on the 20th ultimo."

RECORDER FABRE'S COURT.—G. C. Wolfe was yesterday held in $[illegible] to answer for examination on a charge of assaulting and beating J. F. Gurel.

James Bannon gave bail in $[illegible] to answer to the charge of insulting E. Sheridan, and threatening to take his life.

Peter Manuel, for assaulting Elizabeth Manuel, on the 13th instant, was held in $[illegible] to answer.

Louis Jean, charged with having stolen a watch from Mr. Lowe, announced that the complaint was withdrawn, the property having been restored.

Mr. Lowe announced that the prisoner had to obtain the "Passing Bills" on ship registry, which he had brought forward during the present session of Parliament, other Parliamentary proceedings were devoid of interest.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

The work of shipping the submarine telegraph cable on board the frigate *Niagara* was expected to commence on the 22th of June. The American Chamber of Commerce in Liverpool had invited Captain Hudson and the officers of the *Niagara* to a dinner. The invitation had been accepted, but pending the expected arrival of the United States steamer *Susquehanna*, at the Mersey, no day had been fixed upon for the banquet.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

At a Cabinet council, the title of "Prince Consort" had been conferred upon Prince Albert, thereby making him legally, as he already was, actually, a member of the British royal family, assuring him of a high and definite position abroad, but without giving him any authority at home.

The new c