THE DAILY BEE,
PUBLISHED BY
G. F. WEISSE & CO.
OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST.

The New Orleans Bee.

NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 12, 1856. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES: VOL. XX—WHOLE NO 10,170.

THE DAILY BEE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 12.

Subscriptions by the Week.

The carriers of the Bee are authorized to receive subscriptions by the week, at the rate of 25 cents.

THE NORTHERN MAIL came through yesterday with the latest dates.

"BLEEDING KANSAS."

We have probably seen the account of the Free-soiler who had disbursed [illegible] for the Pennsylvania election in [illegible] and who on being approached on a [illegible] Fremont man, [illegible] name down for a "White," said the Black Republicans were [illegible] for bleeding Kansas." [illegible] was the curt reply. "Let her [illegible]

[illegible] colognes to the determination [illegible] Pennsylvania Freesoiler, [illegible] action of most of our woolly [illegible] the Presidential election. As [illegible] we could not have [illegible] Editor from a most excellent [illegible] they appear disposed to let [illegible] The truth of the case is [illegible] and other journals of that [illegible] pursued the canvass [illegible] principle. Whether Kansas [illegible] not, they were resolved she [illegible] to bleed. Like the Ghost [illegible] novel, they saw nothing [illegible] green fields of Kansas were to [illegible] Crimson was the only [illegible] their vision. The difficul[illegible] in Kansas about three months [illegible] foreboding to them. Every [illegible] was to the dust during the civil [illegible] and that Territory was to [illegible] gratification. The [illegible] made the welkin ring with [illegible] HARRISON waxed [illegible] wanes of the North, just as soon [illegible] announced upon or receded [illegible] Territory.

[illegible] the medley crew, Kansas [illegible] GRARY and the United [illegible] drive the invaders from [illegible] imprisoned the ring [illegible] and restored tranquil [illegible] Territory. The Fremont [illegible] distressed at this unlooked [illegible] denouement. The cessation [illegible] progress set them at a [illegible] The moment Kansas stop[illegible] Missouri ceased gaining. The [illegible] associate presses strove des[illegible] of monstrous fictions to [illegible] that Kansas still bled. [illegible] South stories were fa[illegible] the readers of the Tribune, and [illegible] statements had grown into [illegible] The shrieks for freedom [illegible] and Brother, and BUCHANAN [illegible] a high figure in the Northern [illegible] before the country.

The *Tribune* complains most bitterly [illegible] its complaints are all in [illegible] the people so long [illegible] "cry of Wolf" was not [illegible] We perceive, too, [illegible] mission and its instincts, it [illegible] of BUCHANAN purely as [illegible] This is by no means [illegible] BUCHANAN was elected by a [illegible] majority among the conser[illegible] to put down Aboli[illegible] and preserve the Union from [illegible] consequences that would have [illegible] success. He was voted [illegible] as a party, and by an [illegible] of Whigs and Americans [illegible] him on the ground [illegible] chance, and that it was [illegible] and if national men [illegible] concentrate their suffrages [illegible] opposition to FREMONT [illegible] most strength among the [illegible] other elections resulted [illegible] Mr. BUCHANAN, the *Tribune* [illegible] the spectacle of seven [illegible] Southern States supporting [illegible] no doubt that thousands [illegible] voted for BUCHANAN who [illegible] the extension of slavery, [illegible] ground that, though the [illegible] Kansas as a slave State [illegible] them, it would not as [illegible] to the election of a [illegible] dominated by the North, [illegible] sympathy or support in the [illegible] a purely Northern [illegible] an incendiary horde [illegible] deaf and blind to the [illegible] folly and delusion. If [illegible] consider the matter some[illegible] would fail to detect [illegible] FREMONT's discomfiture. [illegible] pretended to the lesson [illegible] in the strength of [illegible] The North may not love [illegible] across the Union. [illegible] Kansas" has been [illegible] must be laid upon the [illegible] to revived under a [illegible] dresses and decora[illegible]

[illegible] people started a re[illegible] to vote for Buchanan. [illegible] this rumor we will [illegible] glory about Fillmore's [illegible] over 1000 over the [illegible] State went against the [illegible] majority. The mail [illegible] yesterday likewise contain[illegible] from Baltimore, Har[illegible] Howard, Washing[illegible] County, and Allegheny [illegible] gives Fillmore a ma[illegible] majority which has come for[illegible] majority). There are [illegible] to be heard from. Fill[illegible] at least 3000, and pro[illegible]

[illegible] The parish of St. Mar[illegible] in Lafayette, [illegible] in Vermillion 100 ma[illegible]

[illegible] Business Directory. [illegible] J. W. BUSKE, No. 45 [illegible] this useful little [illegible] gives a brief guide, mail [illegible] and carriage lists [illegible] companies, and a large [illegible] information.

[illegible] Mlle. Sontag, succ[illegible] No. 61 Chartres street, [illegible] a fine assortment of [illegible] the style of ladies' [illegible] material for dress[illegible] &c. &c. Her ac[illegible] as the richest [illegible] New Orleans.

[illegible] number of German pas[illegible] yesterday from Bremer[illegible]

[illegible]	370
[illegible]	276
[illegible]	170

[illegible] The vote of New York [illegible] was [illegible], divided [illegible] Fillmore 29,957. [illegible] Large as is this vote, the [illegible] of several thousand persons [illegible] as the right of suffra[illegible] of the insufficient num[illegible] New York was very [illegible] but the disorders [illegible] recent compared to those

[illegible] was held on Sunday, [illegible] to give, the oldest [illegible] was at the new York. It re[illegible] his choice of Rev. Dr. [illegible] England a gentleman [illegible] preacher, who has been [illegible] America.

[illegible] statistical work lately pub[illegible] Paris, the quan[illegible] consumed in smoking in 1854 [illegible] 1852, and that of [illegible] 1853, whilst that of [illegible] presented a marked [illegible] that the number [illegible] the garrison, [illegible] and the total consumption [illegible] of cheroots, and four cigarettes for [illegible] using the cigars at [illegible] to the kilo. [illegible] 74 centigrammes [illegible] the consumption is [illegible] ounces a head.

[illegible] M. DIXON. This venerable [illegible] died at Baton Rouge on [illegible] affection of the heart. [illegible] two weeks. The [illegible]

[illegible] was in this State as a [illegible] of the strictest and [illegible] Sunday, but at home was [illegible] warm hearted acts of [illegible] charities and missiona[illegible] a fever epidemic. He was a [illegible] theist, an able [illegible] and a good man. He had [illegible] of the Methodist Church [illegible] and will be mourned by [illegible] a father his dust shall have mingled [illegible] earth. Peace to his venera[illegible]

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

Illinois.—Chicago, Nov. 10.—A dispatch from a reliable source, asserts positively that Buchanan has carried the State.

Chicago, Nov. 11.—The Springfield (Ill.) *Register* says Buchanan's majority in Illinois is 6100.

Bissell (Republican) for Governor, is elected by 7,100 majority.

WISCONSIN.

Chicago, Nov. 11th.—The Milwaukie *Sentinel* makes Fremont's majority in Wisconsin 16,000. The Republicans have 5 majority in the State Senate, and 30 in the House.

ARRIVAL OF AN AUSTRIAN MAN-OF-WAR.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—It is expected that the allied fleet will sail for Naples in about three weeks, if affairs remain unsettled.

There are suspicions of a secret understanding between Austria and England in regard to the Danubian Principalities.

The Spanish army is also increasing.

In France the demand for money is unabated.

Our financial letter is unsatisfactory.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Flour closed firm—State is quoted at $6 40 a $6 55; Southern $7 10 a $7 40. Wheat is active. Corn pork closed dull at $19 12c. Lard closed firm at 12c.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 11.—Flour is dull. Wheat —White is quoted at $1 12 a $1 20. Whisky is unchanged at 26c.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 11.—The river is rising slowly at this point.

New York, Nov. 11th.—Cotton closed with a declining tendency, showing a decline to-day of 1c. Sales to-day, 1,000 bales. New Orleans Middling 12½, Uplands Middling 13c. Flour is active, with an advancing tendency. Wheat is firm. Corn is buoyant. Pork is Pork pentine closed dull. Rosin is dull. Freights buoyant.

STEAMBOATS PASSING.

Vicksburg, Nov. 11th.—The steamers Republic and Lucy Bell left here about 10, A. M., and the Eclipse at 6, P. M.

Arrival of the Tennessee.

NICARAGUA—CALIFORNIA.

The steamship *Tennessee* arrived last evening from San Juan, which she left on the 6th inst.

The steamer Texas, from New York, with 550 passengers, arrived at San Juan on the 4th, and left on the 6th, at the same time as the Tennessee.

The news from Nicaragua is unimportant. The news of WALKER's victories is fully confirmed. His position is improving, and it is thought peace will soon be established.

The transit route is in fine order; passengers cross the Isthmus in perfect safety, and transportation is effected with great promptitude.

Col. Thos. F. Fisher, Quartermaster of the Nicaraguan army, has been sent on a mission to the United States. He is very popular among the people of Central America.

The *Nicaraguense*, of the 25th ult., says:

We learn that Mr. Emanuel Weiss, a distinguished traveller, and a gentleman of enlarged commercial experience, has sailed from New York for Egypt for the purpose, in part, of procuring a cargo of camels for Nicaragua, to be used in the highlands of Chontales and Segovia. Mr. Weiss has already introduced the camels into the Grand Dukedom of Tuscany with success.

The Americans in Nicaragua are now armed with the Minie rifle.

We find the following under the head of "Costa Rica:"

President Mora recently reviewed his troops in the plaza of San José, and addressed them in a brilliant speech. On putting the direct question—if they were ready to invade Nicaragua and drive the Americans out?—they answered emphatically, "No; but if the Americans came there to fight, they would defend their country."

El Nicaraguense, of the 18th ult., contains full details of the battle of Masaya, the countermarch and victory at Granada. They are too long for publication, but corroborate in every respect the intelligence previously published. The massacre of Messrs. Wheeler, Ferguson and Lawless is likewise confirmed. They were murdered in cold blood at Granada.

CALIFORNIA.

By way of San Juan we have received files of San Francisco papers to the 18th ult.—twelve days later. They contain little news of interest. Political excitement was waxing intense.

The *Sun*, of the 17th, notices the following catalogue of crimes for the preceding fortnight.

A most brutal assault was committed in this city on the 1st instant, by Thomas Brown and William Butcher, on the person of a poor cripple named Thomas Dublin. He was horribly lacerated. On Thursday last, a Mexican tried to kill his wife with a murderous bowie-knife. On the 13th, two men named Reed and the other McCauly, were killed in a fracas at Sonora. On the 9th inst., a man named E. Ball shot another named Thomas O'Donnell, at Rich Bar. A Chinaman was murdered at Portuguese Flat, on the 4th inst. A person calling himself John A. King attempted to murder a sailor belonging to the Revenue Cutter Jefferson Davis, by throwing him through a hole in the wharf. Samuel Smith, a resident of Diamond Springs, shot a man named Rhodes, in that place, on the 5th inst. The wound may prove mortal. On Wednesday night last, two men, Hautze and Bernard, were stabbed in Stockton by a man named Gunther. Hautze is said to be mortally wounded. A most foul and brutal murder was committed, in this city, on the 7th instant, a frail French girl named Louise Poton, or Victorie Reton, being the victim. The particulars of this deed are specially exciting. Another brutal murder was committed by a man named Bill Miller, aided by another named Louis Chevalier, at Natches, during the night of the 5th October, a Portuguese of the name of Jos. Rosse being their victim. A Chilean was murdered in his cabin at Excelsior on the night of the 3d October. A person named Bradley was killed, another named O'Brien, at Deadwood, in Shabiyou county, on the 1st October. A man named Martin was fatally stabbed by another named Meredith, at Indian Diggings, a fortnight ago. A Frenchman was shot and killed at Pine Log, on the 5th instant, by a man named Charles Wells, who fired to kill another man called Dutch George. A Chinaman was severely stabbed by a fellow named Frank Coy, in this city, on the 3d October. These are the worst, two of whom died, at Six Mile Bar, on Saturday last. The quarrel in the parties engaged are Stewart, Johnson and a Mexican; Stewart and the Mexican were killed, and Johnson wounded. A desperate fight occurred at Spanish Town on Sunday last, when four or five persons were badly cut, and one killed on the spot. On the same evening, another fight occurred at Oroville between two men named Dickey and Archer. Dickey was badly shot.

The *Traveler* brought as passengers—

Capt Merryman, Lieut Connor, Capt Walker, Lieut Gleason, Co Allen, 9th C Brewer, H Malcolm A J Ford, Mrs M Meehan and mother, D Shaw, Mrs S Kendall and child, W Dewell, R Peterson, A Watkins, Lieut Kirkpatrick, J B Barrett, J Furey, J R Tiffer, J M Carwell, Capt Ellis, Col J P Hunt, J W Kingwell, Lieut T W Nichols, R G Rymer, R C McFarland, Geo Lee, W Mallard, Mrs Waters, James Waters, C F Collins, P M Lee, C Collodine, W H Simmons, Jno Ainsbaugh, N J Phillips, Dr Marsh, Mrs Emmet, W F Lockwood, D Shipley, Dr Fay, Wr Bignel, J. W Pollard, Lewis Jack, Jim Bowman, Jr Hawkins, C S Stanton and lady, B S Hawkins, J R Ward, John Crawford, W C Wright, Jno Hamilton, J F Cryer, Malcolm Thos Hodges, J B Howard, Mrs Tiffer, S H Bird, and 114 in steerage.

THE RIOTS IN BALTIMORE.

Baltimore papers contain full accounts of the fatal riots and scenes which disgraced the election in that city on the 4th inst. The *Patriot* says:

Regularly organized associations of both political parties participated in the various affrays. The principal fighting took place in that section of the city known as the East of the Falls. In the second, sixth and eighth wards all kinds of deadly weapons were used with the greatest ferocity, disdain and recklessness. In each of these wards a large number of persons was severely wounded—some of them quiet spectators—and several shot dead, while it is reasonable to suppose that many of the injured cannot survive, their wounds being of the most serious nature.

We condense from the papers the particulars of these desperate affrays:

First ward—Things were pretty quiet.

Second ward—The voting place in this ward was at the corner of Baltimore avenue and Albemarle street. During the early part of the day the Dutchmen of the ward had it pretty much their own way, but the afternoon rather turned the tables. It seems that some person drove up in a hack and sent in his vote, which the judge declined to receive, as he could not see the person. This soon caused some difficulty, and an Irishman, who insisted on the vote being taken, was slapped in the face. A general fight ensued, in which pistols, brickbats and muskets were brought into requisition. A number of persons was shot.

Officer Henry Rand was shot in the right arm.

Stephen Wilson was shot through the neck.

A young man, a German, was shot in the left shoulder.

James F. Ballard, a clerk in the Orphan's Court, who was not participating in the riot, and who had retired into an alley at the commencement of the fray, on coming out he was shot in the thigh. Dr. Tharpe extracted the ball.

A boy was shot in the breast, but the ball only penetrated superficially.

A man, name unknown, was shot in the leg.

A man got a ride out of an Irish tavern and leveled it at a party of Americans, resting it upon a cart-wheel, and snapping it three times. He was asked to leave.

A young man was beaten by three men, and when down drew his pistol and fired, and his assailants retreated.

Thomas Tregaglil, with the exception of an occasional game of fisticuffs.

Fourth ward—The Fourth ward polls were held at Varley's Granite House, in Lombard, between High and Exeter streets. There was a considerable crowd about the polls, and the voting was pretty brisk. There were a few scuffles and knock-downs. In one of these police officer McCafferty was shot in the side by a pistol in the hands of some person unknown. The ball passed quite through the person of the officer, but the wound is not considered dangerous. Mr. McCafferty was attended by Doctors Resek and Hammond.

A man named Thompson was arrested on the spot, with the pistol and the cartridges in his possession, with which the ball was fired. He was taken to the Central Station House. The latter is thought to be not the man. He was accordingly discharged.

Fifth ward—No particular disturbance.

Sixth ward—The polls of this ward were held at the corner of Eighth and Douglass streets. A very considerable excitement prevailed throughout the day. In the early part of the day a disturbance about the polls, in which a constable named Hamilton was shot by the name of Charles Hastings, and Richard Fryer, the president of the Atlantic American Club, within a square. Ball holes passed through the hand of a young man named Wm. Bright, and entered the hip of Mr. Fryer, inflicting a painful wound. Both gentlemen are fatally wounded. Doctors Sponsel and Fry-burg were summoned to his assistance, and it was immediately carried to his residence, 71 Madison street.

Subsequently, on their way to their homes, a brutal and cowardly assault was made by the 6th ward Democrats upon the party who were carrying the fatally wounded man, in which Mr. William Groome was very severely injured. The attack, base and brutal as it was, was finally repulsed, and Mr. Fryer was carried home without further molestation. Hastings took refuge in the Eagles Club House. He is also severely wounded, and carried to the Central police station, when he was discharged on bail, in the sum of $5000, by Justice Morrison—Mr. Wm. Byrne becoming his security.

About three o'clock, an Irishman named Morris came from the eighth ward to the sixth ward and commenced fighting indiscriminately. He was rather roughly treated and driven off. He shortly after returned with a crowd of four or five hundred, principally Irish, Africans or strips of whom were armed with muskets. The Americans, overpowered by arms and numbers, were driven away from the polls of the sixth ward. They were, however, speedily reinforced by the Americans from the seventh ward.

Bricks, pistols, muskets and swivels were used freely on both sides. The Eighth ward trotted out a prime hand, and a running fight was kept up from Eutaw street to Bel Air market, which, at the Eagles House, the Democrats took up their position and the conquest was marked by unfeigned joy. A great number of persons was wounded on both sides, and others whose indiscreet curiosity drew them into the way of danger.

Word of the fight was conveyed to the Middle District station, and Capt. Mitchell, with a posse of special officers, on reaching Baltimore street, at the Bel Air market, they found themselves in warm quarters. They were attacked by an overwhelming force, and a number of them was wounded.

Capt. Harring, Chief of Police, accompanied by Deputy High Constable Brashears, took the round across Hillen street bridge; on reaching Bel Air market, seeing a crowd of men in possession of a swivel, which was planted, loaded, at the head of Bel Air market, on Eamer street. Capt. Herring, assisted by Captain Brashears and Sergeant Twyman, advanced, and seizing it, unslipped it, and succeeded to carry it off, when some twenty muskets were pointed at them; and notwithstanding Capt. Herring's attempting to parley with the rioters in favor, they were compelled to retire.

They were threatened with instant death if they attempted to remove it—but, nothing unsupported, they were compelled to retire.

The number injured in this fearful riot it is impossible to ascertain with full correctness. We give the following particulars as far as we have been able to obtain them. Officer Stevens was shot in the lower part of the abdomen; severely wounded.

Joseph Austin, special officer, had three fingers shot away by a slug shot from a musket.

Special officer Sullivan was shot in the knee.

A boy about 12 years of age was shot in Mulliken street, in the leg.

A young man by the name of Lenox was reported wounded.

An Irishman, name unknown, was shot in the head.

Rido Mitchell was shot in the leg.—He fired twice deliberately at special officer Wagon.

Mr. Hazelhurst, of 233 Chase street, was shot in the left arm by a Flat ball, the bones of which were broken. Dr. Chedsonin attended him.

A man whose name we could not ascertain was shot in the face, at the corner of Aisquith and Orleans streets.

Officer Jerome Bishop was shot in the knee.

Officer C. Colgan was shot slightly in the leg.

A man named John Brown was shot in the back side, in Orleans street near Gallows.

John Kanauft was shot in the side.

Thomas Bartlett was shot in the head. He is since reported dead.

Simon Hops and John Hops were both slightly wounded with pistol balls.

Calender Patterson was shot through the nose.

Washington Dadey was shot dead.

A young man named Burgess was shot in the thigh.

Paul Blomburger was shot in the right lung, no doubt fatally. He was taken to the Phillery truck house, and thence to his residence. Dr. Slatze attended him.

A youth about 16 years of age was shot in the breast, and taken into the shop corner of Orleans and Aisquith streets.

A man named Brown, residing in Thompson street, received three balls—one in each hip and one in the temple.

A man, name unknown, was shot in the knee, the ball glanced up and entered the abdomen. He was taken into the drug shop at the corner of Orleans and Aisquith streets.

Albert Clark was shot in the head in Exeter street, near Fayette. He is reported dead.

His was attended by Dr. E. F. Baldwin, who was very assiduous, and attended a number of the wounded.

Two children were reported to have been wounded.

George Benjamin was shot in the hand.

A man residing in Fogleston street, was shot in Orleans street. He was wounded in the face, near the eye.

Seventh ward—The polls in this ward were held at the corner of Caroline and Oriskany streets. The voting throughout the day was pleasant. There were no difficulties of comparative importance.

Eighth ward—The polls in this ward were held at Bishop's, in fifteen street, near Eastern. The voting throughout the day was quiet, and considering the locality in which the polls were held, comparatively quiet. Between eleven and twelve o'clock word was sent to the Middle District station house that a fight was in progress there. Captain Bonsall, with a posse of special police, repaired to the spot, but found the matter greatly exaggerated. A very serious occurrence had, however, previously taken place in this ward, in which Thomas Dejan, a constable of the 20th ward, while passing along Bilton street in his buggy, in company with Mr. Edward Elliott, was attacked by an Irish mob with pokers of the [illegible] Elliott, and he [illegible] out of the wagon [illegible] Dejan [illegible] a shocking manner [illegible] about the head. Mr. Elliott, [illegible] him, was also much injured, and had his arm broken. Dr. Roberts took Mr. Elliott into his apothecary shop, dressed his wounds, and had him conveyed to the Middle District station house, whence he was sent home. His skull was fractured in two places, and the injury is regarded as of a very alarming nature.

Ninth ward—Every thing comparatively quiet.

Tenth ward—Voting very quiet.

Eleventh ward—The second—and quietest—reigned throughout the day at the ward polls.

Twelfth ward—As a general thing, this ward was very quiet, and would have so continued had not some of the New Market party interfered with the American voters there, and endeavored to force their friend upon them. In the melee and befriending opponent, a young man named Samuel Rost, in succeeding fired a pistol at the Hudsons. This was the first shot during the day, and had it not been fired, the use of arms of a similar character, would not have been resorted to. As it was, some one discharged his revolver at Rost, one ball from which struck him in the head, but did not penetrate far enough to lead to serious consequences. Rost was attended by Dr. King. Basil Rost, Esq., was also fatally struck in the head with a hook, causing a painful wound.

M. Lewis Hamsteter, having left the polls of this ward, was attacked in Lexington street, opposite the market, in front of Capers kept by James Chaffee, and struck on the side of the head and face with a loaded cane by Thomas Mark. Two men attacked him, and while Clark was beating him over the head, the other choked him. Mr. Hamsteter was formerly a police officer, and we know him to be an inoffensive and feeling man.

Thirteenth ward—No disturbance.

Fourteenth ward—From the opening of the polls until half past four o'clock everything passed off quietly, and without a single exception; every man entitled to a vote had no difficulty of getting it in. At the hour above named, the report of the attack and drive made by Americans from the ninth ward reached there, which very naturally exasperated them and led to disturbance. A party from Lake O'Rourke went to the window of Ward, and was refused by the judges. Some of the boys took hold and broke the window inwardly. It will be a long while before he recovers. He was formerly a servant at the Eutaw House, but for the past year and a half he has been barkeeper at Brown's Hotel, Washington city. This shot was generally known, and the harassed attempts to vote under these circumstances induced many of them to catch a pistol that the first passing person might have at hand.

Fifteenth ward—There was considerable pushing and dragging about at intervals during the day, but no one was seriously injured. The election was conducted with perfect order, and the greatest decorum prevailed.

Sixteenth ward—The polls in this ward were held by Justice Hillen, at Hillen's house, on Gay street. The voting throughout the day was quiet, and would have so continued had not some of the New Market party interfered with the American voters there, and endeavored to force their friend upon them. In the melee and befriending opponent, a young man named Samuel Rost, in succeeding fired a pistol at the Hudsons. This was the first shot during the day, and had it not been fired, the use of arms of a similar character, would not have been resorted to. As it was, some one discharged his revolver at Rost, one ball from which struck him in the head, but did not penetrate far enough to lead to serious consequences. Rost was attended by Dr. King. Basil Rost, Esq., was also fatally struck in the head with a hook, causing a painful wound.

M. Lewis Hamsteter, having left the polls of this ward, was attacked in Lexington street, opposite the market, in front of Capers kept by James Chaffee, and struck on the side of the head and face with a loaded cane by Thomas Mark. Two men attacked him, and while Clark was beating him over the head, the other choked him. Mr. Hamsteter was formerly a police officer, and we know him to be an inoffensive and feeling man.

Seventeenth ward—No disturbance.

Eighteenth ward—The second—quietest—reigned throughout the day at the ward polls.

Nineteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

Twentieth ward—Voting very quiet.

Twenty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

Twenty-second ward—The second—quietest—reigned throughout the day at the ward polls.

Twenty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

Twenty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Twenty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Twenty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Twenty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Twenty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Twenty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Thirtieth ward—Voting very quiet.

Thirty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

Thirty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

Thirty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

Thirty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Thirty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Thirty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Thirty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Thirty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Thirty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Fortieth ward—Voting very quiet.

Forty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

Forty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

Forty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

Forty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Forty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Forty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Forty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Forty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Forty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Fiftieth ward—Voting very quiet.

Fifty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

Fifty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

Fifty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

Fifty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Fifty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Fifty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Fifty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Fifty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Fifty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Sixtieth ward—Voting very quiet.

Sixty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

Sixty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

Sixty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

Sixty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Sixty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Sixty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Sixty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Sixty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Sixty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Seventieth ward—Voting very quiet.

Seventy-first ward—Voting very quiet.

Seventy-second ward—Voting very quiet.

Seventy-third ward—Voting very quiet.

Seventy-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Seventy-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Seventy-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Seventy-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Seventy-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Seventy-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Eightieth ward—Voting very quiet.

Eighty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

Eighty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

Eighty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

Eighty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Eighty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Eighty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Eighty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Eighty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Eighty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Ninetieth ward—Voting very quiet.

Ninety-first ward—Voting very quiet.

Ninety-second ward—Voting very quiet.

Ninety-third ward—Voting very quiet.

Ninety-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Ninety-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Ninety-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Ninety-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Ninety-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Ninety-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundredth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and First ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Second ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Third ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Tenth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eleventh ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Twelfth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Thirteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fourteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fifteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Sixteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Seventeenth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eighteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Nineteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Twentieth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Twenty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Twenty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Twenty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Twenty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Twenty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Twenty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Twenty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Twenty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Twenty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Thirtieth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Thirty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Thirty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Thirty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Thirty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Thirty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Thirty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Thirty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Thirty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Thirty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fortieth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Forty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Forty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Forty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Forty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Forty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Forty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Forty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Forty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Forty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fiftieth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fifty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fifty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fifty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fifty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fifty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fifty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fifty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fifty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Fifty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Sixtieth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Sixty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Sixty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Sixty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Sixty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Sixty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Sixty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Sixty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Sixty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Sixty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Seventieth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Seventy-first ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Seventy-second ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Seventy-third ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Seventy-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Seventy-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Seventy-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Seventy-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Seventy-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Seventy-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eightieth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eighty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eighty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eighty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eighty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eighty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eighty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eighty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eighty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Eighty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Ninetieth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Ninety-first ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Ninety-second ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Ninety-third ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Ninety-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Ninety-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Ninety-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Ninety-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Ninety-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

One Hundred and Ninety-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundredth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and First ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Second ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Third ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Tenth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Eleventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Twelfth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Thirteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fourteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fifteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Sixteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Seventeenth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Eighteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Nineteenth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Twentieth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Twenty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Twenty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Twenty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Twenty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Twenty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Twenty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Twenty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Twenty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Twenty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Thirtieth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Thirty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Thirty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Thirty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Thirty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Thirty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Thirty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Thirty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Thirty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Thirty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fortieth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Forty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Forty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Forty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Forty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Forty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Forty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Forty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Forty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Forty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fiftieth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fifty-first ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fifty-second ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fifty-third ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fifty-fourth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fifty-fifth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fifty-sixth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fifty-seventh ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fifty-eighth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Fifty-ninth ward—Voting very quiet.

Two Hundred and Sixtieth ward—Voting very qu