THE DAILY BEE,
PUBLISHED BY
G. F. WEISSE & CO.,
G. F. WEISSE, G. FISHER,
C. DEVERGES, N. DUFOUR.
... $12 00
... 5 00
... there must give one week's notice ... can be allowed to discontinue

# The New Orleans Bee.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One Dollar for every TEN lines, in such character as the first insertion, and same that price for each subsequent one. No advertisement inserted for less than one dollar in such language.
All advertising is inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines for each insertion.
All the privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and is confined to one square every other day.

OFFICE 83 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 4, 1856. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXIX—WHOLE NO 10,077.

## THE DAILY BEE.

... MORNING, JULY 4, 1856.

Subscriptions by the Week.

... the rate are authorized to ... for the week, at the ...

... FOURTH OF JULY. ... in our office to-

... yesterday from ...

... GLORIOUS FOURTH.

... the patriotism that ... memorable anniversary ... appeal to the ... American people, ... mingled with this ... It is a day which ... may unite in cele- ... and peaceable ... reminding alike the ... when Massachu- ... arm shoulder to ... felt ... in them for ... during the reminis- ... called to the ... rest over be- ... of magnan- ... that ever blessed ... power ... an heroic ... power ... A day such with en- ... are in this ... bound to the sta- ... the permanence of ... commence- ... and fraternity ... enjoyed, and ... struggle des- ... any years, to send ... surrounded by ... may we invoke, ... independence and ... Union we have ... and happy. ... hand that would ... our Sub- ... detest- ... stand by our ... enemies ... Republicanism ... there ... Do

... OUR DAY HIS PEERS.

... the opinion by the fact that *his warmest friends in Washington are the men with the marks upon their brows. Such men as Trumbull, of Illinois, make no* DISTRUSTFUL OF BUCHANAN.—*Democratic Recorder, April 15.*

This will do for the present. Here we have Mr. BUCHANAN tried and condemned by Southern Democratic journals. Hereafter we shall investigate his career, and try him by his own recorded acts and sentiments.

Messrs. GRICE & JAMES, lessees of the Pass Christian Hotel, have our thanks for a courteous invitation to attend the dinner and soiree to be given at the Hotel to-day. If possible, we shall be there.

Our readers must not forget, among the entertainments offered to-day, the first grand concert to be given at the Lake, by the choice band of which our friend, H. LEHMANN, is the leader. The proceeds of the soiree are to be appropriated to the relief of the sufferers by the inundation in France. Let every one contribute his mite.

NEW ORLEANS MEDICAL NEWS AND HOSPITAL GAZETTE. We are indebted to the editors for the July number of this excellent publication.

OLD RIP VAN WINKLE AWAKE!—The gallant old Whigs of North Carolina are going en masse for Fillmore and Donelson.. The Hon. Willie P. Mangum has taken the field in favor of the American ticket. At a recent Fillmore meeting in Orange county, he presided and made a speech, endorsing the movement of the American party, and stated that, though an old Union Whig, he was with them heart and soul in the coming contests, State and National.

Another attempt is being made to raise the steamer *Atlantic*, which was sunk some three years ago in Lake Erie. She was loaded with valuables. Among the funds in the iron safe were some $40,000 belonging to Wells & Co.'s Express. The means which are now proposed to raise her will consist of a new article of buoy. These are in course of construction at Osborneville, some twelve miles South of Concaut. They are made in the shape of a barrel, about ten feet in length, and some three feet in diameter in the middle. The staves are white ash, two inches thick, and strongly hooped with iron. To these buoys hooks are attached; they are then sunk around and fastened to the hull of the wreck. Each buoy is calculated to raise a ton in weight, and when enough of them are sunk will bring up from the bottom any sized vessel, no matter how large. The company purpose to commence operations on the *Atlantic* during the first week in July. We hope they will meet with success.

A machine has been invented for forming or moulding brick by concussion, whether it be done by the mechanism made use of by the inventor or any other device, which will produce the same effect. The hopper is filled with the prepared clay—the moulds being on its bottom; it is then elevated by the action of the cam on the projection; this cam is of such a shape, that when the hopper is at its required height, it passes from one beneath the projection, although the hopper is dropped upon the tables, forcing, by the concussion, the clay into the mould. The concussion is such, that the bricks are perfectly formed, having no interstices in them, produced by confined air. A cut-off may be arranged to separate the clay in the moulds from that in the hopper. But it is intended to put a mould in on one side of the hopper while it is being taken out on the opposite side.

PRESENT A SNAVEHOLDER.—The confidence of the Northern Sectionalists, like Bob Acres's courage, is fast oozing out of their finger ends. There could not imagine a straighter out Free-soiler, like Seward or Chase, or Hale, but selected Fremont for availability. It seems probable that they have caught a tartar in the "Woolly Horse," and have actually nominated a slaveholder. At a meeting of Keystone Club, No. 1, in Boston, a few nights ago, A. J. Lewis stated that "he was an old fellow-fellow of the nominee of the Black Republicans, and *knew that he was the owner of slaves in Charleston, S. C.*" What next?

COMMODORE STOCKTON'S ACCEPTANCE.—New York, June 27.—Commodore Stockton in accepting the recent nomination tendered him, appears to-day. He says that he will not let the Union slide if his body can stop the mouth, and adds:

"I accept the nomination as a compliment to my inflexible American sentiments, and as duty I owe to those Democrats who so firmly adhered to their American principles, but with the express understanding, however, that in the Anti-American party can be united to Fillmore, with such a platform as I now occupy, I may be at liberty at any time thereafter to withdraw this acceptance."

LATER FROM KANSAS.—St. Louis, June 27.—Gov. Shannon has arrived here to meet his wife. He denies that he has resigned, and says that he will return in about a week. He reports all quiet, and that there was a meeting held at Westport on Sunday to denounce the murder of the Indian agent, Gay. Seven hundred and fifty dollars was subscribed by the meeting, to be offered as a reward for his murderers. The meeting also called upon the Governor of Missouri to offer a reward for them.

Prof. Conrad, of Wittemberg College, Ohio, estimates the number of Germans or their descendants in the United States at about [illegible]

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, June 26th.—In the SENATE a resolution was submitted by Mr. Crittenden, and adopted, which directed the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire into the law determining who shall act as President of the United States in the contingency of the death or other disability of the President and Vice-President; also to report a decision as to who shall, under the law, act as President in the circumstances stated. The joint resolution appointing a day for the adjournment of Congress one or two amended by the adoption of the 28th of July as the time, and, this amended, the resolution was passed. Mr. Stuart, from the Committee to revise the Rules, reported several amendments to the present rules of the Senate, nearly all of which, he said, were unobjectionable, and not substantially operative now, but it was thought better to state them distinctly as being upon the book. A desultory debate on the recommendations of the report continued during nearly all the sitting. Those who took a more or less leading part in the discussion were Messrs. Weller, Clayton, Benjamin, Wilson, Adams, Hale, Cass, Crittenden, Emery, Durkee, Pearce, Bigler, Foote and Rusk. Much instructive matter was evolved in the course of the severalbrief speeches of the day, and gradually the matter seemed to rest on the opinion that the only amendment to the rules requisite to be expressly enacted was that one making it the duty of the presiding officer to call to order for improper exceeding the proprieties of debate. On motion of Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, all of the report was rejected except the portion directing this to be done by the Court, and a provision for the reference of private bills, on motion, to the Court of Claims.

The President *pro tempore* (Mr. Bright) took the floor to justify his conduct in a recent instance, in which he had been charged with an outrage in check a Senator when out of order. The fact was, that he would promptly have performed his duty could he have found any where a precedent or rule which rested upon or sustained him in the assumption of such a responsibility. Mr. Clayton also alluded to the slightest imputation upon Mr. Bright, who had followed the example of this presiding officers for more than twenty-five years. He thought the Chair had exercised the power as of course, but when Mr. Calhoun, as Vice President, presided over the Senate, he certainly did rule in a much more much higher, and this had been the construction ever since. The veteran Senator from Indiana was congratulated the Senate on the discussion which had so usefully occupied it during the day? The time was not lost; they would gain an important result, if the amended report was passed; well worthy the attention and time it cost, and much future difficulty might be prevented by the direct bestowal of a power upon the Vice-President which would doubtless be properly and discreetly exercised. A report from the same committee by Mr. Rusk, which determined the relative precedence of special orders, was also adopted. Mr. Weller called up his report from the Committee on Military Affairs, upon which he desired the Senate would act. It appropriates the sum of $300,000 for the construction of a military road from the Western boundary of Missouri, by Salt Lake City, to the Eastern frontier of California; also providing for the establishment of military posts along the route and the sinking of wells. This bill was passed, and the Senate adjourned.

In the HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES considerable discussion occurred on the motion to refer to the Committee of the Whole the bill for the admission of Kansas as a State. The friends of the measure seemed to apprehend that this course would be unfavorable to an indefinite postponement of the bill. On the other hand it was urged that a majority of the House had it in their power at all times to control the course of proceeding and to stop debate. It was suggested, too, that the report of the Investigating Committee ought to be received before a final consideration of the subject, in order to arrive at a knowledge of the true condition of affairs in Kansas. It was finally agreed to lay the bill aside for the day, but Mr. Grow gave notice that he would press the previous question on Saturday.

Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, from the Committee on Territories, reported a bill to prohibit and punish polygamy within the Territories of the United States.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on other Territorial bills, the week having been specially assigned for that business, and, after a busy session, it appeared were laid aside to be reported to the House. It is apparent that the time allotted will be altogether insufficient for the final disposition of these bills, but a few days more will double less be given to a more urgent business. The [illegible] and [illegible] and wanting in the [illegible] upon it. The [illegible] time would, we think, [illegible] and we are sustained in

## By Telegraph.

TRANSMITTED TO THE N. O. BEE.

[By the Southern Line.]

### THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

*Arrival of the Canada at Halifax.*

NEW YORK, July 2.—The Royal Mail steamship *Canada*, from Liverpool, on the afternoon of the 21st, arrived at Halifax, *en route* for Boston, this evening.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

LIVERPOOL, June 21.—Cotton.—The market is steady, and prices are unchanged since the departure of the *Asia*. The sales of today are estimated at 8,000 bales. Orleans Middling 6 3-16; Uplands Middling 6 1-16.

BREADSTUFFS.

Breadstuffs generally show a slight advance.

Wheat is 2d. higher. Flour has advanced 6d. to 1s. for better qualities. In Corn, there is an active speculative demand, and an advance of 1s. a 1s. 6d. Crop accounts are favorable.

Provisions are generally unchanged.

Naval stores are unchanged.

MONEY MARKET.

The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £370,000.

The money market is unchanged. Consols on account are quoted at 94¼ a 94¾.

American stocks meet with ready purchasers.

GENERAL NEWS.

The excitement consequent upon Crampton's arrival had subsided, and the enlistment difficulty is regarded as settled, and it is hoped generally that the Central American question soon will be.

Numerous peace meetings are being held. It is rumored that Great Britain will not send another Minister to Washington during the administration of Pierce.

New York, July 2.—Flour has advanced. Ohio is quoted at $6 45. Wheat $1 98. Corn is firm at last quotations.

POLITICAL.

The American State Convention of Massachusetts have ratified the nomination of Fremont. One hundred delegates withdrew and ratified the nomination of Fillmore.

TERRIBLE CATASTROPHE.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—The new wharf at the termination of Reed street caved in last night, and twenty or thirty persons were insinuch crushed or drowned.

### Our Havana Correspondence.

[Per Isabel, at Charleston.]

HAVANA, June 24, 1856.

Holiday again to-day—the day of St. John the Baptist—and all Havana is bathing to-day in the ocean, or in the waters of the river Almendares, not having the Jordan. Early in the morning (at five o'clock) crowds of young people start from all quarters of the town, hurrying to the sea-shore, where tents are elevated in the water, to receive the fair sex of Havana. And, as once Louis XIV, King of France, attended with his whole court the baths at Versailles, where his royal sister-in-law, Henrietta of England was bathing, in the same way you can see here all our Creole youths and lads standing along the shore watching their sweethearts as they disappear, one after the other, behind the linen walls. After a momentary silence the slightly agitated surface of the waters around announces that Ocean has received a fresh load of gifts, laughing and joking are heard on all sides; and even if there should be amongst the numerous spectators a modern Leander never mind, it is not dangerous, as our modern Dianas have but the power of crowning men armed with horns.

The baths are over at seven o'clock, and the body being purified, the work of the soul begins. Soon the different churches are filled, and the priests grant, with open hands, forgiveness for sins past, present, and to come. During the day the heat increases, and people must repose in order to get new strength for new pleasures.

At five o'clock in the afternoon the aeronaut, Bondrau de Morat, mounts his pegasus, the balloon "Cometa," in order to make another aerial trip; and in the cool of the evening every body flushes to the different "*Salas Champetres*" at Marianao, Puentes, Guanabacoa, and other places.

Some arrests form the talk of the day. A merchant of this city, a native of Europe, was struck some time ago by the fiery arrows of two Spanish black eyes, and consequently he looked for and found, what in these very cases, an opportunity of getting introduced to the object of his wishes. But often fate plays very curious tricks. Scarcely had his feet touched the Senorita's drawing-room, when he perceived behind Panchita's chair, fanning her mistress, a young chamber-maid of that doubtful color, which the children of the south call *amarilla*. Our hero, too, had seen and was conquered, and found it an easier matter to declare his love to the servant than to her mistress, and a few nights afterwards, he, under the disguise of a common working man, in the dead hour of midnight, was stealing to the Cerro, where his dark-skinned sweetheart was waiting for him at a window. Success seemed infinite; he had reached the window; his foot touched the frame, and the warm air of a love-kiss was burning his cheeks, when suddenly the strong arm of an "sereno" (policeman) grasped his shoulder, and carried him off to the watchhouse. The next sun rose over three broken hearts, and young ladies were taught a lesson, not to employ two handsome chamber-maidens.

Another arrest was made of a German store-keeper, whose name is F. P. Stolle. He publishes a small newspaper on the arrival of every New York steamer. He employs a printer in New York, who has to print all the latest news recently arrived from Europe, in short notices in a circular to draw off as many copies as he has here subscribers, and to dispatch the whole packet by the first steamer. On the arrival of the steamer Mr. Schulte goes on board, gets his packet, goes on shore again, and has the circular distributed in the city even before any of the merchants have received their letters from the post-office, the motto here, as everybody knows, being—"*Festina lente.*" The last circular of Stolle's published, amongst other news, that, "in Spain a revolution is unavoidable." A few hours after, he was seized and carried to the shadows of cool reflection. He is free again on bail, but will not get out of the scrape unpunished.

Foreign visitors are very scarce here, hotels empty. Yellow fever—a few cases in the city, but ravaging the ships in the port. Sugar—prices still the same, one house bought 1,000 boxes at $21 75 with an advance of $30,000. We repeat again, it is impossible that prices will go down.

On the 26th ultimo, the General Assembly of Rhode Island elected Samuel Ames Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and Wm. R. Watson, Auditor.

In caucus, after an acrimonious debate, the Senatorial election was postponed until January by the casting vote of the chairman.

A TENDER LAMB.—Several women were in love with Byron, but none so violently as Caroline Lamb. She absolutely besieged him. He showed me the first letter he received from her, in which she assured him that, if he was in any want of money, all her jewels were at his service. They frequently had quarrels; and more than once, in coming home, I found Lady C. waiting in the garden, and waiting for me, to beg that I would reconcile them. When she met Byron at a party she would always fix herself contrary from it in his carriage, and accompanied by him. I recollect particularly their returning to town together from Holland House. Such was the insanity of her passion for Byron, that sometimes, when not invited to the party where he was to be, she would wait for him in the street till it was over! One night, after a great party at Devonshire House, to which Lady Caroline had not been invited, I saw her—she absolutely besieged Byron, with half her body thrust into the carriage which he had just entered. In spite of all this attachment, my firm belief is that there was nothing criminal between them.—Byron, at last, was sick of her. When their intimacy was at its end, and while she was living in the country, she burned, very solemnly, on a sort of funeral pile, transcripts of all the letters which she had received from Byron, and a copy of a miniature picture of him, which he had presented to her—several girls from the neighborhood, whom she had dressed in white garments, dancing round the pile, and singing a song which she had written for the occasion: "Burn, fire, burn, etc." She was mad; and her family allowed her to do whatever she chose.—*Rodgers's Table Talk.*

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FROM KANSAS.—We glean the following information from the bulletin of the steamer *Polar Star*.

At Lexington, last Sunday, (22d June) eighty Chickasaws, armed to the teeth, were relieved of their arms on board of the *Polar Star*, to about twenty-five citizens of Lexington. They were to disembark at Leavenworth and Kansas city. As the boat passed by she was boarded by fifty South Carolinians, who were on their way to Lawrence to aid indefinite postponement of the bill. On the other hand it was urged that a majority of the House had it in their power at all times to control the course of proceeding and to stop debate. It was suggested, too, that the report of the Investigating Committee ought to be received before a final consideration of the subject, in order to arrive at a knowledge of the true condition of affairs in Kansas. It was finally agreed to lay the bill aside for the day, but Mr. Grow gave notice that he would press the previous question on Saturday.

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STEVENS HOUSE,
(*Late Delmonico's Hotel*)
81, 83, 85 and 87 BROADWAY,
Opposite Bowling Green, *NEW YORK.*

THE undersigned avails himself of the opportunity of informing his friends and the public, that he has leased the above named house for a term of years, and has made extensive alterations and repairs, and caused everything that will tend to the accommodation or comfort of visitors. The house having been newly furnished throughout, in the most elegant and modern style, with a view to combine economy with comfort, and the location is one of the most desirable in the city, and with an experience of over twenty years in the business, to give assurance to those who favor him with their patronage, that which has never failed while in other hotels in this city. [July 1st] JOHN O'GRADY, Jr.

### CITY INTELLIGENCE.

NATIONAL SALUTE.—A salute of thirty-one guns was fired last evening in Lafayette Square, in honor of the approach of our national holiday.

APPOINTMENTS.—Mayor Waterman has made the following appointments of Commissaries of the markets

FRENCH DIVISION.—Poydras Market, Peter W. Lesslie; St. Mary's Market, Jas. W. Noble; Dryades Market, P. F. Degroy; Annunciation Market, Jno. Bosch; Claiborne Street Market, H. English.

SECOND DIVISION.—Moni Market, J. B. Dionis; Vegetable Market, B. Morantoe; Triême Market, Louis Contreulle.

THIRD DISTRICT.—Port Market, Valcour Bachemin; Washington Market, Albert Piercas, Sr.

FOURTH DISTRICT.—Magazine street Market, F. Schuber; Bonsparte Market, Sam'l Galpin.

These appointments will be submitted to the Common Council for approval. They embrace most of the present incumbents.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—*Hon. J. B. Robertson*—[George L. Bright acting District-Attorney pro tem.]

Business was determined in this Court yesterday as follows:

State vs. B. A. Munsing; information for assault and battery. *Not pros.*

State vs. Charles Sullivan and James Mayo; information for larceny. Case continued on Saturday, March. Sullivan was sentenced, on his pleading guilty, to two years' hard labor in the penitentiary.

State vs. Michael Bourn. Continued.

State vs. Laura Anker; information for larceny. Case continued till the 11th inst., and accused remanded to prison.

State vs. Samuel Patton, indicted for the murder of Walter Turnbull. Rule was taken by Messrs. Lorac & Whitaker, of counsel for the accused, upon the Attorney-General to show cause on the 5th inst. why a new trial should not be granted, for the following reasons to-wit:—That the verdict of the jury was contrary to the law and evidence; 2d.—That there was neglect in the law as laid down in the charge to the jury. 3d.—That the jury found against the weight of evidence on the defense of insanity; 4th.—That they found against the third instruction of the Court.

State vs. Victor Dupuy, Eugene Dupuy, Tom Martin, Charles Reeves, F. Marcelle, Philip Moog, et als.; information for riot. Case continued as far as concerns F. Moog and others, till the 11th inst. Philip Moog and Victor and Eugene Dupuy having failed to appear, their bonds were declared forfeited, and judgment *nisi* made and rendered by default against them and their respective securities, Theodore Blanchet, John S. Barnes, and James D. Lemmon.

SENT BEFORE THE CRIMINAL COURT.—John Smith was examined yesterday before Recorder Seib, and sent before the First District Court for trial, on the charge of having assaulted James Reilly with a slung shot, with intent to kill. The affair grew out of the recent election. Smith gave bonds of $1000 for his appearance.

ROBBERY.—Henry Sleep, Pat O'Neal, James Ferguson and James Scott, underwent examination before Recorder Seib yesterday, on a charge of having robbed Charles Tuckerman of $2007, while the latter was lying asleep, last Tuesday, on board the steamer David Orbaud. The evidence, it has been foolishly bragging about his treasure. The accused were all discharged, except Ferguson, who is in jail on the charge of receiving the stolen money. A dollar of the money has been recovered.

A man named Wm Collins, was arrested last evening by John Dart on a charge of having struck a man in robbing Tuckerman. He had $15 in Wheeling, Va., bank bills, and other money answering the description of that which was stolen.

CHARGE DISMISSED.—The charge of perjury preferred against John G. Miller, by John Mantle, was dismissed by Recorder Seib yesterday. The testimony of Mantle developed the fact that he was in a measure prompted to make the complaint from the accusation rather contradicted such other, while a member of a committee, to which they would not be in possession under oath.

Charges of assaults, etc., against one Murphy, Michael Flanagan, Jas. Hand and John Williams were yesterday dismissed by Recorder Sabre.

PICKPOCKET.—J. Y. Dalton was arrested last evening at the instance of Mr Calhoun, who charged him with having attempted to pick his pocket on board of the steamer Falls City.

CHARGED WITH BEING A ROUÉE.—Lieut. Ferdinand Hoffman, of the Navy, yesterday made affidavit before Recorder Fabre, in which he charges an Italian, a Sicilian, by the name of Princeal with having been a companion in the rake which occurred during our late municipal election. Principal gave bonds for his appearance.

LARCENY.—One Alonis Riotte has made affidavit before Recorder Fabre, to which he charges a free colored man named Francois with having stolen $45 in money from a drawer in his house, at the corner of Gaiennie and Burgundy streets.

One Philip Lounsele and Moses, a slave, were arrested for larceny.

ACCIDENT.—A ship-carpenter named William Sutherland, fell into one of the dry docks at Algiers on Tuesday last, and had his leg broken. Another man was slightly hurt at the same time.

### DIED,

Yesterday at 9 o'clock, A. M., after a lingering illness, ALPHEUS LANGE, late a commissary of Police, aged 60 years. His friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, which will take place This Afternoon, at 5 o'clock, precisely, from his late residence, corner of Orleans and Bourbon streets.

Of apoplexy, at the age of 25 years, on Tuesday, at seven o'clock, P. M., at his residence, corner of Orleans and Burgundy streets, MICHAEL JOSEPH LILLY, of the Rt.ev. Lilly of Woods. His friends, and the friends of his family, are respectfully requested to attend his funeral at 4, P. M., to-day, from his said residence.

*Funeral Service.*

The friends and acquaintances of Postmaster Le Vert and family are respectfully requested to attend the Funeral Service to the memory of Rev. ANN FORTIN, M. D., at the St. Louis Cathedral, SATURDAY next, 5th inst., at 7 o'clock, A. M. jy2 3t

A PERFUMED BREATH.

What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS" gas dentifrice would not only render it sweet and fragrant, but also preserve the teeth in a beautiful and pearl like condition. Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of the "Balm" on your tooth brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cent bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be acquired by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS." It will remove tan, pimples, and freckles from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseate hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning.

SHAVING MADE EASY.—Wet your shaving brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS." The lather will soon be produced in a creamy form, thus facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only fifty cents. For sale by Fitzsimon & Co., proprietors, in New York.

For sale in New Orleans by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
43 Chartres st. [dec 1y] 21 and 181 Chartres street.

Irish and Scotch Linens.

RECEIVED per ship Ann Isabella, an extensive assortment of most desirable Goods of well approved manufactures, to wit:

Sheetings, Sheetings, plain, hemmed and printed
Handkerchiefs, Table du Coutrais, Long Lawns, Cambrics, Jaconets, Damasks, Diapers, Towels, Napkins, Table Cloths, Dollings, Huccas Ducks, Checks, Printed Cambrics, grey and Yellow Linens, Regatta Shirtings, Flannel Linens, curtain materials, Long-ells, Osnaburgs, Mattress Checks, Shirts, Shirt Bosoms and Bobbinets, together with other descriptions of goods well adapted to the season.

jy3 2w O. B. GRAHAM, 96 Gravier street.

Heritage.

6 BALES, 40 each, Heavy Heritage, suitable for to-bacco baling and coffee sacks, landing and for sale by O. B. GRAHAM,
jy3 2w 96 Gravier street.

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The planters in this parish continue to be blessed with the prospects for a most abundant harvest. Since the rainy spell (which set in on the 18th instant, and continued daily until last Monday, the 23d) the cotton seems to have grown a foot or more, and is looking most luxuriant. Should the rainy season come places, we learn the cotton lice have wrought injuriously, and-fear was entertained at one time of the rust, in consequence of the rains. Many of the fields, mostly, run on the banks, (and they seem to be the best producing lands in the world) judging from prospect appearances, believe, and assert their belief, that their crops this year, both of cotton and corn, will turn out to be the heaviest ever before known in Carroll parish.—*Lake Providence Herald.*

FROM KANSAS.—We glean the following information from the bulletin of the steamer *Polar Star*.

At Lexington, last Sunday, (22d June) eighty Chickasaws, armed to the teeth, were relieved of their arms on board of the *Polar Star*, to about twenty-five citizens of Lexington. They were to disembark at Leavenworth and Kansas city. As the boat passed by she was boarded by fifty South Carolinians, who were on their way to Lawrence to aid indefinite postponement of the bill. On the other hand it was urged that a majority of the House had it in their power at all times to control the course of proceeding and to stop debate. It was suggested, too, that the report of the Investigating Committee ought to be received before a final consideration of the subject, in order to arrive at a knowledge of the true condition of affairs in Kansas. It was finally agreed to lay the bill aside for the day, but Mr. Grow gave notice that he would press the previous question on Saturday.

Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, from the Committee on Territories, reported a bill to prohibit and punish polygamy within the Territories of the United States.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on other Territorial bills, the week having been specially assigned for that business, and, after a busy session, it appeared were laid aside to be reported to the House. It is apparent that the time allotted will be altogether insufficient for the final disposition of these bills, but a few days more will double less be given to a more urgent business. The [illegible] and [illegible] and wanting in the [illegible] upon it. The [illegible] time would, we think, [illegible] and we are sustained in

For Third Justice of the Peace.

JOHN W. ANDREWS,
THE AMERICAN CANDIDATE,
Election Thursday, July 10th, 1856.
jy1

For Second Justice of the Peace.

AUGUSTUS DEFAILS, having been regularly chosen as the candidate of the American party for Third Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans, respectfully announces his pretensions to the voters of the Fourth Ward. Election to take place on the 10th July, 1856. jy2 2t

Incorporated and Trustees' Meeting.

NEW ORLEANS, July 3, 1856.

THE Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock, which will be payable on Wednesday, the 9th inst. C. GRUNAU,
jy3 1t Cashier.

Bank of New Orleans.

July 1, 1856.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, a semi-annual dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock of this Bank was ordered payable to stockholders, or their legal representatives, on Monday next, the 7th instant.

jy2 1t WM. P. GRAYSON, Cashier.

Notice.

FROM and after the 25th inst., Mr. JULES LE MOSE will be my power of attorney, to act and transact for me all my business affairs.

ED. GAUTREAUX.

New Orleans, June 29, 1856.—jy

Notice.

ALL persons who are indebted to the succession of the late Hugh Colcord are requested to make payment without delay, and those having claims against said succession will present them to the undersigned for liquidation.

ELISE COLARD, Administratrix,
or to JOHN R. BENNOR, Attorney at Law,
jy3 5t 111 Exchange Alley.

B. HOLT,

LONG A PEACEMAKER of the Eighth Ward Bar, has removed his Legal Professions, and may be found, as formerly, at the City Prison, Lafayette Square.

jy3 1t*

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

THE public are hereby notified that the duty accorded for the payment of the City Taxes for 1856, will positively close on the 15th July, 1856, when all bills will be closed in the hands of the Assistant City Attorney for suit.

The Treasurer would also notify such persons as are exercising a profession, or running a horse or private carriage without a license, to call at his office and take out their license, or he will be compelled to rigidly enforce the ordinance relating to such matters.

ADAM GIFFEN,
jy3-3t Treasurer.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,
NO. 83 CANAL STREET.

MRS. L. A. BENNER, Proprietress.

THIS establishment will remain open all the year, as heretofore. Its location is one of the most convenient in the city, and its rooms are large, airy, and well furnished. Terms reasonable, and the fare the best of the season. jy3 2t 1m

AGENTS WANTED.

THE undersigned, Offices Fort Gaines, Dauphin Island, Alabama, wishes to procure the appointment of an Agent in every county in the United States. Persons desiring an agency will please make known their wishes by letter, without fail or humbuggery of any kind. Full description of the duties of the business will be given by addressing the subscriber. Your name, Post Office address, county and State must be plainly written. But a few shillings is required to start with.

THOS. O. WILLIAMS,
jy2 6m Bishop, N. C.

TO RENT.—A large two story BRICK HOUSE in Jefferson street, No. 29, newly repaired and painted, suitable for a boarding house or cottage. Apply to

REG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
jy2 1t 17 and 19 St. Louis street.

For Rent,

AND POSSESSION GIVEN ON THE 1ST OF JULY, that commodious and well-known STORE, No. 67 Magazine street, between Bienville and Conti, with or without the furniture, that is very convenient for a retail business, and for a family residence. The parlor is neat, well lighted and ventilated, and has a marble mantel and grate; there are three rooms in the second story, and four in the third story. The house is in good repair, and has a well of excellent water in the yard. Apply at No. 69 Magazine street, to the subscriber.

jy2 1w* JOHN BOYD.

Steamboat and Tinsmiths' Work.

THE undersigned offers his services to the public, and will execute all orders in the above line with promptness and dispatch. Shop on Tchoupitoulas street, between Julia and Girod streets.

jy2 1m* P. L. BOUDOUSQUIE.

Wanted.

TO HIRE—A good servant, well recommended, as house servant and shoe maker. Apply at No. 59 and Levee street, between Bienville and Conti.

jy2 3t

To Planters.

THE undersigned offers a large lot of 4/4 Domestic Cottonade, at 20 cents per yard.

L. LABOURDIN, Red Store No. 1, near the Vegetable Market.

THE BAGASSE FURNACE

LETTERS Patent for the United States have been granted to SAMUEL M. GILMAN, of No. 31 Natchez street, New Orleans, bearing date 23d September, 1854, for a furnace for burning Wood and Bagasse.

This Furnace combines the following points, so fully proved in making off seven CROPS OF SUGAR LAST SEASON:

1. It works entirely by a natural draught, and without the aid of a blast.

2. It contains no Grate Bars or other irons in the interior.

3. It never requires a stoppage of the mill to have its ashes cleaned out.

4. The bagasse is never stirred or touched after it arrives in the furnace.

5. It is better all the Bagasse, and makes steam enough to run the mill empty, a steam batteryand a pumping engine.

6. This is the only Furnace that has taken off a crop in Louisiana in compliance with the above five conditions.

This Furnace makes no pretension to burn Bagasse alone and does not resemble any other furnace in a single feature of its form, in the principles of its construction, or in the manner in which it produces heat. In other does it approach the rights of other patents. The principles of this furnace are entirely its own, and are the result of long study and experiment.

Any person will be allowed to call, make or see the Furnace, at Gilman's Sugar House, in Natchez street, between Bienville and Conti, where he will be fully examined in its construction and use and position.

My Furnace is now in full operation, with a train of kettles as in steam boilers, and I am prepared to contract to supply it by burning Wood, to clear the same piece in the vicinity, with a train of kettles, and a stationery guarantie in the purchaser.

For further information, see a pamphlet form, with drawings, &c., to be had of the subscriber, by mail or otherwise.

SAMUEL M. GILMAN,
jy1 31 Natchez street, 2d District.

feb6 dm 1t pwd 2t

THOMAS C. FARRAR & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Tobacco and Cigars,
No. 74 Camp street, New Orleans.

*Sales Room in New York, 19 Murray street, between Broadway and Church street. Manufactory, No. 309 and 311 Broad street, Newark, New Jersey.*

HAVE received per steamships Crescent City, Isabella Clarke, Black Warrior and Empire, and will be receiving by each trip of these steamers, the following choice brands of Cigars, which they offer at extremely low prices, the following brands being Choice Goods, manufactured expressly for this market, viz:

CAZA, Regalia, Reina de Cuba, Fresh Palmera, Golden Rod, Fresh Cabanas, Fresh Cazadores, Fresh Conchas, all new style of Shorts Queen, Talmas, Opera Cloths, Bonanzas, new style.

Manufactured in English, English, German and American, black, blue, brown, green, German mixed, plain mixed, light drab, and other Cloth and Cassimeres.

PANTALOONS.—Blue and black cloth, drill, satin, drab, green, mixed, ribbed, and fancy checks, drab, and mixed, and all sorts of colors and style of French, English and American manufacture.

VESTS.—Black, blue, mixed, drab and fancy Cassimeres, fancy figured summer cashmeres, Valentia, black, plain and figured Satins, Satin de Chines, Velvets, Marseilles, plain and figured, Piqué, Florentine, and Barathea.

PLANTATION GOODS.

Blue and fancy Hamlet coats of all kinds and descriptions; 1000 dozen drab Kersey Boots; red, grey and white Flannel Shirts; 1000 dozen do. assorted Satin Shirts, first quality; 600 dozen do. assorted quality for common Check Shirts; white and brown Cotton flannel shirts and Drawers; white and brown Cotton and plain Cotton Drawers; India Rubber Overcoats and Leggings; 1000 dozen Linen and Cotton Collars—price $6 to $27 per dozen; brown Shirts and French patent bottom, expressly imported for our trade. An assortment of French Calico and Jaconet shirts.

A full assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods; an assortment of Youth's and Children's Clothing and Shirts. Planters, Country Merchants, and Dealers will find it their interest to call and examine the above before purchasing elsewhere. 1y29 cov

S. K. VEPTER,
PRINTER AND BLANK BO