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☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is strictly confined to their own business, and in extent to not exceed every other day.

NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 21, 1854.

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THE DAILY BEE.

Thursday Morning, Sept. 21st, 1854.

☞ *For Steamboat Departures, see French side.*

The NORTHERN MAIL came through yesterday with the latest dates. We received New York and Baltimore papers of the 14th, Richmond of the 15th, and Charleston of the 16th inst.

THE MYSTERY DEEPENS.

As if to deepen the mystery in which the views and organization of the much talked of and greatly abused Know-Nothings are involved, we perceive that they have been recently performing some very perplexing and contradictory actions. At the Maine election on the 11th the Know Nothings throughout the State supported MORRILL, an anti-Nebraska Democrat for Governor, and by their votes defeated him in the regular Whig candidate, as well as in the election of the Whig Congressional nominees. The plain conclusion from this is that the Know-Nothings are democratically disposed and that those who charge them with being Whigs in disguise, and with affiliating with and assisting Whigs, have grossly slandered them. If they had been Whigs, or had been under influences in favor of the Whigs, Reed would now be Governor elect of Maine. On the other hand, at the primary elections which took place in New York, on the 12th inst. for delegates to the Whig State Convention to be held at Syracuse, in the course of the present month, we find that the contest was exclusively between the Old Line Whigs, or Seward men, and the Know Nothings. Now, what had the Know-Nothings to do with this canvass which was purely confined to Whigs, unless they were Whigs themselves? We can readily imagine that the Know-Nothings do not like any such influence. But they have just as little right to like Judge BROOKS, whom it is understood they will support, if the Whigs nominate a Seward man, since BROOKS, like all good Democrats, has at hand any quantity of love and caleoun for our adopted citizens. Again, in Maine, the Know Nothings concentrated their votes upon a Free Soil anti Nebraska Democrat, electing him over a National Whig, in New York they used all possible exertions to defeat a Free Soil anti Nebraska Whig, and to obtain the nomination of a National Whig.

There is an inconsistency about these acts which we do not profess to understand. Were we Know Nothings, we would probably be unable to pluck out the heart of this mystery, but as ignorance, we can only record the facts and leave the solution to the ingenuity of the better informed. To us, it seems certain that the Know Nothings care very little for party names, and give their votes to either Whigs or Democrats as the case may be, upon the solo condition that the candidates whom they support are favorable to their peculiar notions, which, on the latter ground, is well. Meanwhile, if the Know Nothings do nothing else, they puzzle and terrify old politicians to death.

MAINE.

Accumulated disaster falls upon the Administration. The Maine brigade has been cut to pieces. The Democrats have lost everything. The latest despatches say that all of the Whig coalition candidates for Congress are chosen; that MORRILL, the fusion candidate for Governor, is elected; that the Democrats have not elected a single Senator, and scarcely a corporal's guard of Representatives. The Democratic papers themselves speak of the triumph of the Administrationists as overwhelming; and they the result is mainly attributable to the Know Nothings.

This is a victory which we can hardly say rejoice at. In a fair fight between Whigs and Democrats, we should have exulted at the triumph of the former; but National Whigs and anti Democrats in open success achieved by a monstrous coalition between Whigs and Free Soilers—just such a coalition as brought into the election of Mr. FISHER to the Presidency. As parties now stand in the New England States, it is almost a matter of indifference to Southern men which succeeds. Both parties are deeply infected with the anti Nebraska virus, and the only real difference between Whigs and Democrats who are now from the extract, has scarcely strength enough to stand a test.

☞ The Washington *Star* says that no treaty for the annexation of the Sandwich Islands has been received at Washington. This is very true, observes the *Tribune*, of the 13th, as the treaty probably arrived here yesterday in the Empire City.

SAVANNAH.—The deaths in Savannah, on the 17th inst. numbered 34, of which, 20 were from Yellow Fever.

☞ Two Native Americans of the Second Congressional district of Pennsylvania, have nominated Jacob L. Gunzler for Congress. The regular Whig candidate is Job R. Tyson, and the present member, Hon. Joseph R. Chandler. Whig has been nominated by his friends as an independent candidate.

WORDS, RECOLLECTIONS OF THE STAGE.—We are indebted to W. WHITE SMITH, Agent, for a copy of this interesting volume. It comprises a history of the American stage, and accounts of prominent actors in the last forty years, and is a perfect dramatic companion. Mr. Smith is desirous of obtaining a good Agent for the sale of the popular work in New Orleans. The terms may be known on application to the office of the *Bee*. See advertisement.

NEW WORKS.—Orders are done the job room of B. PETERS, through Mr. MAILLOT, bookseller and Paper, of the following new works:—*Power of Prayer*, on the history and adventures of Noel Lucas, by J. B. Jones. This is a work, strong, displaying counterfeits powers of evil, and an accurate and minute exposition of character. It is better worth read than many a volume from well known authors.

DUMAS AND FRENCH GOOSE.—The attention of the reader is called to the sale at auction of that fine work, THE DAY AND NIGHT SIDE, by Rufus Dawes, to take place THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, by Messrs. LEVY & DAVIS, and at their store, No. 31 Camp street.

THE CHOLERA IN VIRGINIA.—We regret to learn that the cholera has made its appearance at Martinsburg, Virginia, and has assumed a most fatal character. In the short space of three days, twenty-two deaths occurred in that place, scarcely a family escaping from its fearful visitation. The disease is not yet arrested. Among its victims was Col. Edmund P. Hunter, who, having contracted the seeds of the disease at Martinsburg, died at the Berkeley Spring, but after an illness of a few hours. Col. Hunter was a lawyer of high reputation in that section of the State, and, from the honest frankness and kindliness of his character, had won to himself a host of friends, whose deep regrets mingle with the tears of his bereaved family over his untimely fate.

THE MONTH OF VICTORIES.—On the 5th of September, 1813, the United States brig Enterprise captured the British brig Boxer in forty-five minutes. Perry's victory on Lake Erie, 10th of September, 1813. Chauncey's victory on Lake Ontario, 11th of September, 1813.—General Harrison captured Malden on the 23d of September, 1813. The British brig Avon was sunk by the United States sloop of war Wasp on the 11th of September, 1814. Macdonough's victory on Lake Champlain, 11th of September, 1814. Battle of Plattsburg, 12th of September, 1812. Defense of Baltimore, 12th and 14th of September, 1814. Brown's third victory, 17th of September, 1814. Truly, September has been a brilliant month of victories to Uncle Sam.

FIREWORKS.—A splendid exhibition of Fireworks will take place on Sunday evening next, in the Garden of the Church of St. Alvin. See placard. The object of the exhibition is to realize a moderate sum for indispensable repairs needed by the Church of the charitable and pious is respectfully solicited.

☞ The New York papers concede that the primary elections of the Whigs for delegates to the Syracuse Convention, resulted generally in favor of the Anti-Seward branch of the party. [Exchange.

LOUISIANA ITEMS.

The Opelousas *Courier* says:

On Wednesday last, whilst Mr. D. W. Martin of Washington, was at the cotton gin, accompanied by Mr. Felix King's daughter, a child about 4 or 5 years old, the unhappy child went too close to the machine, that she was caught by it, and her arm, in all his length was severed from her body. It is believed that the amputation will not be required.

We take the following from the Bienville *Times*:

Thay before yesterday, Mr. Archibald Collins, an honest, industrious, worthy citizen, living near this place, was suffocated in a well. He had been engaged in digging a well for Mr. William Key, about three miles from Mount Lebanon, and had gone down about 30 feet without finding water. During the previous day he had been down out a time or two, exhausted and faint from the effects of the damp, and was advised and urged by Mr Key not to go down again without great caution. When he returned next morning to renew operations, and was descending in a bucket lowered by a windlass, about half way down he called out to be drawn up. The windlass was reversed, but only turned some so inches before he fell out of the basket, overcome by the deadly gas, and could not be drawn up in time to be resuscitated, though every possible effort was made.

He leaves a wife and five helpless children in a dependent condition.

EUROPE.

News by the St. Louis and Niagara.

Yesterday's mails contained the full account by the *Africa* at New York, which Liverpool dates to the 30th ult., and copious telegraphic summaries by the *Niagara* at Halifax, with dates to the 2d instant.

THE WAR.

The Expedition to the Crimea was appointed to sail on the 30th August, although some reports stated the 30th. It was composed of 70,000 men, of whom 20,000 were Turks. The cholera was rather less virulent.

The damage done by the fire at Varna was estimated at half a million sterling, and the allied troops were put to great straits by the destruction of part of their Commissariat.

Dates from Constantinople, to the 17th August, do not confirm the defeat of the Turks at Kars.

On the 23d, Omar Pacha with 25,000 men and 30 guns entered Bucharest. His reception was enthusiastic.

A camp of 90,000 men (Russians) is to be established at Odessa. Russian has just prohibited the exportation of corn into Austria.

The cholera was very bad at Bucharest particularly amongst the French troops.

D'Hilliers had offered the King of Sweden, 14 millions of francs for the first month, and 7 millions for the succeeding months, as a subsidy, to be paid on his actively joining the Western Powers. The British Envoy had had several audiences of the King.

Letter from Constantinople of the 20th announce that a great battle had been fought on the 7th before Kars.

The result of the combat was indecisive.

The loss on both sides was reckoned at 5,000 men. Hassan Pasha was killed and Mustapha Pasha wounded, in the action.

Three Russian Generals were disabled.

General Baraguay d'Hilliers is raised to the dignity of a Marshal of France. "in consideration of the eminent services which he has rendered to the various circumstances of his military life."

The French Three per Cents. closed at 73f. 95c., and the 4 per cent.s Half per Cents. at 100, for the end of the month.

BY THE NIAGARA.

HALIFAX, Sept. 13.—The steamship Niagara arrived here at 11 o'clock to-night, bringing dates from Liverpool to the 2d instant.

The Arabia had not arrived out.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR.—Lloyd's has another heavy loss that Marshal St. Arnaud will leave Constantinople on the 2d, to take charge of the expedition to Crimea, which by that time would have reached its destination.

VIENNA, Friday.—Yesterday Prince Gorts obtained audience, and had a long conference with Count Buol, and requested similar explanations. Also notified him that he had communications to make to the Emperor in person.

The preliminaries were said to be settled.

There was also a question of an additional article to the Austro-Prussian Convention of April, which would perhaps place Prussia on a better footing with England, France and Austria.

A telegraphic despatch from Brussels announces the resignation en masse, of the Belgian ministry.

Evacuation of the Principalities.

The *Press* of Vienna has the following from Bucharest:—"Prince Gortschakoff has replied to the notification sent to him by the commander of the Austrian troops, of the entry of these latter into the Principalities, that Wallachia would be evacuated towards the end of August, and that then Moldavia would be evacuated as promptly as possible after."

The following extraordinary Russian order of the day was read to the garrison of Odessa on the 13th:

"His Majesty the Czar has ordered, in his high wisdom, that the troops which had entered Wallachia and Moldavia shall withdraw from those provinces, a d march to the points where they will be more useful."

The above received from the vine districts were neglected, and in general, the vintage will be totally inadequate to the ordinary consumption. The price of wine was therefore augmenting.

The Latest.

(By Sub-Marine and European Telegraph.)

PARIS, Tuesday.—Letters from Madrid of the 26th, announce that the Royal decree has appeared, suppressing the so called Juntas of Safety and Armament, which had been formed in the Provinces.

The Government also proposes to close the clubs.

Three per cents. 24 40.

A despatch from Bayonne of the 29th announces that the Spanish Government has obtained a loan of 85,000,000 of reals, secured on the revenues of Cuba.

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