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DAILY PAPER, (one year in advance,) $12 00
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In a country where money is scarce we must give one week's notice of stopping, before they can be allowed to discontinue.

The New Orleans Bee.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
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NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 6, 1854.

No. 9439 Vol. XI.—NEW SERIES
Vol. XXVII.—Whole No. 7489.

THE DAILY BEE.

Thursday Morning July 6, 1854

[illegible] Mail, came through yesterday [illegible] the latest dates.

WHY DON'T THEY ADJOURN!

[illegible] Congress adjourn," is a question [illegible] who take an interest in National affairs [illegible] frequently to ask. If the [illegible] Representatives could only feel [illegible] that the concern in their [illegible] speeches and debates, and how [illegible] we all are of the first, state and [illegible] questions for which the present session has been distinguished, we really [illegible] the charms of a protracted per[illegible] to the gratification of wound[illegible] the Honorables would agree to [illegible] together at the earliest convenience. [illegible] that this consummation devout[illegible] what were really for Congress has [illegible] this session that waste the pub[illegible] and their country breath. Yes, one [illegible] have done, for which they [illegible] grateful acknowledgements of [illegible] and Dissuasions. They have [illegible] Nebraska Kansas bill, and repealed [illegible] compromise. This is glory enough [illegible]. Consider how much reason [illegible] to congratulate themselves upon [illegible] achievement. By this act, they [illegible] national service to traitors, knaves [illegible] they have kindled anew the [illegible] discord—have broken up [illegible] the two great national parties [illegible] existence and antagonism [illegible] constitutional fidelity, and [illegible] their utmost towards the [illegible] a Northern and Southern party, [illegible] reckless of con[illegible] stirred by feelings of emulation [illegible] The best work the work of the [illegible] the guidance and ad[illegible] Administration, which in its [illegible] perversity and ignorance, could [illegible] that its policy would prove [illegible] of which it professes [illegible] that Congress had better now ad[illegible] the measure of its glory. [illegible] demagogues—all the stupid [illegible] the smooth perfidy of [illegible] smirking wickedness of [illegible] and frank treason of WADE, [illegible] Sovereignty of Southern rights de[illegible] to the public good.

Mr. Benton made a long speech on his propositions.

In the SENATE on the 27th, after some debate as to what business should be taken up, the Senate took up the Kansas and Nebraska Bill. [illegible] Legislature at Washington [illegible] for either the sayings or [illegible] and speeches assembled [illegible] Whole the Nebraska [illegible] there was enough of intemperance. Now that the serpent egg is [illegible] has crawled into life. [illegible] a composed [illegible] that they have forced [illegible] unnecessarily, a sectional [illegible] or may not be finally [illegible] and good sense of the [illegible] it has assuredly [illegible] attachment to the Union [illegible] to contemplate the possible [illegible] or to calculate [illegible] a few short months can [illegible] the ultra Southern [illegible] a sad picture. [illegible] business, we should [illegible] what Congress has done. [illegible] bill, nor any other [illegible] has been passed, and yet [illegible] lasted seven months. If [illegible] more, there is no [illegible] the actual business and benefit [illegible] believe that if such [illegible] it would be found that chronic [illegible] with which it is afflicted, [illegible] are as much the [illegible] Hotspurs. The only radical [illegible] a fixed and immovable [illegible] the waves of excitement [illegible] and stirring incident. [illegible] words is true.

[illegible] by Mrs Strickland. [illegible] the life of Mary Stuart. [illegible] in an eminent degree [illegible] the subject. [illegible] to another [illegible] Springs, Mar[illegible] and beautiful steam[illegible] Captain Warren A. [illegible] experienced officer. [illegible] never travelled [illegible]

[illegible] The exercises [illegible] to-morrow [illegible] to participate [illegible] Saturday the [illegible] place, begins [illegible]

Hot Weather.

[illegible] Tuesday, June 27, 1854.

[illegible] intense here to-day—the [illegible] reaching 96° in [illegible]

[illegible] Tuesday, June 27, 1854.

[illegible] hot in this city—the [illegible] the Exchange was as high as [illegible]

[illegible] Tuesday, June 27, 1854.

[illegible] in the shade ranged [illegible] some positions they were [illegible]

[illegible] Tuesday, June 27, 1854.

[illegible] excessively hot—the [illegible] morning 92° to the shade.

[illegible] We are indebted to an [illegible] Mr. John G. Kemp, pioneer on [illegible] river, and give evidence that [illegible] at any day, arrived at [illegible] Mr. Kemp appears to be considerably [illegible] that we have seen in [illegible] generally to Bonaparte [illegible] Fortunes Wing.

[illegible] a brilliant yesterday, the [illegible] between Cap. [illegible] the steamer Wm John. Jr. [illegible] Mr Daniel, the former received [illegible] from a bottle, laying upon his left side in the boat, from the shoulder to the [illegible] Though the wound of the captain is not necessarily fatal, it is—in the hot weather [illegible] dangerous. The difficulty, we [illegible] grew out of business matters.

By Telegraph!

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

[By the Southern Line.]

Death of Mr. Mitchie.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The Venerable Thomas Ritchie died in this city today, at noon.

Treaty Probably Rejected.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—It is reported but not positively known, that the reciprocity treaty negotiated between the United States and Canada by Lord Elgin and the Secretary of State, was on Saturday rejected by the Senate.

Cholera on the North.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Despatches from Boston report death of many persons having recently died there from Cholera. The disease is also carrying off considerable numbers in Ohio and in Philadelphia.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, July 3.—The Cotton market here has been quiet to-day. Middling Orleans is quoted at 9¾, and Middling Uplands at 10¼. Sugar and Molasses unchanged in price. Flour has been in good request, at $8 37½ @ $8 50 for good Ohio.—Corn dull and declining, with sales of mixed Western at 74 @ 77½c per bushel, and is lower and has sold in barrels at 94 @ 96c. P. B.

Convictions.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Captain Kehrmann, of the brig Ellen Maria, under trial before the U. States Court, has been found guilty of being concerned in the slave trade.

CONGRESS.

In the SENATE on the 26th ult., Mr. Clayton reported a bill in favor of the more efficient suppression of the slave trade in American built vessels, and spoke at some length on the subject.

Mr. Chase gave notice that to-morrow he would ask leave to introduce a bill to prohibit slavery in the United Territories.

Mr. Rockwell's Nebraska bill for the repeal of the fugitive slave law was taken up, and long and acrimonious debate ensued between Mr. Jones, Mr. Rockwell and Mr. Bunkin, after which the Senate adjourned.

In the HOUSE Mr. Benton offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the House will not consider the question appropriating two millions of dollars to carry into effect the Mexican treaty of December 30th, 1853, for the acquisition of foreign territory until it shall first have considered whether there was a breach of the privileges of this House in negotiating and concluding said treaty, nor until after the House shall have obtained full information of the negotiation and conclusion of said treaty.

Resolved, That the said treaty depending for its execution on a law of Congress to be passed on a subject submitted by the constitution to the power of Congress, it is the constitutional right and duty of the House of Representatives to deliberate on the expediency or inexpediency of carrying such treaty into effect, and to determine as to their judgment may be most conducive to the public good.

Mr. Benton made a long speech on his propositions.

In the SENATE on the 27th, after some debate as to what business should be taken up, the Senate took up the Nebraska Bill. Mr. Douglas made an animated and acrimonious debate ensued between the United States and the States of Maryland, Ohio and Massachusetts, after which the Senate adjourned.

In the HOUSE, a resolution to close the debate on the Mexican Treaty the next day was passed, and the remainder of the sitting was occupied with the discussion of the subject.

TEXAS.

By an arrival from Galveston, we have received files of Texas papers to the 1st inst.—We take the following items from our exchanges.

ANOTHER MURDER.—The Morning Star has an account of an affray which took place in Houston, on the Sunday evening last, between John Curtis and Joseph Wilks, in which the former was mortally stabbed, in the abdomen, with a knife, supposed to be in the hands of Wilks—it appears that no one saw the affair inflicted—Curtis died on Wednesday morning, and Wilks was immediately committed to jail to await his examination.

THE BRAZOS RIVER.—The Houston Morning Star, of the 29th inst., says the Brazos rose nothing at last accounts. It had overflowed the banks at several points, doing considerable damage. Some of the bottom fields were submerged and the crop destroyed.

UTAH COTTON.—We have been presented by Elder Harvey Stale Lake City, with a small sample of cotton, grown in Utah Territory. The staple is short, but the fibre is fine; and the color resembles that of the celebrated Sea Island variety. Upon the whole, it has more the appearance of Sea Marine wool, than cotton. In fact, we are informed, of the variety that is grown, to some extent, in portions of the Caucasus; the seed having been carried from that region to Utah, where it is said to grow finely.

CREMATED TO DEATH.—We regret very much to learn that Mr. John Gaines, of Cypress bayou, was crushed to death by the accidental rolling of a tier of saw logs into the San Jacinto river. Mr. Gaines was employed in preparing a raft, when by some means the chain fastening gave way, and the entire tier of logs passed over his body. We sincerely extend our sympathies with his deeply afflicted parents, who are among our oldest acquaintances in the county. The unfortunate young man was well and favorably known throughout the county.

The Grand Royal Arch Chapter of Texas closed its annual session at Huntsville on the 24th inst. The following are the officers for the ensuing year:

M. E., H. R. J. Cantrell, G. H. P., E. J. Harrison, D. Dep. H. P., E. Andrew Neil, G. King, E., G. Dwinelle, G. Scribe, G. Jno. J. F. Taylor, G. C. H., Comp. N. B. Ward, G. P. S., Jno. B. Austin, G. R. A. C.;——Chambers, G. M. Sidney, A. Dwinelle, G. M. 3d vell;——Pendergast, G. M. 1st vell, C. G. Keene, G. Treasurer, J. M. Hall, G. Secretary, H. Yoakum G. Orator, Rev. W. Phillips, G. Chaplain; James Sorley, J. M. Hall, Stewards; A. Hutchkiss, Sent. Road, G. Stewards; T. R. Bracken, G. Sentinel.

The Galveston *Journal* has the following:

☞ In our last we copied a paragraph from the Journal to the effect, that Mr E. H. Settle with some other persons intending to cross the bay to Virginia Point, on Sunday last, having a small boat and raft in tow, were wrecked near the mouth of Highland Bayou, and that one of the men, Mr. J. Johnson, came back to this Island and stopped at the house of Mr. Fornelius O'Connor. There have been various reports in circulation, has become of Mr. Settle and his companion, some apprehending that they were drowned.

We are glad to be able to remove any fears on this point. Mr. Fulliet arrived here last night from St. Louis Island, and passed the Nick Hill at Deer Islands. Mr. Settle and his companion were on board the Nick Hill. How they got there from their perilous situation in the bay, we are not informed. However, they are safe.

Since writing the above, we have been shown a note from Mr Settle to a friend in this city, to the effect that he had been on the wreck from Sunday 11 o'clock A. M., till Wednesday, when he was taken off, without a drop of water, or a particle of food. He had suffered almost death, and is now in a very low and prostrate condition. He acknowledges the great gratitude and the deepest obligation unto Dan. Harrison and his lady for their great kindness and attention.

The Nick Hill got too aground at Deer Islands by not keeping the channel which has not been marked out. We understand she has 150 bales of cotton on board. Mr. Fullett informs us there is no difficulty whatever in coming through the bay to the Canal, after leaving the shallow flats, through which Mr. Bradbury is now deepening the channel.

CHOLERA IN THIBODAUX.—The *Minerva* of Friday has the following:

In our last issue we mentioned that several cases of sporadic cases of cholera had appeared in different parts of the country. It has now become our painful duty to state that it has begun to assume an epidemic form on the plantation of Messrs Pauli & Darden, a short distance above this place. The number of deaths up to yesterday at noon was fifteen—The disease is confined exclusively among the blacks.

We copy the following from the same paper:

DIED FROM HEAT.—Mr. Sylvian Bandoin, a middle aged and respectable inhabitant of this parish, died from suffocation, at his residence on the Lafourche, on Wednesday evening last. We met with Mr Bandoin here on the morning of the day of his death. He was extremely complaining, sighing about three hundred pounds, it may be truly said that he died in affly death. He leaves numerous family relations and many friends to mourn his sudden demise.

SUICIDE IN MOBILE.—The *Advertiser* of the 4th says:

SUICIDE.—Coroner Strangler held an inquest yesterday over the body of a female, named Sarah H. Goff, who it seems deliberately committed suicide. She had prepared herself, purchased strychnine and written a letter stating her intention to take her own life, she went out into the porch of the house where she lived and called her neighbors to see her drink the poisonous draught. Before any persons could reach her she drank it down. Medical aid was immediately called in, but the poison had done its work and her spirit appeared unmoulded with this awful crime added to a catalogue of evils, before its bother. She was a woman of low character and died, as she lived, a sacrifice to purity and virtue, over whose dishonored grave few tears of regret will be shed. The verdict of the jury was in accordance with the above facts.

WESTWARD, HO!—We hear that a company from the State of Maine have recently purchased 40,000 acres of land in Wisconsin for the purpose of cultivation and improvement, and pay $5 per acre, or $200,000. This tract of land is principally in Grant county. It was ceded in 1836 by a son of the Earl of Selkirk, who is now British Consul at Bayreu. The immigration into the new State is now very great. The wheat fields are standing up thick and strong, in some places even with the fences, and look well. It is predicted that one more good crop of wheat, even at one dollar a bushel, and Wisconsin will be the wealthiest State in the Union, in proportion to her population.—*Belfast (Me) Free Press.*

EXTRAORDINARY TRIAL OF A KENTUCKY LAWYER.—Last week Jefferson Davis, a prominent lawyer of Greenupsburg, Ky., was tried on a charge of grand larceny, under the following circumstances: A man named Stanley Cherry was in court, and mischievously leaving his pocket book on a table, it was drawn on it, and finally secreted in all. The pocket book was afterwards offered by a negro to Davis, and a part of the money in it was found on the person of Davis. On the trial, counsel for defence argued that there can be no larceny of lost property, cannot be the subject of theft, and that Cherry was a prisoner made to stepped speech. He was acquitted.

OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, June 29, 1854.

You will see by the proceedings of Congress that the Senate on Monday, rejected the House bill fixing the compensation of the session on Monday of last October. This being the case, it is the bill is now presumable that the present session will not last at least to the first of September, which is very little profit, I fear to the country.

I mentioned in my last, the inflammatory debate that arose in the Senate on Saturday or rather on the intemperate and provocative speeches made by Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, and Sumner of Massachusetts; they were sorry that Mr. Butler and Mr. Mason thought proper to enter into the discussion and notice in any way Mr. Sumner's remarks; they were unworthy of notice from them. Mr. Pettit too, thought proper to step in on the arrival of Mr. S., and Mr. Jones is well known for his use of language, and in want of dignity and decorum. It is the Nebraska debate over again, with increased asperity. One harsh word provokes another, and this a third, and so on, the language excitable and less judicious always have the first to be provoked and to say provoking things. On this account, I sincerely wish Congress would adjourn and go home—they have done infinite mischief in stirring up sectional feelings, and exciting sectional animosities, and the longer they stay here the more mischief, I fear they will cause.

Is the great misfortune of the country that the hot-heads and tenetics of both sections, for they are fanatics on both sides of Mason's and Dixon's line, find the slavery theme, and sectional questions of all kinds the most profitable subjects upon which they can "Buncomb" for political capital at home; and the more vehemently and intemperately they denounce slavery on the one hand, and abolitionists and abolitionism on the other, the more they are commended by that intemperate class at home, who ever most admire and applaud him who runs to the greatest extreme, and most lustily shouts those whom they are taught to consider enemies. Instances of freakishness of the same national family. This is the exact name of more than two thirds of all the inflammatory sectional speeches made in Congress. The slavery question has not only been the hobby upon which a great many members of Congress have ridden into the Capitol, but it has been the means of keeping men here who would, but for it, have been left at home; and yet their constituents cannot or will not see how deeply their representatives are interested in keeping up sectional agitation, north and south. Would to Heaven the people *would* see this and put an end to it; but they will not, and I fear the consequences.

Speculations are rife here and elsewhere as to the future organization of parties, both the old ones being very much disorganized and deranged. Some Southern Whig papers have proposed that the Whigs of the South should unite with the Democrats of the South, and a few of the organs of the latter have been coaxing and wheedling them with conciliatory smiles and honied words.

But the Richmond Enquirer comes out flouted and frowned at this idea, and it wants no alliance whatever with Southern whigs." No true friend of the democratic party, it says, "will countenance an alliance with whigs. Men of loose principles, and settlement of accounts never may propose the *unhallowed union*, but the suggestion will be resented by all who have at heart the interests of the democratic party, and have the mind to distinguish between wisdom and absurdity. It was the age who went hunting with the fox, and paid the penalty."

After this insulting rebuff, I presume no whig who has a spark of self respect left, will propose such a union as that which is here scouted and spit upon.

On the other hand, some of the inflammable, addle-pated whig editors at the North, who are ever ready to run off with "one idea," had no one, have proposed that the whigs of the North should affiliate with the freesoilers, and unite with them form one party;—to be headed and led, of course, by the most rampant freesoilers and abolitionists. I know many men who so fiercely defeated Henry Clay in 1844, and whose most strenuous efforts have been exerted to destroy the whig party for years back. But these men, feeling that an opportunity has been given them to agitate the country upon their favorite topic, and thinking that they can now raise a whirlwind and themselves to direct the storm—deceiving themselves like the fly upon the carriage wheel, into the belief that they are kicking up a terrible commotion, will laughly self sufficiency spurn the alliance of those silly whigs who would go over to them "and with an air of disdain, toss them by."

So much the better. And now let the Whigs of North and South, true, conservative, national—not *abolitionized* or *secessionist*—Whigs—take counsel together. They are not, and never can act apart. They have not the same old Whig feelings and sympathies, and can easily frater[illegible] if they will. We may yet tell me that Bell and Fillmore, Clayton and Collamer, Hayne and Hunt, Taylor and Etheridge, the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser and the New Orleans Bee, the Albany Register and the Mobile Advertiser, the Philadelphia Daily News and the N. O. Bulletin and the N. O. Crescent, the N.Y. Express and the Nashville Whig—and I might pair off fifty or a hundred more conservative men upon the general principles of a common party? It is idle to say, that it would be more trouble if it were impossible to combine together for the public good hereafter. There is nothing in the way but the present heated conditions of individuals, and the control of conflicting interests and feelings, and exciting sectional animosities, and the longer they stay here the more mischief, I fear they will cause.

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[illegible]

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

NEW HAMPSHIRE LEGISLATURE—Concord, Tuesday, June 27, 1854.—A Committee of five was appointed to inquire into certain charges made against the Constitutions in attempting to bribe members, and of dragging their liquor; and a bill having special reference to the punishment of bribery and corruption was introduced.

The whole forenoon was spent in debating the Anti-Nebraska resolutions, but no decision was come to.

FIFTH ACT—AN INFERNAL MACHINE.—Cincinnati, Tuesday, June 27, 1854—Last evening a box was sent to the Marine Hospital, corner of Longworth street and Western row, and deposited in the room of the Steward, G. H. Allison. About 10 o'clock the Steward and his wife going alone in the room, opened the box, when it exploded with terrific force, mangling the bodies of both in a horrible manner. Mrs. Allison had both her arms blown off and her skull fractured, while Mr. A. was dreadfully mangled. The furniture, windows, ceiling of the room, &c., were shattered to fragments. The indications are that the box contained a bomb-shell of about six inches in diameter. No clue has yet been discovered of the perpetrator of this hellish act.

SECOND DESPATCH.

The Allisons are both dead. Mr. A. made a statement before his death, which, with the information obtained to-day, will probably lead to the detection of the guilty parties. It is said that a fellow named Cowell committed a murder some time ago, and that Allison was acquainted with the facts; consequently he is supposed that Cowell desired to take Allison's life. The description given by the letter of Cowell answers that given by the boy who delivered the box of the person from whom he received it.

CINCINNATI, Monday, June 26, 1854.—A duel occurred at Ripley, Ohio, on Saturday night, arising out of the murder of a coffee-house throwing rather high into a temperance meeting. The temperance men rifled the coffee house, and then visited all the liquor shops in the town, and threw the stock of liquor and gave up the business were assaulted. No fires were set.

The weather here is oppressively hot, and besieges very dull.

KINGSTON FELONITUL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Buffalo, Tuesday, June 27, 1854.—A rumor is prevalent in this city and at Niagara Falls that a serious accident has occurred on the Great Western (Canada) Railroad, and that some of Illinois persons have been killed. The rumor needs confirmation.

LATER FROM THE COAST OF AFRICA.—Boston, June 26.—The barque Tallyho, from the coast of Africa, has arrived, and reports the loss of the Constitution at Port Praya, short to sail on a cruise. The express Frederick Douglass, Philip ship, were lost before the same time.

Mr. Martin, Jr. and Angelo Martin, Jr., were sold—sentenced on a charge of selling liquor to slaves, but the charge was not sustained, and the case was in consequence dismissed.

DECEASED.—Edward Grover, Jr., sustain having been an alliance with whigs. Mr. Grover was ticked and nearly killed last night by a large gang of Irishmen who were in pursuit of some cow; crying out, "there is the d—d Yankee." Tuttle told them he was a Yankee. He had two of his ribs broken, and was otherwise terribly beaten. Several streets have been made.

THE ERIE RAILROAD STRIKE.—New York, June 26.—The Engineers on the Erie Railroad have acceded to the demands of the company. Yesterday at 4 o'clock the rule adopted for immediate discharge of an engineer who leaves his locomotive off the track. The entire business of the road will be resumed to-morrow.

PROPELLER ASHORE ON LAKE HURON—Buffalo, June 24—The propeller Bacopelers, was beached upon sands on Lake Huron, while on her passage down with a valuable cargo of flour and corn. It is thought she will be got off. The loss is covered by insurance.

DWELLING DESTROYED BY FIRE—Montreal June 26.—The dwelling of Mr. Chisholm at Coburg, has been destroyed by fire.

THE CHOLERA IN THE WEST—Cincinnati, June 26.—The cholera has broken out at Independence, Mo. Twenty-five died in the preceding the 20th, there had been three deaths. There had been several fatal cases at St. Joseph's, Weston, and other places along the river.

DESPATCHES FROM GENERAL GADSDEN—RESPECTING OF U S STOCKS—APPOINTMENT—WASHINGTON, June 26—The purser of the U S steamer Fulton, which has arrived off the Chesapeake Capes from Vera Cruz, reached here this afternoon with the conveyance. He brings important despatches from Gen. Gadsden, the purport of which has not yet transpired. It is understood they relate to the treaty and our relations with Mexico.

There has been received here this morning four hundred thousand dollars worth of United States stock for redemption, chiefly from New York.

I learn from good authority that Darwin M. Stapp has received the appointment of Collector of Salem district, Texas.

We have usually hot weather here to-day. The thermometer in the shade is 92 degrees, and going upwards. To keep cool is a matter of considerable difficulty, especially with those who are in the temperance list, and debarred the privilege of julaps. Our city is remarkably healthy.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—The St. Louis *Republican* of the 28th ult., Night before last a most heart-rending and distressing casualty occurred on the Levee. The circumstances connected with it are as follows: A family, whose name is Bond or Hanman, arrived in this city some five or six weeks since from Illinois. The father, a tailor, intended to open a cutter by trade, and has been working at his business since his sojourn in this city. The day on which the accident occurred he had engaged passage on the steamer Audubon for the purpose of going to Gelson where by desire his brother-in-law, lived, consisting of himself, wife and four children, two little girls, a boy about nine years of age, and an infant about six months old. He engaged passage for his wife, her infant and the two little girls in cabin, with the boy he and the boy went on deck. That night meet[illegible] with some of his old friends from the old county (the family are from Kentucky) he indulged rather freely, and his stay was protracted so long that his wife became uneasy, and went on shore for the purpose of ascertaining, if possible, the cause of his delay. The distress of the poor woman, on ascertaining that her husband had fallen overboard, and at least probably drowned, was so great as to deprive her of her reason. The boat was then ready to leave the shore, and the poor woman, in her frenzied state, jumped on board, and ran to the cabin, where she found her children, and, in her frenzy, threw herself with them into the river. Two persons, who were on the boat, jumped in after them, and succeeded in rescuing the children, but the poor woman sank to rise no more. The children were taken to the hospital, but he died a few hours after.

An uncle, who was in the city at the time, and who was immediately committed to jail to await his examination.

THE BRAZOS RIVER.—The Houston Morning Star, of the 29th inst., says the Brazos rose nothing at last accounts. It had overflowed the banks at several points, doing considerable damage. Some of the bottom fields were submerged and the crop destroyed.

UTAH COTTON.—We have been presented by Elder Harvey Stale Lake City, with a small sample of cotton, grown in Utah Territory. The staple is short, but the fibre is fine; and the color resembles that of the celebrated Sea Island variety. Upon the whole, it has more the appearance of Sea Marine wool, than cotton. In fact, we are informed, of the variety that is grown, to some extent, in portions of the Caucasus; the seed having been carried from that region to Utah, where it is said to grow finely.

CREMATED TO DEATH.—We regret very much to learn that Mr. John Gaines, of Cypress bayou, was crushed to death by the accidental rolling of a tier of saw logs into the San Jacinto river. Mr. Gaines was employed in preparing a raft, when by some means the chain fastening gave way, and the entire tier of logs passed over his body. We sincerely extend our sympathies with his deeply afflicted parents, who are among our oldest acquaintances in the county. The unfortunate young man was well and favorably known throughout the county.

The Grand Royal Arch Chapter of Texas closed its annual session at Huntsville on the 24th inst. The following are the officers for the ensuing year:

M. E., H. R. J. Cantrell, G. H. P., E. J. C. Harrison, D. Dep. H. P., E. Andrew Neil, G. King, E., G. Dwinelle, G. Scribe, G. Jno. J. F. Taylor, G. C. H., Comp. N. B. Ward, G. P. S., Jno. B. Austin, G. R. A. C.;——Chambers, G. M. Sidney, A. Dwinelle, G. M. 3d vell;——Pendergast, G. M. 1st vell, C. G. Keene, G. Treasurer, J. M. Hall, G. Secretary, H. Yoakum G. Orator, Rev. W. Phillips, G. Chaplain; James Sorley, J. M. Hall, Stewards; A. Hutchkiss, Sent. Road, G. Stewards; T. R. Bracken, G. Sentinel.

The Galveston *Journal* has the following:

☞ In our last we copied a paragraph from the Journal to the effect, that Mr E. H. Settle with some other persons intending to cross the bay to Virginia Point, on Sunday last, having a small boat and raft in tow, were wrecked near the mouth of Highland Bayou, and that one of the men, Mr. J. Johnson, came back to this Island and stopped at the house of Mr. Fornelius O'Connor. There have been various reports in circulation, has become of Mr. Settle and his companion, some apprehending that they were drowned.

We are glad to be able to remove any fears on this point. Mr. Fulliet arrived here last night from St. Louis Island, and passed the Nick Hill at Deer Islands. Mr. Settle and his companion were on board the Nick Hill. How they got there from their perilous situation in the bay, we are not informed. However, they are safe.

Since writing the above, we have been shown a note from Mr Settle to a friend in this city, to the effect that he had been on the wreck from Sunday 11 o'clock A. M., till Wednesday, when he was taken off, without a drop of water, or a particle of food. He had suffered almost death, and is now in a very low and prostrate condition. He acknowledges the great gratitude and the deepest obligation unto Dan. Harrison and his lady for their great kindness and attention.

The Nick Hill got too aground at Deer Islands by not keeping the channel which has not been marked out. We understand she has 150 bales of cotton on board. Mr. Fullett informs us there is no difficulty whatever in coming through the bay to the Canal, after leaving the shallow flats, through which Mr. Bradbury is now deepening the channel.

CHOLERA IN THIBODAUX.—The *Minerva* of Friday has the following:

In our last issue we mentioned that several cases of sporadic cases of cholera had appeared in different parts of the country. It has now become our painful duty to state that it has begun to assume an epidemic form on the plantation of Messrs Pauli & Darden, a short distance above this place. The number of deaths up to yesterday at noon was fifteen—The disease is confined exclusively among the blacks.

We copy the following from the same paper:

DIED FROM HEAT.—Mr. Sylvian Bandoin, a middle aged and respectable inhabitant of this parish, died from suffocation, at his residence on the Lafourche, on Wednesday evening last. We met with Mr Bandoin here on the morning of the day of his death. He was extremely complaining, sighing about three hundred pounds, it may be truly said that he died in affly death. He leaves numerous family relations and many friends to mourn his sudden demise.

SUICIDE IN MOBILE.—The *Advertiser* of the 4th says:

SUICIDE.—Coroner Strangler held an inquest yesterday over the body of a female, named Sarah H. Goff, who it seems deliberately committed suicide. She had prepared herself, purchased strychnine and written a letter stating her intention to take her own life, she went out into the porch of the house where she lived and called her neighbors to see her drink the poisonous draught. Before any persons could reach her she drank it down. Medical aid was immediately called in, but the poison had done its work and her spirit appeared unmoulded with this awful crime added to a catalogue of evils, before its bother. She was a woman of low character and died, as she lived, a sacrifice to purity and virtue, over whose dishonored grave few tears of regret will be shed. The verdict of the jury was in accordance with the above facts.

WESTWARD, HO!—We hear that a company from the State of Maine have recently purchased 40,000 acres of land in Wisconsin for the purpose of cultivation and improvement, and pay $5 per acre, or $200,000. This tract of land is principally in Grant county. It was ceded in 1836 by a son of the Earl of Selkirk, who is now British Consul at Bayreu. The immigration into the new State is now very great. The wheat fields are standing up thick and strong, in some places even with the fences, and look well. It is predicted that one more good crop of wheat, even at one dollar a bushel, and Wisconsin will be the wealthiest State in the Union, in proportion to her population.—*Belfast (Me) Free Press.*

EXTRAORDINARY TRIAL OF A KENTUCKY LAWYER.—Last week Jefferson Davis, a prominent lawyer of Greenupsburg, Ky., was tried on a charge of grand larceny, under the following circumstances: A man named Stanley Cherry was in court, and mischievously leaving his pocket book on a table, it was drawn on it, and finally secreted in all. The pocket book was afterwards offered by a negro to Davis, and a part of the money in it was found on the person of Davis. On the trial, counsel for defence argued that there can be no larceny of lost property, cannot be the subject of theft, and that Cherry was a prisoner made to stepped speech. He was acquitted.

LOCAL ITEMS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

ARREST OF A FUGITIVE.—William Sullivan, who in former times used to figure in the dock as a minor house runner and Catholic street lowly, is now under arrest on a charge of having swindled Orleans lawyer in Boston out of a large sum, while he (Sullivan) was taking over the Mississippi River on the New Orleans Bank, from P. A. M. to 10 P. M. Some need apply who cannot come well recommended. J. L. WIRRAY, Constable.

Southern Bank,
New Orleans, 1st July, 1854.

THE Board of Directors, at a meeting held yesterday, declared a dividend of four per cent upon the capital stock, payable in this city, on and after the 15th inst., to the Stockholders Stockholders at the Bank of America in New York, or their legal representatives. By order,
J. L. WIRRAY, Cashier.

S. C. O. F. Entertainment of Politics.

THE members of this Fraternity are hereby notified that a special meeting for the purpose of election of officers, will be held on FRIDAY, the 7th instant, at 7½ o'clock, P. M., in the usual Hall, Freemasonry is requested. By order,
H. CAILLE, Secretary.

NOTICE.

MR. ROMAN BRODIER, No. 8 St. Louis street is our sole agent in the Second Ward.
ALEX. GRAILBE,
GEORGE B. FRALIGH.

Lovely Green Corn and Tomatoes.

A dividend of ten per cent, has this day been declared, payable forthwith 1st July, 1854.
A. J. FORTIALL, Sec'y.

REMOVAL!

P. DUREL & CO., respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have removed their Stationery store to No 27 Chartres street, a few doors below the corner of Conti street, where they formerly resided. They trust themselves of this opportunity to inform the public that their stock has been almost entirely replenished, embracing of the greatest assortment of Stationery in this city, which they offer at the lowest market prices. P. DUREL & CO.

NOTICE.

DURING my absence from New Orleans, Mr F. Judet
J. GIRAUD, 44 Old Levee.

RICHARD ALDRGE & CO., have removed from No. 47 Chartres street, to Chartres street.

A SPWARD will be given to the finder of a Gold Lever, and a gold of Lading endorsed to the undersigned.
THOMAS FINCY.
No 20 Canal st.

To the Merchants of the West.

THE undersigned, having been appointed Agent for the distribution of the
LOUISIANA ANNUAL REPORTS,
would inform that the Seventh Volume is ready for delivery.
B. SLOMFIELD.
Or address J. B. STEEL,
42 Cherry street.

THE undersigned intends the old concern that he continues the grocery business for his own account, and will be pleased to receive his friends for Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Western Produce, Segars, &c., will be filled with the best articles, and at low prices. Call and see for yourselves.
CHAS. P. OLIVIER.
Cor Orleans, July 3, 1854.

VIRGINIA, Gentlemen.

Corner Conti and Carondelet Sts.

THE Gentlemen's Furnishing Store, formerly owned by Thomas Kelly Esq., is now conducted by the undersigned, Corner Conti and Carondelet streets, to all the remaining stock of the Late firm of Kelly & Co., which is now offered at very reduced prices. Gentlemen will find a full and superior assortment of Shirts, Cravats, Stocks, Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, which for reasonable reputation, cannot be surpassed. Call and see for yourselves. Remember the place, Corner Conti and Carondelet streets.
T. P. MAGNAN, 25 St Louis st.

BRANDIES—Henry Robin's, 1831 and 1835, Martell's, 1st proof, H. Dupuy's, 1st proof, old Imperial, for sale by R. FALANDOR, 181 Royal street.

PAINTS AND COLORS—The subscribers Agents for Lawrie Paints and Colors, offer a full assortment at man