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The New Orleans Bee.

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THE DAILY BEE.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE.

Saturday Morning, Nov. 13, 1852.

THE NORTHERN MAIL came through yesterday with the latest dates.

The Duty of the Whigs.

It is apparent from the nearly complete returns, that the majority of the Democratic party in Louisiana will be considerably below the anticipations of many of the Pierce men, and will in fact be scarcely more than the difference between the real Whig strength in New Orleans and the actual state of the polls here. The triumph of the Democracy in Louisiana has been brought about almost exclusively by the causes to which we referred yesterday. Singularly enough, with few exceptions, the Democratic parishes have done very well for the Whigs—witness Natchitoches, Caddo and the Red River country in general. Had New Orleans, Opelousas, Attakapas and the whole line of parishes on the Mississippi river fulfilled their duty, the verdict of the State would undoubtedly have been reversed.

We are admonished by these facts that it is fully within the power of the Whigs of Louisiana to carry the State, whenever they are united and harmonious. A very important contest will take place in the course of a few weeks—more important, if we regard its immediate influence upon the welfare of our State, than the one which has just passed. We allude, of course, to the election of a Governor, members of the Legislature and other State and District officers, under the new constitution. Under the auspices of the Whig party that constitution was formed, through their exertions, mainly, has it been ratified; and unless they think fit to surrender the State to the adversary, the first election under that instrument, ought to, and will result in favor of those who first inscribed "Reform" upon their banners, and embodied it practically in the new organic law.

We hope and believe that, undismayed by the temporary triumph of Democracy, the Whig party of Louisiana will at once prepare for a vigorous campaign. Whig Whigs of this city have been called upon by the Central Committee to assemble in their several Wards on Wednesday the 24th inst., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Legislature, delegates to the State Convention and delegates to the Senatorial Convention of the city. We cherish the belief that our Whig friends will be properly alive to the importance of the occasion. We earnestly entreat the leading Whigs residing in the different Wards to give the weight of their personal influence and counsels to these primary assemblages. Let our mechanic, our professional men and our active and social Whig citizens take the trouble to be present at the period referred to. Their advice will act as materially in making proper selections, and will moreover encourage and cheer the hearts of many a timid temporary. We hold that the delegates to the State Convention should be left uninstructed, for the whig favored us, thus far, expressed any marked preference for a single aspirant; and when the representatives from the various sections of the State meet together at Baton Rouge, they will be able to compare opinions, and decide on the claims of the nominees of a standard bearer in the approaching canvass, who will be certain to elicit the warm and enthusiastic support of the entire party. We must go into this contest with men in whom we can repose unlimited confidence, and who, we can feel, are likely by their talent, experience and popularity to lead us to victory. Better would it be to give up every thing to the opposition, than to maintain a sanguine and spiritless struggle, under candidates whose nomination would be equivalent to defeat. In these remarks, we disclaim all personal allusion—we have no particular person in our mind. We merely suggest what seems to us to be a judicious course, and are most anxious to witness the political redemption of Louisiana, and in our humble judgment this great object can only be accomplished by placing before the Whigs of our State the highest talent and character, and the most liberal, and comprehensive principles. Nominate such men, we will be enabled to show Locofocoism, that while the Whigs slumbered in November, they awoke in December, like a giant refreshed with sleep.

☞ A very large meeting of the Clay Monument Association, was held last evening at the Hall of the Mechanic's Institute, at which address were delivered by several prominent gentlemen in behalf of the patriotic object of erecting a monument to the memory of HENRY CLAY.

SHIP CAROLINE AND MARY CLARK.—This ship, which has been ashore some three or four days at South Point, and had her passengers and baggage taken on board the new blast Hercules, and was lightered about one foot, was blown off on the morning of the 11th inst., about 8 o'clock, during a fresh wind from the South West, without receiving any damage, and was brought to the city yesterday by the Tow Boat Louisville.

☞ Twenty bales of cotton from J. Nalle's plantation, came down on the Southern Belle yesterday, consigned to J. J. Wright & Co. From cotton is a superior staple, our bale from the same place was sent to the World's Fair last year, and was awarded the first medal.

BLAT RECEIPTS OF COTTON.—The following number of Bales were received at this port, yesterday, by the annexed boats, viz:

Y Planters, 2,376. Aleck Scott, 223; Natchez No. 2, 967. Glendy Burke, 3,067. Bells Down No. 2, Crispin, 1,264. F F Kimball, 589. Frank Lyon, 2,516. D B Mosby, 1,277. Lelia No 2, 761. Rockaway No 2, 2,113. Lioness, 170. Orleans, 311. Mary Foley, 1,000. Natchez No. 3, 1,000. Southern Belle, 2,937.—Total, 22,535 Bales

NEW CANADIAN CABINET.—From the following despatch, which we find in the Mobile *Advertiser*, we take it that North Carolina has certainly gone for PIERCE:

RALEIGH, Nov. 9th—9 A. M.

All but six counties have been heard from—Scott has twelve hundred votes still to come in, and it is not probable he will be able to do it. Pierce's majority, it is estimated, will be about one thousand. The Whigs give up the State.

A SIGN OF THE TIMES.—Gerrit Smith, the notable abolitionist—a man far more dangerous, because more capable, than Giddings—has been elected to Congress from the Oswego and Madison district—having defeated his Whig and Democratic competitors. The district gave PIERCE 900 majority.

☞ The official vote of Philadelphia city and county is as follows: For Pierce 26,022, Scott 6,616, Hale 636, Broome (Native) 1,148. The above gate vote is 1,345 short of the last Presidential election.

PROFESSOR BARTLETT'S ACOUSTICS AND OPTICS.—This treatise on two very important branches of Natural Philosophy, namely, Acoustics and Optics, by Professor Bartlett of West Point, is one of the most concise, correct, and highly creditable, as is his other work on Mechanics to the talented author. The subjects are well arranged, following, as it were in geometric order; the enunciation is clear and comprehensive; the diagrams abundant, and well executed; the formula used in the process of demonstration plain, and nothing introduced, but what appertains to the subject. Of all books we have seen published on the science of optics, the present is the most lucid and instructive admirably adapted to the present advanced stage of science, and the student, already acquainted with Geometry, Trigonometry and Algebra, can, by means of it, become his own teacher. Schools and Colleges cannot adopt a better work on the sciences of which it treats; and the type, paper and general appearance of the book, reflects credit on the publishers, A. S. Barnes & Co., No. 51 John street, New York. We wish it as extensive a circulation, as its high merits deserve.

NEW JERSEY.—The result of the election in New Jersey, gives the Democrats a U. S. Senator in place of the Hon. JOHN W. MILLER, Whig. The members of the House of Representatives elected are: NATHAN Y. STRATTON, CHAS. SKELTON, SAMUEL LILLY, GEORGE VAIL and ALEX. C. M. PENNINGTON, all Democrats but the last named.

KANSAS TERRITORY.—A letter of ex Senator BENTON, from Washington, published in the St. Louis papers, brings prominently forward the idea of making a new territory on the Kansas river, extending south to the Arkansas, and, we presume, north to the Platte, and west to the Rocky Mountains.

New York Congressional Election—Twelve Whigs, twenty Democrats and one Abolitionist are elected to represent the Empire State in the next Congress. In the present Congress the Delegation is equally divided, each party having seventeen members. The State loses one member under the new appointment. The names of the members elect are as follows:

1	James Maurice, Dem	18	Peter Rowe, Dem
2	T. W Cummings, Dem	19	Samuel Gordon, Dem
3	Hiram Walbridge, D	20	O H Matteson, Whig
4	Silas Wash, Dem	21	Elisha B Smith, Dem
5	Wm R Tweed, Dem	22	Darwin Phelps, Abo
6	John Wheeler, Dem	23	Francis Mundy, Dem
7	Wm A Wheeler, Dem	24	*Daniel T Jones, Dem
8	Fran k Cutting, Dem	25	*Daniel T Jones, Dem
9	Jared V Peck, Dem	26	J H Woodin, Dem
10	*Wm Hamersley, W	27	John J Taylor, Dem
11	Thos R Westbrook, D	28	William Taylor, Whig
12	*Gilbert Dean, Dem	29	Ananias Sandy, Dem
13	Samuel Hope, Whig	30	Jeremiah Russell, D
14	Reuben W Peckham, D	31	T F Flagler, Whig
15	H B Stanton, Whig	32	*Gerrit Smith, Dem
16	G A Simmons, Dem	33	G B Crosbie, Whig
17	Elbridge Perkins, Dem.		

*Members of the present Congress.

☞ The receipts of city and country papers is called to the sale of one hundred and fifty packages and one fresh imported Sausage and Almond on Dry Goods, this day, at 10 o'clock, by Vincent & Co., at their Auction Rooms, No 43 Bienville street, without reserve. 47

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

The British Mail Steamship *Africa*, Capt. BYRNE, arrived at New York at 8 o'clock, on Thursday morning, the 4th inst., from Liverpool, which port she left on the 23d ult., at half past three o'clock in the afternoon.

The general items of intelligence, though three days later than those brought by the *Pacific*, are of very little importance.

In British political matters, the only incident of sufficient interest to notice, is a letter published by Joseph Hume, in which he deprecates any movement in favor of the ballot, *per se*, which he thinks would divide the liberals and prove detrimental to a more comprehensive measure of Reform. The Manchester Free Trade Banquet is to be held on the 3d November, and over fifty members of Parliament have signified their intentions to be present. The London *Morning Herald* announces that Government has no intention of reviving the active powers of the Church Convention. The *Herald* adds that the story was got up for a bet, on the Stock Exchange, for the purpose of imposing on the *Times*.

The preparations for the funeral ceremonies of the Duke of Wellington continue on the most extensive scale.

Lord Derby has been installed as Chancellor of the Oxford University.

FRANCE.—The accounts from Paris state the most interesting topic of discussion in political circles to be the succession of Louis Napoleon. All, however, that is rumored or affirmed upon the subject is mere conjecture.

An Imperial Guard of 10,000 men will, it is said, be formed from select battalions of the army soon after the Imperial election.

M. Morlot, Archbishop of Tours, and late Bishop of Orleans, has been elevated to the dignity of cardinal.

The Presse says that M. Brouckere having failed in forming a Ministry for Belgium, M. de Theux has been commissioned to undertake the task. The Presse thinks that a Ministry under de Theux's auspices, if formed, will speedily fall to pieces.

The Chronicle says the Turkish Envoy in Paris, has been recalled, and that the excessive demand made by France, caused Turkey to resort to Russian influence.

Advices received in Paris state that the small pox is raging fearfully in Corfu.

The French naval force in the Levant, is, for the future, to be composed entirely of steam vessels.

It is generally believed that the coronation of Louis Napoleon will not take place before May, 1853.

The Empress's new title is to be "Emperor of the French, King of Algeria, and Protector of the Holy Places," which latter title supposes to be intended to give him a pretext for meddling in the affairs of the east. The project for erecting Algeria into a vice royalty, is more than ever talked of, and it, it is said, will be the post on which the President is particularly tenacious.

Prince Lucien Murat, is again spoken of as the future Viceroy.

——Another page
To the upon the back of the Sheet

PARLIAMENTARIA, Nov. 5.

RESPITE OF SKUPINSKI.—Efforts were made to obtain a respite for Blaise Skupinski from Gov. Bigler, it having been reported that Kaserner, the murderer of Mrs. Wilson, and not Marshal Keyser heard the same report two days since and sent an officer to Easton who reports that the murderer of Mrs. Wilson is dead and is buried in the blessings and prayers of the one emergent, as he leaves the tombs and ten pole of his father's church of which he was the foundation on the distant frontier. It has introduced the blessings of civilization, and the comforts of religion into the primeval wilds, and barren deserts of Africa, and caused

——Another page
To the upon the back of the Sheet

of that darkened and ill fated continent. It has been heard amid the shock of battles, and caused the serried hosts of despotism to fly from the sublimity of its prayer. It has hovered like a guardian angel over the blood-besprinkled plains of South America, and the beautiful isles of the Ocean, desolated by war, and silenced the wail of sorrow in almost all the world. It has borne into far distant lands and upon the bosom of every sea—and, wherever the stars and stripes have floated, its influence has been made, and the man suspected proved to be a man formerly in custody here, and discharged on account of the witness not being able to identify him.

The respite having been read to the prisoner, he replied—it is a thing confidently expected, and did not express the emotion usually felt or expected on such an occasion. He did not even express thanks to the sheriff until suggested to him by the priest, when he thanked him for so.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.

CANADIAN RAILROAD ENTERPRISE.—The upward measure of the New Brunswick Legislature authorizing the loan of £200,000, after having passed the railroad bills. In consequence of this event, a salute of 100 guns was fired on the Isle of the St. Croix river, at Calais and St. Stephens.

The Halifax and Windsor Railroad Companies have contracted with Messrs Sykes & Co., of Rochdale, England, to build the road at £5,000 per mile. The company has thus secured the road for nine years after its construction. The price to be paid for the road is to be seven per cent. on the cost; the next three years 6 per cent, and the last three years 6 per cent.

The road is to be a Government work, and to be paid for in provincial debentures, bearing 6 per cent interest.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.

FUGITIVE SLAVE CASE.—There was a further hearing this afternoon before Commissioner Ingraham, in the case of George Bradley, claimed as the property of Joseph Bradley, of Prince George county, Maryland. Ample evidence was given to fully identify the fugitive. The argument in the case commences to-morrow.

CHESTER, Nov. 5.

INTERESTING ACCIDENT.—Mr. Purvis, the architect of the Chester Hotel fell yesterday morning at Birdsboro, from the top of the scaffolding between the pillars, on the granite foundation of the portico below,—a distance of nearly fifty feet. He received very severe injuries though fortunately his fall was partly broken by some timber and scaffolding. Had such not been the case, he must have been instantly killed. When taken up he was speechless, but medical aid being immediately rendered by Dr. Graham, he recovered his senses, and should nothing unforseen occur, is now in a hopeful way of recovery. Though seriously bruised it is ascertained that no bones have been broken.

REFUSED TO RETURN.—A Quaker made an affidavit yesterday before Recorder Sentzenich, charging one Soby, a colored man, with refusing to give up a watch which had been entrusted to him. The accused was arrested.

VAGRANTS.—Elizabeth Cheese and Ludolous Lippe, arrested as vagrants in the Tenth District, were sent yesterday, by Recorder Wintzel, to the Work House, the former for three months, and the latter thirty days.

ASSAULTING AND MAIMING.—Arthur McGuiner and John Dwyer, first and third mates of the ship Atlantic, were arrested yesterday in the Tenth District on the charge of having assaulted and cruelly maimed two of the crew of said vessel, on her passage from Havre. Commissioner Scarlet has not yet investigated the charge.

DISCHARGED.—D. L. Lewis, whose arrest on a malicious charge of perjury, for swearing to a false affidavit on his application for the steamship Isabel Webster, was described by us yesterday, has been discharged.

SPEAKING OF OTHERS.—John Latz may have found out on what steamboat his brother Wenzel, the man who was arrested some four months ago, as I discharged for want of evidence. The clip-ping in his despatch respecting Blaise in case the man is arrested, is good, but he has severer who returned stating the facts, when the Governor sent another despatch respiting Blaise until the 23d of December.

It is generally suspected that the respite has been obtained through a trick. Information was sent to Gov. Bigler stating that Kaserner had been arrested in Easton, whereupon the respite was made, and the man suspected proved to be a man formerly in custody here, and discharged on account of the witness not being able to identify him.

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