The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE. — NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 23, 1852.

THE DAILY BEE.

FOR PRESIDENT,
WINFIELD SCOTT,
of Virginia.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WM. A. GRAHAM,
of North Carolina.

THE COMPROMISE. WHIG PLATFORM.

8. The series of acts of the 31st Congress, commonly known as the COMPROMISE or adjustment, (the act for the recovery of fugitives from labor included,) are received and acquiesced in by the Whigs of the United States, as a final settlement, in principle and substance, of the subjects to which they relate, and so far as these subjects are concerned, we will maintain them, and insist on their strict enforcement, until time and experience shall demonstrate the necessity of further legislation to guard against the evasion of the laws on one hand, and the abuse of their powers on the other—not impairing their present efficiency to carry out the requirements of the constitution; and we deprecate all further agitation of the questions thus settled, as dangerous to our peace, and will discountenance all efforts to continue or renew such agitation, whenever, wherever, or however made—and we will maintain this settlement as essential to the nationality of the Whig party and the integrity of the Union.

THE CONTRAST.

Gen. Scott.	Gen. Pierce.
Also, I am dead for the Constitution—dead for the Union—dead for the Compromise—and dead against any man who is opposed to them, or either of them.	I have been asked if I loved this Fugitive Slave Law. I answered no, I loathed it. I have a most revolting feeling at the giving up of a slave; the law is opposed to humanity. It is contrary to moral right.
Speech of General Scott before the Mississippi Delegation.	Speech of General Pierce at Manchester (N. H.) on the 2d January, 1852.

☞ The Mail failed yesterday from beyond Charleston.

GEN'L SCOTT AND THE BEE.

Our neighbor the Courier, amuses itself, and possibly its readers, by pointing at the head of its column, and by making frequent editorial reference to the opinion of the Bee respecting the popularity of Gen'l Scott in Louisiana, and the paucity of his friends in this State—opinions uttered in advance of the nomination. [illegible]

[illegible]

Moreau Gottschalk.

Our contemporaries generally, have apprised us that Moreau Gottschalk, the celebrated pianist and composer, will shortly revisit his native locality, after an absence of twelve years. His welcome throughout the land will, we are persuaded, be most enthusiastic. Here, on his natal soil, and amongst the companions of his youth, he will be greeted with an ardor that will beggar all mere artistic ovations.

Moreau Gottschalk is the eldest son of a worthy and well-known citizen of New Orleans. In very early youth, he evinced an extraordinary talent for music, and his father placed him under the care of Mr. Letellier, a distinguished teacher, who, perceiving the wonderful capacity of the boy, determined to ground him thoroughly in the principles of the science. Accordingly, when little more than an infant, Moreau was a better musician than one half of the professed instrumentalists of the day. At the close of these preliminary and too often neglected studies, young Gottschalk was, to his great delight, allowed to learn the piano, and in a year or two made such immense progress in overcoming the mechanical difficulties of the instrument, that his performances were the admiration of all who heard him. Even at that early period, he displayed the germ of that infinite taste, delicacy and feeling, and of that vivid and wondrous flow of musical inspiration, which has since expanded into greatness. His teacher finally informed his parents that he had nothing more to impart to his pupil—that Moreau possessed the sacred fire of genius; and that it must be transplanted to a more propitious soil, to be properly nurtured and fostered.

Accordingly, the youthful artist was sent to France, and placed in charge of the celebrated Stamati—himself a distinguished pianist and eminent teacher of thorough bass and counterpoint. Under the judicious guidance of Stamati, Gottschalk toiled indefatigably for years, acquiring profound professional knowledge, learning to improve his taste and cultivate his judgment, and completing the circle of arduous study by which alone genius can be rendered practically great. A year or two ago, he appeared in public in the critical and fastidious city of Paris, and at a single stride, occupied the very highest seat on the platform of musical excellence. His compositions took every one by surprise. They bore the strongest impress of originality, and of an active and brilliant imagination, and were replete with a tenderness and pathos peculiar to himself. His execution, sensibility, consummate and exquisite taste, profound conception and unrivalled facility amazed the connoisseurs and extorted unstinted panegyrics from such giants as Thalberg and Liszt. He has subsequently visited most of the cities of France—has traversed Switzerland and Spain—has played before Royalty, and has everywhere and invariably created a furor scarcely short of that which Jenny Lind inspired in America.

Moreau Gottschalk is yet a very young man. His age does not exceed three or four and twenty. His person is prepossessing, his manners engaging, his demeanor modest. He has the diffidence of true genius, and is unaffected even by his most splendid triumphs. We predict for him a career of unsurpassed brilliancy in the United States.

Mr. Editor:—Most of the Locofoco papers emphatically deny the historical existence of that fainting fit to which their gallant standard bearer succumbed on the field of Contreras. We are half inclined to admit that the circumstance—though vouched for by credible eye-witnesses—is open to doubt, on the principle that "Ex nihilo nihil fit."

GENERAL SCOTT'S PAY.

The New York Express examines the Union's figuring of General Scott's account with the United States, for forty-four years, and says:

"The adequate current General Scott has with the country, if Mr. Merriwether had been properly answered, would stand pretty much in this wise:

The United States in account with General Winfield Scott:

DR.	CR.
A series of brilliant strokes on the frontier in 1812, Lundy's Lane included.	A Captain's or Colonel's pay.
Services among the Cherokees.	A General's pay.
Services in the Black Hawk War.	A General's pay.
Services in Florida War.	A General's pay.
Bloodless services in Nullification times (1832)	A General's pay.
Services on the Canada Frontier.	A General's pay.
Services in Maine, in the "Aristook War."	A General's pay.
Vera Cruz, Cerro Gordo, Contreras, Chapultepec, Churubusco, Molino del Rey, La Garita, City of Mexico.	A General's pay. A Recall. A Court Martial.

For these great services in Mexico, beyond even what Cortez rendered Spain, his reward was, as was the reward of Cortez, the ingratitude of the Administration of the Government of his country. The General's pay, it should be remembered, too, is less than what a President of many a Railroad Board has, or even less than some first-rate Clerks.

The country can never pay General Scott in money for the services he has rendered. The mines of California even are not rich enough to do it, though won they were by his valor before the City of Mexico, and conquered by the treaty dictated before his army and his sword. The Union figures up General Scott's having had—exaggerates it, rather, we should say—the sum of $680,377 and eighteen cents. [Don't forget the cents!] Well, what if he had, for forty odd years' services, all this sum? [Is it not as much as the 'Union' will make out of the Printing job.] What has he done for it? Let history answer all that. Has he not earned it, every cent? Would three hundred thousand dollars even pay for the way he turned the tide of dishonor and victory at Lundy's Lane, or half pay even for that brilliant, that inestimable and glorious series of victories his profound military talents and consummate abilities achieved from Vera Cruz to Mexico? We will trust this account to the People; for the more they think of it, the less they will think of paying Pierce with the Presidency for victories Scott's genius won."

☞ The Whig Barbacue, at Alexandria on the 18th, is described by a correspondent of the Crescent as a numerous and enthusiastic gathering. We copy several passages from his letter:

As before remarked, the morning of Saturday was unfavorable, and sanguine whigs feared that the people from those portions of the parish of Rapides, at a distance of many miles from Alexandria, would be prevented from coming into town and witnessing the great "Pole Raising." But it turned out that their fears showed that these gentlemen had not measured the full length of enthusiasm in the country. Early in the morning, the most responsible and spirited [illegible] of Rapides were seen on horseback and in family carriages, in every avenue to Alexandria, and before eleven o'clock, A. M., such a congregation and aggregation of the fair ladies and brave men of Rapides, were assembled, as had not been witnessed in Alexandria, for a time of [illegible]. The "Pole-Raising" was witnessed with much interest, but never did a party emblem rise more gracefully, and crowd with more "pride of place." The "Scott and Graham" pole was erected while the huzzas rent the air. Well might the Whigs have shouted. The Scott and Graham pole is planted at a distance of ten yards above (on the bank of Red River,) the "Pierce and King" pole. Appropriately, the "Scott and Graham" pole, surmounted by the American eagle, looms up towards the skies a long way above the "Pierce and King" pole. The difference in the size and majestic appearance of the two poles is in proportion to the difference in the positions of the two candidates. The yeomanry of Louisiana, when passing Alexandria, will ponder when they see these two poles.

The meeting was organized, by the appointment of G. H. Godden, as President, who upon taking the Chair, delivered a stirring and eloquent speech. He then, says the writer, introduced Mr. Henry Hays, who made the best political speech ever made by a man of his years in Louisiana.

[illegible]

Eruption of Mount Ætna.

Messina, August 25.

... the ascent of Ætna, the grand spectacle. The ... Catania, and got a few officers obtained a short leave of absence on the occasion. The amateurs afforded by the splendor of the fire works, &c., well repaid them, but more than all the magnificent irruption of Ætna, which since 1843 had been reposing in tranquility, added an interest to the voyage that none expected.

... his relatives have kindly authorized our availing ourselves of his spirited communication:

At 5 P. M. of the 25th August, a party of English, with three guides, three muleteers, and a servant, together with 11 mules, left Nicolosi with an intention of ascending Mount Ætna, and taking a shelter at the Casa Inglese. At 11 o'clock the party in excellent spirits, reached the Bosco, where they put on their light clothing.

Passing the Bosco about two miles, the huge crater below Ætna, called the Colossi, glared awfully, and sheets thrown up large bodies of fire and smoke. Immediately after Ætna vomited forth its fire and ashes, and as the wind set towards the Casa Inglese, it was not prudent to seek its friendly shelter, as in all probability it would be destroyed; their course was therefore changed, the Colossi being now the point to which it was directed.

The weather, which has been very cold, was increasing in its comfortless intensity, and when travellers had got above the height of the Casa Inglese, in a narrow defile, of which sand and small lava were the component parts, they were overtaken by a hurricane so violent that in an instant seven mules and their riders were blown over, and not only so, but to render the scene more terrific, it was afterwards found that they were blown to the edge of the crater.

For the gentlemen to descend in search of their companions was the result of a moment's decision. At this time the scene was indescribably grand—heaven and earth presented one magnificent glare of light—Ætna above vomiting its sulphuric flames, the Colossi below belching forth its dense masses of smoke, lurid from the embers below, the huge mountain pouring out from its interior, prolonged moanings, without the hurricane roaring in all its mighty and awful majesty.—Overthrown their knees and hands, unable to face the violence of the hurricane, the gentlemen sought the ladies, who were not discovered and collected together till after a search of thirty minutes. They were then placed under covers of lava, their light clothing literally blown off their backs, and a pyramid of living beings was formed around them for their safety and protection.

As by magic, the scene suddenly changed. An earthquake shook the land. Up jumped the guides, bawling their emphatical avanti! avanti! (get on! get on!) and mules from their keepers, were abandoned to their fate, the hurricane increased in strength—the scene around was too majestic for contemplation, too diversified for description—in ten minutes the little party had fallen from sheer exhaustion on the pointed lava. To face the wind charged with sand and small stone, was beyond power. In this manner, two hours passed away, and most anxiously did they look for the approach of dawn.

Within the crater, which some of the party had courageously examined, forty small furnaces were burning awfully; these, as they reached Cantania, seemed to amalgamate, and one vast issue appeared to carry destruction to some villages and pasture lands, which, as reported, has been seriously injured.

Often has the indomitable courage of the soft sex, when tested, been proved to be greater than that of man. Nothing, on this occasion, could equal their more than heroism. On setting forth on their return, the sharp points of the lava presented no obstacle; courageously did they undertake their six mile walk, regardless of all inconveniences, and reached the Bosco at 7 A. M., when, after an abstinence of 16 hours, a hasty dejeuner was a welcome event. After spending a few minutes in this employment, they continued their journey by mules, and reached Nicolosi by 10, whence they started for Catania, which they reached at 2:30 P. M.

Advance of the Cholera in Europe.—The accounts from Warsaw, Poland, are of the most distressing character. The cholera has raged there with unprecedented violence. On the 16th ultimo, the number attacked was 402, of whom 207 died, and 1,474 cases were under treatment in the hospitals of the city. From the first appearance of the disease about one-half of the attacks had proved fatal, but a slight improvement in the returns gave some hopes that its fury had abated. But, however distressing these accounts are, it is far more alarming to learn that this frightful malady is advancing westward.

From Landsberg it seems threatening Breslau, and its progress towards Berlin is watched with deep anxiety, whilst northwards, along the whole course of the Vistula to the Baltic, the inhabitants of the numerous towns and villages have been carried away in great numbers. In some villages two-thirds of the inhabitants have perished. At Berlin the alarm is very great, and medical men have been dispatched to the frontiers to use their efforts to stay the pestilence. As the course of this distructive disease is precisely that which marked its track in former years, the next accounts are looked for with great anxiety.

A letter of the 17th, says that the cholera, at present committing such ravages in the neighborhood of Kalisch, arose from making some excavations in the cemetery of Lask, near Kalisch, where the victims of cholera of 1832 were buried. Almost immediately after leaving work several of the workmen employed in the excavation were seized with the epidemic, which has spread with great malignity.

Danish Tyranny in Germany.—The Savannah Georgian says: A German gentleman has handed us the following translation from a letter of a friend at Altona in the Duchy of Holstein, Germany, near Hamburgh. It will be understood that the King of Denmark is also the Duke of Holstein.

"The Danes have put a garrison composed entirely of Danish troops to keep subordination in the city of Altona. The commanding officer of which is the notorious Du Plat, rendered so distinguished about a year since, by an order commanding the civilians in Schleswig to take off their hats to every soldier of the Government even down to a private, arresting and whipping those who dared to disobey. This order the Danish Government was obliged to revoke, but sustains its spirit by placing this Du Plat over a body of troops in this city."

Romantic Incident.—In the recent calamity on the Hudson a husband admits that he told his wife to let go her hold, or he should be drowned. She generously obeyed and sank to rise no more.

A High Bid Rejected.—In the speech made by the Hon. John M. Clayton, at the ratification meeting held in Wilmington, Delaware, on the 23d of June last, he stated as a fact which he knew to be true, that Gen. Scott at the close of the war with Mexico, was offered the Presidency of that nation for five years, and the sum of one million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, if he would take the control of Mexican affairs; which offer he is said to have rejected in the following language: "I am an American soldier, and my blood has been freely shed for America, and shall be shed for no other country on earth. I will die for the Americans, but for no other people God ever made. The Presidency of Mexico, the empire offered me by Mexico, cannot seduce me from that love of my native land with which, thank God, I was born, and which I have retained from my earliest infancy to this day."

We have frequently seen the facts above stated referred to in the public prints, but this is the most authentic account of the matter which we have seen published; and it cannot longer be doubted, that the Mexicans did endeavor to induce Gen. Scott to assume the government of Mexico, and that he declined. This fact is a satisfactory refutation of the charge that he is so greedy of gain, as to have obtained money improperly from the public treasury—and in the face of the ... Mr. Clayton, Mr. ... introduced his contemptible resolution to ascertain the amount of money which had been paid to Gen. Scott.

No man in the United States has acquired a higher military renown than Gen. Scott; nor do we believe that he has been guilty of a single act during his long term of service which should bring discredit on him. Without reference, then, to his present position as a candidate for the Presidency, it is due to him and the nation that he shall not be misrepresented. Before he became a candidate he stood fair in the eyes of every one. Political opponents and friends were equally loud in his praise. And why should his being a candidate subject him to false charges and foul slanders? If he be not qualified for the office for which he is a candidate, reject him; but do not attempt to destroy his well-earned reputation.—Bull. Clipper.

Passengers Sailed.—The steamship El Dorado, Capt. Baxter, for Aspinwall, sailed yesterday morning at 8 o'clock, with the following passengers: [illegible]

☞ The following is a list of the passengers by the Empire City: [illegible]

City Intelligence.

Day of Atonement.—This day is considered by our Hebrew brethren one of the most sacred and solemn of the year, and is commemorated by religious ceremonies of a peculiarly impressive character. It is styled in the language of the "chosen people" "Yom Kippur"—literally "Day of Expiation." The Israelites fast rigorously from sundown on the evening previous, until starlight on the next evening. They abstain utterly from food and drink, and pass the interval in their respective temples, offering up supplication and prayers to the Most High, and invoking his clemency for past errors. So sacred and obligatory is this occasion regarded, that it is not uncommon to see Israelites residing in the interior—a distance of one hundred miles—to be present in the synagogue and to participate with their brethren in the imposing observances of the day.

Population Statistics.—The complete population statistics of the First District, according to the late returns are as follows:

Male White Persons.

Age—From	1 to 5 inclusive	2,193
	6 to 16 "	4,499
	17 to 20 "	[illegible]
	21 to 30 "	[illegible]
	31 to 40 "	[illegible]
	41 to 60 "	[illegible]
	61 to 70 "	[illegible]
	70 and upwards	121
	Total	[illegible]

Female White Persons.

Age—From	1 to 5 inclusive	[illegible]
	6 to 16 "	[illegible]
	17 to 20 "	[illegible]
	21 to 30 "	[illegible]
	31 to 40 "	[illegible]
	41 to 60 "	[illegible]
	61 to 70 "	[illegible]
	70 and upwards	71
	Total	[illegible]

Free Colored Males.

Age—From	1 to 21 inclusive	545
	22 and upwards	415
	Total	960

Free Colored Females.

Age—From	1 to 21 inclusive	705
	22 and upwards	600
	Total	1,305

Male Slaves.

Age—From	1 to 21 inclusive	1,146
	22 and upwards	[illegible]
	Total	[illegible]

Female Slaves.

Age—From	1 to 21 inclusive	[illegible]
	22 and upwards	[illegible]
	Total	[illegible]

Recapitulation.

Total white population	[illegible]
Total free colored population	2,225
Total slaves	4,545
Total population	[illegible]
Total number of voters in the 1st district	6,178

Inquest.—An inquest was yesterday held on the body of the colored boy Theodule, aged 14 years, found in the river two miles below Algiers. Verdict, accidentally drowned. The deceased was the servant of the late Dr. Trieou, and was drowned while on Sunday last.

Embezzlement.—Otto Manser, was yesterday sent by Recorder Seuzeneau, before the First District Court, to answer to the charge of having fraudulently appropriated to his own behoof $163 00, collected by him for soap sold for and on account of Jos. Lenever.

Shameful.—Joseph Url, was yesterday convicted before Recorder Seuzeneau, of having with malice prepense killed a diseased Cow and exposed her carcass for sale in the Port market. The beef was thrown into the river and the wicked butcher was fined the moderate sum of $10.

Running a Saw.—Jean Lestrade, was arrested in the Third District, to answer to the charge of having stolen a cross-cut saw worth $6, belonging to M. Parouil.

Charge of Larceny.—Recorder Genois yesterday issued a warrant for the arrest of Billy Belcher, a wight who is supposed to have stolen tobacco, silver and ... the property of Henry White, a seaman on board the ship Garrick.

Unbecoming.—Diego Lopo, stands charged before Recorder Genois, with having drawn a knife on his wife Ellen, and improvidently cut her on the right arm. The brute was ...

Wormwood.—Mrs. Dumeaux was yesterday complained of before Recorder Genois, for having cruelly beaten and kicked Marie Dirois, a vegetable vendor in the Treme market. Warrant issued.

Outrageous.—Recorder Genois yesterday fined Edward Scott $20 for having a few nights since, entered the house of George Creson, on Claiborne st., where Mr. C's sister lay dead, and after blowing out the lights in the room, drawing a knife and threatening to kill one of the inmates.

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

BEE OFFICE, Wednesday Evening, Sept. 22, 1852.

COTTON.—There has been but limited demand to-day in the Cotton market, and the sales do not exceed 2,500 bales. We continue to quote:

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION—LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI. [illegible]

TOBACCO.—The market continues very firm, and the demand has been good within a day or two past, resulting in sales of 700 to 800 hhds at the range of our last quotations.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.—We have noticed only the usual limited retail sales to the trade at former rates.

FLOUR.—Prices have been firmer, and small lots of St. Louis superfine have brought $4 25@$4 37½ bbl.

GRAIN.—The supply of Corn is very light, and is held at full prices. Oats are firm, and the sales include 300 sacks St. Louis at 36 ℘ bushel.

PORK.—Holders continue to realize $21 50@$21 75 ℘ bbl. for Mess in retail parcels.

LARD.—The rates are depressed, owing to a falling off in the demand, and the transactions have been on a very limited scale.

BACON.—Sides have sold at 9¼, and Shoulders at 8¼ ℘ lb., the latter being firm at our quotations.

COFFEE.—Rio is held at 9¼@9¾c ℘ lb. The stock has been increased by the arrival to-day of two vessels from Rio de Janeiro, with cargoes of over 10,000 bags.

WHISKEY.—We have noticed small sales of Rectified at 19@20c ℘ gallon.

CANDLES.—The rates for Star Candles are holding upward, and 200 boxes sold to-day at 33c ℘ lb.

FREIGHTS.—100 bales Cotton have been shipped to Liverpool, at ½d.

EXCHANGES.—We quote:

EXCHANGE OUT DOOR. [illegible]

Steamboat Departures—This Day.

Red River	Guadalupe, Kay	5 P M
Red River	Sydonia, Vennell	5 P M
St Louis	Bride, Robertson	5 P M
Vicksburg	D S Stacey, White	5 P M
Watering Places	California, Eustis	9 A M
Texas	Yacht, Thompson	9 A M
Red River	Pitser Miller, Carlisle	5 P M
Yazoo River	Arkansas, Stevenson	5 P M
Ouachita	Osceola, Kirby	5 P M
Mobile	Oregon, Mairs	12 M
Covington	Lenora, Dunnica	12 M
Watering Places	Ophelia, Gries	12 M
St Louis	Columbus, Smith	5 P M
Columbia	C E Wathlen, Frost	5 P M

Twelfth Howard's Reports.

REPORTS of the Supreme Court of the United States for December Term 1851, volume twelfth, just received and for sale by ALEXANDER LEVY & CO, Law Book Sellers and Stationers, 21 Camp street.

COOKING STOVES AND RANGES.

800 COOKING STOVES AND RANGES, either for Coal or Wood, of a large variety of patterns and sizes, at prices varying from $3 50 to $250.

—ALSO—

Just received and in store, WESTERN COOKING RANGES, requiring no setting and working with the greatest perfection. These Ranges are recommended for their solidity and economy of fuel. The whole for sale at reduced rates, by B. HAUTJE & CO., 25 Conde street.

Linen Goods for Mexico.

LANDING from ship Laplandian from Liverpool—6 cases Britanias; 12 do Crees; 6 do Estopillas; 3 do Verona Handkerchiefs.

—ALSO—

50 packages of linen goods, consisting of Irish Linens and Sheetings, Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Linen Checks, Table Cloths, Towels, Napkins, Ma..., Hollands, &c. O. R. GRAHAM, 84 Gravier street.

HEATING STOVES.

1200 HEATING STOVES of every pattern and size, of prices varying from $3 to $60, for sale by B. HAUTJE & CO.

GRATES! GRATES—1200 Grates complete, of a great variety of patterns and sizes, for sale at prices varying from $3 50 to $40. ... B. HAUTJE & CO.

[illegible]

SUNDRIES.

CHITTENDEN & DAMERON have recently received ... Carpeting ... Velvet Tapestry, Wilton carpeting ... CHITTENDEN & DAMERON, 26 Chartres and 27 Custom-house st.

Notice. PERSONS who have given goods to be dyed or cleaned at the Dyeing Establishment of J. Herley, on Conde street ... are requested to call ...

For Sale—On Account of Departure. THE splendid Dyeing Establishment of J. Herley ...

NEW IMPORTATIONS. JOSEPH H. PALMER & CO., Wholesale Dealers, No. 42 Camp street. JUST received by recent importations a large and well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, ... From the city and country dealers, we solicit an examination of our stock.

Penmanship and Book-Keeping. ... RUFUS DOLBEAR, 56 Canal st.

GOODS FOR THE MEXICAN MARKET— ... O. R. GRAHAM, 84 Gravier st.

Carpet Warehouse—44 Chartres Street. ... A. BROUSSEAU & CO.

NOTICE. THE undersigned, successor to Loreilhe & Co., ... FAURES & NORMAN, corner Royal and Customhouse.

BRANDIES ... EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

TEAS—100 packages ... J. J. HART & CO., 79 Tchoupitoulas street.

LONDON PORTER ... J. J. HART & CO.

Twenty Dollars Reward. ...

HERRINGS—100 barrels pickled ... SECCOMB, VOORHIES & CO.

MUSCAT WINE ... FRED LOBDO...

Coal..... Coal..... Coal. PERSONS desirous of laying in their winter supply, can obtain Pittsburgh COAL ... C A MILTENBERGER, Agent.

TH. MOREAU, 70 Chartres street, ...

CHAMPAIGN—30 baskets ... EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.

PORT WINE—10 quarter casks ... EUG. ROCHEREAU.

HOLLAND GIN—5 pipes Holland Gin ... EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.

EXPECTED DAILY—Per ship Archibald, from Bordeaux ... ANT. GIRAUD.

CUBEAC, J Augustin ... E. CARUZAC & CO., 20 Old Levee.

DAILY expected per ship Trimeund, from Marseilles ... ANT. GIRAUD.

DAILY expected per ship Archibald from Bordeaux ... PAUL, JUGE, FILS & CO.

NOW LANDING ... JOS. LANATA.

[illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Notice. REMOVAL.—The HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, have removed from No. ... JAMES E. WHEELER, Secretary.

Office of the New Orleans Insurance Company. New Orleans, Sept. 16, 1852. THE Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of 10 per cent on $100 per share, payable on demand to the stockholders or their legal representatives. J. TOYES, Secretary.

Light House Notice. THE Light House ... GEO. C. LAWRASON, Collector and Superintendent of Lights.

Notice to Mariners. ... GEO. C. LAWRASON, Collector and Superintendent of Lights.

Whig General Executive Committee, corner of Commercial Place and Camp street, over the Crescent Insurance Company. ... 76 Tchoupitoulas st.

Land Office of Louisiana. Baton Rouge, April 7th, 1852. ... W. H. CRENSHAW, Register.

To Consignees Merchants. LARGE offices for rent. ... THEODORE FROIS, 14 Canal street.

The ship SHARON, Morthens, master from Bordeaux, is now landing ... V & E MAIGNAN, 85 St Louis st.

Notice. THE undersigned offer for sale ... DE POUILLY & GAGNET.

A New Edition of Martin's Reports. ... J. B. STEEL, Publisher, 60 Camp street.

TH. MOREAU, HAS the honor to inform the public and the city and country traders generally, that he has received ...

Anthracite Coal, Cargoes to Arrive. ... SPENCER FIELD, 18 Poydras street.

LANDING from ship Eagle from Havre ... A FINE ASSORTMENT OF PERFUMERY. ... E. E. MOUGIN, Druggist.

Mr. St. Marc. GIVES lessons in the French language and literature, and in Mathematics. ...

To Close Various Consignments. 50 Barrels White Wine; ... L. MAJESTE, Commission Merchant, 115 Chartres street.

THE UNDERSIGNED informs his customers ... J. B. DUCRET, Grocer, 14 St. Louis street.

DAILY EXPECTED per ship Vaubon, from Bordeaux ... PAUL LACROIX.

[illegible]

RAILROADS.

Notice to Contractors. Office N. O., O. G. W. R. R. Co., ... PROPOSALS will be received ... JAMES G. GIBBES, Chief Engineer.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS. New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company. SEALED PROPOSALS will be received ... JAMES CLARKE, Chief Engineer.

New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad Company. SUBSCRIBERS to the Stock of this Company are hereby notified ... BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Sec'y.

Notice to Contractors. SEALED PROPOSALS will be received ... JAMES G. GIBBES, Chief Engineer.

New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company. SUBSCRIBERS to the Stock of this Company ... JOHN CALHOUN, Secretary.

Land for a Depot at Algiers. New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Rail Road Company. NOTICE is hereby given ... BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Secretary.

Notice—Mr. D. PERES, Apothecary, ...

F. FRYER, No. 54 Chartres Street. ...

ARNOUX. No. 14 Pontalba Buildings, corner St. Ann and Conde streets. ...

Drugs, Dye Stuffs and Chemicals. ...

STRAW AND SILK GOODS. Isaac Sawin, 44 Camp st. ... ISAAC SAWIN.

Coal. TWENTY THOUSAND bbls best Pittsburg coal, ... McBEAN, WILLARD & CO.

Paper Hangings! Paper Hangings!! No. 22 Conti street, between Chartres and Old Levee streets, near Conti St. Hotel. ...

DUNTZE & IKEN, 93 and 95 Royal street, corner Conti. HAVE lately received, and offer for sale— ...

To City and Country Retailers. WE are now receiving ... JOSEPH H. PALMER & CO.

Havana Produce. SUGAR—White and Colorado, of superior quality. ... DELVIGNAS & MORENO.

F. A. ... Canal street ...

WHITE WINE ... WINES ... EXPECTED ...

[illegible]

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership formerly existing in this city under the firm of Fr. Clavel & Co. ... FRANCOIS CLAVEL, AUGUSTE JOBARD, FRANCOIS GUIGNARD. New Orleans, September 6th, 1852.

Messrs Clavel & Jobard have formed a copartnership under the style of Clavel & Co., ... FRANCOIS CLAVEL, AUGUSTE JOBARD.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—From and after this date, the Partnership existing in this city under the firm of CHASSAIGNOL & BOULEGER ... F. M. CHASSAIGNOL, JULES BOULEGER.

Dissolution. THE partnership heretofore existing ... ALEXANDER LEVY, FRANCIS COOK, BENJ. LEVY. New Orleans, 1st August, 1852.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership under the style of AVET BROTHERS ... FRED. AVET, J. B. AVET, J. AVET.

Partnership Notice. F. FRYER informs the public that she has taken in partnership Mr. and Mrs. Berry ...

Land for Sale. THE whole or part of a tract of Land ... M. PETCHAUD.

Fresh Warranted Seeds. T. BACHELIER, Gardener, Horticulturist, Botanist, ... Asparagus, Cabbage, Lettuce, Leeks, Oyster Plant, Cauliflowers, Beetroot, Water Cresses, Onions, Peas, Thyme, Turnips, Spinage, Radishes, Endive, Parsley, Chervil, Beets. ...

J. MENARD, 181 Old Levee, between Hospital and Barracks. French Garden Seeds—Crop of 1852. ...

A. W. Faber's Polygrades Lead Pencils. BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS! ...

P. SAUVEROID, ...

On Account of Fire. GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES. A. BARRAUD, 40 Chartres street ...

Ex Ships ... HAVE just received ... E. TATOUT & CO.

HUNGARIAN ... EXPECTED daily per ... ANT. GIRAUD.

English and Scotch Canal Coal. THREE HUNDRED TONS ... SPENCER FIELD, 18 Poydras st.

ANTHRACITE COAL— ... SPENCER FIELD.

Pittsburgh Coal. TEN Thousand bbls fresh Pittsburgh Coal of the very best quality, ... SPENCER FIELD, 18 Poydras.

TO THE PUBLIC. MR. A. L. PLOUGH, SR., DENTIST, NO. 28 CANAL STREET, A few Doors from the Corner of Royal. LONG and advantageously known to the citizens of New Orleans, ...

Pittsburgh Coal. 60,000 BARRELS afloat and in yard, for sale ... G. A. ... Agent, 45 Tchoupitoulas Walk.

NEW GOODS. ADOLPHE BLACHE, 20 Royal street, between Canal and Bienville streets. ...

Nouveaux Livres ...

[illegible]

WANTS, LOST, ETC.

Wanted. A French Gentleman, graduate of the Old University of France, wishes to find a situation as Teacher ...

Wanted to Hire. BY a Lady and Gentleman, a first rate Washer and Ironer. ...

Clerk Wanted. A Native ... JOS. ... ROCHEREAU & CO.

Wanted. A Good workman ...

Wanted. A BLACKSMITH WANTED— ...

Clerk Wanted. WANTED—A Good Clerk, well acquainted with the city and country trade, in a wholesale Dry Goods Store. ...

WANTED—To hire ... TWENTY ABLE NEGRO MEN, to work on a Plantation below the city. ...

Slave Wanted. WANTED ...

$25 Reward. RAN away from the subscriber, ...

Twenty dollars Reward will be given to whoever will lodge in ... the negress ELIZABETH ... BOULIGNY & SANSCHEAU.

One Hundred Dollars Reward. RAN away on Tuesday, the 3d of August last, a mulatto boy named ROBERT REED. ... J. FABRE & CO., 79 Magazine st.

Twenty-five Dollars Reward. RANAWAY, the mulatto man named WILLIAM WHITE, aged about 26 years, light complexion, ... PIERRE POUTZ, 35 Customhouse st.

Notice. ... PAUL LACROIX.

24 Cents ... E. ARTOGNINI. BILLIARDS and ...

A Grand Choice of Pianos. ... A. ... PIANOS ...

PIANOMAKER. ...

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS. ...

HATS AND CAPS. ...

250 ... G. W. DUNBAR, ... Magazine street.

900 ... LANATA.

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