G. F. WEISSE, Proprietor,
NO. 82 CHARTRES STREET.

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COUNTRY PAPER, semi-weekly, (one year in ...) 5 00
In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing, before he can be allowed to discontinue.

The New Orleans Bee.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One Dollar for every TEN lines, in each language, on the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar in each language.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE. ::::: NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 28, 1852.

No. 1776, Vol. ..—NEW SERIES. Vol. XXV.—Whole No. ....

THE DAILY BEE.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE.

FOR PRESIDENT:
MILLARD FILLMORE!

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
JOHN J. CRITTENDEN

(Subject to the nomination of the Whig National Convention.)

Wednesday Morning, April 28, 1852.

The Northern Mail came through yesterday with the latest dates.

☞ The Whig State Convention of Missouri ... nominated Mr. Fillmore.

☞ Our thanks are due the officers of the ... for late Cincinnati and ... papers.

THE OLD GAME.

Our columns are so crowded, that we have ... space enough to express our views at ... on the ... the Locofoco game which the ... and Delta (ambo arcades) are endeavoring to play. Both those diametrically opposed journals ... known their profound aversion to party ... for members of the Convention. The ... especially is exceedingly solicitous to obtain the services of the very best men in our ... and is awfully apprehensive that by a system of party nominations, this praiseworthy object ... defeated. The terrors of our cotemporary ... easily allayed. It will be the ... interest of both parties to put forward ... ablest members as candidates, and the ... can very readily make selections from ... and Democrats of experience and ability.

The argument against party nominations ... with an ill grace from those who adhere ... to party on all occasions when victory ... within their reach. Were Democracy triumphant in New Orleans, what chance would ... Whiggery stand, if it were humbly to pray ... to allow it half the delegation? ... the Democracy ever displayed such ... magnanimity? In Baton Rouge, they have recently snubbed the Whigs ... proposed to divide the delegation, and ... Convention to nominate Democratic candidates. Baton Rouge is democratic ... majority, and this accounts for the ... of the Democracy in that quarter. ... the last legislative apportionment, ... Whigs have carried from two thirds to three ... of the members from New Orleans—... will probably do so again in June next ... cognizant of this fact will find no difficulty in appreciating the solicitude of the Locofocos to have a mixed ticket put in nomination ... movement will give them seven or eight ... more than they could possibly obtain ... political contest. They have every thing ... and the Whigs every thing to lose by ... proposition. We trust, therefore, that no ... Whig will be entrapped into this cunning snare ... must either be mushy headed to ... or a Whig only in name.

The Delta contends that the Whig journals ... party into the Convention, for the ... spots which that body ... at its disposal. This is a ... very bad taste, and what is ... wholly unfounded. The Whigs desire ... in the Convention, because their ... prudent, progressing and ... They advocated the question ... early day, inscribed it on their banners ... and triumphed under it. They propose ... and changes in the Constitution ... Democrats dared not meet. They ... and blinked in all directions ... distrust of the measure by their ... never ventured to support the pro... they found it irresistible in popular ... Nay even at the late election, ... which have given majorities ... Convention, are democrats. ... Whig party to be dominant, because ... cannot be safe under Democratic ... A party which shuffled and equivocated ... discussion, and which never has ... opinion on the subject, until the Editor ... Delta brought forward at the Democratic ... a set of resolutions for the avowed ... of preventing the Whigs from monopolizing ... popularity of the issue—such a party ... obscure and blind guides, and ... to be entrusted with power.

... has been made to the unfortunate ... party convention, in the ... constitution established in 1845 ... rather an unhappy one for ... That lovely party had it all its ... in the convention of 1845. The ... largely a respectable minority ... responsible for the constitution ... It forgot it, tattered it, and sent ... forth among the people ... its own hands. ... the popular trust's outrage ... created a miserable abortion ... grown decrepid and hoary, in little ... a single lustre, having failed ... and hopelessly, that the people ... their confidence from them, have ... Whigs, the Democrats, ... coolly turned round, and ask their op... to share their power with them. Beaten ... discomfited by the people, they ... sort of mousing schemes to steal into ... which they could never obtain by ... manly appeal to principle. Truly ... would be but one thing wanting to ... astounding humbug, and that would ... successful consummation. We scarcely ... however, that the Whigs of Orleans ... simple enough to follow Locofoco ... They did so partially ... and they see the consequences ... character of the Board of Aldermen ... the reckless efforts made by the ... render the position of every Whig ... as unpleasant as possible.

... BENEFIT.—The worthy ... leader of the French Orchestra, takes ... to-morrow evening, on which occasion, ... master piece, "William Tell," will be ... for the first time this season, to be ... by an oratorio called "The Day ..." by the composer, VOGEL. Rumor ... of the merit of this work.

... CONCERT TO-NIGHT.—The lovers of vocal and instrumental music will not ... Grand Entertainment to be given at ... Hall this evening, by Strakosch and Pa... Just look at the programme, and see what ... variety of good things is promised.

... UNION CONVENTION.—We find the ... in the Charleston Courier:

... AND MESSENGER OFFICE, } ... April 22, 10½ P. M. }

... Union Convention assembled to-day at ... organized with the following officers: ... A. H. Chappell, of Bibb, President ... of Walker, and James Thomas ... Vice Presidents, and H. W. Alexander ... D. Hood, and W. W. Payne, Secretaries.

The following committee was appointed to ... matter for action.

First District—Messrs Coyler, Barlow and Hopkins.

... District—Messrs Sturgis, Bloome and ...

... District—Messrs Poe, Trippe and Cas...

... District—Messrs. Diamond, Kendall ...

... District—Messrs Lawton and Milner

Sixth District—Messrs. Rose, Cone and Ke...

... District—Messrs. Jenkins, Irwin and ...

... Seventh District was given.—Eds ...

Coinage at the Mint,

... during the month of March, 1852:

GOLD	
...	$3,886,632
...	955,080
...	8,140
...	82,000
	$4,931,852
SILVER	
...	$53,106
...	4,000
...	$57,106
COPPER	
...	$2,399 75
PIECES COINED	
...	180,679
...	1,159,600
...	229,975
... pieces	1,580,254

IMPORTANT SALE OF VERY VALUABLE AND IMPROVED REAL ESTATE AND UNION BANK STOCK.—... attention is particularly called to a sale of ... valuable improved real estate, belonging to ... succession of the late F. Laurens, which will ... place on Thursday, 29th April, next, at the St. ... Exchange, by N. Vignie, Auctioneer. ... shares Union Bank of Louisiana, a four-story ... store fronting on Tchoupitoulas, a four-story ... store fronting on New Levee, a block of brick stores, being the corner of Magazine and Gravier streets, a block of three-story brick buildings, being the corner of Bienville and Old Levee streets, known as the Blue Stores, a brick store and dwelling in Old Levee street, fronting on the Vegetable Market; two one story brick dwellings, on Conde street.

The terms are very liberal. See advertisement.

☞ Connoisseurs will recollect that Messrs Mo... & Co., of the Veranda, sell their splendid collection of Wines and Liquors This Evening, at 7 o'clock. The sale will be made by J. A. Beard & May. Persons desirous of adding to their stock should attend as the reputation of the Wines are well known to all of our citizens.

☞ We invite attention to the advertisement of Mr. THEARD in another column, in which he offers his services as a translator. We know Mr. T. to be highly competent, and can warmly recommend him to all who may desire to avail themselves of his abilities.

CONGRESS.

In the SENATE on the 19th, Mr. Shields, from the committee on the District of Columbia, reported a bill amending the charter of Washington city. The bill removes the necessity of being registered six months previous to an election to entitle the citizen to vote, and abolishes the provision of existing law requiring all personal taxes to be paid before voting. It gives the corporation power to make any of its ward officers elective, and declares that any one entitled to vote shall be eligible to the office of Mayor.

Mr. Badger introduced a bill to prevent public executions in the District of Columbia. The law provides that persons in the District of Columbia, now or hereafter under sentence of death, shall not be executed, save in some prison or yard connected therewith. It provides for a limited number of persons to be present, and declares that no one under twenty-one years of age shall be permitted to witness such execution. The bill was considered and passed.

Mr. Shields submitted a resolution directing an inquiry by the judiciary committee as to increasing the salary of the Judge of the Orphans' Court of Washington city to the same now given to the Circuit court Judges. Agreed to.

Several other resolutions were submitted and agreed to.

The French spoliation bill was then passed; yeas 26, nays 13.

The deficiency bill was then taken up.

Mr. Gwin addressed the Senate at length in a review of the immense expenditures which have been made in California by the Quartermaster's department of the army, ever since the 4th of March, 1849. He condemned these expenditures as both extravagant and reckless, and as the natural result of a loose and irresponsible system of military expenditures, caused by the selection in 1849 of a military chieftain to the Presidency.

After some remarks by Mr. Hunter, the bill was postponed and the Senate went into executive session and shortly afterwards adjourned.

In the HOUSE, the vote on the report of the Committee of Printing was re-considered and then re-committed to that Committee without instructions.

A resolution was adopted, on motion of Mr. Marshall, of Kentucky, authorizing the Speaker to appoint a select committee of five, to whom shall be referred the existing laws and orders on the subject of public printing, with instructions to report to the House, by bill or otherwise, what amendments to said laws may be expedient to insure the faithful and prompt execution of the printing for Congress.

In the SENATE on the 20th, Mr. Pearce presented the memorial of the special committee of Texas creditors, praying that their claims may be paid by the United States.

Mr. Hale reported a bill confirming certain private land claims in Missouri, and the same was considered and ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Shields reported a bill to improve the efficiency of the army. The bill abolishes all pay and allowance for brevet rank, and makes many important changes in the organization of the army—2,000 extra copies of the bill and report were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Dawson reported a joint resolution, authorizing the Secretary of War to furnish the "Washington Yagers" and "Boone Riflemen," of Washington city with arms—and the same was ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Gwin introduced bills granting to California the right of way through the public lands, for the construction of certain railroads in that State.

The Deficiency Bill was taken up. Numerous amendments were concurred in. Amongst others $150,000 were appropriated for the completion of the floating dry dock at San Francisco, California. Also $9,000 for completing the improvement of New Jersey avenue, in this city, $7,000 for planting &c., the Smithsonian Institute grounds.

At 3 o'clock, the Senate adjourned.

In the HOUSE, the Navy discipline bill was taken up, and Mr. Price, of New Jersey, expressed his views at length. He considered discipline as essential to the existence of the navy, and that, although flogging had been abolished on board ships, yet, with that exception the Captain still retained all the means of punishment that were formerly at his disposal. He was in favor of a revision of the present naval code, and the adoption of one by which the moral standing of the seamen could be elevated; and ... necessity for the passage of the bill before the House.

Mr. ..., of Ohio, spoke at considerable length in favor of agriculture, which he contended, was too much neglected, and to which other pursuits were preferred. He expressed himself in favor of the establishment of an agricultural bureau, and referred to various documents to prove that from George Washington down to Mr. Fillmore, the different Presidents of the United States were favorable to similar establishments. Various States, he said, had organized county agricultural societies which urged the formation of an agricultural bureau, and concluded by declaring his conviction that the measure was perfectly constitutional, and that it was the duty of Congress to establish one.

Mr. Riddle, of Delaware, followed, and stated that the sooner the unadjusted territory of the United States was disposed of, whether for public improvement, public education, or any other purposes, the better for the people of the entire country. He then alluded to the course which had been pursued by the friends of the candidates for the Presidency, by which the House of Representatives had been converted into a political arena, and went into an eulogium of the different Democratic candidates. He charged the Whig party with being the cause of all the difficulty growing out of the compromise measures, and went into an analysis of their votes upon that question to support his position.

He then alluded to the former course pursued by Mr. Webster and Mr. Fillmore upon the question of abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, the traffic in slaves between the States, and the introduction of Texas; and while the latter had pursued a different course since he became President, for that he had been ostracised by the Whigs of the North, and concluded by referring to the non-committal policy pursued by Gen. Scott, and with remarks generally applicable to the Whig party.

After Mr. R. had concluded, it being past 3 o'clock, the House adjourned.

DETAILS BY THE ARCTIC.

The full accounts by the *Arctic* do not add materially to the previous stock of intelligence. Politically speaking, they are unimportant, with the exception of the death of Prince SCHWARZENBERG, which may have a considerable effect on the condition of Austria. The most interesting, though at the same time painful item, is the terrible disaster which Her Britannic Majesty's mail steamer Birkenhead met with on the coast of southern Africa, near Point Danger, at two o'clock, A. M., on the 26th of February last, by which four hundred and fifty four lives were lost. It appears that the steamer was on her way from St. Simon's bay to Algoa bay, east of the Cape, and the Captain was anxious to make a short run. She was fully and eight and one half knots an hour, and within two or three miles of the shore, of Point Danger, when she struck a rock, which passed through her bottom just aft the foremast, and she sunk in about twenty minutes. The rush of the water was so great that the men on the lower poop deck were drowned in their hammocks.

Those of the soldiers who reached the upper deck were ordered to fall into their places, which they did as coolly as if they were on parade. Not a murmur was uttered—not a fear expressed, they took their stations at the pumps or the boat tackles, in perfect order and behaved as if they were about to embark, instead of being about to perish. Within fifteen minutes after the vessel struck, her bow broke off. In five minutes more, the hull broke in two, crosswise, and the stern surged and went down. One hundred and eighty four persons, among whom were all the women and children, were saved. The latter were quietly passed over the side into the ship's cutter. "As usual," says the account, "the other boats were not forthcoming." One gig and two cutters were, with great difficulty, made available by the survivors. It is a curious fact, that the rust on the pin of one of the davits caused it to adhere so firmly that one of the paddle boat boxes could n t be got out.

What a striking lesson is this, says the New York *Evening Post*, in favor of life-boats, such as are partially in use in this country, made of iron, and protected, in all their parts, from rust, by electro-galvanism.

Many of those who were drifting on the spars and fragments of the vessel were happily rescued by a schooner which happened to be near, but numbers perished among the sea weeds on the coast. The soldiers on board were drafts from ten different regiments.

The New York *Evening Post*, commenting on the above catastrophe, hopes that this new calamity will induce the immediate passage of a bill now lingering in the United States Senate, designed to secure the lives of passengers and seamen from the dangers of fire and shipwreck at sea.

A characteristic announcement has just been made that M. de Girardin has resumed the editorialship of La Presse, with the intention to support the present order of affairs.

General Cavaignac, M. Carnot, and M. Henon, the three republican deputies elected to the Legislative Assembly, have thus far preserved their consistency. They abstained from taking the oath of allegiance to the President, and addressed a note to be read to the Chamber, stating that they recognized their election merely as a protest intended by their constituents against the destruction of public liberties, and the rigors of despotism, and that they declined to sit in an Assembly without power.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE—BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH. *Paris*, April 7th.—The Assemble Nationale repeats its conviction that the empire is at hand. A decree appears, ordering all minor functionaries, down to the bailiffs, to take the oath of fidelity to the Prince President. The Siecle says the deficiency in the budget for 1853 cannot be less than 100,000,000f.

The prisoners sent to Algeria are to be settled in parties of 500 each, so that good conduct may be rewarded.

FROM THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—The news of the military operations at the Cape has little of interest.

The appointment of a new governor was likely to induce Sir Harry Smith to confine his efforts to the most simple operations.

By a letter from Major Gen. Somerset's camp, dated Chumie Valley, we learn that the Kaffirs did not wait for the attack intended against them on the 29th ult., but suddenly withdrew with all their force, stock, &c., and are now in Van Beulien's Bock, amongst the mountains; from whence they were driven by the Major General in May last. Colonel Mitchell had joined with 800 men.

Various parties of British troops were out in the enemy's country destroying crops, killing Kaffirs, and capturing cattle. On the other hand, the Kaffirs had made incursions, with success, for similar purposes, into the English territories.

Captain Fisher, who had been detached with 450 of the Kat River levies, had a very sharp engagement with about 1500 of the Kaffirs, with whom were about 400 rebels. He beat them off, shot 20 Kaffirs, and captured a small lot of cattle, but had a struggle to get through. Four hundred of the British troops were in the hospital at King William's town.

HARPER'S FERRY, April 20.

The Freshet in the Potomac.—The waters at this point have commenced to subside, and no further danger is apprehended to the bridge over the Potomac. An immense amount of damage has been done along the Potomac and Shenandoah rivers. In the vicinity of Winchester several grist mills have been flooded. Both the railroad and the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal have been much injured.

NEW YORK, April 20.

Arrival of Steamers.—The steamer Georgia, with the California mails up to the 13th of March, and 160 passengers, arrived this afternoon. She left at Havana on the 15th, the steamer Cherokee, to sail for New York in three days.

The steamer Union, with Charleston papers of the 17th, has arrived.

BOSTON, April 20.

Marine Disasters.—The brigs Genito and Francis Ellen, from Havana, for Portland, with cargoes of molasses, were wrecked yesterday on Cape Elizabeth, and the crews were saved.

An unknown brig went ashore this morning at Point Alderton. A brig, with a cargo of molasses on board, is ashore near Lobster's Rock, Finch Island. She was bound to Boston.

The British brig Margaret, from Liverpool, was wrecked on Sunday on Rawson's Beach. The crew were saved, but the vessel and cargo are a total loss.

MEXICO.

By an arrival from Vera Cruz we have received our files of papers from the city of Mexico, to the 13th inst. inclusive. They do not contain much intelligence of moment. A rumor prevailed at Vera Cruz that the U. S. Government had offered to Mexico as the ultimatum of the Tehuantepec controversy, the recognition of the Garay grant.

Senor Rafael of the *Universal* has been permitted to return to Mexico for the settlement of his private business.

Congress is expected to take a recess of thirty days. Meanwhile the *Monitor* earnestly entreats the members to settle the financial question.

In the State of Durango much suffering still exists in consequence of the total failure of the crops. General Liceaga died on the 4th inst., at Guanajuato.

A wretch named Parra has been convicted of rape and murder on the person of a young girl, and sentenced to be shot.

In Sinaloa the Indians have recommenced pillaging and maltreating the inhabitants.

Senor Larrainzar, the new Mexican Minister to the United States, accompanied by Don Antonio Suvia, Secretary of Legation, left Mexico on the 9th, on his way to this country.

OPELOUSAS RAILROAD—IMPORTANT LETTER.

At a meeting of the Committee and the Commissioners of the New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad, held last evening at the office of the Company, the following letter from Mr. Phelps, Engineer of the Board, was received and ordered to be printed.

April 27, 1852.

C. A. ADAMS, Jr., Chairman.

B. F. FLANDERS, Secretary.

NEW ORLEANS, April 26, 1852.

To Christopher Adams, Jr., Esq., Chairman, and the members of the Executive Committee on the New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad:

GENTLEMEN: Herewith I transmit to you 300 copies of a lithograph plan of the preliminary survey of so much of the route of the proposed New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad as lies between the towns of Algiers and Thibodeaux, now completing the survey to Berwick's Bay, and also a detailed descriptive report of the route. By an examination of this plan and report you will observe that a route has been found appropriating a right line much nearer than had been anticipated, running over very favorable ground, and more than justifying the representations formerly made by the first projectors of the enterprize.

In substance this preliminary survey proves that no considerable obstacles exist on the route; and that the whole work, with the exception of the bridges which cannot be estimated on before it is determined what materials shall be used in their construction, cannot cost exceeding $9,000 per mile.

Hoping you will be as successful in procuring the means to construct this important work, as we have been in finding a favorable route for the road, I subscribe myself,

Respectfully, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
AUG. PHELPS, Civil Engineer.

Telegraphic Items.

HARPER'S FERRY, VA., April 19

GREAT FRESHET—INUNDATION—BRIDGES SWEPT OFF.—The storm in this vicinity yesterday and last night, was very severe. The oldest inhabitants scarcely remember so terrible a storm. It rained incessantly, accompanied by a strong north-east wind. The waters in the Potomac and Shenandoah have risen to an unusual height, and are still rising. At noon to-day the water is within two feet of the highest mark during the great freshet of 1847. It is still rising rapidly, and must be some four or five feet higher, probably more. The bridge across the river is considered in great danger. Many are apprehensive that it must go. Two fine bridges on the Winchester railroad have been completely swept off. Others, it is feared, will suffer the same fate.

At Martinsburg the water is some three or four feet deep on the railroad track. It is also submerged at Cherry Run, to the same depth. The telegraph wires beyond Cumberland have been interrupted by the storm. It is feared that great damage has been done on the Western waters. All the small streams in this vicinity are greatly swollen.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

HARPER'S FERRY, April 19th, 8 P. M.

Further Devastation—Probable Loss of the Harper's Ferry Bridge.—The waters of the Potomac and Shenandoah continue to rage with increasing fury, carrying down trees and timber in abundance. The water is now within one foot of the flooring of the bridge, and is rising at the rate of one foot per hour. The general impression is that the bridge will be carried off to-night with the raging flood. The trunk of a tree struck the bridge this evening, passing through it and out at the top of the roof.

Some ten or twelve horse cars floated down the river this evening.

At Black Creek the river is some eight or ten feet over the railroad track.

At Cherry Run the water is also over the track, to the depth of some ten or twelve feet.

The river has completely flooded the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, causing great damage.

WASHINGTON, April 19.

Washington Affairs.—The trial of William S. Brown, of Michigan, for forging Treasury vouchers, was continued to-day, and the jury after being out two days were unable to agree, and were discharged this afternoon by Judge Crawford. They stood eight for acquittal and four for conviction.

In the Circuit Court the evidence in the libel suit of Weightman against Bernay was concluded. The argument of counsel is to commence to-morrow.

HARRISBURG, April 17.

Probable Veto of Bank Bills.—It is reported that Gov. Bigler will veto the whole lot of bank bills lately passed by the Legislature, with perhaps the exception of two or three which are regarded as necessary. Not less than sixteen or eighteen of these bills have passed, most of them through both branches, and authorizes an addition of the banking capital of the State of upwards of three millions of dollars.

BOSTON, April 10.

Marine Disaster, &c.—The bark Munsoa, at Smyrna, spoke 10th inst., brig Diamond, from Bristol, bound for Baltimore. The bark Theodore, Lincoln, master, was lost on her passage from New York for Dublin. She was insured at Boston for thirty thousand dollars, in the New England and Alliance offices.

NASHVILLE, TENN., April 17.

Execution of Three Negroes.—Three negroes named Alec, Jerry and Bob were hung about two miles and a half from this city, yesterday afternoon, for the murder of a woman. There was a large crowd around the scaffold to witness the execution. Two of the miserable creatures, Alec and Jerry, protested their innocence to the last.

ROCHESTER, April 17.

Sentence of Maurice Antonio.—This morning Maurice Antonio was brought into court, and sentence of death passed upon him for the murder of Ignacio Pinto. He was sentenced to be hung on the 3d day of June. When the sentence was interpreted to him he appeared to be deeply affected, and shed tears freely.

BUFFALO, April 19.

Opening of Navigation.—The ice is breaking up rapidly. The steamer Albany cleared at the custom-house to-day, and leaves to-night. Navigation is now fairly open. The steamer Superior is now ashore near Erie; steamer Michigan has gone to her assistance.

BOSTON, April 17.

Expedition to the Australia Gold Mines.—The St. John (N. B.) papers of the 15th inst., mention that numerous expeditions are fitting out there and at Halifax, N. S., for the Australia gold mines.

PHILADELPHIA, April 19.

Dangerously Ill.—Two of our most distinguished and wealthy citizens, Hon. John Sergeant and Nathan Trotter, Esq., are lying dangerously ill, and not expected to recover.

NORFOLK, April 19.

Marine Disaster.—The schooner Armada of Boston, with a cargo of lime, bricks, hay, &c., for Georgetown, S. C., put in here to-day, with a loss of foremast.

It is now blowing a strong gale from the northwest.

WASHINGTON, April 20

Whig Congressional Caucus—Slim Attendance.—The whig caucus assembled to-night in the Senate Chamber at eight o'clock, Judge Mangum presiding. The attendance is rather thin, a number of Southern members and some of Mr. Webster's friends being absent. Among those present are Senators Smith, Fish, Wade and Seward, and Messrs. Fowler, Briggs, Brooks, Haws, Stanly, Gentry, Landry and Humphrey Marshall, of the House of Representatives. The latter gentleman proposes renewing his compromise platform offered at the previous meeting, upon which a lengthy and stormy discussion is expected. The session is likely to be late, and the caucus is sitting with closed doors.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, April 20 10 P. M.

The caucus is still in session, and an excited discussion is progressing on resolutions declaring the finality of the compromise measures.

[THIRD DISPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, April 20, 11 P. M.

The Whig National Convention to be held in Baltimore.—The Whig caucus is still in session, and has just selected Baltimore city as the place of holding the Whig National Convention, and the 17th of June as the day.

[FOURTH DISPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, April 20, 12 P. M.

The Whig caucus adjourned shortly after 11 o'clock. The following were the proceedings previous to the vote of the Convention:

Mr. Marshall, of Kentucky, offered the resolutions introduced by him at the first meeting of the Whig caucus.

Mr. Stanly contended that they were out of order, and the chairman sustained his objection.

After a discussion, principally between Messrs. Marshall and Stanly, the decision of the chair was sustained—yeas 43, nays 18.

Mr. Marshall said that as the Chair had decided the Compromise principles of the Whig Administration out of order, the Caucus was no place for a Whig to remain, and then withdrew.

The negative vote against the decision of the Chair were Southern men, except Stanly, Morehead, McCullough, and two Kentuckians.

Among the affirmatives were, Fowler, Wade, Campbell, Sackett, Schoolcraft, and others.

WASHINGTON, April 20.

Great Freshet in the Potomac—Immense Destruction of Property.—A tremendous freshet has occurred in the Potomac to-day, destroying an immense amount of property. Near the wharves in Georgetown, and along the line of the canal in this city, the destruction of flour and sugar by the flooding of warehouses, has proved ruinous to many of our merchants. The chain bridge at Little Falls, on the Potomac, above Georgetown, was carried away this morning, and in its downward descent swept off that portion of the Long Bridge, between the further draw and the Alexandria side. The bridge is now impassible. Immense quantities of drift-wood, lumber and barrels are floating down the river, which the wreckers are busy in capturing. This is the greatest flood ever known here, exceeding that of 1847.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, April 20, 6 P. M.

Reported Loss of Life—Further Damage.—The waters in the Potomac and the Washington Canal continue to rise. A number of the merchants on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue are suffering great losses from the overflow of the basements of their stores.

It is just reported that an additional section of the Long Bridge has been carried away, with six persons upon it, whose safety is extremely doubtful.

Our lumber merchants have sustained immense losses by the flood.

[THIRD DISPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, April 20, 9 P. M.

More of the Freshet—Another Portion of the Potomac Bridge Giving Way.—At Georgetown the water has commenced falling. Every merchant and house-keeper on Water street has suffered heavy losses, but no correct estimate can now be made. Reports from along the line of canal above, state that great distress prevails among families in Washington, the wharves are overflowed and seriously damaged. The steamer Washington was compelled to land at Fourteenth street.

Another portion of the Potomac bridge has given way, and the floating fragments indicate heavy losses.

At Alexandria, Union street is submerged; no serious losses. MERCURY.

WASHINGTON, April 20.

The Steamer San Jacinto.—Intelligence has reached here of the arrival of the steamer San Jacinto, on the 25th of March, at Cadiz, having left Norfolk on the 3d of the same month. She experienced a boisterous voyage, and her engine was disabled some days before she reached Cadiz. All were well on board.

WASHINGTON, April 20

The Utah Judges.—It is said that President Fillmore has ordered the Utah Judges to return to that territory, and exercise the powers given them by law.

HARRISBURG, April 20.

Veto of Bank Bills.—Governor Bigler has vetoed all the Bank bills recently passed by the Legislature. The bill incorporating the Bank at Meadville, Crawford county; Farmer's and Mechanic's Bank, at Allentown; Anthracite Bank of Tamaqua; Carlisle Deposite Bank; Commercial Bank of Pittsburg; Erie City Bank, at Erie; and, also, the bills to increase the capital of the Southwark Bank of Philadelphia; the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Newcastle, of Lawrence county.

City Intelligence.

THE ALLEGED POISONING CASE.—After numerous experiments made by a skillful chemist on the contents of the stomach of Jose Barrelli, no poison was discovered. From the fact that the deceased died very suddenly, and that suspicions of foul play were entertained by some of his friends, the Mayor ordered that the body be exhumed in order to submit the contents of the stomach to a test as above indicated.

INQUEST—SUSPECTED POISONING CASE.—An inquest was held yesterday on the body of the slave girl Caroline, aged 31 years, owned by J. F. Richardson, who died very suddenly on Monday evening at No. 71 Philippa street. Verdict—"Died of inflammation of the stomach and bowels occasioned by some poisonous liquid." The contents of the stomach have been handed to a chemist in order to discover the character of the poison. It is thought that poison was administered to the deceased by some person who suspected her of being a "Voudou."

RECORDER GENOIS' COURT.—But little business was transacted in this venerable temple of justice yesterday. Wm. Voss charged on the oath of a colored woman with swindling and a breach of trust, was yesterday arrested and held to answer. The rest of the transactions were of the assault and battery and breach of the peace order.

BREACH OF TRUST.—Patrick Mahan is, on the 29th inst., to answer to the charge of having helped himself to $51, intrusted to him about a year ago for safe keeping by Martin Johnson.

LARCENY.—William Buckley, who feloniously picked up a trunk which he saw on the sidewalk as he was passing the corner of Julia and Carondelet streets, was yesterday examined in the premises by Recorder Winter and committed for trial before the First District Court.

SENT TO THE WORK-HOUSE.—A vagrant batch—prepared for the take house of Hades—was yesterday sent to the Work-house by Recorder Winter. The individualities consisted of the notoriously dangerous John Clark, to whom sixty days were awarded; and a round half dozen of female workers of female iniquity who got ninety days apiece.

CUTTING.—A wicked young scamp who graduated at Levee Rat College was yesterday arrested while in the act of cutting open a cotton bale for the purpose of helping himself to a portion of its contents. He was sent to the workhouse under the name of Edward Fitzpatrick.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—This body met last evening, pursuant to adjournment, Alderman Claiborne in the chair, and eleven members present.

A message from the Mayor was received, dwelling earnestly on the necessity of adopting measures for the permanent protection of the city from overflow. The precarious condition of the levee at Carrollton is alluded to and the Common Council is recommended to have a survey made with the view of bringing about such steps as will lead to the entire exemption of the city from inundation.

The Mayor enclosed a communication from the President pro tem of the New Orleans, Jackson and Northern Railway, appealing to the Council to have the sense of the people taken on the propriety of taxing real estate for the construction of the Road.

A circular from the Secretary of the Washington Monument Committee was also sent in.

Likewise a letter from the commissioners of the new Customhouse, asking the use of the wharf opposite Canal street, for the unloading of granite for said building.

On motion, the message was appropriately referred.

A communication from Mr. Wolfe, the attorney, was read, stating that it was absolutely necessary that he should have an assistant, inasmuch as the large number of suits now pending rendered it impossible for one person to attend to the business. Referred to the Finance committee.

Recorder Seuzeneau sent in a communication nominating M. B. Farge and John Lafon as his clerks. Referred to the Police committee.

A letter from Robert Speddin, was read, asking the appointment of wharfinger for the Second District.

A letter from A. Rasch, was read, asking permission for a display of fireworks on Lafayette Square, for the benefit of the Catholic Male Orphan Asylum. On motion of Mr. Harris, the rules were suspended, and the permission granted.

A memorial from the commissioners of the Opelousas Rail Road, was read, asking the Council to subscribe on behalf of the city for 40,000 shares in said undertaking. The memorial sets forth concisely, and eloquently the great advantage of this Road, and shows the immense traffic of which it is destined to be the vehicle. The memorial was laid on the table subject to call, to be considered at the same time when the application for the Jackson Road comes up.

A petition was read from the Finance Committee of the delegates to the Industrial Convention, asking for an appropriation of $1000 to carry out the proposed objects of the Fair. Referred to the Finance committee.

A petition from sundry proprietors of newspapers, asking for payment of advertising bills, due by the late 2nd Municipality, was referred to the committee on Claims.

Mr. Claiborne, from the Judiciary committee, reported in favor of entering into a contract with Alexander Walker for 100 copies of a digest prepared by him of the laws relative to the city of New Orleans.—The report was adopted.

Mr. Converse on behalf of the Finance committee, reported against the petition of Mrs. Gray asking for relief. Adopted.

The same gentleman reported in favor of the payment of sundry bills and accounts.

Mr. Clark from the committee of streets and landings, reported an ordinance defining the duties of the Street Commissioners. The committee reported also, resolutions recommending the sale of contracts for draining the rear of the 1st District, and the repairing of wooden bridges throughout the city. The resolutions were adopted.

The rules being suspended, the ordinance providing for the organization of the street commissioner's department was taken up. Two assistants are to be placed in the First and Second Districts, one in the Fourth, and one in the Third. The clerk is also attached to the Department. The ordinance was adopted.

Mr Stockton, from the Police Committee, reported an ordinance entitling the Recorders of the First and Second districts to two clerks each; the Recorder of the Third to one clerk, and the Recorder of the Fourth to one clerk.

The rules having been suspended, the ordinance was adopted.

Mr Sewell, in behalf of a Special Committee, reported an ordinance providing for the establishment of a House of Refuge.

Mr Claiborne offered resolutions of an earnest and pertinent character, in connection with the establishment of a navy yard in New Orleans. The resolutions are a conclusive rejoinder to the late unfavorable report made at Washington, on the subject, and set forth in strong terms the advantages which New Orleans offers for the location of a navy yard and naval depot.

The rules were suspended and the resolutions unanimously adopted.

Mr Clark presented an ordinance for the prevention of sheds, awnings, hanging signs, &c. The ordinance was adopted.

Mr. Converse presented the securities of the Treasurer, Comptroller and Surveyor, which were adopted.

The same gentleman offered a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to confer with a similar committee from the Assistant Board in relation to fixing the place where both Boards shall hold their regular meetings. Adopted.

Committee, Messrs. Converse, Gasquet, Claiborne and Burke.

Mr. Converse offered a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to act with a similar committee from the upper Board in relation to the Fisk Library

Committee—Messrs. Clarke, Gasquet and Burke.

Mr. Converse moved that that portion of the Mayor's message in relation to the Girard bequest, be referred to the Finance Committee. Adopted.

The ordinance organizing the Police being then called up as the special order of the day, Mr. Lugenbuhl presented a substitute, providing that the police shall consist of four Captains, seven Lieutenants and two hundred and ninety five policemen and watchmen. The remaining sections of the substitute are similar to the original ordinance offered by the Police Committee.

The question being taken on the adoption of the amendment, which leaves out the chief of police, it was lost by a vote of 6 to 4.

The amendment that the police shall consist of 295 men; namely, 120 for the First, 100 for the Second, 45 for the Third, and 30 for the Fourth, met with a strong opposition from Mr. Stockton; who was in favor of making the police of the city efficient and sufficiently strong to protect the community.

Mr Burke suggested as a compromise that the police should consist of 345 men, distributed as follows: First Distict, 135 men; Second, 120; Third, 45; Fourth, 35.

The latter amendment was carried by a vote of 6 to 4.

The ordinance was then gone through with section by section, and adopted with slight amendments.

BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.—This body met last evening, Dr Alpuente in the chair; twenty six members present.

A message from the Mayor, recommending a survey of the levee at and near Carrollton, with a view of making such improvements as may be necessary to prevent an overflow, was referred to a committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Wiltz, Watkins and Leeds.

Accompanying the message was a letter from H. S. Buckner, President pro tem of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company, recommending a tax on real estate, so as to enable the city to subscribe for two millions worth of stock in the company. The letter was referred to a committee, consisting of Messrs. Watkins Kustis and Lanata.

An application by the commissioners of the new customhouse, asking the use of a wharf at the foot of Canal street for the landing of granite, &c., was referred to the Streets and Landings Committee.

A communication from the Surveyor relative to the sale of contracts for cleaning of streets, &c., was referred to the same committee.

The petition of sundry citizens asking an appropriation in aid of the Society for the relief of destitute females and children, was referred to the committee on charity.

A petition from several gentlemen interested in the proposed great industrial Exhibition to be held in this city in May, 1853, asking an appropriation of $1000 to defray the expense of the preliminary Convention, was referred to a special committee.

A letter from Mr. Randolph, proprietor of the Third District Ferry, complaining of the unequal tax which he has been obliged to pay, and asking the appointment of a committee of inquiry, was referred to the delegation from the Third District.

A petition from the Pontchartrain Rail Road Company, asking permission to lay a track from Champs Elysee through Love, Rampart and Cirrus streets to Julia street, was referred to the special committee appointed to consider on the proposed Claiborne street road.

The committee on streets and highways, reported in favor of opening a canal from the rear of the Fourth to the First District, to convey water to the Draining Machine.

Also to organize the street commissioner's department by the appointment of four deputies, two assistant deputies. Reports adopted.

The subject of opening Esplanade street was referred back to the same committee, and the matter of organizing the surveyor's department was laid over.

The committee reported against allowing merchants to sell wares between the markets of the Second District.

A message from the Board of Aldermen, asking concurrence in the appointment of a committee on conference, to decide on the location of offices, council chambers, &c., provided an immunity of discussion.

A motion to lay on the table was lost, and on motion the following committee was appointed: Messrs. Nixon, Lanata, Kustis and Watkins.

The salary of the Secretary of the Board of Assistants was raised to $1800. The Council Commissioners' salaries were fixed: First District, $900; Second District, $400; Third District, $300; Fourth District $400 each.

The Board then adjourned till Thursday evening.

OFFICIAL.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

Journal of the Senate.

First Session—Fourth Legislature.

EVENING SESSION.

WEDNESDAY, March 17, 1852—half past 4, P. M.

Honorable R. C. Martin, President pro tem. in the Chair.

On the roll being called, twenty-seven Senators were present and answered to their names.

Mr Moore obtained leave by the unanimous consent of the Senate to change the vote given by him on the adoption of the first section of an act entitled, "an act to provide a Homestead for the widows and children of deceased persons," and having voted in the negative moved to change his vote and have it recorded in the affirmative.

On motion, Mr. Mayo obtained leave to record his vote in the same manner.

Mr. Wickliffe offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That from and after reading the Journal to-morrow morning, each member of the Senate in alphabetical order shall be called, and he shall have the right to call up not more than three bills to be acted on immediately.—Whereas, the above and foregoing resolution is unjust and partial in its operation, and the interpretation sought to be given to its meaning and intent is in conflict with art 31st of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana; therefore, be it resolved by the Senate of Louisiana that the same be and is hereby repealed.

Mr. Mayo moved to postpone indefinitely the farther consideration of the above resolution

On said motion, Mr. Wickliffe called for the yeas and nays, which resulted as follows:

Hon. R. C. Martin, President pro tem. in the Chair.

Messrs. Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Butler, Cade, Clark, Cole, Declouet, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Kenner, Labauve, Mayo, Provosty, Tatman, Watterston—17 voted in the affirmative.

Messrs. Dauney, Griffin, Lacoste, McVea, Moore, Phillips, Richardson, of St. Helena, Richardson, of Ouachita, Sandidge, Snyder, Wickliffe—11 voted in the negative.

Consequently the motion of the Senator from Catahoula prevailed and the resolution was indefinitely postponed.

By a message from the House through their chief clerk, the concurrence of the Senate was requested in the following entitled bills and resolution:

An act to grant certain privileges and servitudes up n the public lands of this State.

An act to authorize the treasurer to pay the Physician and Chaplain of the Penitentiary.

An act relative to the Charity Hospital.

Joint resolution relative to the adjournment of the two Houses.

An act concerning the Penitentiary.

An act to amend an act entitled an act more effectually to prevent free persons of color from entering the State and for other purposes, passed 16th March, 1842.

An act to prevent obstructions to Telegraphic wires, and to prevent injuries to and the removal of the fixtures thereof.

An act to provide for the sale of the College of Franklin, at Opelousas.

He also informed the Senate that the House had concurred with amendments in the title of,

An act relative to the powers of clerks of District Courts.

On motion of Mr. Wickliffe, the Senate took up the following entitled bill—

An act fixing the fees of office of the Register of conveyances and Recorder of mortgages of New Orleans.

On motion of the same Senator, the Senate appointed a committee to confer with a similar committee appointed by the House to take into consideration the above bill.

The President appointed on said committee from the part of the Senate:

Messrs. Wickliffe, Benjamin and Baker.

The special messenger was directed to request the concurrence of the House therein.

Mr. Kenner moved that the Senator from West Feliciana, Mr. Wickliffe, be permitted to call up, out of their regular order, three bills—which motion prevailed.

Mr. Wickliffe then called up Senate bills entitled—

An act making appropriations to complete the State House at Baton Rouge,

As amended by the House, on motion of the same Senator, the Senate concurred in said amendment.

The following entitled bill was then on motion of the same Senator taken up:

An act for the relief of the parish of West Feliciana.

The bill being read, on motion to postpone indefinitely the farther consideration of the same,

Mr. Wickliffe called for the yeas and nays, which resulted as follows:

Hon. R C Martin, President pro tem. in the chair.

Messrs Benjamin, Burthe, Butler, Clarke, Declouet, Dorsey, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Kenner, Labauve, Mayo, Moore, Provosty, Richardson, of St Helena, Richardson, of Ouachita, Sandidge, Snyder, Tatman—18 voted in the affirmative.

And Messrs Cade, Cole, Dauney, Lacoste, McVea, Quirk, Watterston, Wickliffe—8 voted in the negative.

Consequently, the further consideration of the bill was indefinitely postponed.

On motion of Mr Gardere, the Senate took up the following entitled bill, originating in the House, amended by the Senate, and returned by the House dissenting thereto.

An act making appropriation for the General expenses of the State for the fiscal years of 1852 and 1853.

On motion of the same Senator, the Senate appointed a Committee of Conference, and requested that a similar committee should be appointed from the part of the House, on the disagreement of the House to the amendment of the Senate in the above entitled bill.

The President appointed on said committee from the part of the Senate, Messrs Gardere, Gaudet and Phillips.

The special messenger was directed to request the concurrence of the House therein.

By a message from the House through their chief clerk, the Senate was informed that the House had adopted the report of the Committee of conference, on

An act fixing the fees of office of the Register of Conveyances and Recorder of Mortgages of New Orleans.

And that the House had withdrawn their objections to the same.

By another message from the House through their chief clerk, the Senate was informed that the House had adopted the report of the Committee of Conference on the act entitled:

An act making appropriations for the general expenses of the State for the fiscal years of 1852 and 1853.

The Committee reported that they have agreed to insert the following instead of $30,000, appropriated for criminal prosecutions.

Criminal prosecutions—for transportation of convicts to the Penitentiary, in 1852, $4,000.

Other expenses in criminal prosecutions, $10,000.

Criminal prosecutions—for transportation of convicts to Penitentiary, 1853, $4,000.

On motion of Mr Gardere, the Senate took up the above report, and on a further motion, the same was concurred in.

On motion of Mr Wickliffe, the Senate took up the House bill entitled:

An act to emancipate Mary Kate Hort.

On motion, the rules were suspended, the bill underwent its several readings, and was concurred in.

On motion of Mr Clark, the Senate took up the following entitled bills, which the rules being dispensed with, underwent their several readings and passed.

An act to authorize Justices of the Peace to exercise certain powers.

An act to amend an act entitled, an act granting to H B Favrot, the privilege of keeping a Ferry across the Mississippi, at the town of Baton Rouge, approved March 21st 1840.

An act to provide for the making and repairing of Levees in the parish of West Baton Rouge.

On motion of Mr Cole, the Senate took up the House bill entitled:

An act more effectually to carry into effect the provisions of an act entitled an act for the advancement of Medical Education in Louisiana, approved 21st March, 1850.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of carrying into effect, the provisions of an act entitled, an act for the advancement of Medical Education in Louisiana, approved 21st March, 1850.

On the above section being read,

Mr. Cole moved for its adoption.

On said motion the yeas and nays were called and resulted as follows:

Hon R C Martin, President pro tem, in the Chair.

Messrs Benjamin, Cole, Dauney, Declouet, Dufour, Griffin, Kenner, McVea, Phillips, Provosty, Quirk, Richardson, of Ouachita, Tatman and Watterston—14 voted in the affirmative, and

Messrs Martin, Burthe, Butler, Cade, Gardere, Gaudet, Labauve, Lacoste, Mayo, Moore, Richardson, of Washington, Sandidge, Snyder and Wickliffe—14 voted in the negative, consequently the motion was lost and the bill was rejected.

Mr Gaudet having voted with the majority to reject the 1st section of the bill, moved for a reconsideration of the same.

On said motion the yeas and nays were called and resulted as follows:

Hon R C Martin in the chair.

Messrs Benjamin, Cole, Dauney, Declouet, Dorsey, Dufour, Gaudet, Griffin, Kenner, Lacoste, McVea, Phillips, Provosty, Tatman and Waterston—15 voted in the affirmative, and

Messrs Baker, Butler, Cade, Gardere, Labauve, Mayo, Moore, Richardson, of Washington, Sandidge, Snyder and Wickliffe—12 voted in the negative, consequently the motion of the Senator from St James prevailed and the bill was then taken up into consideration.

Mr Cole then moved to adopt the 1st section on said motion, the yeas and nays were called and resulted as follows:

Hon R C Martin, President pro tem, in the chair.

Messrs Benjamin, Cole, Dauney, Declouet, Dufour, Griffin, Kenner, McVea, Phillips, Provosty, Quirk, Tatman and Watterston—13 voted in the affirmative, and

Messrs Baker, Butler, Burthe, Cade, Clark, Gardere, Gaudet, Labauve, Lacoste, Mayo, Moore, Richardson, of Washington, Sandidge, Snyder and Wickliffe—15 voted in the negative, consequently said motion was lost and the bill was rejected.

On motion of Mr Cole the Senate took up a bill from the House under the following title:

An act to prevent illegal voting in the city of New Orleans and to promote the convenience of legal voters.

Mr McVea moved to postpone the further consideration of the bill.

On said motion the yeas and nays were called and resulted as follows:

Hon R C Martin, President pro tem, in the Chair.

Messrs Butler, Cade, Dauney, Griffin, Lacoste, McVea, Mayo, Moore, Phillips, Quirk, Richardson, of St Helena, Richardson, of Ouachita, Sandidge, Snyder, Wickliffe—15 voted in the affirmative.

Messrs Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Clark, Cole, Declouet, Dorsey, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Kenner, Labauve, Provosty, Tatman, Watterston—15 voted in the negative.

There being a tie, the President gave his casting vote in favor of the negative.

Consequently the motion of the Senator from East Feliciana was lost.

The bill was then taken up. The 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th sections being read were, on motion, severally adopted.

On the 5th section being read, as follows:

SECTION 5th. Be it further enacted, &c. That if any person shall offer or claim to be registered as a voter, whom neither of the said commissioners shall know to be entitled to vote in said ward, or who shall be challenged by any person entitled himself to vote in said ward, stating briefly the ground of such challenge, it shall be the duty of said commissioners, or one of them to administer to the person so challenged the oath and to require true answers to all the questions now provided and prescribed by law to test the qualifications of voters at elections, and if the person so challenged be a naturalized citizen, said commissioners may require such person, under his said oath to exhibit to said commissioners his naturalization papers and to attest to the same, and any person guilty of any wilful and corrupt misstatement in his answers to the questions as aforesaid, or of exhibiting false naturalization papers and attesting to the same as genuine, shall be adjudged guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury, and shall be punished accordingly.

Mr Wickliffe moved to strike out in the above section all after the words "of voters at elections.

Mr Tatman moved to lay the amendment upon the table.

On said motion the yeas and nays were called and resulted as follows:

Honorable R. C. Martin. President pro tem, in the chair.

Messrs. Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Clark, Cole, Declouet, Dorsey, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Kenner, Labauve, Provosty, Tatman, Watterston—15 voted in the affirmative.

Messrs. Butler, Cade, Dauney, Griffin, Lacoste, McVea, Mayo, Moore, Phillips, Quirk, Richardson of St. Helena, Richardson of Ouachita, Sandidge, Snyder, Wickliffe—15, voted in the negative.

There being a tie, the President gave the casting vote in the affirmative.

Consequently the motion of the Senator from St Landry prevailed and the amendment was laid upon the table.

On motion to adopt the 5th section, the yeas and nays were called, and resulted as follows.

Hon. R C Martin, President pro tem, in the chair.

Messrs Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Clark, Cole, Declouet, Dorsey, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Kenner, Labauve, Provosty, Tatman, Watterston—15, voted in the affirmative.

Messrs Butler, Cade, Dauney, Griffin, Lacoste, McVea, Mayo, Moore, Phillips, Quirk, Richardson of St Helena, Richardson of Ouachita, Sandidge, Snyder, Wickliffe—15 voted in the negative.

There being a tie, the President gave his casting vote in favor of the affirmative.

Consequently the 5th section was adopted.

On the 6th section being read as follows:

SEC. 6. Be it further enacted, &c., That if the person so challenged as aforesaid, or whose right to vote is doubted by either of the said Commissioners, shall fail or refuse to answer fully and satisfactorily any question that shall be put to him as aforesaid, or shall fail or refuse to exhibit his naturalization papers and attest to the same when required to do so as aforesaid, the said Commissioners shall not enter his name on said Registry, nor shall they enter the name of any person who shall appear by the answers he may have given to be incompetent to vote at elections in said ward, and no person shall be registered unless the commissioners are fully satisfied that he is a legally qualified voter of said ward, or will become such by the then ensuing election. The names of the persons who shall not personally present themselves to be registered, may be entered in the said Register if they are known to the Commissioners to be qualified voters, or if they shall be proved by testimony on oath, satisfactory to the Commissioners to be legally qualified.

Mr Cole called for the yeas and nays on its adoption, which resulted as follows:

Hon. R C Martin, President pro tem, in the chair.

Messrs Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Clark, Cole, Declouet, Dorsey, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Kenner, Labauve, Provosty, Tatman, Watterston—15 voted in the affirmative.

Messrs Butler, Cade, Dauney, Griffin, Lacoste, McVea, Mayo, Moore, Phillips, Quirk, Richardson of St Helena, Richardson of Ouachita, Sandidge, Snyder, Wickliffe—15, voted in the negative.

There being a tie, the President gave his casting vote in favor of the affirmative.

Consequently the section was adopted.

The 7th section being read was, on motion, adopted.

On the 8th section being read as follows:

Be it further enacted, &c., That the said commissioners shall complete the register for said wards respectively on the third Saturday of May next, and shall be in session for at least six hours on each judicial day throughout the week preceding said Saturday, and the said commissioners, after having completed said list, shall cause one hundred copies thereof to be immediately printed, and shall post up the said printed list in at least ten conspicuous public places in each ward, and may distribute one third of the remainder of said printed copies to each elector of said district as they may deem proper; and the commissioners shall designate the place in which the polls shall be held in each district, which shall be, as near as may be, in the centre of each election district, provided that no poll shall be held in any coffee-house, cabaret, grog shop, or other place where ardent spirits or intoxicating liquors are kept and sold or drank. The said commissioners shall also give notice on the list so posted up that during the ensuing week, at their office, they will receive written objections, signed by any elector and sworn or affirmed to by said elector to the best of his knowledge and belief, to the name of any person contained in the said list, other than those which have been placed there after a challenge and investigation, and said commissioners shall hold a final session during the second week succeeding the close of said registry aforesaid, but especially on the Saturday of said week from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 1 o'clock, P. M., and from 3 to 7 o'clock, P. M., of that day to decide objections to any name or names placed on said registry, and no objections shall be entertained other than those that shall have been made in writing, as aforesaid, nor shall any objections be entertained against any person who was challenged at the formation of the said registry, and whose name, after an investigation, was placed thereon, except for some cause arising since it was so placed.

The right of any other person so registered to vote may be objected to as hereinbefore provided. And it shall be the duty of said commissioners to cause notice of such objection to be given to such person, and the same proceedings shall be had in relation to the person so objected to, as hereinbefore provided respecting persons challenged in the formation of the registry, and the names of the persons so objected to shall be inserted or omitted to be inserted, in the same cases as provided in the sixth section of this act.

Mr. Wickliffe called for the yeas and nays on its adoption, which resulted as follows:

Hon R C Martin, President pro tem in the chair.

Messrs Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Clark, Cole, Declouet, Dorsey, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Kenner, Labauve, Provosty, Tatman, Watterston—15 voted in the affirmative.

Messrs. Butler, Cade, Dauney, Griffin, Lacoste, McVea, Mayo, Moore, Phillips, Quirk, Richardson, of St Helena, Richardson, of Ouachita, Sandidge, Snyder, Wickliffe—15 voted in the negative.

There being a tie, the President gave his casting vote in favor of the affirmative. Consequently the 8th section was adopted.

On the 9th section being read as follows:

SEC. 9. Be it further enacted, &c. That the said commissioners shall file a corrected and certified copy of such registers in the Mayor's office of said city; and also deliver a corrected and certified copy of the register of votes for each election district, to the inspectors of election of said districts on the day preceding that of the succeeding election.

On motion to adopt the same, Mr Phillips called for the yeas and nays, which resulted as follows:

Hon R C Martin, President pro tem in the chair.

Messrs Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Clark, Cole, Declouet, Dorsey, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Kenner, Labauve, Provosty, Tatman, Watterston—15 voted in favor of the affirmative.

Messrs Butler, Cade, Dauney, Griffin, Lacoste, McVea, Mayo, Moore, Phillips, Quirk, Richardson, of St Helena, Richardson of Ouachita, Sandidge, Snyder, Wickliffe—15 voted in the negative.

There being a tie, the President gave his casting vote in favor of the affirmative. Consequently said section was adopted.

The 10th, 11th, 12th, and 13th sections being read were, on motion, severally adopted.

On the 14th section being read as follows:

SEC. 14. Be it further enacted, &c, That the commissioners of registry for each ward of said city, at least four weeks before any general State election, or charter or municipal election held in said city after the first Monday in September, 1852, shall cause to be printed one hundred copies of the register of votes in each district, and shall publish the same by posting up printed copy thereof in at least ten conspicuous public places in said district, to which shall be attached a notice of the time and place of meeting of the said commissioners for the purpose of revising and correcting the same, and may distribute the rest of said printed copies among such electors in said district as they may deem proper; and the commissioners shall meet three weeks before such general State election or charter or municipal election, and shall continue in session for at least six hours on each judicial day for at least one week, and so much longer as shall be necessary to enable them to complete the revision of such registry. Such meetings shall be public. At such meetings they may strike from such register the name of any person who shall be proved to them to have died, to have changed his residence, to have, since the adoption of the present Constitution, being a citizen of this State, fought a duel with deadly weapons within this State or out of it with a citizen of this State, or have sent or accepted a challenge to fight a duel with deadly weapons with a citizen of this State, or have acted as second in carrying a challenge, or have aided, advised or assisted any person thus offending, or to have been convicted of any infamous crime, and in no other case whatever, but they shall not strike out the name of any person on the ground of a change of residence without three days' previous notice having been left at the residence of such person, as the same is specified in such registry, signed by said commissioners, or one of them, specifying the intention to strike out his name on the ground of his no longer being a resident of the ward. When it shall appear that an elector has changed his residence from one district to another in the same ward, his name may be transferred to the registry of said district without previous notice. The commissioners may, at such meetings, make additions in the following cases only:

First. Of the names of persons who have become qualified electors since the preceding election.

Second. Of the names of persons who were omitted in the prior registry, in consequence of their inability to claim the insertion in the registry of their names. Such inability may be proved by the oath of the claimant, or of any other person. And in making such additions, the commissioners shall proceed in the manner prescribed in the fifth section of this act, and such name shall be inserted or omitted to be inserted in the same cases and upon the same ... as provided in the sixth section of this act, except that the name of any elector who is challenged or objected to, shall not be entered, unless such elector personally present himself to prove his qualifications. The commissioners shall keep minutes of all erasures or additions made by them in such registry, specifying briefly the grounds, and the evidence on which the same were made, which shall be signed by them, or a majority of them, and filed with the mayor of said city, within three days after a final adjournment of the said meetings.

Mr McVea called for the yeas and nays on its adoption, which resulted as follows:

Hon R. C. Martin, President pro tem., in the chair.

Messrs. Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Clark, Cole, Declouet, Dorsey, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Kenner, Labauve, Provosty, Tatman, Watterston: 15 voted in the affirmative.

Messrs Butler, Cade, Dauney, Griffin, Lacoste, McVea, Mayo, Moore, Phillips, Quirk, Richardson of St Helena, Richardson of Ouachita, Sandidge, Snyder, Wickliffe: 15 voted in the negative.

There being a tie, the President gave his casting vote in favor of the affirmative.

Consequently the 14th section was adopted.

The 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th sections being read, were on motion severally adopted.

Pending the consideration of the 20th section, Mr Wickliffe moved for an adjournment.

On said motion the yeas and nays were called, and resulted as follows:

Hon R. C. Martin, President pro tem in the chair.

Messrs Cade, Griffin, Lacoste, McVea, Moore, Phillips, Quirk, Sandidge, Wickliffe: 9 voted in the affirmative.

Messrs. Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Butler, Clark, Cole, Dauney, Declouet, Dorsey, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Kenner, Labauve, Mayo, Provosty, Richardson of St Helena, Richardson of Ouachita, Snyder, Tatman, Watterston: 21 voted in the negative.

Consequently the motion to adjourn was lost.

The 20th, 21st, 22d and 23d sections being read, were on motion severally adopted.

Mr Wickliffe then offered an additional section, which the President declared out of order.

On motion of Mr Kenner, the bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading on to-morrow, immediately after the reading of the journal.

Mr Cole then called up House bill under the following title:

An act to emancipate Angelique Victoria Blanchard.

On the adoption of the above entitled act, the yeas and nays were called, and resulted as follows:

Hon R. C. Martin, President pro tem in the chair.

Messrs Butler, Cade, Cole, Dauney, Lacoste, McVea, Quirk, Richardson of St Helena, Snyder, Wickliffe: 10 voted in the affirmative.

Messrs. Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Clark, Declouet, Dorsey, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Griffin, Kenner, Labauve, Mayo, Phillips, Provosty, Richardson of Ouachita, Sandidge, Tatman, Watterston: 19 voted in the negative.

Consequently the motion to adopt the bill was lost, and the bill was rejected.

On motion of Mr. Dauney, the Senate then took up a House bill under the following title:

An act for the relief of the New Orleans Mechanics' Society.

The bill being read as follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That the sum of six thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the use of the New Orleans Mechanics' Society, and that the State treasurer is hereby required to pay the same, on the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts, to Samuel Jamison, President of said society.

On the adoption of the same, the yeas and nays were called and resulted as follows:

Hon. R. C. Martin, President pro tem, in the chair.

Messrs Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Cole, Dauney, Declouet, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Griffin, Kenner, Labauve, Lacoste, Provosty, Quirk, Tatman, and Watterston—17 voted in the affirmative.

Messrs. Butler, Cade, Dorsey, McVea, Mayo, Moore, Phillips, Richardson of St. Helena, Richardson of Ouachita, Sandidge, Snyder, and Wickliffe—12 voted in the negative.

Consequently the bill was concurred in.

The Secretary was directed to inform the House of the concurrence of the Senate thereto.

Mr. Lacoste moved for an adjournment.

On said motion, Mr. Richardson of Ouachita, called for the yeas and nays, which resulted as follows:

Hon. R. C. Martin, President pro tem in the chair.

Messrs. Cade, Dauney, Griffin, Lacoste, McVea, Moore, Phillips, Quirk, Sandidge, Tatman, Watterston, and Wickliffe—12 voted in the affirmative.

Messrs. Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Butler, Clark, Cole, Declouet, Dorsey, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Kenner, Labauve, Mayo, Provosty, Richardson of St. Helena, Richardson, of Ouachita, and Snyder—18 voted in the negative.

Consequently the motion was lost and the Senate refused to adjourn.

Mr. Dauney then called up the House bill entitled:

An act to allow compensation to M. M. Reynolds, District Attorney of New Orleans.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That the sum of fifteen hundred dollars be paid by the State Treasurer, to M. M. Reynolds, on the warrant of the auditor of public accounts, as District Attorney for the years eighteen hundred and fifty and eighteen hundred and fifty-one.

The bill having been read, Mr. Dauney moved for its adoption.

On said motion the yeas and nays were called and resulted as follows:

Hon. R. C. Martin, President pro tem, in the chair.

Messrs Baker, Benjamin, Burthe, Butler, Cade, Cole, Dauney, Declouet, Dufour, Gardere, Gaudet, Griffin, Kenner, Lacoste, McVea, Mayo, Moore, Phillips, Provosty, Quirk, Sandidge, Snyder, and Wickliffe—23 voted in the affirmative.

Messrs. Clark, Dorsey, Labauve, Richardson of St. Helena, Richardson of Ouachita, Tatman and Watterston—7 voted in the negative.

Consequently the bill was concurred in.

The Secretary was directed to inform the House of the concurrence of the Senate thereto.

By a message from the House, through their special messenger, the Senate was informed of the concurrence of the House to the following entitled bills and resolutions.

An act for the relief of Thomas Lacroix.

An act for the relief of S. and R. Toleson.

An act for the relief of Doctor Charles H. Wagner.

An act relative to the property of unresident married persons.

An act relative to the trial of certain accused cases in the 16th and 17th Judicial Districts.

An act to provide for the safe custody of persons convicted of crimes.

Resolution requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to apply for alternate sections of land for Railroad purposes.

By a message from the House, through their special messenger, the signature of the President of the Senate was requested to the following enrolled bills of the House:

An act to repeal an act prescribing the mode of making judicial advertisements, and of publishing the proceedings of the police jury in and for the parish of Vermillion.

An act to exempt the property, belonging to the Society for the relief of destitute orphan boys from municipal taxation.

An act for the relief of D. M. Pritchard, sheriff of the parish of Catahoula.

An act to legitimate the children of Jules Claude Gouguet, and his wife, Rosa Therese Petit, of the parish of Lafayette.

An act to emancipate Mary Kate Hort.

An act to change and regulate the expenses of criminal prosecutions throughout the State.

An act to provide for the proper taxing of the Sheriff's and Clerk's costs.

An act concerning vagrants.

An act to incorporate the town of Port Hudson, in the parish of East Feliciana.

An act relative to the New Orleans Navigation Company, the Bayou St. John and Canal Carondelet.

An act to emancipate Marie Celestine Durel of the parish of Orleans.

An act for the relief of Thomas C. Scarborough and his securities.

An act to authorize A. C. Bickham to adopt as his legal heir, Augustus V. Kennedy.

An act to authorize Camille L. Landry and Marie Euphrasie Lessard, his wife, to adopt Marie Ophelia Gilbert.

By the same message the Senate was informed that the Speaker of the House had signed the following entitled bills and resolution:

An act for the relief of the securities of Woodward H. Conte, late collector of taxes for the parish of Ouachita.

An act for the relief of Auguste Dufour.

An act to amend an act to fix the compensation of the Governor's Private Secretary.

An act to provide for the sale of a portion of the swamp and overflowed lands granted to the State by act of Congress, and to appropriate the proceeds thereof.

An act to provide for the keeping up of certain levees in the parish of Ascension.

An act supplementary to an act entitled an act to take the sense of the people on the expediency of calling a convention to change the constitution and to provide for the election of delegates and the holding of the convention.

An act for the relief of A. Deblane.

Resolution granting leave of absence to the Auditor of Public Accounts.

Mr. Gardere, on behalf of the committee on enrollments, reported as correctly enrolled, the following bills originated in the Senate, viz:

1. An act to provide for the sale of a portion of the swamp and overflowed lands granted to the State by act of Congress and to appropriate the proceeds thereof.
2. An act supplementary to an act entitled an act to take the sense of the people on the expediency of calling a convention to change the constitution and to provide for the election of delegates and the holding of a convention.
3. Resolution granting leave of absence to the Auditor of Public Accounts.
4. An act to amend an act to fix the compensation of the Governor's Private Secretary.
5. An act to provide for the keeping up of certain levees in the parish of Ascension.
6. An act for the relief of A. Deblane.
7. An act for the relief of Auguste Dufour.

The same Senator also reported as correctly enrolled, the following bills originated in the House.

1. An act to abolish the office of Gaugers.
2. An act to provide a homestead for the widows and children of deceased persons.
3. An act to abolish weighers of hay.
4. An act to authorize the State Treasurer to settle with the Union Bank of Louisiana.

The same Senator also reported that the following enrolled bills of the Senate had been submitted to the Governor for approval, viz:

1. An act to fix the terms of court in the 8th Judicial District.
2. An act to authorize A. C. Bickham to adopt as his legal heir, Augustus V. Kennedy.
3. An act to emancipate Marie Celestine Durel of the parish of Orleans.
4. An act for the relief of Thomas C. Scarborough and his securities.
5. An act to authorize Camille L. Landry and Marie Euphrasie Lessard, his wife, to adopt Marie Ophelia Gilbert.

Mr. Gardere on behalf of the Committee on enrollments reported as correctly enrolled, the following bill originated in the Senate:

An act for the relief of the securities of Woodward H. Conte, late Collector of taxes for the parish of Ouachita.

The same senator reported as correctly enrolled the following bills originated in the House.

1. An act to repeal an act prescribing the mode of making judicial advertisements and of publishing the proceedings of the police jury in and for the parish of Vermillion, approved March 21, 1850.
2. An act to exempt the property belonging to the society for the relief of destitute orphan boys from municipal taxation.
3. An act for the relief of D. M. Pritchard, sheriff of the parish of Catahoula.
4. An act to legitimate the children of Jules Claude Gouguet and his wife Rosa Therese Petit, of the parish of Lafayette.

Mr Gardere, on the committee on enrollments reported that the following enrolled bills of the Senate had been submitted to the Governor for his approval, viz.

1. An act to provide for the sale of a portion of the swamp and overflowed lands, granted to the State by act of Congress and to appropriate the proceeds thereof.
2. An act supplementary to an act entitled an act to take the sense of the people, on the expediency of calling a convention to change the constitution and to provide for the election of delegates and the holding of a convention.
3. Resolution granting leave of absence to the Auditor of Public Accounts.
4. An act to amend an act to fix the compensation of the Governor's Private Secretary.
5. An act to provide for the keeping up of certain levees in the parish of Ascension.
6. An act for the relief of A. Deblane.
7. An act for the relief of Auguste Dufour.
8. An act for the relief of the securities of Woodward H. Conte, late collector of the parish of Ouachita.

The same Senator reported as correctly enrolled the following bills, originated in the Senate.

1. An act fixing the salary of the State Librarian.
2. An act for the relief of Aaron H. Pierson and Wm. J. Hamilton.

Mr J N Carrigan, the Governor's Private Secretary, delivered to the Senate a written message from the Governor, and also informed the Senate that the Governor had approved and signed the following enrolled bills, and resolutions of the Senate.

An act to emancipate Marie Celestine Durel, of the parish of Orleans.

An act to authorize Alexander C. Bickham, to adopt as his legal heir Augustus V. Kennedy.

An act for the relief of Thomas C. Scarborough, collector of taxes for the parish of Ouachita, in the year 1838, or his securities.

An act to authorize Camille Landry and Marie Euphrasie Lessard, his wife, to adopt Ophelia Gilbert.

An act to fix the terms of Court in the 8th Judicial District.

An act to provide for the keeping up of certain levees in the parish of Ascension.

An act to provide for the sale of a portion of the swamp and overflowed lands, granted to the State by acts of Congress, approved March 2d, 1849, and 28th September, 1850, and to appropriate the proceeds thereof.

An act to refund the parish of Point Coupee a part of the expenses incurred by it for the building anew of the Grand Levee, and of the Island Levee in said parish.

Resolution, relative to the withdrawal of the papers of applicants for pensions.

An act for the relief of the securities of Woodward H. Conte, late collector of State Taxes of the parish of Ouachita.

An act supplementary to an act, to take the sense of the people on the expediency of calling a convention to change the constitution and to provide for the election of Delegates and the holding of the convention.

An act for the relief of Auguste Dufour.

An act to amend an act entitled an act to fix the compensation of the Governor's Private Secretary.

Resolution granting leave of absence to Louis Bordelon, Auditor of Public Accounts, and authorizing him to appoint a deputy.

An act for the relief of Alexander DeBlanc.

On motion the Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 9 o'clock, A. M.

POSTSCRIPT.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE N. O. BEE.]

[By the Morse Western Line.]

ARRIVAL OF THE FRANKLIN.

Three Days Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, April 27th.

The steamer Franklin arrived here to-day from Havre via Liverpool, bringing dates from the latter port to the 13th inst., three days later than those brought by the Asia.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, April 13th.

The sales of Cotton during the three days since the departure of the Asia, embrace 19,000 bales, and the following are the quotations as fixed by the Board last evening. Fair Orleans 5¾; Middling Orleans 4 15-16; Fair Uplands 5½; Middling Uplands 4⅞ a 5. On Monday, the demand was better than on the previous days, and holders were more firm, but no quotable change in prices took place. The demand for Flour is fair, and prices remain unchanged.

[By the People's O'Reilly Line.]

Steamboats.

VICKSBURG, April 27.

The steamers Ne Plus Ultra, Pawnee, Nashville, Alton and Grenada, passed here yesterday, bound to New Orleans.

[By the Southern Line.]

Further by the Franklin.

NEW YORK, April 27th 1852.

The Franklin left Liverpool on the 14th, on which day there was a very decided improvement in the Cotton market, and the sales reached nearly 10,000 bales, prices having taken a turn against buyers. On the 13th the sales amounted to 6,000 bales; on the 12th 5,000, and on the 10th 11,000 bales, of all of which, 4,000 bales were taken by speculators and exporters. Wheat was firm. The supply of Flour was moderate.

The money market was very active and all sorts of securities are rapidly rising. Consols had nearly reached par. The Manchester trade was firm, and accounts of trade generally in the interior are satisfactory.

The steamer Washington had not arrived out when the Franklin sailed.

Steamboat Departures—This Day.

Louisville	Gen Lafayette, Brown	5 P M
Ouachita	S. W. Downs, Switzer	5 P M
Red River	Rockaway No 2, Davis	10 A M
Arkansas River	Gem, Stapp	5 P M
Tallahatchie River	D. B. Mosby, Dyas	5 P M
Cincinnati	Geo W. Kendall, Thomas	5 P M
Bayou Sara	Gipsey, Ure	5 P M
Bayou Macon	J M Kell, Hall	5 P M
Lafourche	Dr Batey, Wilson	9 A M
Covington	Lenora, Duncan	10 A M
Red River	Caspian, Dean	5 P M
Red River	Bride, Edwards	5 P M
St Martinsville	Delta, Castille	12 M
Louisville	Southern Belle, Cox	5 P M
Red River	P F Kimball, Kimball	5 P M
Opelousas	Sedonia, ...	10 A M
Memphis	T. P. Leathers, Pierce	5 P M
Pittsburgh	Swamp Fox, Cadwallader	5 P M
St Louis	J. Morrisett, Kerchival	10 A M
Mobile	Oregon, Hearn	4 P M
Mobile	Mobile, Frost	6 P M
Red River	Echo, Wittenburg	5 P M

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

TUESDAY EVENING, April 27, 1852.

The Cotton market remains unchanged, though the demand is not so active as was the case last week. To-day's sales amount to 5,000 bales, at former prices.

Inferior	5¼ a 5½	Fair	9 a 9¼
Ordinary	5¾ a 7	Fully Fair	9 a 9¼
Middling	7¼ a 7¾	Good Fair	9 a 9¾
Good Middling	8 a 8½	Good and Fine	— a —
Middling Fair	8¾ a 8¾		

We have no alteration to notice in Sugar. The enquiry is good, and prices are firm, at 4 a 4¾c for fair. Sales to-day, 600 hhds. Of Molasses, 700 bbls were sold at a range of 21 a 27c ⅌ gallon for fermenting to prime reboiled.

The Flour market is dull and prices continue to droop; sales 3,500 bbls, at $3 35 a $3 50 for Ohio, and including also a lot of 700 bbls light weight, at $3 12½; $3 75 a $3 80 for St. Louis and Illinois, and $4 75 a $5 for fancy brands. Of Corn, 5,000 sacks were sold at 60 a 62c ⅌ bushel.

Provisions are in moderate request, at former prices. In Pork, the transactions were confined chiefly to small lots at $17 50 a $17 75 for Mess, and $15 ⅌ bbl for Prime. About 200 casks of Bacon were sold at 10⅛ a 11c for clear, and 9¼ a 9½c for ribbed Sides, and 7¾c for Shoulders. Sales of Lard have been made at the advanced rate of 10¼ a 10½c ⅌ lb.

Whiskey is dull, at 16c ⅌ gallon for rectified.

About 1,400 bags of Coffee were sold, mostly at 9¼c.

Both Foreign and Domestic Exchange are in limited demand, at former rates.

EXCHANGE OUT DOOR.

Sterling	8½ a 9½ ⅌ ct. prm.
Francs	5f 20 a 5f 25
New York, sixty day bills	1¼ a 1½ ⅌ cent dis.
Do Checks	¼ a ⅜ ⅌ cent prem.
Boston, sixty days	1¼ a 1½ ⅌ cent dis.
Philadelphia, sixty days	1¼ a 1½ ⅌ cent dis.
Mobile at 4 to eight days	½ a ¾ ⅌ cent dis.

We have not heard of any freight engagements to-day. Cotton to Liverpool 19-32 a 5-8d

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Notice.

HAVING been informed that notes are in circulation endorsed "SOUZA & SIMPSON," I think it proper to notify the public once more, as I have already done, that I am in no way connected in business with Theodore Souza, either directly or indirectly. BERNARD S. SIMPSON.
ap 28 2t

OFFICE OF THE NEW ORLEANS INSURANCE CO., New Orleans, April 27th, 1852.

AT an election held on the 26th instant, the following named gentlemen were duly elected Directors for the ensuing year, viz:

J. M. Lapeyre, J. P. M. Rouzan,
Geo. Urquhart, Allan Rocheroau,
L. Millaudon, James Reed,
J. P. Benjamin, Wm. Vogel,
P. Poutz.

And at a special meeting of the Board this day, J. M. Lapeyre, Esq., was elected President.
ap27 2t J. TUYES, Secretary.

New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Co.

New Orleans, April 26, 1852.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that books of subscription to the Capital Stock of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company are now open at the office of Company, No. 17 Commercial Place, and will remain open for four months, in Louisiana and Mississippi, in accordance with the seventh section of the charter.

H. S. BUCKNER, Pres't pro tem.
JOHN CALHOUN, Sec'y.

Whig Central Ex. Com.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.

AT the last sitting of the Committee, the following resolution was adopted and ordered to be published:

Resolved, That we recommend to the Whigs of the City of New Orleans, in all future elections, to make regular nominations for every officer now elected by the people.

E. SALOMON, Secretary.

☞ Whig papers in the First and Fourth Districts please copy.

Orleans Fire Company No. 21.

SPECIAL MEETING.—Assemble at the Engine House, on WEDNESDAY Night, 28th inst., at 6 o'clock. Be punctual, as business of importance will be transacted. By order:
ap27 2t LOUIS O. HUARD, Sec'y.

I. O. of O. F.

Notice to owners of Stock in the Odd Fellows' Hall, New Orleans.

NOTICE is hereby given that an election for Ten Directors for the Odd Fellows Hall Association, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Association, No. 13 Camp street, on MONDAY, May, 3d, 1852.

The polls will be open from 10 o'clock A M. until 4 o'clock P M. T H SHIELDS,
ap22 td Secretary.

NOTICE.—Mr. FREDERICH DOTTES, if in town, is requested to call at our office, where he will learn something concerning himself.
EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
ap20 17 & 19 St. Louis street.

New Orleans Catholic Association, for the Relief of Male Orphans.

AN election for Fifteen Directors of this Association, to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the residence of the Most Rev'd, Archbishop Blanc, on Conde street, on the 3d of May next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 1 o'clock, P. M.

New Orleans, April 20, 1852.

By order of the Direction.
ap20 THOMAS LAYTON, Secretary.

Land Office of Louisiana.

BATON ROUGE, April 7th, 1852.

To holders of certificates issued for Land by Richard Loucks, late Register of the Land Office.

YOU are hereby notified, in pursuance of a resolution adopted by the late session of the Legislature, and approved the 4th March, 1852, to present the certificates which you hold, issued by Richard Loucks, to the Register of the Land Office at Baton Rouge, that those which are fraudulent may be ascertained, in order that the same may be reported to the next session of the Legislature.
ap10 6m W. H. CRENSHAW, Register.

NOTICE.—During my absence from New Orleans, Mr. F. JOHN GILDEMEESTER holds my general power of attorney.
ap17 J. E. LOREUHE

CITIZENS' BANK OF LOUISIANA, 25th March, 1852.

A Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on Monday, the 3d May next, between 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 P. M., for an election of three Commissioners, in conformity with the 3d section of an act entitled, "An act for the relief of the Citizens' Bank of Louisiana," passed on the 10th March, 1852, when the Stockholders are requested to attend either in person or by procuration.

By order: EUG. ROUSSEAU,
Cashier.

AGENCY SUN MUTUAL INS. COMPANY, New Orleans, April 7, 1852.

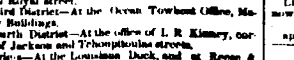
THE Scrip of this Company for 1851, is received and ready for delivery.
I. MATTHEWS, Agent.

AGENCY SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE CO., New Orleans, March 27th, 1852.

ON and after the first day of next month, no risks against Fire, out of this city, will be taken by this Company. I. MATTHEWS,
mh29 1m Agent.

Notice.

BY act passed before J. Lisbony, notary public, on the 23d instant, Mr. B. Mautre, of the firm of B Mautre & Co., holds the general power of attorney of Mr. S. Margoman, during his absence from this State. a26 3t



New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad.

NOTICE is hereby given that the books for subscription of stock of the New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad Company are now open at the following places in New Orleans and its environs:

First District—At the Crescent Insurance Office, Camp street, and at the Union Bank, 124 Charles st.

Second District—At the office of M M Cohen, No. 69 Exchange Place, and at the office of A Chiapella, No 87 Royal street.

Third District—At the Ocean Towboat Office, Marigny Buildings.

Fourth District—At the office of L R Kenney, corner of Jackson and Tchoupitoulas streets.

Algiers—At the Louisiana Dock, and at Reese & Seger's.

Gretna—At the boundary of Sylvester Bennett.

The books will be closed on the 1st of May next, and will not be re-opened until after the election of the Directors.

A meeting of the Stockholders for the election of the Board of Directors, and for the transaction of other business, will be held at the Lyceum Hall, on THURSDAY, 13th May, 1852, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. and 3 o'clock, P. M.

C. ADAMS, Jr, Chairman.
BENJ F FLANDERS, Secretary. a13 to

PAUL E. THEARD, TRANSLATOR,

Office No. 113 Exchange Alley, between St. Louis and Conti streets.

MR. THEARD offers his services to the public, and announces that he will translate from English and Spanish into French, letters, circulars, pamphlets, contracts, acts of notaries, articles of newspapers, commercial notices and others, leases, meetings of councils and other public meetings—in fact, all kinds of writings. He will also compose articles and notices for newspaper letters, circulars, &c. &c. He will also devote his evenings to the books of any commercial firm.

Office hours—From 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. ap28 tf

J. B. McGUIRE & Co.,

SHIP BROKER, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
ap20 6m No. 26 Bank place.

FOUND,—yesterday evening, on Royal street, a DRAY AND A MULE. The owner can have the same on paying the costs. Apply at the office of the Bee. a26 3t

AT NO. 60 CAMP STREET.

NEW BOOKS.

(From the press of Harper & Bros. N. Y.)

Just received and for sale at J. B. STEEL'S, New Orleans Stationery Warehouse, 60 Camp st. and 13 Bank Place.

THE WAY TO DO GOOD; By Jacob Abbott—very ...

FALKENBURG, a Tale of the Rhine; By the author of Mildred Vernon, Germany, etc.—complete in one volume.

BLEAK HOUSE; By Charles Dickens—with illustrations by H. K. Browne. ap26

For Sale.

THE Stock and Fixtures of a retail Grocery STORE, doing a good cash business, will be sold low for cash, as the proprietor wishes to leave the city. Inquire at the northwest corner of St Louis and Treme streets. apr22 tf

Ice Cream, Frozen Lemonade and Sherbets.

THE undersigned has the honor to inform the public, that he will open his establishment, situated on the Ferry of the First Municipality, on Saturday next, the 10th instant, for the sale of the above said refreshments—assuring the ladies and gentlemen that they will always find on hand a great assortment and every attention paid.

The proprietor having made great expensive alterations for the purpose of rendering it pleasant and comfortable, he hopes to merit the public patronage.

Private place for colored persons.
ap9 1m CONSTANTIN KILIL & CO.

3d vol. of Woodbury & Minot's Reports.

REPORTS determined in the Circuit Court of the United States for the First District, by C. L. Woodbury and G. Minot vol. 3, 1852

Treatise on the Criminal Law of the State of New York, and upon the jurisdiction, duty and authority of Justices of the Peace, and incidentally of the power and duty of Sheriffs, Constables, &c., in criminal cases, by O. L. Barbour, Esq., 1852.

Waterman's Eden on Injunctions, with copious notes and references to the American and English Decisions; also, an introduction and appendix of Practical Forms, 3d edition, in 2 vols., 1852.

Just received and for sale by
ALEXANDER LEVY & CO.,
Law Booksellers and Stationers,
ap21 51 Camp st.

ALWAYS ON HAND!

HAVANA CIGARS—The largest variety of the most renowned brands, of guaranteed genuine Havana manufacture.

AND MOMENTLY EXPECTED

An addition of carefully selected lots from the very best Cigars at present to be had in Havana, for sale by
J. M. CABALLERO, Importer,
30 Old Levee street,
between Customhouse and Bienville sts.

☞ His establishments, at No. 32 St. Charles st., between Common and Gravier sts., and at No. 66 corner of Royal and Customhouse streets, are also constantly supplied with the very best of Havana Cigars, Principes, Paper Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, &c. &c. ap24 J. M. C.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed by Messrs. LENGLET & Co., of St. Louis, agents of their manufactory of **Alimentary Preserves**, informs the public that they have received a complete assortment of Preserves of said manufactory, such as Consommes, Soups, Asparagus, Peas and Gelatines of all kinds, which they will offer for sale at reduced prices. FAURES & NORMAN,
(successors to Loreilhe & Co.)
ap24 6m 33 & 35 Royal, cor. Customhouse st.

Youth's and Children's Summer Clothing.

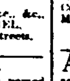
FRANCIS FABRE & CO.,
29 MAGAZINE STREET.

HAVE just received, a large and very complete assortment of Children's CLOTHING, adapted to the present and approaching season, which they offer on reasonable terms.
ap21 F. FABRE & CO, 29 Magazine st.

MATTING,

Twenty-two and a half Cents per yard.

WE have in store, and are continually receiving from the principal manufactures of East India, Matting, such as Gonque, Manking, etc at the low price of 22½ cents. A few pieces left of the celebrated *Spanish Boat Matting*, at
P MALLARD & CO'S.
Fancy Furniture Warehouse,
mh30 67 Royal st.



LOOKING GLASS of the best quality in 12 lb. boxes and in barrels in sheets and threads;
Glue of all numbers;
Potash and Pearlash;
Paints of all colors ground in oil and dry;
Trusses and surgical instruments of every description;
Snuff in jars, in barrels and in boxes of different qualities;
Chloride of lime very dry in barrels and in casks;
Emery of all numbers in kegs;
Phosphate of lime, fresh, very white;
Sponges of all kinds in bales, boxes and in strings;
Gum drops, christalized and rock candy of 3 qualities;
Linseed oil in barrels, linseed in casks &c., &c., now landing and for sale by H. BONNABEL,
corner of Natchez and Tchoupitoulas streets.
apr 20

Southern Chemical Works.

THE undersigned agent for the above named works have constantly on hand, sulphuric nitric, muriatic acid copperas, bisulphate of lime and bisulphate of alumnia, by
H. BONNABEL,
corner of Natchez and Tchoupitoulas streets.
apr 20

HOPS.—In bales, very fresh, now landing and for sale by H. BONNABEL,
Corner of Natchez and Tchoupitoulas
apr 20

SEIDLITZ WATER.

WE have made arrangements to reduce the price of the above article. Hereafter we will sell the same as follows:

In large champagne bottles, 75 cents the dozen without the bottles.

In large champagne bottles, $1 25 the dozen, with the bottles.

In half bottles, 50 cents the dozen, without the bottles.

In half bottles, 75 cents the dozen, with the bottles.

☞ We will take the empty bottles for the same price. ALEXIS & LEVIS
ap20 corner Royal and Bienville sts.

CLARET IN CASKS.—30 casks claret, Chateau Peyvilhade; 4 do do do Deyris Margaux; 20 do do do Margaux; 72 do do St. Julien Medoc; 20 do do St. Estephe; 40 do do Montferrand; 20 do do St. Emilion; for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
ap27 17 & 19 St Louis street.

CLARET IN CASES.—300 cases St. Julien claret; 250 do Chateau Margaux, Chateau Lafitte, Chateau Latour, Beycheville, Batailley and Montant; for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
ap27 17 & 19 St. Louis street.

WHITE WINE IN CASES.—45 cases white wine, Haut Sauterne; 10 do do Haut Barsac; 6 do do Chateau d'Yquem; for sale by
EUG. ROCHEREAU, & CO.,
ap27 17 & 19 St. Louis street.

RHENISH WINE.—10 cases Rhenish Wine, Rudesheimer, 1846; 6 do do Johannisberger, for sale by EUG ROCHEREAU & CO.
ap27 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

MADEIRA AND MALMASIA WINE.—5 quarter pipes Madeira Wine; 20 do do Malvasia, for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
ap27 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE undersigned have formed a co-partnership under the style of AVET BROTHERS, for the transaction of a general grocery business, as per act passed before A. Chiapella, a notary public in this city.
FRED. AVET,
J. B. AVET,
J. AVET, in commendam.

The undersigned will henceforth do a commission business. [ja17] J. AVET.

Dissolution of Partnership.

OWING to the departure of M Fabre for Martinique, our partnership has been dissolved by mutual consent.

M. ALEXIS is alone charged with the liquidation of the late firm. ALEXIS & FABRE.
New Orleans, March 14, 1852. mar 16

Partnership.

WE have formed a co-partnership under the title of ALEXIS & LEVIS, for the management and exploitation of the Apothecary and Drug store, situated at the corner of Royal and Bienville streets.
mr16 ALEXIS & LEVIS.

Removal.

THE undersigned informs the public that his store has been removed from 26 Toulouse street, to 164 Royal street, between Toulouse and St Peter streets. New Orleans, 10th March, 1852.
mh10 JOHN CLAUZURE.

THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.

Iberian Mutual Benevolent Society.

IN the sitting of the 5th inst., it was Resolved, That the above reward of $300 dollars, shall be given to the person who will arrest or cause to be arrested the murderer or murderers of DON JOSE CRESPO, who was assassinated on the 1st instant.

New Orleans, April 6, 1852.

By order of the president,
ap7 F. DE FUENTES, Secretary.

Intelligence Office and General Agency.

M. G. POTIER has opened a General Agency and Intelligence Office, No. 24 Hospital street. He engages himself to furnish servants, mechanics workers, etc., for the country. Apply through the Post-office. a10

Notice.

HAVING been appointed agents for the sale of the well-known Preserved Game and Meats of Louis Langlet, of St. Louis Mo., we invite the attention of dealers, as we shall have always on hand, an ample and varied supply of the above.
mh27-6m QUEYROUZE & LANGDORF,
13 & 15 St. Louis street.

ALEXIS & LEVIS,

DRUGGISTS,

[Successors of F. A. BERTRAND, corner Royal and Bienville streets.]

INFORMS the public that they have resumed the manufacture of artificial waters. They will constantly have on hand Seltz, Sedlitz and Victory Water.

The Purgative Lemonade, made of citrate of Magnesia, will always be prepared very carefully in order to obtain the result for which this remedy is taken.

Orders for the city and country will be promptly attended to. a15

DAISY POWDER,

To Whiten and Beautify the Skin.

THIS new production having acquired a preference by the most fashionable ladies of Paris, will be immediately appreciated by all who use it.

☞ Depot 67 Canal street, at
ap1 1m MADAME THEODORE'S.

GENUINE COLOGNE WATER

REITHER & PONCELET,

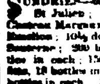
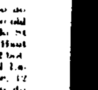
84 CHARTRES STREET.

MANY persons without the least idea of perfumery, have announced through the papers that they are alone supplied with the *Genuine French Cologne Water*, we desire to prove to the public that Cologne Water manufactured in Louisiana is far superior to the one made in France. Every one will admit the correctness of this statement, i.e., the principal ingredients which is alcohol or starch of wine, is much better and cheaper in America. The essence is introduced by means of distillation, which does not require more time here than elsewhere, and which takes place with greater facility on account of the temperature. The ingredients which are to be added are sent to us from the southern part of France, where flowers are so abundant, and cost less to come here than to be sent to Paris. It is then easy to be understood that Cologne Water can be manufactured here at a cheaper rate, although possessing superior qualities, than the ... The Cologne Water is ... We have only one quality which we sell at $1 50 per gallon, at REITHER & PONCELET, 84 Chartres street, opposite the "Bee" office. ap27

SUMMER GOODS.

At No. 60 Royal street between Bienville and Conti streets.

ADOLPHE BLACHE is now offering for sale a Splendid Assortment of Summer Goods, comprising 200 dozen cotton Scotch thread hose, of all kinds and prices, also at $1 75 per dozen; ... white and colored linen shirts, ... San Francisco shirts at $12 per dozen, embroidered linen cambric shirts, ... cambric handkerchiefs, ... fine lot of plain and ... colored linen drawers, ... kid gloves, ... silk suspenders, umbrellas, canes, parasols, ... and fancy goods, fine perfumery direct from Paris.

 **L. B. DEBRIEU,** 

VETERINARY SURGEON, graduate of the Veterinary Schools of France, begs leave to inform the gentlemen, owners, dealers and the public in general, that he will reside in this city, to practice his profession.

L. DEBRIEU will attend to all domestic animals such as horses, mules, cows, &c. He will also take charge of sick animals.

The keeper of his office, a record for the sale and purchase of animals.

His office is open daily from 12 o'clock, m. to 3 o'clock, p. m., at 115 Chartres street, between St. Louis and Conti streets. ap27

SUNDRIES—40 casks Claret, ordinary ... 30 do do St Julien; 30 do Haut ... 12 do do Chateau Margaux ... 10½ do do Chateau ... Sauterne; 300 boxes Claret, good ordinary ... 12 bottles in each; 150 do do Chateau Margaux and Lafitte, 12 bottles in each; 100 do do ... 12 bottles in each; Haut Brion, 12 bottles ... 30 do do Haut Sauterne, 12 bottles; 300 baskets superior Anisette; 50 boxes assorted Liquors ... Maraschino di Zara; ... Kirchwasser; ... Cognac, 1825; ... do do 1825; ... old do 1795, for sale by
FERBOS BROTHERS,
a27 347 and 349 Royal st. cor. of Main.

BRANDY—... quarter pipes ... 10 half do J. Godard, do; 11 do do do, do quarter do Castillon do 1815; ... half do, do, do; ... do, do, do; 19 do ... 1820; 10 quarter do, do ... Hill, do 1815; 4 quarter ... do, do. 1825; 10 ... Otard Dupuy & Co. ... do, Pinet Castillon ... 20 do, do, L de Lalande & Co. ... pay do, do; ... do, do, Labatut ... sargue, do do; ... half do, J J Dupuy & Co ... 22 do, do, P Boireau ... for sale by EUG ROCHEREAU & CO.
ap27 17 and 19 St Louis street

SUNDRIES—100 boxes Cherries, ... do, Tourne; 25 do Apricots, ... Prunes, Chauvet; 25 do Assorted fruits ... Superfine Anisette; 20 boxes Maraschino; ... Curacoa; 10 do Dantzick; 20 do Kirsch; ... bottles Celery Champagne; ... 30 do Creme de ... Sardines and Royans ... Green Peas, Truffles, Fruits in their Juice, for sale by V. & E. MAIGNAN.
ap27 85 and 87 St. Louis

Carpeting.

WE have a very large stock of choice styles of Velvet, Brussels, Three Ply and Ingrain Carpeting, and as the season is rapidly passing, we are willing to sell at a more fraction of the cost.

Floor Oil Cloths.

Three feet to 24 feet wide, of the best and ordinary qualities, cut to suit any sized room or hall, together with 4-4 5-4 and 6-4 white and check Matting, Rugs, Baizes, Stair Rods, Door Mats etc.

Curtain Goods.

Rich Brocatelle, Silk and Wool Damask, Worsted and Cotton do., Embroidered Lace and Muslin Curtains, transparent shades, window cornices, white Marseilles Counterpanes, Furniture, Chintz, Loops, Cords, Tassels, Gimps, Fringes, &c. at low prices.
CHITTENDEN & DAMERON
ap26 6t 28 Chartres street

LANDING and for sale by the undersigned
200 casks Claret, ordinary,
11 do do Leoville,
100 bbls White Wine,
5½ casks do do, 1848;
275 boxes Claret;
50 do Fine do Brandy;
60 cases of 20½ boxes sundries,
15 boxes Green Peas;
35 baskets Champagne;
40 do Olive Oil;
25 boxes Kirsch;
25 do Bordeaux Syrups;
3 trunks Indian Handkerchiefs.
a26 CHARLES CAVAROC, 30 Bienville st.

Carpeting at reduced Prices for Cash.

A large assortment of Velvet and Tapestry 3 ply, Brussels, Ingrains, Venetians, Rugs &c.

Matting and Floor Oil Cloth.

600 rolls white and checked matting, just received also, floor Oil cloth from 3 to 24 feet wide, beautiful patterns, window shades, hair cloth, table and piano covers, stair rods and at the lowest market prices.
A. BROUSSEAU & CO.,
ap26 1w 23 Chartres street

COGNAC.—10½ pipes 4th proof, Renaud & Co., 20½ do do do do; 10½ do do do do; 20½ do do do do; 20½ do do Th. Brunet; 15 do do J. Kuchen; 25½ do do Eyquem; 18½ do do Chs Jabet, jr; 12½ do do do; 20½ do do Larunde; 10 do do Harie, for sale by
a27 V & E MAIGNAN 85 and 87 St Louis st.

HAVANA CIGARS—constantly on hand, and for sale by the undersigned a complete assortment of truly genuine Havana Cigars, from the best manufactories, comprising every favorite brand and of different qualities, viz: Imperiales, Regalias, Med Reg, Cazadores, Panetelas, Cilindrados, Vegueros, Londres, Millar, &c. for sale by
DELVAILLE & MORENO,
a26 1w 26 Old Levee

ASSORTED SYRUPS—The undersigned offers for sale the best Syrups, prepared in such ways as to resist the heat of the climate.

The boxes are assorted to suit purchasers. Orders promptly attended to by
HENRY VALETON,
ap19 90 St. Louis st

WHITE WINE—100 boxes, landing ex brig Irma, from Bordeaux, for sale by
ap17 R. CAHUZAC, 30 Old Levee

DRY PRUNES—45 cases in glass jars, landing ex brig Irma, from Bordeaux, for sale by
ap17 R. CAHUZAC, 30 Old Levee

CLARET WINE—540 boxes best Wine, landing ex brig Irma, from Bordeaux, for sale by
a17 RAYMOND CAHUZAC, 30 Old Levee

RED WINE—400 baskets red wine, landing ex brig Irma, from Bordeaux, for sale by
ap17 RAYMOND CAHUZAC, 30 Old Levee

FRENCH MUSTARD—7 boxes of 6 dozen glass jars each, landing ex brig Irma, from Bordeaux, for sale by RAYMOND CAHUZAC,
ap17 30 Old Levee

For Sale or to Let.

A Soda and Gaseous Water Apparatus, on the most liberal conditions. Apply to
a17 POREE & GIRARD, 7 St Louis st

C[illegible]—... superior ... in store and for sale by
a17 POREE & GIRARD, 7 St Louis st

IN store and for sale by the undersigned—60 boxes Gruyere cheese; 60 do Holland do, 50 do Pate ... 200½ do Perigord truffles, 1st quality, ... do truffled pies in whole, half and quarter boxes, 20 ... claret ..., 20 do old do Chateau Lafitte, 200 boxes do different brands.
JEAN FISSE,
ap26 corner Royal & St. Peter sts

WHITE WINE—16 half casks—36 half casks White Wine Haut Sauterne, for sale by
EUG ROCHEREAU & CO.,
a27 17 and 19 St Louis st

SARDINES—50 cases of 24 boxes Sardines, from Cosme La Rochelle, for sale by
EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
ap27 17 and 19 St. Louis st

CHAMPAGNE—40 baskets Champagne, Bonn Anglais, in quarts; 11 do do, do in pints, for sale by
EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
ap27 17 and 19 St. Louis st