YEARLY REPORT OF DISEASES [illegible] (CONTINUED.)

Diseases	Admissions White	Admissions Black	Discharged	Died
Amount brought forward	14975	68	[illegible]	1369
Fracture of olecranon	[illegible]		[illegible]	
do. of ribs	2		6	
do. of patella	1		6	
Fistula in ano	12		12	
do. perinæum	1		1	
do. recto vaginalis	1		1	
Furunculi	19		20	
Gastritis	52	1	57	9
Gastro-enteritis	30		25	9
Gastro-duodenitis	1		1	
Gastric disorder	21		16	
Gravel	2		2	
Gonnorrhœa	107		115	2
Gastralgia	22		20	1
Gastrodynia	1		1	
Gangrena	4			6
do. of lungs	4			4
Hepatitis	51	1	34	20
Hemorrhoids	20		25	
Hysteritis	8	1	3	1
Hysteria	15		16	
Hydrops articuli	1		1	
Hemiplegia	4		6	
Hernia	9		8	1
Hysteralgia			1	
Hemorrhage	7	1	6	4
Heart (disease of)	47	3	29	21
Hydrocele	4		3	
Hydro-cephalus	1			1
Hydro-thorax	8		2	2
Hydro-pneumo-thorax				1
Hydartrosis	2	1	2	
Hemicrania	24		25	
Hemeralopia	2		2	
Hypertrophy of liver	1		1	
Herpes	5		4	
Hematemesis	1		1	
Hermaphrodite	1		1	
Injury of spine	9		5	4
do. of thigh, with laceration of soft parts	1			1
Intemperance	44		43	2
Inflammation of inguinal			2	
gland			1	
do. of scrotum	1		15	
Insanity	4		7	
Iritis	3			1
Ileus	1		2	
Impetigo	2			1
do. eczematodes	1			1
Inanition	1		1	
Incontinence of urine	1		20	2
Jaundice	21		20	7
Keratitis	22		2	
Kerato iritis	2		2	
Kerato conjunctivitis	13		9	2
Laryngitis	3		8	
Leucorrhœa	9		5	
Lumbago	8		1	
Lupus syphilitica	3		7	
Luxation of shoulder	1		1	
do. of ulna	1			
do. of knee	1		1	
do. of clavicle	1		5	
do. of humerus	5		3	
do. of thigh	2		1	
do. of astragalus	1		1	
do. of head of os femori on dorsum of ilium	1			
[illegible]	44	1	30	9
[illegible]gultus	1		1	
Splenitis	2		2	
Stomatitis	1		2	
Spermatorrhœa	1		1	
Softening of spinal cord				1
do. of brain	3			3
Sun stroke	25		13	16
Suppuration of parotid gland				1
Suppression of urine	5		4	
Scrofula	21		15	2
Scurvy	7		7	2
[illegible]	1		1	
Staphyloma	1		1	
Suicide by laudanum	1			1
Tetanus idiopathic	7		2	5
do. traumatic	5		1	6
do. lateralis	1			1
Tinea nascentium	3			2
[illegible] capitis	1		2	
Tabes mesenterica	3			4
Carried forward	17685	79	16370	1821

Diseases	Admissions White	Admissions Black	Discharged	Died
Amount brought forward	16028	60	14466	1667
[illegible]	1			
Meningitis	7		5	5
do. cerebro-spinal	3	1		3
Metritis	8		9	
Melancholia	2		3	
Mania	40		3	
Mania a potu	16		12	5
Mania puerperal	1		1	
Monomania	5		3	
Menorrhagia	1		1	
Measles	1		1	
Metrorrhagia			1	
Marasmus	13		3	14
Neuralgia	17	1	19	
Nephritis	2		4	
Necrosis	13		6	5
Nebula	3	1	3	
Orchitis	38		33	
Œdema	46		23	
do. glottidis	2			2
Ophthalmia	39		44	1
Otorrhœa	1		1	
Ostalgia	1		1	
Odontalgia	1			
Ostitis			1	
Otitis	1		1	
Osteo-sarcoma			1	1
Opacity of cornea	3		1	
Pregnancy	192		53	
Parturition	2		404	4
Pleurodynia	3		4	6
Phthisis	402	7	137	232
do. Larangea	3		1	
Placenta (retroversion of)	1		1	
Pleuritis	61		62	5
Paronychia	17	1	10	
Phrenitis	1		1	
Paralysis	29	1	25	2
Parotitis	9		10	
Prostatis	1			
Phlemasia dolens	1		1	
Pneumonia	58		42	16
do. typhoid	4			9
Pleuro-pneumonia	9		6	6
Peri-pneumonia	1		1	
Pericarditis	3		3	
Paraplegia	1		1	
Phymosis	1		1	
Paraphymosis	2		3	
Prurigo vulvæ	1		1	
Peritonitis	4	1	2	4
do. puerperal	2			4
Periostitis	2		2	
Ptyalismus	18		19	
Pulmonary congestive	1			1
Psoriasis	4		6	
Phlegmon	4		4	
Pertussis			1	
Prurigo			1	
Rheumatism	358	5	358	2
Retinitis	1		2	
Retention of urine	1		1	
Syphilis	401	5	408	2
Syphilides	1		1	
Synovitis	5		5	
Scabies	4		4	
Sciatica	2		3	
Sprain	35		32	
Stricture of urethra	14		13	2
Sarcocele	1		1	
Tonsilitis	7		6	
Torticolis	1			
Tumor	4		6	
do. ovarian	2		1	
do. febris of upper jaw	1			1
do. malignant of face	1			1
Temulentia	28		21	7
Ulcer	421	2	491	1
Urticaria	2		1	
Uteri (prolapsus)	7	1	7	
Uteri (retroversio)	1		1	
Unknown diseases	20	1		4
Variola confluens	35	2	37	8
Varioloid	3		2	
Vaginitis	1		1	
Vertigo	1			
Wound (incised)	47	1	37	
do. (lacerated)	29		34	
do. (punctured)	28		23	5
do. (penetrating)	5		3	2
do. (gun-shot)	15		9	4
Totals	18336	64	16771	1871

New Orleans, January 26, 1851.

HRY. VANDERLINDEN, *Clerk.*

DOCUMENTS

ACCOMPANYING

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY,
May Session, 1849.

WHEREAS, His Excellency the Governor, has submitted to the consideration of this General Assembly certain resolves of the Legislatures of Virginia, South Carolina, and Missouri, in which the power of Congress to legislate on the subject of Slavery in the territories of the United States and in the District of Columbia, is explicitly and positively denied:

AND WHEREAS, many persons, residing in the slaveholding states, show a settled intention to force the establishment of slavery in the territories of New Mexico and California, and to perpetuate its existence in the District of Columbia.

AND WHEREAS, in view of all these facts, we regard it as a duty of each State in the Union, to proclaim its opinions on the momentous subjects in question, in the most public and solemn manner, to the other members of the confederacy, and to the world. Now, therefore,

Resolved, That Congress has full constitutional power to prohibit slavery in the territories of the United States, by legislative enactment, and that it is the duty of Congress to pass, without unnecessary delay, such strict and positive laws, as will effectually shut out slavery from every portion of the territories of New Mexico and California.

Resolved, That the existence of slavery and the slave trade, in the District of Columbia, is a national disgrace which Congress has full constitutional power to remove, and that Congress should use this power, without unnecessary delay.

Resolved, That this General Assembly, for and in behalf of the people of Connecticut, hereby publicly and solemnly avow their determination to adhere to, and abide by, the compromises contained in the Constitution of the United States, relating to slavery, to the letter, and in the spirit of the same; but that they will oppose, in all constitution and proper ways any and every measure of compromise, by which any portion of our free territory may be given up to the encroachments of slavery.

Resolved, That this General Assembly, for and in behalf of the people of Connecticut, while solemnly declaring their purpose to use every constitutional and proper effort to resist the extension of slavery into the territories, and the further extension of its influence into the councils of the Federal Government, do as solemnly avow their attachment to the Federal Union, and their determination to stand by its integrity, at all hazards, and to the last moment.

Resolved, (in the language of North Carolina,) That we believe the people of Connecticut, of all parties, are devotedly attached to the union of the United States; that they regard it as a main pillar in the edifice of real independence; the support of tranquility at home, of peace abroad; of safety, of prosperity, and of that very liberty they so highly prize; that they cherish a cordial, habitual and immoveable attachment to it, and that they watch for its preservation with jealous anxiety; that they believe it is the duty of their public servants to discountenance whatever may suggest even a suspicion that it can, in any event, be abandoned, and to repel indignantly every attempt to alienate any portion of our country from the rest, or to enfeeble the sacred ties which now link together the various parts."

Resolved, That, in resisting the extension of slavery, we do not make a sectional issue, or oppose the interests of the people of the South, inasmuch as a very large majority of the white inhabitants of the slave holding states, are non-slaveholders, who need and should enjoy the privilege of emigrating to the new territories, without being followed by an institution which is every way hostile to freedom, and which so effectually contributes to degrade the toil and debase the life of the free laborer.

Resolved, That our Senators in Congress are hereby strictly instructed, and that our Representatives in Congress are earnestly requested, to vote, in every stage of the question, in favor of the incorporation of the fundamental principles of the Jeffersonian ordinance of 1787, into any acts of Congress establishing territorial governments over New Mexico and California: to vote always, and in every stage of the question, for the abolition of slavery and the slave trade in the District of Columbia: and to vote always, and in every stage of the question, against the admission of another slaveholding State into the Federal Union.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the Governor of each State in the Union, and also a copy to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, June 19th, 1849—Passed.
C. W. PHILLEO, *Clerk.*

SENATE, June 20th, 1849—Passed.
H. B. GRAVES, *Clerk.*

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE,
Hartford, Dec. 1st, 1849.

I hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the original Resolutions, on file in this office.

ROGER H. MILLS,
Secretary of State.

THE AFRICAN SLAVE TRADE AND COLONIZATION.

Honored and Dear Sir:—Doubtless you are apprised of the horrors of the "African Slave Trade," by which over eighty thousand Africans are exported from Africa annually, and sold into bondage; and how ineffectual the policy pursued for many years by the United States, England, and France, has been to effect its suppression, and likewise their fruitless expenditure of money to the amount of over one hundred million of dollars.

And likewise, we suppose, you know how much good has been accomplished by colonization. A few benevolent men in this land having settled and erected the Republic of Liberia, for the sum of not more than one million dollars, which sum would not support the American Squadron on the African coast three years.

And further we suppose that you are acquainted with the doings of the British Parliament on this subject, from whose movements we learn that the English Government desires to change the policy of blockading the coast of Africa for that of settling said coast with colonists.

And regarding you of these facts, we *respectfully request* that you will use your influence in securing a change of our national policy on this point, and [illegible] of dollars that are regularly voted to the support of the African [illegible] diverted in part from that object, and applied to maintaining a line [illegible], which shall carry our free people of color who desire to emigrate to Africa. In doing this you will render a great service to the American Colonization Society, which is now unable to meet the growing demand for means of transportation.

Yours respectfully,
J. MITCHELL,
Agent A. C. Society.

Indianapolis, December 13th, 1849.

P. S. If you can consistently, please secure the passage of resolution like those within, by the General Assembly of your State. If the above request has a political feature about it at all it is northern policy, or should be made such. J. M.

To His Excellency the Governor of Louisiana.

| L. S. |

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE,
Concord, July 5th, 1851.

SIR:—I have the honor to transmit to you a copy of resolutions adopted by the Legislature of this State, in addition to the measures of adjustment passed at the 1st session of the 31st Congress.

I am, very respectfully, &c.,
SAM. DINSMOOR.

To His Excellency, the Governor of Louisiana.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

In the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

WHEREAS, In the message of His Excellency the Governor, our attention has been invited to the late acts of Congress intended for the adjustment of an angry and dangerous controversy which had long disturbed the amicable relations between the States of the Union, and whereas we regard those acts as indispensable to disarm sectional agitation, to calm the national excitement and restore that unity of sentiment so essential to the harmony of the republic: Therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court Convened, That the State of New Hampshire approves of the adoption of those measures, as essential and necessary for the peace, preservation and progress of our glorious Union, and that we pledge her to sustain the Executive of the nation in carrying said measures into full effect, and in the further execution of all constitutional means to enforce obedience to the laws.

Resolved, That his Excellency the Governor, be requested to transmit copies of the foregoing preamble and resolution to the President of the United States and the Governors of the several States and Territories.

N. B. BAKER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN S. WELLS,
President of the Senate.

APPROVED JULY 4, 1851.

SAMUEL DINSMOOR,
Governor.

THE STATE OF INDIANA.

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND FIFTY.

A Joint Resolution in relation to the Slave Trade.

WHEREAS, The policy of suppressing the "African Slave Trade" by an arm blockade, has, upon the whole, proved an entire failure, said trade being as vigorous now as it was before the blockade was attempted; AND WHEREAS, it is likely that England will soon make overtures to our General Government, demanding a release from all treaty stipulation whereby she is obligated to keep her expensive fleet on the African coast, for the suppression of the slave trade; AND WHEREAS, both the government of the United States and England, are convinced that some other plan must be adopted to check that traffic; AND WHEREAS, the settlement of the African coast, with colonies of civilized colored men is the cheapest and best plan of suppressing said traffic, being likewise calculated to further the work of colonizing our people of color, which plan of suppressing the trade is true American policy: Therefore,

Be it Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, That our Senators and Representatives in Congress be and are hereby requested in the name of the State of Indiana, to call for a change of national policy on the subject of "African Slave Trade,", and that they require a settlement of the coast of Africa with colored men from the United States, and procure such changes in our relations with England as will permit us to transpor colored men from this country to Africa, with whom to effect saidsettlement.

GEORGE W. CARR,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAMES H. LANE,
President of the Senate.

APPROVED JANUARY 16, 1850,
JOSEPH A. WRIGHT.

STATE OF INDIANA—TO WIT:

I, CHARLES H. TEST, Secretary of State for the State of Indiana do hereby certify that the foregoing Joint resolution of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, is a true, full and complete copy of the Joint Resolution therein recited.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed the Seal of the State of Indiana, this day of 1850.
Secretary of State.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

In the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court Convened, That we recommend the establishment of a Bureau of Agriculture in the Department of the Interior at Washington, whose province it shall be to superintend and promote the great interests of agricultural improvement throughout the nation.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to transmit a copy of the foregoing resolution to the Governor of each State in the Union, and to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

Resolved, That our Senators and Representatives in Congress be requested to use their influence to procure the necessary legislation by Congress to establish a Bureau of Agriculture, as suggested in the first resolution.

N. B. BAKER.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN S. WELLS.
President of the Senate.

APPROVED JULY 5, 1851.

SAMUEL DINSMOOR,
Governor.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE,
Concord, July 5, 1851.

SIR—I have the honor to transmit to you a copy of resolutions adopted by the Legislature of this State, in relation to the establishment of a Bureau of Agriculture in the Department of the Interior at Washington.

I am, very respectfully, &c.
SAMUEL DINSMOOR.

To His Excellency,
the Governor of the State of Louisiana.

RESOLUTIONS RELATIVE TO THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURE,

At the City of Washington.

Resolved, That the General Assembly of Floridaearnestly recommend the establishment of a Bureau of Agriculture in the Department of the Interior, at Washington, whose province it shall be to superintend and promote the great interest of Agricultural Improvement in the nation.

Resolved, That the Governor is requested to transmit a copy of the foregoing resolution to the President of the United States, to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, to the Governor of each State in the Union, and to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

Resolved, That the Senators and Representatives of this State, in the Congress of the United States, are hereby requested to use their influence to procure the necessary legislation by Congress for the speedy establishment, on a firm and permanent basis, of a Bureau of Agriculture, as suggested in the first foregoing resolution.

[Passed the House of Representatives, January 16, 1851. Passed the Senate, January 18, 1851. Approved by the Governor, January 23, 1851.]

A TRUE COPY—ATTEST:

C. W. DOWNING,
Secretary of State.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
17th July, 1851.

SIR:—I have the honor to transmit to you enclosed a memorial of the General Council of the City of New Orleans, in which your attention is respectfully solicited to the vital importance of establishing a Naval Depot and a Navy Yard at this place. In 1846, when I was first honored by my fellow-citizens with their suffrages as Chief Magistrate of the City, I took occasion to direct the attention of the then Secretary of War, to the defenceless condition of New Orleans, and in July 1850 again, on a recommendation which I made to the General Council, I had the honor of transmitting a memorial to your predecessor, setting forth the peculiar claims which New Orleans possessed to the establishment of a Naval Depot.

The present memorial has its origin in a communication which I addressed to the General Council on the 20th of May last, urging upon that body once more the necessity of applying to the proper Department and to Congress, with the view of securing to New Orleans a Naval Yard and a Naval Depot.

Without desiring to expatiate at great length on the advantages which New Orleans presents for the establishment of a Naval Depot and which are so ably set forth in the memorial, I will take the liberty of pointing out a few of the most prominent reasons which should induce the General Government to take into early consideration the petition of my fellow-citizens. In a commercial point of view, New Orleans is second only to one other city in the Union and commanding as she does three fourths of the commerce of the gulf, it is of the last importance that interests so weighty should be amply protected. In case of war the advantage of having a Naval Depot at this place, would be too obvious to require any comment, whilst in times of peace the constant presence of national vessels in our waters, would afford protection to our flag and to the immense commercial marine employed in the transportation of the produce of the South and West.

Apart from these considerations there are other reasons of paramount importance which would seem to designate for the great Naval Station of the South, within forty-eight hours reach of Cuba and only three days removed from Mexico, the advantage of having a Naval Depot and Navy Yard in such close proximity to countries which are so likely to offer a field for foreign interference, would appear to be incalculable. Another powerful argument in favor of the object of the petition, is to be found in the fact that New Orleans is the nearest American port to the Isthmus that divides us from our possessions in the Pacific. The importance of rapid communication with distant points, is the distinguishing characteristic of the present age, and it will, I feel persuaded, not be overlooked in deliberating on the merits of the appeal which the citizens of New Orleans now prefer to the general Government.

In conclusion allow me to assure the honorable Secretary of the Navy, that my fellow-citizens feel a deep interest in the success of the accompanying memorial. Whilst other maritime cities of minor importance possess their Navy Yard and their Naval Depots, New Orleans has been allowed to remain neglected, without even a national vessel in her harbor, and her petitions [illegible] now putting forward her claims in a full distinct and unanswerable [illegible] Department over which you so ably preside, [illegible] will bring it before Congress. [illegible]

[illegible]

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
August 2nd, 1851.

A. D. Crossman, Esqr.,
Mayor of the City of New Orleans.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 17th ultimo, enclosing the memorial of the General Council of the City of New Orleans, inviting my attention to the vital importance of establishing a Naval Depot, and a Navy Yard at that place.

I have read with care and great interest your letter and the memorial, and while I highly appreciate the advantages and propriety of the views expressed in them, I must confess that until a very considerable increase to the Navy is made, the necessity for an additional Naval Depot and Yard is not apparent, but should Congress decide otherwise, I know of no point on our southern coast where the attention of the government is more needed, than the mouth of the Mississippi river—at an early period of the next ensuing session of Congress, it will afford me pleasure to place before it your letter and the memorial of the General Council of the City of New Orleans.

I am very respectfully
Your Obt. Serv't.
[Signed] W. A. GRAHAM.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
24th December, 1851.

SIR:—Pursuant to the tenor of a report and certain resolutions adopted by the General Counoll of this city at their sitting on the 11th inst., a copy of which is herewith enclosed, I have the honor of transmitting to your Excellency the accompanying copies of the correspondence of this office with the Navy Department, as well as of the memorial of the General Council to the Hon. Wm. A Graham, Secretary of the Navy, in relation to the establishment of a Naval Depot and Nay Yard at New Orleans.

Aware as I am, that your Excellency takes a warm interest in everything pertaining to the welfare of this city, I feel no hesitation in asking you to lay these documents before the General Assembly at an early day and thus to second the initiatory steps taken by the city authorities towards securing for this great Southern Mart the establishment of a Navy Yard and Naval Depot.

I have the honor to be
With high respect,
Your obt. Serv't.
[Signed] A. D. CROSSMAN,
Mayor.

To His EXCELLENCY,
JOSEPH WALKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

Journal of the House.

First Session—Fourth Legislature.

MONDAY, February 2, 1852.

The House met pursuant to adjournment. Sixty eight members present. The journal of Friday was read and approved.

The following members introduced the following petitions, which were on motion, referred to their appropriate Committees.

Mr. Thompson of St. Helena—Petition of Wm. Pool, and J. Homes, veterans, praying for relief.

Referred to the Committee on Militia.

Mr. Chapman—Petition of J. E. Waller, praying for relief.

Referred to the Committee on Militia.

Mr. Gardiner—Petition of H. S. Dunbar, praying for relief.

Referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Powell—Petition of certain citizens of Ascension, on the subject of temperance.

Referred to the Select Committee on temperance.

Mr. Blackson—Petition of citizens of Tensas, Concordia, Catahoula, and Franklin, on the levees.

Referred to the Select Committee on Levees.

The following members introduced the following resolutions:

Mr. Richardson—*Resolved*, That a Committee of five be appointed by the House and [illegible] members by the Senate, to visit the Lunatic Asylum at Jackson, and report on the condition of the same.

On motion, the same was adopted, and the clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the House thereto.

Mr. Grayson—Whereas, on account of the annual inundation of a large portion of the parish of Franklin, the Richmond mail by way of Winnsborough, is suspended during three to four months of each year, and the inhabitants thereof deprived of all mail facilities during that time, therefore

Be it Resolved, &c., That our Representatives in Congress be requested, and our Senators instructed to take measures to secure the establishment of a mail route from Harrisonburg in the parish of Catahoula, to Winnsborough in the parish of Franklin, by way of Bayou Prairie, to be carried once a week either by land or water on the most direct and practical route, and that the Governor be requested to forward copies of this resolution to our Representatives and Senators in Congress.

On motion, the rules being dispensed with, said resolution underwent its several readings, and was passed.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the Senate thereto.

Mr. Parham—*Be it Resolved by the House of Representatives*, That the Auditor of Public Accounts be, and is hereby requested to furnish the House with a statement of the amounts received by each of the parishes of this State, of the $50,000 appropriated for the years 1850 and 1851, for criminal prosecutions, and the present deficiency on said appropriation.

On motion, the same was adopted.

Mr. Hosking—*Be it Resolved, &c.*, That on the 15th day of November, the inspector or inspectors of the parish of Lafourche Interior, shall be empowered to work by requisition on any levee, that shall not be completed before the 1st of said month.

Mr. Theard on behalf of the Committee on Enrollments, reported as duly enrolled, the Bill entitled,

An Act for the relief of W. E. Florance, Tax Collector of the first Representative District of New Orleans.

The Speaker having signed the same, the clerk was directed to request the signature of the President of the Senate thereto.

By a message from the Senate, through their Secretary, Mr. J. B. Walton, the House was informed of the concurrence of the Senate on the following entitled Bills and joint resolutions:

Joint resolution instructing our Senators and requesting our members to obtain a donation of land to establish a seminary in the parish of Sabine.

Resolution to report an Act to district the State of Louisiana for members of Congress.

Joint resolution to the establishment of a naval depot and a navy yard in New Orleans.

Joint resolution authorizing the Governor to cancel the bonds of G. C. McWhorter, State Treasurer.

An Act to amend an Act entitled, an Act for the relief of Armand C. Vallet, approved March 18, 1850.

By the same message, the concurrence of the House was requested in the following entitled Bills of the Senate:

An Act for the relief of Clement Enete, of Point Coupee.

An Act for the relief of Zenon Langlois, senr., of Point Coupee.

An Act granting pensions to Jonas Reams, Francis Otis, and Garret Jordan of the parish of West Feliciana.

An Act granting a pension to the widow of Pierre Dorril, a veteran of 1814-15.

An Act granting pensions to Mathew Belland, Zenon Boutte, Vincent Peree, Josephine Bonnette, of the parish of Jefferson, veterans of 1814 and 1815.

An Act to renew the pensions of the veterans of 1814 and 1815, herein named.

An Act making an appropriation for the relief of Henry H. Bankster.

By the same message, the signature of the Speaker was requested to the following enrolled Bills of the Senate:

An Act for the relief of Simon Marchand, veteran of 1814 and 1815.

An Act to amend an Act numbered 230, entitled, an Act to incorporate the town of Shreveport, and change the name of the seat of Justice in the parish of Caddo, the town of Grand Ecore, and supplementary to the several Acts for the government of the town of St. Francisville, approved March 16, 1848.

By the same message, the House was informed that the President of the Senate had signed the following enrolled Bills of the House:

An Act for the relief of W. E. Florance, Tax Collector of the first Representative District of New Orleans.

An Act for the relief of the citizens of T. 5, R. 9, E., in the parish of Concordia.

An Act to change the name of Michael Ryan.

An Act to repeal an Act entitled, an Act to establish and organize under the 128th Article of the State Constitution, a Mayor and Recorder's Court in the city of New Orleans.

Mr. Moreau on behalf of the Committee on Enrollment reports that he has this day submitted to the Governor, for his approval and signature, the following bills:

An act for the relief of W. E. Florance, tax collector of First Representative District, New Orleans.

An act for the relief of the citizens of township five, range nine, east, in the parish of Concordia.

An act to repeal an act entitled, an act to establish and organize, under the one hundred and twenty-eighth article of the State Constitution, a Mayor and Recorder's court in the city of New Orleans.

An act to change the name of Michal Ryan.

By a message from the Governor, through his Secretary, J. N. Carrigan, the House was informed that he had signed and approved the following entitled bills.

An act to change the name of Michael Ryan.

An act for the relief of the citizens of township five, range nine, east, in the parish of Concordia.

An act to repeal an act entitled, an act to establish and organize, under article 128 of the Constitution, a Mayor and Recorder's Court for the city of New Orleans.

An act for the relief of W. E. Florance, tax collector of the First Representative District of New Orleans.

Mr. Parham on behalf of the Committee on Finance, to whom was referred the petition of Thomas Hynes, reported a Bill entitled, An Act for the relief of Thomas Hynes, tax collector, for the eighth Representative District of the parish and city of New Orleans.

The same member on behalf of the same Committee, to whom was referred an Act for the relief of J. A. [illegible], State Tax Collector for the sixth Representative District of the parish of Orleans.

Reported unfavorably on the same.

The same member on behalf of the same Committee, to whom was referred the [illegible] of R. Roddy [illegible]

[illegible]

tion instructing the Committee to report a Bill to pay to the several parishes their quota of school funds, reported that no action was required on said resolution.

The same member on behalf of the same Committee, to whom was referred the petition of E. O. Hattle, reported that no further action was necessary on said petition.

The following members gave notice, that at some future day, they would introduce the following entitled Bills.

Mr. Chapman—A Bill for the relief of J. E. Waller, a veteran of 1814 and 1815.

Mr. Ryan—An Act entitled, an Act to amend Article 2747 of the Civil Code.

Mr. Selby—An Act relative to the Judges of the State of Louisiana.

Mr. Scarborough—A Bill to levee the bayon [illegible], by a donation of State swamp land.

Mr. Hawthorn—An Act to amend an Act to appoint Weighers of cotton, hay, &c., in and for the city and parish of Orleans and Jefferson, approved 29th March, 1833.

The following members agreeably to previous notice, introduced the following entitled Bills, and the rules being dispensed with, said Bills were read a first and second time, and referred to the appropriate committees.

Mr. Williamson—An Act for the cancelling of the bonds of all officers of the State.

Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Lagroue—An Act to amend the Act entitled, an Act to amend the Act to incorporate the Church of St. Michael in the parish of St. James, approved March 13, 1837.

Referred to the Delegation of the parish of St. James.

Mr. Pojo—An Act for the relief of David Myers and Archibald Thompson, veterans of 1814 and 1815.

Referred to the Committee on Militia.

Mr. Pojo—An Act to authorize the appointment of an additional Notary Public in the parish of Calcasieu.

Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Commandeur—An Act to amend Articles 3d, 9th, and 10 of section third, of an Act to provide a revenue for the support of the government of the State, approved 20th December, 1848.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Ryan—An Act to amend an Act entitled, an Act to provide for carrying into effect, the Judiciary.

Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Edwards—An Act for changing the time of holding the sessions of the Police Jury, in and for the parish of St. Tammany.

Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Gardiner—An Act for the relief of Joseph Sebelle.

Referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. McCutchen—An Act for the relief of Wm Long and Samuel Lloyd, veterans of 1814 and 1815.

Referred to the Committee on Militia.

Mr. Livingston—An Act to incorporate the Lake Providence, Bastrop, Farmerville, and Shreveport Road Company.

Referred to a Select Committee of eight.

The Speaker appointed the following members on said Committee:

Messrs. Livingston, Selby, Carr, Vaughn, Berry, Looney, Terrell, and Lewis.

Mr. Moss—An Act to amend an Act entitled, an Act to provide for the assessment and collection of taxes in this State.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

Mr. Parham—An Act to reduce the Price of overland lands donated by Act of Congress to the State of Louisiana, 3d March, 1827.

The House then took up for a third reading the Bill entitled,

An Act to authorize and empower the Police Jury of the parish of East Feliciana, of leasing a ferry across the Mississippi river at the town of Port Hudson.

The same being read, was on motion, referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Messages from the Senate.

The House then took up the following Bills and Joint Resolutions of the Senate:

Joint resolution directing the State Engineer to make a survey or run a line of levels in the Ouachita river, from the town of Harrisonburg to the Arkansas line.

On motion of Mr. Scarborough, the same was amended by striking out "Harrisonburg" and inserting Trinity.

Mr. Parham moved to insert "Provided all works previously ordered, shall have precedence."

On motion of Mr. Scarborough to lay the above proviso on the table, Messrs. Parham and Morlan called for the ayes and noes.

On the roll being called it appeared that, Messrs. Alexander, Blackson, Carr, Convillon, Day, Grayson, Hough, Johnston, Walker, 9, voted in the affirmative; and that

Messrs. Ard, Augustin, Barrilleau, Berry, Chaplin, Commandeur, Curry, Dalferes, Dewees, Devous, Edwards, Gardiner, Hawthorn, Harang, Heard, Hopkins, Lambert, Leeds, Livingston, Looney, McCutchen, Meehan, Moreau, Morgan, Moss, Nunnes, Parham, Peck, Payne, Prescott, Powell, Pugh, Pojo, Richardson, Rubio, Rogers, Robertson, Ronquillo, Ryan, Scarborough, Selby, Sever, Simpson, Theard, Terrell, H. Thompson, D. R. Thompson, Vaughin, Weishheimer, Welsh and Williamson voted in the negative—51 nays.

Consequently, said amendment was not laid on the table.

Mr. Scarborough gave notice that he voted with the majority, with the view of moving for a reconsideration on to-morrow.

Mr. Richardson then offered the following as a substitute, which was accepted by Mr. Scarborough:

Provided, that it does not interfere with the works already ordered.

On motion, the resolution was then concurred in as amended.

The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the concurrence of the House, and request their concurrence to the amendments.

The House then took up the bills of the Senate, entitled,

An act to provide for the proper taxing of the Sheriffs' and Clerks' costs.

On motion, the same was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and ordered to be printed.

An act relative to sales of succession property.

Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

An act to provide for taking the bonds of State Collector of Taxes.

The same underwent its first reading.

SPECIAL ORDER OF THE DAY.

The House then took up the bill entitled,

An act to amend an act entitled, "An act encouraging the volunteer corps of the first division Louisiana Militia," approved March 7th, 1850, and to extend the benefits thereof to the Louisiana Legion.

The same being read, on motion, the first section was adopted.

On motion, the second and third sections were rejected.

On motion, the fourth section was adopted.

On motion, the same was laid on the table subject to the call of the House.

SECOND READINGS.

The House then took up, for a second reading, the following entitled bills:

An act to authorize Antoine B. [illegible] and Marie Celestine Darby his wife, to dispose of, by deed of sale or otherwise, a certain tract of land in the parish of St. Martin.

An act relative to prescription.

An act to repeal an act entitled, "An act prescribing duties to Notaries Public, in the parish and city of New Orleans, on passing acts of sale, donation and mortgages," approved 21st March, 1850.

An act to [illegible] the salaries of the jurors of the parish of St. Mary.

An act relative to [illegible] in criminal cases.

An act to incorporate the town of Bastrop, in the parish of Morehouse.

An act to create an additional Notary Public, [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] The Speaker laid before the House the following [illegible]

On the resolution appointing a committee to take into consideration the subject of railroads, Messrs. Pugh, Campbell, Leeds, Williamson, Hughes, [illegible], White, McCutchen, Selby, [illegible] and Ryan; and,

On a joint resolution appointing a committee to district the State,

Messrs. Connelly, Rivers, Moore, Deverges, Sever, Peck, Munday, Day and Bartlett.

The Speaker laid before the House the Report of the State Engineer, which was, on motion, referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

The Speaker also laid before the House a communication of the State Engineer, in answer to a resolution of the House, which was, on motion, referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

On motion, the House adjourned until ten o'clock to-morrow.

TUESDAY, February 3, 1852.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

On the roll being called, eighty-one members were present.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Leave of absence was granted to Messrs. Smart and Armstrong.

On motion of Mr. Richardson, the joint resolution appointing a special committee to visit the Lunatic Asylum, passed yesterday, was reconsidered.

On motion, said resolution was rejected.

The following members introduced the following petitions which were on motion, referred to appropriate Committees.

Mr. Augustin—Petition of B. Populus, a veteran.

Petition of Jacques Ferrand, a veteran.

Petition of J. M. Bouzan, a veteran.

Petition of J. Fondel, a veteran.

Petition of F. Merion, a veteran.

On motion, referred to the Committee on Militia.

Mr. Augustin—Petition of the orphans of the Third Municipality.

Referred to the Committee on Charitable and Public Institutions.

Mr. Thompson of St. Helena—Petition of Nancy Lilly, for relief.

Referred to the Committee on Militia.

Mr. Ronquillo—Petition of Mrs. Frances Newman praying for relief.

Referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Powell—Petition of the Sisters of Charity of Donaldsonville, praying for relief.

Referred to the Committee on Charity and Public Institutions.

Mr. Ranney—Petition of the Female Orphan Society praying for relief.

Referred to the Committee on Charitable and Public Institutions.

Mr. Solomon—Petition of H. V. Parlonger, praying for relief.

Referred to the Committee on Claims.

The following members introduced the following resolutions:

Mr. Dewees—*Be it Resolved*, That the Committee on Finance, be requested to inquire into the expediency and necessity of amending sections forty-six, forty-seven and forty-eight of an Act entitled, an Act to provide for the assessment and collection of taxes in this State, in order to prevent sheriffs and tax collectors from annually adjudicating property to the State of Louisiana, which has been, by virtue of the above law, already adjudicated to the State, and title back of the above law has provided for, bring already vested in the State of Louisiana, and report the same to the House.

On motion, the same was adopted.

Mr. McCutchen—*Resolved*, That the Committee on Finance, be instructed to inquire into the propriety of making an appropriation for the purpose of erecting a suitable building in the town of Baton Rouge, for the residence of the Governor of Louisiana, and report to the House.

On motion, the same was adopted.

Mr. Lathrop offered the following resolution which he afterwards withdrew; it was then renewed by

Mr. Campbell—*Resolved*, That in order to facilitate the business of this House, that Friday of each week be set apart for the consideration of local bill or bills of a private character.

On motion, the same was laid on the table.

Mr. Munday—*Whereas*, It is the true policy of all governments, that the administration of the laws which govern a people, should be administered with the least possible expenses, and that where many offices are created, with high salaries and large fees, it requires high taxation to be raised to support them, and thereby eat out the hard earnings of the people, and indirectly create and support a species of aristocracy, that is not congenial to a free people.

Wherefore, *Be it Resolved*, That the Special Committee on Retrenchment, be requested to inquire into the property and expediency of lopping off all useless offices, and condensing the administration and execution of the laws, into as few hands as possible, and curtailing the salaries and fees of all offices in the State, and report to the House by bill or otherwise.

On motion, the same was adopted.

By a message from the Senate, through their Secretary, Mr. J. B. Walton, the House was informed that the Senate had concurred in the amendments of the House to the Bill entitled,

An Act to amend an Act for the organization and discipline of the Militia, approved March 21st 1850.

By the same message, the House was informed, that the Senate had concurred in the following entitled bills and resolutions:

An Act to authorize Jesse Smith of the parish of Bienville, and those he may associate with him, to build a turnpike road, through the low lands of the east and west prong of Black Lake Bayou.

Resolution, instructing our Senators and Representatives in Congress to have a Post Office established in the parish of Assumption on the mail route between Donaldsonville and Opelousas.

An Act to change the surname of William Arthur Behn to that of William Arthur Wilson, the surname and christian name of Philip Henry Behn to that of Eugene Auguste Wilson, and that of Laura Elizabeth Behn, to that of Laura Elizabeth Wilson.

An Act for the relief of J. A. DeBlanc.

An Act to amend the second section of an Act, to incorporate the town of Trinity, approved 7th March, 1850.

By the same message, the concurrence of the House was requested on the following entitled Bills of the Senate:

An Act to exempt the members of the Police Jury of the parishes of Plaquemines, St. Bernard, and that portion of the parish of Orleans, right bank of the Mississippi river, from Jury duty.

Joint resolution, requiring the State Engineer to examine the bayou Manchac, and report to the Legislature.

Joint resolution, with regard to the improvement of Lake Chicot and Grand Lake.

An Act to incorporate the town of Trenton in the parish of Ouachita.

By the same message, the signature of the Speaker was requested to the following enrolled Bills of the Senate:

An Act to provide for the payment of the expenses incurred in publishing the proclamation of the Secretary of State, and amendments to the Constitution of Louisiana.

An Act providing for the manner of raising means necessary for the erection of the public buildings at the seat of Justice for the parish of Lafourche Interior.

Mr. Theard, on behalf of the Committee on Enrollment, begs leave to report as duly enrolled, the following Acts originated in the Senate:

An Act to provide for the payment of the expenses incurred in publishing the proclamation of the Secretary of State and amendments to the Constitution of Louisiana.

An Act providing for the manner of raising means necessary for the erection of the public buildings at the seat of Justice for the parish of Lafourche Interior.

The Speaker having signed the same, the clerk was directed to inform the President of the Senate thereof.

Mr. Theard, on behalf of the Committee on Enrollments, begs leave to report as duly enrolled, the following Acts and Joint Resolutions:

An Act from the Senate, entitled, An Act to amend an Act numbered 230 entitled, an Act to incorporate the town of Shreveport, and change the name of the seat of Justice in the parish of Caddo, the town of Grand Ecore, and supplementary to the several Acts for the government of the town of St. Francisville, approved March 16, 1848.

An Act from the Senate, entitled, an Act for the relief of Simon Marchand, a veteran of 1814 and 1815.

The Speaker having signed the same, the clerk was directed to inform the President of the Senate thereof.

Mr. Theard, on behalf of the Committee on Enrollments, reported as duly enrolled, the following Joint Resolutions:

Resolution, instructing our Senators and requesting our members to obtain a donation of land to establish a seminary in the parish of Sabine.

Resolution, to report an Act to district the State of Louisiana for members of Congress.

Resolution, authorizing the Governor to cancel the bond of George C. McWhorter, State Treasurer.

The Speaker having signed the same, the clerk was directed to request the signature of the President of the Senate thereto.

Mr. Curry, on behalf the Judiciary Committee, to whom was referred the following entitled Bill,

An Act concerning the emancipation of slaves in the State, reported by substitute as follows:

An Act concerning emancipation of slaves in this State.

The same member on behalf of the same Committee, to whom was referred the following entitled Bills:

An Act for the relief of James H. Gibbons and others.

Reported by substitute as follows:

An Act for the relief of persons who have irregularly paid money to the late Register, State Land Office for lands to the Swamp Land Office.

The same member on behalf of the same Committee, to whom was referred the following entitled Bills:

An Act to amend an Act entitled, an Act to incorporate the town of St. Martinsville, approved 5th March, 1843.

An Act to increase the salaries of Jurors in the parish of Lafayette.

An Act [illegible]

Reported the same back to the House without amendments.

The same member on behalf of the same Committee, to whom was referred the Bill entitled,

An Act to amend the [illegible] Article of the Civil Code,

Reported the same back to the House [illegible]

[illegible]

The same member on behalf of the same Committee, to whom was referred the following entitled Bill:

An Act to cede to the Government of the United States jurisdiction to and over a certain piece or portion of land, situated in the parish of Plaquemines, in the State of Louisiana.

Reported the same back to the House with an amendment.

On motion the rules being dispensed with, said Bill underwent its several readings and was passed.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the Senate thereto.

The same member on behalf of the same Committee, reported the following entitled Bill:

An Act authorizing Justices of the Peace, to bail in all bailable cases legally brought before them.

On motion, the rules being dispensed with, said Bill underwent its several readings, and was passed.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the Senate thereto.

The same member on behalf of the same Committee, to whom was referred, the Bill entitled,

An Act to exempt the parish of Lafayette to pay costs in criminal offences, committed within the corporation of the town of Vermillionville, asked to be discharged from the further consideration of said Bill, there being no question of law for them to decide on.

Mr. Harang, on behalf of the Committee on Claims, to whom was referred the Bills entitled,

An Act for the relief of Jacob Piper.

An Act for the relief of the heirs of William Mayo.

Reported the same back to the House without amendments.

The same member on behalf of the same Committee, to whom was referred the following petitions:

Petition of W. J. and N. C. Blackburn.
Petition of J. N. Kent.
Petition of W. Prather.
Petition of Berry and Bell.

Reported by Bills under the following titles:

An Act for the relief of W. Prather.
An Act for the relief of J. N. Kent.
An Act for the relief W. J. and N. C. Blackburn.
An Act for the relief of Ferry and Bell.

On motion, said Bills were referred to the Committee of the whole.

Mr. Carr, on behalf of the Committee on Parochial Affairs, to whom was referred the following entitled Bills:

An act to amend the first section of an act giving Police Juries the exclusive right to establish ferries and toll bridges, approved March 6th, 1850; and

An act to incorporate the town of Farmersville, in the parish of Union.

Reported the same back to the House without amendment.

The same member, on behalf of the same committee, to whom was referred the following entitled bill:

An act to amend an act entitled, "An act to provide further and more effectually for the Police of Public Roads in this State," approved March 12, 1818, reported unfavorably on the same.

Mr. Lagroue, on behalf of the special committee to whom was referred the bill entitled, an act to amend the act to incorporate the Church of St. Michael, in the parish of St. James, approved March 13, 1837.

Reported the same back to the House without amendment.

Mr. Deverges, on behalf of the Joint Committee on Banks, made the following report:

Your committee, in examining the condition of the Citizens' Bank, have endeavored to ascertain the real value of the assets. After deducting the doubtful claims, and making their own estimate of the real estate owned by that institution, they are led to value its assets at about $5,700,000

The liabilities amount to 6,560,000

Of which $6,350,000 consist of the outstanding bonds issued by the State, making an excess of indebtedness of about $860,000.

It has not been in the power of the committee to ascertain the actual value of the stock mortgages which secure especially the State obligations. The property originally mortgaged amounted, at appraised value, to $14,000,000; but from what data we have been able to collect, we are led to believe that the real value of the plantations and city property thus mortgaged, can only be estimated this day at about $11,160,000

Which, with the remaining assets, other than debts due by stockholders, about 1,340,000

Would form an aggregate amount of assets and mortgage security, of about $12,500,000

Which amount stands pledged for the payment of the above $6,500,000. While the State debt is thus secured by about double the amount of of property, the heavy payments of principal effected for the last three years, have exhausted the available means and short paper of the Bank.

The stock notes, amounting to $4,240,000, are payable at from one to thirty-five years, by instalments of only $118,000 each year. The bills receivable, about $550,000, consist mostly of long mortgage paper, received in payment of real estate seized and purchased by the Bank, and subsequently sold in settlement of old debts, and in security of arrears due on stock loans. The remaining assets, near $800,000, are composed of State and Municipality bonds and stocks of private companies; the whole being an unwieldy capital which cannot be readily converted into active means when needed, to discharge the State obligations as they mature.

Thus, while the debts due to the Bank, and its other assets, can only be real and gradually, in comparatively small amounts, a large portion of the principal of the foreign debt is falling due between 1852 and 1855. The committee have ascertained that the regular collections within the next six months and year will fall considerably short of the debt falling due on the 1st of August and 1st of February next, (say 270,000 dollars.) Indeed, unless the call made upon the stockholders can be enforced in the course of the coming spring, the obligations of the State will be under protest on the 1st of August next; and to prevent such a calamity, the Legislature is bound in honor to appropriate the necessary amount, say $120,000. Each successive year will bring on additional loss on the Bank, and each yearly payment will encounter an additional deposit. Under such approaching difficulties, a large majority of the committee are of opinion that more delay would be fatal, and would consider it a suicidal course on the part of the State to withhold any longer the relief called for.

The bill vetoed by the Governor, in providing for the resuscitation of the Bank, makes it an express condition, that the institution shall be kept in its present state of liquidation until it shall [illegible], by a call on the stockholders, an [illegible] of at least $800,000; on the [illegible] that condition alone, and not before, the stockholders have the benefit of a [illegible]; that is the inducement and [illegible] payment of the call, which we cannot but look to as the surest source of relief—the only one, in fact, which can enable the institution to meet the difficulties fast crowding upon it, and the State.

The present capital, as above described, is unfit by itself for active banking business; but its substantial value, and the immense value of real estate by which it is secured, will make it peculiarly adapted for a basis of active operations when ever there shall be superadded to it a new capital to bank upon.

While a large majority of the committee are of opinion that the State has the right, by legislative enactment, to reinstate the Bank in the exercise of the functions which it has been deprived of by a former enactment, it is not our province here to argue that question. But it is our duty to state that it does not appear, from the records of the Bank, that a majority of the stockholders have ever accepted the act of 1842; pursuant to which the Bank has been put into liquidation. The records of the Bank show that a meeting of the stockholders, held at the Banking-house on the 1st April, 1842, pursuant to law and to a public notice, for the purpose of voting for the acceptance of said Bank, of "the act to revive the charters of the several banks located in the city of New Orleans, and for other purposes, approved 5th February, 1842," and of the act to amend said act, approved 9th March, 1842, 58 stockholders representing 20,299 shares, met and accepted said two acts; the remaining stockholders, about 650 or 700 in number, and representing 123,701 shares, having abstained from taking any action in the matter.

Your committee call your attention to the above fact, as it may have much weight in removing the constitutional scruples of such members of this body as may have been deterred by such motives from supporting a measure, which, in the opinion of your committee, justice as well as the interest of the State and the welfare of a large and respectable class of our citizens loudly demand.

Annexed to this report are several statements called for by the committee, all of which is respectfully submitted.

P. DEVERGES, Chm'n.

On motion, said report was ordered to be printed, with the accompanying documents.

The following members gave notice, that at some future day they would introduce the following entitled bills:

Mr. Grayson—An act to amend an act entitled an act creating the parish of Franklin, approved March 1, 1843.

An act directing a census to be taken of portions of the parishes of Franklin, Ouachita, Morehouse and Caldwell.

Mr. Vaughn—A bill entitled, an act for the relief of Allen Harris, Tax Collector for the parish of Claiborne.

An act to create an additional Notary Public for the parish of Claiborne, to reside in Homer.

An act to prohibit the practice of betting at cards in this State.

Mr. Johnston—An act to amend an act entitled, an act to incorporate the town of Plaquemine, in the parish of Iberville, approved May 27, 1846.

Mr. Sever—An act to amend an act entitled, an act relative to the harbormasters and master and wardens and pilots of the port, of New Orleans, approved March 31, 1805.

An act to authorize the Sheriff of the parish of New Orleans to serve process of subpoena and notices on persons residing in the parish of Jefferson.

Mr. Hough—A bill authorizing ordained Ministers of the Gospel, domiciliated within the State, to celebrate marriages within the limits of the same.

Mr. Carr—A bill authorizing the Governor to appoint four additional Notaries Public, in and for the parish of Union.

Mr. [illegible]—An act to perfect certain records in the Clerk's and Recorder's office, in the [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Mr. Day—An act to [illegible] free public schools throughout the State.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Price—An act to increase the salary of the District Attorney of the First Judicial District.

Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Price—An act to allow compensation to M. M. Reynolds, District Attorney of the First Judicial District.

Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Thompson, of St. Helena—An act to authorize an inspection of bale rope and bagging.

Referred to Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Hawthorn—An act to amend an act entitled, an act supplementary to the act entitled, an act to appoint weighers of cotton, hay, &c., in and for the city and parishes of New Orleans and Jefferson, approved 9th March 27, approved March 29, 1839.

Referred to Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Sever—An act to exempt from seizure and sale, or execution, the homestead of a house holder having a family, and to amend the exemption from seizure for rent, and sale or execution of personal property and effects to the value of $250, and of the wages of labor and compensation for professional or other services, to an amount sufficient to support a debtor and his family.

Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Terrell—An act to amend the 259th article of the Code of Practice.

Referred to Judiciary Committee

Mr. Barrilleau—An act to provide for the improvement of the Attakapas Canal, in the parish of Assumption.

Referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Pugh—An act to amend an act entitled, an act to fix the number of terms in the Fourth and Fifth Judicial Districts, and the time when they shall be holden.

Referred to Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Ryan—An act to amend the article 2747 of the Civil Code.

Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Pojo—An act for the relief of Jacob Ryan, Sheriff of the parish of Calcasieu.

Mr. Scarborough—An act giving a pension to John D. Neal, a veteran of 1814 and '15.

Referred to the Committee on Militia.

On motion of Mr. Payne, the bill entitled,

An act to provide for the organization of corporations in this State,

Was referred to Committee on the Judiciary.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE.

The House then took up, for a first reading, the following entitled bills of the Senate, which were, on motion, referred to appropriate committees:

An act to renew the pensions of 1814 and '15, herein named.

Referred to Committee on Militia.

An act granting pensions to Marthr Belland, Zenon Bonitta, Vincent Peres, Josephen Bonitta, of the parish of Jefferson.

Referred to Committee on Militia.

An act granting pensions to Jonas Reames, Francois Otis and Garrett Jordan, of the parish of West Feliciana.

Referred to Committee on Militia.

An act for the relief of Zenon Langlois, Senior of Point Coupee.

Referred to Committee on Militia.

An act for the relief of Clement Enete, of Point Coupee.

Referred to Committee on Militia.

An act making an appropriation for the relief of H. H. Banston.

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

An act granting a pension to the widow of Pierre Doms, a veteran of 1814 and '15.

Referred to Committe on Militia.

SECOND READINGS.

The House then took up for a second reading the following entitled bills:

An act to create two additional Notaries in the parish of Ouachita.

An act to admit the published statutes and digests of other States in evidence.

An act to provide for an additional Notary Public in the parish of Claiborne.

An act to authorize the appointment of an additional Notary Public for the parish of Lafayette.

An act to grant relief of persons having irregularly bought lands of the State of Louisiana.

An act to reduce the price of seminary lands donated by act of Congress, to the State of Louisiana, 3d March, 1827.

An act for the relief of Thomas Hynes, Tax Collector for the 8th Representative District of the parish and city of New Orleans.

Joint resolution relative to the Levee Inspectors of the parish of Lafourche Interior.

On motion, the rules being dispensed with; said bills and joint resolution underwent their second and third readings, and were passed with their titles.

The Clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the House thereto.

The House then took up for a second reading the following bills of the Senate:

An act to punish white persons for the offence of gambling or betting with free negroes and mulattos, or slaves.

An act to entitle the lessee to retain certain movable effects out of the property subject to the lessor's privilege.

On motion, the rules being dispensed with, said bills were concurred in.

The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the concurrence of the House thereto.

The House then took up for a second reading the bill of the Senate entitled,

An act to provide for taking the bonds of State Collectors of Taxes.

On motion, the same was referred to the Committee on Finance.

The House then took up for a second reading the following entitled bills:

An act for the relief of the succession of Thos. C. Roddy, deceased, late Sheriff of the parish of St. Helena.

On motion, referred to the Committee of the Whole.

An act to restore to his civil rights Charles A. Cammeyer, of New Orleans.

On motion, referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

An act to repeal an act to amend an act entitled, an act to fix the time at which the terms of courts in the several parishes shall be holden, the parish of Orleans excepted, approved Feb. 5th, 1847, and re-enact the same; and to amend the second section of an act to organize District Courts in the State of Louisiana, except in the parishes of Orleans and Jefferson, approved 20th May, 1846.

Referred to the delegation from St. Tammany, St. Helena, Washington and Livingston.

An act to dispense Marie Lavie Bosse, wife of Adam Octave Haydel, with the age of majority.

On motion, the same was laid on the table.

The Speaker laid before the House the report of the Auditor of Public Accounts, which was, on motion of Mr. Moss, ordered to be printed, say 500 copies, and to take precedence of any other printing, and referred to the Committee on Finance.

On motion, the House resolved itself in a Committee of the Whole, for the consideration of the following entitled bills:

An act to compensate Frederick L. Gates, for professional services rendered to the State.

An act for the relief of Ferry and Bell.

An act for the relief of W. J. and N. C. Blackburn.

An act for the relief of J. N. Kent.

An act for the relief of W. Prather.

An act for the relief of J. E. Tison.

An act for the relief of the succession of T. H. Roddy, deceased, late Sheriff of the parish of St. Helena.

Mr. Sever in the chair.

After some time, the committee rose and reported that they had the above named bills under consideration, and had adopted the following entitled bills:

An act for the relief of the succession of Tho. H. Roddy, deceased, late Sheriff of the parish of St. Helena; and

An act for the relief of J. E. Tison, of the parish of Rapides;

An that they had rejected the following entitled bills:

An act for the relief of W. Prather.

An act for the relief of J. N. Kent.

An act for the relief of Ferry and Bell.

An act to compensate F. L. Gates, for professional services rendered to the State.

An act for the relief of W. J. and N. C. Blackburn.

On motion, the House adjourned until ten o'clock to-morrow.

HAVANA SEGARS—200,000 Havana Segars, Regalias, Imperiales, Canones, Media Regalias, Damas, Trabucos, Millar, Panetelas, Predandos, Londres, &c., of the most celebrated manufactories, for sale by D. BORRIO, 34 Gravier st.

CHEESE—300 boxes Gruyere Cheese, for sale by H. NOEL & GUIRAUD, 103 Royal st.

PAPER HANGINGS—10 cases, for sale by H. NOEL & GUIRAUD, 103 Royal st.

ONE case silk ribbons, for sale by H. NOEL & GUIRAUD, 103 Royal st.

[illegible] ship Harvest arrived from Havre—8 tons true Gruyere cheese, for sale by J. N. CURIEN, corner Dumaine and Conde st.

DUTCH HERRINGS—50 kegs Dutch Herrings, in fine condition for sale by DUNTZE & IKEN, 93 & 95 Royal, cor. Conti.

ITALIAN LINSEED—8 half hogsheads, for sale by JOSEPH LANATA, 11 Jefferson, and 12 Toulouse st.

FIGS—170 baskets in good order, for sale by JOSEPH LANATA, 11 Jefferson & 12 Toulouse st.

WINE—300 baskets Champagne, Ducal Grape's brand, in quarts and pints, landing ex ship Beatrice, from Havre, for sale by RAYMOND CAHUZAC, 30 Old Levee.

VINEGAR—90 boxes Vinegar, for family use, for sale by B. TALAMON, 182 & 186 Royal st.

AMONTILLADO—20 cases, a choice article, for sale by WILLIAMSON, ZARATIN & GRATIAA, 20½ Poydras st.

SOAP—300 boxes Winchester, various brands, for sale by E J HART & CO., 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

RED WINE—70 casks, landing ex ship Queen Star, from Bordeaux, for sale by RAYMOND CAHUZAC, 30 Old Levee.

EXCHANGE—on [illegible] A. CARRIERE [illegible]

LYON'S SAUSAGES—[illegible] HENRY VALETTE [illegible]

WRAPPING PAPER—[illegible]

BRANDY—[illegible] RAYMOND CAHUZAC, 30 Old Levee st.

COGNAC—[illegible]

C[illegible] LABORDE & XIGUES [illegible]

LEAF TOBACCO—[illegible]

HAVANA TOBACCO [illegible]

L[illegible]