The New-Orleans Bee.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE ..... NEW-ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 7, 1850.

MAGNE & WEISSE, Proprietors. NO. 83 CHARTRES.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

DAILY PAPER, cash in advance, $12 00
TRI-WEEKLY PAPER, semi-weekly, (one year, 6 00
Postage on subscriber must add one dollar to each subscription, before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—One Dollar for every TEN lines or each insertion, on the first insertion, and fifty cents that price for each subsequent one. No advertisement to be charged for less than one dollar in each instance.

A reasonable discount specified as to time will be published on such contracts as may be charged accordingly.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published until forbid, and charged accordingly.

☞ The private and Auction Advertisers will understand that they are to pay for the time they occupy, and in extent to one square every other day.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Official Journal of the State, General Council, First Municipality and Board of Liquidators.

Saturday Morning, Sept. 7, 1850.

THE MAILS.—Yesterday we received dates from New York to the 27th, and from Washington to the 29th ult. Two mails are still due.

CALIFORNIA AND FOREIGN LETTER INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL OF THE OHIO

The United States steamship Ohio, Lieut. Selfridge commanding, arrived here yesterday morning at an early hour, from New York, via Charleston and Havana, having on board the specie mail to the 11th of August. The Ohio left New York on the 26th ult., and arrived at Havana on the 1st inst.

The steamer *Georgia*, from Chagres, arrived at New York on the 24th ultimo. The *Falcon* sailed for Chagres on the morning of the 2d, with a large number of passengers.

The steamer *Panama* left San Francisco on the 1st ultimo, with upwards of 600 passengers, about 300 of whom were Mexicans, and landed a number at different ports along the coast. She arrived at Panama on the 21st, and is expected to leave there on board *three millions of gold* dust on board, from which a number of passengers died on the voyage. Another of the Pacific steamers at Panama on the 21st was the *Carolina*, which was bound to New York on the 26th ult., and arrived at Havana on the 1st inst.

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By the arrival we have received full files of California papers to the latest dates. We proceed to extract every thing of interest that we can find.

The San Francisco *Herald* of the 1st August furnishes the annexed summary of events:

The various occurrences that have taken place on the overland, will possess for the people of the United States more than ordinary interest. The difficulties the country are beset with will be understood bearing every day, and will be corrected in this settlement to the United States, will show in a much stronger light than is credited, the necessity of immediate action by Congress for the protection of life and property.

Daily murders that have taken place in the Southern mines, have exasperated the citizens of Tuolumne county to such a degree, that a public meeting was held, they have resolved to give only ten days notice to all foreigners to leave the country forthwith. Fifteen days is the limit of time this mandate has for preparation and departure. The numbers that have been driven from their claims, and the numbers that have been murdered, are Americans in the majority. Besides the murders, there have been numerous robberies committed, and in many instances with circumstances of the most barbarous cruelty. The Mexicans that were driven from the mines, have taken up their residence in the lower part of the country, and have commenced the system of robbery, without any risk, as the authorities will not arrest them. The Mexicans have been in the upper and lower country for the purpose of working the mines, and have not interfered with the operations of the Americans. In consequence of the scarcity of provisions, the prospects in the mines are not as flattering as they were last year. The average yield is greater than in any former year, and there is every prospect that the yield will be collected this summer without interruption. Several companies of Mexicans are preparing to depart. We heard of one Mexican trader who employed fifty of his countrymen as an escort to conduct him and his money to old Sonora. He gave as his reason for leaving this country, that he knew there was a strong band of guerillas in the mines, who had recently arrived here for the purpose of murder and robbery.

The determined attitude assumed by the Americans in this district will soon rid the country of the desperate band of assassins who have been spreading terror throughout this whole region.

A few nights since a physician and his companion were attacked in their tent near Sonora, by two Mexicans, who attempted to cut the throats of the Americans. Both of the latter were wounded, but neither fatally. An alarm was given by one of them, and the two Mexicans were pursued and captured. Of course, their trial, condemnation and execution will be summary—no doubt the whole business of their existence has ere this been brought to a conclusion.

FROM THE 1 TO 15.

MURPHY'S DIGGINGS.—We have received the most favorable reports of the returns in the above named places. A company of seven men have taken out, in one spot at the above named location, in less than seven weeks, $15,000 in gold dust. This is their net proceeds, clear of expenses. They have had the earth to lift five, which is now 46 feet deep, a distance of 30 feet further, to wound for rock, but leave one hundred feet in depth. It is their intention to dig to the rock, if it continues to yield, as heretofore, of which there is little doubt.

Another company of six took out, in the same digging, last week, 48 pounds of dust. This company is working fifty-four feet beneath the surface.

We hear that Sacramentonians boast, now and then, of a ten or twenty pound lump, but such small pebbles are bagged unnoticed in this district. At Murphy's a miner has in his possession a lump weighing ninety three pounds, of which, it has been ascertained, at least one half is pure gold. Two thousand four hundred Dollars are registered at Murphy's, as proceeds from this lump. Those not present at the first of August, to answer to their names in the matter of *ore* emotions, will forfeit their claims.

Mokelumne.—We hear it reported in town that a lucky fellow on the head waters of the Mokelumne, has extracted a lump weighing eighty-three pounds, nearly all pure gold. Big lump of gold in this district are actually becoming a common commodity.

SAN ANTONIO.—At this point, which was described last winter, five men have been taking out, on an average, seven ounces each, for the past 11 days.

The report is favorable from the mining region South; and the yield is undoubtedly greater than at any previous season. If the troubles which agitate our district were only at an end, which we feel assured they soon will be, the San Joaquin district would rapidly distance any other portion of the State.

GEORGINA CHANNEL.—Captain Robertson, of the steamer "Georgina," has successfully explored with his boat a new and short channel, connecting the waters of the Sacramento and San Joaquin. It is a deep stream and clear of obstructions. We regret that he did not at once commence running his boat between here and Sacramento city. We are informed by the impression that it would pay more profitably than any route now traveled in this State. The Georgina performed the first trip in thirteen hours. It might be done in considerably less. It would be for the benefit of the citizens of Stockton, if they would purchase and place a boat on this route.

HORRIBLE MURDER.—On Saturday, the 13th of July, a most bloody murder was committed, between Carson's Creek and Coyote Diggings. A man named Strattmann, a German, who was but looking for his mules, was found dead on the trail, with a deep gash across his face, and several other horrid wounds, made by a machete or sabre. It is supposed he was killed by Mexicans. He had been in a tent the night previous, and there exhibited a pretty well-filled purse, which probably excited the cupidity of the murders.

DARING ROBBERY OF A MONTE-BANK, AT CARSON'S CREEK.—On the evening of the 13th of July, while a monte-bank was in operation, with quite a crowd around it, a man reached over the shoulders of the crowd and took a purse from off the table, containing sixty ounces, and although an immediate search was made, no trace of the thief could be found.

We are informed that the four Mexicans, apprehended on the supposition of having murdered the Americans, whose bodies they were burning are acquitted, it being evident, from the state of the remains of the bodies, that death had occurred upwards of eight days prior to the time at which they had been discovered. We are happy to state that the excitement in Sonora and vicinity, although still great, is on the decline, and in the absence of fresh causes of stimulus will soon subside. Large bodies of men are under arms, and in nearly all the camps night-watches are kept.

Maj. Gaines left *Sly*, the new Governor of Oregon, with his suite, has arrived at San Francisco, *en route* for his future home.

The citizens of San Francisco are beginning to plank the streets.

The *McKim* steamer brought to San Francisco $70 000 of gold dust, on her last trip from Sacramento city.

CHINESE FUNERAL.—A Chinese funeral took place yesterday. The Chinaman died at the Chinese Restaurat of Macoa & Woosung. The funeral was large, there being over one hundred and fifty Chinamen in the procession, each wearing a piece of white crape. A large number of persons visited the burying ground to witness the ceremonies, which were as follows: They lowered the coffin as we do; they then threw the white bandage worn on their arms into the grave; then matches and the wax candles, and a bottle of wine. Before covering the coffin, each person bowed his head to the earth and uttered some few words not by us understood. Then each threw a handful of dirt on the coffin, and passed round liquors, wine and segars, &c., of which they invited each American to partake, and the grave was then filled up.

A new Whig paper is to be established at Portland, Oregon, to be styled "The Oregonian."

MORE GOLD QUARTZ ROCK.—We were yesterday shown another specimen of the gold quartz rock, from the Mariposa mines, by Messrs Palmer, Cook & Co. It is a most beautiful specimen. This gold quartz, it is ascertained, will yield an average of two dollars, in gold, to the pound. We have a specimen obtained from Mr. Palmer, now in our office. It was brought to this city by Professor Sheppard.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF ICE.—The schooner Merchantman, consigned to Dewitt & Harrison, brought from Boston, the first lot of ice ever landed in San Francisco. She has, or started with 147 tons.

HEALTHY.—The whole number of deaths in Sacramento, for the week ending July 20, was eleven. General good health appears to prevail at this time throughout the whole of California. In fact, we think, says the *Courier*, considering the careless manner in which a large part of our population live, that fewer deaths occur in our State than in any part of the known world.

THE ADVANCE OF CIVILIZATION.—The District Court, at which Judge Hopkins presides, at this term, presents a calendar of one hundred and thirty-eight causes. Men don't seem to agree any better in San Francisco than elsewhere.

SCHOONER SUNE IN SAN PABLO BAY.—On Monday night the steamer Senator ran into a small schooner, called the Water Witch, carrying away both her masts, and putting her completely under water. Had it not been that the schooner had a quantity of lumber on board, she would have been instantly sunk. Fortunately, the New World was on her way to Benicia, after a trial of speed with the Senator, and those on board were rescued from a watery grave. With the exception of two they all escaped without any ill effects from the accident. These two had been for nearly a quarter of an hour in the water, and were all exhausted. The captain of the steamer, and the agent, Mr. Shillaber, immediately gave orders to supply them with every necessary; and in a short time they were all quite recovered. It is but justice to the captain of the Senator to state that he put the vessel about and came up as soon as possible, to ascertain what had happened, and to render any assistance in his power. Those who were in the schooner were, with the exception of one, on their passage to Stockton, to try their fortunes in the mines.—*San Francisco Courier.*

Mining Intelligence.

PROSPECT OF THE SOUTHERN MINES.—We learn from the Stockton Times that the news from the mines is exceedingly good; the yield of gold is daily increasing as the waters recede. Extensive dams and trenches have been made in several parts, for the purpose of turning the streams. An anticipation shared in by most of the miners is very great—that when the waters subside, there will be an abundance of dust.

The great points of concentration are the Mercedes, Tuolumne, and Stanislaus rivers. Encouraging accounts have reached us from the Calaveras. There is no lack of provisions, and the health of the whole district is excellent.

In one portion of the mines, a party of Mexicans working under Americans, have perched themselves on a pieced table land situated on the top of a mountain, and here, secreted from the eye of the tax collector, they are making a fine harvest. By the exercise of vigilance, they must have the eyes of Argus to find all.

[From the Stockton Journal.]

DOINGS ABOUT SONORA.

Later intelligence from Sonora brings information of the recent holding of a mass meeting there by American citizens, at which it is represented that all foreigners would leave the southern mines within fifteen days, except those who could give Americans as security for their peaceable character and honesty, and that the foreigners generally were further bound to deliver up their arms to the authorities, and resume possession of them at any future period by special permit. A large number of Mexicans have left the mines, and numbers are preparing to depart. We heard of one Mexican trader who employed fifty of his countrymen as an escort to conduct him and his money to old Sonora. He gave as his reason for leaving this force, that he knew there was a strong band of guerillas in the mines, who had recently arrived here for the purpose of murder and robbery.

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FROM OREGON.

News from Oregon to the 16th July, has been received at San Francisco. We copy the following:

GOLD MINES.—The gentlemen who have been absent for some weeks past, exploring the Yakama and Spokan in search of gold, have all returned. They report having found some good; but the gold is very small quantity however. The streams were all so high that a satisfactory examination could not be made. It is thought, however, that when the waters subside so as to admit of it, a more thorough examination will bring to light hidden mines of the precious metal.

The Massachusetts, steam propeller from Puget's Sound, brings the joint commission of army and navy officers appointed to select positions for light houses and fortifications. They have, it is understood, completed their duties so far as Puget's Sound and the adjacent country is concerned, and is now to examine the mouth of the Columbia.

The Massachusetts, drawing 17 feet, came in through the south channel, finding abundance of water.

We take great pleasure in stating that Capt Thomas Hewks has buoyed out the channel from Pillar Rock to Tongue Point, and last week carried the Yazoo[illegible] through it, finding it a perfectly good bearing channel, with sufficient water for all vessels navigating the river. This is of particular interest to our merchants, as the old chanel round Tongue Point has been one of the greatest difficulties in our river navigation.

STEAMER COLUMBIA—NEW ERA.—This new steamer, just completed by an enterprising company of gentlemen of Astoria, arrived in this city on Saturday last. This is the first steam vessel that has appeared in this place, and is the sure harbinger of better times, it was hailed with joy by every citizen. We regard its appearance as the commencement of a new era in the trade of the Columbia and Willamette. The weary traveller will no longer be required to toil for days or weeks to make the passage up the Columbia, but having arrived at Astoria, a twenty-four hours pleasant ride, on a magnificent river skirted with the most wild and beautiful scenery, will place him in this city.

On Monday last, the Columbia made a trip to Portland, for the purpose of giving our citizens an opportunity of witnessing her capabilities.

FROM CHINA.

Intelligence from China to the 25th May is given in the San Francisco paper. The news is of very little interest.

On the 1st of May three pirates were hanged at West Point. Through some mismanagement they were kept upon the scaffold, with the halters around their necks, for more than half an hour. The bolt could not be drawn, and after shaking the gallows violently, the police went to the neighboring stores for a hammer with which they knocked back the bolt. Two of the criminals fainted and were held up until the bolt was forced back; the third kept calling "Shiew, Shiew" for quick, be quick.

The Lieut. Governor has pardoned about twenty prisoners who were under sentence for various offences.

The *Friend* states that a report is current that the Portuguese Government is sending out a naval force and 3,000 troops with a view of obtaining satisfaction for the murder of the late Governor of Macao, and that Portugal had granted leave to the Hon'ble Wm. C. Jones to raise the funds. A Portuguese frigate has been gone arrived at Singapore early in May with the new Governor on board.

A very fatal disease commonly called Typhus, but said by some to be somewhat the plague which desolated London two centuries ago, and by some the Yellow Fever of the West Indies had broken out at the city of Canton and the neighboring villages. The Europeans will not receive the advice of European physicians.

The East India Company's steamer Semiramis, with three companies of the Ceylon Rifles, arrived at Victoria on the 18th May, she sailed for Singapore, Ceylon, and Bombay on the 20th, carrying back three companies of Rifles who have been for some years in that garrison. H. M. brig Serpent was also on the 4th, she relieved the Pilot at Whampoa, the latter is gone North. The Amazon frigate arrived from Singapore on the 19th, on the following day the Hastings was to sail for Singapore. Captain Trenchfield of the Amazon acts as senior naval officer on the China station.

The Polynesian papers contain some intelligence from New Zealand. Business there is represented as flourishing and large shipments of the productions of the country have been made to California.

FROM PANAMA.

We have files of Panama papers to the 12th August. They contain little of immediate interest. The steamer *Cruz* is transferred from Chagres to the river San Juan, where she is to be used in opening the new channel from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The *Star* of the 17th ult. says it is reported she was lost just after entering the San Juan; that the boat will be a total loss, though the machinery and furniture will be saved.

Panama is very dull. On the 10th ult there were not fifty persons in that city bound to California.

We learn, says the *Star*, that a detachment of the provincial troops were sent by Governor Obaldia, a day or two since, to Tobago, for the purpose of breaking up the organization of a band of sailors, who had associated themselves together for the purpose of preventing other sailors from discharging and loading freight from the shipping, except at prices fixed by themselves. These men, we are informed, carried their offensive operations so far on several occasions as to destroy boats and scow-loads belonging to those sailors and stevedores who held themselves aloof from such disgraceful combinations, which are to some extent nominal. About 180 bales of new Cotton have been sold at a range of 13@14c ₱ lb.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION—LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.

INFERIOR	11—@11½
ORDINARY	12—@12½
MIDDLING	12½@13
GOOD MIDDLING	13½@—
MIDDLING FAIR	13½@—
FAIR	14½@—
GOOD FAIR	nominal.
GOOD AND FINE	"

TOBACCO.—Arrived since the 31st ultimo 436 hhds. Cleared in the same time, for New York, 367 hhds., Baltimore, 232; together, 599 hhds. Stock in warehouses and on shipboard, 14 779 hhds.

STATEMENT OF TOBACCO.

Stock on hand Sept. 1st, 1850	hhds. 14,949
Arrived since 1st inst	436
	15,385
Exported since 1st inst	599
Stock on hand and on shipboard	14,786

There has been a good enquiry for Tobacco during the past week, resulting in sales of fully 1,000 hhds. No particulars of which have, however, generally been published. Prices are full, more so perhaps than our figures will warrant, but we still retain them, viz. Lugs, 4@6; Leaf Inferior to Common, 6@6¾. Fair to Fine, 7@8. Choice and Selections, 9@9½. Manta County, 6@12c ₱ lb.

SUGAR.—The sun since our last has not to 4½ lbds. Large purchases when contrasted with the smallness of the stock. Prices are firmly sustained, and we quote Inferior 4¼@4¾. Common 4¾@5. Fair, 5¼@5½. Prime and Choice, 5¾@6¼ ₱ lb.

MOLASSES.—A few small sales have been made since our last at 23c per for plantations, and 26c ₱ gallon for refined.

FLOUR.—The Flour market has been active during the past week, and prices have advanced, so that at present, there is little or no fresh superfine to be had under $5. The sales amount to only 8,500 bbls. principally at $4 87½@$5 for fresh superfine, $5 12½@$5 for Choice and extra brands.

GRAIN.—The Corn market, influenced by the very light supplies, has advanced from 2 to 3c ₱ bushel since our last, but from the same cause also the sales have been restricted to the wants of the trade, amounting to 4,000 sacks at 57½@58c ₱ bushel for prime and white. There is no Western Oats have been selling to a fair extent at a range of 44@45c ₱ bushel. We quote Rice at 2½@3c ₱ lb.

PORK.—This article has remained in the same inactive state previously noticed the sale being confined to retail parcels at $13 for Mess, and $11 for Prime. Sales of 300 bbls. reported was made at the opening of the week at $7 50 for Mess, and $5 for Prime.

BACON.—There has been a good demand for Bacon during the past week, and the sales amount to fully 500 sacks, including 200 casks Ribbed Sides at various lots, at 6¾c, and about 100 Clear, at 7@7½c ₱ lb. Rounders have been moving at 5¾@5½c ₱ lb. For Hams, there is a limited demand, at nominal prices.

BEEF.—There is no change in this article, and the transactions are simply to supply the wants of Mess @12@$12 25 ₱ bbl. and @$7@7 25 in half bbls. Prime is quoted at $5@5 25.

LARD.—The sales since our last comprise boat 4@5 barrels and bbls. Prime, at 7½@8c ₱ lb. For kegs at 7½c and 50 bbls. No 2, at 5½c ₱ lb.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.—We quote Western Butter from 11 to 12c, and Goshen at 15@16c ₱ lb. Cheese, 6½@7c ₱ lb.

RICE.—Limited sales have been made at 4½@4¾c ₱ lb. for Carolina.

WHISKEY.—The market has been dull and business restricted to some small sales at 21@22½c ₱ gallon for rectified.

SALT.—The demand has been steady, and only small parcels are selling from store at $1 25@1 37½ ₱ sack for coarse, and $1 35@$1 60c ₱ sack for fine delivered.

COFFEE.—There has been an active demand for Coffeeeee our last, and holders have succeeded in obtaining full prices. Sales of 1,000 bags Rio, to embrace 7,500 sacks Rio, at from 8½@8¾c ₱ lb.; the latter being the closing rate, and about 1,500 sacks La Guayra, at 9½@9¾c ₱ lb.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE.—The sales have been confined to small parcels, at 13½c ₱ yard for Bagging, and 6½@6¾c ₱ lb. for Rope.

CUTTA BAGS.—Small sales are made at 9c for 2½ bushel bags in lots.

HEMP.—There have been no transactions, and prices are purely nominal.

LEAD.—No sale has been made for several weeks past, and prices are nominal.

LIME.—A cargo of 1,150 casks Thomaston has been sold at $1 37½c, which is an advance. From second hand holders have put up the rates to $1 50@$1 60 ₱ cask.

TALLOW.—There have been no sales since our last. We quote from 6¾@6¾c ₱ lb. for country and city rendered.

CANDLES.—Prices are unchanged and but little doing. We quote New Bedford and Nantucket Sperm, 40@42c; Star Candles, 21@21½c ₱ lb.

EXCHANGE.—Both Foreign and Domestic Exchange is heavy. We quote Sterling, 9@9¼. France, 5f 37½@5f 32½. Bills on New York, at sight, ¼@¾ ₱ cent premium. Checks, ¾@¼ ₱ cent premium.

EXCHANGE OUT DOOR.

Sterling	9@9¼ ₱ cent. prem.
France	5f 37½@5f 32½
New York, 60 day bills	1@1¼ ₱ cent dis
Do. Checks	¼ p c. dis@¼ p c. prem
Boston, 60 days	¼@¾ ₱ cent dis
Philadelphia, 60 days	1¼@1¾ ₱ ct dis
Mobile, 15 to 30 days	2@2 ₱ cent dis

FREIGHTS.—Since our last, a vessel has been taken for Lisbon to load with Tobacco, at $16; and for Liverpool, 7-16d. No change in Cotton line freights.

FREIGHTS.

COTTON—Liverpool	@ ⅝@7-16d
Havre	@ 5 @11-16c
Antwerp	@ ⅝ @1 25
Boston, &c	@ 1 @1 25
TOBACCO—Cowes, &c	@ hhd — @ —
London	20s 6d@33s —d
Bremen	—@—
Antwerp, Hamburg, &c	—@30s —d
Liverpool	—@—@7-8d
Havre	—@— @7-8c
New York	@— @$7 —
Boston	@— @$3 00
Philadelphia	@— @$3 00
SUGAR AND MOLASSES—to Northern Ports:	
From the Coast	@ hhd — none shipping
From the City	@— @$3 00
RICE—New York	@— @$1 25
Boston	@— @$1 25
PORK, &c.—New York	@ bbl — @$1 50
Boston	@— @$2 00
London	@— @— 3s
Liverpool	—@— —d
Ports in Havre—London	@ ton — @— —
Liverpool	—@— —d
FLOUR—New York	@ bbl — none shipping
Boston	—
London	—
Liverpool	—
LEAD—New York	@ ton — @— @$1 25
Boston	@— @— @$1 25
WHEAT—Northern ports	@ bush — none shipping
London	—
Liverpool	—
Ports—Northern ports	@ bush —
London	—
Liverpool	—
HEMP—New York	@ ton — @— @$7 00
Boston	@— @— @$7 00
Europe	@— @— —

THE PEACE MEASURES.

The action of the House of Representatives, on the 28 h ult., in reference to the measures of Compromise, is an auspicious indication of a speedy and satisfactory settlement. "Ion" of the Baltimore *Sun* writes as follows on this subject:

All's well that ends well." August, that ripens the fruits of the earth, will open the great measures of legislation which are to give peace and harmony to the country. Every man may soon set down under the shade of his fig tree and vine, with no civil war to make him afraid of his neighbor.

The programme agreed upon ten days ago by Speaker Cobb and Linn Boyd has been so far successfully carried out, and Boyd's strong team, with Texas, New Mexico and Utah, is likely to be driven successfully through the House, and from the Senate up the avenue and past the White House—and all before Friday night. The unanimity with which the House sustained the Speaker's decision, and thereby set up the new omnibus, is an index son that it will pass. The Southern men generally sustained the decision. Every difficulty seems to be obviated by connecting the territorial bills with the Texan boundary bill, and by putting the whole ahead of California. The distrust that prevailed among the Southern members as to the course of the North is thus removed.

Upon inquiry I have ascertained that Boyd's omnibus will pass the Senate, with the aid of several Eastern votes, which were thrown against the original Senate omnibus.

The opinion is expressed very generally that the two Houses will be prepared to adjourn in a fortnight.

Mr. Foote has offered an amendment to the bill for the suppression of the slave trade in this District, giving authority to the corporate authorities to regulate the whole subject. It is likely to be satisfactory to both Houses.

Mr. Ewbank's nomination was discussed in the Senate to day, and postponed till to-morrow. The nomination of Mr. Lewis, as collector for Philadelphia, was also taken up and is to be debated. Mr. Maxwell's nomination has not yet been considered. Jos.

RESIGNATION OF MR. McKENNAN.

The public generally will, and the members of the Government especially must, feel a very sincere regret at the determination announced by the subjoined letter, which was received by the President on the 28th ult.:

WASHINGTON, (PA.) August 26, 1850.

MY DEAR SIR,—I respectfully tender to you my resignation of the Department of the Interior, to which you did me the honor of calling me.

This determination has not been reached without the most serious and anxious deliberation.

A consciousness of my peculiar nervous temperament, which too readily responds to causes of excitement and depression, would have prompted me, in the first place, to decline the office; but the manner of the appointment, accompanied by the generous confidence of the members of the Cabinet, and backed by the pressing urgency of friends, made so strong an impression upon me as to leave me no alternative but to accept. A brief experience of the arduous labors and onerous responsibilities of the position, in connexion with considerations of a private and domestic nature, which press upon me, have forced me to the conclusion that a due observance of duty to my family and myself requires my withdrawal.

In thus dissolving my brief official association with you, allow me to say that I cherish a confident reliance upon the stability, wisdom and probity, and worth of every member of the Administration, and a hopeful assurance of its success. To those in the office of mine, in my retirement, shall at any time be a friend.

May I not also assure you of my grateful appreciation of the kindness extended to me by yourself and your amiable family?

With respectful and sincere regard, I am yours, faithfully. THOS. M'KENNAN.

His Excellency MILLARD FILLMORE,
President of the United States.

THE AMARILLA'S NEWS.—In addition to the accounts from St. Louis, the Baltimore *Sun's* despatches mention some few particulars of the news by the steamer:

ENGLAND.—Commenting upon the bounty of the season just closed, a London paper says:

The ministerial management of the Legislature has now been very successful, very fortunate, or very business like. The reasons for this may be traced, in a degree, to the second rate ability of the Opposition. Ordinarily for these reasons do not supply the whole deficiency. The Whig Ministers are not Ministers selected by the Commons, but forced into office by circumstance. Not a desire, but a dread, gave them place. Peel and Russell, the leaders, have been god governors. They have not been insolent in command, nor a pointer to their own attention. Because the House of Commons were not their creatures, they had to follow the House, for the House would not follow them.

FRANCE.—The Assembly was prorogued on the 10th inst., and the Ministers have now all things their own way. Most of the members have left Paris for the country. Much domestic gaiety. Paris in less easy than it was some months ago.

Previous to separating, the Mountain presented the police with a charge of treason against the Paris sanitary proceedings of the season. The disunion has become the great topic of the day. It is drawn up in a style remarkably free from the restraint of reserve and respect, and insolence, and is signed by 65 names.

In some respects the President has not been as fortunate in his power as in his late tour—at Lyons the people were worse than apathetic. There was no address—and no public procession, and the town council refused the supplies for his suite.

Under the date of Paris, Thursday, it is stated that since the President left Lyons, his progress has been satisfactory and impartial. Reports declare that public feeling generally is decidedly in his favor.

A telegraphic despatch from Paris of Friday contains similar advices.

Accounts from the Provinces state that the weather is exceedingly wet and unfavorable for harvesting, the prospects of which there had been an advance of 2s 6d, the week.

The commerce of Paris still continues to progress favorably. The manufacturers have subscribed orders on their books to occupy all their hands, while some branches indicate a difficulty in procuring operatives to supply the demand.

WHIG CONVENTION.

Agreeably to the invitation of the Whigs of Ascension, the Whigs of the second congressional district met in Convention at the Court House in the town of Donaldsonville, on Thursday the 5th of September, at 11 o'clock A M., to make choice of a candidate to fill the vacancy occasioned by the promotion of the Hon. Charles M. Conrad to the post of Secretary of War.

The convention was called to order by Mr. Wm. C. Lawes, of Ascension. The Hon. Benjamin Winchester of St. James, was called to the chair, whereon J. Bush, of Lafourche Inter; G. F. Connelly, of Terrebonne; E. C. Marston, of Ascension; Cyprien Singy of St. John the Baptist, and Edouard Gaudin, Sr., of Ascension, were named as Vice Presidents, and Messrs Amedee Tete, of Assumption, Edmond Maurin and L. D. Nicholls, of Ascension, Secretaries.

On motion of the Chair a roll of the Parishes comprising the District, was called and it was found that the following Parishes only were represented in the Convention, Ascension, Assumption, Lafourche Inferior, St. James, St. John the Baptist and Terrebonne.

On motion of the Hon. G. F. Connelly, of Terrebonne; That whereas a large portion of the District is not represented in this Convention, Resolved, That this Convention do now adjourn to meet here on Monday the 9th inst., at 12 o'clock M.

On motion of Dr. E. E. Kutridge of Assumption, Resolved that copies of the proceedings of this meeting be sent to the New Orleans Bulletin Bee, Picayune and Crescent for publication.

The Convention then adjourned until Monday the 9th inst.

BENJAMIN WINCHESTER, Ch'm.
AMEDEE TETE,
EDMOND MAURIN, } Secretaries.
L. D. NICHOLLS,

SENATOR RUSK OF TEXAS, was, it appears, re-elected by a nearly unanimous vote.

☞ Monday, the 9th inst., has been appointed for a second trial to elect a member of Congress in the Second District of Massachusetts. At the first attempt Upham (W.) lacked 100 votes of a majority.

City Intelligence.

FIRST MUNICIPALITY.—The business yesterday in Recorder Gennis' Court was of trifling importance. Two female vagabonds were committed to the work house for thirty days, and one or two parties accused of disturbing the peace, were required under bond to behave better. Bernard Riordan charged with having furiously assaulted Timothy Sullivan, was committed to prison to await an examination.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—The Coroner held an inquest yesterday on the body of a white man name unknown, found floating in the river opposite Second Municipality. Verdict "Found drowned."

SECOND MUNICIPALITY.—The cases in acting Recorder Hale's Court yesterday, are not worth noticing. Two parties charged with larceny were discharged, the complaining failed to substantiate the accusation. A man named P. O'Hara was sent to the work house.

COMMITTED.—Recorder Benezenon fendered his decision yesterday in the murder case, committing Celestin Lassaud as principal and Tonge, Pecher and Taylor for trial before the First District Court.

NEXT DOOR FOR TRIAL.—Dennis Dorsey, whose arrest we have noticed, was committed yesterday by Recorder Batizenzo for trial before the First District Court on the charge of having stolen $37 from Mr. McCormick on board the steamer Oregon.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A little mulatto girl, the property of E. Casa'm, living in Common street, fell yesterday afternoon from the gallery fronting the second story of the house, into the street below. She was taken up senseless, and although no bones were broken, some internal injury appears to have been received. Last evening the child's life was despaired of.

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

FRIDAY EVENING, Sept. 6, 1850.

The business of the past week has been very limited, and calls no special comment.

Our city continues to be remarkably exempt from sickness, and as all danger of an epidemic has vanished, people already begin to return. We can safely advise our absent citizens as well as strangers to venture amongst us without fear.

The weather is again very warm and favorable to the crops. Opinions are quite varied as to the extent of the Cotton yield, so much so that each estimate—manufacturer has his supporters. The figures that have come under our notice, vary from 1,900 to 2,200,000 bales, furnishing a sufficient latitude as will be perceived for the Manchester Guardian, and the short crop men per se to unite on a common platform.

COTTON—Arrived since the 31st ultimo, 1,264 bales. Cleared in the same time, for Liverpool, 3,950 bales; Baltimore, 14 together, 3,964 bales, making a reduction in stock of 2,800 bales, and leaving on hand inclusive of all on shipboard not cleared this day, a stock of 14,012 bales

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

Stock on h