The New-Orleans Bee.

G. F. WEISSE, Proprietor
NO. 83 CHARTRES STREET

No. 1387. Vol. X.—NEW SERIES.
Vol. XXIX—Whole No. 6436.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE..... NEW-ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17, 1851.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

DAILY PAPER, (one month advance) $13 00
COUNTRY PAPER, semi-weekly, (one year in advance,) 5 00

In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing, before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—One square for every TEN lines or less for each language, on the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar in each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines for each language for each insertion.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and in extent to one square every other day.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Official Journal of the State, General Council, First Municipality and Board of Liquidators.

Friday Morning, Jan. 17, 1851.

THE NORTHERN MAIL failed yesterday from beyond Montgomery.

NOTICE TO COMMISSIONERS AND CLERKS.

The Commissioners and Clerks of the Senatorial election to be held to-morrow are requested to recall to day at the office of the Mayor and be sworn in. This is the last day and it is desirable that they should qualify themselves without delay.

THE SENATORIAL ELECTION

Our remarks on Wednesday in reference to the Senatorial election to take place on the 18th, have been met with a word or two of dissent from one journal, and a long and eminently unfair article from another. The first we pass by in silence—it is an honest difference of opinion and as such we respect it. To the second—the *Courier*—we have a few words of reply, which are not called forth by any weight that attaches to the argument employed by that sheet, but simply with a view of placing ourselves right upon a point which the *Courier* has misconceived and misrepresented.

We stated among our reasons for preferring the Legislature, to his competitor, that the 2nd Municipality had no Senator, and certainly possessed a conceded right with her sisters to a share in the representation of the Senatorial branch of the Legislature. This the *Courier* thinks proper to qualify as "an appeal to sectional jealousies." When the *Courier* said this, it must have known better, for our article was too plainly worded to escape the understanding; and had the Evening paper been at all disposed to state our views fairly, it would have cited our language, and thus have avoided the slightest ground of complaint. This, however, did not suit the object required, which was to get up a cycle of that same sectional jealousy which it had gratuitously ascribed to us, in the hope that it might benefit the democratic candidate. It was quite a convenient weapon, though launched in Parthian style, and was employed with the usual practised and dexterous hand of the veteran politician who contributes to the editorial columns of the *Courier*. If the arrow flies wide of the mark, or falls blunted and harmless from the point of its aim, it is because the panoply of truth is impenetrable.

We did say, and we repeat, that the election of Colonel CAMPBELL is due to the Second Municipality, because the three Senators from New Orleans, all belong to the First or Third Municipality. The Second Municipality is without a representative on the floor of the Senate, and as a large, wealthy, and populous corporation, her interests require the presence of one willing to protect them, and familiar with her necessities, her policy and her administration. Upon this view and this alone, as the *Courier* well knows, did we urge upon the Second Municipality the propriety of sustaining one of its own citizens. Sectional jealousies forsooth! Thank heaven, we have never before been arraigned on such a charge, and never will be with just cause. This journal has ever taken the tendency to prejudices of the sort, growing out of difference of origin, distinctions of manners, and variety of tongues. It is ridiculous, under any circumstances, to accuse us of fostering such unworthy sentiments, and groundless and grossly unjust to elaborate the accusation from the materials furnished by our article of Wednesday last.

It has been for years the practice, by both political parties of this city, so to elect its candidates as to ensure, if possible, a fair representation of every section of the city. In the case in point, we desire to carry out this principle—if those be seeking to revive sectional prejudices and jealousies, the *Courier* may make the most of it.

We have not one syllable to urge against Col. WAGNER. Every body knows him. Every body is aware that a more fervent and uncompromising Democrat never lived; that he is a party man in the strictest sense of the term; and that he is honestly and frankly a votary of no schism. That he preferred the continuance of the Union to the possible ephemeral triumph of the Democracy of this city, is at once as evidence of his sound sense and his sterling patriotism. But in none of these points does he surpass his opponent; while in legislative experience, in a close acquaintance with many knotty questions connected with the policy of the State, Col. CAMPBELL is confessedly his superior. It is true that the question of Whig and Democrat enters but little into this contest; but *ceteris paribus*, we, as Whigs, naturally prefer a Whig, while the *Courier* as naturally prefers a Democrat. This is all very well, and no doubt unobjectionable; but when we are told that Whigs must vote for WAGNER, because he is an unswerving Union man, although he has written whole folios in abuse of the Whigs, the answer is easy. The claim of Mr WAGNER would be a reasonable one, if a Democrat were his antagonist, and the Legislature of Louisiana had anything to do with the state of the Union; but as Col. CAMPBELL is quite as good a Union man as Col. WAGNER, and the Legislature has its own business to attend to, and will doubtless confine itself to its sphere of duties, there is no reason under Heaven why the Whigs should stultify themselves by voting for a Democrat to the huge pleasure and gratification of that interesting party, that the happiness of seeing the *Courier*, the evening after the election, shouting "victory," and claiming that the city of New Orleans is Democratic to the core. The game is a very strong one, but we don't quite think it will succeed.

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CONGRESS.

In the SENATE, on the 7th, Mr. Felch, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported back the joint resolution of the House which declares that the Swamp Land given by the act of last session to soldiers and others shall be assignable before location, with a recommendation that it do not pass.

Mr. Yulee introduced a bill granting land to Florida, to aid in the construction of a railroad from the Atlantic to the Gulf of Mexico.

Mr. Bradbury's resolution concerning removals from office, was again taken up.

Mr. Ewing addressed the Senate in defence of the removals of Col. Weller and Gen. Lane. The cause for the removal of Col. Weller was stated to be, among others, his intemperate habits, unfitting him for the discharge of his duties, and his being a defaulter in the State of Ohio.

Mr. Cass and Mr. Bradbury replied.

Mr. Downs alluded to some removals in New Orleans. After which, the Senate adjourned.

In the HOUSE, Mr. Julien, of Indiana, moved for leave to amend the entry made therein, relative to the memorial from a society of friends in Indiana, which was the subject of discussion yesterday, by adding the words, "and to refer the same to a committee, with instructions to report a bill in conformity with the prayer of the memorial.

Mr. McLane, of Maryland, raised the question of order; and contended that the gentleman from Indiana could not move to amend the Journals by adding to his motion for a suspension of the rules to enable him to present a memorial, a statement of the object he had in view.

The Speaker having decided that the motion of Mr. Julian was in order, Mr. McLane appealed against the decision of the chair; but subsequently withdrew his motion, to take the sense of the House.

Some time was then occupied in a desultory discussion of the question, some of the members asserting that Mr. Julian, in making the motion, embodied in it the reference to a committee for the purpose alluded to, and others insisting that the motion he made was merely a suspension of the rules, in order that the memorial might be presented, and that the proposition of the member from Indiana was, not to correct the journals, but to make an addition to the entry of the preceding day.

The motion of Mr. Julian to amend the journals was ultimately negatived without a division.

Mr. Potter, of Ohio, made an ineffectual attempt to get the House into a committee of the whole on the state of the Union, for the purpose of taking up the cheap postage bill, which, under the two hours' rule that was adopted on Saturday, must be decided the next time it comes up for discussion.

Mr. Strong, of Penn., chairman of the Committee on Elections, moved a privilege question, and the House took up the New Hampshire contested election. Mr. Strong spoke at considerable length in favor of the return of the sitting member, Mr. Morrison; and was followed by Mr. Thompson, of Kentucky, who took a diametrically different view of the subject.

It appears that subsequent to the recent passing of a law in New Hampshire, redividing a portion of the State, a member of one of the Senatorial districts vacated his seat in Congress, and an election was held for returning a substitute, under the law at present in force, when Mr. Morrison was returned. But it was contested, and the Election Committee, being equally divided, that the member for the unexpired term should have been elected under the law which was in force when it commenced.

Mr. Tuck, of New Hampshire, and Mr. Woodward, of South Carolina, followed, and the hour for adjournment having arrived, the House adjourned till to-morrow.

PAINE'S LIGHT.—*Full Description of the Apparatus.*—The Boston Transcript, of Saturday evening, publishes a wood-cut of Paine's apparatus, accompanied by a lengthy article by Dr. G. Q. Colton, giving a description of the long talked of Helices, and the apparatus generally. Dr. Colton professes to have visited the machine, and to describe it impartially, and he testifies to its achieving the great light from water so claimed for it. The following is his description of the wonderful helices, and it is certainly highly interesting:

The Helices.—Mr. Paine claims that by an improved construction of the bronze in the Magneto-Electric Machine, he has increased the electrical power of that instrument infinitely, say—ten thousand fold—sufficient to produce the wonderful results above described. The peculiar construction of these helices were observed at all times to moderate and subdue the tendency to prejudices of the sort, growing out of difference of origin, distinctions of manners, and variety of tongues. It is ridiculous, under any circumstances, to accuse us of fostering such unworthy sentiments, and grossly and grossly unjust to elaborate the accusation from the materials furnished by our article of Wednesday last.

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Telegraphic Items.

HARRISBURG, Pa. Jan. 7.

ORGANIZATION OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—ELECTION OF SPEAKER.—The House of Delegates was organized to-day. Mr. John Cessna was elected Speaker on the second ballot.

The Senate had five unsuccessful ballots for chairman. The parties in this body are about evenly divided. A considerable struggle is anticipated.

ST. LANIF, Jan. 7.

THE MEXICAN BOUNDARY COMMISSION.—Late advices from the Mexican Boundary Commissioners report their arrival at El Paso on the 16th November, thirty-three days in advance of the main body.

ALBANY, Jan. 7.

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE—GOVERNOR HUNT'S MESSAGE.—Both branches of the Legislature of New York organized to-day.—Henry J. Raymond, Editor of the New York Courier and Enquirer, has been elected Speaker of the House.

Governor Hunt, in his message, considers that the Fugitive Slave Law should be strictly carried out in good faith, and maintained by the people, as long as it remains a law. He thinks, however, that the people should be left to examine its provisions freely and decide upon its practical operations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.

WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.—Five new clerks were added to the Census Department to-day.

The weather is warm and pleasant, and the city quite gay. The dancing assemblies are brilliantly attended by all parties.

BOSTON, Jan. 7.

ADVICES FROM KINGSTON.—Dates have been received here from Kingston to December 31. The cholera had almost entirely disappeared. The deaths from that malady in Kingston had reached six thousand.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—10 P. M.

ARRIVAL OF THE U. S. STORESHIP FREDONIA.—The United States Storeship Fredonia has arrived here from San Francisco, whence she left on 4th July last. She came via Valparaiso. The officers and crew are all well.

The remains of Lieut. McClanahan are aboard. It will be remembered he was killed during the Mexican war.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 7.

ORGANIZATION OF THE ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.—The Illinois Legislature has been organized. The officers are all Democrats.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.

MOVEMENTS IN THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.—Fitz Henry Warren, second Assistant Postmaster General, has been appointed Postmaster to the Chief Contract Office in place of Major Bolton, who goes to Cuba for the purpose of effecting a new Postal Arrangement with the authorities of that Island.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 6.

MUNIFICENT DONATION.—The Rev. Benjamin Watford has left $100 C00 for the erection and support of a new Methodist College in this city.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 6.

About 2 o'clock, A. M., Mr. Patterson's grocery store on Perry street was forced and robbed of $200 in cash, and other articles as suited the taste of the burglars, and then fired the store. Mr. Patton, wife, seven children and two borders narrowly escaped with their lives from the burning ruins—saving only their night clothes.

☞ Hon. Truman Smith has perpetrated a pretty bon mot. Some one, by way of quizzing him, asked him how many slaves were owned by his wife, (a Southern lady.) "She has but one slave," was the gallant reply of the Senator.—*Newark Eagle*

Council of Municipality No. One.

Sitting Monday, 13th January, 1851.

The Council met this day pursuant to adjournment.

The members present were—

Honorable Joe Genella, Recorder and President.

Aldermen—Messrs. Bonneval, Clark, Derbes, Dupre, Fabre, Goquel, Hagan, Jumonville, Lanata, Lyod, Laughlin, Warren, McAlpin, Ramos and Silk—16.

On motion the reading of the minutes of the last session was dispensed with and the President authorized to sign the same.

The following message from the Mayor was read—

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
13th January, 1851.

To the Honorable the Recorder and Members of the Council of Municipality No. One.

Gentlemen—Under the will of the late John McDonogh, it has become necessary for your honorable body to elect the duly Commissioner for the management of the gratuities given by him, in connection with two Commissioners from the other Municipalities, are to receive the interests of the City of New Orleans, and to perform the functions of that fund. The Commissioners are to be elected are to have equal power and vote with three agents to be appointed by the Court of Probates.

Among the annuities bequeathed by the late John McDonogh, is one to the City of New Orleans of the annual sum of $6000 for the term of twenty years, the interest of the estate until said eighth shall amount to the full and entire sum of $60000 for the purpose of establishing a free school for each Municipality in this city.

To carry out the design of the Testator, I will therefore become necessary for your Honorable body, as well as those two Commissioners at your sitting this evening.

The act to explain representation in the Municipal Council of the City of New Orleans, passed the 9th January, 1847, provided that on the first Monday in February of that year, and on the second Monday in January of every fourth year thereafter, it shall be the duty of the Mayor of the City of New Orleans, to cause to be commenced a census of all persons residing in each of the Municipalities, and of all persons qualified to vote therein, classed according to the Wards in which they reside. Said census is to be taken by nine competent Commissioners, three for each Municipality, to be nominated by the Mayor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of the Municipality for which they are respectively appointed.

In conformity with said law, this being the fourth year since it went into effect, I beg leave to nominate Messrs.

F. CORREJOLLES,
B. GAUDET, and
L. CASTERA, Jr.

As suitable persons for performing the duties of Commissioners to take the census within the limits of Municipality No. One.

Enclosed, I beg to hand you a communication from Frederick Rinaldi, relative to the contract for the erection of an Engine House, for Vigilance Fire Company No. 3.

I have the honor to be,
Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
[Signed] D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

Mr. Derbes offered the following resolution, which, on motion, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Council has heard with deep regret the death of A. Riefiel, who has been for a number of years, an officer of this Municipality, and who has honorably discharged the duties of an arduous and responsible officer.

Mr. Hagan moved that the son of A. Riefiel, late Collector of Steamboats, be authorized to fulfil the duties of said Collector, till an election takes place.

Mr. Gionel moved that the Council proceed to elect a Collector for the unexpired term of the late A. Riefiel.

On motion of Mr. Ramos, it was

Resolved, That the appointment of a Collector on Steamboats be, and is hereby postponed till the next sitting of this Council, and that in the meantime, his son Edward Riefiel be and is hereby authorized to fulfil the duties of his late father, the securities of the late A Riefiel consenting to the same.

The yeas and nays being taken on the passage of said resolution, resulted as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Bonneval, Derbes, Fabre, Hagan, Lanata, Lyod, Maxent, McAlpin and Silk—7.

Nays—Messrs. Clark, Dupre, Goquel, Jumonville, Laughlin, McAlpin and Ramos—7.

The Chair then submitted the following communication:

To the Honorable the Recorder and Aldermen of the First Municipality.

Gentlemen—We the undersigned, securitors for our late friend Auguste Riefiel, Collector on Steamboats, respectfully request that the son of the late Ward Riefiel, appointed in his place for the remainder of his time of office, do hereby bind and obligate ourselves in the sum of ten thousand dollars, to subscribe our bond in favor of the Municipality, as securities for Edward Riefiel.

Most respectfully, yours,
L. H DESPORGES,
ROBERT M'CRIFY.

On motion of Mr. Derbes, the Council proceeded to the election of two Commissioners for the management of the School fund.

Mr. Derbes nominated M. E Bouny.

Mr. Lanata nominated G. LeGardeur.

Mr. Fabre nominated J. E. Solomon

The following gentlemen voted:

For E. Bouny—Messrs. Bonneval, Derbes, Fabre, Goquel, Hagan, Jumonville, Laughlin, Maxent and Silk—9.

For G. LeGardeur—Messrs Bonneval, Clark, Derbes, Lanata, Laughlin, Maxent and Silk—7.

For J. E Solomon—Messrs. Clark, Fabre, Hagan, Jumonville and Lanata—5.

Therefore, Messrs E Bouny and G. LeGardeur were declared duly elected Commissioners, for the School fund.

On motion, the nominations of Messrs. F. Correjolles, B. Gaudet and L. Castera, Jr., made by the Mayor, to be Commissioners to take the census of the First Municipality, were approved by the Council.

On motion, the letter of Mr. F. Strandt, for the erection of an engine house, was referred to the Committee on Improvements.

LETTERS AND PETITIONS.

The following communications from the Comptroller were received:

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE OF MUNICIPALITY NO. 1,
January 13th, 1851

To the Honorable, the President and Members of the Council of Municipality No. One.

Gentlemen—By a resolution of the Board of Public Schools, adopted at their meeting of the 30th November last, the Superintendent of the Public Schools of Municipality No. 1 was drawn on the Treasurer of Municipality No. One the sum of four hundred and twenty-five dollars, which amount has been deducted from the salaries of several teachers in the month of September last.

Having received no instruction from your honorable body, and there being no solution to that effect, I most respectfully submit the same for your consideration.

With high respect, your obed't serv't,
O. DeBUYS,
Comptroller Municipality No. One.

Referred to the Finance Committee, with power to act.

A letter was read from Captain J. Youenes, informing the Council that a watchmen McGovern and John Rickerson were engaged.

On motion of Mr. Lanata, the Council proceeded to fill the vacancies.

Mr. Lyod nominated Mr. Decoux.

Mr. Silk nominated Mr. Barry.

Mr. Clark nominated Mr. Burke.

Mr. Goquel nominated Mr. McGoffney.

Mr. McAlpin nominated Mr. Nowland.

The following gentlemen voted:

For V. Decoux—Messrs. Clark, Derbes, Dupre, Fabre, Hagan, Jumonville, Lanata, Lyod, Laughlin, Maxent, Ramos and Silk—11.

For Barry—Messrs. Bonneval, Clark, Dupre, Fabre, Goquel, Hagan, Lyod, Laughlin, Ramos and Silk—10.

For Goffney—Messrs. Bonneval, Derbes, and Goquel—3.

For Nowland—Messrs. Jumonville, Maxent, McAlpin and Silk—4.

Therefore, Messrs. V. Decoux and Barry were declared duly elected watchmen.

A letter was read from Mr. D. C. Azaretto, for permission to repair his house in Barracks street.

A letter was read from Mr. Jas. Hilard, for permission to repair his house Conde street.

Referred to the Aldermen of the Sixth Ward.

A letter was read from Mr. W. Whitbeck, for permission to establish a circus on Congo Square.

Mr. Gignol moved to lay said letter indefinitely on the table.

Said motion was carried by the following vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Bonneval, Clark, Derbes, Dupre, Goquel, Hagan, Jumonville, Lanata, Lyod, Maxent, McAlpin and Ramos—11.

Nays—Messrs. Fabre, Hagan, Laughlin and Ramos—4.

A letter was read from Mr. Trimaille offering to clean the privies of the Police Jail at the rate of $540 per annum. Referred to the Police committee.

A petition was presented from Mr. Gaudet for permission to have a public garden at the corner of Claiborne and Dumaine streets. Referred to the Police committee.

A letter was read from Mr. Broderick and other blacksmiths, protesting against the contract for the iron railing around Place d'Armes, given to Francis J Pelapne. Laid indefinitely on the table.

A letter was read from Garas for a license grain for peddling. Referred to the Charity committee.

A petition was read from J. Plagne, praying the Council to act on his letter of 9th December last.—referred to the improvement committee. Laid on the table subject to call.

A letter was read from P. Willman to be released from the charge brought against him, as contractor for lighting the lamps of the city. Referred to the Judiciary committee.

A letter was read from the Fire Department for an annual appropriation of one thousand dollars, and to appropriate to them all the *messuages* vacated for the maintenance of each and every Fire Company, &c. Referred to Fire committee.

With leave Mr. Lanata offered the following resolution:

Resolved, The Judiciary Committee have made a report and presented a resolution to allow the slave Caroline, belonging to Mr. Mortedo, to be emancipated, with permission to remain in the State.

Resolved, That Mr. Mortedo be and he is authorised to emancipate the slave Caroline, with permission to remain in the State.

Mr. Derbes offered as a substitute, the report and resolution of the Judiciary Committee, emancipating the slave, and submitted to the Council on the 28th November last.

The yeas and nays being called on, the adoption of the substitute resulted as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Bonneval, Derbes, Dupre, Ramos, Jumonville, Lanata, Lyod, Maxent and Ramos—9.

Nays—Messrs. Clark, Dupre, Laughlin, McAlpin and Silk—5.

Said substitute was rejected, having failed to obtain the three-fourths of the members of the Council.

On motion of Mr. Clark, the vote was re-considered—and the matter being suspended, said substitute was taken into consideration.

On motion of Mr. Fabre the previous question was adopted.

The question being on the passage of the resolution offered by Mr. Lanata, said resolution was rejected by the following vote—

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