The New-Orleans Bee.

NO. 1219. VOL. X. NEW SERIES. } OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE ..... NEW-ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 12, 1850. { MAGNE & WEISSE, Proprs
VOL. XXIII. Whole No. 6280. { NO. 93 CHARTRES STREET.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

DAILY PAPER, one month ..... $ 5 00
COUNTRY PAPER (semi-weekly), one year 5 00

ADVERTISING. One Dollar for every TEN lines or less for each insertion on the first insertion, and FIFTY CENTS for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar.

Advertisements of special interest will be published in Bee columns only, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted weekly will be charged ONE DOLLAR and a-half each insertion.

☞ The commercial Annual Advertisements will be limited to the space strictly within the line of their business, and in extent to one square every other day.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Official Journal of the State, General Council, First Municipality and Board of Liquidators.

Friday Morning, July 12, 1850.

NOTICE.

To Assessors of Sole Taxes.

☞ The ASSESSMENT ROLLS are now ready for delivery at the office.

From our Extra of yesterday.

Most Melancholy and Afflicting Intelligence.

REPORTED DEATH OF GENERAL TAYLOR.

Thursday, July 11.

It is our painful duty to announce a rumor of unutterable grief that is now current in this city, and to announce the probable death of President TAYLOR.

Extensive despatches received this morning at the Merchants' Exchange, announce that Gen. TAYLOR was sinking beyond hope of recovery. Another communication mentions his death. We also learn that a private despatch has been received, stating that the President expired on the 9th inst.

There is scarcely the shadow of a hope from the tenor of these concurrent despatches that the report can possibly be unfounded.

The over-charged heart can find no relief in this sudden and awful dispensation on any all-wise Providence. Nor will any comments on the dire event escape us at this moment.

The fond hopes we were willing to entertain, that it would be the national relief in that it would have pleased the people of the United States, would still short after the issue of our election, by the succession of that Person to the Presidential chair, at first immediately upon [illegible] among the conservative conservatives, [illegible] the fact of [illegible] the extent of [illegible] party.

TOKENS OF MOURNING.

Some excesses in past had the effect of [illegible] most exceeded, but in the great mourning [illegible] occasioned we not generally known [illegible] our city, we would suppose that during [illegible] day and to-morrow all the shipments to [illegible] should front their flags at "half mast."

We trust, likewise, that our public buildings will display the customary habiliments of mourning.

THE VICE PRESIDENT.

Those whose appetites for political controversy every other cause of emotion, are already speculating on the new order of things MILLARD FILLMORE is now President of the United States. For our own part, we cannot yet [illegible] to bear upon public affairs, an overwhelming [illegible] the loss we have sustained in the [illegible] Gen. TAYLOR. We have [illegible] for the moment on the [illegible] National concern.

The [illegible] say. The Whig party [illegible] by the advent of Millard Fillmore to the Presidency. MILLARD FILLMORE [illegible] a Whig. He is, thank [illegible] Northern man with Southern principles. [illegible] and others. He is a Northern man with National principles. His associations extend to the whole Union, and [illegible] every American citizen.

CAPTAIN OF MOBILE.

The negro boy Felix, convicted of murder, John Nugent, of rape, whose cases were continued from a day of the present session of council were brought into Court on Tuesday morning to be sentenced—the boy to be hung, and Nugent for life to the penitentiary. Messrs. Campbell and Bree in mitigation of sentence. In arrest of judgment, in the case of Nugent, upon three dismissal grounds. The motion was argued at length, and well marked ability by Mr. Campbell and Mr. Fast, but Judge McKinstry overruled the motion, and proceeded to pass sentence in both cases. Nugent's case will probably go before the Supreme Court, as a bill of exceptions has been tendered by counsel.

MARINE HOSPITAL OF MOBILE.—The Mobile *Herald* says that according to the report of Dr. H. S. Levert just published, there were admitted into the Marine Hospital for the quarter ending 30th June, one hundred patients. Of these, eighty four have been cured and discharged, five died and eight are remaining. This very favorable exhibit is proof that the Hospital receives all requisite attention from the able physician on hand at the head of it. Much of the credit for good management and the perfect order of the institution is, however, due to the efficient steward, Robert A Walker.

RED RIVER.—Red River rose a few inches during the first week of this month. Cut was again 6, on the 6th inst., about on a stand.

PUBLIC MEETING.

We want to suggest that a public meeting be convened for the purpose of adopting such resolutions as may seem to the assembled citizens to be appropriate to the occasion of the death of Gen. TAYLOR. In such case we would recommend among the resolutions to be adopted, that the Mayor be requested to order the tolling of the bells of the several churches during the day of the funeral ceremonies.

By Magnetic Telegraph.

We find the following despatches in last evening's *Picayune*—

Illness of the President.

BALTIMORE, Monday, July 8—The President is quite ill. The physicians in attendance, state that his disease is bilious cholic.

The Compromise.

On Monday, (8th,) Senator Truman Smith, of Connecticut, spoke in the Senate against the Compromise bill.

The Galphin Report.

Galphin report both censuring opinion of President in favor of Crawford proceeding claim—adopted, 91 to 86.

(The above is the way our despatch reads. We will not venture to interpret it.)

SECOND DISPATCH.

The President Still Ill.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, July 9—7:45 a. M.—This morning, at 5 o'clock, the President was still living; but there was very slight hope of his recovery.

THIRD DISPATCH.

Dangerous condition of the President.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, July 9—7:25 P. M.—This evening, at 5 o'clock, the President was still living; but there was very slight hope of his recovery.

FOURTH DISPATCH.

Death of Gen. Taylor.

President Taylor departed this life at five minutes past 10 o'clock, on the night of Tuesday, the 9th inst.

FIFTH DISPATCH.

President Taylor's Last Words.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, July 10—10:45 A. M.—Gen. Taylor's last words were

"I die. I am waiting death's approach. I am ready for the summons. I have endeavored faithfully to perform my duties. I regret to leave my friends."

Tremendous Fire in Philadelphia.

A despatch in the Merchants' Exchange states that a tremendous fire is raging in Philadelphia, which has already consumed some TWO HUNDRED HOUSES. The size of the fire is reported to be a mile square.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, under date of the 20th ultimo, says:

"We shall see, to-morrow, whether the Free Soilers have the strength to carry into effect their resolution of Friday night. In the first place, it is to be settled whether the House will consider the Galphin report or not. It is the special order, but the House will loose a fortnight if they take it up. This interval will afford time for the Senate to pass, if they can not pass, the adjustment bill. At the meeting of Friday night, of members of the House in favor of the immediate admission of California, separated from all other questions, the Free Soilers took the lead—Mr Booth, of Connecticut, in the chair. The principal speakers were Messrs. Giddings, Wilmot and Wentworth.—The subject of the removal of the Capital was discussed, and the question whether the Southern anti-Californian manoeuvre can, by parliamentary expedients, prevent the passage of the California bill.

The principal difficulty that presented itself to the meeting was in regard to their first motion, viz. a practical majority; and, in fact, there is no reason to believe that the California resolutions have a majority. If they have, it [illegible] was [illegible] and it has want [illegible] from January till July, a [illegible] was from July to January. Mr Giddings stated that under the same rules, he with a minority could [illegible] against the Texan annexation resolutions—and so he did for two hours. Mr. Wilmot said, if you will give me a navy bean, I will consume the passage of the bill for three days—that involving the thirds of the immediate [illegible] like [illegible] present at the meeting, [illegible] to press the bill, and to offer nothing to interfere with it—not even the Galphin.

There [illegible], I imagine, reckoned without their host. I do not believe they will find a practical majority ready, at this time, for the contest. Many will be disposed to wait for the action of the Senate another week. They can of the majority be found, will be disposed to wait for the action of the minority, by refusing to adjourn, and if necessary, making a continuous sitting. The majority can relieve guard, and take the night watch by turns—while the whole, or nearly the whole of the minority must be present—for a fair trial of the tongue, the bull, if it passes will go the Senate to be laid on the table. Many of the friends of the adjustment and a number of the Free Soilers opponents, forming a majority of the body, will lay it on table or reject it at once.

Two days ends the legal year, and the Secretary of the Treasury will pay out no more money—if any he has—till Congress raise the appropriation bills. When that will be, no one can undertake to say. The appropriations for the "service" are exhausted, in most instances, and the Secretary will not make any more transfers or pay anything out on the suspense fund.

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Another correspondent adds:

Gen. Cass' resolutions, which came up yesterday, are pregnant of meaning. Neither the Northern nor the Southern democracy will permit the constitutionality of the proceedings of Col. Monroe in New Mexico. They contend that Gen. Taylor had no right to delegate legislative power to a captain in the army, a lieutenant colonel in the [illegible], or any other military officer. While Gen. Cass and some of his friends are thus pressing the usurpation in New Mexico, and denouncing it severely, and maintaining the treaty of annexation with Texas, New Mexico, with her State constitution, will be here in a week and present herself for admission into the Union. Utah will follow on the heels of New Mexico; so that if Mr. Clay's compromise bill does not pass, California will be pushed through, and at the next session, if not at this, New Mexico and Utah. Instead of only two American Senators, both of them Northern, and both tinged with anti-slavery, we may have four additional ones, and five subtracted from two Indians and two Mormons.

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The circulation of printed papers of any kind, published out of the Prussian States, may be forbidden by the Minister of the Interior. Whoever, contrary to such prohibition, when especially made known to him, or after its publication in the official gazette, sells, distributes, or exhibits such printed paper in any place accessible to the public, will incur a fine of from ten to one hundred thalers, or an imprisonment of from fourteen days to one year.

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Given under our signature and seal, Charlottenburg, June 5, 1850

(Affixed by stamp)

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In the presence and by the command of his majesty

VON NEUMANN.

Countersigned by all the Ministers.

AMERICAN ENTERPRISE.—A correspondent of the Boston *Courier* has the following—

We read in the papers an account of two expeditions by small vessels to the Pacific, over eight tons. Yankee ingenuity requires but a countryman from the French fishermen on the banks of Newfoundland being born on the boats seen in those seas from France. The boats are made so as to be separated into four parts. They are placed in the holds of the large vessels, and these remain in port while the fishing is carried on by the boats, which are put together in Newfoundland. Now, Yankees will improve upon this practice and divide their boats into more than four parts, and thus be able to carry over the Isthmus larger vessels.

NAVAL.—Commodore E. R. F. Lavallette is appointed to command the Southern Pacific Squadron, and will hoist his flag on board the Raritan frigate at Norfolk now nearly ready for sea.

Capt. Charles Gaut has been ordered to the command of the Raritan.

TRADE ON THE ST. JOHN'S.—The Republican has the following on the trade of the St. John's:

Some idea may be formed of the trade of our river, when we state that there were last year shipped from the St. John's river from 55 to 60 cargoes of yellow pine timber and sawed lumber, and there will be more than that shipped this year. From the first of September to this time, there has been shipped not less than 2,500 bales of cotton, nearly all Sea Island, and valued at $150,000, besides some 250 hogsheads of sugar, hides, skins, and rum. There is now in the vicinity of this town about 600 barrels of the proper military officers will direct that minute guns by first during that day, from the difference, Squires of the city, in token of respect to the memory of the distinguished deceased.

A. CROSSMAN.

The lumber finds a market in the North nearly all of the cotton, sugar, hides, skins, and rum in the West Indies; and at least one fourth of the value thereof, is paid by Gov. Boards in the shape of merchandize purchased in that city.

The turpentine business has as yet yielded no exports, but we have a still on the river, and expect shortly to be shipping spirits of turpentine and rosin.

The cotton, skins, hides and moss, have all been transported by the semi-weekly steamers running from Palatka to Savannah, and a cargo of sugar, as we have already mentioned, has been forwarded from the plantation of Captain Sadder Dupont. The latter fact is proof that the steamers have more freight than they can fit all times carry.

By the above statements it will be seen that the trade of the St. John's river is of considerable importance to the city of Savannah—to substantiate this, it is only necessary to refer to the fact that Messrs. Brooks & Tupper, agents and owners of the semi weekly steamers, find it to their interest to build a new boat for the line.

The trade of the St. John's river has almost doubled in the last two years, and is greatly on the increase. The population of the town has increased 25 per cent in the last year.

It is useless to comment on the qualities and advantages of the river St. John's. It is sufficient to say that it is navigable for the steamer St. Matthews, 230 miles from its mouth; and when the orange insects cease their destructive ravages of the orange tree, most of that distance will be, as of old, producing the finest oranges in the world.

WEST FLORIDA.—The Marianna *Whig* of the 15th ult., complains of excessive drought. A shower sufficient to settle the dust had not fallen for two months. Cotton did not appear to suffer, and rarely ever presented a more promising appearance; but corn was sustaining injury.

The Great Salt Lake.

CAPT. STANSBURY'S RECONNOISSANCE.—After an interval of six months, during which the party were completely isolated by the impenetrable snows of the surrounding mountains, intelligence has at length been received from Captain Stansbury, of the Topographical Engineer Corps, who is engaged in the exploration of the Valley of the Great Salt Lake, in a hydrographic survey of that singular body of water. The last previous news of the whereabouts of his party was dated in October last. The present despatches come down to as late as the 16th of March. Capt. Stansbury says:

"The winter season here has been long and very severe, commencing about the middle of November. To-day, (February 26,) the mountains are white with snow, and in many of the cañons (pronounced 'kanyons') it is upwards of fifty feet deep, reaching to the tops of the tallest trees. Although only in the latitude of Augusta, Ga. 46 min., it has more than equalled in severity the winter of last year in Philadelphia, which was an unusual one, and it is even more uncertain when it will terminate.

Again, he says, writing on the 16th March:

"The mountain passes are fuller of snow than ever. Yesterday morning, we found that the [illegible] inches of snow had fallen during the night, and last night nearly as much. This is on the plains: in the mountains the fall is from four to six times greater, the condensation of the atmospheric vapor being there much more rapid and complete. At this moment, while the sun is shining brightly on the plains, it is snowing furiously among the peaks."

"We found the whole western shore of lake consists of immense level plains of mud, inaccessible within many miles of the water's edge to the feet of males or horses, being traversed frequently by inundering rills of salt and sulphur water, which apparently rise and seem to imbue and saturate the whole mass, rendering it miry and treacherous. These plains are but little elevated above the present level of the lake, and have, without doubt, at one time, not long since, formed a part of it. For it is evident that a rise of but a few inches will at once cover the greatest portion of these extensive areas of land with water again. I do not think I hazard much by saying that a rise of one foot in the lake would nearly, if not quite, double its present area.

"The plains are, for the most part, entirely denuded of vegetation, except occasional patches of Artemesia and 'grease-wood,' and are very glutey in the sunlight, presenting the appearance of water so perfectly that it is almost impossible for one to convince himself that it is not on the immediate shore of the lake itself. This is owing to the crystalization of minute portions of salt on the surface of the mud, and the [illegible] slime occasioned by the complete saturation of the soil with moisture. From the [illegible] cause, also, arises a *mirage*, which is great here than I ever witnessed elsewhere, distorting objects in the most grotesque manner, and giving rise to optical illusions almost beyond belief. I anticipate serious annoyance from this cause, in tracking the prospective line.

"In an estimated distance of one hundred and fifty miles, on one part of the route, fresh water and grass were found only at one spot. About mid-way of the stretch, had we not managed to subsist our animals, that is, to keep life in them, by forcing them out a run of water for each night and morning, taken from the fresh-water rubber bags packed upon the mules. Ordinarily, in ante-California moments ere, by certain [illegible] experiments, prevent the passage of the Californian bill.

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GENERAL COUNCIL.

Sitting of July 11th, 1850.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Mr Jarvis was called to the chair.

Present—Messrs. Allan, Bentt, Jarvis, Lugenbeel, Montreuil, Roselius, Tompkins, Vignié and Waterman. Absent—Messrs. Benjamin, Hennen, Turpin, Rouchio, Tompkins, Vignié and Wolcott.

MONTEREY HOTEL.
AT MONTEREY, MEXICO.

TRAVELLERS going to Monterey or Mexico are informed that a spacious Hotel has just been opened in Monterey, under the denomination of MONTEREY HOTEL. The owners of this establishment has neglected nothing for the comfort of travellers. The rooms are spacious and well ventilated, and the table offers all the delicacies of the country.

[illegible]

Smith Howard's Reports.

THE SUPREME COURT, viz:

Reports of the Court of the United States, June Term, 1849, by Benjamin C. Howard, Esq., vol. 10.

Just received and for sale by

ALEXANDER LEVY & CO.

Law Book Sellers and Stationers, corner of Camp and Gravier sts. 1910

RED STORE.

BETWEEN THE TWO MARKETS.

JOS. N. ROBERT & CO.

SUCCESSOR TO PAUL ALDIGE & CO.

Desserts Balentine Organdies, Prints, Toile du Nord, Irish Linen, Sheetings, Merinos, Barages, Chenilles, and a large assortment of Dry Goods, sold at reduced prices.

1910 JOS. N. ROBERT & CO.

Cologne Water—The best offered in the Market.

LEVERRIER, 76 Chartres st., between Bienville and Conti.

OFFERS for sale under Paris prices, in letter half cases, quarts and eighth do., also in rollers and in bulk, a good quality $1 50 per gallon. Superfine Eau de Cologne. This article is particularly recommended to country merchants, and perfectly suitable to the [illegible]

f6

System of cleansing Privies with a Pump and without infection.

TRIMAILLE, UNDERTAKER,

Exchange Alley, No. 9 between St. Louis and Conti streets.

☞ The public is requested not to confound this system with that of another person who pretends to be the inventor of nothing more than a common cart and pump, and knows only disinfecting nothing but the name, which is all he has imitated in Mr. Trimaille's [illegible]. my27

Mme. Bleached and Brown Coffee.

FOREST & CO., 20 Customhouse street, offer for sale to the trade and for exportation Mme. Forest's Prize Medal Brown and Bleached Coffee, in Stripes, Cottonades and Ticking. Mme. Forest's Brown Coffee, of the most approved quality, will be sold on liberal terms. [illegible] jy27 1m

Madame Maugey,

Couturière from Paris, and now in New Orleans, corner of Bourbon and St. Anne sts.

Has the honor to inform the Ladies of this city that she has prepared apartments for the reception of those who may desire to avail themselves of her services at her own residence. The rooms obtained by Madame Maugey in the rear of the dwelling recently occupied by Mrs. Hall, are large, well aired, and will be found very convenient for the purpose. She has indeed neglected nothing for the comfort of those who may honor her with their patronage. Her Apparatus are small and require little room.

Orders will be attended to on the shortest delay.

FOR RENT—A two story Store situated at the corner of Bourbon and Conti streets. Also, a two story Store situated at the corner of Bourbon and Dauphine streets. Also, a Dwelling House on Bourbon street, between Conti and Bienville streets. Apply to

jy6 [illegible]

Notice to Planters, Factors and Dealers in Sugar, Molasses, Rice, Cotton, Bagging, Rope, &c.

THE undersigned have associated with them in business Mr. Charles Gayarré, Jr., and will continue the business of Commission Merchants, under the style of

GAYARRÉ, BOYCE & CO.

Their office is at present at the store of Messrs. Gayarré & Boyce, No. 47 Carondelet street, where they will be happy to receive consignments of the above articles, and to attend to any business entrusted to them.

CHARLES GAYARRÉ,
JOHN BOYCE,
JOHN M. BOYCE.

New Orleans, July 1, 1850. jy1 1m

Notice to Sugar Planters.

WROUGHT and cast iron Sugar Moulds—Rollers—Gaffs and Boyd rollers, with coupling for wooden bolts and cast iron wheels, for sale by

a10 [illegible]

COPPER WARE STORE.

J. B. DUCRET,

61 St. Louis street, between Chartres and Levee, (NEAR the Custom-house and Hotels keepers.) Has on hand a large assortment of Copper Ware, suitable for the trade, such as Punch Bowls, Tea Kettles, Coffee Urns, &c., &c., which he will sell at the lowest prices. Also, Apparatus for working Saleratus. Sugar Refiners Apparatus are small and require little room.

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FOR RENT—A two story Store situated at the corner of Bourbon and Conti streets. Also, a two story Store situated at the corner of Bourbon and Dauphine streets. Also, a Dwelling House on Bourbon street, between Conti and Bienville streets. Apply to

jy6 [illegible]

Notice to Sugar Planters.

WROUGHT and cast iron Sugar Moulds—Rollers—Gaffs and Boyd rollers, with coupling for wooden bolts and cast iron wheels, for sale by

a10 [illegible]

COPPER WARE STORE.

J. B. DUCRET,

61 St. Louis street, between Chartres and Levee, (NEAR the Custom-house and Hotels keepers.) Has on hand a large assortment of Copper Ware, suitable for the trade, such as Punch Bowls, Tea Kettles, Coffee Urns, &c., &c., which he will sell at the lowest prices. Also, Apparatus for working Saleratus. Sugar Refiners Apparatus are small and require little room.

Orders will be attended to on the shortest delay.

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

THURSDAY EVENING, July 11, 1850.

There is no change in the Cotton market. Sales [illegible] bales; prices [illegible]

[illegible] Sugar were sold, mostly at 2½c @ 3c. Nothing doing in Molasses.

The Flour market is very dull, and small sales even are effected with difficulty. At inside rates large lots cannot be forced off except at a sacrifice to a reduction. Sales of Corn at 62½c @ 65c. Bushel. Nothing of consequence was done in Provisions, nor is there any change in prices.

Whiskey is selling at 24c @ 25c gallon for receipts.

Exchanges remain as last quoted, with a limited demand.

Freights are unchanged

PROCLAMATION.

By the Mayor of New Orleans.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
July 11th, 1850.

WHEREAS the melancholy information has been received of the decease of ZACHARY TAYLOR, the President of the United States, and

Whereas, the death of so great and good a man, occupying the highest station in the country, is a national calamity, and, while humbly submitting to the decree of Providence, we should manifest, in an appropriate manner, our profound veneration for the memory of the illustrious dead, and the sorrow which we feel for his loss. Therefore, until there can be more formal arrangements made for giving expression to the deep feelings of regret experienced by the community of this city, on the present occasion, I, A. D. Crossman, Mayor of the city of New Orleans, do hereby, in accordance with the resolution, respectfully requesting that the public buildings of the city, and the shipping in the port, will display the flags at half-mast, in sign of mourning, from sunrise to sun set, on SATURDAY, the 13th instant; and I also request the proper military officers will direct that minute guns be fired during that day, from the different Squires of the city, in token of respect to the memory of the distinguished deceased.

A. D. CROSSMAN.

California Saloon.

THIS HOUSE, the largest and most commodious in the beautiful village of Mandeville, will be opened on Sunday next, 14th inst., for the reception of families.

The rooms are fitted up in the neatest style, with every article required for the use of Ladies and Children.

The table will be furnished with all the luxuries of the season, and the wines of the best descriptions. Competent females are engaged as cooks, and nothing will be spared to give entire satisfaction to visitors.

PRICE OF BOARD AND LODGING

By the Month, ... $35 00
By the Week, ... 10 00
By the Day, ... 2 00

Children and Servants half price.

A large and commodious Bathing Room is about to be erected for the exclusive use of Ladies; it will be placed at the distance of 140 feet from the Lake Shore. [illegible] HORACE LAUZENHEIMER.

IMPERIALES, &c.—85 bales Sinchez, Imperial and 10 cases Scarlet Crape Scarfs, in Customhouse Warehouse, for sale by

jy12 4t P. H. PRITTAIN, 8 Canal st.

WET NURSE WANTED.—A good wet nurse will find a situation by applying immediately at [illegible] E. SANCHE, 67 Chartres st.

NOTICE.—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have formed this day a partnership under the name of ANT. CAVELIER & CO.

ANT. CAVELIER, Sr.
LOUIS GIRARD.
GUSTAVE FORÉE.

DURING my absence from the city Bernard Bannett, Esq., is my duly authorized agent.

jy12 3i J. M. WILSON.

HUNGARIAN FLEECHES—Received, per steamship Ohio, 600 pounds Hungarian Leeches, and for sale at wholesale or retail by

J. E. ROMAIN,
jy12 Corner Conti and Royal sts.

WINE and BRANDY—300 casks red Wine and dry brands; 50 barrels Haut Sauterne and Claret do.; 5 1-2 and 16-4 pipes A Mantel Brandy; 200 boxes claret Landing from ship Oscar from Bordeaux, and for sale by

A. HOLIER, 90 St. Louis st.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT—*Judge Lavaré*—Jacob Cohen against Wm. Hyde and Joseph Hyde—Petition and motion and suspended.

Ordered, that the [illegible] be [illegible] dated [illegible] and [illegible] be [illegible] the Picayune, and [illegible] be [illegible] the Courier, [illegible] weeks [illegible] from the date hereof, and [illegible] decision of the [illegible] on the [illegible] day of [illegible] next.

By the Court. [illegible] Clerk.

[illegible] Mr. Hyde [illegible] that he had been [illegible] the [illegible] of the Picayune, and