The New-Orleans Bee.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF GENERAL COUNCIL AND FIRST MUNICIPALITY..... NEW-ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 9, 1848.

[illegible] & WEISSE, Proprietors.
No. 92 CHARTRES STREET.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

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The New-Orleans Daily Bee

Thursday Morning, Nov. 9, 1848.

OUR VICTORY IN LOUISIANA.

Whatever may be the result of the Presidential election throughout the Union, the signal triumph in Louisiana is undoubtedly due to the earnest, efficient and unremitting exertions of the friends of General TAYLOR. Nearly every where the party was thoroughly organized; well apprized of its own strength and that of its opponents; knowing exactly what was to be done, and determined to do it. No one is disposed to deny that the popularity of the Old Hero himself added somewhat to our vote, and that his name alone was a tower of strength for our cause. But even with the aid of democratic support, it is our firm belief that Louisiana would have been lost, without the unrelaxed vigilance, the untiring devotion and the overwhelming zeal of the Republican party throughout the State. We had no common obstacles to encounter. The State Government was completely in the hands of our opponents, and its energies were vigorously employed against us. The patronage of the General Government was arrayed in favor of the Locofoco ticket, and the office holders were fully enlisted for the campaign and toiled with an energy never surpassed even by themselves. Again, the State had gone decidedly Locofoco at the previous Presidential and late Congressional elections, and the doubters and sceptics believed it well nigh impossible to disenthral her. Yet with these manifold and fearful odds against us, it is almost absolutely certain that we have triumphed, and probably by a majority that exceeds the estimates of the most sanguine. We again repeat that this Buena Vista victory is the fruit of the most arduous and constant labor, conducted and carried to a successful termination by as gallant a band as ever met and routed the cohorts of power.

Not only were the admirable details of an efficient organization carefully completed, and thus the full party vote secured, sedulously enlightened and instructed, as well in regard to the paramount issues at stake, as to the merits, private characters and public services of the candidates. A host of orators went forth in the various parishes of the State, speaking at every point, combatting and overthrowing Locofoco fallacies in every encounter. The eloquent and gifted PRENTISS; the bold and vigorous PAYTON; the impassioned and spirited PIKE; the acute, impressive and effective SEVIER, the polished, argumentative and thoughtful BENJAMIN; the keen, quick witted ADAMS; the magnetic MEYNARDIE, and many others, whom we cannot now call to mind travelled from parish to parish, battling with SOCIE PRESTON, GAYARRE and LARUE, a tal gainst laurels in every contest. The three cassants the potent influence of truth, to the appeals of the patriotic, the high-minded and the intelligent, and to the excellent system of organization adopted in most of the parishes, are the Taxpayers of Louisiana indebted for how [illegible] victory.

[illegible] have been [illegible] this [illegible] Locofoco [illegible] Not only has Gen. TAYLOR carried the State, but he has doubtless received an enormous and unexpected majority. From the complexion of the returns, we should not be at all surprised, if his majority exceeds 2,000. Every parish heard from, except St. Bernard, gives a heavy Whig gain. The First Congressional district complete, gives Taylor 340 majority. The Locos claimed 600 in that district. The second, as far as heard from, exceeds all our estimates; while the only two parishes in the Third District, from which returns have been received, justify a hope that that hitherto impregnable section of the State has surrendered to the Hero of Buena Vista.

Should we obtain further returns before going to press, they will be given in a postscript.

PARISHES.	TAYLOR.	CASS.	
Orleans,	972	maj.	
St. Bernard,	32	"	
Plaquemenine, (complete)			195 maj.
Jefferson, (incomplete)	48	"	
St Charles, (official)	100	"	
St. John the Baptist,	120	"	
St. James, (one prec't.)	120	"	
East Baton Rouge,			6 maj.
W. B. Rouge (one prec't.)	47	"	
Ascension,	52	"	
St. Tammany, (3 prec'ts.)	57	"	

The foregoing returns give in the aggregate 1,357 majority to TAYLOR, and show a Whig gain over the election of 1844, of 1,664 votes, or more than double Mr. POLK's entire majority.

The returns from St. James include only the left bank of the river. The other precincts will add 200 to the present majority. These, together with the majorities in St. John and St Charles, were handed to us by a passenger on board the steamer *F. M. Streck*, which arrived last evening. The same gentleman assure us that TAYLOR's majority in Ascension is 88, but a private letter from an authentic source puts it down at 52. The aggregate majority in St John and St. Charles looks about 60 too large, but we give the report without vouching for it. The majority in Plaquemine is undoubtedly correct—we received it from the representative of the parish, who was present at the Balize and obtained the official vote at all the precincts. Plaquemine polled 515 votes, of which CASS received 355 and Taylor 160. Well done Plaquemine. This is an honest vote and a fair majority.

To sum up: In the First District TAYLOR has 340 majority. The Second will give him about 2,000. The Third will be either a stand off, or poll a small majority for CASS, and the Fourth will hardly do better than the Third. We shall be disappointed if OLD ZACH does not carry the State by at least 1,500.

ADDITIONAL RETURNS.

We learned last evening that despatches had been received in town announcing TAYLOR's majority in Iberville to be 175 and in West Baton Rouge about 150. These two parishes show a Whig gain of nearly 300 votes. St James, complete, is now reported at 312 for Taylor. Whig gain, 142.

FURTHER RETURNS.—Parish of Ascension, 88 maj. for Taylor; St. James, 120 maj. for Taylor; St. John the Baptist, 120 maj. for Taylor; St. Charles, 100 maj. for Taylor; West Baton Rouge, 45, and City, 19 maj. for Taylor; Bayou Plaquemine, 134 maj. for Taylor.

ELECTION RETURNS.—*By Telegraph.*—Mobile county, maj. for Taylor, about 225; Montgomery county, maj. for Taylor 450.

GEORGIA.—Muscogee county, maj. for Taylor, 478.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

(TRANSMITTED TO THE N. O. BEE.)

MONTGOMERY, Nov. 8.

ALABAMA—Montgomery, about 500 majority; Barbour, 650; Columbus, 550; Talladega, 300 gain in three precincts; Russell, 150 gain, three precincts; all for Taylor.

GEORGIA—Muscogee, 497 majority; Troup, 750; Richmond, 227 gain, three precincts to hear from; Meriwether vote very close. Bibb, one gain for Cass.

JUNIUS.

MISSISSIPPI.

A few scattering returns have been received from Hancock and Harrison counties. In Pass Christian, Biloxi and Mississippi city, the vote stands Taylor 151, Cass 125—Majority for Taylor 26. This looks promising, though we hope nothing from Mississippi, beyond a reduction of the majorities against us.

INCREASE OF VOTES.—The popular vote cast in 1848, for President, has brought votes as follows:

Years.	Votes.
1824	1,192,416
1828	1,512,708
1836	1,501,298
1840	2,408,650
1844	2,702,540
In 1848 the vote will exceed	3,000,000

FRIGHTFUL MURDER.—On the evening of the 7 [illegible] M. Dugarry, a respectable resident of the Third Municipality, was returning in company with Capt. Maserat from the pole of the Free Ward, where he had been to ascertain the result of the election, he was suddenly assaulted by some fifteen or twenty ruffians and bullies, who knocked him down with a brickbat, and then finding him unable to rise, beat him about the head and face in so awful a manner, that his life is utterly despaired of. It is said that in defending himself Mr. Dugarry killed one of his assailants with a small sword, though nothing certain is known on this score. One of the gang has been arrested, and we trust that active measures will be taken to discover and bring to justice the miscreants who perpetrated this dastardly and brutal murder.

At a late hour of the night, Mr. Dugarry was not dead, but the chances of his recovery are considered desperate.

An Historical Reminiscence.

The Philadelphia *North American* says: At the Baltimore Convention, the Locofocos presented three Federalists for what they were pleased to call the Democratic nomination—by way of diversion, we suppose. The first was James Buchanan, the gentleman who said if he had a "drop of Democratic blood in his veins he would let it out," who was the notorious advocate of "low wages," and of reducing American labor to the wretched standard of the pauper labor of Europe, and who has recently declared that the Sub-Treasury affords a sufficient protection to American industry—the next was Levi Woodbury, and the last and not the least was Lewis Cass, of black-cockade memory. When he was finally nominated, after days of crimination, it was convenient to deny all his ancient political affinities, and to present him as the incarnation of that idea of human perfection, known as a modern Democrat. With this view, his biographer—in both the Northern and Southern editions of his life—took occasion to suppress the fact, that he held office during the whole term of a President, more denounced by his party than any other—John Quincy Adams—and that he only abandoned Federalism when he found the profession of Democracy more profitable. Unfortunately for Mr. Cass, some of his cotemporaries of former times still survive, and one of them, has recently appeared in any thing but an agreeable shape. We commend the historical testimony of Mr. Clark to the biographer of Mr. Cass and to those who are now advocating him under the disguise of Democracy.

GEN. CASS'S FEDERALISM.—The Tuscarawas *Advocate* publishes a letter from James Clark, Esq., written, from "near Oregon, Holt county, Missouri," in which the writer says:

"If my memory serves me correctly, in the fall of 1806—it may be '7—I was the republican candidate for the Legislature. Mr. Cass was the Federal candidate and was elected.

Yours, affectionately,
JAMES CLARK.

A PATRICK, Ed. Advocate.

The *Advocate* says: "No man who is acquainted with Judge Clark will doubt the truth of his statement. He has, in times gone by, served the people of this country as Associate Judge, Clerk of the Court, and as their Representative in the Legislature."

EDITORIAL FRACAS.—We learn that on Wednesday evening last a dispute occurred between Wm Penn Chandler, Esq. junior editor of the Delaware *Gazette*, and Lieut. Columbus P. Evans, senior editor of the Delaware *Republican*, late from the army in Mexico. The dispute originated in a bet which Lieut. Evans made with that gentleman, and which he asserted he (Mr. Chandler) lost. The dispute waxed warmer and warmer, until Lieut Evans asked Mr Chandler whether he should tell him what he thought of him. The editor of the Gazette told him to do so. Mr. Evans then made use of an expression which [illegible] very here to mention, and Mr. Chandler, dropping his cane, struck the Lieutenant with his fist. A lively fight then commenced, which was carried up quite briskly to a few minutes, during which the editor of the Gazette was knocked down, but he was soon up and at it again. They final[illegible] separated, [illegible] before Mr Chandler had his eye [illegible]—*Wilmington (Del.) Blue Hen's Chicken, 27th*

A FAIR TEST.—A bet of ten dollars was made between two mechanics that of one hundred persons who should pass a given point between the hours of seven and eight o'clock in the morning, a majority of those who would answer would say that they would vote for Gen Taylor for the Presidency. The point chosen was in Division street, one door above the Bowery. The result was as follows:—Gen Taylor, 61; Gen. Cass, 23; Van Buren, 15; Gerrit Smith, 1. Majority for Taylor over all others 11. Taking into consideration that mechanics and laboring men principally pass at that hour—the above statement is significant.—*N. York Mirror.*

THE ICE MANUFACTURE.—The announcement of the discovery of a successful process for manufacturing ice is, by many persons, regarded as a joke; but it is other earnest. The experiments which led to the grand result have been continued for many months in this city; all the machinery has been made here, and lastly, the ice itself has been produced in quantities which show that the thing is neither a humbug nor a chimera. Jack Frost's "occupation's gone," most indubitably.—*Cin. Gaz.*

STEAMER RIO GRANDE.—The St. Louis *Republican* of the 30th ult. says: Passengers who reached this city yesterday morning, on the steamer Wyoming, inform us that the steamer Rio Grande, Captain Connelly, from Cincinnati for this port, with a full freight and many passengers, struck the sunken wreck of a Government store boat, about 5 o'clock on the evening of the 26th inst., one mile below Gallconda, in the Ohio river, and sunk almost instantly to her main deck. The steamer Genesee passed down after the accident, and took off those on board and brought them to this city. The boat it is thought will prove a total loss, but her machinery and freight can be saved—the latter, however, in a greatly damaged state. No lives were lost, and the passengers, generally, saved their effects. The manifest will be found under the proper head in another column.

FROM TEXAS.—By the arrival of the *Portland*, we have received our files of Texas papers to a late date. They are destitute of interest. The following paragraphs comprise every thing we can find novel:

RANGING COMPANIES.—The Western Texian states that Capt. B. F. Hill has been authorized by the Governor, to raise a company for the protection of the frontier. The same paper also states that Capt. H. E. McCulloch has been authorized to re-organize his company at the expiration of their present enrollment.

DISTANCES.—We have received the distances to several other points on the Rio Grande, and will enumerate them in connection with those previously set down, for the benefit of our government officers, and the public in general:

From Corpus Christi to	Camargo,	148 miles.
" "	Reuna,	150
" "	Mier,	143
" "	Guerrero,	135
" "	Lorcdo,	135 1-4
" "	Presidio Rio Grande,	199

[Corpus Christi Star.

WISCONSIN.—The following are the nominations of the different parties of Congress, in the several districts:—

1 Ash Finch, Jr., Chs Durkee, Wm P Lynde.
2 Orsamus Cole, G W Crabb, A H Smith.
3 Tim'y O Howe, Stod Judd, Jas D Doty.

Eleazar Root is the most prominent among the Independent candidates for superintendent of Public Instruction, and lobshod Codding, is the Free Soil nominee.

HENRY CLAY has written a letter, dated in October, to the Palmyra, N. Y., Whigs, who nominated him for the Presidency on the 19th September, in which he declines as heretofore, and says:

"I do not wish to add to the distractions of the existing religion by the use of my name. And it half of a source of inexpressible satisfaction to me to find that my friends every where, in deference to my wishes, have declined to press my name. They have thereby added greatly to the weight of the many heavy obligations which they had previously conferred on me. And I, on my part, shall ever cherish, with grateful remembrance, the disinterested kindness of their affection, friendship, and patriotism."

VERMONT.—The Burlington *Journal* of the 4th ult., says:

The House yesterday passed the Senate bill provides for Certification of Presidential Electors and Members of Congress on Tuesday, the 7th of November next. Committees are required to put up the notice for Electoral election, now required for the Revised Statutes, only six days before the election. Members of Congress are to be elected by a *plurality* only. The bill will undoubtedly become a law, and will be published as soon as approved.

The Treachery of Locofocoism.

The following information was transmitted to us yesterday by a respectable and responsible gentleman of Memphis. Although received too late to prove efficient in dissipating the delusion under which the [illegible] of Southern men have voted for CASS, we publish it as a specimen of the duplicity and roguishness which [illegible] the conduct of the Northern Locofocos and their candidate:

[By Telegraph from Louisville.]

To the Editor of the Memphis Eagle:

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 3, 2 o'clock.

The following letter has just been received by Prentice & Weissinger of the Louisville Journal from Mr. Jo W. Norvell, ex-Senator from Michigan. The bearer, a gentleman of the highest respectability, fully confirms the statement.

DETROIT, Oct. 28.

Mr. McClelland, the member of Congress from this district, left this city last night in the steamer London, for Buffalo, thence to proceed to Towanda, Pennsylvania, the residence of David Wilmot, [illegible] to assist by Gen. Cass to see Wilmot and [illegible] the Wilmot district, with assurances from the General that he is a free soil man and in favor of the Wilmot Proviso. He is to use all his influence, backed by that of Gen. Cass, to keep Wilmot quiet; or, if he can to enlist him and his friends in the support of Cass. Hammond, the Collector of this port, accompanied McClelland; in addition to this, Biesel, the Cass candidate here for Congress, is electioneering, making stump speeches for himself and Cass, on the ground that they are for the Wilmot Proviso and Free Soil.

We consider the Nicholson letter to be a fraud upon the South to induce her to nominate Cass, and his response to the Baltimore Convention as intended to induce the South to support his election. We consider his mission to Wilmot's district as designed to practice a similar cheat in Pennsylvania, on the opposite side of the question; and this, too, at too late a day for the South to be undeceived. Pennsylvania is the great battle ground; and hence this desperate effort on the part of Cass and his friends.

Every effort should be made to telegraph these facts to Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Missouri, Louisiana and Arkansas. We have adopted prompt measures to cause McClelland to be followed up, and have telegraphed New York, Pennsylvania and the South Atlantic States on the subject.

Yours, respectfully,
J. W. NORVELL.

AH Whig, other papers disposed to copy, will please circulate with the greatest possible dispatch.

MICHIGAN.—The following is a complete list of the Congressional candidates in this State:

Taylor.	*Van Buren.*	*Cass.*
1 Geo C Bates,	C N Ormsby,	A W Busl,
2 Wm Sprague,	De W Lawrence,	C E Gildersl,
3 G A Hazleton,	John M Lamb,	K S Bingham

COTTON PICKERY.—By referring to an advertisement in our columns, it will be seen that Mr. Gaschet De Lisle, a gentleman of Martinique who was ruined by the terrible insurrection in that colony, has established a Cotton Pickery in Camelia street, between Closet and Louisa. Orders may be left at the store of Messrs. Loison & Silvestre, No. 36, Chartres street.

THE PENN DISTRICT FRAUDS.—Yesterday, John Miller, John K Hineman, Thos Hope Palmer, Thos S Davis, Conrad Carpenter, Wm Wemple, Geo Shaw, Geo. W B Fenton, and Simon M Gaul, were brought before Alderman Emry, and held to bail for a farther hearing, charged with having as the officers of the recent election in the District of Penn, unlawfully willful fraud in the discharge of their respective duties. They are charged, 1st—with returning more votes as purporting to have been received at the windows of the election polls, than were actually received; 2d—with not having returned the names of all those who actually voted; 3d—that they have made incorrect and false returns of the votes as polled; and 4th—that they received and registered the names of persons as having voted who were not entitled to vote—have made false returns of the number and true state of the votes as actually polled, and have not truly written down the names of the voters, and have falsely and unfaithfully performed their duties as officers of election.—*Phil. News, 24th.*

THE PROSPECT IN PENNSYLVANIA.—A well informed correspondent of the N. Y. *Tribune*, writes as follows:

PHILADELPHIA, Sunday, Oct. 29.

The are perfectly correct, in your editorial comments of yesterday, as to the political aspects in our State. The telegraphic reports will, I am convinced, assure us of at least 4,500 gain over Johnston's vote, in the counties first to be heard from. The result would not be in the least doubtful if we could be assured fair play and no pipe-laying in the tier of counties bordering on New York. Every Democrat is resolved to let the Empire State go by default, some thousands of voters can be spared to make a false return of the public sentiment in Pennsylvania. Our friends, however, have been forewarned of the intended machinations, and I trust are forewarned—not *four-armed*, as Cass once told me his party friends always were in Mexico—meaning, that each of them might pull *four votes*.

A friend has written to me to know how much the city and county of Philadelphia will increase the vote for Taylor over that of Johnston. I think the city polls will give from 5,300 to 5,500 majority, and the county 1,800 to 2,000, or a gain of 2,000 to 2,[illegible]. I do not believe there is an incorporated district in the country which will give Cass a majority, unless it be Moyamensing, and there we will have the neck and neck, although for four years Locofocoism has held unchecked sway in that District.

GOLD IN CANADA.—Prof. B. Silliman, jun., has published a brief account of his examinations of masses of gold found in the Valley of the Chaudiere, Canada. The lumps are worn smooth, as is usual in alluvial gold, but the fragments of quartzose gangue could still be detected in some of them. They were finely imbedded in what appeared to be slate, but which is probably a concrete of detritus cemented by oxyd of iron. Chronic iron, titaniferous iron, augentine, spinel, rutile, and talcose rocks remind us very strongly of the mineralogical characters of the Russian gold regions, and their occurrence with the gold in Canada very strongly forms favorable grounds for the hope that this may become a rich and surferous region.

As yet no examinations have been made on a scale of magnitude sufficiently to warrant an opinion of the actual wealth of the country. A few tons of gravel have, however, been washed in a rude way with the Berks rocker, which have yielded about four dollars of gold to the ton of gravel.

PRODUCE OF GOLD IN THE URAL AND SIBERIA IN THE YEAR 1846.—According to a notice in the "Russian Commercial Journal," published by the Ministry of Finance in February, 1847, it appears there had been received in the Mint at St. Petersburgh, 1,397,378 poods of gold, —the produce of the imperial and private mines in the Ural and Siberia during the year 1846. There were still expected 365,265 poods of gold, the produce of these mines in that year.

The total produce, therefore, of Russian gold in 1846, was 1,762,746 poods, or about 62,792 avoirdupois, while in the previous year (1845) was only 1371,800 poods, or 49,322 lbs. avoirdupois. The annual increase, which in the last two years had fallen to 47 and 30 pods, has consequently risen to 351 pods, or 12,570 lbs. avoirdupois, which exceeds the previous increase; the largest formerly (that between 1842 and 1843) being only 263,80 pods. This is very conclusive evidence of the vast productiveness of the Russian mines, no less than of the energetic and enterprising manner in which their riches are extracted.

SHORT CROP OF SUGAR.—We hear our planters complaining much that their cane thus far yields but little sugar, though the quality is far better than that of the last year's crop. It is rarely the case that more than a hogshead to the acre has been made—some have ground 20 acres, and have made but 15 or 20 hhds. The weather has thus far been too warm for sugar making, but from appearances, our cool autumnal air is about settling down upon us to remain awhile. The planters, generally, feel much less ambition in their business than they did when times and prices were much more brighter. They seem to have been tamed down by the poor returns they have realized for their industry and energy. Instead of connecting with their former enthusiasm for Free Trade, they have met with hostility or at least indifference to their interests, and a corresponding apathy, which, with bad crops and bad seasons have operated to dampen their spirits, paralyze their energies. We trust that we shall yet see the tariff of '42 restored, and with its restoration we hope to see energy and prosperity visible all sides.—*Planters (Att.) Banner.*

(COMMUNICATED.)

A Fair to aid in the erection of the Chapel contiguous to the N. O. F. O. Asylum, will be held between the 15th and 25th of next month, the revenue of which, (when completed) will be for the support of the Institution of Charity. The Patrons and Patrons of the Institution, are aware, that the Donors of the ground on which said Asylum now stands, bestowed at the time of Bequest, that there should be a Chapel, in order to secure the above property to the Orphans. This being the wish and intents of the Testator, nearly exhausted an appeal to the Ladies of the City and vicinity, has again become necessary, in whose patronage, zeal and activity, we have the most unbounded confidence—having on this, experienced the benefit resulting from their generous exertions. [illegible] no [illegible] attendant, then to remind their ladies [illegible] for the accomplishment of a work already commenced through their generosity in A. D. 18[illegible], which will, (permitted, trust) not reflect on them the credit so justly their due, not redound so brilliantly to the glory of God and Charity, who must look down with an approving smile on efforts so magnanimous and disinterested. In conclusion, we beg all those favorably and benevolently disposed, to call on Madame BARJAC, Royal street, (at their earliest convenience,) to make arrangements for Tables, contributions, etc. etc.

BY A FRIEND.

City Bulletin.

[illegible] Two—There was an arrest in [illegible] this body last evening. Leander Beldwin presiding.

A petition from Mr H. G. Clark, the statements of which are verified by Mr Jno. Murr and R. Y. Chambers, requesting the removal of police officer Everet, and others, for unjustifiably arresting him and Murr, at the Gymnasium Theatre, on the night of the 1st instant, and committing "a ruffianly" assault upon the petitioner, and otherwise ill treating him and his companions, was referred to the Police Committee.

A resolution, offered by Mr. Renshaw, instructing the Surveyor to advertise for proposals within ten days, for the paving of Thalia street, from Hercules to Apollo, and of Dryades street, from Hercules to Apollo, was adopted.

A resolution appropriating $500, for the use of the House of Refuge, was adopted.

The Council then went into the election of Wharfinger, and on the second ballot, Captain S. S. Selleck, was chosen.

The resolution offered by Mr. Marks, to request the General Council to reduce the day tax to fifteen dollars, and to require its payment semi-annually instead of annually, was called up, and after a long debate, was passed with the portion relating to the mode of payment struck out.

The resolution also offered by Mr. Marks, to repeal that portion of the tax resolution, granting a discount of 2 1-2 per cent to those who pay their tax before the 1st February next, and allowing 8 per cent per annum interest, from those who do not pay before that time, and also empowering the Recorder under certain restrictions, to correct errors in the Assessment roll, were called up. The first resolution was rejected, and the second, after an explanation from Mr. Peters, showing its illegality, was withdrawn by Mr. Marks.

The Council then went into the election of Directors of Public Schools, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Clark. Mr. Jarvis was unanimously elected.

The Council then adjourned.

SMALL POTATOES.—Two boys, Francis and Wm Sherman, were yesterday arrested by the Second Municipality police, they having been caught under one of the wharves cutting corn stalks lying on the wharf above them, and stealing the corn.

UNGALLANT.—Eight affidavits, charging persons with assault and battery, were yesterday made before Recorder Genoa, seven of which were made by women, accusing their husbands or their dear friends among the ruder sex.

MURDER.—An inquest was held yesterday on the body of a young man named Antonio Angelo, who was killed in a row on Friday, at the corner of Elysian Fields and Camelia streets, on Tuesday night. A man named Woodwell is accused of having caused his death, and it is alleged, that after the deceased had fallen, he gave a blow on the back of the neck, from the effects of which he expired almost instantly. The verdict was that he died of "a fracture in the neck." A man named Wm. Bolporchy is accused of being accessory, after the fact, in assisting to take Woodwell off, to save him from arrest—Both Woodwell and Bolporchy are under arrest in the Third Municipality.

☞ Political excitement begins to exhibit itself about Galveston and Houston.

NEW-YORK.—The Whig Congressional nomination, for the city of New York, are now completed. The candidates are:

3d Dist (Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,) J PHILLIPS PHOENIX.
4th Dist. (Wards 6, 7, 10, 13,) WALTER UNDERHILL.
5th Dist. (Wards 8, 9, 14,) GEO. BRIGGS.
6th Dist. (Wards 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18,) JAS. BROOKS. (Vacancy in prev't House) HORACE GREELEY.

Sale of Dry Goods at 4 & 6 months.

The attention of Merchants and Dealers is requested to the extensive catalogue of Dry Goods, at 4 and 6 months credit, to be made THIS DAY, by F. H. Burgin, at his auction Store, No. 6 Canal street, [illegible] o'clock precisely. The assortment is worthy the attention of buyers.

—BEE—

Last evening, at 10 o'clock, Mr. J. F. DUGARRY, aged 34 years. The body is still out at the residence of Geo. Wm. Duncan, 92 Bacon street. His friends and those of Gen. Dufour's are invited to attend the funeral, which will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock. nov9

☞ The Consignees of 11 bales [illegible] and one puncheon rum, marked K McK, St. Louis, per ship MOBILE from New Orleans, Mr. Lambron, consignee of a lot of Furniture per ship PHARSALIA, from New York, are requested to call at the Bonding Clerk's office and receive the same.

LEVI H GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ THE Packet ship WABASH, Capt. Truman, from New York, is now discharging at New York wharf, opposite the Triangle Building, and Consignees are requested to attend immediately to the receipt of their Goods on the Levee, or they will be stored at their expense and risk.

JOHN C. WOODRUFF & CO.

NOVEMBER 3d, 1848. 93 & 95 Magazine st.

☞ Neither the Captain nor Consignee of ship AMERIQUE, will be responsible for any debt that the crew of said ship may contract.

D. LANATA

☞ Neither the Captain nor the consignees of ship VALTORIA will be responsible for debts contracted by her crew.

J. LA BLITCAS, 31 Bienville st.

☞ The Norwegian brig VICTORIA, from Bordeaux, is discharging opposite St Philippe street; Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the levee, otherwise they will be stored at their expense and risk.

J. M LACAZE.

☞ The ship EMPERANCE, from Havre, is now discharging opposite the Vegetable Market. Consignees are requested to take out their permits within five days, otherwise their goods will be sent to the public stores at their risk and expense.

L. H GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ Neither the Captain nor Consignee of the French ship EMPERANCE, will be responsible for demurrage contracted by the crew of said ship.

L. H GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ The consignee of 15 bales Soap, marked H, (in a triangle,) per ship MOBILE, from New York, is requested to call at the subscriber's office and receive the same.

LEVI H GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ FOR HAVANA.—To sail on the 11th instant, the fast sailing fore and aft schooner SALVADORA, Captain Evans, will leave as above. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to the Captain on board.

COSTA & CO., 5 Front Levee.

☞ The ship EQUITY, from Boston, is now discharging opposite the Mississippi Press. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, otherwise they will be stored at their expense and risk.

J. M LACAZE, 93 Common st.

☞ The Consignees of the following goods, to order, per ship EQUITY, from Boston, are requested to make themselves known to the undersigned during the forenoon, or they will be stored at their expense and risk, viz: D N [illegible] mackerel; W & S 75 boxes tobacco; 6 bales gunny bags; F M B 1 bale gunny bags; W B 1 bale gunny bags; C L bales gunny bags; W. in a diamond, Vicksburg, 2 bales; S, in a diamond, 41 boxes; S, in a diamond, 4 boxes; [illegible] and fish.

L. H GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ Consignees of the following goods, consigned to order, per ship WABASH, Captain Truman, from New York, will please make their appearance known to the discharging Clerk, on the Levee, at New York Wharf, opposite the Triangle Buildings, or they will be stored at their expense and risk, viz: Two hundred and seventy-seven sheets Copper, and three cases marked N.

JOHN C. WOODRUFF & Co.

93 and 95 Magazine st.

Cotton Press and Pickery.

COTTON, MOSS, TOBACCO and all kind of goods baled up in the best manner by

REL. GASCHET DE LISLE,

Camelia street, between Closet and Louisa, New Orleans.

REFERENCES:

Messrs. Fr. Forstall, Secretary of the Lower Buen Lerre Cotton Press; J. J. Davis, Samuel Moore, Wm. S. Hopp, A. Rochereau, C. Rochereau, Tichenor, Gibson & Burnside.

N. B.—Any [illegible] is placed in the counting-room of Messrs. Loison & Silvestre, No. 36, Chartres street, where orders may be left.

☞ BETARDIE.—In the Parish of St Charles, [illegible] JAMES WALLACE, who was [illegible] to Mm. Vaut, of New Orleans. He is about 35 years, [illegible] 5 feet 7 inches, has no teeth in the jaw, wearing when arrested a pair of overalls. The owner is hereby notified to claim said slave according to law.

Parish of St Charles, Nov. 5th, 1848.

nov9 2t[illegible] MART. MARTIN, [illegible]

THE subscriber has just received, by [illegible] from Havre, Liverpool, New York and Boston, the following articles, which offers for sale at very low prices:

Ladies' and Misses' embroidered Collars;
do do do do cambric Hdkfs;
Embroidered and fancoured white and colored do.
Fine Kid Gloves of all sizes and colors;
Ladies' and Gentlemens' silk Gloves;
Ladies' and Misses' silk Hose;
White, green and brown cotton do.;
Master's and Gentlemens' cotton and wool Socks;
Extra fine lawn cambric Hdkfs;
Ladies' cambric do.; Gents' do do;
White and colored Choller Hdkfs.;
Colored French Merino;
Dyed Mastin de Laine;
Grenadine Plaid Dress;
Printed Barege, new pattern;
Printed cashmere Shawls, 7 4;
Shawl do do 7-4;
Boys, of every description and dimension;
3 yard Corset Jeans, wool and cotton Brackets;
Valencienne Lace, of all sizes;
Black silk Lace, do do;
Ladies' and Childrens' embroidered Bonnets;
French Prints;
Red, yellow and blue Furniture Prints;
Black Mantle de Laine, 9 2 and 3-4;
Black and green Barege Veils;
Black and white Dabys;
French and American Flannels, of every kind and color;
Ladies' and Gentlemens' knitted merino Undersirts; Merino Drawers;
Irish Linen, Brest Sheeting, Paris Linens;
Damasked Napkins and Napkins;
White and Gray Blankets;
French Madras Handkerchiefs;
White cotton, 3-4, 7-8, 4-4, 6-4 and 10-4;
Brown cotton, do do do;
Mattaras Tickings, of all qualities;
Drees and Pantaloon Cordonade;
Bastaldo and Linen Prints;
—And several other articles, deposited by ship Anna, from Havre.
Satillas, of the latest fashion.

D. S. MAGAHEY, 288 Bonton st.

LANDING on ship Hepzibah, from Havre, 300 half baskets Champagne in pint bottles, for sale by

EUGENE ROCHEREAU & Co.,
17 and 19 St. Louis st.

CHAMPAGNE—Landing on ship Hermione, from Havre, 600 bxs Champagne, ship brand, for sale by nov9 EUG. ROCHEREAU, 17 & 19 St. Louis st.

BLANKETS, 3 Points—15 bales French Blankets, for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & Co.,
nov9 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

Blank Books, Paper and Stationery.

J. B. STEEL, 14 Camp street, respectfully begs leave to inform his numerous and [illegible] friends and patrons, that he is now receiving a very large and extensive assortment of all kinds of BLANK BOOKS, PAPER and STATIONERY, and will pay strict attention of merchants and others to the following list of articles, which he offers for sale at the lowest cash prices:

ACCOUNT BOOKS.

Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Invoice Books, Order Books, Letter Books, Cash and Sales Books of blue and white, wove or laid paper, in Russia and plain binding, of every variety; half bound Ledgers, Bill Books of the various approved forms, with and without printed heads; Receipt, Blank, Memorandum and Cyphering Books, Foolscap Ledgers, Pass Books, Indexes, Copy Books, [illegible] Note Books, Bills of Exchange, Bank Checks, elegantly engraved, letterpressed and [illegible] Books of the best copying paper; Bills of Lading; Check Books on all the Banks in the city; Dank Pocketbooks; or Writing Quarto Copy Books, Skip Receipt Books, of various forms; Ship, Steamboat and Dray Receipts; Diaries, or Daily Memorandum Books; Cotton Weighers and Yard Master's Books.

BLANKS.

Letter and Folio Post Bills Lading, Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes and Drafts, together with every description of Mercantile and Customhouse Blanks.

PAPER

Gap, for retailing on country trade, a fine assortment of the most approved manufacture; Ruled and Plain, Outsize silk, Fancy paper of all kinds, sizes and qualities; Drawing Paper, all sizes and qualities; Board Boards, &c. &c.

PLAYING CARDS.

Patent ivory surface Playing Cards, viz: Superfine Eagle, Henry VIII, Decorar Merry Andrew, Highlander, French and Spanish; all descriptions of Fancy and Printing Cards.

STEEL PENS.

Perry's medium fine and extra fine pointe; Perry's Three pointed and India rubber Pens; Gillott's Victoria, Prince Albert, Commercial, and his other Pens; also, Quills of all kinds and qualities.

PENCILS.

Refined prepared Black Lead Drawing Pencils, various degrees of hardness; Crayons, Brushes, Paints and Colors.

Also—Sizes of all kinds, Ivory and Pens Polishers, Wafers and Sealing Wax, Black and Colored Ink and Ink Powders, Motto Seals and Letter Stamps; Sager's Pine Cutlery, &c., comprising the most extensive assortment of every useful article in this line that the ingenuity of man has invented, or that the wants of the community require.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

A large supply of all kinds in general use, select of with great care by the subscriber personally, as related with the judgment and advice of the most eminent professors and teachers.

☞ Committees, Teachers, Dealers, and all who buy to sell again, supplied at the lowest possible prices, at the New Orleans Stationer's Warehouse.

J. B STEEL, 14 Camp st.

Woolen and Shirt Goods.

IN STORE, and offered to the trade, at extremely low prices—a general assortment of Woolen and Shirt Goods, viz: French, Belgium and American Cloths and Cassimeres black and fancy colors; all wool Tweeds; Merino Cassimeres; Kentucky and Georgia wool Twills and Jeans;
Northern Kerseys and Linseys;
Rob-roy and Gallia Plaids;
Wool Flannels, all colors and qualities;
Coarse mediums and fine Blankets, all colors;
Alpacas and Orleans Cloths, large assortment.

J. M. PALMER, 56 Gravier st.

SUGAR—379 bales White Havana Sugar, landing from brig P. Steele, for sale by

TROSEGROS & LAMPRE, 98 Old Levee

SUGAR—[illegible] hhds white and yellow sugar, in store and for sale by

TROSEGROS & LAMPRE, 98 Old Levee

SEGARS—400 M. Mildness and Regalias, in store, for sale by

TROSEGROS & LAMPRE,
98 Old Levee

TOBACCO—[illegible] bales Cuba Tobacco, in store, for sale by

TROSEGROS & LAMPRE,
98 Old Levee.

200 CASES RED WINE—Landing at ship Victoria, from Bordeaux, for sale by

A. & Z. CAVELIER.

SUGAR HOUSE MOLASSES—120 bbls Superior Sugar House Molasses, for sale by

C J WHEELER, Broker, 5 Bank