The New-Orleans Bee.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF GENERAL COUNCIL AND FIRST MUNICIPALITY.....NEW-ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 22, 1849

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TERMS OF THE BEE.

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☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and in extent to one square every other day.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee

Thursday Morning, March 22, 1849.

Arrival and Reception of Mr. Polk.

Shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday morning, the steamer of Lake Pontchartrain, gave intimation of the landing of the Hon. JAMES K. POLK on the shores of Louisiana. He arrived on the steamer *James J. Day*, after a pleasant trip across the Lake, and reached the Lake terminus of the Railroad just at break of day. Mr. POLK is accompanied by Col. WATSON, of Monigomery, by Mrs POLK and her two nieces. The Hon. ROBERT J. WALKER is unfortunately still detained by indisposition at Macon, Ga.

As soon as the boat touched the Wharf, Mr. S. H. PAGE, one of the Committee of Arrangements, waited on the ex-President and informed him that the Committee from the City would shortly arrive, for the purpose of conducting him to town and tendering him the hospitalities of the Crescent City. Mr. POLK, accompanied by Mr. PAGE, repaired to the Washington Hotel, and at 8 o'clock, the Committees from the City made their appearance. The entire delegation was not present, but the following members were punctual to the hour, viz: Messrs. L. C. DUNCAN, E. BARRAS, I. N. MARKS, J. SOMMER, W. H. WITBECK and S. H. PAGE. Mr. POLK received the Committee with much cool urbanity and kindness, and introduced them separately to his lady. A number of gentlemen, anxious to pay their respects to the ex-President, were then presented to him, and were cordially welcomed. A [illegible] Kennedy's Band, playing the National Airs, followed by a military escort, announcing to the citizens that the Cars which were [illegible] Mount Carmel, were approaching. A large crowd immediately repaired to the Ladies' Ante-Room, with the Committee, and some ladies followed by another procession, brought with them the ex-President, to the Lake Depot, the Committee of Arrangements acting as pioneers to the procession. Gov. Crawford, of Georgia, was formally introduced as Secretary of War this morning. He comes with a high reputation, and if his report as Chief Clerk of the Treasury is trusted, he will be useful in the administration of the Imperial Department to which he has been invited under such honorable circumstances.

Mr. Sloanaker, of Philadelphia, was nominated as Navy Agent at Philadelphia.

Among the nominations transmitted to the Senate, were the names of Mr. Evans, of Maine, Mr. Caleb B. Smith, of Indiana, and Col. Paine, of North Carolina, as Commissioners to settle the unadjusted claims against Mexico, under the recent act of Congress. The appointment of President of the Board was considered to the Hon. John Sergeant, of Philadelphia, but he declined on account of private considerations.

The Special Committee, to which was referred the case of Gen. Shields, involving his eligibility to a seat in the Senate, reported adversely, this morning, and involved a protracted debate, in which Gen. Shields, Mr. Foote, and others, participated. From present appearances, it is probable the discussion may be continued several days. Afterwards, the Senate retired into Executive session, and confirmed several unimportant appointments which were submitted on Monday.

Mr. Allen A. Hall, of the Nashville Whig, and Mr. T. L. Smith, the former incumbent, are the most prominent candidates for the vacant office of Register of the Treasury. It is probable the honor will fall upon the former, who is strongly recommended by the Tennessee delegation in Congress. His ability and qualifications were well known to the country, and his appointment would give general satisfaction to the party which he serves with so much zeal and fidelity.

It is understood that Mr. Rockwell, of Connecticut, brother of the member of Congress, will be invited to the new office of Commissioner of Patents, created under the bill establishing the Department of the Interior.

Mr. McClintock Young, Chief Clerk of the Treasury Department, has, it is said, tendered his resignation. This step was prudential, inasmuch as his political interference precluded him from all consideration at the hands of the present Secretary. He has held the office sufficiently long to be able to vacate it to some more competent person.

HOMO.

The Postmaster General.

A large number of the citizens of Vermont, then in Washington, called at the residence of the Hon. JACOB COLLAMER, the new Postmaster General, on Thursday, the 8th inst., at one o'clock, P. M., to congratulate him on his appointment to a seat in the Cabinet of President TAYLOR. It is said that every Vermonter in the city was present. They were a fine looking set of men. The best feeling prevailed among them all, and it was quite evident that all were highly gratified at the compliment paid to the unflinching integrity of Vermont by the appointment. Mr. HALE, in behalf of the delegation, briefly addressed Judge COLLAMER, in effect, as follows:

We have come here, sir, in this informal manner, to congratulate you personally on your appointment to a seat in President TAYLOR'S Cabinet, and to assure you that the compliment thus paid to our State, not less than to yourself, is highly gratifying to us all. We are confident also that this gratification will be shared generally by the people of Vermont. We know you will discharge the duties of your new position in such a manner as will be creditable to yourself, and we doubt not, satisfactory to the country. We hope your success may be equal to your merit, and *that*, we are sure, will be sufficient to fill the measure of any man's ambition.

To which Judge COLLAMER replied as follows:

I thank you, gentlemen, for the friendly expression of your regard for me personally, and for the kind manner in which you have received my appointment. The appointment was doubtless intended, however, as a compliment to Vermont, and not as a reward for any services of mine, of any merit which I may possess. In this view it may well be gratifying to us all that the long tried and never failing virtue and integrity of our State has at last been rewarded by a cabinet appointment. Ours is the only Whig State in the Union which has never swerved from her political faith, and almost the only one which has never shared the patronage of the general government. We have always looked to the republic in the day of trial. It is right we should be remembered in the day of triumph. This was doubtless the main ground on which the appointment was conferred upon me. It is a most responsible and laborious position. There are seventeen thousand different postoffices in the country all requiring constant care and vigilant supervision. But, however difficult and burdensome my duties may be, I shall endeavor, at least, faithfully to discharge them. And whatever ability I may bring to my aid in the administration of the department which has been committed to my charge, I need not assure you that the character of Vermont for integrity and virtue will never be compromised by me.—*National Intelligencer.*

THE TEXAS BY—MR. MEREDITH.—A report was started in Washington a fortnight since by his opponents, that Mr. Meredith, the new Secretary of the Treasury, was a Free Trader. This is put to rest by the following letter addressed by him some weeks since to a meeting at Pottsville, Pa., to rejoice over the election of Taylor and Fillmore. It goes straight to the mark:

MY DEAR SIR—I had the pleasure of receiving a few days since, your letter on behalf of the Whig Jubilee in Pottsville, on Saturday next, and regret extremely that my engagements here will prevent me from availing myself of the invitation. There could be no occasion on which I should more joyfully participate in the festivities. The importance of the result of the late election cannot be overrated. The passage of the Act of '46, involved result as well as injury to Pennsylvania, and the people must have been blind to their own honor and interest if they had not resented it. The triumphant manner in which the people of the Commonwealth, and in the unusual and remarkable degree the people of Schuylkill County, have vindicated their right at the recent elections "not only shows a determination that the principles of the Tariff of '42 shall be restored and that their industry shall not, in future be sacrificed to suit the views of political partizans," but exhibits in a strong light the fact that the people cannot be long deceived, and that they can and will enforce the due responsibility of their public servants. With men able to do this we may be sure that the Republic will continue to be just, glorious, triumphant. I offer for the acceptance of our brethren the following sentiment:

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chronicle all the incidents of the day. Suffice it to say, that at about 1 o'clock the vast procession reached the St. Louis Hotel, where Mr. POLK descended, and after passing in front of the military who were drawn up on Royal street, and receiving spontaneous tributes of applause from the gathered crowd, he entered the building and proceeded to the elegant apartments appropriated for his use. In conclusion we may say, that the ceremonies were worthy of the occasion; all parties vied in doing honor to the Ex-President, and politics were forgotten in the homage paid to the man who had occupied the highest office in the gift of the country.

Correspondence of the Bee.

WASHINGTON, March 13, 1849.

The Administration is now fairly started and the impression thus far, is favorable to the President, and every member of the Cabinet. Gen. Taylor by his urbanity, frankness and unaffected nature, has won upon the heart and esteem of all who have come within the sphere of his personal intercourse.

It has been wisely determined by the Administration, to postpone all appointments, except where vacancies actually exist or may occur before the adjournment of the Senate, until sufficient time and opportunity can be afforded to investigate the merits and qualifications of the various aspirants. The observance of this rule, with that adopted by the President, of deferring to the experience and wisdom of the Cabinet, who may be supposed to be more familiar with the fitness and character of applicants, is calculated to advance the character of appointments, and to ensure for the public service, those requisites which are now so much needed in all departments of the Government.

The same principle will be applied to the Foreign missions, for wh ch, except under pressing and peculiar circumstances, no nominations will be made until the month of June. One reason for this course, is the condition of the Treasury, which will require the utmost prudence to sustain the public credit unimpaired until the next session of Congress, in consequence of the loss of the five millions of Treasury notes, recommended by Mr. Walker, and the depreciation in revenue from Customs and lands. The appropriations for outfits and salaries, were attached to the Civil and Diplomatic Bill for the fiscal year commencing on the 1st of July, and although, it would be competent for the Department to anticipate their expenditure, it is manifest, that by delaying for a reasonable time, the operation of the Treasury may be improved and the claims of individuals can be better considered.

The various members of the Diplomatic Corps, at their court levee, were presented to the President yesterday by the Secretary of State, and friendly assurances were mutually expressed. The scene was impressive, and contributed much to the gratification of a large assemblage of citizens.

Gov. Crawford, of Georgia, was formally introduced as Secretary of War this morning. He comes with a high reputation, and if his report as Chief Clerk of the Treasury is trusted, he will be useful in the administration of the Imperial Department to which he has been invited under such honorable circumstances.

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Movement of the Ex-President.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies of the reception yesterday, Mr. Polk's drawing-room, at the St. Louis Hotel, was thronged by a succession of visitors, who were anxious to take the distinguished gentleman by the hand. He received his fellow citizens with much affability, and on returning to his private apartments there were still a large number of persons who had been unable to obtain admission.

At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Mr. POLK sat down to a dinner with the gentlemen composing the various committees of reception. We understand that the repast was served up in elegant style, fully sustaining the reputation that Mr. Dodge has enjoyed as a caterer since he first opened the St. Louis Hotel.

Dinner to Mr. Polk.

The city authorities have tendered to Mr. POLK a dinner at the St. Louis Hotel this afternoon at 5 o'clock. The most distinguished gentlemen of the city have been invited, and the occasion will no doubt be an interesting one. We understand that Mr. POLK has accepted the invitation

FROM TEXAS.—By the arrival of the steamship *Portland*, Capt. Place, we have received Galveston papers to the 17th inst., inclusive:

On Tuesday night last, says the San Antonio "Texian" of the 8th inst., Messrs. Edwards and Davis arrived in this city, from Laredo, in charge of five Mexicans accused of the murder of Jean E. Trevens, a citizen of San Antonio. One of the Mexicans, Antonio de los Reges, turned States evidence and was admitted to bail to appear before the District Court. Huizar, the principal, was required to give bonds in $10,000, and the others in $5,000 each, for their appearance, and in default were committed to jail.

The same paper says, the bodies of two men with their throats cut, were found near Calvillo, within thirty-five miles of San Antonio. They are supposed to be Mr. Fowler and his son, from near Victoria. We are not, says the "Texian," in possession of particulars further than that it is conjectured that they were murdered for their money, by some Mexicans, and that there is a prospect of the murderers being identified and arrested.

From the Union.

"No President ever came into power with more professions from himself and supporters of impartiality and no-partyism. He professes to have 'no friend to reward, no enemy to punish.' It is hoped that he may be able to preserve these pledges."

Commenting on this passage from the official, the N Y *Courier & Enquirer* remarks: "The *Union* thinks much more of Gen. Taylor's sentiments than it used to do. It spent two or three months in covering up the notion that the Democrat had ever any to purchase," and by way of repairing his error, proved that the doctrine was too broad at least by one.

Now it quotes the sentiment and holds it up to admiration. Its course reminds us of an anecdote, we do, whether true or not, at least *illustrates* a point. Just after the election and before the result was known, a prominent opponent of Gen. Taylor has going to meet him expressed the warmest hopes of his success, although he had done all in his power to secure his defeat. He liked his character, admired his services, and was especially enhanced with his declaration that "he had no friends to reward and no *enemies to punish*." It was noble, magnanimous, worthy of the Hero of Buena Vista.

"Yes," said Old Zach, "*it was true when I wrote it*."

We recommend the moral to the profound consideration of the organic remains of the late dynasty.

By the Western Telegraph.

The steamer Crescent City sailed this afternoon for Chagres, carrying 318 passengers, among whom was Mrs. Fremont, bound for California.

NEW YORK, March 15—8 P. M.

There was a disastrous fire at St. Johns, New Brunswick, yesterday morning, destroying one hundred houses. The location of the fire was in Georges, Union, Mill, and Drury Lane st.

PITTSBURG, March 15—8 P. M.

There is 11 feet water in the channel, and rising. Weather very pleasant.

NEW YORK, March 15—8 P. M.

There is no marked change from noon in flour, but the market if anything is duller. The sales comprise 1000 bbls Western at $7 12½; in store and afloat 30,000 bushels damaged corn, received via New Orleans, at 49c per bushel. Sales of whiskey at 25c per gallon. The sales of pork are to a limited extent, and the market is little easier. Sales of 200 bbls lard at 6 5-8c per lb. Treasury notes are quoted at 9 1-4; Ohio stocks at 3 1-2 and Kentucky 5 per ct at 2 1-2 per cent. premium.

New York Markets.

COTTON—Accounts from New York to Wednesday, at 5 o'clock P. M., state this article had lost the advance it gained after the news by the last British steamer, and sales of 2,000 bales had been made on Wednesday, at the old rates.

RICE—In this article there had been some transactions, at from $3 12½ to $3 18.

FLOUR—Was dull and inactive. LARD brought from 6 1-2 to 6 3-4.

MR. POLK AT MOBILE—We copy from the *Tribune* of Tuesday the account of Mr. Polk's reception in Mobile:

The reception of Mr. Polk yesterday was conducted in excellent taste and with an effect which exceeded anything of the sort we have yet seen in Mobile. It was previously ascertained that the steamboat Emperor, which brought him from Montgomery, would be at a point twenty-one miles above the city in the morning. Thither two boats, the Montgomery and the Eliza, were despatched at 9 o'clock.—They were crowded with passengers, and went up the river under full heads of steam. Between 11 and 12 o'clock, the Emperor hove in sight. Shortly afterwards the James L. Day joined the Convoy, and, lashed side by side, the four boats came down the river, forming a most beautiful and impressive spectacle. Before they reached the city Mr. Polk was taken from one boat to another and introduced to almost every person on board. Within a mile of the city the boats separated, and the James L. Day leading, the Emperor succeeding, and the Montgomery and Eliza following, they swept by the wharves amid rapid firing of cannon from the artillery company and the revenue cutter. Mr. Polk was received and welcomed at the foot of Dauphin street, while the whole volunteer military force of the city was formed in line. Thence he was conducted in procession (himself and a portion of the committee in a four horse coach,) through the city, to the Mansion House, where the Mayor tendered to him the hospitalities of the city.

Taken altogether, the affair was managed admirably, and did great credit to those concerned in it. In the city it was a genuine gala day. Nearly all business was suspended, and the wharves, the boats in the harbor—the windows and the streets were filled with citizens and ladies, all eager to see and offer respect to Mr. Polk, who, we learn, expressed with much feeling his gratification at this cordial reception.

The ex-President made a very favorable impression on the public. He is totally without pretension in his manners, and performed the duties of hand-shaking as though it were an inevitable destiny, grateful evidently for the pains taken to welcome him, and willing to submit implicitly to the comforts of the public. His face is strongly marked, his thin and scattered locks are gray and long—and his step, notwithstanding the appearance of his countenance, is strong and steady. Doubtless he lays down the honors and responsibilities of his office in weariness and without regret.

Mr. Walker, the late able Secretary of the Treasury, did not accompany Mr. Polk. We learn, with regret, that he was detained by illness at Macon, in Georgia. He is, however expected to arrive here to-day.

THE GOVERNMENT JEWELLS.—*Arrest of a supposed Robber*—Officer Bowyer of the Chief's Office yesterday afternoon, arrested an old offender known as Jim Webb, against whom there are several indictments pending, and who is also suspected of having been concerned in stealing the Government jewels. It appears that Jim was caught very nicely in the following manner: Mr. Bowyer who at Jersey City yesterday accidentally fell in with Jim and saluted him; but the latter would not own up, but denied his name and all knowledge of officer Bowyer, and at the same time requested him to state who he was. Officer B however, laughingly remarked to his customer that it was unnecessary to mention it, as they had been pretty well acquainted with each other in times gone by, and at the same time requested him to inquired when he last saw Jim Young, which question fully satisfied Webb that he was known, but presumed that officer B. was one of his old cronies, which supposition was strongly confirmed by the latter observing that they had been both most horribly abused in the *Police Gazette*. On officer B. manifesting a desire to have a little private conversation with Webb they strolled together toward and on board a ferry boat, where in accordance with the instruction of officer B. they kept a respectful distance from each other. After landing from the boat and walking a short distance on this side, Webb inquired the particular nature of the subject which his companion desired to confer with him about, when officer B. informed him that the Chief of Police was very anxious to see him. Webb at once demanded of officer Bowyer if he had a warrant for him; and on being assured that he had the necessary "blue" Jim was led to his quarters in the Chief's Office, where he was detained to settle accounts.—*N. York Tribune.*

FROM WASHINGTON—In the Senate, on the 13th, the Shields case was again discussed. Mr. Hale's motion to inform the Governor of Illinois of the vacancy occasioned by Gen. Shields' resignation, was laid on the table. The resolution of the Committee designing the election void, was discussed, and adopted by a large majority. The Senate went into Executive session.

☞ The correspondent of the Charleston *Mercury* writes as follows, under date of the 14th:

Judge Clayton, formerly a Representative from Georgia, has been nominated for the position of Second Auditor of the Treasury, in place of General McCalla, the present incumbent.

Mr. Sloanaker has been nominated for Navy Agent at Philadelphia.

Col. Pizzer, (Democrat) the present Postmaster of Richmond, has been re-nominated.

Henry V. Brown has been nominated as Register of the Land office at Green Bay.

McClintock Young, for many years the able and efficient Chief Clerk of the Treasury Department, has sent in his resignation.

HAVDEE.—Our thanks are due Mr. Fist, Stage Manager of the Orleans Theatre, for a copy of the "HAYDEE," the new opera by Auber. It is to be brought forward for the first time this evening, and is said to abound in charming original melodies.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—From New Hampshire we learn that Wilson (Whig) has been re-elected to Congress. Nothing definite as to the result for Governor.

☞ The Hon. John Blanchard, a member of the last Congress, died in Harrisburg on the 9th inst., while on his way home from Washington. He represented the Seventeenth Pennsylvania Congressional District.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE—The Richmond *Whig* says: The bill to guarantee the bonds of the James River and Kanawha Company, for one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, for the purpose of making the Southside and Rivanna connections has passed the Senate.

A POWERFUL LENS—By the use of a powerful lens, the sun's rays may be concentrated into a heat far exceeding that produced by other usual means. Dr. Draper, of New York, has one which will melt pebble stones, or cast iron as easily as sealing-wax is melted in a candle.

☞ On Sunday evening last a man was put on shore at the house of Mr. Cox, from the steamer *Endora*, in a dying condition, and expired in an hour or two after he was landed. A physician happened to be near at the time who was called to see him, but it was too late. The disease of which he died was pronounced to be cholera. Mr. Cox had been decently interred. From some papers found upon him his name is supposed to be Amos Watson, of Mason county, Kentucky.—*Point Coupee Echo, 17th.*

SUICIDE—Coroner Walters yesterday held an inquest at No. 50 Chartres st, upon the body of a man named Jacob Kuesner, a native of Germany, aged about 22 years, who committed suicide by hanging himself. It appeared from the evidence adduced before the Coroner, that the deceased worked for Mr Ward, residing at the above number, in the capacity of storemaker, and that he had been missing since Friday last and that on Sunday afternoon Mr Henry Kingeusen, who lives in the house in the above named premises, commenced a search for him, and finally found him suspended by the neck in the loft above the garret. Deceased was an enamored swain, and the last for some time labored under depression of mind. Verdict in accordance with the above facts.

RESTORATION OF SIGHT—The Boston Traveller gives some interesting accounts of experiments made by Professor Bronson, in removing imperfections of sight, produced by age, or malformation. According to the Traveller, old people have been enabled to lay aside their spectacles, and people of all ages who suffer from short sight, have been entirely cured. The Traveller says that Professor Bronson is the author of these discoveries, and that his practice consists entirely in manipulation. Professor Bronson is well known in this and other cities, as a lecturer upon electricity, and has opened an office in New York, for medical practice upon the eye, in which he was highly successful.

But while giving credit to Professor Bronson for his efforts in doing good, and while admitting that his method of treating the eye is original with himself, we do not admit that he was the *first* discoverer. The very remedy ascribed to him for restoring decayed sight, was discovered long ago by John Quincy Adams, and successfully practised on himself. This is not the only case in which scientific men have made the same discovery, without any communication with each other.

Dr Franklin in Philadelphia and Dr Ingenhouse in St. Petersburg, without any knowledge of each other, made simultaneous discoveries in electricity. Therefore we do not wonder at Professor Bronson's discovery concerning the eyes, without any hint from Mr. Adams, who had long previously made the same discovery. Mr. Adams did not communicate his discovery to the world, but mentioned it incidentally, and as of no great importance, to two or three friends in the course of his life. We certainly wonder at him and them, for not perceiving its general utility. Mr. Adams never wore spectacles, his sight enduring to the last. Yet those who remember him in private conversation, may remember his habit, when listening, of *manipulating* his eyes with his fingers, by rubbing them gently over the surface, from the external to the internal angle.

The decay of sight that is remedied by coarser spectacles, is caused by the gradual absorption of the humors, or relaxation of the ocular muscles, during the transparent cornea has convex. The manipulation, or gentle pressure, perhaps by stimulating the coats, and thereby causing them to contract, restores the original convexity, and consequently the original perfection of sight. In rubbing or wiping the eyes, we naturally pass the hand or towel over the convex surface, from the internal to the external angle. This diminishes the convexity, and thus promotes the decay of sight, and therefore should be carefully avoided. The pressure, whether in wiping or *manipulating*, should proceed, in eyes originally perfect, from the external to the internal angle. *Short sight*, remedied by concave glasses, is caused by *undue convexity* of the external cornea, whether congenital or caused by disease. In this case all wiping, rubbing or manipulation should proceed from the internal to the external angle, the reverse of the motion necessary in the case first mentioned. In manipulation, care must be taken against pressure too hard, or continued too long, which may develope inflammation.

City Intelligence.

MR. WILSON, THE VOCALIST.—We would again remind our readers that Mr. Wilson gives his second entertainment of Scottish melodies at the Armory Hall, this evening. We trust on this occasion to see a large audience, as Mr. Wilson is not only an artist of great ability, but is also unequalled as a delineator of the peculiar song and minstrelsy of Scotland.

ORLEANS THEATRE—The new opera of *Haydee* or the *Secret Mass*, by Auber, will be performed tonight for the first time at the Orleans Theatre. We are told that the Ex-President has been invited to attend the representation, and has signified his intention of being present.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE—We were so much occupied yesterday with the ceremonies of the reception of the Ex-President, that no time was left us to go in search of ordinary news-items. The Courts were all closed, and as far as we could learn but few arrests were made. So much the better.

LARCENY.—Francis Cowan at the request of J. Franklin, and Robert Wooton at the request of Thos Bourne, were arrested yesterday in the First Municipality, charged with larceny. They will be brought before the Recorder to-day.

CORONER'S INQUEST—The Coroner held an inquest yesterday, on the body of Albertus Campbell, aged 45 years, a native of Ireland, who was found dead at a house in Orleans street, near the corner of Dryades. Verdict: Died of congestion of the brain.

☞ MESSRS. BEARD, CALHOUN & Co., sell at auction TO DAY, at 12 o'clock, at Banks' Arcade, on liberal terms, the following valuable property, viz:—

A Lot of Ground on Race street, with the buildings and improvements thereon, comprising a two story dwelling kitchen, stable, &c.

Nine two story frame dwellings on Tonne street between St. Louis and Toulouse streets.

Three Vacant Lots on St. Louis street, between Marais and Villere streets.

Two Vacant Lots on Marais street, between St. Louis and Toulouse streets.

134 Shares City Bank Stock.
160 do. Mechanics' and Traders' Stock.
40 do. Carrollton Rail Road Stock. m22

☞ The attention of capitalists is invited to a sale of property by Spear & Debry, auctioneers, at 12 o'clock THIS DAY, at Banks' Arcade—viz: Six Lots on Tchoupitoulas street, so located that they must, a few years hence, become very valuable for business purposes, and can in the meantime be so improved, (being out of the fire limits) as a moderate outlay, as to yield a steady and large income. Unlike any other property on the same street, the front of these Lots will forever remain open to view from boats passing up and down the River. Also, a large Lot of Ground, with fire-proof Warehouse, fronting on Fouchet street. For further particulars, see advertisement in another column.

☞ We have been requested by the Committee of the Council, appointed to attend the hospitals of the city, to inform the public that such ladies and gentlemen as desire an opportunity of tendering their respects to the distinguished guest and his lady, are respectfully invited to call to-day between the hours of 11 and 2 o'clock, at the St. Louis Hotel. It is understood that Mr. POLK and family will leave the city at a late hour this evening, on a boat bound directly to Nashville.

THIRD MUNICIPALITY.

☞ VALUABLE PROPERTY—We are requested to call the attention of Capitalists and Speculators to the sale of Sewerage Building Lots of Ground, situated in Lafayette, on a long credit. Sale, This Day, at Banks' Arcade, by A. B. Loyer, auctioneer.

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

WEDNESDAY, EVENING, March 21, 1849.

There was a fair demand for Cotton to day, and 9,600 bales changed hands at former prices, English buyers being the chief operators.

The Sugar market was rather quiet, the sales not exceeding 400 hds. Of Molasses, 300 bbls. were sold at 15 @ 19c ⅌ gallon.

A very dull feeling prevails in the Flour market, and sales are to a limited extent; $4 30 has been accepted for Ohio. About 10,000 sacks Corn were sold at 40 @ 44c ⅌ bushel.

Provisions are heavy and without any notable change in prices. Mess Pork $14 25. Prime $9 25.

Whiskey is dull at 17c ⅌ gallon for Rectified.

Exchange remains as before quoted. We quote: Sterling 9 @ 9½ per cent prem. France 5 7-32 @ 5f 40. New York 60 days 2 @ 2½ per cent discount. Checks ½ per cent dis. @ ¼ per cent prem.

Freights are firm.

☞ The ship LEONIDAS, from Boston, is now discharging opposite Poydras st, Second Municipality. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, otherwise they will be stored at their expense and risk.

m22 L H GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ The regular packet ship CLIFTON, Captain J Fitzgerald, from New York, is now discharging at Port 1, foot of St Joseph street. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, or they will be stored at their expense and risk. J. W. STANTON & CO.

m22 Corner Magazine and Lafayette

☞ The consignees of two boxes merchandise, marked Wade, Bell & Co., St. Louis, and Bethold, Ewing & Co., St. Louis, from ship Hathaway, from Boston, are requested to call at the subscribers office and receive the same

m19 L. H. GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ The packet ship MEDIATOR, Captain Griffiths, is now discharging opposite the Vegetable Market, 1st M'y. Consignees are requested to attend immediately to the receipt of their goods on the Levee otherwise they will be stored at their expense and risk. JNO. O. WOODRUFF & CO.

m21 93 Magazine

FOR the purpose of Importations to Wines and general commission business, we have this day formed a co-partnership in commendam under the firm of Thomas Pirret & Co.

GASTON BRIDGE, partner in commendam.
THOMAS PIRET.
P. E. BRULATOUR. March 20, 1849

Twenty-five Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the saw mill of Charles Roger, of the parish of St. Charles, on the 20th inst., a mulatto Boy, named Pierre Parrot. Said boy is about 25 years of age, slender and of pleasant countenance but has improved a little gray on his eyes, which is now smaller. The above reward will be given for his delivery to

m22 KELLOGG & CLARK, 62 Gravier st.

IMPORTED HAVANA segars, 300,000 in store comprising a fine assortment of Regalias, Imperiales, Havanas, Cameros and Milara. Also, a real Havana segar, in cut chewing tobacco, for sale at moderate prices and in quantities to suit all purchasers. J M CABALLERO.

m22 24 Old Levee

NOTIONS, LINEN DRILLINGS, &c—The undersigned offers to city and country merchants a large assortment of Notions, consisting in part of every quality and grade, of American, French and English

—ALSO—

Linen Drills and Linen Check—cotton for the

m22 HAYMAN & HOLDEN.

HAVANA CIGARS—45,000, now landing from the schooner Mary Ellen, comprising a full assortment of Regalias, Imperiales, Havanas and Milars, of the best and second qualities, for sale by

m22 J M CABALLERO, No. 24 Old Levee.

FLOUR—300 bbls, now landing from steamer New Orleans, and for sale by

HAYMAN & HOLDEN.

m22 98 Magazine st. and 11 Red Stores.

CEMENT—500 bbls Newark and Rosendale; 100 bbls Louisville, for sale by

HAYMAN & HOLDEN.

m22 98 Magazine st. and 11 Red Stores.

PALM OIL—to reach, to arrive per ship Midas, and for sale by

HAYMAN & HOLDEN.

m22 98 Magazine st., and 11 Red Stores 3d M'y.

PRINCIPE CIGARS—A large assortment of Principes, entitled to Drawback, for sale by

m22-1m J M CABALLERO, 24 Old Levee.

FRENCH TALLOW CANDLES—Best brands superior, Lemaire cheap for cash, by

m22-1m HYDE & MOSS, 70 Common st.

LATHS—300,000 to arrive per Jack Teagarden, for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN.

m22 98 Magazine st. and 11 Red Stores, 3d M'y.

LIME—2000 bbls. Thomaston, for sale by

HAYMAN & HOLDEN.

m22 98 Magazine st. and 11 Red Stores.

HAVANA CIGARS—[illegible] Regalias, Cameros, Milars and other qualities, for sale by

m22 LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Common st.

PLASTER—500 bbls. Cogniac & Co's, Philadelphia, for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN.

m22 98 Mag. st. and 11 Red Stores, 3d M'y.

RUSIN—600 bbls., for sale by

HAYMAN & HOLDEN.

m22 98 Magazine, and 11 Red Stores.

Goods for the Mexican Market.

PIPES—Fancy Meerschaum, for sale by

m22 98 Indian Middle Florida Pipes.

CIGARS—Best Bird Eye Mighties, for sale by

m22 E. D. BLANCHARD, 31 Comm st.

EXCHANGE—On Paris, at sight, and for 7645 francs at 30 days sight, for sale by

m22 E. D. BLANCHARD, 31 Comm st.

CLARET WINE—1000 boxes Wine, cape and in half bbls, landing ex ship Oscar, from Bordeaux, and for sale by

m22 RAYMOND CABUZAC, 24 Old Levee.

LANDING—Ex ship Nerce, from Marseilles—10 bales Cotton Goods, French Blankets, &c.

m22 THE BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO.

90 Commission st.

SALT—2000 sacks coarse and fine Liverpool; 500 sacks Turks Island; 1000 bbls Rosaire; and 1500 bags St Martin's Salt, for sale by

m22 C J WHEELER, Broker,