The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 830 VOL. IX.—NEW SERIES. VOL. XIII.—WHOLE No. 5920.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF GENERAL COUNCIL AND FIRST MUNICIPALITY.....NEW-ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 7, 1849

WAGNE & WEBBER, Proprietors. No. 62 CHARTRES STREET.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

Daily Paper, one year in advance $12 00
Country Paper, Semi-weekly, one year in advance 5 00

Each time the subscriber must give our work, notice in writing before he can be allowed to discontinue.

Advertisements—One dollar for every TEN lines, for each language, on the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement charged for less than one dollar, in each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

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☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and in extent to one square every quarter.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee

Wednesday morning, March 7, 1849

The New Administration.

Having stated in a previous article our views respecting the administration which has just expired, we shall briefly set forth our opinion of the future conduct and principles of that which has just commenced.

Gen. Taylor is the first President chosen for many years who has attained his office by a vote measurably irrespective of party. Knowing him to be a Whig, the Whigs themselves sustained him without exacting or receiving a pledge. Knowing that he was not a Democrat, large numbers of Democrats yet supported him, in the full conviction that he would prove a just, honest, able and faithful chief magistrate. We believe that Gen. Taylor will go far to satisfy the expectations of both parties. We believe that his administration will be, in respect to cardinal principles of policy, Whig; at the same time that his habitual reverence for the popular will, and his boundless respect for the representative voice of the nation, will deter him from urging the adoption of any strictly party measures, which are manifestly distasteful to the country.

We believe, too, that Gen. Taylor will not employ the patronage of his office, in the manner of that ruthless and ferocious system of proscription, of which his predecessors have set a pitilessly-fine example, that recognizing the Jeffersonian standard of fitness for public station, he will confer office on the most worthy, and will never apply the chastening rod to those who have shamelessly violated the republican rule which forbids the stipendiary of the Government to interfere in the freedom of elections. If our popular franchises are to retain their full value they must be unfettered, and Gen. Taylor, we feel certain, will be inexorable in his contempt of those Federal officers, who have sought to coerce or subvert freemen to the support of faction.

Gen. Taylor will be an independent President. Independence is one of the predominant traits of his character. His firmness is only equaled by his honesty. When he has once made up his mind, and he is habitually deliberate and prudent in resolve, the inflexibility of his determination is proverbial; argument or remonstrance affect his convictions. To persuade he is deaf, and menaces he scorns. The house none of disappointed partizans, or the gentle wheedling of anxious expectants, are a few wasted upon him. This is a striking contrast to other Presidents, and it will be discovered by many who too long largely upon his easiness of heart and benevolence of disposition.

Gen. Taylor will be an honest President. His perfect integrity and uprightness are such that he will never deceive or mislead the country. That will be to say, he will do—and he will expect say nor do any thing that can be plausibly construed by any wise or honest by the most refined canon of ethics—in his intercourse with the nation may calmly confide, as the guardian of her dignity and her happiness, who is himself attached by the most exalted sentiments of patriotism and justice.

Gen. Taylor will make an able President. He is men equal a larger share of long and good sense and constructive sagacity than he. If he looks the experience of those whose career has embraced an the strange and stormy vicissitudes of political life, he brings to the discharge of his high functions, a healthy and vigorous intellect, strong common sense, freedom from prejudice, prudence, self-control, discretion. He has surrounded himself with the most capable advisers that the country can offer, and on questions for the solution of which experience must to some extent be an indispensable aid, he will be assisted by the Counsels of ripe statesmen who have grown grey in the public service.

Gen. Taylor's administration begins under fair auspices. The Republic is at peace, and prosperity marks the commerce and the enterprise of the country. One dark cloud alone obscures the brightness of the political horizon, and it may be, that by wise and patriotic action, Congress may have chased away that sunlitty portent of gloom. Should this hope, however, have failed, Gen. Taylor alone, as the embodiment of the public confidence of the whole country, can reconcile jarring sections and impose restraint upon the fanaticism of fatuists. This accomplished, a long and honorable career of peaceful glory is opened to us, and under the guidance of the Veteran Patriot and Hero, our country will proudly advance to the fulfilment of her lofty destiny.

Congress.

In the Senate, on the 26th ult., the report of the joint Committee appointed to notify Gen. Taylor of his election as President of the United States, was presented. Afterwards, the Civil List Bill was taken up, and Mr. Walker's amendment, establishing a temporary government for California, was adopted by a vote of 29 to 27. Messrs. Benton, Calhoun and Mexia were absent when the vote was taken, all three of whom are be sworn to be in favor of the amendment. Mr. Hale moved an increase of salary to the Ministers to England, France and Russia, which motion was withdrawn, after a long discussion had taken place on the proposition. Further amendments were proposed, when the Senate took a recess from four to six o'clock.

A later dispatch states that the Civil List Bill has been reported to the Senate. Mr. Dix submitted a communication, will move the Wilmot Proviso as an amendment to California Union, and there is much apprehension that the Bill will fail between the two Houses.

Another dispatch announces that Mr. Dix has made a long speech on the Wilmot Proviso question.

In the House of Representatives the California Territorial Bill, with the Wilmot Proviso, was discussed, passed, and sent to the Senate, by a vote of 109 to 87. The California Mint Bill was also discussed, but no action had. The New Mexico Territorial Bill was brought up and considered, but no decision. A variety of miscellaneous business was transacted.

The Charleston Courier, to which we are indebted for the foregoing, appends the following items, received by Telegraph:

Abbott Lawrence is said to have been tendered the head-rule of the Departments—and another dispatch states that Messrs. Lawrence, Crittenden and Crawford are, according to rumor, to be members of the Cabinet. Yet another statement, speaking confidently, says—Gen. Taylor has positively tendered choice of Secretary of Treasury or Navy to Abbott Lawrence." Well informed as our correspondent is, we have little doubt of this fact. As to his acceptance of any station we have much doubt.

Gen. Taylor is said to have recovered from the fatigue of his long, and from the inclemency of the weather, rather perilous journey to the Capital. A cordial interview had taken place between Mr. Polk and himself. The Cabinet has not yet been finally decided on, and rumors of various kinds, some of which are alluded to above, are rife among the political seers.

The New York Cotton Market, yesterday, at 5 o'clock, was reported as firm, with sales of 1,500 bales. The following are the quotations: Fair Uplands, 7 1-2; fair N. Orleans, 8 1-2.

Two hundred tierces Rice sold at from 3 1-8 to 3 1-4.

New Loan stood at 112 1-2, and Treasury Notes, at 110 7-8.

The latest Liverpool Accounts, at the moment of the sailing of the Europa, state that the Cotton market continued firm and buoyant, with large sales.

The Manchester market, too, was firm, and the demand for goods active.

In London, on the 10th ult., State sixes commanded 6 1-2, and an upward tendency existed for Stocks.

It was expected at Paris that the Assembly would dissolve early in April—a new election is to take place on the 22d, and the new Assembly will meet on the 7th May.

A Congress of the Catholic powers was about to be held at Gaeta, for the purpose of re-instating the Pope in power.

Virginia.—The House of Representatives of the Virginia Legislature have, by a vote of 65 to 60, rejected the bill providing for the construction of the Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

☞ Thanks to the officers of the Steamer Illinois, for late St. Louis papers.

Correspondence of the Bee.

Washington, Feb. 23, 1849.

The Union of this morning, attempts to extricate the President from the embarrassing predicament in which he has been recently placed by Mr. Wilmot, in reference to the interview concerning the anti-slavery proviso; on which occasion, Mr. Polk proposed, if it was withdrawn from the two million bill and offered as an independent proposition, it would receive his hearty concurrence. Mr. Wilmot, in his statement upon the floor, gave specific facts, which seemed to wear the color of truth and were supported by incidental circumstances, which strengthened their force and probability. The Union does not meet the particular indictment, but endeavors to throw discredit upon it, by referring to the general position which the President assumed in reference to the subject. Thus far, an issue of veracity is raised between Mr. Polk and Mr. Wilmot, which, considering the character of the respective parties, it will be difficult to decide between them. One is entitled to no more credit than the other, and from the facility which Mr. Polk has evinced on former occasions, in turning sharp corners and in defying truth, where it was necessary to serve his personal or political purposes, it may be fairly presumed, that he has not scrupled in the present case to give a partial coloring to the facts for his own justification. At all events, the question of truth or falsehood is narrowed down between two Locofocos, and I am willing for one, that the party should decide it between them. It is a case in which Whigs can feel no political interest, one or other must be convicted and they are both "Democrats," as the phrase goes.

Speculations as to the composition of the Cabinet continue to augment as the period for its formation draws near. The city is crowded with representatives of the various interests, and the promenades present an exciting scene of animated friends of the different individuals who have been named in this connection. Even to the present hour, there is no fixed opinion as to any member of the administration, save Mr. Clayton, the rest are involved in uncertainty.

There is much reason to believe that General Taylor entertains a strong partiality for Mr. Binney, and indisposed to tender him the Treasury Department. Nothing but his advanced age offers a barrier to the fitness and excellence of the appointment. The country boasts few abler or more elevated men than Horace Binney, and but for this single objection, his selection would be universally acceptable. Should he be offered to him and declined, there is a probability that General Taylor may consider himself relieved from the obligation of renewing the compliment to Pennsylvania. An opinion prevails in some quarters that Mr. John Sergeant may be invited, and in others that the mantle will finally fall upon the shoulders of Mr. Meredith, who would do honor to any station in the gift of the President.

There is much diversity of views as to a choice from the East. Mr. Lawrence, Mr. Winthrop and Mr. Truman Smith are most prominently there in no indication of preference among them, nor will one be urged to the disappointment of another by their respective friends.

It seems to be conceded that the North-west will be invited to a seat, and of those named Mr. Smith, of Indiana, is regarded with the most favor and presented with the most influence.

In the South, Mr. Crawford or Mr. Tomlin will probably be selected from Georgia. The partiality for Mr. King comes principally from another section.

Kentucky or Tennessee will in all likelihood receive one of the cabinet honors, and in the event the choice would be limited between ex-Gov. Letcher and Mr. Gentry. Either of these distinguished gentlemen would be satisfactory to the country, and contribute to the character and success of the administration. I have ventured to make these speculations, because public interest and anxiety are greatly excited upon the subject, and because, at this late day no disparagement can be felt by other individuals.

HOMO.

Washington, Feb. 26, 1849.

Speculations as to the composition of the Cabinet multiply according to the hopes and wishes of the friends of those who have been brought conspicuously toward; but the President has signified no fixed opinion as to the particular individuals whom he will invite to aid him in the administration of the Government. He has conferred freely with his friends, and will continue to avail himself of their counsel, until he shall have finally determined upon every member of the Cabinet.

While there is still some doubt as to men, there is none as to the principles upon which the Administration will be formed. They are fixed and will not be changed. Able, pure and efficient men will be selected, who are not ultra in their political opinions, but who sympathize with the spirit of the age, and are decided and reliable in character. No member of the last Whig Administration will be invited to a seat, because, a preference for one might be regarded as a partial disparagement of the others.

The President came here much impressed with the ability and reputation of Mr. Binney, of Pennsylvania, and was strongly inclined to offer him the Treasury Department, but his advanced age, together with a well understood disinclination to undertake the labors of public office, have induced Gen. Taylor to look in another direction.

Without pretending to have any positive knowledge on the subject, I think the following gentlemen will compose the new Cabinet. Such at least is the present indication, from the most reliable quarters:

For Secretary of State, Mr. John M. Clayton, of Delaware.

For Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Samuel F. Vinton, of Ohio.

For Secretary of War, Mr. George W. Crawford, of Georgia.

For Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Abbot Lawrence, of Massachusetts.

For Post Master General, Mr. Meredith P. Gentry, of Tennessee.

For Attorney General, Mr. Wm. M. Meredith, of Pennsylvania.

This programme may be altered, so far as the Treasury Department and the Attorney-General are concerned. In other respects, I have good reason to believe it will be confirmed. Gen. Taylor has not determined as to the two appointments referred to, because important public considerations attach to the first, which deserve to be viewed in all their phases and in reference to the latter, because many conflicting opinions have been presented from Pennsylvania in behalf of various individuals. All agree that Mr. Meredith is one of the very first intellects of the State and the Country, but, before his name was suggested, partialities were expressed in other quarters, which now embarass those, who allowed themselves to be combined without reflection. It is not supposed however, that such influences will operate upon the judgment of Gen. Taylor, whose habit it is, to decide for himself, after surveying the whole ground and possessing himself of all the necessary information.

It is manifest, that the President will not be governed by recommendations for Cabinet places, and that he will consider public and private worth of higher consequence to the Administration, than the certificates of politicians, who have interested purposes to serve. In this course, he will be commended by the good opinion of the people and be sustained by the better judgment of the country at large. For distinctions like this, the office should seek the man and not the man, the office.

The authoritative announcement of the Cabinet, will not be made until the 6th of March—the day after the inauguration.

Gen. Taylor received this morning, the Committee from the two Houses of Congress, which had been delegated to apprise him of the official result of the Presidential election. Formal speeches were made on both sides, expressing a liberal and satisfactory spirit. They will probably be published to-morrow. This practice has not been observed of late years, except in an informal manner.

Gen. Taylor, accompanied by Mr. Clayton, called to make his respects to the President of the United States, and civilities were interchanged in a manner worthy of the positions of these distinguished functionaries. Immediately after this ceremony, Mr. Polk's Cabinet waited upon Gen. Taylor, and were received with the frankness and cordiality which form his striking characteristics.

The House has been laboriously employed during the day, in discussing the Territorial Bill for California and New Mexico, containing the anti-slavery restriction. This is the last chance that will be afforded for making speeches for home consumption, and members seem eager to avail themselves of the opportunity. The debate will probably be continued long after the mail has been closed.

In the Senate, Mr. Walker's amendment to the Civil and Diplomatic Bill was under consideration, and after a speech from Mr. Downs, the passage at arms between Mr. Bell and Mr. Berrien was renewed with refreshed activity. A recess has been taken, and an effort will be made to get the final question on this particular point, before the adjournment.

Mr. Hudson's report on the Tariff was ordered to be reported to the House by the Committee of Ways and Means, and will be published at an early day. It is a paper of acknowledged ability, and will throw new and important light upon the subject.

Since writing the foregoing, I have been informed from a reliable source, that the office of Post Master General was tendered this morning to the Hon. M. P. Gentry, of Tennessee, and respectfully declined. Mr. Gentry, before receiving any intimation of the President's intention, had made arrangements in view of his private interests, to retire, at least for a time, from public life, and they had so far progressed as to prevent him from acceding to the wishes of Gen. Taylor. His absence from the National Councils will be sincerely regretted by a large body of admiring friends, as the loss of his eloquent counsel will be felt by the new Administration.

HOMO.

French Ostracism.—The inhabitants of the Algerian department of France, who gave their votes for Louis Bonaparte, lost them by misspelling his name after the German fashion—Ludwig Bonaparte.

Later from Mexico.

By an arrival from Vera Cruz, we have received files of papers to the 19th ult. They are principally occupied with details of the measures adopted to put down the insurgents of the Sierra Gordo. In all the encounters with the rebels the Government troops had proved victorious; but at the last accounts, one Col. Marquez, who commanded a body of men, under Busamante, had detached himself from the Government and declared for Santa Anna. This unexpected event created a great sensation, and is said to be the prelude to other and more serious outbreaks.

The Mexican papers state that an American armed force had taken possession of certain villagesand towns in the Depart. of Chihuahua, and complain of the act, as a gross violation of the Treaty of Guadelupe. We know nothing of the merits of the affair, and the testimony relating to it comes exclusively from prejudiced sources.

Death of Judge Farrar.—The venerable Timothy Farrar died at his residence in Hollis, N. H. on Tuesday last, the 21st instant, at the age of one hundred and one years, seven months and ten days—having been born on the 11th of July, 1747.

Of the 6200 graduates of Harvard, we believe only four have completed a century of years—namely:

Doct. Edward Holyoke, (class 1746) died in Salem, March 31st, 1829, aged 100 years and 7 months.

Hon. Samson S. Blowers, (class 1763) Chief Justice of Nova Scotia, died at Halifax Oct. 25, 1832, aged 100 years and 6 months.

Dr. Ezra Green (class 1765) Surgeon under John Paul Jones, in the war of the revolution, died at Dover, N. H., July 25, 1847, aged 101 years and 1 month.

Hon. Timothy Farrar, (class 1767) Judge of the Supreme Court of New Hampshire, died at Hollis, N. H., Feb. 21st, 1849, aged 101 years and 7 months.

Judge Farrar was, therefore, not only the oldest surviving graduate, but attained a greater age than any graduate, who has "returned to the stars" before him. He was, moreover, the last survivor of all who left college before the declaration of Independence. James Lovell, Esq., of South Carolina, of the class of 1776, is now the oldest surviving graduate. Mr. Lovell attended the commencement of 1846, the seventieth anniversary of his graduation. After Mr. Lovell, we pass over six years, before we meet with another who has not paid the debt of nature. Of the class of 1784, Hon. John Welles, of this city, and Samuel Payson, Esq., of Charlestown, are still living, and of every succeeding class there is at least one survivor—Boston Traveller.

Mr. Poussin, the popular Minister from the French Republic to the United States, entertained at his residence, on the evening of the 24th ult., a very large concourse of gentlemen, from both public and private life. The object of the entertainment was to commemorate the Anniversary of the Revolution in France in February last, on the same day of the year. A brief address was delivered by the Minister on the occasion, of which, says the Intelligencer, a friend has furnished us the following report:

"Gentlemen: I am most happy at receiving you in my house this day, to commemorate our glorious revolution; an event which, although of recent date, has already acquired much importance, since it will mark the end of an old era and the beginning of a new one.

"Permit me, then, gentlemen, on this solemn occasion, to return you my warmest thanks for your full and highly flattering attendance, and to offer you a toast which will embody all my feelings toward you.

"I propose to you, gentlemen, a name in which the whole world is concerned—the World's house of the First Municipality, the 24th January, consulted suicide on Monday night, by hanging himself. At the time he was arrested, he suggested that the German Society should take his case into consideration, as we felt satisfied that he was labouring under a species of monomania, having two previous attempts to destroy himself. No doubt the paragraph escaped the attention of that true existed and philanthropic body.

Starving.—A rencontre took place on Monday evening at the corner of Good Children and Bartholomew streets, Third Municipality, between Joseph Barnes, and two Messrs. Commissaires, during which the former was wounded in the upper thigh with a dagger. The two latter were arrested and gave bail yesterday to appear before Recorder Genoux.

Lawsuit.—A man named Johnson was charged yesterday by John Lynch, with having stolen from him premises in Burgundy street, about one day ago, a clock, quite pictured and sundry other articles. Recorder Genoux issued a warrant for the arrest of the accused.

Third Municipality Council.—There will be a special meeting of the Council this evening.

Starving.—Jane Grosas was arrested yesterday afternoon in the First Municipality, charged with stealing $25 from Ann Burgess. She will be examined this morning before Recorder Genoux.

Tennessee.—Gov. Neil S. Brown declines a re-nomination for the office which he so worthily fills.

☞ This day at Banks' Arcade, at 12 o'clock, commences a very important sale of One Hundred Squares, situated immediately in the rear of the First and Second Municipalities of New Orleans. The extent of the property, the rapid increase of improvement towards it, renders it desirable to purchasers of every grade. Speculators and capitalists will find good investments, and persons purchasing to improve, will have an opportunity of obtaining large properties for small investments.

The Second Municipality property will be sold first at Banks' Arcade, and on the following day will be sold the First Municipality property, on the St. Louis Exchange.

☞ Lithographic Plans for the great sale of one hundred Squares situated in the First and Second Municipalities, are now ready for delivery at the office of Messrs. Beard, Calhoun & Co., No. 8 Banks' Arcade Passage. f26-1do

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

Tuesday Evening, March 6, 1849.

The Cotton market is without any change. Sales to-day, 6,000 bales at steady prices. Middling to, Good Middling 6 3/8@6 1/4c ⅌ ℔.

The Sugar market is firmer, with sales to day of 700 hhds. at former rates. Of Molasses, 800 bbls were sold at 25c.@19c. ⅌ gallon.

Flour is dull and sales limited to consumers. Ohio $4 50@$4 62½; St. Louis $3@$3 25. The small stock of Corn prevents any extended transactions; prices are very firm, at 43@44c ⅌ bushel.

No change in Provisions. Mess Pork is selling at $10 25@$10 37½c. Moderate sales of Bacon at former rates. Lard continues in fair request.

Whiskey is dull and has declined to 17½@17½c ⅌ gallon.

Exchanges remain as last quoted. Sterling, 5@6½ per cent prem. France—5f. 24½@5f. 49. Bills on New York at 60 days 2@2½ per cent. Checks, ¾ per cent dis.@¼ per cent prem.

Freights are unchanged.

☞ The ship MATTAKESEET, from Boston, is now discharging opposite the Mint. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the levee, otherwise, they will be stored at their expense and risk.

3m E. N. GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ The packet ship CREOLE, Capt. R. W. Foster, from New York, will commence discharging this morning, opposite the Vegetable Market, First Municipality. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods on the levee, otherwise they will be stored at their expense and risk.

m2 J. O. WOODRUFF & CO., 93 Magazine st.

MAURICE STRAKOSCH'S PIANIST to the Emperor of Russia, will give a GRAND CONCERT, On FRIDAY EVENING, 9th March, at the ARMORY HALL.

☞ Particulars in future advertisements.

☞ Tickets, one dollar—to be had at the principal Hotels and music stores; sold, on the evening of the performance, at the door. m7-1t

Persons who are indebted to the Succession of Jos. Noel, born Vidal, (Mesantiree) are invited to settle their accounts in the hands of Mr. Beauvais et Co., 182 Chartres street, or of Mr. Eugene Durel, Bourbon street, between Hospital and Barracks streets. m7

General Council of the City of New Orleans.

In accordance with a resolution passed at the sitting of February last—notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Council until 14th inst., for candidates to fill the vacancies of State Tax Collectors for the Fourth and Ninth Representative districts.

RICHARD HAGAN, Sec'y General Council of the City of N. Orleans m7

Map of California.

With Gold Region, &c., &c.

SHERMAN & SMITH'S NEW Map of North of America, by J. Calvin Smith, 1849, with statistical Tables of Distances by Overland Routes and by Sea, to San Francisco, the Gold Region, &c. Just received, and for sale by

ALEXANDER LEVY & CO., Law Books, Deliver and Stationers, m5 Corner of Camp and Gravier sts.

Louisiana Bazaar—No. 84 Corte st.

MESSRS. M. VIDAL & CO. have just received by late arrivals from Europe and Germany, their large and varied assortment of Spring Goods, which are too numerous to describe. They invite ladies and gentlemen to visit their store, where they will find the following articles at very low prices:

Rich and common Parasols, for ladies and children; A fine assortment of Fans;

Fixings for Purses;

A large assortment of Fringes and Haberdashery;

Perfumes and Souvenirs;

Hosiery for men;

Work Boxes, and Stereoscopes for men;

A few rich Paris Board Toilette, from the Burning of the Highland, manufactories.

The undersigned, in order that their low prices and business of their goods, will entitle them to public patronage, which they will endeavor to deserve.

A GENCY of the Newark Cement and Lime Company, in Baltimore, is now in operation—100 bbls. Newark Cement, for sale by the manufacturer, landing from bark Walter E. Jones, for sale by

m7 HAYMAN & HOLDEN, Sole Agents.

SALAMANDER—75 casks, for sale by m7 R. A. NORCROSS & CO, 93 Magazine st.

PEPPER—20 bags, for sale by m7 H. A. NORCROSS & CO, 93 Magazine st.

JAVA COFFEE—150 bags, for sale by m7 H A NORCROSS & CO, 93 Magazine st.

BARLEY—30 kegs, landing and in store, for sale by m7 E J HART & CO, 25 Tchoupitoulas st.

RIZE—30 casks fresh Carolina, for sale by m7 E J HART & CO, 25 Tchoupitoulas st.

SAUSAGES—12 case French Sausages, for sale by m7 J. & J TARDOU, 15 Conti st.

WHISKEY—20 bbls. Old Bourbon Whiskey, for sale by m7 J. & J TARDOU, 15 Conti st.

PIG IRON—25 tons No 1 Scotch Pig iron, for sale by m6-1w WM MURE, 104 Common st.

CASTILLE SOAP—50 half boxes, per ship Neree from Marseilles, for sale by m7 J P. BERGER & CO., 56 Old Levee st.

JUJUBE PASTE and GUM LOZENGES—For sale by m7 E J HART & CO, No 25 Tchoupitoulas st.

DOMESTICS—50 cases Bleached Goods, for sale by m7 H. A. NORCROSS & CO, 93 Magazine st.

LIME—2000 bbls Thomaston Lime, landing and for sale by m7 HAYMAN & HOLDEN.

PLASTER PARIS—150 bbls landing from ship New York, for sale by m7 HAYMAN & HOLDEN.

VERMICELLI AND MACARONI—200 cases, of 25 lbs each, per ship Neree from Marseilles, for sale cheap by m7 J P BERGER & CO, 56 Old Levee st.

PALM OIL—10 casks, for sale by m7 HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 93 Magazine st, and 11 Red Stores.

SALT—500 sacks coarse; 300 do fine Liverpool Salt, for sale by m7 C J WHEELER, Broker.

HAVANA CIGARS—A large assortment of fine Havana Cigars always on hand and for sale by m7 J. M CABALLERO, 30 Old Levee st.

ROSIN—650 bbls. Rosin, for sale by m7 HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 93 Magazine st, and 11 Red Stores, 3d My.

JAVA COFFEE—100 bags Old Government, in store and for sale by m7 THOMPSON & LAMPE, 96 Old Levee.

SHELLED ALMONDS—125 boxes new crop, in Store and for sale by m7 THOMPSON & LAMPE, 96 Old Levee.

TOBACCO—600 bales Vuelta de Abajo and Cuba, for sale by m7 THOMPSON & LAMPE, 96 Old Levee.

PIG IRON—125 tons Scotch Pig Iron, now landing and for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN, f22 93 Magazine st, and 11 Red Stores, 3d My.

SWISS ABBYSTH—Yerrin & Lecoultre's brand of Swiss Absynth, for sale by m7 LEJEUNE JEANNET, 21 St. Louis st.

RIO COFFEE—250 bags prime green Rio Coffee, for sale by J. W. STANTON & CO, m6 Corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

TEA—1000 bbls., Imperial, Gunpowder, Young Hyson, &c., for sale by m7 H. A. NORCROSS & CO, 93 Magazine st.

SUGAR—200 bbls crushed, powdered and loaf, for sale by m7 H. A. NORCROSS & CO., 93 Magazine st.

CEMENT—600 bbls., Dennam's, Nelson & Brown's and Newark Rosendale Cement, for sale by m7 JOHN STROUD & CO., 146 Common st.

FRENCH LOCKS—12 cases French Locks, assorted numbers, for sale by m7 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St. Louis.

WHITE WINE—45 half casks Barsac and Sauterne, landing ex ship Andre, for sale by f28 J. & J TARDOU, 15 Conti st.

PLASTER OF PARIS—350 bbls. Wolhertsporn's superior brand, landing and in store, for sale by m7 JOHN STROUD & CO., 146 Common st.

FIRE BRICKS—175,000 English Fire Bricks, landing and for sale by m7 JOHN STROUD & CO, 146 Common st.

LIME—1000 casks Thomaston Lime, landing from ship Sarah Frances for sale by m7 JOHN STROUD & CO., 146 Common st.

TO RETAILERS—6 cases assorted Tape, from 1 Nos. 2½ to 20, for sale at low prices by f28 D. B. MACARTY, 129 Bourbon st.

CHAMPAIGN WINE—100 baskets Double Black Eagle brand, entitled to debenture, for sale by m6 D. VALETON & CO, 91 Tchoupitoulas st.

DRIED PRUNES—40 cases fresh dried Prunes in glass jars, for sale by m6 D. VALETON & CO., 91 Tchoupitoulas st.

LIVERPOOL SALT—10,000 sacks coarse and fine for sale by m5 C. J. WHEELER, Broker, 5 Bank Place.

BAGGING AND ROPE—350 pieces and coils, for sale by m5 C. J. WHEELER, Broker, 5 Bank Place.

GUNNY BAGS—200 bales new 2¼ bushel Gunny Bags, for sale by m5 C. J. WHEELER, Broker, 5 Bank Place.

MACKEREL—25 bbls No 1; 300 pkgs asst'd sizes, and Nos., for sale by E. J. HART & CO., m3 No. 25 Tchoupitoulas st.

ENGLISH DAIRY CHEESE—200 boxes in store and for sale by m3 E J HART & CO, 25 Tchoupitoulas st.

COGNAC—25 qr pipes J. Eraud's 4th proof Cognac; 25 bbls do, landing ex ship Conte de Zichy, for sale by m3 J & J TARDOU, 15 Conti st.

WHITE WINE—76 half casks Haut Sauterne White Wine; 61 do Barsac Wine, for sale by m3 J & J TARDOU, 15 Conti st.

SWEET BURGUNDY PORT—600 qr pipes sweet Burgundy Port, landing ex ship Jupiter, for sale by m3 J. & J. TARDOU, 15 Conti st.

PORK—45 bbls Mess, at inspection, for sale by m1 HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 93 Magazine and 11 Red Stores.

SALTPETRE—500 pounds refined Saltpetre, for sale by m1 C. J. WHEELER, Broker, 5 Bank Place.

GUNNY BAGS—200 bales new 2¼ bushel Gunny Bags, for sale by m1 C. J. WHEELER Broker, 5 Bank Place.

CEMENT—500 bbls Hydraulic Cement, for sale by m1 HAYMAN & HOLDER, 93 Magazine st.

FIRE CLAY—300 bbls American Fire Clay, and 70 bbls English, for sale by m1 HAYMAN & HOLDER, 93 Magazine st.

INDIA HEAD SHEETINGS—150 bales heavy Indian head 4 4 brown Sheetings, for sale by m1 F. H. PETITPAIN, 8 Canal st.

MARBLE DUST—30 boxes, landing from bark Sarah Bridges, for sale by m1 HAYMAN & HOLDER, 93 Magazine st.

WHITE WINE—50 barrels white wine landing ex ship Conte Zichy for sale by f28 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St. Louis st.

SOAP—150 boxes Perrins's superior Soap, for sale by m1 E. J. HART & CO., No. 25 Tchoupitoulas st.

SPERM OIL—3,000 gallons winter bleached and unbleached strained Sperm Oil, for sale by m1 J. W. STANTON & CO., Corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

LANDING—Ex ship Alkmaar, from Havre—5 cases Bardinac, 1 do Green Peas, for sale by f26 EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO, 17 Old Levee st.

PALM LEAF HATS—Now landing from ship Amulet, 20 cases Palm Leaf Hats, assorted qualities, for sale by f27 PEOT & CO., 93 Magazine st.

CLARET WINE—Just received 50 casks Claret Wine, imported for family use, in store and for sale by f6 Pdo. de FUENTES & CO., 17 and 19 Old Levee st.

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—185 cases, landing from bark J. H. Milby, for sale by m5 R. G. HOBBS, 19 Commonhouse.

LANDING ex brig Salvadore, from Havana—Regalias, Cigars, Regalias, Gous de Agua, for sale by m5 LABORDE & ZIQUES, 31 Common st.

WINE—60 casks Red Wine, 30 bbls. White Wine, Sheet Sauterne; ex ship Frederick Warren, from Bordeaux, for sale by m5 E. DUDOUIT, 13 Toulouse st.

CHAMPAGNE WINE—300 baskets, landing ex ship Gironde, and for sale by m5 GODFROIDER & CO., Corner Royal and Orleans sts.

GLOVES—200 dozen Gloves, manufactured by G. Courvoisier, at Paris, landing ex ship Pie IX, and for sale by m5 GODFROIDER & CO., Corner Royal and Orleans sts.

FOR SALE, in the Customhouse Store—300 barrels good ordinary Claret; 200 1-2 pipes Cognac Brandy, 4th proof; 20 1-4 do Cognac Brandy, 4th proof—for sale by m5 J. E. LOSHE & CO.

CANDIDATES for ALDERMEN.

Messrs. Editors.—Please announce J. F. BERCHEN, as a candidate for the office of Alderman of the 4th Ward, of the First Municipality, at the election of April next. FOURTH WARD.

Messrs. Editors—You will please announce Mr. ADOLPHE DUPRE, as a Candidate for Alderman to represent the 7th Ward, 1st Municipality.

Messrs. Editors—You will please announce Mr. CHEVALIER JUMONVILLE as a Candidate to represent the 7th Ward of Municipality No. One.

Messrs. Editors—Please announce GEORGE CLARK, as a candidate for Alderman of the 5th Ward, 1st Municipality, at the election in April.

Messrs. Editors—Please to announce Mr. PHILIP WILLMANN, as a candidate for the General Council of Municipality No. One. MANY FRIENDS.

Messrs. Editors—Please announce Mr. E. GIGUEL, as a candidate for Alderman for the Ninth Ward, First Municipality. m6

Messrs. Editors—Please announce Mr. A. BONNEVAL, as a candidate for the next Municipal election, to represent the 6th Ward of Municipality No. One. m6

Messrs. Editors—Please to announce EMILE WILTZ, as a candidate for Alderman of the Fifth Ward, First Municipality, at the ensuing election in April next. MANY VOTERS.

Messrs Editors—Please to announce Mr. JOSE BARNES, as a candidate for member of the Council of the Sixth Ward, First Municipality, at the election in April next.

Messrs. Editors—Please announce Messrs. JOSEPH LANATA and ADOLPHE MAZUREAU, as candidates for members of the Council of the Third Ward First Municipality, at the election in April next.

Messrs. Editors—Please to announce Mr. PAULIN BLANGUE, as a candidate for member of the Council of the Fourth Ward, First Municipality, at the election in April next.

Messrs. Editors—Please to announce J. L. FABRE, as a candidate for Alderman of the 6th Ward, 1st Municipality, at the ensuing election in April next. MANY VOTERS.

Catholic Association for the Instruction of Destitute Orphans.

New Orleans, March 5th, 1849.

BY virtue of a resolution from the Board of Directors, dated March 3, a meeting of the members of said Association will take place at the School House, corner Great Men and Union Streets, on the 9th March, 1849, at 9 o'clock, a. m., and 3 p. m., in order to approve certain alterations made to Articles 2, 4 and 5 of the Bye Laws.

By order of the Board,
GUSTAVE FORTIER, Secretary.
m5 Sun 2

G. BORZINO,

22 Old Levee st., between Jefferson and Toulouse.

HAVING just received a large assortment of Leghorn Hats, which he will sell at a very low price, invites the Citizens of New Orleans to give a call and examine his Goods. m6 6t

NOTICE.

J. BENEDICT having removed his BOOT and SHOE establishment from Chartres to 67 Common st., between St. Charles and Camp streets, respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally that he is now prepared to manufacture Boots and Shoes of the very best material, and at remarkably low prices. Warranted and Cash Only after wearing his manufacture for a short time. m6 6m

Wanted to Rent—The whole or half of a small one story House, in the First Municipality. Address M. L., at this office, stating the terms and situation of the house. m6 3t

F. & J. LACOSTE,

126 ROYAL STREET

OFFER for sale, landing at ship Conte Zichy, from Bordeaux—2 casks Chateau Lafitte; 1 half casks do do; 2 casks Chateau Margaux; 4 half casks Margaux; 60 casks Chateau St. Emilion, No. 3; 27 half casks Sauterne White Wine; 20 casks Haut Sauterne; 28 half casks Haut Sauterne.

By late importations—21 casks Chateau Margaux Claret; 6 do Chateau Claret; 5 do. Grand Larose Claret; 5 do Haut Brion Claret; 10 do St Julien Medoc; 16 do St Emilion Claret; 20 do St George's No. 1; 50 do ordinary sandy blonde; 24 do St George's No. 2; 40 boxes White and Red Wines, 15 casks St George's No. 3; 100 boxes assorted Liquors; 40 boxes Rirsch and Absynth; 60 boxes Brandy Cherries, Vermout of Fournier, in boxes and pipes, Cognac Brandy, Madeira and Port Wine. m6

THE amateurs of Fresh Genuine (Pop and Whistle) and other customers of the old Coffee House of the refugees of 1809, are respectfully informed that the owner of said coffee house has not sold or communicated to any person, whatever, her process for preparing the delicious liquor known as Pop Genuine, (Pop and Whistle); that the genuine article can be obtained from her alone, at her temporary residence in Burgundy street, between St. Philip and Main streets, until her former establishment shall be repaired again on Old Levee street, between Toulouse and St. Philip streets, opposite the Vegetable Market.

The undersigned takes this opportunity of thanking her friends to her patrons, and begging a continuation of their patronage. m7 MRS THIOT.

RECEIVED—Per ship Lyons from Havre, from Havre, and for sale by F. & J. LACOSTE, 126 Royal street: White cotton, India rubber, silk and cotton Suspenders; embroidered and unbleached thread Hosiery; Assorted Ribbons; Gros Grain Ribbons, embroidered and garnished with lace linen cambric handkerchiefs—printed do.—embroidered Chemisettes and Pelerines—imitation shell, horn and buffalo Combs—tooth, nail and hair Brushes—Perfumery Cream, lime and superfine and common Pomatums—Cologne Water—Extracts of Peasts, Oil, Vinegar, Hair Dye, Rose Powder, Connecticut Tooth Powder, Almond Cream, Rose Pomatum, Cologne, fine Perfumery—an assortment of extra fine Perfumery, Hair Brushes—another set pearl and fancy