The New-Orleans Bee.

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TERMS OF THE BEE. | No. 82 Chartres, and 12 Camp st.

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The New-Orleans Daily Bee

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ZACHARY TAYLOR,

OF LOUISIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

MILLARD FILLMORE,

OF NEW YORK.

AT THE FOURTH TICKET.

First District.....JACQUES TOUTANT.
Second District.....BENJAMIN MARTIN.
Third District.....MANUEL G. GARCIA.
Fourth District.....JOHN ADAMS, Jr.
Fifth District.....JOHN MCDONOGH.
Sixth District.....JAMES CAMPBELL.

WHILE WE DO THE THREE, WE CANNOT BE BEATEN.—General Taylor.

"I DO NOT CONSIDER OREGON, NOW AND FOREVER, AND DISCUSSION, AS PART TO INTERFERE WITH THE RIGHTS OF WHAT IS TERMED THE PROPERTY OF THE CITIZENS OF THE OTHER STATES.—*Millard Fillmore.*

Monday Morning, Aug. 28, 1848.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE

That no man can vote for WM. O. BUTLER, or Vice-President, without voting for LEWIS CASS, the Northern ABOLITIONIST, for the higher office of President.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE

That in the example set upon the right of search, Mr Cass said—"We are no slaveholder. We never have been. We never shall be. *We desire to see slavery restricted in principle and pray for its abolition everywhere.*"

The Elections.

NORTH CAROLINA.—Manly's election by from 800 to 1,000 majority, is a fixed fact. Wonder if the Locofoco organ in this city will ever find it out?

KENTUCKY.—The Louisville *Journal* of the 17th, has the following, which proves that the home of Henry Clay has nobly sustained the good old Republican cause:

In the calculation of the Governor's vote we gave yesterday, a mistake occurred. If the twenty-counties to be heard from cast the same vote they did in 1844, Crittenden's majority will be 7,697.

We have since herd from the following counties. They were nearly all obtained from verbal reports:

	Gain.	Loss.
Wayne, Crittenden's maj. 164,		6
Hancock, - -	60	
Ballard, Powell's maj. 6		116
Hickman and Fulton, Powell's majority 400,		65
Calloway, - -		100
Breathitt, Powell's majority 159,	60	
Floyd, Powell's majority 258,	125	
Clinton, Powell's majority 102,	17	
Crittenden's clear gain in the above 9 counties,	133	
Crittenden's clear in 79 counties given before,	3,343	
Crittenden's total clear gain in 88 counties,	3,475	

Leaving 12 counties to hear, which gave Owsley in 1844, a majority of 1,409, and if they have given the same vote to Crittenden, his majority in the State will be 8,099. These twelve counties are however in districts where we have lost most, and the Locofocos have probable gained in them. We subjoin the counties to hear from, with the majorities they gave for Owsley and Butler:

	Owsley.	Butler.
Casey,	293	212
Cumberland,	392	133
Harlan,	262	36
Perry,	57	125
Rockcastle,	462	6
Russell,	298	
Whitley,	367	

The ninth Senatorial district has elected a Whig.

INDIANA.—The new Legislature is Locofoco by a small majority on joint ballot. The Whig prospect in Indiana may be gathered from the following article in a late number of the Indianapolis *Journal*:

As anticipated by us previous to the recent election, the Locofoco party have succeeded in electing a majority of the members of the next Legislature. Apportioned as the State now is, this result could not have been otherwise. Under the bill designing the State, passed at the session of 1845-6, it is so arranged that, when the U. S. Senator is to be elected, the floating members fall into strong Locofoco counties. Last year, the Whigs had an equal chance, and it resulted in their having a majority in the Legislature. The majority now secured by the Locofocos can not exceed the advantage secured to them by the apportionment bill.

The Whigs of the country may rest assured that the aggregate popular vote of the State, at the late election, is largely Whig. Were it otherwise, there would be no cause for thinking that the Cass electors will be elected in November. Every man knows that there are few counties in the State where elections of members of the Legislature turn exclusively on national politics. Many questions of local interest enter into the contest. The August election, in our State, can never be regarded, as a true test of party strength. Admit that it gives a majority of the direction of such strength, and the State of Indiana will, we firmly believe, from such indications, give a majority for Gen. Taylor next November.

This opinion is founded upon an examination of the popular vote recently given, and on a reliable correspondence with almost every county in the State.

The Whigs, now no longer distracted and divided by local questions, will apply their whole energies to gain the State to the Old Soldier Patriot and they will succeed. They have the power, and they will use it.

ILLINOIS.—The delegation from Illinois will stand as last session, six Locofocos and one Whig. The Whigs lose one member, (Logan) and gain another, (Baker.)

IOWA.—A Telegraphic despatch to the *Picayune* announces that the WHIGS have elected a majority of members to the Legislature of Iowa. This, if true, is an important victory, and will secure two U. S. Senators to the Taylor party. We believe it to be true, because ever since the first vague statement that the Locofocos had carried Iowa, the tone of the Cass and Butler press has been gradually lowering, and its confident anticipations reduced. The latest intelligence by mail concedes the Senate to the Whigs, and says it is quite doubtful which party will have the majority on joint ballot.

MISSOURI.—Locofoco, as usual—Governor, Congressional delegation and Legislature.

OHIO.—NORTH CAROLINA FOREVER.—The brig *Tiff*, Capt Raisbeck, hoisted yesterday morning and unfurled to the breeze the glorious Taylor banner, manufactured expressly for Capt Jones, of the old North State. In honor of the event, and of the fidelity of North Carolina, a salute of sixty-three guns was fired yesterday from the *Tiff*. All the sailors go for Taylor.

There was some difficulty in obtaining the necessary quantity of gunpowder for the salute, as it was ascertained upon inquiry, that it had been bought up by the Locofocos, on the strength of that Telegraphic despatch announcing the election of Reid. Those five hundred guns in honor of that Democratic victory in old Rip Van Winkle, have'nt been fired off yet.

☞ Wisconsin elected Judges of her Supreme Court on the 7th, by popular suffrage.—We have partial returns. In the 1st Circuit, Edward V. Whiton, Whig, is probably elected over David Noggle, Loco. In the 2d (Milwaukee) Gen. Levi Hubbell, formerly of Ithaca, New York, is probably elected on his own hook, beating Randall, Whig, and Smith, Loco. Gen. Hubbell was supported by the German voters almost entire, and in Milwaukee county has 1056 votes to 663 for Randall, Whig, and 530 for Smith, Loco.

Father McElroy and the Loco Press.

That our readers may perceive we have not condemned the *Morning Chronicle*, without good cause, we subjoin the article in that paper, which called forth our appeal to the Irish Democrats:

CERTIFICATES OF CHARACTER, QUALIFICATIONS AND RESEMBLANCE TO GREAT MEN, NOW DEAD!—Most of the Whig papers are puissantly occupied in the notable business of obtaining certificatory letters from all sorts of people who have ever known the "great uncommitted availability," in testimony of his moral, military and versatile character; and but few of them venture rather back than the 8th and 9th of May, 1846. Among the most flattering of all the testimonials elicited in this way, are two that purport to come from clergymen who have officiated as chaplains near the person of this newly made great personage. These are the Rev. Parson Lamb, who served the chaplaincy at Fort Jesup, when Gen. Taylor's aspirations were limited within very decent, consistent and respectable bounds; and Rev. Parson McElroy, who was sent by the President to follow the army of occupation as it penetrated the Mexican Territory, and whom we saw frequently, and heard preach some very practical discourses to the troops and the Mexicans. But from our recollection of his movements and his brief sojourn in that country, after the enemy had loosely assassinated his coadjutor, Rev. Mr. Ray, (a more intelligent and worthy man by the way,) we think Mr. McElroy, could have seen and known but little of Gen Taylor. The idea, however, that the people of this country should be swayed by the fulsome opinions of Rev. Mr. McElroy, whose capacity to judge of living great men is only very moderate, and no better than the opinion of any other plain citizen, is farcical enough. But when he, not an American, undertakes to venture upon political sacrilege, and to speak with such irreverence of our sainted Washington, in naming any living man in comparison, the while thing becomes too gross to be quietly tolerated. The Whigs may jumble this clerical testimony with that of the Baron Humboldt, now superannuated and imbecile, and they may rest assured that their efforts to make a Washington junior of Gen Taylor, or any living man, will prove a most disastrous abortion!

Gen. Taylor's Endorser—Col. Brough, in the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, says: "The reverend gentleman who recently wrote a letter endorsing the party, and denying the profanity of Gen Taylor, it appears owes the General a debt of gratitude. Whilst chaplain of Fort Jesup, no dull was his preaching, that it was necessary to detail a section of the garrison on Sunday, to hear his sermon. It was also customary at the garrison to post every one belonging to the temperance society, who broke the pledge, and the Rev. endorser was one of the posted. A pretty witness to bring before the jury of the nation! His evidence will need collateral testimony to make it credible."

JOSHUA LEAVITT, the Locofoco leader of the Abolition party, and editor of the *Emancipator*, who openly boasted in Washington that he worked the Abolition ropes to defeat the Whig party, has written a letter giving authority for the withdrawal of the name of John P. Hale from the Presidential canvass, in favor of Martin Van Buren.

THE PRESIDENT of the United States has recognized Caesar Henrique Stuart de la Figanière as Vice Consul of Portugal for the port of New York, for other parts of the State of New York, and for East Jersey.

FROM EUROPE.

THE FOREIGN NEWS by the *Cambria* still comes to us in meagre dribbets. Yesterday's mail brought nothing; but Telegraphic despatches to the *Picayune* furnish the following slender abstract of intelligence:

The steamer Niagara, which left Boston on the 26th ult., was met by the Cambria on the 5th inst., the day the latter left Liverpool. The Caledonia, from New York, reached Liverpool the 2d inst. The American steamer Washington arrived at Southampton on the 2d inst.

The Irish rebellion was effectually suppressed by a small detachment of police, which encountered Smith O'Brien's forces on the 29th ult., at Boleiah, [?] and dispersed them, with a loss of seven on the part of the insurgents. Their leader escaped. His place of refuge is not known.

It was rumored that O'Brien, Meagher and Reilly had succeeded in embarking on board a vessel in Galway, which was on the point of sailing for America. An army of seven thousand men, commanded by Lord Hardinge, will, it is thought, effectually prevent any future demonstration.

Negotiations having failed to establish a settlement of the Danish question, hostilities were to have been resumed at the termination of the armistice, on the 26th ult. Up to the latest accounts, however, hostilities had not been recommenced, but the preparations are on both sides energetically pursued.

The intelligence from Italy is unfavorable for the cause of the patriot forces under Charles Albert, and [a call] for aid has been made on the French Republic.

The English stock market has been heavy, but has recovered, and now looks good at a rise of 1-2 per cent.

The *Emerald Isle*, Buck, master, has been seized at Plymouth, England, having on board a cargo of gunpowder for Ireland. The master represented her cargo to be flour. All the crew were taken. The vessel had no papers on board.

The papers announce the death of Gen. Dameuc, (?) on Saturday.

A portion of the French squadron had sailed from Naples for ——.

Although we do not alter the quotations of United States six per cents, still there are sellers at ninety-six instead of buyers.

THE COMING HARVEST.—The Gardiner's *Chronicle* published returns from various parts of the country. The present appearance of the crops indicates a full average produce of wheat, a various yield of barley, a comparatively poor crop of oats and beans, a very bad crop of peas, good promise of turnip crop, and a heavy crop of hay of variable quality.

The Charleston *Courier* contains a despatch, the substance of which we gave a few days since, founded upon a letter in the New York *Tribune*, detailing the successes of the Irish, their victory at Shleevnamon and the death of Gen. McDonald. This story has already been stamped as a fabrication. In a day or two we shall have all the papers on the subject; till then we must endure the suspense.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—*Report for the Week ending Friday, August 4.*—There has not been a large business done in our cotton market during the past week; still prices remain unchanged from our last quotations, and, indeed, we might be inclined to quote some slight advance in the ordinary descriptions of American, which are, from the continued inquiry, becoming scarce—cotton now, under time-and-a-half price per pound, being a very inferior article. Brazil cottons have been in some demand for exportation, but these and all other descriptions are unchanged in prices. Twenty-seven hundred American and one hundred Mexicans have been taken on speculation, twenty-nine hundred American, two hundred Surat, and six hundred Pernams, for exportation. The sales of the week are 31,800 bales.

GEO. HOLT & CO.

Further News by the Cambria.

The St Louis *Reveille*, of the 20th inst., publishes the following telegraphic despatches:

NEW YORK, Aug 19.

The steamer *Cambria* arrived at Boston this morning, bringing three days later advices from Europe.

IRELAND.—On the issue of the proclamation by the Government, the conferderates retired to their Southern strong-holds. The first encounter had was with the police near Mullinhone. The police retreated to a house, where a siege under O'Brien was commenced. The insurgents, shortly after, were totally routed and dispersed by the cavalry. All the Southern counties have proclaimed against the Government. Several arrests have been made and the parties taken to Dublin. The Repeal clubs in Dublin have been dissolved. The barricades at Thurles have been attacked and the insurgents repulsed. The details are full concerning the skirmishes, but everywhere the Irish have yielded and fled. The triumph of the Government at present seems complete. It is impossible to direct the details. The hopes of the Irish are, for the present, evidently clouded.

Gen. McDonely has command in Bralinegary, where all is peaceful, but a furthdrawal of the troops will be the signal for the renewal of outbreaks.

O'Brien is supposed to be concealed in the mines.

Viscount Hardinge has reached Dublin, and will assume the chief command, if necessary, where fifty thousand troops are stationed. The search for arms is vigorously prosecuted in all seditious counties. The Irish are yielding to a stern necessity.

The European *Times* says the movement is evidently a failure. The most sanguine of the conferderates must now be aware that there never existed the smallest chance of their successfully coping with the British arms.

(From the Liverpool Journal, of Aug. 5.)

IRELAND.—The accounts from Ireland are somewhat confused, but every version of the story makes against Young Ireland. O'Brien threw away the scabbard of his sword, and retained only the blade.

Meagher bought a disguise from a slop shop, took post chaise, and showed superiority of speed. The rebels were allowed to choose their own ground, and in their selection, they only locked to the advantages it offered for an easy retreat. There were skirmishes even a battle.

FRANCE.—Lamartine proved uncompromising before the committee appointed to investigate the late outbreak.

The Assembly, by a vote of 501 to 2, rejected Proudhon's plan for seizing two-thirds of the landlords' income. It was declared as an odious measure, and attacked on principles of public morality—thus striking a death blow to communism.

CONTINENTAL AFFAIRS.—The Danes have recommenced the war with the German confederation—all negotiations having failed.

Russia avows, that all her military preparations are on the defensive only.

The German Diet has rejected the independence of Posen, and refused to engage on the side of Poland.

It is rumored that the Emperor of Austria has abdicated the throne.

Moldavia and Wallachia continue to be agitated. The Provisional Government has fled from Bocharest.

The Turks have landed at Galesee.

In India the Sikhs have won two victories over the Mahan rebels.

Austria has officially recognized the Queen of Spain.

Portugal is tranquil.

ENGLAND.—The sugar duties' bill has passed the British Parliament.

Commercial.

LIVERPOOL, Aug 5

Business, generally, is dull. Cotton is steady and sales limited. Sales of Cotton for the week 52,000 bales.

Wheat has advanced 1s per 70 lbs.

The Corn market is receding. Corn has receded 2s per quarter.

Iron has declined.

Provisions are steady.

Sales of Rice at 20 to 23s per cwt.

Tobacco is unchanged.

The firm of Alston & Bravon, London, and the firm of Dunlap & Rowan, Glasgow, have both failed to a large amount.

Second Despatch.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 19—9, P. M.

We have received 100 words here this evening, but it was so confused as to be unintelligible. We send all that could be made sense.

IRELAND.—There was a severe engagement at Bralingary, in which the insurgents showed no concerted action. The Royalists fought from a house, and concealed their amount lost. Each, and all their men were marksmen, who took deliberate aim at each shot. There were at least two hundred rounds fired, which told dreadfully among the insurgents.

The prisons came in, praying permission to bury the dead and remove the wounded.

It is said by uninformed sources, that O'Brien behaved bravely, receiving several wounds, and strove hard to go ahead gallantly and rally his comrades.

The Irish, doubtless, acted bravely, baring their breasts to deadly and certain shots, in defence of their sacred cause. But the unusually cool and well disciplined advantage of the troops, over the raw and undisciplined insurgents, without military leaders, was not a than their valor could stand.

The London *Times* says that Dillon was wounded, and O'Brien had narrow escapes. He first summoned the constabulary force to surrender, which being refused, he gave orders to commence the seige of the house in which they took refuge, leading his men and shouting, "Blaze away, boys, and slaughter them all." He was routed and fled, and is now probably concealed near Cullan, but Dillon was taken to Dublin by his friends.

The following correspondence appears in the Charleston papers:

Gen. Taylor's Acceptance of the Nomination at Charleston.

CHARLESTON, S. C., 26th July, 1848.

Sir—In conformity with the desire of my fellow-citizens, I have the honor herewith to transmit to you a newspaper containing an account of a very large meeting of the Democratic citizens of Charleston, S. C., held for the purpose of selecting you as their candidate for the Presidency of the United States. Over this meeting, the agreeable duty of presiding was assigned to me. The preamble and resolutions adopted at it, so fully explain the views of my fellow-citizens as to need no comment from me. Permit me, however, on my part, to add, that with a confidence in that honesty and independence of purpose which you have exhibited in every position in which it has been your lot to serve your country, I entertain the fullest conviction that should it be our good fortune to see you elected to that high station, you will so administer the laws of our country, that each section of it will be protected in the rights which it was intended by the framers of the Constitution should be guaranteed to all by that noble instrument—which can only prove inadequate when it is perverted by designing or misguided politicians. I am, sir,

With high consideration and respect,
Your obedient servant,
WM. BULL PRINGLE.

Gen. Z. TAYLOR.

BATON ROUGE, (La) Aug. 9, 1848.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 26th ult., officially announcing to me my nomination for the Presidency by "a large meeting of the Democratic citizens of Charleston, South Carolina," held that city on the 20th ult., and over which you were the presiding officer.

This deliberate expression of the friendly feeling existing towards me among a large and respectable portion of the citizens of your distinguished State has been received with emotions of profound gratitude; and though it be but a poor return for such a high and unmerited honor, I beg them to accept my heartfelt thanks.

Concluding that this nomination, like all others which I have had the honor to receive from assemblages of my fellow-citizens in various parts of the Union, has been generously offered me without pledge or conditions, it is thankfully accepted. And I beg you to assure my friends in whose behalf you are acting, that should it be my lot to fill the office for which I have been thus nominated, it shall be my unceasing effort in the discharge of its responsible duties to give satisfaction to my countrymen.

With the assurance of my high esteem, I have the honor to be
Your ob't. serv't.
Z. TAYLOR.

WM. B. PRINGLE, Esq., President, &c., Charleston, S. C.

SOUTH CAROLINA DELEGATION.—The Hamburg *Journal* says "We learn upon *good authority*, that both the South Carolina Senators, and all the Representatives, except Mr. Simpson, prefer Gen. Taylor, to either Cass or Van Buren." Mr Simpson, one of the members from that State, has written a letter in which he says:

"As to Cass, I have no hesitation in saying, that I will not in *any way support his election*." Another member, also, in a letter of recent date to the editor of the paper, quoted above, states: "*Cass is unsound on the subject of slavery*," and rotten, as are all his friends in the North and West, on Internal Improvements. I shall feel in my duty to show that he cannot be trusted on the question of slavery, and to kill do so when I return home."

KEEPING THEM IN THE TRENCHES.—The Cass organ in the city of Chicago, on the morning of the recent election, to intimidate voters, threatened to *publish the names* of those Locofocos who bolted Cass, or rather who bolted Wentworth, who goes for Cass. It seems, however, that the free voters of Chicago did not regard this threat of Cass & Co. for the city which usually gave 800 or 1000 Locofoco gave over 200 Whig majority. This kind of hampering the freedom of the people might have done in France, several years since, when Cass studied "republicanism" there, but it would not do in this country. If the Cass papers undertake this game, they will have plenty of business in November next.

PENNSYLVANIA.—Gen. W. Smith, of Butler, has been nominated by the Whig Conferees from the counties of Butler, Armstrong, Indiana and Clearfield, as a candidate for Congress in that district. The present member is Alexander Irvine, (Whig.) In 1844 the district gave Mr. Clay 27 majority.

☞ The democrats of Vermont recently nominated CHARLES K. FIELD, for Lieutenant Governor. But he "spurns the bribe" after the fashion—Remember it is a *Locofoco*, who speaks thus contemptuously of Cass:

"I have this morning addressed a letter to the State Committee, declining the nomination of Lieutenant Governor, and charging them to strike my name from the ticket. I believe such a course due to the Democracy. My views were not known to the convention at the time of the nomination, and it is possible the nomination was adopted from the belief that, in common with many others, I was an ardent supporter of Gen. Cass. On every side, you see clustering clouds of laborers, with their wooden working harrows, which, directed by sagacity, achieve more wonderful triumphs than even the fabled lamp of Aladin. Hills of solid rock, which a century ago would have been thought impregnable until the "genius of gold should melt with fervent heat," are disappearing as though by magic. The benefits which will result from this undertaking to the surrounding country, are incalculable. I do not know that I was ever more forcibly impressed with the reach of human intellect, than I was by this sight.

In order to appreciate the magnitude of the works which I have alluded to, it is necessary that they should be seen. Mountain-like masses of granite are handled with a readiness which rivals the exploits of the fabled Titan, and placed in the spaces to fill which they were hewed out of the living rock, with the apparent ease of a school boy erecting a cob house.

I do not know a place in New England better worth visiting by any man who truly wished to know what Yankee enterprise is, than this same city of Ireland. Certainly, a few hours can be more profitably spent here than at any of the crowded centres of fashionable frivolity.

DISTRESSING CASUALTY.—A young man by the name of Charles Herdell, formerly employed as a painter at our Railroad Depot, but of late doing a small business on the Camden Road, was instantly killed on Saturday, by being knocked from the cars, when coming out of the gates of the market Colonnade. We understand that Mr. Dorell was an industrious, deserving young man, and a native of Columbia. —*Charleston Mercury.*

7th Ward Meeting—1st Municipality

A numerous meeting of the friends of Gen. Z. TAYLOR, and MILLARD FILLMORE, held on Saturday evening, 26th inst., at the Rough and Ready Garden, corner of Bayou road and Villere streets—

E. Barthe was called to the chair. The chairman having explained the object of the meeting,

T. B. Sorapure stated that the meeting proceed to the election of its officers. The votes being counted, it appeared that the following persons were unanimously chosen.

T. B. COULTER, President.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

E. BARTHE,	H. S. WEISE,
M. BARNETT,	L. SURGI.

J. MANOU, Secretary.

On motion, a committee of five was appointed by the President to be called the Executive Committee.

The President appointed on said committee, T. B Sorapure, J. G. Gaudy, L. Coulon Jun., Albert P. Rixx and Louis Esnicion.

T. Watkins offered the following resolutions, which, on motion, were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we entertain an exalted opinion of the integrity, ability and patriotism of Gen. Z. Taylor; and we believe that if elected, he will be the President of the whole people, and that his administration will be pure and patriotic, worthy of the days of Washington, Jefferson and Madison.

Resolved, That we believe Millard Fillmore to be a man of sound judgment, undoubted honesty, and a staunch friend of our Southern institutions, and we have full confidence in him.

Resolved, That we hereby pledge ourselves to use all fair and honorable means in our power to promote the election of Z. Taylor to the Presidency, and Millard Fillmore to the Vice-Presidency.

Resolved, That we do hereby organize ourselves into an Association, to be called the "Seventh Ward Rough and Ready Central Club" Fifth Municipality; and we do hereby adopt the Constitution and By-Laws of the "Rough and Ready Central Club," with such modifications as will meet the purposes of this Club.

Resolved, That a committee of three persons be appointed to prepare a Constitution and By-Laws in accordance with the above resolution.

Messrs. J. Watkins, E. Barthe and L. Surgi, were appointed on said committee.

On motion, J. Watkins was chosen to represent this club in the Rough and Ready Central Club.

Armand Pilie, Esq., having been called upon, addressed the meeting with much force and eloquence.

On motion, the thanks of the meeting are hereby tendered to H. S. Weise, for the use of his room.

On motion, the meeting adjourned to Saturday, 21 Sept., at 7 o'clock, P. M., to meet at the Rough and Ready Garden, corner of Bayou road and Villere street.

T. B. COULTER, President.

J. Manou, Secretary.

The Great Fire at Albany.

We find in the New York *Tribune* of the 18th, the annexed letter which gives an accurate account of this awful calamity.

ALBANY, Thursday, Aug. 17—6 P. M.

The fire—some particulars of which have already reached you by Telegraph—broke out at the age of 86 years. BERKHITER BELLEAU, born in Quebec. His friends and acquaintances are invited to attend. The funeral will take place to-day, at half past 3 o'clock from the residence of his Brother, corner of Ann and Dorlon sts.

Quebec papers are requested to insert the above.

☞ ACADEMY FOR BOTH SEXES—Under the Superintendence of Mr. and Mrs. GOCHARLY. The advertisement of the above Academy, to be found in another column of this paper, is recommended to public notice.

This institution, for both sexes, founded in January, 1847, is highly commendable for the attention bestowed on every branch of education.

The English language is taught by Dr. HIZE. The studies are equally practised in both languages.

The terms for day scholars have been reduced for both languages to $4 50, and for two pupils from the same family to $7 00.

This Institution is inferior to no other in this city. Families are invited to visit the establishment, and may apply for further information to the best and most competent referees, as offered in the advertisement. aug28

Notice.—The ROUGH AND READY CENTRAL CLUB ROOM, No. 81 Chartres street, will from this date, be open from 9 o'clock A. M. until 6 P. M., every day, and will be supplied with the Daily and Weekly Taylor papers of the Union.

Rough and Ready Club, Sixth Ward.

FIRST MUNICIPALITY.

A MEETING of the Club name, Rio 203 Royal street, on MONDAY next, 28th inst., at seven o'clock, P. M. All Whigs of the Ward are invited to attend.

aug28 LEON SERR, Secretary.

☞ The undersigned, President of the Fifth Ward of Municipality No. 1, have been invite all their fellow citizens, within said Ward, to meet together to secure the election of General Zachary Taylor, to meet at the Lafayette Coffee House, corner of Bourgent and St. Ann streets, on the 31st of August, at 7 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of organizing a Rough and Ready Club.

Fred. Hausser, J. M. Maureau,
D. Dutrouil, Rudy, Duboy,
Eug. C. Duroy, Auguste Duboy,
Armand Duroy, John C. Duroy,
Anatole Duboy, Eugene Lamotier,
R. Pelen, Adolphe Brunet,
Alex. Gaudin, Jos. Gaudin,
A. Hatteel, Th. Perrodon,
John E. Bertrand, Jean Petit,
Jos. Chabaron, Jean Gaudin,
L. Evans, George Clark,
Andre Nicot, C. Hodge,
Jean Baptiste Lemon, Joseph Martin,
J. A. Martin, B. Young,
J. U. Pedigo, John F. Willis,
Jean Marie Gaudin, J. Rouzan,
E. Bouger, J. Le Gendre,
C. M. Dubro, L. A. Page gay,
Le T. Chabaron, Simon Jamonville,
— Mouton, Salmon
J. Bertrand.

Rough and Ready Club, Second Municipality.

THE Members of the Rough and Ready Club of this City, held at the Atalon House, on FRIDAY EVENING, 25th inst., the following gentlemen were elected officers:

President, W. Stone, President.
Mr. Henry Duncan, do. do.
Mr. Wm. Thomas, do. do.
Mr. Charles H. Williams, do. do.
Mr. Charles H. Williams, Treasurer.
The regular meetings of the Club will be held at the Theatre, Carondelet street.

C. H. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

Purify the Blood!

The great source of disease in the human system, is the corruption of the blood, and the great object to be attained is to purge the system of its foul contents, to free the blood from its impurities, and to restore it to a healthy and vigorous state. This can be effectually done by using the celebrated COMSTOCK'S SARSAPARILLA, the most well authenticated success as the cure of scrofula, and the diseases arising from the corrupting acids, and all diseases arising from impure blood, and is a warranted specific for all diseases of the skin, such as ulcers, blotches, pimples, &c. &c. Prepared only by the proprietor, Dr. Comstock, 100 Fulton st. N. Y. Price $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5. Sold by all druggists.

A bottle of this Extract will be found very beneficial to persons who have been long in the Mississippi Valley, and have contracted a bad state of the blood, which will show itself in the form of boils, pimples, &c. Persons who have been long in the Southern Region, can rest assured that this Extract will be found very beneficial to them. Sold by druggists generally. Prepared only by the proprietor, Dr. Comstock, 100 Fulton st. N. Y. Price $1 per bottle. For sale by all druggists.

Magical Fair Hair.

The only genuine article of this description is Dr. Lyon's Magical Fair Hair Dye, 197 Chartres street, New Orleans.

Notice.

The British West India Mail Steamer Cherokee, Capt. Lewis, will sail from our wharf, on Thursday, 31st inst., for Vera Cruz.

The passengers and mails will be conveyed to the steamer by the Mexican Gulf Railroad to Proctor's Landing, Lake Borgne, and thence by the steamer Walter Gray, and the Lake Pontchartrain Railroad. Whole fare $5, and half price for children under 12 years of age. Mail closes at the Post Office at 4 o'clock, P. M., on the day of sailing.

Passengers are requested to be on board at the Pontchartrain Depot, foot of Magazine st., at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the day of sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to the Agent, on the Depot, Magazine st.

☞ Letters by the British Steamer must be prepaid. aug28

Board of Directors

OF THE PRAIRIE SCHOOL OF MUTUALITY, NO. 1, PUBLISHED—Notice is hereby given, that the Board of Directors of the Institute, have resolved, on Monday, the 14th of August, to open the Institute on Thursday, the 14th of October next, under the management of the Fifth Footed Girls' School.

JR. REYNES.

Notice.

COSTA & CO., successors to G. JORDA, Importers and Dealers in Segars and Tobacco, Keep constantly on hand a general assortment of CIGARS, SUGAR AND COFFEE. aug26 1t

Dry Goods.

THE Undersigned offers for sale, the following goods, entitled to the benefit of debenture—10 pieces Brandy Cambrics, 10 do Brown Holland, 10 do Bleached do (Scotch) 500 bundles Oil, Tarpaulins and Twine.

aug26 B. LANATA, 92 Jefferson st.

Cognac.

COGNAC, imported and for sale by the undersigned, 1 pipe Brandy, 3 years old, 1 do do 4 years old, 1 do do 5 years old, 1 do do 6 years old, 1 do do 7 years old, 1 do do 8 years old, 1 do do 9 years old, 1 do do 10 years old, 1 do do 11 years old, 1 do do 12 years old, 1 do do 13 years old, 1 do do 14 years old, 1 do do 15 years old, 1 do do 16 years old, 1 do do 17 years old, 1 do do 18 years old, 1 do do 19 years old, 1 do do 20 years old, 1 do do 21 years old, 1 do do 22 years old, 1 do do 23 years old, 1 do do 24 years old, 1 do do 25 years old, 1 do do 26 years old, 1 do do 27 years old, 1 do do 28 years old, 1 do do 29 years old, 1 do do 30 years old, 1 do do 31 years old, 1 do do 32 years old, 1 do do 33 years old, 1 do do 34 years old, 1 do do 35 years old, 1 do do 36 years old, 1 do do 37 years old, 1 do do 38 years old, 1 do do 39 years old, 1 do do 40 years old, 1 do do 41 years old, 1 do do 42 years old, 1 do do 43 years old, 1 do do 44 years old, 1 do do 45 years old, 1 do 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