The New Orleans Bee.

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LEGAL ADVERTISING. NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 18, 1846.

MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS, No. 81 Chartres street.

TERMS OF THE BEE:

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance).....$12 00
SEMI-WEEKLY PAPER, Semi-weekly, (one year in advance).....5 00

☞ Every the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—One dollar for every TEN lines, for each INSERTION in the first insertion, and HALF that price for every subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than the value of one dollar for each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published TWO MONTHS, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines, for each language and for each insertion.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business.

MAGNE & WEISSE.

Wednesday morning, Nov. 18, 1846.

☞ THE NORTHERN MAIL failed yesterday from beyond Charleston.

The next Congress.

We have now a sufficient number of definitely ascertained returns from those States which have voted for members of Congress during the summer and fall to form an estimate of the probable complexion of the next Congress. Our readers, doubtless, remember that the Washington *Union*, a few days before the New York election, contrived, by assuming infinitely more than was justified by probabilities, to figure out a locofoco majority of eighteen in the next House of Representatives. As a sample of the accuracy of this estimate, it is only necessary to state that the venerable arithmetician claimed for his party exactly one half of the New York delegation, whereas the recent contest in that State shows that they succeeded in obtaining not quite one-third. In other respects the calculations of the *Union* were greatly exaggerated, and yet, with all its pertinacious claim upon States that are likely to repudiate the administration just like New York and Pennsylvania have done, the Government organ could only cypher out a lean majority of some eighteen, while the numerical preponderance of its party in the present Congress, is more than three times that figure.

There can be little doubt, from the aspect of things that the popular branch in the next Congress will be whig. The result in twelve out of thirty-six States, in which elections have been held, compared with their representation in the present Congress, is as follows:—

	Next Congress.			Present Congress.			
	W.	L.	N. Vac't.	W.	L.	N.	Vac't
Maine,	1	2	0	4	1	5	0
Vermont	2	0	0	2	3	1	0
N. York	23	11	0	9	21	4	0
N. Jersey,	4	1	0	0	3	2	0
Penn.,	16	7	1	0	10	12	2
Ohio,	11	10	0	0	8	13	0
Illinois,	3	6	0	0	1	6	0
Missouri,	0	5	0	0	0	5	0
Georgia,	4	4	0	0	3	5	0
Florida,	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
S. Carolina,	0	7	0	0	0	7	0
Arkansas,	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
	63	54	1	6	37	79	6

In the representation of the above States, it will be seen, that the whig majority is nine; whilst in the present Congress the locofoco majority is forty-two.—Now let us see, how the coming elections in other States are likely to result:—

	Whigs.	Locos.
Already elected,	63	54
Maine, vacancies,	2	2
Vermont, do.	2	0
Massachusetts,	10	0
Rhode Island,	2	0
Connecticut,	4	0
New Hampshire,	2	2
Maryland,	4	2
Virginia,	3	12
North Carolina,	2	2
Louisiana,	2	4
Mississippi,	1	3
Kentucky,	9	1
Tennessee,	6	5
Indiana	3	7
Michigan,	1	2
Iowa,	1	1
Wisconsin,	0	2
Texas,	0	2
Alabama,	2	5
Delaware,	1	2
	123	106

This is our estimate. Add one native (Mr. LEVIN of Penn.,) to the whig column, and it gives the whigs exactly the majority claimed by the *Union*. It is more than probable the whigs will do better than this. We think they will get half the delegation in Indiana, elect six out of nines in North Carolina, five out of the six in Maryland, and one or two more in Virginia than we have allowed them; but we have purposely taken a moderate view in our calculation. In hardly any conceivable event can the whigs fail to carry half the House. This they would obtain [illegible]

Late and Important from Yucatan!

BOMBARDMENT OF TABASCO.

By the arrival yesterday of the schooner *Joven Leonidas*, which left Campeachy on the 3rd inst., we have been put in possession of important advices, as well in relation to the internal affairs of Yucatan, as regard to the movements of the Gulf Squadron. The *Joven Leonidas* brought important despatches for the Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN, and we are induced to believe that they refer principally to the bickerings between various sections of the province of Yucatan, and the attempt of Merida to re-annex herself to Mexico, in despite of the determined and violent opposition of Campeachy and Laguna.

From the papers and verbal information we learn that Campeachy and Laguna have resolved, at all hazards, to proclaim the independence of Yucatan. These cities enjoy a considerable foreign commerce, which would be crippled or entirely destroyed, were they to manifest any friendship for Mexico, or disposition to colloperate with the Republic in the war now waging with the United States. Neutrality is their safest course, and this can only be preserved by the maintenance of their independence. The interests of Merida are exactly the reverse. That town is Mexico's largest customer, furnishing her people with supplies, of all the products of Yucatanese industry, which, in the event of the incorporation of that province into the Mexican Republic, will be admitted free of duty. Merida is consequently extremely anxious to secure this Union. The quarrel between that town on the one hand and Campeachy and Laguna on the other, has become exceedingly violent, and at the last accounts there was reason to believe that Campeachy would raise and equip a force of 2,000 men, for the purpose of marching upon Merida and compelling the inhabitants to unite with those of Campeachy and cut loose from all entangling alliances with Mexico.

The American Squadron continued to exercise a rigid supervision along the coast. A number of Yucatanese vessels that were hovering about the ports between Tabasco and the Rio Grande, had been ordered off, as the entire line is considered under blockade.

The expedition of Commodore PERRY against the town of Tabasco had proved entirely successful. The squadron consisted of the *Mississippi*, Commodore Perry; *Vixen*, Commander Bands; *Bonita*, Lieut. Benham; *Reefer*, Lieut. Sterrett; *Monita*, Lieut. Hazard; revenue steamer *McLane*, Captain Howard; revenue cutter *Forward*, Capt. Nones; 300 seamen and marines from the *Raritan* and *Cumberland*. The following summary of its exploits, was furnished the editors of the *Picayune* by Capt. Powers, who was engaged in the expedition:

Left Anton Lizardo on the 16th October, and arrived at Frontera on the 23d. Captured steamers Petrita and Tabasqueno, and several small vessels. 24th and 25th, ascended the river 73 miles to Tabasco; the current very rapid—towed by the Petrita and Vixen—passed Devil's Turn at 2, P. M., landed and spiked four 24-pounders. Arrived off Tabasco at 6, P. M., and anchored in line ahead distant 150 yards from the shore. Summoned the city to surrender. Governor refused. Fired three shots from the Vixen's one cut the flag-staff of the Fort, and as the colors we thought that they had surrendered. An came off with a request that we would spa Hospitals, which was granted. At 5 o'clock 200 seamen and marines, but as it was too late tack the fort, they were ordered on board. Some skirmishing ensued, but none of us were hurt. This was Sunday, and the Commodore was somewhat inclined to commence the attack on that day. Captured one brig, three schooners, and one large sloop; also captured one schooner before we arrived at Frontera, and another on our passage up the river—making in all, one brig, five schooners, two steamers, one sloop, and many small craft and lighters. Monday, 26th, at daylight, a sharp fire of musketry from shore, which was returned by our great guns wherever we heard a report. Firing continued for some time at intervals, when a white flag was shown by the civilians on shore, no doubt with the consent of the Governor. Sent off a petition to the Commodore to spare the town, which he granted, adding that he only desired to fight the soldiery. Got the prizes under way made every preparation for returning; white flag all the while. Lieut. W. A. Parker got the prize vessel, near the city, and was attacked by eighty soldiers, whom he beat off with eight losing only one and having but two wounded.

This affair lasted thirty minutes. Lieut C. W. Morris was despatched to him with orders, and passing the heavy fire of the enemy, was wounded in the neck by a musket ball.

Lieut. Morris stood up in his boat and cheered the men most gallantly until he fell in the arms of Midshipman Cheever, who was with him. The Commodore then commenced cannonading in earnest from the Vixen, Bonita, Nonita and Forward, and in the space of half or three-fourths of an hour almost demolished the city—sparing the houses of the foreign consuls and such as appeared to be inhabited by peaceful citizens.

About midday the fleet left Tabasco, and, as it passed the different streets at right angles with the river, fired musketry and great guns, and swept them completely of every living thing. All the houses were spared with the exception of one, which was burnt by the commodore's order, it having been found impossible to get her clear of the "Devil's Turn," a rapid pass in the river.

Arrived at Frontera on Sunday at midnight—inhabitants all peaceful—having been kept in awe during our absence by Lieut. Walsh and his command.

The revenue steamer McLane struck while attempting to pass the bar, and did not succeed in getting over until the affair at Tabasco and the return of the vessels. Her marines, under Lieut. Brown, were on board the Petrita during the 25th and 26th. All the prizes were duly despatched and arrived at Anton Lizardo. The Patria, on her return under command of Lieut. Bent, captured the American brig Plymouth, Capt. Parkerson, engaged in discharging cotton at Alvarado bar. Lieut Morris died on the 1st instant, on board the Cumberland, and was buried with the honors of war at Lizardo.

It will be seen by reading this cursory report, that the commodore spared the city out of feelings of humanity. The inhabitants could not leave, as the Governor would not permit them; hence they sought refuge in cellars during the cannonading, and thus escaped destruction. Had it not been that we were necessarily obliged to kill many innocent persons before taking the city, Tabasco at this moment would have been ours. As it is, we have paid them dearly for the shot that deprived us of Lieut. Morris—long will they remember our visit and dread the return of the American fleet.

The Mexican force was 250 regular troops, with four pieces of cannon, besides an unknown number of armed peasantry; all of whom were posted in strong military works, or in the occupation of stone or brick houses; hence we could only reach them with our great guns and at every disadvantage.

We understand that the prize which was burnt, by order of Commodore Perry, was the Mexican schooner *Atrevida*.

On the 8th November, the vessels remaining at Anton Lizardo were:

Flag ship *Cumberland*, frigate *Raritan* and *Potomac*, steamers *Mississippi* and *Princeton*, together with the gunboats and six prize vessels. *St. Mary's* and *Somers* blockading Vera Cruz, *Porpoise* at Tampico, the *McLane* inside the bar at Tabasco, the *Forward* blockading Tabasco. The *McLane* will get out on high tide. The health of the squadron was good.

It is said that Alvarado, the scene of the late abortive attempt, is very strongly fortified, being garrisoned by a force of several thousand men.

From Havana.

The brig *Empresario* arrived yesterday from Havana, bringing us files of papers to the 10th inst. They add little to the accounts furnished by the *Hayne*.—We perceive by letters from Chihuahua and other places, that the Mexican press is kept well informed of the movements of our troops. The expedition of Gen'l Kearney to California is well known; the route which he has taken and all the particulars are described in letters addressed to the Governor of Chihuahua, and the writer boasts that troops will be raised, to annoy and harass him on his march.

A number of foreigners had been arrested at Laso in Chihuahua.

The opera of the Somnambula had been played at the Lyceum in Havana, with great success, by a company of amateurs. Strenuous efforts had been made to obtain the use of the Tacon Theatre for the Italian opera troop, and had at length proved successful.—The performances were to commence at an early day.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE.—The New York *Commercial Advertiser*, says:—"There is no doubt as to the fate of the NEGRO SUFFRAGE question. That is decided against by a large majority. The following is a specimen of the voting:—

	Yes.	No.
New York City,	5,949	39,946
Brooklyn,	1,149	4,315
Albany,	1,577	3,200
Buffalo,	594	2,162
Williamsburg,	328	773
	8,891	40,496

This vote is a specimen of the real importance of the Abolition faction and of the soundness of the masses at the North. Poor deluded fanaticism, observes the Savannah *Republican*. It is always prating about the social and political position of the negro, and yet when an opportunity is offered to prove its faith by its works, it backs directly out from all its pretensions. It has frequently occurred to us that the most effectual way to check the progress of Abolitionism, would be for the Slave States to pass laws inducing or compelling every free negro to emigrate to the North at once, and place themselves under the broad aegis of the friends of universal equality. The latter would soon sicken of their theoretical philanthropy.

THE CHOPS.—The Charleston *Patriot* of the 11th says: If the weather continues thus mild, and without much rain, it will tend greatly to increase the average of Cotton raised in this State, during the present season. Where the green bolls were not destroyed by the cutworm, they stand some chance of opening. Two weeks more of fair and mild weather, such as we may reasonably expect at this season, will effect another moderate picking. We shall need all the indulgence of the season to give us [illegible]

[illegible] Intelligence.

[illegible] COUNCIL No. 8.—The Council met last [illegible] Baldwin in the chair. The weekly [illegible] Treasurer was read as follows:

Balance on hand [illegible] Tuesday,	$ 36 17
Amount received [illegible],	13,396 60
	$13,422 77
Disbursed this week.	13,412 49
Balance on hand this day,	$ 10 28

The secretary read a communication from the Attorney of the Municipality, inclosing a copy of a petition filed in the Fifth District Court by the Bank of Louisiana against Municipality No. 2, for the payment of a note of $4000. Said petition was, on motion of Mr. Reynolds, referred back to the Attorney.

In reply to a resolution passed by the Council, directing the Comptroller to inform that body how the account stood between the Corporation and the City Bank, a communication was read from the Comptroller stating that said accounts were closed.

A petition from the Quarter-Master, praying the Council to grant a portion of the long-wharf for the exclusive use of the government vessels, during the war with Mexico, was referred to the committee on Streets and Landings.

Mr. Duggan, chairman of the committee on the Workhouse, introduced a resolution appropriating $350 to that institution for the purchase of provisions. Adopted.

The Council took up a resolution, introduced at the last sitting, giving permission to drivers of cabs to stand whereever they please, provided they conform to the police regulations. After a long debate, the resolution was adopted by 6 yeas against 5 nays.

The Council then adjourned.

SUPREME COURT.—The case of the Municipality No. 2 vs. Schmidt," involving the validity of the election of Justices of the Peace, is fixed for argument to-day before this tribunal.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—The criminal business of that Court appears now to be much restricted. But a solitary case of assault and battery was tried yesterday, and the jury could not agree upon a verdict.

INQUEST.—An inquest was held yesterday on the body of an Indian, name unknown, found dead on the banquette, at the foot of Toulouse street. "Died of a gastric disorder."

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—A man named Lawrentius Vogle, fell on Monday last through the hatchway of a vessel, and was so seriously injured by his fall that he died an hour after being admitted in the Charity Hospital. His skull was fractured, and many of his ribs were broken. Coroner Spredden held an inquest on the body yesterday, and the jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the above facts.

ST CHARLES THEATRE.—This establishment opens this evening with a new play in five acts called the "King of the Commons."

SWINDLING.—S. R. Ford was brought up yesterday before Recorder Baldwin, charged on the oath of Mr Martin Huntington with having obtained from the latter under false pretences, a sum of fifty dollars.—The investigation was delayed till this morning.

COMMITTED.—Miles O'Connor and Perry Handland, charged with robbing Mr. J. C. Barrett of his pocket book containing a sum of $40 and a draft for $60, were brought up yesterday before Recorder Baldwin, who committed both for their appearance before the 1st District Court.

Jacob Myers, accused of robbing his employer, Mr George Scheiner, out of a sum of $30, was also committed named Maria Lyons, was brought up yesterday before Recorder Genois, on a charge of harboring and runaway slave belonging to Mr Barte. She was remanded for further examination.

DOMESTIC OUTRAGE.—The Greensborough (N. C.) *Patriot* states that on the 27th ultimo, Sergeant Parker Coffin, eloped with the wife of Mr. Milton Hunt—Coffin leaving an amiable wife and two children, he deluded paramor leaving her husband and four children, the youngest about fourteen months old. All the parties resided in the same neighborhood some eight miles West of this place; and a suspicion of improper intimacy between the guilty couple had existed for some weeks. An expression of this suspicion perhaps hurried the elopement sooner than was intended.

We learn from the Columbia (S. C.) *Chronicle* that Coffin with his victim, arrived in that town a few days since. A description of him and an account of his villany, had previously reached the place, and he was arrested—entrusted to the care of J. H. Jones, of one the assistant Marshals of the town, to be taken back to North Carolina. Jones started with him, in a light two horse carriage, on Saturday morning, and returned on Monday evening last, with a tale that his prisoner escaped from him about sixty-five miles from this place. It appears, from Jones' own story, that he released him from his irons shortly after he left Columbia, and allowed him a liberty incompatible with his instructions. Indeed, his whole narrative of the manner of the escape, and his own conduct in connection with it, has excited strong doubts as to his truth and integrity in the matter. Coffin had a large amount of money in his possession, and previous to being sent away, offered the Intendant $1,500 to let him off.

HORRIBLE.—The trial of Peter Hitchcock, for the murder of his father, at the Greene (N. Y.) Circuit, week before last, disclosed some horrid effects of drunkenness. We see it stated that it appeared in evidence before the court that when the neighbors went to the house, after the murder, they found the wife of the deceased sitting intoxicated by the body of her dead husband, plunging her fingers into his eyes, almost if not quite tearing them from their sockets, exclaiming, with horrid oaths, that it was just what he deserved, and he ought to have been killed long since.

THAT LIE!—One of the most remarkable and ludicrous illustrations of the fickleness and perfidity of Mexican character, is to be found in their treatment of the illustrious Santa Anna's LEG. This valuable member was lost in the defence of his country against the French, and buried by his countrymen with all the pomp and reverence which most nations bestow upon the remains of the departed brave. Why such honors were conferred upon an amputated limb, we are at a loss to understand, unless it were to preserve it as a memento that Mexican legs were sometimes used for other purposes than running. When Santa Anna returned the displeasure of the Mexican nation, and was obliged to fly for his life, the indignant populace, unable to pounce upon, revented their spleen upon his unfortunate leg. It was disinterred, kicked about, without the power of returning the compliment, and treated with every imaginary indignity. But a change has come over Santa Anna's fortune, and with his returning popularity, the "leg" has risen again into favor. The precious article has been recovered, and consigned to the earth once more with all the honors of war." In the mean time, the wooden leg which Santa Anna wears, "keeps going the same as before," and is leading its owner into a scrape, where he may find occasion to match it with another "of the same sort" We respectfully suggest to the Government, when it makes final terms with the Mexicans, to demand of them the buried leg of their chieftain and deposite it in Peale's museum, appropriating the proceeds of its exhibition to the expenses of the war.—*Richmond Whig.*

Past Midshipman GIBSON, of the *Reefer*, who was engaged in the bombardment of Tobasco, arrived in charge of the schooner *Armeda*, one of the prizes taken there. Mr. G. left Point Lisardo nine days since. We understand from him that another expedition was in preparation, as was believed, for an assault on Tampico. He also informs us of the capture of the bark *Plymouth*, and that she is on her way for this port under the command of Acting Master Robertson, of the Mississippi. The *Telegraph*, a Mexican prize, is also on the way here.—*Evening Mercury.*

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 81 Canal street.
n17—1y

CESARE OLIVIERI,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 21 Old Levee street, New Orleans. n16 6m

☞ Notice.—The ship Emperor, Capt Brooks from Havre, is now discharging opposite the Vegetable Market. Consignees are requested to take out their permits within five days, otherwise their goods will be sent to the public stores.
J. H. GALE.
n18 23 Common street

☞ The packet bark GENESEE, Capt Willett, from N York, is now discharging opposite the Vegetable Market. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, or they will be stored at their expense and risk.
JAMES E WOODRUFF,
n18 60 Camp st

☞ Consignees of the following goods to order, per bark GENESEE, from New York, will please make their residences known to the discharging clerk on the Levee, opposite the Vegetable Market, or their goods will be stored at their expense and risk, viz.: (y) 5, two cases; (y) D, one do; (y) 8, five cases; (y) D, four bales; (y) 8, nine cases; Bonner & Smith, seven ships; (X) 6, 60 bbls liquor; (C) 1, 10 cases.
JAMES E WOODRUFF,
n18 60 Camp st

☞ The consignees of 65 boxes Pepper Sance, marked Genesee Reserve, per ship Emperor, will please make their residences known to the discharging clerk on the Levee, opposite the Vegetable Market, or they will be stored at their expense and risk.
JAMES E WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st

☞ Consignees of 500 bags Rio Coffee, per ship Snow, from Havre, now discharging in the St Mandé, will please attend to the receipt of their goods. All goods not permitted within five days will be sent to the Public Stores.
JENKINS & TIGLER, 86 Common st

☞ Consignees per ship ARVON, Robinson, master, from Glasgow, now lying near the lower Cotton Press, Third Municipality, will please attend to the receipt of their Goods. All Goods not permitted within five days will be sent to the Public Stores.
JENKINS & TIGLER, 86 Common st

☞ NOTICE.—The steamer BELLE [illegible] Capt John M. Scott, will hereafter (until [illegible] notice) make only one trip per week. Leaving New Orleans every SUNDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, and returning every WEDNESDAY, after the arrival of the Rail Road Cars.
n16 4w F A CHAMBERLAIN, Agent.

LATEST DATES.

New York	Nov. 8	Liverpool	Oct. 31
Washington	Nov. 9	Havre	Oct. 16
Charleston	Nov. 11	Havana	Nov. 6
Cincinnati	Nov. 4	Vera Cruz	Oct. 31
Brazos Santiago	Nov. 12	Texas	Nov. 1

COMMERCIAL.

NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY NIGHT, November 17, 1846.

COTTON—Arrived since the 14th instant, of Louisiana and Mississippi, 5,564 bales; Tennessee, 2,000; Arkansas, 173; Lake, 88—together, 9,029 bales. Cleared in the same time for Liverpool, 5,977 bales; Hull, 1,372; Havre, 3,724; Marseilles, 307; New York, 1,205; Baltimore, 220—together, 13,105 bales—making a reduction in stock of 2,587 bales, and leaving on hand inclusive of all on shipboard not cleared this day, a stock of 91,971 bales.

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

1845—Nov. 2, stock on hand	bales	6,540
Arrived this week	9,029	
" previously	123,911	
		133,940
		140,129
Cleared this week	13,105	
" previously	34,902	
		48,107
Stock on hand and on shipboard		91,971

In our last review we stated that the Cotton market was in a state of suspense owing to the non-arrival of any later news from Europe. The same state of things prevailed on Saturday, when the sales only amounted to 300 bales.—The Britannia's accounts, which had been so anxiously expected came to hand on Monday, and report a large advance in the Liverpool market, prices having risen 'all during a fortnight. The sales had been remarkably extensive, embracing about 150,000 bales, of which a considerable portion was taken on speculation. On the receipt of this news, holders demanded an advance, which was not as buyers were unwilling to come up to the mark, nothing of any consequence was done either yesterday or to day. Our quotations therefore remain unaltered, and may be considered nominal for the time being. The sales of the three days amount to 1,300 bales.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION—LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.

Inferior	[illegible]
Ordinary	[illegible]
Middling	[illegible]
Good Middling	[illegible]
Middling Fair	[illegible]
Fair	[illegible]
Good and Fine	[illegible]

TENNESSEE AND NORTH ALABAMA—AVERAGE LISTS.

Good	[illegible]
Common	[illegible]
Extreme prices	[illegible]

TOBACCO—Since our last there has been no business transacted in Tobacco, so that the market remains in every respect unchanged. We continue our former quotations—say for inferior Virginia [illegible] common 2 [illegible] fair 3 [illegible] fine Cuba [illegible] lections [illegible] sugar leaf 5 [illegible] 6, 8 [illegible].

Arrived since the 4th instant, 1 ship. Cleared in the same time for Liverpool, 473 hhds. Marseilles, 299 tobacco, 100—together, 872 hhds. Stock in Warehouse and on shipboard 4,330 hhds.

STATEMENT OF TOBACCO.

1846—Nov 2, stock on hand	hhds	17,046
Received this week	4	
" previously	1,958	
		1,962
		19,008
[illegible] this week	872	
[illegible] previously	13,803	
		14,675
Stock on hand		4,333

SUGAR—A moderate amount of business has been transacted in the article since our last, but it [illegible] to the [illegible] of our last, but [illegible] the [illegible] sales amounts to a decline of [illegible] per cent. The sales [illegible] hhds at prices ranging from [illegible] cents, 9½ cents for fair to prime qualities. The only sale on Plantation that we have to report of was made last week viz —300 hhds at 5½ c. [illegible]

HAVANA SUGARS. There is nothing doing in Boxes Sugars the greater portion of the stock being in the Pub lic stores awaiting the reduction in duties. MOLASSES—This article has been in good request since our last, and a comparative falling off in the receipts has enabled holders to obtain an advance in prices, sales ranging from 21½ cents to 24 cents per gallon. Last week a sale of 30,000 gallons at 19½ c. [illegible]

FLOUR—We state in our last that the Flour market had [illegible] from a [illegible] cents, the principal sales being at the latter rate. On Saturday some further purchases were effected at this price, and the market left an upward tendency. The Britannia's news which was made public yesterday morning had an immediate effect on the market, and 3,000 bbls were sold at prices ranging from [illegible] cents, showing an advance of 50 to 75 cents ⅌ bbl. on previous rates. To day the market was quiet, as parties are desirous of knowing the effect of the news on the Northern markets.

GRAIN—The price of Corn closed on Friday last at 60 [illegible] ⅌ bushel at bank, but since then about 2,000 sacks were disposed of on the day following. The Britannia's news from England was received on Sunday, and a sale of 2,000 sacks at 62 cents ⅌ bushel. Yesterday after the particulars were known, a good demand sprung up and about 25,000 bushels changed hand at 62 [illegible] cents ⅌ bushel, closing at 63 cents ⅌ bushel. To day the market was quiet, which may be ascribed to the absence of parties accustomed to operate in Corn. There have been some sales at former rates. There is no Wheat arriving, and none for sale. Beans have advanced 25 [illegible] cents ⅌ bbl.

WESTERN PRODUCE—The Provision market has not been in the slightest degree affected by the European advices, and the transactions since our last have been quite limited. In Pork we notice a quite market with sales to the extent of 200 bbls, at former rates—say [illegible] 12½@[illegible] 25 cents ⅌ bbl. Beef is selling slowly and in retail parcels at the same rates before quoted. In Bacon no material change has presented itself, and we quote the market firm at the following rates—say for sides, 5½, 5¾ cents; Shoulders, 3½@3¾; Hams, plain 4½@6, do. covered and extra cut 6@6½ cents ⅌ lb. Lard has been in good request, and tar demand during the past three days, and we notice sales of 200 bbls and 1,500 kegs, taken as far as we could learn, principally for Havana. Prices remain as previously quoted—say from 6½ cents ⅌ lb for Fair to Prime. No change has taken place in the price of Western Butter and Cheese.

WHISKEY.—There has been a better enquiry for Whiskey since our last, and about 1,200 bbls have changed hands, principally at 24 cents ⅌ gallon, for rectified.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE—Small sales of Bagging and Rope have been made during the past three days, at former prices. The market is well stocked with both articles.

LEAD—A sale has been made since our last at $4 00 ⅌ 100 lbs., which is a considerable advance on former prices.

EXCHANGE—We have no alteration to notice in Foreign Exchange. We quote Sterling at 5½@[illegible] cents prem. France at 4[illegible]@5[illegible]; New York, 60 days, 1[illegible] ⅌ cent discount. Sight checks, 1 ⅌ cent discount.

FREIGHTS—We have no habit of any foreign engagements since our last, with the exception of a brig for Bordeaux, with staves at $46½.

FREIGHTS.

COTTON ⅌ lb to	Liverpool	7 16d
Do. do	Havre	[illegible]
Do. do	New York, ⅌ bale	[illegible]
Do. do	Boston, ⅌ bale	$1 50@1 75
TOBACCO ⅌ hhd to	Cowes, for orders	none shipping
Do. do	London, direct	40s.
Do. do	Bremen	40s.
Do. do	Antwerp and Hamburg	40s.
Do. do	Liverpool	40s.
Do. do	Havre	[illegible]
Do. do	New York	$3 50
Do. do	Boston	$3 50
Do. do	Philadelphia	$3 50
SUGAR and MOLASSES—to Northern Ports		
—From the City	do	none shipping
—From the City	do	22 50@22 60
FLOUR—To New York		50c
Do. Boston		50@60c
PORK ⅌ bbl. to New York		45@50c
Do. do Boston		50c
FLOUR do New York		50c
Do. do Boston		60c
Do. do England		6s 6d
LEAD ⅌ ton to New York		$2 00@2 50
Do. do Boston		$2 50
HEMP do New York		none shipping
Do. do Boston		none shipping

☞ Notice.—The ship Isaac Allerton, Capt Torey, from Marseille, is now discharging in the First Municipality. Consignees are particularly requested to take out their permits within five days, otherwise their goods will be sent to the public stores.
n17 J. H GALE, 86 Common st

☞ Consignees per ship Ashland, Captain Williams, from Liverpool, lying opposite the Shippers' Press, Second Municipality, will please attend to the receipt of their goods, all those not permitted within five days, will be sent to the public stores.
n14—5t VANCE & LEFFER, 94 Bienville st.

☞ H JOSEPH HELER, formerly of South Shields, England, and lately a steerador at the port, will call at this office, he will hear of something to his advantage.
n13

☞ Bark Alliette, Capt. Barrell, from Liverpool, is discharging opposite the Cotton Press [illegible] Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods in the Levee.
n13 J P WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp st

☞ Ship BERLIN, for Liverpool and ship DINBARTON, for London, will close THIS DAY. Shippers are requested to hand in their export manifest to the Custom house at an early hour this morning.
n12 J P WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp st

CHARLES MAURIAN, JULES LAMBERT,
MAURIAN & LAMBERT,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
n19—6m Office, No 154 Royal st

☞ REMOVAL.—JENKINS & TIGLER have removed from 7 Royal street, to 95 Common street. n4

☞ B. & A. Sewalle, have removed their office to No. 130 Royal street, between St. Louis and Toulouse streets.

DAGUERREOTYPE MINIATURES (warranted perfect) are taken and put up in very fine cases for TWO DOLLARS ONLY, at Johnson's Old Stand, 56 Canal st. n16

☞ DR. ALLEN'S Balsam of Horehound and Liverwort. The herbs from which this Balsam is compounded have long been known for their medical properties. Dr D B Allen, after a series of experiments, has been able to concentrate their virtues so as to produce such results as full effects in curing Consumption, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Lungs or Chest. Certificates of its efficacy may be seen at No 59 Poydras street.

WORMS—Kennedy's Vermifuge is a safe, easy and effectual remedy for Worms in children or adults in large case. It is entirely Vegetable, and cannot injure the most delicate child, even should it not be a worm.

New Discovery, by which all Stoves, Pipes, or Grates may be made to look black, with as beautiful a polish as a gilded body, with one application a year—Sold at No 85 Poydras street.

WINES—50 puncheons dry and sweet Malaga, Sherry, Port, Sherry, Madeira, Champagne, Claret, Burgundy, Teneriffe, Marcellas, &c. in cases and bulk, for sale by
n17 ROBERTS & HALL, 75 Magazine st

ASSORTED CORDIALS—200 cases cordials, for sale by
n3 AUG MOLIER, 99 St Louis street

GRAND BALLOON ASCENSION,
IN THE OMNIBUS BALLOON
ON SUNDAY, 22d inst.

MR. CHRISTIAN LEHMANN has the honor of informing the public that he will make his ascension on SUNDAY 22d inst., at one o'clock precisely, at Algiers, opposite the city. The Balloon will begin to be inflated at 10 o'clock, A. M.—Between eleven and one, several small aerostats representing divers figures, will be launched.

Mr. LEHMANN will be accompanied by a gentleman of this city in his aerial voyage.

Seats will be reserved for ladies and gentlemen. n14 4t

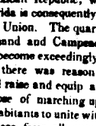
St Louis Hall Room.
SOCIETY MASKED BALLS.

THE subscription list to the above balls is now open at the office of the room. There will be ten balls, the first on WEDNESDAY the 16th December, under the management of the following gentlemen:

M Cruzat	Geo Y Bright,
G W Squires,	N Bernoudy,
Paul Lacroix,	J B Leefe,
A M Landry,	M Belly,
Henry Boyle,	W F Flower,
Rod O'connell,	Ben Tolediano,
Alexander Young,	N B Simmons,
Armand Dejean,	J E Caldwell,
J L Donk,	C L Cruzat.

n16—1m

GOVERNESS.—A LADY wishes to engage as a Governess, with a respectable family in the city, or within few miles of it, she would have no objection to most would be strictly attended by; she has also some knowledge of the French language. Terms moderate, as a quiet home is the chief object of the advertiser. The best references can be given. Apply by letter to Box 24, C. Post office, or to R. C. Cammack, 83 Gravier street.

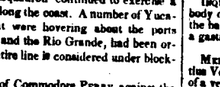


IN A FEW EASY LESSONS
Ladies and Gentlemen, are taught to write a free fast hand, at Messrs DOLBEAR, No 15 Camp street. Instead of being a tedious task, we say are the lessons that writing soon becomes a pleasing amusement. Ladies and Gentlemen, and parents in particular, are invited to call and examine the rapid improvement of those who are receiving lessons. n19

IN CONFORMITY TO THE PROVISION of an act entitled, An act in relation to claims detained in the Police Jury in the Municipalities of New Orleans, approved, March 16th, 1846. Notice is hereby given that the following described property, supposed to be a slave, is now in the Police Prison of Municipality Number Two:

Jacob, a black, about 35 years old, 5 feet 8½ inches high, supposed to be a runaway slave. The owner of which is hereby notified thereof and requested to prove property, pay charges thereon, and take him away within a delay of three months, otherwise he will be sold in conformity to the above law. New Orleans, 16th Oct. 1846.
n18—1m Gm NIHACKETT, Warden.

LEECHES!—LEECHES!



THE undersigned has just received per Delaware and Atlantic,
15,000 large Hungarian and Swedish Leeches, which are offered at the usual price. Also, French, Spanish, and African, constantly on hand at the Imperial Depot,
147 Chartres st, and 428 Chartres st,
opposite St Carlos Hotel.

ALSO—Just received from Havre, a supply of fine sing'ng Canaries and other Birds. n14

RECEIVED per ships Suffolk and Emperor from Havre—180 cases Sweetbaybath and Kirschwasser different qualities, Vermouth, Lacoutte—Ed Berthier—Ditto—one case Swiss embroideries—one case Corset assortment, articles and children's toys for New Year's Gifts, for sale by the undersigned.
n16—3t J N CURIEN, 25 Chartres st.

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Brogans.

Landing from ship Magnolia a further supply of Goods, comprising a large and extensive assortment of Goods adapted to the season, for sale on liberal terms by
FROST & CO, 10 Magazine st
n16

LANDING, ex ship Emperor from Havre 30 bagatelles [illegible] for sale by
DARAN QUEROUZE & Co.
n16 12 Old Louis street

HAVANA CIGARS—Landing ex brig Hope and Elizabeth, from Havana, 100 bales Havana cigars, for sale by
n17 J M CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee st

LANDING, ex ship Isaac Allerton, from Marseilles—50 boxes brown Castile soap, for sale by
n17 L CANTIN, 42 Gravier st

HAVANA SUGAR—50 boxes landing from the Galena, for sale by
L CANTIN,
n17 42 Gravier st

HAVANA COFFEE—50 bags new crop, and prime green, landing and in store, for sale by
n16 L CANTIN, 42 Gravier st

HAVANA SUGAR—20 boxes Brown Sugar, landing from brig Hayne, and for sale by
L CANTIN, 42 Grav