The New-Orleans Bee.

VOL. VIII.—NEW SERIES. WHOLE No. 3222. LEGAL ADVERTISING PAPER.—NEW-ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 30, 1846. MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS, 81 Chartres street.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance) $12 00
COUNTRY PAPER, Semi-weekly, (one year in advance) 5 00

In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing, before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—One dollar for every TEN lines, for each language, for the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar for each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted in intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines, for each language and for each insertion.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business.

MAGNE & WEISSE.

OFFICIAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a contract has been entered into between the undersigned and Messrs. Magne & Weisse, Proprietors of the BEE, Newspaper for the publication, during the ensuing calendar year (1846) of all the advertisements required by the act of March 16th, 1843, for the price of ONE DOLLAR for every hundred words for each publication and in each language.

WM. DEBUYS, State Treasurer.
ROBT. C. NICHOLAS, Sec'y of State.
New Orleans, 27th Dec. 1845.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 25, 1846.

THE Price of Flour being this day, $4 35 per barrel, according to the Tariff, the Bakers will give 40 ounces of Bread for Ten Cents, during next week, commencing MONDAY, 28th inst.
s25 (Signed) A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

F. T. BOURNOS, SURGEON DENTIST, 93 Conti st. Office open from 8 o'clock, A. M. until 5 P. M. m17

ED. CLAGUE, Importer of Havana Produce, No 23 Gravier street. m7

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & Co., COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 81 Canal street. Nov 1

J. B. STEEL, No. 14 Camp Street, Importer and Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Stationery. Account Books for sale, or made to order. au29

WM. MURE, BRITISH CONSUL, 10 Madison's Buildings, cor Royal and Canal sts.

TATOUT, BROTHERS—Importers of Fancy Goods, French, English and German, corner Chartres and Toulouse streets. f 3

J. F. MERCIER & Co., COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND GROCERS, 45 Old Levee, have constantly on hand fresh Groceries, Wines, Liquors, &c. at moderate prices. n10

CHARLES A. BARRIERE, DEALER IN French, British and American DRY GOODS, No. 20 Chartres Street, NEW ORLEANS. DIRECT IMPORTATIONS OF FRENCH GOODS.

JOHN McCARTY, PLUMBER, No. 134 Camp street,

HAS just received a new assortment, of French Water Closets; also Force Lift Pumps, Beer Pumps, &c. Bathing Tubs and Shower Baths.—Laying and repairing Lead Pipes; Sheet Lead work of every description; Ship work, &c. promptly put up and repaired. All orders punctually attended to. Charges moderate. f 13—ly

NOTICE.—By a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Mexican Gulf Railway Company, the Stockholders, are hereby notified that they are called upon to pay G. Musson, Comptroller, on the 15th of October next, an instalment of Ten Dollars per Share, in conformity with the fourth section of the Charter of the Company.
G. MUSSON, Comptroller.
New Orleans, 14th Sept. 1846. s15

MESSRS. P. BLANCARD and ACHILLE LION, Surgeon Dentists of the Faculty of Paris and New Orleans, have the honor to inform their clients, that since the 1st of June, they have united their offices at No. 44 Royal street, between Bienville and Customhouse (residence of Dr. Lion.)

The engagements they are under towards various institutions and the Convent of this city, to which they are attached, compel them to absent themselves many days in the course of the month. They have, therefore deemed it expedient to form a Copartnership, as well on their own accounts as on account of their numerous Clients, in order that one of the two may be always in town, ready to receive all persons who may honor them with their confidence. The superiority of their work, and the care and promptitude exhibited by them, induce them to hope for a continuance of the patronage of the public. j8

LEECHES! LEECHES!!

RECEIVED by the Ericsson from Havana, and the Brutus from New York, a lot of splendid Leeches, recently caught, and for sale at the Depot at Baronne street, near the Mint. REYNAUD PETITBIEN.

MINERAL WATER, guaranteed of the best quality, and approved by the Medico-Chirurgical Society, at its sitting of the 20th August, 1844, may be also found at the above establishment. f3

LEECHES.

TWELVE thousand Swedish and Hungary Leeches received per ship Devonshire, Thompson, and for sale at the Great Depot, at wholesale and retail, at the most moderate prices, at 103 Esplanade st. corner Casacalvo.

The same depot has received by the brig P. Soulé, six thousand Spanish Leeches, which will be sold at from five to fifteen cents a piece. Prices never vary during the sickly season. J. P. SOUBIRAN.

OFFICE OF RECORD OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS, Exchange Passage, near Bienville street.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING been appointed Recorder of Births and Deaths for the Parish and City of Orleans, I request the citizens of the same, and persons in the city, to conform themselves to the disposition of the following act:—

Act approved March 6, 1819.

Sec. 1. After the promulgation of this act, the birth of every free child in the parish and city of Orleans, shall be declared therein within thirty days of the declaration of birth, made conformably to the third section of the act to which this is a supplement; and every person offending against the provisions of the said section, shall pay a fine not exceeding ten dollars and not less than five dollars, half of which shall be for the benefit of the State and the other half for the benefit of the informer.

Sec. 2. The death of every free person within the parish of Orleans, shall be declared therein within thirty days. This declaration shall be made by the nearest relations of the deceased, if they are present, and in case of absence, by the testamentary executor; and if none, by the owner or tenant of the house in which the individual will have died; and every person offending against the provisions of this section, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding ten dollars, nor less than five dollars.

The undersigned will be under the painful necessity of prosecuting all persons neglecting or refusing to conform themselves to the clauses of the above act.
a16—ly T. M. CROZAT.

Fashionable Goods from Paris.
Corner Royal and Conti streets.

Madame Vincent, being about to leave for France to make her purchases, has the honor to inform the ladies of New Orleans and environs, that she will sell the following goods at very moderate prices:

Ladies' and children's Tuscan, Rutland and 3 four straw hats, newest styles;
Dollus, Mog & Co's printed bareges and organdy;
Barege shawls and scarfs;
Pelerines and embroidered muck kerchiefs;
Ribbons and flowers, white and black kid gloves and mittens; muslin dresses and embroidered cambric handkerchiefs; thread lace, fil D'Ecosse and cotton do.
Fans, umbrellas, parasols and corsets;
Brides, scarfs, silk and fil D'Ecosse stockings;
Plain, open work and embroidered do;
Also—Mantillas, lace scarfs and shawls, a new article, &c.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.—We are selling at very reduced prices our remaining stock of neat goods, Bareges, Balzorines, Organdy, Muzzlinas and Taglioni dress goods; Jaconets at 25, 30 and 31 cts. Ginghams at 25 cts; light French Calicoes, latest styles, at 20 cts, &c. Also, white Muslin Curtain Goods; Swiss Muslins; Jaconet do; Plaid do; Lace do; Parasols; Barege Scarfs; Lace Scarfs; white Muslin do embroidered, Rich Silk Scarfs; Silk and Cotton Hosiery; Crinoline skirts; Grass do; Ribbons with fringe; Linens, a large assortment; Birds Eye Diaper; Linen Lawns; Linen Cambric Hdkfs with borders; Embroidered Cambric Hdkfs; Silk pocket do; Damask Table Cloths and Towels; Russia Diapers; Russia Sheeting; white and brown Domestics; Drillings, Cottonades, Linen Checks, Thread and Cotton Laces; Ladies' Plaid Gloves; do black and white Silk Gloves; Gents do; Silk and white Crapes; Hat Crapes; Linen Threads; Spool do; Cotton Cord; Buttons; Combs, &c.
Also—a few pieces of very fine Drap d'été; for sale by
m10 DAVID & CHAPUS, 93 and 95 Chartres st. cor. Conti.

GRANIER'S FRENCH BLANKETS!!!

THE subscribers, (successors to the late J. Mager,) sole Agents of Zoe Granier, of Montpellier, take pleasure in announcing to the Planters, Commission merchants and dealers in general, that their Depot, No. 21 Magazine st., will always be well supplied by fresh arrivals of those superior FRENCH BLANKETS.

Landing this day ex bark Globe, from Marseilles, 600 pairs GRANIER BLANKETS.

N. B.—Planters and Commission Merchants are informed that their orders for Linseys, Kerseys and other Plantation Dry Goods, will be promptly attended to, and a liberal credit given. H. de GOER & RIPPLARD,
Agents for Zoe Granier, and Importers of Dry Goods, 21 Magazine st.

OFFICE OF GENERAL AGENCY.—The undersigned have this day opened an office of GENERAL AGENCY in Exchange Passage, No. 4, between St. Louis and Conti streets.

They will undertake every description of collections.

In case a guarantee should be required in important transactions, they will furnish such securities.

They will settle all collections every Monday.

The office will be opened from 8 o'clock A. M. till 3 P. M. and from 5 till 7 o'clock P. M.

They have a special agency for the sweeping and repair of chimneys by the year.

M. BERTUS,
H. RUEPIEL.

New Orleans, August 20, 1846.

Shirts, Undershirts and Drawers. C. M. SIMPSON, 33 Chartres street, corner of Custom house streets, offer for sale at low prices, a large assortment of Shirts, Undershirts and Drawers, viz:—Cotton Shirts with linen bosoms, low priced, do fine quality; Linen Shirts fine and extra fine; Colored Cotton and Linen Shirts; Fancy striped Cotton and Linen do; Cotton and Undershirts; Drawers of Silk Cotton, Drilling and Linen, &c. &c., all of which will be sold low to close [illegible]

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.—The subscriber has just received by the ship Franconia from New York a large assortment of Fresh Garden Seeds, consisting of Beets, Beans, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Carrots, Leeks, Lettuce, Peas, Radish, Turnips, &c. all of the first quality and warranted to grow.
WM. DINN, 11 Common st.

TOBACCO—[illegible] landing per ships Victoria [illegible] bright [illegible] new designs; red, white, yellow and mixed [illegible] and colored; pink, blue and half [illegible] DAVID & CHAPUS, 93 Chartres st.

FOR SALE by the undersigned the following Goods now landing ex ship Villiam from Bordeaux:
154 casks of Red Wine of various qualities;
[illegible] casks and half cask White Wine;
[illegible] baskets superior Champaign Anisette;
[illegible] Cordials, [illegible] Cognac.
J. M. LUCAS, 30 Bienville street.

[illegible]

Wednesday Morning, Sept. 30, 1846.

To the Subscribers of the Bee.

As many of our Subscribers and particularly those who are annual advertisers, have their places of business at a considerable distance from the Office of the BEE, we have been induced to establish for their convenience, a Publishing Office, at No. 13, Camp Street, near the City Bank. Advertisements for the Paper may be left there until 8 o'clock P. M., and will receive prompt attention.

In their comments upon the Tariff, it is no unusual matter for the locofoco presses to point to the fact that the Tariff of 1842 passed the House of Representatives by one vote, although the whig majority was between 40 and 50, and to adduce this as evidence that the bill was extremely distasteful in itself, that it was regarded as a merely temporary expedient, and that even as such, it failed to command a large number of whig votes, and barely escaped defeat by a single vote.

Moralists declare that the suppression of truth is quite as culpable as the suggestion of falsehood. Judged by this axiom, the conduct of those prints which, at variance with truth, by intentionally omitting important parts of the Congressional record, must be looked upon as eminently insincere and reprehensible. The facts are given, but not all the facts—those which are suppressed being most essential to the right understanding of the case.

The whigs in the Congress of 1842, passed an act embodying the principles of the late Tariff, and containing identically the same provisions. To this bill a clause was attached recognizing the doctrine of the distribution of the proceeds of sales of the Public Lands, and providing that the receipts from that source should not be considered part of the revenue, but should constitute a fund to be divided among the several States in the ratio of their population. This clause was affixed to the bill, because Mr. TYLER—then at the acme of his infamy and treason—had vetoed a separate bill embracing a similar provision in regard to the public lands. It was thought that the necessity of providing revenue for the Government—then almost in a state of collapse—was so imminent that Mr. TYLER would scarcely dare meet the responsibility of leaving the Treasury without a dollar, and would sign the bill. The President was, however, inflexible and the bill was returned to the House without his signature.

Great indignation and much confusion followed.—Many members were disposed to adjourn at once and leave Mr. TYLER to enjoy the fruits of his treachery. Among these were JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, and several of the Northern and Western whigs. They argued that it was better to encounter a bankrupt Treasury, than to cringe before the despotism of Executive dictation. They thought it safer to plunge the Government into embarrassment than to allow the President to glory in his treason, and to boast of compelling the whigs to sacrifice the doctrines they had long cherished and ardently advocated. Such counsels, however—whether for good or for evil—did not prevail. At this very crisis of the debate Mr. McKENNAN of Penn introduced the same bill which Mr. TYLER had vetoed, omitting the land clause. After a very tumultuous and exciting discussion, the majority, considering that their first and paramount duty was to provide ways and means to carry on the Government, succeeded in forcing through the bill. Thirty-five whigs voted against it, avowedly on the principle that they could not surrender the distribution clause, and would not truckle to the will of the Executive. Every one of these whigs sustained the original bill—every one of them was in favor of the Tariff of 1842. But they would not consent to give up distribution at the behest of Mr. TYLER, and so they voted against the bill in the truncated form in which it had been introduced by Mr. McKENNAN.

This is the simple history of the matter, and it proves conclusively that those locofoco journals which have endeavored to show by the vote on the Tariff of 1842, that the whigs were not united in support of that measure, are either grossly ignorant of the facts, or wilfully disposed to deceive their readers. Let the speech of any one of the whig dissenters who on the final vote opposed the bill, be read, and it will be seen that the true and only motive for the partial whig hostility to the bill on that occasion was the one we have stated.

There are two papers in New York which, though avowedly Locofoco, manifest open opposition to the progressive doctrines of the party. These presses are the *New York Evening Post* and the Albany *Argus*—both old, able and highly influential journals. The *Evening Post* has denounced an elective judiciary and more especially in the form of election by Districts. The Albany *Argus* leans to the protective policy, cannot swallow the hard money notions of the destructives, and is altogether tinged with a conservatism utterly revolting to the radical theories of progression. For this it is assailed; its orthodoxy denied, its Democracy doubted. The New York *Globe*, which goes the extreme length of radicalism, declares that the *Argus* "is not a Democratic paper." In a late article we find the following paragraph:—

"We have been asked, which of two plans were best—whether, in order to strengthen the Democratic party, and secure the ascendancy of its principles, it is better to conciliate that small number of men in the State, who are controlled and led by the *Argus*, or openly and fearlessly denounce their heterodoxy to the Democratic faith, and endeavor, if possible, to drive them into the Federal ranks. We have made up our mind, most decidedly, that if we can rid the Democratic party of its Cromwells, and those whom they control, we shall have performed an act that will lend materially to strengthen its principles and perpetuate its ascendancy."

These squabbles and dissentions—this struggle between the conservative and the destructive wings of Locofocoism demonstrate that in New York, as in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont, the dominant party are divided and distracted, and that the accession of Mr. POLK has only precipitated the impending difficulties which threatened them with disorganization. If the Whigs would only gather experience from such developements they would cease all bickerings among themselves, coöperate efficiently and harmoniously, and present an united front at the State election in November. A brilliant victory would, beyond a doubt, crown their efforts.

SHOCKING CALAMITY—*Seventeen Lives Lost.*—The Toronto *Herald* of the 17th gives the particulars of the upsetting of a boat employed near Cedar Island when crossing the Channel to Point Frederick.—The sea was rather heavy, and about mid-channel a wave struck the boat, and threw in a large quantity of water, alarming several of the men, who, entirely forgetting themselves, suddenly rose up, and the boat immediately upset. A terrible scene ensued. Some of the men were able to swim, and endeavored to save themselves, but were grappled by others, and thus sunk beneath the waves. Six men only out of the number succeeded in clinging to the boat until assistance arrived. So fearful a loss of life has hardly ever occurred on the St. Lawrence, the scene of so many violent deaths by drowning.

Most of the men were married, and, as the awful news spread through the town, the screams and shrieks of the women as they rushed, many of them with children in their arms, through the streets to the water's side, were terrible to hear; and their piercing lamentations were kept up through the night, and during the whole of that melancholy Sunday forenoon, as body after body was recovered from the waves, and was claimed by the heart-broken parents and wives. On one family the dreadful blow has fallen with peculiar severity, five of them having perished—the father, the husband, two brothers, and a brother-in-law, were laid down dead before the agonized wife and sister. They were recent emigrants, only six weeks in the country. The poor woman went into fits, and is since then dead. Altogether there are fourteen women made widows, and seven children left orphans by this terrible calamity.

☞ The Philadelphia correspondent of the Baltimore *American*, writing under date of the 21st instant, says:—Wesley Flyel, of this city, whilst intoxicated last night, threatened to shoot his wife. In attempting to run down stairs to procure a gun he fell and broke his neck. This is the same man who, about a year ago, killed his niece whilst attempting to shoot his wife, when he also slightly wounded. He was sentenced to the Penitentiary for this act, and afterwards pardoned by Gov. PORTER, on condition that he would leave the country. Failing to comply he was re-arrested, but soon after discharged—the Supreme Court having decided that the condition was unconstitutional.

DEATH OF EX-CHANCELLOR BUCKNER, OF MISS.—With the deepest regret, says the *Concordia Intelligencer*, do we receive intelligence of the death of the Hon. R. H. Buckner, of Miss. who [illegible] high and lasting reputation for integrity [illegible] ability and general excellence of character [illegible] long residence there, and was, lately [illegible] of this State. He expired at his residence [illegible] on Tuesday last, the 22d inst.

THE BOSTON POST is not only a politician [illegible] philosopher. With the [illegible] good name he announces the defeat of his party in Maine in this wise: "The election in Maine was [illegible] of the late elections. It looks foggy down east."

From Havana.

By the arrival of the brig *T. Street* we have received our files of Havana papers to the 23d inst. As usual they are exceedingly barren of local intelligence.

The Captain General O'Donnell gave a magnificent banquet to Commodore Laplace and the other officers of the French squadron on the West India station.

A fire occurred in a Tobacco warehouse on the 15th which consumed a large quantity of the stock.

The Royal Lottery was drawn on the 16th. The following are the principal prizes: No. 9208, $30,000; No. 25,722, $16,000; No. 31,548, $5,000; No. 17,048, $5,000; Nos. 18,191, 21,853 and 27,747, each $2,000.

From Texas.

The steamship *Galveston*, from Port Lavacca and Galveston, arrived yesterday afternoon. She left Port Lavacca the 24th and Galveston, the 26th. She experienced a continued gale from the E. N. E. half East during the entire voyage, and lay too 18 hours under Barataria Island, on the 28th instant, on account of the very heavy sea and wind. A number of sail were seen scudding under bare poles.

Small portions of the wreck of the *New York*, have floated into Galveston. Among other things picked up was a drawer containing the captain's watch and some papers of value belonging to the boat.

We extract the following from the Galveston *Civilian*:

"The Kentucky regiment under Col. Marshall, numbering about 800, is encamped at the mouth of the Brazos, many of them on the sick list, owing to the fatigues of a long march. This regiment has just received orders to march forthwith to Camargo. The Tennessee regiment is daily expected. Neither of these regiments were intended to join General Wool. An arrival at Port Lavaca, which left Matamoros on the 18th instant, reports that news had been received very late from General Taylor, to the effect that he was marching upon Monterey with 8,000 men, and was within a few miles of that city. Monterey was said to be defended with a force of 15,000 Mexicans under General Ampudia."

SEA ISLAND COTTON.—The Savannah *Republican* of the 23d inst. says: "We were shown a letter yesterday from a very intelligent planter in Beaufort District, South Carolina. He states that at a recent meeting of the Agricultural Society of that District at Bluffton, a large number of the Planters were present, and the reports of the condition of their crops was most disastrous. Several gentlemen whose force is equal to fifty hands each, stated that they did not expect to make more than from two to five bales.—He states that the appearance of the fields fully confirms the statement, for the ravages of the Caterpillar have been so great, that not a half or young boll is left; they look as dry and barren as they do at Christmas."

MR. BARKER, who was Attorney General of the U. States during a portion of Mr. Van Buren's administration, while in the Court House of Buffalo, N. Y., on the 19th, fell suddenly in a fit of apoplexy. He was living at the last accounts, and some hopes entertained of his recovery.

LOSS OF A BRIG AT SEA BY FIRE.—Captain BRADFORD, of the brig *C. H. Appleton*, from Thomaston, in lat. 37 00, long. 73 28. On 12th instant, fell in with and passed a large brig on Fire. He could not make out her name, but found the word "*Camden*" on her stern. She was apparently loaded with lime. Her decks was burnt up, her mainmast alongside. The bowsprit and jibboom fell while passing her. On the same morning fell in with the schr. *Charles P. Brown*, Captain DEDERSON, from New York, bound to Norfolk. She was dismasted—Captain BRADFORD, took off her crew, two of whom were put on board of a Bremen ship, which was in company at the time, bound to Baltimore. Captain DEDERSON and three of his crew, went on board of their schr. again, for the purpose of trying to get into the nearest port, and if the weather continued good with the sails they had, Captain B. is of opinion they reached their port of destination.

Maine.

When the *Courier* undertakes to prove that Whiggery and Abolitionism have coalesced in Maine, it would do well to examine its statistics a little more closely, and not commit quite so many blunders.

The *Courier* says "the Abolition vote is very nearly 1000 less this year than in 1844." In 1844 the Abolition vote was 5,695—in 1846, the Abolition vote—all the State not having been heard from—is 6,833—only about 2,200 more than in 1844. Again the *Courier* says the Whig vote is 7,000 less than in 1844. True but our contemporary forgets to add that the Locofoco vote is 13,000 less. The last has fallen off far more disproportionately than the first.

As for the *Courier's* insinuation about the use of the term "Liberty vote," it merely provokes a smile. Our neighbor must be at a loss for arguments when he resorts to the innuendo conveyed in the last paragraph of his article.

EPPES, THE MURDERER.—We learn from the last Lynchburg papers, that Capt. Wm. A. Talbot, who pursued Eppes from that place, has returned home without succeeding in overtaking him. He went as far as Galveston, Texas, at which place he lost all trace of Eppes, who had paid his bill and left several days before Capt. T.'s arrival, but it was not known in what direction he had gone. Capt. T. had handbills printed and circulated, which may yet secure his apprehension.

DREADFUL AFFAIR.—The Philadelphia *North American* learns that a young man, a member of a highly respectable family at Bristol, Pa., who had been unfortunately addicted to habits of intemperance, at his mother's residence in that place on Saturday afternoon, in a fit of mania, mutilated his person in a horrible manner. He was alive yesterday afternoon, though there was hardly any hope of his recovery.

ELIHU BURRITT AND INDIAN CORN.—The Learned Blacksmith who is now in England, has profited by his visit, to impart useful information as to the most palatable modes of preparing Indian Corn. The *National Intelligencer* of the 19th says:—

"INDIAN CORN FIXINGS."—The celebrated Elihu Burritt, the American Blacksmith, who is now present engaged in an pedestrian tour through England, has furnished the editors of the British papers with a list of twenty-six receipts for making various articles of food of Indian cornmeal. These receipts (Mr. Burritt says) he applied for and received from ladies in various parts of the Union. "They are not extracted from books, but penned by their own hands, from their own personal experience in converting cornmeal not only into food for the common people, but into luxuries that would tempt the most fastidious palate." Mr. Burritt calls his communication "An Olive Leaf from the Housewives of America to the Housewives of Great Britain and Ireland." It contains receipts for johnny cakes, Indian pound cake, butter cakes, ginger cakes, corn dodgers, hoe cakes, corn muffins, Yankee brown bread, hasty pudding, cornmeal, pudding, baked and boiled pudding, Indian dumplings, green corn puddings, &c.

THANKSGIVING IN GEORGIA.—Gov. Crawford has issued his proclamation appointing Thursday, the fifth of November as a day of solemn thanksgiving.

THE MISSION TO FRANCE.—We learn from the Athens, Ga., *Banner*, of the 22d inst., that Mr. PICKENS has made a visit to that place, and in reference to the rumor that he had been appointed Minister to France, the *Banner* says: "We are authorized by the very best authority to state that the rumor is not true."

THE CALIFORNIA REGIMENT.—The New York correspondent of the Charleston *Courier* says:—"The Californians are in a muss, as usual,—I doubt whether they will go at all. The whole thing seems to have been a regular swindle—disrespectful alike to government, and the individuals acting under its authority."

From Rio Janeiro.

We are indebted, says the Baltimore *Sun*, to a commercial friend, for the following extracts from a letter dated Rio de Janeiro, July 30th:

Since our last circular dated 30th ult., we have to report no change in the political position of this country.

Montevideo advices of the 15th inst. hold out some prospect of a settlement of the difficulties, under which that republic has been laboring so long. A steamer had arrived from England direct, at Buenos Ayres, (having made no call at Montevideo) conveying Mr. Hood on a special mission to Gen. Rosas, and it was generally believed that he has authority to arrange affairs in the best way he can.

Imports.—The American import business in general, is in a very depressed state, owing to large stocks. The uncertainty how the war between the United States and Mexico and the Oregon question may be settled, has not had the anticipated effect of increasing the prices of American articles.

Breadstuffs.—The receipts of flour since our last have again much exceeded our monthly consumption; they comprise 19,170 bbls., of which 5,019 bbls. from Europe, and the balance from the United States. The bakers have continued and still persevere in supplying only their momentary wants, consequently holders, although anxious to reduce their stocks, even at a reduction of prices, have not been enabled to do so, for want of any offers, and transactions for consumption have been extremely limited throughout the month. Owing to some demand for the south and Cape of Good Hope, (where some 23,000 bbls. have been sent, thus relieving the market of part of its surplus stock) prices have been much better supported than could have been expected. The market, however, is by no means in a healthy position, the total stock amounts to some 46,000 bbls., of which 17,000 bbls. Richmond City Mills, 5,000 bbls. Baltimore, 20 [illegible] Brandywine, and [illegible] bbls. European, remain in first hands. The ports north and south of us are well supplied, so that no reliance can be placed on any demand for exportation; and as further supplies are looked for, and the bakers, under the expectation of the early arrival of the new crop, are not likely to extend their purchases, we fear that, should the new arrive at so early a period as last year, large stocks of old will remain [illegible] [illegible]

City Intelligence.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY NUMBER TWO.—The Council met last evening, Recorder Baldwin in the Chair.

The Secretary read the weekly report of the Treasurer, as follows:—

Balance last Tuesday,	$5,111 19	
Amount received since,	3,903 14	
		$8,914 33
Disbursed this week,		3,623 39
Balance on hand,		$5,290 94

A petition from Mr. Robert Arnfield, asking compensation for services rendered as Sergeant at Arms of the Council, was read and referred, on motion of Mr. Reynolds, to the Committee on Claims.

A petition from Mr. Wan, praying to be allowed to establish a timber yard on the batture near Julia street, was next read and elicited some discussion.

Mr. Goodin, moved to lay the petition indefinitely on the table. Lost.

Mr. Reynolds, moved its reference to the Committee on Streets and Landings.

Mr. Peters, moved that it be referred to the Committee on Finance: carried.

Mr. Reynolds, submitted a memorial from Mr. Edward Barnwell, asking the privilege of sinking an Artesian Well, in the midst of Lafayette Square. It was referred, on motion of Mr. Reynolds, to the Surveyor of the Municipality, in order to have the opinion of that officer on the practicability of the plan.

Several reports submitted by the Committee on Claims, were read and adopted.

Mr. Reynolds, offered the following resolution:—

Resolved, That the Treasurer be, and he is hereby authorized to pay on the warrant of the Mayor, the fees which the attending physician or physicians on coroner's inquests, are or may be entitled to receive: adopted.

The Council then adjourned.

PERJURY.—Marguerite Rosalie Ignace alias Peggy, f. c. w. charged with committing a wilful perjury, was arrested last evening by officer Trescases, of the First Municipality Police. Examination this morning.

BEFORE RECORDER BALDWIN.—Henriette Henderson, for receiving stolen property in her premises, was brought up yesterday before the Recorder and remanded for further examination.

Francis Folke was again examined upon several charges of larceny and robbery. The rogue will have to give an account of himself before Judge Preston.

Edward Doherty and Arthur Barnes, were arrested for fighting and disturbing the peace. Doherty was committed for trial before the First District Court, and Barnes discharged upon his paying the jail fees.

Edward Burche, arrested for threatening to wound Mrs. Baden with a razor, was examined and sent before the First District Court.

BEFORE RECORDER GENOIS.—Marcia Joseph Mary, f. c. w., charged with harboring a runaway slave, was sent before the First District Court.

Peter A. Dalzell, accused of breaking open during the night, the doors of an ice cream establishment, kept on the Levee by Mr. Johnson, and carrying away two common tumblers, was examined and committed for his appearance before Judge Preston.

J. Kimbal, arrested for passing spurious coin, gave bail for his appearance before the Recorder on another day.

John Connolly, for assaulting a watchman, was fined five dollars.

James Metrain and X. Magoy, charged with a breach of the peace, were ordered to find bail.

The case of John Anderson, charged with swindling, will be investigated on Friday morning.

ROBBERY.—The house of Mr. Logan, situated on Lafayette street, near Camp, was entered on Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, by some thieves who carried away two watches. They had time to escape and were not arrested.

RELEASED BY AN ALDERMAN.—H. D. Hall was arrested on Monday evening by the First Municipality Police upon a charge of abusing and beating a girl named Long Mary. He was, however, released almost immediately by Alderman Shiells, who ordered to require bond, so that yesterday Recorder Genois called again the case of Hall, which had come up for examination. Alderman was exercise certain privileges which the law grants them, should be ways not with great caution.

Democratic Opinion of the Harbor Veto.
From the Cleveland Democratic Plaindealer.

The Western Democracy should know what to think of the Veto. They have read it, and reread it, and 162 theme yes, the whole, which are the special appropriations to which the objection of unconstitutionality is applicable; and, comparing views after such examination, each section of that Western [illegible] are found to hold different views. Of course, these differences, as one and all have become known, add doubt to doubt; and, with every doubt added, as just so much a diminution of the confidence, the trusting and friendly confidence of some supporter of the President is taken seriously aspersed.

We are prepared to say that our views have changed much since we have taken time and canvassed well the language and contents of the veto. Yet we were staggered when we saw the following paragraph in Washington *Union* speaking of the Veto of the Republican school, of '38, we presume, it proves:—

"They were passed after, with General Jackson's mostly and ... though he knew the line too wide, and its doctrines were so liberal as to admit afterwards the passage of measures which the *National Intelligencer*, in its article of this morning, regards as in contrast with Mr. Polk's veto. The argument, therefore ... it is thus shown ... to be the best ... that those measures are steps consistent with the state on the veto...

Now what is the meaning of this? That Young Hickory has taken his own position, stands out plain, long several inches above the Old Hickory—was content on plain lines ... but that James K. Polk has made up his mind to repair the damage done the Constitution of his country by the ill-judged course of Andrew Jackson. And are we to understand this as an official announcement of the President's purpose that he shall, as regards this matter of Western Harbor Improvements, adopt a new, to wit his own individual construction of the powers of the General Government under the constitution; that he shall "bind or loose" those powers as he best of his meditations may dictate, that he shall pay no regard to the "precedents of General Jackson's Administration;" and that, as to following in the footsteps of an illustrious predecessor, he is far from it?

It pains us to write in this tone. But how, in Heaven's name, can we do otherwise when we think we see not the interests only, but the *rights* of the people of the West sought to be stricken down by a power whose "breath of life" that *people* gave?

We are anxious to know positively whether the organ speaks truly the sentiments of the President to what we have quoted? Will the *Union* say again and, in saying it, speak with an oracular responsibility, as the mouth-piece of the President, that "*it still remains to be proved* that appropriations (for our Lake Harbors) are strictly consistent with the constitution?"

"The Chicago *Democrat*—a paper Edited by John Wentworth, Democratic representative in Congress, from Illinois, holds similar opinions and expresses them with even more freedom and frankness. What a *lovely* party are the 'harmonious Democracy!' What a homogeneity of principle do they every where present? How potent must be "the cohesive power of the public plunder" to keep them banded together with any thing like union! If the Whigs are not wise enough to learn how to conquer such a party, they will, we fear, forever remain in a glorious minority.

We copy the following from the N. Y. *Sun* of the 21st inst:

Important from California.

By an arrival from the Pacific Ocean, we received last night our letters from Upper California, from the 25th of April to the 1st of July, inclusive. We condense the following summary from half a dozen interesting letters. The inhabitants were generally in favor of the United States retaining possession of the country; marriages were becoming frequent; new mines were being discovered, and the busy hum of American industry is waking up the indolent savages on the shores of the great Pacific.

After several dry winters, they have now had a rainy season, and a prospect of a good harvest on the plantations. The natives seem to look for annexation, though they are somewhat indifferent about it. The main plan suggested among others is by a fair sale and an honorable transfer of rulers. One tenth of the residents are now foreigners, which it is thought will be increased by another tenth this September, and the same number in 1847.

Near the town of the Angels, is a large sandy plain at the feet of some mountains, in which they have discovered quantities of gold. A common laborer can gather to the amount of $3 per day. The plan of getting the ore is to wash the sand in a flat basket.—They have instituted ounce currencies of the metal. Mines of coal, bituminous pitch and pewter have been found. At Sonora, on the bay of San Francisco, a quicksilver mine has been opened by a New Yorker, and another by a person of Massachusetts. Both are in successful operation.

Vessels on the California Coast, June 20th, 1846.—Ships Barnstable, Hall, of Boston, coasting and trading; Vandalia, Everette, do; Sterling, Vincent, do; Moscow, Phillips, do; Bark Tasso, Libbey, do; Bark Angola, Salem, Varney, arrived this month from Oahu, and landed and sold a cargo of N. E. domestic goods, is now loading with soap, shingles and timber for Oahu, thence to Salem. This is the first cargo ever sold in California at one sale. It was purchased by Thomas O. Larkin, U. S. Consul. Mexican brig Maria Teresa is loading with California produce for Mazatlan. H. B. M. ship Juno, Captain Blake, left here yesterday for Santa Barbara. U. S. ship Portsmouth, J. B. Montgomery, is at San Francisco. U. S. ship after a long and severe passage, had arrived at Callao, about the 4th of April was to sail for Oahu, expected in Monterey first of July, bound to Mazatlan.

Affairs at the farthest West.—Something new.—Married in the U. S. Consular House, Monterey, California, by Thomas O. Larkin, U. S. Consul, James Williams of Cape Girardeau County, State of Missouri, to Miss Mary Patterson, Jackson County. Mr. John Harris, of Brighton, Monroe County, New York, to Miss Drusilla Shadden, of Jackson County, Arkansas, all arriving in California via the Rocky Mountains.

ALL WRONG.—It was understood at all the Banks on Friday and Saturday that orders had been received that Treasury Notes should be endorsed. The thing was counted so certain that the Treasury Notes which had been paid out were brought back, and Bank notes given for them, because the holders were unwilling to endorse them. Such being the understanding at all the Banks, we did not suppose it necessary to inquire further, but published it, and that publication has done the good service of bringing out the real fact, which is, that there is no fact in the case. The notes although sold at a discount in the street, and returned at par to the banks, are after all received at the Custom House just as the practice has always been. So Treasury Notes are par, and all's smooth again.—*Journal of Commerce* 21.

NEW YORK.—The Hon. James Monroe has been nominated for election to Congress, by the whig convention of the Sixth Congressional District. The district embraces several wards in the city of New York.

NEW-YORK, SEPT. 21st.

From the Sandwich Islands.

We have files of Sandwich Island papers to the 1st June, received overland, via Pensacola.

The Honolulu Friend publishes copies of treaties, concluded between the Government and Great Britain and France. Goods and merchandise of those countries are to be subject to no higher duties than 5 per cent. ad valorem, with the exception of spirituous liquors. The duty on brandy, rum, and other distilled liquors, not exceeding 55 per cent of alcohol was fixed at $5 per gallon, exceeding 55 per cent. $10.—Wines, other than claret, and cordials not exceeding 27 per cent. of alcohol $1 per gallon, above that $5. Claret wine, ale, beer, cider, &c., 50 cents.

A schooner had arrived at Honolulu in the short space of 39 days from Chain.

Several men had been lost in a gale of wind at sea, from the American whale ship Luminary, of Warren, R. I., on the 7th March. The Friend gives the following particulars respecting the unfortunate men who were lost:

"Dr. Brown was a native of Baltimore, where his family and friends now reside. Mr. E. W. Asheim belonged to Tisbury, Martha's Vineyard, where his family, a wife and four children are now living.—George Cummins, B. S. Edginton, Nelson Atherton, carpenter, Rhode Island, Michael Antonio Corvo, Western Islands; Wm. E. Jones, cooper, New York city, and Rob, a Tahitian."

The U. S. schr. Shark arrived at Honolulu on the 23d April in 21 days from Mazatlan—all well.

H. B. M. steamer Cormorant had arrived at Honolulu, being the first vessel propelled by steam that has ever entered that harbor.

FROM THE SOCIETY ISLANDS.—The Friend publishes some interesting documents, on the subject of the difficulties between the French and Queen Pomare.

More fighting had taken place between the French and the natives, and on one occasion, while the American whale ship Peruvian, Capt. Brown, was lying at Papeete, a company of the natives rushed into the barracks of the French, killed several soldiers, and for a few moments held possession, but were soon driven out; and near the beach there was an engagement between several hundred of the French soldiers and about 50 natives securely fortified, numbers were killed on each side. The natives had driven the French from their position at Point Venus. Among the natives here is an Italian, who inspires them with great courage, so that they are represented as by no means wanting in bravery. On several occasions the foreign population had fled on board the ships in the harbor for security. The country is in the hands of the natives, and of course all the provisions, and the French, it was said, would be starved or die of scarcity, if no relief was afforded them.

PITCAIRN'S ISLAND—LAND SLIDE.—Under date of Feb. 15th, our friend and acquaintance, Mr. Buffett, wrote as follows:

"I take this opportunity to inform you of my safe arrival at this island on the 12th instant. I feel happy in informing you that I found my family well and the inhabitants generally in health. During my absence, five have been added to our number, which makes it 127.

"On the 4th of April, last year, they experienced a hurricane here, attended with thunder and lightning and much rain. An avalanche or land slide carried much of our rice all into the sea. It commenced on an elevated part of the island, which it laid bare to the rocks beneath. Its course was through a valley, carrying with it trees and rocks and fields of yam, to the distance of nearly a mile, and much was carried into the sea.

"Several cocoa nut and other trees are now lying on the rocks near the sea. It commenced in the night, but in the morning it was still moving, at that time some trees were seen moving to the sea, standing upright. Several cattle, and the houses in which they were kept, were carried away. On some other parts of the island rents were made in the earth and mounds of earth were thrown up. The inhabitants were thrown into great consternation, thinking that Mr. C's prophecy was about being accomplished."—*Friend.*

SHOCKING OUTRAGE.—A negro man named Charles [illegible] to Mrs. [illegible] on the Patuxent river, went, on the night of the [illegible] to the house of Mrs. Evans, in the vicinity of the Factory District, St. Mary's county, Md., and forced open the door of her [illegible]. He then entered and demanded, upon the threat of death, all the money she had. Mrs. E. told him that she had no money except a small piece of silver, which he compelled her to give him [illegible]. Disappointed in his hope [illegible] Mrs. Hays, a daughter of Mrs. Evans [illegible] her [illegible] and himself beaten and wounded [illegible]. He subsequently [illegible] taken, and was arrested on Thursday last [illegible] —*Baltimore Patriot.*

MARRIED, [illegible] Mr. [illegible] to Miss [illegible]

LATEST DATES.

NEW YORK,	SEPT. 21	LIVERPOOL,	SEPT. [illegible]
WASHINGTON,	SEPT. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
CHARLESTON,	SEPT. 23	VERA CRUZ,	[illegible]
CINCINNATI,	SEPT. 15	HAVANA,	SEPT. 23
BOSTON,	SEPT. [illegible]	TEXAS,	SEPT. 26

Dalley's Original and only Genuine Magical Pain Extractor—The Wonder of the World.

[illegible]

For sale at Dalley's Southern Magical Pain Extractor Depot, 134 Chartres st.

☞ The ship BEDORA, Captain Simpson from Boston will commence discharging this morning at Wharf of Second Municipality. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee.
s29 J. P. WHITNEY & Co. 73 Camp st.

☞ The consignees of the following goods, consigned to order, per ship BEDORA, from Boston, are requested to make themselves known to the discharging clerk on the Levee, viz:—40 bags marked G. H. 200 boxes candles, T. Baker, 100 bags [illegible] and 15 barrels marked [illegible]
s29 J. P. WHITNEY & Co. 73 Camp st.

☞ NOTICE.—My wife, Marie Josephine Lanoe having left my house, I warn the public against giving to her credit or transacting any business with her, as I will not be responsible for the same.
New Orleans, Sep. 28, 1846. CHARLES AVENARD.

☞ The French ship Arthemise, from Bordeaux, now discharging opposite the Bull House. Consignees are requested to take out their permits from the Custom House and receive their merchandise on the levee within five days, otherwise their goods will be sent to the Custom House stores. AUG. MOLIER, 90 St. Louis st.

☞ Mr. Augustin, has requested us to inform the public that his pocket book, with the papers, has been returned, minus the money. s25

☞ Neither the Captain nor Consignees of French ship ARTHEMISE, will be responsible for debts contracted by the crew of said ship.
s26 AUG. MOLIER, 90 St. Louis st.

☞ The Planters that have given orders to the undersigned for the NEGRO CLOTHING, will please to take notice that the same have been received from their manufactory, and are now in store subject to their order and ready for delivery.
GARTHWAITE, PAYAN & Co.
s17—15d No. 19 Canal street.

☞ The subscriber has disposed of his Clothing Store on the corner of Conti and Old Levee streets, to Mr. CHARLES PENOT, for whom he solicits the patronage of his old customers. s18 JNO. BELLOW, Jr.

☞ R. & A. Soulie, have removed their office to No. 130 Royal street, between St. Louis and Toulouse streets.

THE undersigned offer for sale landing per ship Arthemise, from Bordeaux—
48 casks Red Wine, Montferrand;
12 casks Red Wine, St Emilion No. 3.
s30 P. & J. LACOSTE, 105 Royal st.

LANDING ex ship Arthemise from Bordeaux and for sale by the subscriber—10 casks old Montferrand Claret; 18 half casks Sauterne White Wine.
s30 CHAS. DUFOUR, 11 Conti st.

TRUFFLES, Sardines and Ceps in Oil, in store and for sale in lots to suit purchasers, by
s30 CHAS. DUFOUR, 11 Conti st.

CHAMPAGNE WINE—20 baskets Champagne Wine, Comte de Morillat, Star Brand in store and for sale by
s30 CHAS. DUFOUR, 11 Conti st.

FLOUR—100 bbls Eagle, Washington and Wine, Lea & Co's brands, for sale by
EMERSON, TOURNE & Co.
s30 138 Tchoupitoulas st.

GUNNY BAGS—5000 Gunny bags, for sale by
s30 J. P. WHITNEY & Co. 73 Camp st.

THOMASTON MEADOW ROCK LIME—2080 casks cargo of bark Charles Williams, for sale by
s30—3t JOHN HAYMAN, 11 Red Stores.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON—£750, for sale by
s30 J. P. WHITNEY & Co. 73 Camp st.

WAX—9 bbls white wax landing ex brig T. Street, for sale by TROISGROS & LAMPRE, 20 Old Levee.

SWEET MEATS—19 boxes landing per brig T. Street, from Havana, for sale by
s30 TROISGROS & LAMPRE, 20 Old Levee.

TOBACCO—170 bales Vuelta de Abajo Tobacco wrappers and fillers, landing per brig T. Street from Havana, for sale by TROISGROS & LAMPRE, 20 Old Levee.

COFFEE—153 sacks new crop, landing per brig T. Street, for sale by
s30 TROISGROS & LAMPRE, 20 Old Levee.

HAVANA COFFEE—49 bags prime green, new crop, landing ex brig T. Street, for sale by
L. GANTIN, 49 Gravier st.

TOBACCO—200 bales Vuelta de Abajo, wrappers and fillers, landing ex brig T. Street, from Havana, for sale by L. GANTIN, 49 Gravier st.

FLOUR—100 bbls Quincy City Mill Flour, landing from steamer Robert Morris, and for sale by
s30 JAMES E. WOODRUFF, 60 Camp street.

PRIME PORK—100 bbls Prime Pork, at Winburn's inspection, for sale by JAMES E. WOODRUFF, 60 Camp street.

SOFT MESS PORK—100 bbls at Winburn's inspection, for sale by JAMES E. WOODRUFF, 60 Camp street.

MESS PORK—100 bbls Mess Pork, at Winburn's inspection, for sale by JAMES E. WOODRUFF, 60 Camp street.

HAVANA SEGARS—Received per brig T. Street, 40,000 Regalias, branded "United States" and "Flor," for sale by HEPBURN & TURPIN, 93 St. Louis street.

SEGARS—Landing ex brig T. Street, from Havana [illegible] Regalia Segars of the following brands:—[illegible] J. M. CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee.

DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL For Young Ladies,
FOUNDED IN 1832 BY MADAME THERIS AND CONDUCTED SINCE 1840 BY MAD. DESRAYAUX.
(Rampart street, corner of Bienville.)

THE course of instruction pursued in this Establishment is both solid and varied, extending from Reading and Grammar to the study of LITERATURE and the elements of the SCIENCES indispensable to a polished Education.

The FRENCH and ENGLISH LANGUAGES are cultivated with equal attention, and a good opportunity is afforded for their free and familiar use in conversation by the intercourse of Creoles with Americans.

The French Language, general Literature, and the elements of the Sciences are professed by Monsieur A. Dazivier, English Literature and Elocution, Moral and Moral Philosophy, by Dr Macaulay.

Vocal and Instrumental Music is taught by Ladies, exclusively attached to the Establishment, and their constant presence is a guarantee of unremitting attention, both to lessons and practice.

Examinations in Music take place from November to April, on the first Saturday of each month. At the end of May, general examination and distribution of prizes.

TERMS.
Boarders,

General Instruction in French, English and all necessary branches	$25 per month.	
Music	12	do.
Dancing	5	do.
Washing	5	do.

Day Scholars,

General Instruction in English, French, etc.	$11 per month.	
Day Boarders,	do. do.	16 do.

s30

STORAGE! STORAGE!! STORAGE!!!—The subscribers have ample room for the storage of 30,000 barrels, or the bulk thereof, in their fireproof Warehouses on Tchoupitoulas, Notre Dame, Commerce and Julia streets. They are also prepared to make contracts with Merchants for the storage of all their goods, during the ensuing season, on the most advantageous terms; and from the location of their Warehouses, and the arrangements made by them, are enabled to offer their customers, as great, if not greater facilities in the receipt and delivery of produce than any similar establishment in the city. All goods will be weighed, and drayed either into or out of the Warehouse at the lowest rates.
s30 EMERSON, TOURNE & Co. 138 Tchoupitoulas st.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the undersigned, the mulatto Henri alias Benjamin, 5 feet 1 inch in height, French, besides speaking French and English and writing English, good appearance, having two teeth in the upper jaw decayed; light complexion, and well known as having belonged to Mr. Pons Marthesaint. He had a pass for a week, dated 17th June last, and has not since been seen. It is supposed he is employed on board of some steamer as steward.

The above reward will be given to whoever will lodge him in one of the prisons of New Orleans.
JURE,
corner Mendeville and Good, Fauborg Franklin.
☞ Picayune please copy. s30

ALIMENTARY PRESERVES of Joseph Pereau of Nantes, for sale by the undersigned, landing per ship l'Arthemise from Bordeaux. 50 cases sardines in their juice, each box containing 12 bottles; 25 do raspberries do, 10 do cherries do; 20 do assorted fruits, 18 do do 24 half bottles do; 1 do mushrooms natural.
LOREILHE & Co.
s30 cor Royal and Customhouse streets.

FOR SALE—landing per ship l'Arthemise from Bordeaux, 50 cases cherries in brandy; 20 do dried prunes in flasks; 25 do apricots in M. boxes in their juice; 11 do gooseberries and raspberries in their juice; 30 do apricots in brandy; 12 do gooseberries, currants, berry and cherry jelly; 10 do raspberry and gooseberries; 20 do olives; 20 boxes do anisette; 10 do do [illegible]; 25 do d'ar. [illegible]
LOREILHE & Co.
s30 cor Royal and Customhouse streets.

TEACHER WANTED.—A Teacher, living a few miles from the city. Wants a Teacher to instruct six Children. Satisfactory references will be required; and it is required the mother language should be English, and that he should be able to teach French. [illegible] Address Post office [illegible] with terms and reference. s30—1t

LYONS CALLAGE—Received per ship [illegible] from Havre, and for sale by LOREILHE & Co.
s30 cor Royal and Customhouse streets.

INDIGO—5 cases Indigo in store, for sale by
s30 J. M. CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee st.

SUGARS—White, Yellow and Brown, in store, for sale by
s30 J. M. CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee st.

HAVANA SWEET MEATS—Received per brig P. Soulé, 5 cases Guava Jelly and Paste, for sale by
s30 HEPBURN & TURPIN, 23 St. Louis st.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL—The undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public that [illegible] [illegible]

NEW SEASONABLE GOODS.

RECEIVED from Havre, New York, and Europe per ship [illegible] and for sale by [illegible]

[illegible]

LANDING ex ship Arthemise, from Bordeaux: 55 [illegible] [illegible]

SEGARS—25,000 Regalia and Imperial, landing per brig P. Soulé, from Havana, for sale by
s30 TROISGROS & LAMPRE, 20 Old Levee st.

CHAMPAGNE—30 baskets Clifford's brand, 30 do. [illegible] for sale by
s29 EUG. ROCHEREAU & Co. 17 & 19 St. Louis st.

SEGARS—25,000 [illegible] for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & Co. 17 & 19 St. Louis st.

HAVANA SEGARS—A complete assortment of Havana Segars, in store, for sale by
s22 J. M. CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee st.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

JUST received of the newest styles and latest importations by

C. M. SIMPSON, No. 33 Chartres street,

the following new and desirable Goods:
Extra rich Paris cashmeres;
mousseline de laines;
Medium priced cashmeres, very rich;
Two cases mousseline de laines, low priced;
Splendid Pr. embroideries;
Rich plaid mohair cashmeres;
Five cases American calicoes;
Rich silk shawls; do cravats;
One case curtain muslins;
Colored plain and damask cottons for curtains;
Fine plaid and striped muslins for mosquito bars;
Ladies cravats; kid gloves of the best quality.

Also—Selling at very low an invoice of rich bareges, [illegible] colors, do do Irish linens, genuine, together with a full assortment of staple goods suitable for family and plantation use. s26—st

FOR SALE—A negro woman aged 23 years. Cook, good Washer and Ironer, guaranteed and a faithful subject. Terms—Cash.

Also—A HOUSE situated at a good corner of suburb Treme, roofed with slates, divided into six apartments, four of which have chimneys, the yard paved, a brick two story kitchen, hydrant, &c.

This house is new and leased at $32 per month. It will be sold for a part cash and the balance at one year. For further information, apply to P. F. De GOURNAY,
s26 17 Exchange Passage.

LANDING per ship Arthemise, from Bordeaux, and for sale by the undersigned:—
320 cask Red Wine;
263 baskets superfine Olive Oil, large bottles;
500 do Aniseed;
40 bales Corks, in bales of 15,000 and 30,000;
6 cases Sitting Twine;
60 cases Fruits in brandy.
s30 AUG. MOLIER, 90 St. Louis st.

FOR SALE by the undersigned, landing from ship Arthemise, from Bordeaux—
50 cases St. Julien Wine;
50 bbls White Wine, Haut Sauterne;
150 cases Cherries, in brandy;
50 do Prunes, in do;
25 do Absynth;
s26 S. DUDOUYT, 13 Toulouse st.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned Commissioners appointed by the Governor and Chief Justice of the State of Louisiana to distribute the funds bequeathed by the late Stephen Henderson for the benefit of the Poor of the Parish of Orleans, give notice that they have entered upon their duties. All destitute persons residing in this Parish and desiring aid, are invited to make known their situation to the Commissioners, that the assistance contemplated in the last will and testament of Mr. Henderson may be afforded them. Application may be made to either of the Commissioners, accompanied with written testimonials as to character and circumstances.

New Orleans, September 23d 1846.
W. A. ELMORE,
D. PRIEUR, Commissioners.
J. A. MAYBIN.
s25—1m

FRENCH DRY GOODS.

NOW LANDING ex ship Rubicon from Havre, and for sale by the undersigned—

New style French cottonades; buff, blue and red plain, and satin striped curtain calicoes; latest styles French calicoes; new style muslin de laine for children; French mousseline lakes; light colored and black cassimeres; blue and black broad cloths; pomatum; creme de perle, soap, &c. &c. &c. CHAS. A. BARRIERE,
s25 20 Chartres street.

LANDING ex ship Arthemise, from Bordeaux:—
[illegible] boxes Sardines, A. Cusano brand;
2000 half boxes Sardines, do;
2400 qr do do do;
90 boxes Peas;
200 hf do do;
48 boxes Mushrooms;
90 cases Brandy Cherries;
5 do Swiss Absynth;
17 bales three points French Blankets, for sale by
EUG. ROCHEREAU & Co.
s26 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

SUNDRIES—100 boxes superfine Olive Oil, 1 doz bottles each box; 200 baskets do do of 24 bot; 200 do Anisette; 40 cases Kirsch; 40 do Absynthe; 60 do brandy fruits; 50 casks Montferrand, Queyries, St Emilion, and Chateau Margaux Claret; 40 boxes assorted Cordials; 40 do Orange Flower Water; 140 boxes Pickles; 4 cases Florette paper, for sale by REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.
s19 34 Tchoupitoulas st.

TEAS—500 packages Green and Black comprising Imperial, Gunpowder, Young Hyson, Souchong and Pouchong, in half chests, caddies, canisters, and caddy boxes of various weights, for sale by ROBERTS & HALL, 75 Magazine st.

Office of the [illegible] Steam Cotton Press Co.

THE Annual election of seven directors for this company, will take place on MONDAY, 5th October, at their office, Third Municipality, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. 26th September, 1846.
s28 F. J. FORSTALL, Secretary.

P. F. DE GOURNAY, Collector,

No. 17, EXCHANGE PASSAGE, (between Conti & St Louis,) WILL undertake the collection of accounts at a moderate commission. He will make arrangements with merchants and physicians for the monthly or annual collection of their bills, and will, if required, furnish good security for all large accounts entrusted to him.

He will undertake collection in the country, or any part of the State, and will institute judicial proceedings at his own expense, when necessary.

He will assume the agency for house rent and servant hire.

Those disposed to honor him with their confidence, are requested to examine the subjoined list of references:

J. A. Merle,	A. Bonnabel,
W. F. Vigers,	J. B. Jennings,
J. H. Aldridge,	J. A. Bandouin,
Brug & Smedes,	A. Mazureau,
Thibaut & Augustin,	Dr. J. C. Landreaux,
J. A. Bujuge,	Dr. Von Poellnitz,
J. D. Lambert,	Dr. C. Faget.

GARTHWAITE, PAYAN & Co.
No. 19 Canal street, (Pudding's Row, between Old Levee and Chartres streets.

MANUFACTORY, No 292 BROAD STREET, NEWARK N. J.

HAVE received per ships Louisville, Wabash Vicksburg, Oswego, Union, and Queen Victoria, which they offer at extremely low prices for cash only, or its equivalent, the following assortment of FALL GOODS:—

PLANTATION GOODS—Kerseys, Monkey Jackets, Round Jackets, and Pantaloons; Blue Flushing; Lion Skin, Blue and Green Blankets; Pea Blanket Overcoats; Pilot Cloth and Monkey Jackets; heavy Black mixed Summer Double Breasted Vests; Twilled Red Flannel; Hickory and Marine's Twills Striped Brown and White Cotton Cotton and Linen Check Shirts; 300 dozen Vermont Country knit Socks.

For City and Country Trade.

COATS—Paletots, Sack, Boxing gowns, or Water Proof Wrappers, Black and Fancy Cloth, Saxe Coburg, French English and Doeskin Tweeds, Goat's Hair, Cashmere, Jeans, the Cloth, French, English, German and American Black Cloth Dress and Frock Coats.

PANTALOONS—Black Doeskin, Cassimere, Ribbed and Double Milled d'Elbe, Fancy Cassimere, Tweed, Fancy Satinet, Black and Black Mixed.

VESTS—Style Straight Collar, Rolling Collar, Double Breasted and Rolling Collar, Double Breasted and Robespierre, of the following materials—Fancy Cashmere, Black d'Elbe, Black and Blue Cassimere, Black and Mixed Satinets, Black and Fancy Silk Velvet, Fancy and Black Satin and Fancy Valencia.

An extensive assortment of Linen, Linen Bosom and Cotton Shirts; Net, Lamb's Wool, Merino Brown and White Shirts and Drawers; Brown Twilled and Plain White and Brown Cotton Shirts and Drawers; White and Red Flannel do; Striped, Linen do; Check Linen and Cotton Mariner's, Striped do; Socks, Scarfs, Stocks, Silk and Cambric Handkerchiefs, of all kinds.

Planters, Merchants and Dealers are respectfully invited to examine the above goods before purchasing elsewhere—the few Summer goods now remaining on hand we are selling at a very small advance above cost prices.
s17 GARTHWAITE, PAYAN & Co.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

LANDING per ship [illegible] from Havre, and for sale by the undersigned, at advantageous terms:

[illegible]

LOUIS BUHLER & Co. 25 Chartres st.

CANAL STREET FERRY.

TO THE PUBLIC.—[illegible] [illegible]

S. HAWLEY & Co. Proprietors.

[illegible]

JOHN BAILEY.

LANDING per ship [illegible]

[illegible]

IN STORE, [illegible]

LOISON & SILVESTRE, 20 Customhouse st.

RODGERS'S POCKET KNIVES, &c. &c.

[illegible]

ALEXANDER LEVY & Co.
Corner of Camp & Gravier sts.

TO LEASE.—[illegible]

CLASSICAL WORKS.

ANDREWS' CLASSICAL DICTIONARY.
[illegible]
Adam's Roman Antiquities.
Fisk's Classical [illegible]
Harper's [illegible]
Tooke's Pantheon, &c. &c.

Also an extensive assortment of other Standard School and Miscellaneous Works, in every department of Literature, Science and Art, together with a variety of Stationery, for sale at the lowest prices, at the New Orleans Literary Emporium.
s21 J. B. STEEL, 14 Camp st.

Miss E. Mancilly's Academy
For the Instruction of Young Ladies, at Oakley, near [illegible]

THE Classical exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Thursday, the 1st of October next.

REFERENCES: Right Rev. Dr. Chanche, Major H. Chotard, Gen. Quitman, Rev. W. A. Mercer, B. F. Young & McPherson, W. St. John Elliot, Esq. J. [illegible] Esq., James Payne, Esq. R. Dunbar, Esq. [illegible] Esq. J. M. Dunbar, Esq. Dr. Parker, Port Gibson, [illegible] of Louisiana W. J. Zacharie, Esq. and [illegible] Esq. of New Orleans.

TO RENT—A tract of Land fronting on the [illegible] Railroad, suitable for a vegetable garden, on which there is a good house and well fenced on terms very moderate. Apply to
B. & A. SOULIE, 15 Conti st.
New Orleans, July 16th, 1846.

LANDING per ship [illegible] 3 cases COTTON SPOOLS, 3 cords, of the Clark Manufactory, adapted for the New Orleans and the Mexican markets, for sale by DUNCAN KENNEDY, s22 Toulouse 32.

MARINE, RIVER & FIRE INSURANCE.

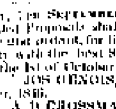
THE UNDERSIGNED, Agents for the PELICAN and MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY of New York, and the Protection and Hartford Insurance Companies of Hartford, Connecticut, are insuring against MARINE, RIVER AND FIRE RISKS on the most favourable terms.

Any losses which the above Companies may sustain on Risks, taken at this Agency, will be liberally adjusted according to the usages of Insurance Companies in this city, and paid with promptness in money current in the Banks of New Orleans.

Office No. 47 Camp Street.
W. R. FOSDICK,
G. C. LAWRASON,
s14—ly Agents.

NEGROES FOR SALE.—Four superior house servants, Cooks, Washers and Ironers. ALSO—Two girls thirteen and fourteen years [illegible] or negroes for sale, and a lot of many [illegible] servants, mechanics and field hands, will be here by the first of October. Enquire at
B. F. SLATTER, No. [illegible]
N. B. A first rate blacksmith [illegible]

At Messrs. [illegible] Dolbear's

WRITING  ACADEMY,

No. 15 Camp street.

PUPILS from 7 to 50 years of age receive instructions until they write in a free, bold and rapid business style.

Pupils write between 9 and 12 A. M. or between 5 and 8 P. M. Ladies write from 3 to 5 P. M. s15 1m

Mayoralty of New Orleans.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY NO. ONE.

SITTING OF MONDAY, 7th SEPTEMBER, 1846.

RESOLVED, That Sealed Proposals shall be received by this Council till the 21st instant, for lighting up the streets of this Municipality with the best Sperm Oil for one year, to commence on the 1st of October next.
(Signed,) JOS. GENOIS, Recorder.
Approved 10th September, 1846.
(Signed,) A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.
A true copy. s15 A. MAZUREAU, Sec'y.

NOTICE.—The Copartnership existing under the name of CHAUVIN & LEVOIS, is dissolved by mutual consent, from the 10th September, 1846.

MR. J. LEVOIS will remain alone entrusted with the liquidation of the firm, and continue the same line of business at the old stand No. 88 Chartres street, under the name of J. LEVOIS.
New Orleans, September 15, 1846.
E. CHAUVIN.
s19 J. LEVOIS.

ADVERTISEMENT TO THE LOWEST BIDDER.—Ship builders are informed that all the necessary information regarding the repairs of the French brig Laure, Captain Tilliol, will be given at the French Consulate, corner of [illegible] and St. Peter streets, and where also sealed offers will be received till the 15th instant.
s12 BERTRAND & SEROS.

FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED—1000 half boxes Sardines, brand Rodel, in cases of 50½ boxes; 2000 large boxes Sardines, brand Rodel, in cases of 20 boxes; 1000 quarter boxes Sardines, brand Rodel, in cases of 100 quarter boxes. s12 ST. V. BARRETT, 91 Gravier st.

LIQUORS, &c.—4 bbls Gin, Fleming; 15 cases Rhenish Wine; 1 case French Mustard; Ivory Black, in dust; 5 bbls very old superior Cognac, of the brand of Pellevoisin 1810 and 1835, for sale by
m17 TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD, 90 Customhouse st.

NAILS—350 kegs Boston brands, for sale by
NORCROSS & POSHON, 40 Gravier st.

GROUND SPICES—250 packages ground Pepper, Ginger, Allspice, Cinnamon, Cayenne, Cloves, Mustard, &c. for sale by ROBERTS & HALL, 75 Magazine st.

HAY—1000 bales prime Western, for sale in lots to suit purchasers by RICKER & PEARSON, [illegible] Camp st.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—For a term of years, a handsome property, situated on Bayou St. John, being thirty two superficial arpents. The land is cleared, drained and almost entirely fenced in. The buildings consisting of a country residence, negro cabins, stables, &c. [illegible]

For terms, apply [illegible] office of Mr. John Slossy, 42 Bay [illegible]
ALBIN MICHEL.

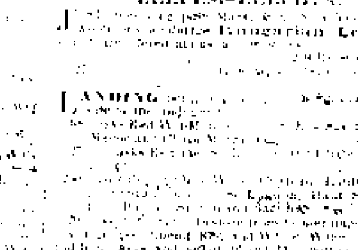
TO RENT—[illegible] a three story brick [illegible] kitchen in the rear [illegible] works situated on Levee, between Elysian Fields and Marigny streets [illegible] Possession will be given immediately [illegible] for a Boarding House [illegible] Apply at No. 42 Burgundy st. between Bills and Custom House sts.

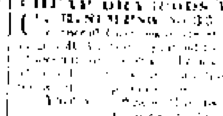
FOR SALE OR RENT—The property occupied by the undersigned, in suburb Washington, Third Municipality, consisting of a lot [illegible] stable, coach house, [illegible] garden in full bloom; further information and terms, apply to A. TREMOULET, 20 Old Levee.

TO RENT from the first of October [illegible] Warehouse, or lofty street, near the [illegible] Apply to WHITE & EGANA, 57 Bienville st.

TO RENT [illegible]

TO RENT [illegible]





LEECHES—[illegible]

[illegible] Hungarian Leeches [illegible]

LANDING [illegible]

F. & T. LACOSTE, 105 R. [illegible]

CHEAP DRY GOODS FROM AUCTION. C. M. SIMPSON, No. 33 Chartres street, [illegible]

[illegible]

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.—Absconded from the undersigned, on the [illegible] last, the negro woman ELIZA, aged [illegible] [illegible] English [illegible]

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.—[illegible]

NOTICE. DETAINED [illegible]

WAS COMMITTED [illegible]

[illegible] has the honor of informing the public that he keeps a stable at No. 148 [illegible] street, formerly the establishment of Mr. Braun, where he will board horses and [illegible] Vehicles, and hire saddle horses and carriages at the most moderate prices. He will also sell and buy horses.

Mr. Dollan will continue his practice of Veterinary and Horse Shoeing at No. 141 Burgundy street. s25 1y

PARIS HATS.

FALL FASHION—The subscribers have received three cases new style black French Hats, which will be sold very cheap for cash.
H. de GOER & RIPPLARD, 21 Magazine st.

BROUGHT TO THE POUND of the First Municipality, Main street, between [illegible] and Roman streets:

A bay Horse having a white star on the forehead, one hind foot and one fore foot white, is marked on the left [illegible] the ears, harness sores on the body, without any other apparent mark or brand.

A bay Horse having a star on the forehead, harness marks on the body, without any other apparent mark or brand.

If not claimed from this date to the 3d October, said animals will be sold at the usual time and place by R. Kernion, Auctioneer.
MICHEL DE BAR, Keeper of the Pound.
s22—10t

BRANDIES under the keys of the Custom House, and for sale by the undersigned:
8 half pipes first proof Castillon's 1837;
6 quarter pipes do do;
3 half pipes do do 1843;
3 quarter pipes do do;
4 half pipes fourth proof Pinet Castillon & Co.
3 quarter pipes do;
56 half pipes do J. J. Dupuy;
50 quarter pipes do;
15 half pipes do Leger Freres, Bellevue;
30 quarter pipes do [illegible]
s14 EUG. ROCHEREAU & Co. 17 and 19 St. Louis street.

BRANDY—50 bbls and 8 half pipes, very old Brandy, Eagle's brand, just received per ship [illegible], for sale by REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co. 34 Tchoupitoulas st.

TALLOW—A small invoice, for sale by
s27 ROBERTS & HALL, 75 Magazine st.

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—150 cases landing from ships Union, R. G. Shaw and brig Architect, for sale by R. O. HOBBS, 12 Customhouse st.

FRENCH STOCKS—assorted [illegible] on hand, and for sale by LEOPOLD JEANNOTT, [illegible]

DOMESTIC LIQUORS—[illegible] bbls New Orleans and New England Rum, Brandy, Gin, Whiskey [illegible] Spirits, at various proofs, for sale by ROBERTS & HALL, [illegible]