The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 175: VOL VII.—NEW SERIES. NEW ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 29, 1845. VOL XIX—WHOLE NO. 4925

TERMS OF THE BEE.

SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, semi-weekly, one year in advance, - - - - - - 5

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or to the paper and advertising, it will not be considered as discontinued on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

ADVERTISING.—One dollar per square, for each language of the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one; any alteration from the original advertisement will be charged as a new one. TEN lines are a square from ONE to TEN lines, charged as a square.

ALL ADVERTISEMENTS not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged $1 per square for each language and for each insertion.

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Merchants and Traders, in French and English,	$60
Commission merchants, ship and steamboat factors, do,	80
Banks, insurance office, public institutions,	80

To advertisers in either French or English only, a reduction of 25 per cent will be made on the above prices, payable yearly in advance.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to one square in extent, and three changes per week.

ANNUAL ADVERTISERS out of the direct line of business of the yearly advertiser, such as legal, auction, and plantation sales, houses or lots of ground to let or to be sold, runaway slaves, stray animals, &c. &c., will be charged categorically and at the ordinary rates.

All notices of Candidates for political offices; all notices or articles of a personal nature (when admitted) will pay $2 per square, in advance.

J. MAGNE & WEISSE.

FEE BILL!

A NEW COPIES of the above Bill have been printed in French and English for the use of Courts, &c., and for sale at the office of the Bee, at Magne & Weisse's Literary Depot—price $1 per copy. m29

The New Constitution

OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

Printed in both languages, in pamphlet form, for sale at the office of the Bee, at Magne & Weisse's Literary Depot—price 50 cents.

COMMISSION HOUSE.

TO SOUTHERN AND WESTERN MERCHANTS

THE subscribers have on hand and are constantly receiving from the best manufacturers in New England a prime stock of BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS, which will be sold at very low prices, for cash, they being the sole agents.

They are also agents for several of the best Tanneries in the country, and have constantly on hand a prime assortment of LEATHER.

N. B.—Cash advanced on LEATHER and WESTERN PRODUCE of all kinds.

DOWLER & WHALL, Commission Merchants, 21 and 22 Faneuil street, Boston.

LEE A. DOWLER,
JAMES B. WHALL.

REFERENCES:
Messrs. Jos. Whitney & Co., } Boston,
Messrs. Spofford, Tileston & Co., }
Messrs. Stanford, Tileston & Co., } New York.
Richard Knapp, Esq., }
Messrs. C. M. Leupp & Co.,
Messrs. Maddock, Hewitson & Reed, Philadelphia.
Messrs. Prime, Ward, Jones & Co., Baltimore.
Messrs. Reynaud, Humphrey & Co., Albany. m30

NOTICE.—If Mr. CHARLES RICHARD YEATS will call at the office of the British Consulate, he will learn something that may be of service to him. 83

JOSEPH A. HALL holds our power of attorney during our temporary absence from the city.

New Orleans, June 28, 1845. NORCROSS & FORDICE.

REMOVAL. The office of the British Consulate is removed to No. 10 Musson's Buildings, corner of Canal and Royal sts. s28

REMOVAL.—WILLIAM MURE has removed to No 10 Musson's Buildings, corner of Canal and Royal sts. s28

REMOVAL.—MR TRON informs the public he has removed his office for the loan of money on pledge and purchase of bullion and silver, which he removed from No 17 St Louis street to No 108 Bourbon, between Conti and St. Louis street, where he will continue as formerly loaning money on all kinds of goods, and exchanging gold and silver, for which he will pay the highest prices.

☞ Persons are requested not to send children or others to the office. Bourbon street, No 108. s29—6t

LEONARD STURLEVANT & CO.,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS
AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
SPERM, WHALE AND LINSEED OILS,
Soap, Candles, Teas, White Lead, Black Paint, &c.
No. 12 Old Levee Street, New Orleans.

HEPBURN & CURTIS,
IMPORTERS OF
HAVANA CIGARS.

Have a large assortment of the best brands, which they offer at trade low for cash, or approved paper. Samples can be seen at their office, No. 11 Royal street, New Orleans.

L. Duperron,
DOCTOR DENTIST,
No. 29½ Bourbon street,
Between St. Philip and Dauphin streets.

His office is open from 9 o'clock A M, till 3 P M, and from 7 till 9 in the evening.

NOTICE.—During my absence from this city, Messrs. H. Gray and P. M. Nicolay are my procurators, passed before Louis T. Caire, notary public, dated this day.

PIERRE POUTZ.

New Orleans, May 26, 1845. m29

W. F. VERDENBURGH & Co., No. 8 Old Levee, will transact Insurance, Forwarding and Commission business, and continue to keep a full assortment of Groceries, Liquors, &c. &c. m29

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & CO.,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
No. 21 Canal street, New Orleans.

m8

MR. JOSEPH A. HALL is duly legally authorized agent and Attorney in fact, during our temporary absence from the city.

NORCROSS & FORDICE.

ADVANCES.—Liberal cash advances will be made on consignments of sugar, molasses and cotton, to our friends in Cincinnati.

REYNAUD & FALLON, 16 Bienville st.

FORDICK & BROTHER,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 56 Camp street. New Orleans.

m26

RODRIGUE, WOODS & Co.,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 72 Tchoupitoulas street. s1

LEECHES!

LEECHES—20,000 Hungarian and Swedish Leeches, just received per ship Susan Drew, from Havre, and for sale at Mrs. Lee and fifteen cents a piece, at the Medical Depot, Esplanade street, corner Chartres, No. 86, southside of Royal street.

The entire Depot has received Two Thousand Spanish leeches by Brig Clio, from Havana, which will be sold in any quantities desired.

☞ Prices will not vary during the sickly season. s27 F. SOUBIRAT.

Leeches---17,000.

THE subscriber has received per Nashville his regular supply of Hungarian Leeches, which he offers to the public at his usual reduced prices as heretofore.

Owing to a great mortality in our last importation I have constructed a new tank of the same for the preservation of the leech, and the consequence has been that a very inferior article of leech has been sold to the public at our customary prices.

I will not hereafter regularly supplied with the best article at my old prices, which I established since I commenced to down with monopoly.

J. B. RUSCONI,
No 167 Chartres street, corner of Peter and st.
No 48 St Charles st, opposite St Charles Hotel.

☞ To favorable my customers of the 24 Municipality have a depot at Mr T Martin's, druggist, corner Hospital and Levee. s29

LEECHES! LEECHES!!

RECEIVED by the Empress, from Havana and the Rocks, from New York, a lot of SPLENDID LEECHES, recently caught, and for sale at the depot in Bayou street, near the Mint.

s29 REYNAUD PETITBIEN.

Messrs. Warren, guaranteed of the first quality, and approved by the Medico Chirurgical Society, at the office of the 5th August, 1844. may be also found at the above depot.

F. & J. Lacoste, 105 Royal St.

HAVE on hand and offer for sale at very reduced prices: 100 Red wines in casks, half casks and boxes of 12 and 24 half bottles—such as Chateau Lafitte, Chateau Margaux, Chateau Larose Med. & St Estephe No. 1, St Estephe St Emilion No 2, Montferrand, White Wine in barrels and boxes of 12 bottles and half bottles—Haut Sauterne, Barsac, Sauternes; a complete assortment of Champagne of the finest qualities, Cognac Martouchino Dentric brandy, superfine and extra fine Armagnac, Rhum, Rhenish wine, Madeira, Muscat and Lunel, Champagne, Vermuth called Turin; also superfine cordials in porcelain jugs and stoppers, of different qualities. s29

THE partnership in commandite, under the style of Blanchard, Kimer & Co., has been dissolved by limitation.

Either of the two acting partners will attend to the liquidation.

T. H. BAILLY BLANCHARD,
J. H. KIMER.
SAMUEL MOORE, partner in

s19—8t

THE undersigned has established himself, on his own account, for the purpose of transacting a General Commission Business. TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD.

s19—8t

THE undersigned has established himself, on his own account, for the purpose of transacting a General Commission Business.

J. H. KIMER.

DISSOLUTION.—THE PARTNERSHIP, this day existing between REYNAUD & FALLON, in the city of New Orleans, is dissolved by limitation of its contract. The signature will be used by either of the undersigned for objects of liquidation. PETER REYNAUD,
S. FALLON.

New Orleans, 19th September, 1845. s19

FORMATION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a partnership, under the name of REYNAUD, CUCULLU & CO., for the transaction of a general commission business.

PETER REYNAUD,
JOSE MATEO CUCULLU,
S. P. WORRIES.

New Orleans, 17th September, 1845.

FISHER, K. & BRO., Commission Merchants, 74 Camp st., have in store and for sale—

Sperm oil—2,000 gallons winter strained;
Soap—200 boxes low Marseilles brand;
Teas—100 chests Hyson and Young Hyson,
50 half chests Souchong,
50 half chests Pouchong,
50 half chests Young Hyson,
100 10-lb boxes Souchong,
50 12 lb boxes Young Hyson;
Rice—50 barrels clean No 1 ditto;
Cheese—50 barrels cheese Newark Cider;
Vinegar—50 hhds pure cider Vinegar;
Turpentine—15 bbls very white spirits turpentine
Mackerel—20 bbls New York Pearl Starch;
Wines—40 qr casks superior Madeira;
Brandy—5 half pipes Rochelle cognac brandy;
10 half pipes Otard;
Champagne Brandy—1 half pipes very choice, vintage 1834;
Gin—15 pipes Holder Dorus brand;
Port wine—10 pipes, quality fine;
Rum—200 bbls Medford do Rum;
Molasses—100 bbls prime to choice new crop;
Rope—30 tons Manilla. s29 tf

VERDIGRIS—14 cases pure, crystals in oil, in store by s19 FORDICK & BRO, 74 Camp

CALF SKINS.—The undersigned has just received one case of Rouen, from Havre, in bonding, which he offers at wholesale price 50 per cent below present price. D. B. MACKETT
j29 76 Bienville.

FLOUR—250 bbls superior fresh ground, now in store from steamboat Red River, for sale by
m30 J. B WOODRUFF, 60 Camp

NEW ORLEANS BEE

J. MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS.
NO. 81 CHARTRES STREET.

Official Journal of the State,
AND COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY No. 2

WHIG CANDIDATES.

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM DEBUYS,
FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
EDWARD SPARROW.

NEW-ORLEANS,
MONDAY MORNING, SEPT. 29, 1845.

☞ THE NORTHERN MAIL failed yesterday from beyond Baltimore. We are consequently without advices by the British steamer. Her news will probably arrive to-day, should the mail come through.

WESTERN CONVENTION AT MEMPHIS.

Our readers are doubtless aware that a Convention was held at Memphis on the 4th July last, with a view to the adoption of active measures to stimulate public attention to the long neglected resources of the South and West. In consequence of a somewhat inflatile notice, little impression was made on the public mind: most of the South Western States were imperfectly represented; some neglected altogether to appoint delegates, and the Convention, after an interesting and able investigation of many of the subjects connected with the claims and resources of this important region, finally adjourned, but not before determining that its action at that period should be considered simply as preliminary, and that the final consummation of its objects should be postponed to a Convention to be held at Memphis on the 12th of November next.

In a published circular by the Committee of Correspondence, we learn that among the projects which will primarily engage the attention of the Convention may be mentioned: the Atlantic and Mississippi Rail Road; the great Ship Canal connecting the Illinois River with Lake Michigan; the National Turnpike Road through the State of Arkansas; the Military and Naval Defences of the South and West, embracing Armories, Depots and Forts; the improvement of Southern and Western Rivers and the reclaiming of the banks of the same by levees; the facilities of Mail Transportation; the condition and improvement of Agriculture and the Manufacturing capabilities of the South and West.

Many of the proposed objects are of vast importance to the Valley of the Mississippi, and several in particular, are intimately connected with the future progress and prosperity of our State and her vast commercial emporium. If the action of the Convention embraced no other question than the military and naval defences of the South West, we conceive that this alone would imperatively require that Louisiana should be adequately represented. Since the urgent demands of our representatives in Congress, backed by the universal complaints of the press, have thus far nearly completely failed to extort adequate provision for putting our seaboard in a posture of defence that would enable it to resist a sudden maritime descent, it is time for us to try the last resort of a deliberate expression of the public will of the whole South West, through its constituted delegates. While thousands of dollars are annually expended on the North and East, the South West has to vain exhibited her defenceless and exposed condition: in vain demonstrated that in case of collision with a foreign power, upon her unprotected soil would the first swoop of the enemy be made. The hands which have lavished rich bounties on the North, have but grudgingly doled out at distant intervals, a parsimonious appropriation to a region of country which requires nothing but the fostering kindness of the government to place it in confirmed security, and enable it to develope its vast and almost illimitable elements of wealth.—Concerted and energetic action may accomplish much, and hence it is our earnest hope that a strong and intelligent delegation may be sent to the Memphis Convention, in order that the claims of our City and State may be properly established and enforced.

We have barely glanced at one among the many momentous subjects which will come before the Convention. They are of a nature to interest every condition and class of persons. The farmer, merchant, manufacturer, mechanic, will be alike benefitted by whatever may result from the action of that body. It is well observed by the Memphis *Eagle*, that in assemblages of this kind men of utmost every calling are collected, bringing with them their skill and zeal, a knowledge of the wants and resources of their respective districts of country; an impulse is given to the spirit of enterprise, which can be derived from no other means, and which directs it in safe and profitable channels. It sometimes happens, that in adjacent neighborhoods, improvements are undertaken that bear no relation to one another confining their advantages to certain limits, and thus excluding that identity or community of interest which so often enhances the value of each. Hence the utility of conferring with our neighbors upon the various works we may have in contemplation. The rapid settlement of the West has suggested many plausible schemes of improvement, which if realized, will make of her people the most independent community in the world.

We shall again refer to the subject.

LATER FROM CHINA.—EARTHQUAKE AND CONFLAGRATION.

The ship *Keiskow*, Capt. Land, arrived at New York on the 18th inst., from Canton, whence she sailed on the 5th of June, making her voyage out and back in seven months and one week days. The news by this arrival is of some importance.

From Hoonan province there are accounts of a dreadful earthquake, which demolished about ten thousand houses killing upwards of four thousand people. Circulars, with the particulars, were selling in the streets of Canton.

A newspaper of the 31st May, called the *Friend of China*, contains the particulars of a most calamitous fire which broke out in a theatre, within the walls of the city of Canton, on the 25th May, and which occasioned considerable loss of property and vast destruction of life. The theatre, formd the centre of a square, to which there was only access by one narrow lane.—After the fire was observed the audience endeavored to escape by the lane, but unfortunately the crowd from without were trying to force their way into the square, and prevented a large number of those who were within from obtaining egress—the two bodies appear to have got jammed, the greatest confusion prevailing. It is supposed upwards of eight hundred lives were lost by the fire, the falling timber, or borne down by the crowd and suffocation. The bodies are so horribly mutilated the chief friends cannot recognise them: in consequence of this, hundreds lay unclaimed, and the worst consequences are to be apprehended from their exposure in such a climate at this season.

Another account states that the total number of kill'ed is 1257, including 52 male and female actors. The wounded are estimated at 2,100. The day after the fire part of the ruined wall fell and killed thirty more, wounding many. It is rather remarkable that thirty years previous, a similar accident happened at the same theatre. At that time the authorities forbade dramatic performances; but the interdiction was subsequently removed.

[From Hong Kong Gazette, May 17.]

Arrangements has been made for building an Ice House, and for obtaining a supply of ice from the United States: and no doubt the community will consider themselves indebted to the gentleman who have been at a good deal of trouble in the matter.

It is proposed to meet the expense by the disposal of shares; the shares-holders for the year having the privilege of a certain quantity of ice daily for nothing. The surplus stock will be sold at reasonable rates, and a quantity—equal to two shares—be set apart for the use of the Hospital, which gives a profit of 5 per cent on the cost of the building, and there is no doubt that a sufficient number of shares will be subscribed for to defray the expense of its erection, and the first cargo, when it arrives.

A NEW WHIG Journal is to be established at Washington, to be called the "Republic." It is understood that it will advocate the claims of JOHN MCLEAN of Ohio, to the Whig Presidential Nomination for '48.

ALEXANDER EVERETT, Esq., U. S. Commissioner to China, whose severe sickness at Rio de Janeiro led to the belief that he would return to the United States in the brigade *Brandywine*, had determined, before that vessel left Rio, on the 16th of August, to proceed to China in the U. S. ship *Columbus*.

☞ There are no less than 120 vessels and 1000 men employed in the fisheries from the single port of Gloucester, Mass., principally engaged in the Mackerel business. The number of tons of shipping thus employed in that port, is about 8,500, and the business is quite important and extensive in the neighboring village and outports of Annisquam and Rockport. Gloucester is a small place, but the Boston Atlas tells us that it has nearly double the interest in this branch of the fisheries of any place in the Union, and is in fact becoming the great Mackerel market for the country.

BUSINESS DISTURBANCES.—We learn from the St. Louis papers of the 20th, that the Illinois banks have been put into Mormon hands to old "saints," now that the mill continues, General Mormon business have been destroyed, half banking, the death of Mr. Worrell, and of two of the other "Antis" were shot and wounded. The excitement was very great at the last accounts!!

☞ Thanks to the *Belle of Arkansas* and *Bilboa* or late river favors.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

A DUEL with small swords was fought yesterday afternoon at the "*Oaks*" in the rear of the city by Mr. James Roger proprietor of the St. Charles street Gymnasium, and Mr. George Price, a sugar broker of this city. The affair terminated upon Mr. Roger's receiving a severe, though not a dangerous wound in the rim of the abdomen. A more splendid display of swordsmanship—with the naked points—has rarely been witnessed in this country.

☞ The alarm of fire on Saturday was occasioned by a wooden partition wall being on fire in the three story brick building in Canal street, next door to the Orleans Bank. It was extinguished without doing any serious damage.

NEW MOLASSES.—The steamer *F. M. Strech*, on Saturday, brought to the city, four barrels of new molasses, made at the plantation of Mr. Wade Gilbert, in the Parish of Avoyelles.

MURDER.—The last Jackson (Tenn.) *Republican* gives an account of the murder of an old man by the name of LEE, on the night of the 6th inst., six miles west of Brownsville. The inducement to the deed, it is supposed, was the belief on the part of the assassin that Mr. Lee was in the possession of several hundred dollars in money. In this opinion, however, he was disappointed, as after the death of the old man, it was ascertained that he did not receive the money "which he had anticipated getting" by his trip to town.

The instrument used, it is supposed, was a double barrel shot gun, Mr. Lee having received one ball in the breast and another in the head. No traces of the murderer, says the *Republican*, have yet been discovered.

NEW WORKS.—We are indebted to the publishers, through the politeness of J. B. STERRE, No. 14 Camp street, for the following new publications:

Harpers' Illuminated and new Pictorial Bible, No. 36.—It is enough to say of this splendid work, that the publisher keeps ample faith with the public, and that the embellishments are as gorgeous as ever.

Encyclopædia of Domestic Economy, Part 9 th.—One of the most useful publications of the day. It should have a place in every household.

The Parsonage of Mora, by Frederika Bremer.—Translated by Wm. Howitt. We have not read this romance, but it is one of Miss Bremer's, and we take it upon trust.

The above volumes are all from the press of Harper and brothers.

APPOINTMENT BY THE PRESIDENT.

LEVI WOODBURY, of New Hampshire, as one of the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the place of Joseph Story, deceased.

Since in conformity with the contracted policy of Locofocoism, a partisan must needs be appointed to this eminent office, we know of some better qualified than LEVI WOODBURY and more acceptable in particular to the South. He is orthodox on the subject of abolition, and enjoys the reputation of being a sound jurist, though we have ever considered him of plodding, heavy intellect. We shall see, however, whether the morals of a STORY sits becomingly on the shoulders of a WOODBURY.

DOCTOR WM. H. RICHARDSON, late professor of obstetrics in the medical department of Transylvania University, died near Lexington about a week since.

NAVAL.

The U. S. brig *Perry*, John J. Pearce, Esq., Commander, 29 days from Mahon, anchored on the 11th inst. off the Naval Hospital at Norfolk—officers and crew all well.

Our barbor *yesterday*, says the Norfolk *Beacon*, presented a beautiful appearance. At the anchorage off the Naval Hospital there are lying the magnificent ship of the line Pennsylvania, Commodore Turnagi, on board of which Com. Bolton, will we learn, hoist his broad Pennant to day; the frigate Brandywine, Com. Parker, has just returned from the China Seas, the frigate Congress, Capt. Stockton, bound to North and South Coast; the sloop of war Marion, Com'r Simonds, recently arrived from Boston, and the brig Perry, Com'r Paine. A number of sail boats were spreading the canvas to veer down the harbor, presenting a coup d'œil of great beauty.

Correspondence of the Bee.

PENSACOLA, Sept. 22d, 1845.

Gentlemen,—The Bee of the 16th, containing our letter of the 10th inst., was received on Monday at noon with an hour to write you by the return of post. Your remarks on our epistle are gratefully acknowledged.

Since we had the pleasure to address you last, two of the Gulf Squadron have arrived at this place. The steamer *Princeton*, five days from Vera Cruz, anchored off the Navy Yard on the 19th—when she left that place all was as quiet as in Mexico. The reports of insurrection and whole provinces had refused to contribute men or money, to support a war!! The people were trying out for the Constitution of 1824, and it appears that nothing will satisfy them but a conquest of that kind, or probably one still more assimilated to the constitution of our own country. An officer of the Navy, who came passenger in the Princeton, brought the latest dates of Mexican papers; which he sent immediately to the Navy Department. It is said, however, that they contained little of importance that has not been already published.

The Government Gazette "*El Siglo dies y nueve*," (the nineteenth century) published in the city of Mexico, is much milder in its tone, and less belligerent in its articles relative to the U. States, since the election of Polk—and that the movement, that is kept in motion by deputies so so common in the army of Mexico, as the most speedy means of conscription is employed to obtain their soldiers, who are neither fed nor clothed as more than food for powder—cannot be heard on the plains of the bear of battle. Indeed, the payment of the poor troops scarcely enters into the calculations of the rulers, who are generally recruited en masse, and by their own aggrandizement, and in promoting a sordid and unpatriotic selfish interest. Such is Mexico! and such she must remain, unless she rise in her might and free herself from the cankerous, from her government, that is to sell, all who stir up civil discord and *civil war*, to gratify their own unbridled ambitious views—the world be not allowed to look for her like.

The U. S. brig *Lawrence*, after a passage of 14 days from Arcanas Bay, anchored *yesterday* off the Navy Yard. We have seen some of the officers, but suppose the information which they bring is but no more than what you have probably received through other channels.

When the *Lawrence* left Arcanas, Gen'l Taylor's army were in excellent health and spirits, but as usual could not gain much credable information of the Mexican movements.

Our own uniform opinion has been, that we will have no war with Mexico—she will blunder a little more through her papers—talk of patriotism and healing her wounded honor—the necessity of maintaining the integrity of their country, &c., &c.; all the little difficulties, however, will be amicably adjusted by her receipt of a minister from the U. States, or in sending one to Washington, or appointing commissioners to settle the more important matters in controversy. This is the course which a sound and wise policy would dictate to her, and it is the only one by which she can ever hope to retrieve her lost character.

We had what the sailors call quite a *blow*, on Saturday night, and if the high winds and heavy rains had only coincided with the sun's arrival at the Line, it dissolute regularity to be complete—but the *Commercial Gaby*," that is rarely witnessed. From about one o'clock, P. M. until after day light, it blew and rained, as if from the elements of the whole of the Equator, to compensate at once, for the almost indescribable scorching heat of the past summer. After the gale, the temperature was delightful. On Sunday night the Thermometer stood at 65°, and although this is far above the freezing point, yet the cold air was keenly felt by those who walked out on the long wharf jutting into the bay, to enjoy the evening breeze. To us it was pleasantly—delightfully cool.

On Thursday last, the *frigate Potomac* was anchored off the Navy Yard and a boat fathoms over all the Sand Keys shore, to enable the Naval constructor to examine the apparatus for stopping the leak in the bows of that ship. We sincerely hope he will succeed. No ship in the service has been so unfortunate in her handling as the *Potomac!* She was severely stranded on the inclined plane in the Navy Yard at Washington—again injured on the edge of St. George's Bank—afterwards in the river "La Plata," and finally in the "Dry Dock" at Norfolk—where she was taken to examine the state of the copper on the bottom! The result of the last injury has been a dangerous leak, that has required pumps, and also her services were soon required. When will the government display a little energy, in commencing to build the "Dry Dock" at this place! Now is "the accepted time"—a perfect calm in politics!!

We beg leave, gentlemen, through the *Bee*, to assure our friends of the Mobile "*Herald and Tribune*," that it never for a moment entered into our thoughts, to "rail on," or "hold any controversy" with them on the subjects referred for that journal by their correspondent of the Navy Yard—such a course forms neither part nor parcel of our vocation. This is not all—we would not offer any thing offensive to them or others, for publication in your highly useful paper. With this frank avowal then, we wish the "*Herald and Tribune*," all the success due to industry and talents.—In conclusion, however, we sincerely hope that their correspondent at "DAISE," will not henceforth confer from his proper element, but that there, true to the instincts of his "*genus*," he will constantly watch, love and cherish his "*pig*."

We are, yours' sincerely,

ESCAMBIA & CO.

HOME HOME.—The steamboat *Lexington*, Captain Mat Joy, bound from Wisconsin to St. Louis, grounded on Rushampsta Island on the evening of the 16th inst., and in the thing off, her stern swung against a snag, which knocked a hole into her hull, breaking a number of her timbers, rendering all efforts to stop the leak unavailing, and causing her to sink in a short time to the boiling of the wheel house. The boat and cargo will probably prove a total loss. She was full freighted, having 700 hogsheads of tobacco. The boat was insured for $20,000, and the cargo for $60,000.

CAUTION.—We are indebted to J. C. Morgan, of the Literary Depot, the Post list of Stores Van Rensselaer's great work—Cooper, or a Survey of the General Physical Structure of the Universe.

POSTAGE.—The Washington *U. S. Journal* notices a peculiarity of the new Postage Law, in assessing postage upon letters, &c., carried over or under 300 miles but upon upon letters carried just 300 miles. There are 18 post-offices, which according to the Directory prepared by the Post Office Department, are just 300 miles from Washington. Among them are Brunswick, Depot, Mead's Creek, Modena, New Paltz Landing, and Windsor, in the State of New York; New Haven and Derby in the State of Connecticut.

A CURIOUS ERROR.—A Western paper with great gravity stated that a large rat descending the Ohio, unfortunately struck against the steamboat Hurricane, and forced it on the bank, from whence it was got off with great difficulty. The readers of the above paragraph knew not what to make of it. How a rat could produce such a singular effect upon a steamboat, puzzled them, with a little. But the next number solved the enigma, by tacking on *f* into the word rat, thus producing a raft.

THE FUNERAL OBSEQUIES over the remains of DANIEL BOONE and his wife, took place at Frankfort, on the 18th, in the presence of from 4 to 6 to twenty thousand people. The ceremonies were in the highest degree impressive and imposing. The orator of the day was JOHN J. CRITTENDEN, of whom effect the Commonwealth speaks as follows:

As the form of CRITTENDEN appeared to the expecting assembly, there was not one who did not mentally resolve to the appropriateness of the choice that had selected the NATIVE orators to speak of the fame and deed of our FIRST pioneer. We will not be guilty of the indecorum of attempting to describe the speech of Mr. Crittenden on this occasion—we will only say of it that he enchained attention by the depths of his magic eloquence—that he threw around his subject all the fascinations of his powerful fancy and intellectual ornaments, and, when he ceased to speak, the listeners "still stood fixed to hear."

☞ A Correspondent of the Washington *Union* noticing the sale of the Bonaparte pictures at Bordentown, remarks:

The South obtained all the pictures of the collection really worth having, except those of Rubens, which went purchased for Europe. Washington, South Carolina and New Orleans have the prizes; New York the second rate, followed by Baltimore; and the competition for the worst was between Boston and Philadelphia. The annual sale of Alphonse Hone realized dollars. Some of the pictures brought high prices.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 20.

LATEST FROM BRAZIL.

By the Neutilus, at this port from Rio de Janeiro, advices have been received up to the 9th of August. We are indebted to an esteemed commercial friend for copies of the annexed letters:

"RIO DE JANEIRO, Aug. 9, 1845.

The British Minister here has received despatches from Montevideo saying that the English and French have placed a war of extermination against the people of Montevideo, and informed them that they could not move. Rosas has been defeated in the interior by Paz and Lopez, and is now forcing every man from 14 to 60 years of age into his army as a last struggle, and in desolation must be published and.

"Coffee continues very scarce. Exchange 23 1-2 6m.

A cargo of flour (Baltimore) had been sold deliverable at Montevideo at 14$000 credit, and another at 12$000 cash. For consumption the market was very dull. Last sales of Richmond City Mills here at 17$400; and Baltimore Mills, Rose' Gem and Crushy, for couple and sacking, Lane's Fills: Seppington's do, for the cure of Agues and Fever, warranted to cure. All of which may be seen at the office of the Bee.

☞ CHRISTIAN SCHMEISTER, a native of Schwerin in Germany is requested to apply to the undersigned to obtain information relative to the inheritance of his deceased mother. The last things received from him were dated about three years ago, when he stated his being then in the interior of the State of New Orleans. In case of his death his legal heirs are requested to apply. (Signed) H. BEHNE,
s21 tf 93 Conondelet st, New Orleans.

☞ NOTICE.—The ship JUDAH TOURO, Captain Margy, from Boston, is now discharging opposite the port wharf, foot of Natchez street. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee.

s29 LEVI H GALE, 93 Common

"THE DELTA."

THE undersigned have made arrangements for the permanent publication in this city of a daily newspaper, to be called THE DELTA, the first number of which will be issued from their office, No. 119 Poydras street, on or before the 15th of October next. It will be *strictly neutral* in politics: in all the other attributes—commercial, literary, reportorial, &c.—it will be made a good and interesting journal, it will be the object and aim of the undersigned to make a worthy child of a liberal public patronage.

They will also publish a weekly, in quarto form.

s29 tf DAVIS, CORCORAN & CO.

AN ENGLISH TEACHER WANTED.—A single gentleman about 25 years of age. Further particulars are left with

s29 2t GEO W HARBY, Third Municipality.

LOST OR STOLEN from the subscriber some time last month, a small Negro Girl, aged about six years; very black, and answers to the name of LIND, or LUCINDA. Any person who will bring her home, in the city, and let it be supposed she may have been taken care of by some private family. Any one giving information of her will be reasonably rewarded by applying to MERRIVETHER,
s29 Lafayette, between St. Mary and St. Andrews streets, City of Lafayette.

NAILS—200 kegs assorted nails, landing and for sale by
s28-3 THOMAS BERRY 2 Front Levee

WANTED to buy TWO NEGROES of good character, a carpenter and blacksmith. None need call except good workmen. Apply to

s29 H GALLY, 93 Common house

FOR SALE—A Saloon 32 feet square on rollers, a good dry goods and parlor stand and slate 6 feet square, suitable for a Saloon. Enquire of
s29 tf V. BARRETT, 64 Old Levee

Importer and Dealer in French, British and American

Dry Goods,
No. 39, Chartres street, New Orleans.

PEET & MORTON,
Wholesale Dry Goods Dealers,
No. 39 Magazine street.

s26

HATS.—Mrs. Peet respectfully informs her friends and the public that she has just received a large and splendid assortment of Ladies' Hats, consisting of Velvet, Satin and Silk Bonnets, Velvet and Satin Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Blonde, Lace, Crapes, Veils, Head Dresses, Caps, Infants' Hats, Bonnets and Caps, Misses' Hats, Bonnets and Caps, Boys' Hats and Caps, Gentlemen's Hats, Caps, Cravats, Stocks, Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, Fancy Goods, &c. &c. &c. All of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash. Ladies are invited to call and examine for themselves. s26

LUMBER AND SHINGLES.—Landing from schooner Ann Eliza, and for sale by
s29 WM FROST & Co, 59 Old Levee

SPERM CANDLES.—200 boxes Sperm Candles, for sale by
s29 WM FROST & Co, 59 Old Levee

SPERM OIL.—2,000 gallons winter strained, landing from schooner Ann Eliza, and for sale by
s29 WM FROST & Co, 59 Old Levee

SOAP.—200 boxes Marseilles soap, landing from schooner Ann Eliza, and for sale by
s29 WM FROST & Co, 59 Old Levee

TEAS.—100 chests Hyson and Young Hyson,
50 half chests Souchong,
50 half chests Pouchong,
50 half chests Young Hyson,
100 10-lb boxes Souchong,
50 12 lb boxes Young Hyson;
Rice—50 barrels clean No 1 ditto;
Cheese—50 barrels cheese Newark Cider;
Vinegar—50 hhds pure cider Vinegar;
Turpentine—15 bbls very white spirits turpentine
Mackerel—20 bbls New York Pearl Starch;
Wines—40 qr casks superior Madeira;
Brandy—5 half pipes Rochelle cognac brandy;
10 half pipes Otard;
Champagne Brandy—1 half pipes very choice, vintage 1834;
Gin—15 pipes Holder Dorus brand;
Port wine—10 pipes, quality fine;
Rum—200 bbls Medford do Rum;
Molasses—100 bbls prime to choice new crop;
Rope—30 tons Manilla. s29 tf

VERDIGRIS—14 cases pure, crystals in oil, in store by
s19 FORDICK & BRO, 74 Camp

CALF SKINS.—The undersigned has just received one case of Rouen, from Havre, in bonding, which he offers at wholesale price 50 per cent below present price.
j29 76 Bienville. D. B. MACKETT

FLOUR—250 bbls superior fresh ground, now in store from steamboat Red River, for sale by
m30 J. B WOODRUFF, 60 Camp

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE undersigned are receiving by the ships Solway, Indiana, Lenox and Ashcott 3, the following Goods, which they offer for sale at low prices, and on reasonable terms:

Unbleached Cottons, 3d, 4th and 5th-4; white do 3d, 7-8, 4th and 5th-4, White and Red Flannels; Bed Ticking; Unbleached Cottons 3d and 4th very fine;
Wrench 4 and White Marseilles Counterpanes; Bed Ticking;
Check Cambrics for Cabinets;
White Russet 3d, 7-8 and 4th, Black, plain and ruffled do;
Bleached 4 and 5 Linen Sheeting, very fine and heavy;
Blue and colored silk Cords and Tassels;
Bleached and Unbleached Damask Table Cloths;
Blue and mahogany Rosewood Desks; white and black crapes;
Black and colored velvet ribbon, assorted numbers;
Black and colored Gros de Naples and Taffeta;
An assortment of ladies embroidered collars;
Ginghams for cutting pillows; Gros de Naples sarsnet;
Bobinett, black silk, 36 inches;
English black silk stockings; rich shawls, long & square;
Silk and cotton Fringe;
Bleached cotton Table Diapers; Crib and Cradle Blankets;
Silk embroidered and silk cord; Children's Cashmere scarfs;
Black Gros de Naples; white crape;
A large assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods.

s26 DUPUOY, DURAND & Co, 59 Chartres

Dry Goods.

Potter & Boyd,

No. 76 Gravier street, near Camp street,

ARE now receiving their Fall supply of desirable assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, suitable to the city and country trade, which they offer, by the package or piece, on the most favorable terms. The stock in part consists of—

BLANKETS of every color and quality;
FLANNELS, Red, White, Yellow, Scarlet and Green;
CLOTHS and Cassimeres, Tweeds, Cloakings & Coatings;
MERINOS, black and colored; Alpacas, Bombazines, Cashmeres;

NEW STYLE FANCY DRESS, Cashmeres and De Laines;
Do Silks, Plain and Figured, of every quality and price;
Gingham—fancy patterns Plaids and Stripes; Apron checks;
Bed Ticking, Bed blankets; Table covers; Nankins; Bed-ticks; Furniture Dimity; Furniture and silk Welts; Tick and Mattress Denims; Shirting stripes; Marseilles stripes, Bleached and Brown Sheetings;
DRESS GOODS, for Balls, of every style.
HOSIERY, of cotton, merino and lambs' wool;
MERINO SOCKS and Hose, black cotton and wool;
DRAWERS and Undershirts, Suspenders, Kid Gloves.
LACES, Bobinett, Gross Grains, Slat Gloves and Mitts of every description;
BUTTONS, Facial Thread, Spool Cotton, Linen, and Cotton Tapes.
IRISH LINEN, Linen, Linen Sheeting 5-4 to 12-4 wide.
NAPKINS, Towels, Linen Table Covers, Fancy Table Covers.
CARPETINGS, Window Curtains, &c. &c. &c.
BLEACHED and Unbleached Cottons, 3d, 7-8, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 7-4, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4.
P. B.—PLAIN AND FIGURED GOODS of every description.
s26—1w bss

British Dry Goods.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.

THE subscribers have opened per ship Thomas H. Perkins, from