The New-Orleans Bee.

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TERMS OF THE BEE.
SUBSCRIPTION.
Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, semi-weekly, one year in advance, - - - - 5

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or to the paper and advertising, it will not be considered as discontinued on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

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ADVERTISEMENTS not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged $1 per square for each language and for each insertion.

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.
Merchants and Traders, in French and English, $60
Commission merchants, ship and steamboat factors, do, 80
Banks, insurance office, public institutions, 80

To advertisers in either French or English only, a reduction of 25 per cent will be made on the above prices, payable yearly in advance.

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ADVERTISEMENTS out of the direct line of business of the yearly advertiser, such as legal, auction, and plantation sales, houses or lots of ground to let lease or sell, runaway slaves, stray animals, &c. &c. will be charged for separately and at the ordinary rates.

All notices of Candidates for political offices; all notices or articles of a personal nature (when admitted) will pay $2 per square, in advance.

J. MAGNE & WEISSE.

☞ LECTURES ON GEOLOGY.—In compliance with an invitation from gentlemen in this city, Prof. SILLIMAN is expected here, in a few days, to deliver a course of lectures on the structure of the earth. This important subject, replete with practical applications will be rendered both intelligible and interesting by numerous illustrations—graphic and pictorial.

A free introductory will present a distinct outline and sketch of the plan, and the terms for subsequent lectures will be made known in due time.

Reference may be made to Messrs. Alex. Gordon, L. C. Duncan, C. Beaulieu, Prof. Riddell, Dr. Cenas, L. Janin, J. P. Benjamin.

☞ LECTURES ON AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY.—This course having been earnestly desired, by many gentlemen in New Orleans, the lectures on that subject will be given by Mr. B. SILLIMAN, Jr. It being impossible that within a reasonable time both courses should be given in a satisfactory manner by the same individual, therefore—and also to avoid interference—it is proposed to give the chemical lectures by sunlight, on days alternating with the evenings of the lectures on geology, at such an hour as will not interfere with domestic engagements or with those of business. References as above. 17

BANK OF LOUISIANA.
New Orleans 3d Feb., 1845.
THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of three per cent, payable on and after Monday, the 10th inst.
By order of the Board.
17 2w WM E LEVERICH, Cashier

FOR SALE OR TO LET.
A fine plantation situated about four miles above the English Turn, in the Parish of Plaquemines, on which there is a high house with 4 apartments and four cabinets. Proposals will be received for the cutting of timber on five arpents fronting the river. For terms apply to MRS. F. FRYER, corner of Royal and Toulouse streets.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish of St James—Probate Sale of the Household furniture, moveables, sugar and molasses, belonging to the succession of the late Michel Bernard Cantrelle.

On Monday, the 17th day of February instant at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, where Michel B[ern]ard Cantrelle resided during his life time and where he died in the parish of St James, will then and there be offered at public sale and auction, by the undersigned Parish Judge ex-officio Judge of Probates and Public Auctioneer in and for said parish of St James, all the moveables not attached to and not employed upon the Sugar Plantation of deceased in said parish, appertaining to his succession and consisting of to wit:—

All the Household furniture and all such other moveables as are not dedicated to the use of said Sugar Plantation—about forty sheep, several milch cows, an old barouche and new riding saddle with its bridle, the sugar crop, consisting of two hundred and eighty hogsheads of sugar, of an unascertained quantity of cistern sugar and of molasses, to be sold separate, which said sugar crop is insured until the 3d of March next coming.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.
The purchase money payable cash
Parish of St James, 6th February, 1845.
JEAN JAQUES ROMAN,
Parish Judge ex-officio Judge of Probates and Public Auctioneer in and for the parish of St James.

LEECHES!
THE subscriber has lately received from Europe a large assortment of HUNGARIAN & SWEDISH LEECHES which he offers to sell at very moderate prices, and being the sole importer the public can always rely upon obtaining a good, fresh and genuine article. Also on hand, a large supply of French and American Perfumery, Fancy Birds, Looking Glasses, &c.
J B RUSCONI, 187 Chartres

NOTICE.
The undersigned has for sale at the most reduced prices, in his Green House in St Charles st, a large and choice collection of most rare Flowers, plants, camelias, azaleas, cactus palms, orche[ids] and a great variety of other greenhouse plants and exotics. He has also very one hundred more beautiful new roses. Orders promptly executed and sent gratis to the steamboats.
JOHN M BACH

NOTICE—The Legal advertisements in the parish of Orleans, in accordance with an act, entitled "An act relative to 'Public advertisements in the parish of Orleans,' approved March 16th, 1843, will be published in the Louisiana Courier, edited by Mr. Jerome Bayon, the contractor at the rate of two cents per hundred words in each language.
New Orleans, 31st January, 1845.
ROBERT CARTER NICHOLAS, Secretary of State
WM. DEBUYS, State Treasr.

FRESH SEEDS.
MR. LEBLANC has the honor of informing his customers that he has just received per ship Chamouni, a fine assortment of flower and vegetable seeds of the crop of 1844.

COAL at five bits per barrels delivered—4000 barrels of superior Pittsburgh coal, all screened and in large pieces, for sale by the cart load and delivered free of carting at five bits per bbl.
W & E MURPHY, 143 Old Levee

THE undersigned has just received by late arrivals from the north and France a large assortment of Fancy Dry Goods, which he will sell at moderate prices:—
[illegible]
And a large assortment of silks, Swiss muslin, organdi white jaconets, white and colored percales, black silk and cotton velvet, barege neckerchiefs, Scotch Florence do, elastic suspenders of A Arnould, American do, Cap ... and mousseline laine scarfs, embroidered linen cambric handkerchiefs, very rich, at $2 00 to $13 00 per piece; Bishop lawn, French Madras silks, new styles; plain linen do, Irish linen, extra fine and warranted pure thread; a large assortment of bonnets and fine French perfumery, &c. The whole for sale at moderate prices.
R DAVID, 73 Canal between Royal and Bourbon

RECEIVED by late arrivals and for sale by the undersigned:—
300 casks red Bordeaux Wine;
300 half casks white Wine;
25 quarter pipes old Cognac Brandy;
25 do do 4th proof, J J Dupuy;
200 cases brandy Cherries;
300 baskets fine and superfine anisette;
100 cases Persin & Lecoultre' Absynthe;
75 do Kirsch, of the same brand;
100 basket Anger's Guignolet; 20 do Bordeaux Guignolet; assorted cordials; orange flower water in boxes and glass bottles; 240,00 pointed corks; ordinary and fine corks in bags of 500; dried prunes in glass jars; empty bottles, &c. &c.
DUDOUYT & TEULADE, 13 Toulouse street

BOOKS—BOOKS—BOOKS!
At very reduced prices.
THE subscriber has the honor to inform his friends and the public, that he has on hand an universal stock of Miscellaneous, Law, Medical, Scientific Classical and a general assortment of School Books which he offers at extremely small advances of the Northern prices. Among his Miscellaneous Books he has an extensive collection of rare, curious and standard works.

In addition to the above, on hand, a general assortment of BLANK BOOKS and STATIONERY not to be surpassed in quality or workmanship in the city, which he offers as above. Country merchants and others who are about purchasing their stock, would do well by calling and examining the stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
WM McKEAN, Bookseller and Stationer, corner Camp and Common

N. B.—A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again. Also, Blank Books bound and ruled to any pattern.

TALAMON BROTHERS, No. 44 Chartres street, offer for sale, landing from ships Manchester, Rocket[?] and Tarquin from Havre—6 cases drills, new styles; 4 do jaconet cravats, new style; 1 do round crown hats; 1 do satin collars, very low price; 1 do black taffeta ribbons, Nos 4 and 6, 1 do beige ... of 100 and 200, 1 do round caps, superior quality; ... gloves; black threading do of ... 4 and 7 ... printed do do; fat hooks and eyes in large boxes—Always in store—a large assortment of combs, brushes, buttons; gloves; suspenders; thread tape; needles; pins; silk thread in skeins and spools, dolls of every description; glass and pen-knives; cotton and silk purses; powder puffs; composition and iron spoons and forks; hose and half hose, black crape; green barege for veils; assorted perfumery; hunting and fishing game trimmings for tailors and Shoemakers, &c. The above articles will be sold at the lowest market price.

LANDING from ships Talma and Bordeaux Packet from Bordeaux—136 bbls white wine; 300 half boxes sardines in oil. In store—300 cases red wine, St Julien, 400 casks red wine different brands; 25 casks old Chateau Medoc; 20 cases old wine, Chateau Giscour[?] for sale by FOUGET, SON, 147 Royal.

RECEIVED by Windsor Castle from Havre—[illegible] cases of Ginghams, Jaconets and cross barr Muslins; also 1 case Embroidered Muslin for curt[ains] and a fine assortment of embroidered Curtains in pieces, sale cheap for cash at
FR. PERRET, 30 Toulouse

SPERM CANDLES, &c.—800 boxes best brand sperm candles, 50 do Boston mustard, 600 do No 1 soap; fancy toilet soap; 1,500 gallons winter bleached sperm oil; 2,400 do whale do, 100 do elephant do in store and for sale by VELDENBURGH & Co, 30 Old

LANDING from brig Bordeaux Packet from Bordeaux—[illegible] white wine, Haut Barsac, 12 do Haut B... 23 chests St Julien Medoc red wine; 4 quarter pipes ... do, Castillion brand, for sale by
E TALAMON, 78 & 80 St Louis

TOWELLING—The subscriber has just received an assortment of towelling stuffs, consisting of bird's eye, assorted qualities; grey tollers; brown diaper, and red bordered napkins and table sets, for sale by
SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse

LANDING ex brig Bordeaux Packet from Bordeaux—[illegible] casks claret, Margaux, Medoc and Pauillac ... do St Julien and St Emilion; ... white wine ... and ... Sauterne, 30 hampers claret bottles, for sale by
DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co., 11 and 15 St Louis

LONDON PORTER—40 casks Barclay & Perkins superior London porter, in pints and quarts, in store and for sale by SMITH BRYAN, 20 Customhouse

LEAF TOBACCO—Superior Vuelta de Abajo tobacco, in store for sale by J M CABALLERO, 22 Old Levee

L... prime leaf, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co., 93 Tchoupitoulas

WHISKEY—Whole whiskey for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co., 93 Tchoupitoulas street

COTTON DUCK—All numbers, for sale by W F VREDENBURGH & Co, 30 Old Levee

NEW ORLEANS BEE

J. MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS.
NO. [94] CHARTRES STREET.

Official Journal of the State.

NEW-ORLEANS,
SATURDAY MORNING, FEBY., 15, 1845.

THE EXPRESS MAIL brought us yesterday nothing beyond a few old slips from the north. The regular mail failed from beyond Charleston.

THE CONVENTION.

The Convention yesterday was exclusively occupied by two speeches—one by Mr. Soule, in favor of the motion to strike out the provision requiring the Governor to be a native born citizen—the other, by Mr. Benjamin, against this motion.

Mr. Soule made an eloquent and plausible harangue, which lasted more than two hours. He began by saying that the section contained provisions quite as objectionable as the one which he combatted, but that for the present, he would confine himself to the one under consideration. He repeated what he said in reference to the section prescribing the conditions of the right of suffrage, that without equality there could be no justice, and that justice was the corner stone of all republican governments. He next attempted to prove by the text of the Constitution, by extracts from the Federalist, and by passages from Story's Commentaries, that this provision was unconstitutional. If some few of the States have adopted a provision of this kind, they were but six in number, while twenty others have rejected it; whence it followed that a large majority were in favor of his opinions. He farther contended that the provisions in the constitutions of the six States referred to were unconstitutional, inasmuch as the power of modifying the laws of naturalization is absolutely and exclusively an attribute of Congress, exercised in order to secure uniformity throughout the States, and that the provision under discussion would be a usurpation of right which would establish a flagrant inequality between the naturalized citizens of the different States.

He was the more strongly opposed to these restrictions as they tended to a system of exclusiveness which was repugnant to his opinions. To-day it is sought only to exclude the naturalized citizen; to-morrow the principle would be applied to the citizens of other States; the next day to all who were not born in a certain parish, and at length to all who were not born on a certain plantation.

It was said that it would be dangerous to confide to a naturalized citizen the command of the army, which is one of the functions of the Governor. But the old constitution and the project of the committee did away with this danger by providing that the Governor would not command the army in person, unless specially requested by the Legislature. The very persons who affected to fear this danger, had agreed to strike out the guarantee contained in the old constitution. Moreover there was really nothing to be feared from the provision, as in the event of war, the army is commanded by United States officers.

Mr. Benjamin began by exhibiting the reasons which had instigated the Convention in the discussion of this question. He then adverted to the use of the word "restriction," against which an idle prejudice existed, for no government could exist without restrictions.—Before adopting a measure we had only to enquire whether it was useful to society. He wished to be perfectly understood. Neither he nor those who acted with him were hostile to foreigners. They had not forgotten that America owed, in part at least, her independence to foreign aid. But he considered this isolated restriction as useful to the State, and would consequently sustain it.

As for the restrictions which members were continually assailing—let us understand each other. If the Convention desired to do away with all restrictions, they might as well abandon their labors, and tell the people to govern themselves, to make laws on the public square, and to overthrow all the powers which among other nations constitute government. As for the constitutionality of the measure, he could not comprehend how it could be for an instant doubted. It was impossible to examine the question without arriving at the conviction of its entire constitutionality. The new constitution of Virginia contained a similar clause.—In the Convention which framed that constitution were some of the most eminent men in the country. Ex President Monroe presided over it, and Madison and Judge Marshall were members. Who would have the audacity to question the constitutionality of a provision which had been deemed constitutional after mature deliberation by a Monroe, a Madison and a Marshall, to say nothing of the other distinguished statesmen who had sat in the Virginia Convention?

The states of Arkansas, Alabama and Missouri were admitted into the Union only after having submitted their constitutions to Congress. Thus at three different times Congress had had under consideration the organic law of states which contained a provision similar to that which was pronounced unconstitutional; and neither Congress nor the President had viewed it in such a light. Thus, with what grace could the constitutionality of a provision be denied which had been approved by Madison, Marshall and Monroe, by three Congresses and three Presidents. If this provision were not adopted by the other states, it was because we do not always do what is right and expedient.

With respect to the expediency of the measure, reflexion had convinced him of it. The provision had been inscribed in the report at his special request.

The conduct of the naturalized citizens in 1814—'15, had been greatly lauded. He did not deny it. But would they have acted the same part, if the invaders of Louisiana had been Frenchmen?

Mr. Benjamin's speech was overwhelming. In logic; in pure, clear and simple eloquence, it was alike powerful and admirable.

Mr. Marigny has the floor for to-day.

MR. BARROW—TEXAS.

An attempt was made yesterday in the House of Representatives to instruct the Honorable ALEXANDER BARROW out of his seat in the United States Senate.—Mr. BICKHAM, a locofoco member, offered a resolution inviting Mr. BARROW to resign, inasmuch as by his declaration of unconditional hostility to the annexation of Texas, he had shown "a contemptuous disregard to the wishes and best interests of his constituents." Mr. PILIE immediately moved to lay the resolution indefinitely on the table. When the vote was taken, several whig members declared that though opposed to the doctrine of instruction, they were willing and anxious to meet the question, and on that account only, would vote against the motion to lay upon the table. Among them were such staunch and undoubted whigs as Messrs. STILLE, PARHAM, CROSSMAN, &c. The motion nevertheless prevailed and the resolution was laid on the table by a vote of 22 to 20. It was the courtesy of the whigs alone which prompted them to allow the resolution to go to a second reading, and induced them to vote against the summary proposition to kill it on its presentation. Had the resolution taken the usual course, it would have been rejected by a majority of nearly two to one. There are a number of whigs in the House favorable to annexation, but there is not one who would dream of evicting ALEXANDER BARROW, because that gentleman has the independence to think for himself. The slavish doctrine that makes the United States Senator a blind tool of legislative behest, finds no favor with the whig party in Louisiana.

AFFAIR OF HONOR.—On Friday last, says the Mobile *Herald*, two young gentlemen belonging to one of the New Orleans boats, took it into their heads to quarrel about a young lady, and not finding words to be sufficient strong, went over to Pinto's Island opposite the city to have the matter out with pistols. The seconds being sensible men only charged the weapons with powder, and the whole affair terminated by one of the party being very badly frightened and his agreeing to give up the lady in question. The successful antagonist retains the field.

☞ [illegible]—An old negro woman, ... the property of Mr. W. ... Richardson ... was found in a lifeless condition ... last week, her clothes having taken fire ... burnt her to ...

[illegible] ... afternoon, a frightful and ... at the large foundry of A. D. Spear & ... street. As a number of workmen were ... to run the moulds for a large ... the kettle containing over 8000 pounds ... by some means was upset and its contents thrown out severely and dangerously scalding John Cason, Thomas Stevenson, John Christian, and an Irishman whose name we could not learn, together with four negro men, Moses and Peter belonging to W. Alderson, Esq.; Robert the property of Mr John Mott, and a black carpenter known by the name of Peter Roper. At a late hour last night they were considered out of danger, but it was feared that some of them would lose their limbs. The building was set on fire by the hot iron, but owing to the energy and activity of the other workmen was saved.

The most praise cannot be awarded to the negro boy Robert Mott, who although severely scalded, had the courage and fortitude to hold on to the kettle, and prevented more persons from being injured.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—Mr. Anderson will appear this evening in the character of Richard the Third.

AMERICAN THEATRE.—The pieces selected for this evening, are the burletta of A-Lad-In, the drama of the Welch Girl and the first act of Tom and Jerry, in which the celebrated pugilist, Tom O'Donnell, will be introduced in a sparring match.

NEW YORK CIRCUS.—The new pavillion for equestrian exhibitions, under the management of Messrs Howes and Mabie, on Condé, between Hospital and Barrack streets, will be opened this evening for the amusement of the public.

NEW AMPHITHEATRE.—Messrs Stickney, Sutton & Co's new Amphitheatre at the corner of Condé and Hospital streets, was crowded last evening to witness the beautiful equestrian feats in the circle and the astonishing performances of the great Necromancer, Sutton. The bill of fare for this evening is excellent and will ensure a good audience.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—This evening the charming opera of Le Chalet, with a drama of the new school. On Sunday, the grand Opera of Robert the Devil. We bespeak a full audience.

CRIMINAL COURT.—J. B. Gutleben, charged with assault and battery, was yesterday put upon trial and found not guilty.

Augustus Smith, f. m. c., for remaining in the State in contravention to law, and Lawrence Kelly and James Sheridan, charged with larceny, were arraigned and severally pleaded not guilty.

A nolle prosequi was entered in the case of P. McLaughlin, charged with larceny.

The Grand Jury will hold a Session this morning, when a number of important cases will come under their consideration.

CORONER RAMOS, yesterday held an inquest at the Charity Hospital, upon the body of a man named Eugene, who died the preceding night in consequence of a gun shot wound received in the head, by the accidental discharge of his fowling piece, while getting out of a cab on Lake shore a few days previous. Verdict—accidental death.

ANOTHER.—The Coroner was yesterday called to hold an inquest at house No. 15 North Market street, upon the body of a young woman, who died suddenly during the morning. Verdict—death from natural causes.

☞ A man named John Rodgers, was yesterday arrested by the police of the First Municipality, charged with assaulting and gouging out both eyes, of Robert McBride on Wednesday last, on Customhouse, between Marais and Treme streets. He will be examined this morning before Recorder Genois.

RECORDER BALDWIN'S COURT.—James Martin, John Simpson and Elisha Williams, charged with having in their possession a roll of carpeting stolen from a store on Camp street, were yesterday examined before the Recorder, and committed for trial before the Criminal Court.

Timothy Kenally charged with having in his possession a brass box stolen from Mr. Wood's cotton press, was committed for trial before the Criminal Court.

☞ A man named John H. Dooley, was arrested yesterday by the police of the Second Municipality, charged with having stolen a horse, the property of Mr. Pintoe.

☞ The Court of Errors and Appeals in criminal matters, adjourned on Thursday, sine die.

☞ We are indebted to the clerks of the steamboats *Paul Jones* and *El Dorado*, for late Louisville and Vicksburg papers.

☞ Bayou Plaquemine, says the St. Martinsville *Creole*, is now open for navigation. The *Swiftsure* is the first boat that passed through it this year.

MR. BARTON.—The *Herald* of Mobile says:—Mr. Barton, the flutist, left us yesterday for New Orleans, in order to fulfil some engagements there. We commend him to the kind attention of the "colonels" of that village. They will find him an artist of extraordinary merit and a gentleman of the right sort.

☞ McNulty's defalcation is now said to amount to $58,000.

JOSEPH K. IRVING, Esq., of Amherst, has been unanimously nominated for Congress, by the Whigs of the Albemarle district, Virginia. His Locofoco competitor, is Shelton F. Leake.

NORFOLK, Feb. 5.

SHIPWRECK AND LOSS OF LIFE.—The schooner Candace, Brightman, of Fall River, (Mass.) whither she was bound with a load of coal from Richmond, struck on Matchapungo shoal, during the severe gale on Friday last, at 3 P. M., and afterwards beat off and sunk in 7 fathoms water. The crew succeeded in landing on Prout's Island, and about an hour after, one of the men named Thomas K. Reynolds, of Fall River, died from the cold. Nothing was saved from the schooner but a few articles of clothing. The captain and crew reached on Prout's Island the next day, when they obtained a passage on board the schooner Friendship, and arrived here yesterday afternoon.

CLOSE OF THE DISTURBANCES IN CATARAUGUS CO. A letter into the Buffalo Gazette, dated Ellicottville, January 27, states that the Anti-renters at Dutch Hill, had dispersed. A force of 400 men under the Sheriff and Brig. General Huntley, proceeded to the spot on the night of the 26th ult. and found it vacated. Three of the most desperate of the ring-leaders were subsequently arrested and placed in jail. Quiet was supposed to be permanently restored, and the armed force, except a small body retained for the service of the Sheriff, had been discharged.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE SENATE OF LOUISIANA.

FRIDAY, February 14th, 1845.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Mr Seidel moved that the [illegible] bill from the House of Representatives be printed, which motion prevailed.

Order of the Day.

Act providing for the proof of the statutes of the several States. Passed.

On motion of Mrs Hermannson, the Special Committee to whom was referred the duty of making enquiries in relation to Insurance Companies, were authorised to have the necessary circulars calling for information printed.

Mr Declouet, agreeably to previous notice, introduced an act to amend an act incorporating the town of New Iberia, in the Parish of St. Martin.

The rules were dispensed with and it passed.

Mr Allen moved that the Senate take up the bill relative to roads and levees in the Parishes of Assumption and Lafourche Interior. The Special Committee to whom the bill was referred, reported it with a recommendation that the third section be stricken out.

The bill was taken up as reported and passed.

On motion, the Senate went into Executive session.

The doors being opened, the Senate resumed their public sitting.

A message was received from the Governor, by Mr Ledoux his Private Secretary.

Whereupon the Senate went into Executive Session and the doors being opened, they adjourned.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Continuation of Debate on the Pilot Laws.

Mr. Cruzat would make but a few brief remarks in reply to the very elaborate argument of the gentleman. And first, he must exculpate himself from the charge of a lack of courtesy. He had attempted several times to fix the bill for a day when Mr Wadsworth would be present, but had failed. At length it had come up last Thursday as a part of the chief business to which the morning hour of each Thursday was given. When a motion to postpone it was made in consequence of Mr W's absence, he had heartily concurred.

He regretted to hear Mr Wadsworth speak of the politics of the pilots. Whether they were Whigs or Democrats had nothing to do with the question, and when a member of such talent and capacity resorted to such means to bolster up a cause, he thought the case must be rather a desperate one. It had been asked if there were any charges against the Pilots. The Committee had preferred none. The only complaint was of the monopoly occasioned by the existing law. It was no reason because the Pilots were honest men and willing to work, that the door should be shut in the faces of those who were just as honest, capable and industrious. The gentlemen seemed afraid that the Pilots would not be able to live, if the number were increased. Such an argument could be applied with equal force to matters of the clearest justice and right. When the ship owner sent his vessels here for freight, they were sometimes exposed to loss, in consequence of active competition lowering freight. It is law were passed limiting the number of vessels to come to New Orleans, it would ensure high freights, but ... such a law be received.

... gentleman had said that the Committee knew nothing of the matter. Practically they might not, but from information they knew just as much as practical men. They had relied upon captains of vessels, and obtained proper information. It was impossible to obtain practical and personal information on all subjects. We voted every day on subjects, without such information—as on ... of justice, &c. In every bill presented, we ... without further practical and personal ... than that derived from information. Must a ... be a mechanic or artist to appreciate work; must he be a perfect scholar before he can appreciate talent?

... been said of the three hundred persons at the ... of the pilots' wives and children! When we ... of officers, did we enquire as to whether they ... families dependent upon them? Not so. ... reasonable compensation for services rendered ... be not satisfied, let him not accept. He ... certain a much sympathy for the fathers of ... member from Plaquemines, but he would be ... to base the fees of the office on such grounds.

... said that the Post Wardens and Harbor Master ... the proper persons to constitute a Board of ... How was it in other States? In Alabama the ... examined applicants. In New York this duty was performed by a Board of Commissioners. In New Orleans the Port Wardens and Harbor Masters were appointed by the Governor and Senate. They would take care not to nominate incompetent men. The mode proposed by him was the only remedy to existing evils. As the law stands, the pilots at the Balize are the Board of Examiners. A man must go there to be examined, and though the Pilots were proverbial for their hospitality, he fancied that the applicant would not be likely to be treated quite so hospitably as if he went on a visit of pleasure. Again, he repeated what he had once before said, that it was unwise ever to place a man between his interest and duty.

It has been said that no complaint against the Pilots had been made by the mercantile community. The gentleman must have had very little intercourse with our merchants to have heard of such an assertion. He had heard frequent complaints. The present system was considered as an imposition on commerce, and a remedy was urgently needed.

[continued] Mr Burthe would merely answer one or two remarks levelled at him by the member from Plaquemine. That gentleman's language was not very courteous, but he would not imitate him. Mr Wadsworth had said that the remark made by him (Mr Burthe) that the captains of vessels were compelled to knock at the pilots' doors, in order to obtain their services, bore absurdity on its very face. And Mr Speaker, if this remark were taken literally, it would be of course, absurd. But I used it as a figure of speech, and I was justified by the memorial of the shipmasters, who were vilified by the gentleman as Yankees, but who might be perhaps quite as disinterested and as much entitled to credit as the gentleman himself. Here, Mr Burthe read from the memorial to show that since the passage of the law increasing the rates of pilotage, it was rare to find a pilot boat outside the bar, and useless to expect one at night.

Mr Burthe continued. The gentleman in his argument had wandered altogether from the point. We threw no mud at the pilots. They were doubtless honorable and useful men, but we wished to put down a monopoly. We Whigs endeavored to do so, not for our own interest, but to afford redress to the community. Who opposed our efforts? Why a democrat. This was strange indeed to find a democrat fighting for a monopoly. The pilots, it was said, were not very rich. But what was that to us? If there were 330 persons dependent on the present law for their bread, they must multiply very fast, for the number of pilots was limited to fifty. They must breed numerous families. But all this was foreign to the question, which was simply—ought we to encourage a monopoly?

Mr Wadsworth regretted if he had inadvertently passed any reflections on sea captains. What he meant to say was, that the Legislature ought not to be directed merely by the interest of lone goers. He did not wish to reflect on them save for their pursuit in of the ballot box. This was notorious. As for the three hundred persons at the Balize, he did not mean three hundred men, but men, women and children. In fact, they constituted a thriving and considerable village.

Mr Fluker had came here this session with strong prejudices against the pilots, but he had hear[d] so many arguments on both sides of the question that he was left in great doubt as to the proper course to pursue. He did not wish to be compelled to vote, or to vote blindly or in the dark. He would therefore move to raise a committee which should be empowered to examine the matter thoroughly during the recess of the Legislature, and report at the next session. The present session was too far advanced to enable such a committee to terminate its labors in time for action.

Mr Campbell hoped the motion would not prevail. The object or rather the consequence of the motion would be to defeat the bill. Nothing had been said against it, but what could be, or had been satisfactorily answered. He had heard nothing to shake his convictions.

Mr Fluker had no desire to defeat the bill. Nor did he wish to pass any reflection upon the committee, but he doubted whether they had visited the Balize and examined the subject in all its bearings. For himself he had never seen the Gulf of Mexico, and had never been to sea in his life. It was useless for us land lubbers to be voting in the dark.

Mr Cruzat was strongly opposed to the motion. This was the plan that had been adopted year after year to defeat all attempts at reforming the pilot law. It was not necessary to go to the Balize, to witness and comprehend this odious monopoly. Let us come openly to a vote. We might visit the Balize to all eternity and ascertain nothing. We should be hospitably received, have fine fishing, and fine hunting, but we would gather nothing in regard to this monopoly.

Mr Stillé stated that a committee had been raised last year for this very investigation, they had asked leave to visit the Balize. The House refused. Subsequently, however, the committee was re-appointed and the House granted leave to them to visit the Balize. Why they had not gone he could not say, but this was the reason why no action was had upon the bill last year. He now called on Mr Taylor, who had been Chairman of that committee, to explain the matter. As for himself he had heard nothing but hearsay testimony, but he was satisfied that a committee ought to be raised, to examine the pilots at the Balize, and make a full investigation of the subject.

Mr Taylor observed that the matter had engaged his attention for some considerable period. Last year as Chairman of the Committee of Unfinished Business, he had found many reports and petitions connected with the pilot laws, and complaining of exorbitant charges and monopolies.—His position was an embarrassing one, from the fact that he was directly in opposition to the friend and protector of the pilots, who was an old school-mate and intimate companion of himself. He had consulted him, and had been informed that the pilots were meritorious individuals, and that many of the charges against them were ill-founded. He had then spent much time in hunting up information, and had received among other documents the letter from Capt. Taylor, alluded to by Mr Wadsworth. In this letter Capt. Taylor expressed his unqualified approval of the existing system. In opposition to this, he had examined various petitions from ship masters and merchants complaining bitterly of the pilot system. He had been still unwilling to act in the premises, but had at length reported a bill abolishing the monopoly and reducing the charges which were universally considered enormous and heavier than in any other country in the world. He had determined not to act rashly in the matter, and was willing to hear every thing that could be urged in favor of the pilots. When the bill came before the House, his friend from Plaquemine opposed it and he well remembered on one occasion, spoke against time.

Mr. Wadsworth rose in explanation. When he saw that the House was determined to do wrong, he thought it perfectly legitimate to take advantage of the rules and prevent action. His friend from Natchitoches had not consulted a single pilot, had heard nothing but ex parte representations, had not pursued the investigations properly—in fact had not done his duty.

Mr. Taylor was sorry that such unfairness should be imputed to him, when the gentleman knew that actions on the subject had been suspended wholly in consequence of his earnest remonstrance. It was true that after obtaining all the necessary testimony, after the Committee had made up their minds, they had asked leave to visit the Balize. It had been refused. The application was received and granted. The Committee then could not go, on account of the pressing duties at that period of the session, which it was impossible for them to neglect for a visit that required a week or ten days. This was a simple, unvarnished history of the matter.

Mr. Campbell said the question was reduced to two points: First—The pilots were paid too high, Second—They did not do their duty. He would waive the first point. But what information was to be obtained by going to the Balize. All the testimony necessary was to be got from the merchants and others who had signed the memorial.

Mr. Fluker's motion to refer the subject to a Committee was carried—yeas, 26; nays, 18.

The bill to revive the charter of the Mexican Gulf Rail Road came up as the unfinished business of yesterday, the 18th section being under consideration.

Mr. Campbell proposed a proviso giving the proprietors of lands through which the road passes, the right to contract rail roads. Adopted.

Mr. Marks moved an amendment to the 21st section, to strike out the clause exempting the Company from taxation for ten years, but subsequently, at the suggestion of Mr. Burthe, modified it so as to exempt the slaves owned by the company. Upon the amendment some conversation ensued. Mr. Campbell opposing it, and Messrs. Burthe, Marks and Stillé sustaining it.

Mr. Gardere offered a substitute embracing the object proposed by Mr. Burthe. This was adopted, the words "30 years" being substituted for the word "forever." The section was then adopted.

The remaining sections were adopted with trifling circumstance.

Mr. Marks offered an additional section repealing those sections of the old charter which are not revived by the present act. Adopted.

Mr. Taylor offered an additional section prohibiting the Company from issuing bills of credit, under a forfeit re of their charter, and other penalties.

Mr. Campbell suggested that it would be better to add it as a proviso to the 6th section. This section was therefore reconsidered and the amendment was accordingly amended so as to prohibit all banking powers or privileges,—on penalty of a forfeiture of charter.

Mr. Taylor offered to amend by providing fine and imprisonment as penalties. A motion to lay on the table was carried—yeas 31, nays 13.

Mr. Stillé voted yea, because the law already covered the whole ground.

The section as amended was then adopted.

Second Reading.

The act appropriating money for the Native American Artillery was passed with an amendment to the title.

On motion of Mr. Newport, the House dispensed with its rules, and took up the bill to incorporate First Baptist Church in New Orleans.

The bill was adopted.

Mr. Fluker offered an additional section giving the Legislature the right to alter or repeal the charter.

Mr. Pilié moved to lay it on the table. Carried—yeas 17; nays 14.

Mr. Texada voted yea, because he considered it useless.

The bill was read a third time and passed.

The House adjourned.

FRIDAY, February 14th, 1845.

The House met agreeably to adjournment. The roll being called 38 members answered to their names.

Mr Crossman asked to be excused from serving on the committee appointed to examine the charges preferred against Judge Preval, as he was ignorant of the French language in which the investigations were conducted, and was already a member of several committees. The motion prevailed.

Mr Gayarré stated that he was chairman of three important committees. His hands were full. He would, therefore, move to be exempted.

Mr Crossman withdrew his request and the matter was passed over.

Mr Stillé submitted a memorial praying the release of James Kinner and Robt Brown from a certain bond they had given as security for one Wood, in the parish of Sabine. Referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr Cruzat offered a resolution that the committee on the Pilot Bill be directed to report as soon as possible, and be exempted from going to the Balize. He hoped the resolution would be adopted. The House could adopt that section reducing the compensation of the pilots, without consulting them just as we had reduced the fees of clerks and sheriffs without consulting them. There would be no use in going to the Balize for this. Small vessels are particularly oppressed by the present rate of pilotage.

Mr Campbell supported the resolution. Let us at least do justice to the coasting vessels in our harbor. They were subject to a grievous tax sometimes as often as every ten days, while large vessels which go to China and Africa absolutely paid infinitely less.

Mr Duvigneaud, who had voted yesterday with the majority, had since had explanations with Mr Cruzat, and would move to reconsider the vote relative to the recommitment of the Pilot Bill.

The motion prevailed and the bill was taken up.

Mr Cruzat moved to lay on the table the two first sections and take up the third.

Mr Winchester moved to recommit the bill with a view to taking proper testimony, and to report thereon as early as possible.

Mr Fluker was in favor of referring to the new committee appointed yesterday. After some conversation the bill was referred to a committee of five, clothed with necessary powers, and instructed to report at an early day. The Speaker appointed Messrs. Winchester, Fluker, Cole, Morgan and Duvigneaud on the committee.

Mr Bickham submitted a resolution inviting the Hon. Alex. Barrow to resign his seat in the United States Senate on account of his unalterable determination to oppose the annexation of Texas, and his "contemptuous disregard of the interest and wishes of his constituents."

Mr Campbell voted nay because he sympathised with gentlemen in this House, at their disappointment at the course pursued by Mr Barrow. He disapproved of the tone and temper of the resolution but was willing to take it up on another day, discuss and modify it.

Mr Newport voted yea. He believed in the right of instruction, and thought that Mr Barrow must be aware of the wishes of the people of Louisiana.

Mr Parham voted nay. He did not believe in the right of instruction, but was perfectly willing and ready to meet the question.

Messrs Stillé and Crossman voted nay from the same reasons.

The resolution was laid on the table—yeas 22; nays 20.

Mr Texada offered the following resolution, which was read once, and lies over under the rules:

Be it resolved, &c. That our Senators and Representatives in Congress be requested to use their best endeavors, so as to amend the act of Congress approved February 15th, 1843, authorising the Legislatures of the States of Illinois, Arkansas, Louisiana and Tennessee, to sell the lands heretofore appropriated for the use of Schools in those States, as to empower this State to employ the proceeds of said fund to the whole state in such manner as the Legislature may direct.

Mr Cruzat moved that the House should meet every Saturday during the remainder of the session.

Mr Stillé said several important committees met on Saturdays, and it would be impossible for them to perform duties, if compelled to attend the House. He moved to lay the resolution on the table.

The resolution was laid on the table—yeas 30; nays 10.

Mr Marks voted yea, because he was on an important committee which met on Saturdays.

Mr Gaudet offered a resolution appointing a committee of three to examine certain documents connected with the early Colonial history of Louisiana, now in possession of Mr Magne, one of the Editors of the Bee, and report thereon. He stated that the Legislature had appropriated $1 000 some time since for the purpose of having similar documents in the archives of France copied. This appropriation had never been expended, and his object now was to examine those which Mr Magne had transcribed, and ascertain their value, and whether it would not be well to obtain them. The resolution was adopted, and the Speaker appointed Messrs Gaudet, Dubiane and Parham the committee.

Mr Carruthers submitted a memorial from the Parish of St. Mary asking the House to empower Mr Edward Sansbury to keep a certain ferry on Bayou Lanue. Referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr Fluker said, he rose to state a grievance and ask redress. Mr. He had submitted some time since a report on the subject of Public Education, which had been ordered to be printed. It had been sent back in a mutilated form, so as to appear unintelligible and ridiculous.

On motion of Mr Stillé the subject was referred to a committee composed of Messrs Stillé, Texada and Burthe.

Mr Texada presented a memorial against the granting of powers to the Police Jury of Rapides to impose a special tax. Laid on the table subject to call.

Mr Perham submitted a memorial from the Police Jury of Terrebonne in relation to the taxes of that parish. Referred to a Select Committee.

Mr Fluker submitted a resolution requiring the Clerk to transmit copies of all printed bills or reports to the Governor, Secretary and Treasurer, as soon as they may be received by the House.

Mr Cruzat saw no use in the resolution. Are we to consult these officers in forming laws. He doubted the capacity of the Governor to enlighten the House. He considered the resolution degrading to us. If the Governor wished copies of bill, let him come and take them, as we did. The resolution was equivalent to asking the Governor to interfere with our legislation.

Mr. Fluker had not anticipated any opposition to his resolution, as it the intention that it was intended to consult the Governor upon the bills before the House, he would simply say that he was in the habit of acting on his own bottom, and on his own book. It was the duty of the Governor to sign and approve all bills which passed the Legislature, and it was nothing but courteous and proper that he should be made acquainted with their progress, and be prepared to sign them. He had been informed that the custom prevailed in many other Legislatures.

Mr. Stillé saw no utility in the resolution. There was no use in sending bills to the offices of the Governor, Secretary and Treasurer, for which they, for the most part, cared nothing. The Governor it was true, had control over bills, but as they were very frequently amended and modified during their progress through the House, he did not see how the resolution could enable him to acquire the information sought for. Besides, he knew of no precedent for such a course. He should vote against the resolution for these reasons, and not through any disrespect for the Governor.

Mr. Burthe would be the first to sustain the resolution, if any good reason had been alleged in its favor. But he had heard none. It had been said that this course would tend to expedite business. He thought just the contrary. For from giving information to the Governor, it would create confusion in his mind, as it did in his own in consequence of the numerous amendments and modifications which bills underwent in their passage through the Legislature. It was the first time he heard of a similar practice being customary in other States. Again, all our bills and reports were printed in the State paper, and that the Governor could obtain easy access to them. He should vote against the resolution as unusual and unnecessary, though he entertained not the slightest discourtesy or disrespect towards the Governor.

The vote being about to be taken Mr. Campbell asked whether the resolution had been submitted at the request of the Governor. If so, he would vote cheerfully for it.

Mr. Fluker answered in the affirmative. The Governor had informed him that he experienced great difficulty in obtaining reports of bills, and was really anxious of an opportunity to examine them. That part of the resolution relative to the Secretary of State and Treasurer had been added at the suggestion of the member.

The resolution was adopted, yeas 34.

Mr Newport submitted an account from T B R Hatch for publication of the Governor's proclamation of the sales of the public lands. Laid on the table subject to call.

Mr Fluker, from the Committee on Public Education, reported unfavorably on a memorial of Alex Vattemare. The report was adopted.

Mr Waterston, from the Judiciary Committee, reported upon a recommitment of the petitions of a negro, touching the certain succes[sion] ... the subject had nothing to do with the business of the Judiciary Committee. There was ... also a minority report which together with the majority report was laid on the table subject to call.

Mr Gayarré, from the Committee on Claims, reported a bill for the relief of Mellier; an act for the relief of B Landreaux; an act for the relief of F Reynaud, an act for the relief of Daran, Queyrouze & Co; an act for the relief of D Oreux.

The same committee reported unfavorably on the claims of Wm Littleton.

Mr Perkins, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported a bill to remove the Land office from New Orleans to Jackson, Louisiana. Ordered to be printed.

Mr Newport, from a select committee, reported on a bill to amend the revenue laws. It was made the special order of the day for Monday, after the reading of the journal.

Mr Campbell, from a select committee, reported a bill to amend the charter of the New Orleans Gas Light Company. Ordered to be printed and made the order of the day for Wednesday.

Mr. Burthe, from a special committee to which had been referred certain petitions from the Fourth Ward, Second Municipality, reported against the prayer of the petitioners.

Mr Lavergne, from the Enroling Committee, reported sundry bills and resolutions as duly enroled.

Mr Campbell asked leave to introduce a bill for the relief of Nicholas M Calahan. It was so worded as to remind ... danger of a good ... Mr Campbell sustained ... for paying the mileage and per diem of Mr Calahan. ... would be compelled to present ... after day until he submitted.

The House dispensed with its rules and the bill was passed, read three times and passed.

On motion of Mr Gardere, the bill relative to the Citizens Bank, reported by the Finance Committee, was made the order of the day for Friday next, immediately after the reading of the journal.

Mr Burthe introduced a bill to amend the laws relative to free persons of color. Ordered to be printed.

Mr Hewitt gave notice of a bill to authorise the Governor to release for a term ... years the Canal and Fort Hudson Rail Road ...

Mr Bickham gave notice of a bill granting the privilege of a ferry over the ... Bogue Chitto.

On motion of Mr Parham, the bill relative to settlers on public lands was taken up and made the special order of the day for Wednesday.

Mr Waterston ... a bill to amend the act incorporating the Board of Public Works. Ordered to be printed.

To be continued.

LATEST DATES.

BOSTON	Feb 3	LONDON	Jan
NEW YORK	Feb 5	LIVERPOOL	Jan
PHILADELPHIA	Feb 4	PARIS	Jan
WASHINGTON	Feb 4	HAVRE	Jan
BALTIMORE	Feb 4	MEXICO	Dec
CHARLESTON	Feb 7	TAMPICO	Dec
CINCINNATI	Feb 4	VERA CRUZ	Jan
LOUISVILLE	Feb 8	HOUSTON	Feb
HAVANA	Feb 5	GALVESTON	Feb

MONEY MARKET.

Consolidated	20@22	¥ cent discount
Citizens'	16a21	do.
Improvement	64a70	do.
Atchafalaya	64a70	do.
Exchange	70a75	do.
Orleans	14@20	do.
United States Treasury Notes—		
$1,000 bills,		
$500 bills,		par@1 ¥ cent premium
$50 and $100 bills,		
Kentucky	par@1	do discount.
Tennessee	par@1½	do.
First Municipality	par	
Second Municipality	par	
Third Municipality	25@30	do.
Alabama	6½ 7½	do.
Ohio	5@6	do.
Illinois	5@6	do.
Indiana	14@3	do.
Texas Treasury Notes	15@13	cents on a dollar
Do Bonds	17@19	do do do

COMMERCIAL.

NEW-ORLEANS, FRIDAY NIGHT.
February 14, 1845.

The market has been moderately active since our last, and with few exceptions prices are nearly the same as before quoted. Out-door business continues to be favored by very fine weather, although it has been oppressively warm for the season.

COTTON—Arrived since the 11th instant, of Louisiana and Mississippi 8,800 bales; Tennessee and North Alabama 4 113, Arkansas 209; Mobile 87; Lake 114; Texas 100.—together 13,398 bales. Cleared in the same time for Liverpool 10,252 bales; Havre 2,599; Canton 2,650, Boston 2,164, Baltimore 521;—together 16,386 bales; making a reduction in stock of 3,112 bales, and leaving on hand inclusive of all on shipboard not cleared this day a stock of 137,750 bales.

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

1844. Sept. 1, stock on hand			12,169
Received last three days	13,398		
" previously	566,608		
			579,976
			592,079
Exported last three days	16,986		
" previously	438,313		
			454,319
Stock			137,750

Our report of Tuesday last left the Cotton market quiet with a declining tendency in prices. On Wednesday holders offered their stocks on more favorable terms, and 6000 bales were disposed of at a decline of ⅛@¼c on the highest rates paid last week. Yesterday there was a general attendance of buyers, and 7 000 bales changed hands. To-day the transactions reached 4,000 bales, and the market closes steadily at our reduced quotations. The main portion of the above business was done for England, France and Spain.

The sales of the week comprise 20,700, and those of the past three days 17,500 bales, which we notice as follows:—42 bales Louisiana and Mississippi at 6c;—176 at 6c;—54 at 6;—305 at 5¾@6¼c,—937 at 6½;—176 at 6¼;—1509 at —; —232 at 6½;—30 at 5¾;—108 at 6½;—170 at 6c;—30 at 7½;—141 at 5¾;—66 at 6½;—333 at 4½;—203 at 6 1-16;—208 at 6¼;—806 at 5½;—151 at 4¾;—134 at 4½;—170 at 6½;—83 at 5 1-16;—1400 at 5½;—9 0 at —;—353 at 6c;—206 at 6½;—82 at 6½;—99 at 7½;—98 at 6½;—114 at 5 1-16;—196 at 5½;—342 at 6½;—738 at 4½@6½,—30 at 6½;—304 at 6½;—118 at 6½;—33 at 6½,—71 at 6½;—201 at 5½;—243 at 6½;—200 at 5½;—175 at 6c;—80 at 4½;—126 at 6½;—191 at 6c;—240 at 6½;—130 at at 6c;—100 at 5c;—418 at 6½;—154 at 5½;—50 at 5½;—25 at 6½;—418 at 6½;—153 at 6c;—170 at 4c;—90 at 4c;—168 at 6¼;—296 at 6½;—36 at 6½;—52 at 5½;—202 at 4½;—80 at 4½;—160 at 6c;—167 at 5 1-16;—71 at 6½;—160 at 4½@6 at 7½;—and 18 at 6 cents ¥ lb.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION.

LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.		TENNESSEE AND N. ALA.	
Inferior	4 @ 5	Trash and Inferior	
O.d. to Good Ord	4½@ 5	Ordinary	
Middling	5½@	Middling	
Good Middling	6½@	Good Middling	
Middling Fair	6½@	Middling Fair	
Fair	6½@	Fair	
Good Fair	7½@	Good Fair	
Good & Fine	8¼@	Good and Fine	

TOBACCO—Since our report of Tuesday last, there has been a fair demand for Tobacco, and good lots have gone off readily at full prices. The stock on sale continues limited, and until there is some material increase in the receipts we cannot look for any extensive transactions. The business of the past few days comprises 400 hhds in small parcels, and we quote Inferior 1¼@2½c; Common 2½@3½c; Fair 3½@4c; Fine 4½@4½c; Choice and Segar leaf 5½@10c ¥ lb.

Arrived since the 11th instant, 670 hhds. Cleared in the same time for Havre 138 hhds, Montevideo 4; Boston 92, Philadelphia 62;—together, 296 hhds.

STATEMENT OF TOBACCO.

1844 Sept. 1, stock on hand			4,000
Received last three days		670	
" previously		14,161	
			14,833
			19,842
Exported last three days		296	
" previously		14,336	
			11,632
Stock			8,010

SUGAR—The demand for Sugar since our last has been moderately good, and the market continues to present a steady appearance. The stock has received some accession in consequence of larger receipts, but it is not heavy. The enquiry has been of a general character, embracing all qualities, and nearly divided between Northern and Western buyers. We quote Inferior 3¾c; Ordinary 3¾c; Common 3½@3½; Fair 3¾@4; Prime to strictly choice lots 4¼@5c ¥ lb. We notice a sale on Plantation of 220 hhds at 3½c ¥ lb, and several other crops were in treaty at the time of closing our enquiries.

HAVANA SUGARS—The business in Box Sugars continues very limited at former prices; Brown 4½@5c; Yellow 7@7½c; White 9@10½c. ¥ lb.

MOLASSES—There has been a falling off in the demand for Molasses since our last, and prices have given way fully ½c ¥ lb. We now quote 14@16 cents for oak, and 17a17½c per gallon for cypress barrels. The demand for lots on plantation is good, but we have not heard of any sales since our last.

FLOUR—The Flour market has acquired more firmness since our last, and prices have improved a little. We quote Ohio $3 90; Missouri Country and City brands $4 00@4 75 ¥ barrel.

WESTERN PRODUCE—No material change has taken place in the Provision market since our last. There is a fair demand for Pork, and prices rule as last quoted, say ... Mess $9 87@10 00; M O $9 00; Prime $8 00 ¥ barrel. Small sales of Beef are made at former rates; we quote Mess in barrels $9 00@9 50—half barrels $4 00@4 25; Prime $4 50@$7 00 ¥ barrel. There is a good enquiry for barrel Lard for export to Europe, and we notice some sales at 6¼c ¥ lb. The extremes of the market may be quoted from 5¼@6c for inferior to strictly prime qualities. The supply of Bacon is rather on the increase, but prices are not affected unless for Hams, which are down to 5½@6 cents ¥ lb; Canvassed do. and extra cured 8@10c; Sides 4½@5c; shoulders 4@4½c ¥ lb.

WHISKEY—The market has again declined under the influence of increased receipts and a limited demand, and we now quote Rectified 18@19 cents ¥ gallon. Common 21 cents ¥ gallon.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE—The market has relapsed into a quiet condition. Prices are unchanged, and we quote Kentucky Bagging 9@10½c ¥ yard, cash; and Rope 5½@6c ¥ lb. The stock of both articles are very large.

COFFEE—There is a good demand for Rio Coffee. Prices rule from 5½@6c ¥ lb. In other descriptions there is nothing doing.

SALT—We are not advised of any large sales of Liverpool Salt. Small lots are selling at 95c@$1 00 for coarse and $1 06@1 10 per sack for fine. Turks Island is retailing at 70@75c per sack of two bushels.

GRAIN—The Corn market is quite firm at our previous quotations, coupled with a good enquiry. Both White and Yellow are selling 40 cents ¥ bushel. Oats are dull 28@30 cents in bulk and 32@35c ¥ bushel in sacks. No Wheat in market.

CANDLES—Demand limited and prices drooping. We quote New Bedford and Boston 26c; Nantuckets 27 cents ¥ lb.

BUTTER—Market active and prices fully supported.—Western 8@11c ¥ lb, with a good demand for the better qualities. Goshen 14@17c ¥ lb.

RICE—The transactions continue to be in small parcels at $3 87@$3 25 ¥ 100 lbs. The market is amply supplied.

EXCHANGE—The demand for Exchange has slackened, and the rates are a shade lower. We quote London 8 per cent premium, but some favorite signatures command 9 per cent. Paris 5f. 27½@5f. 30. New York 60 days 1½@2 per cent discount; Checks par@½ per cent discount.

EXCHANGE OUT DOORS.

Sterling	8½@ 8½	¥ ct. prem.
France	5 27½@ 5 30	
New York, 60 days sight	1½@ 2	¥ ct. dis.
do 30 do sight checks	...	¥ ct. dis.
do. 10 days sight	...	¥ ct. dis.
do. sight checks	par @ ½	¥ c dis.
Philadelphia, 60 days	1½@ 2	¥ ct. dis.
do. sight	par @ ½	¥ ct dis.
Boston, at 60 days	1½@ 2	¥ ct. dis.

FREIGHTS—We have no change to notice in Freights, which continue dull to all quarters.

FREIGHTS.

Cotton ¥ lb. to Liverpool		7-16d.
do	Havre	1c.
do	New York	$2 00 ¥ bale.
do	Boston	1c.
Tobacco ¥ hhd. to Cowes, &c.		42s. 6d.
do	London, direct	42s. 6d.
do	New York	$4 00
do	Boston	$4 00
do	Philadelphia	$4 00
Sugar and Molasses from coast ¥ hhd		$4 00 @ $4 50
From the city		$3 50
Flour to the north		...
Beef to the north		80c.
Lard ¥ ton to the north		$2 00@$4 00

☞ For removal of superfluous hair from the Bransond face, neck or arms nothing has been offered equal to the Chinese Hair Eradicator made by the celebrated French Physician Dr. Bostein, and for sale at 69 Poydras street, where is also the genuine Balm of Columbia to promote the growth of hair and preventing keeping the hair free from Dandruff and giving it the most beautiful curl and lustre. f 14

☞ NOTICE—All Draymen that hauled furniture from ship SHAMUNGA, will leave their receipts at 73 Camp street to-day.

☞ Messrs Werner, Arnold & Co, or Wm Henderson consignees per steamer CHAMPION, will please call at 44 ... street, and receive a package to the above address.

☞ Mr Franklin Sawyer, Jr., consignee of one box merchandize per ship CONCORDIA, from Boston, will please call at the subscriber's office and receive the same.
L GALE, 30 Common

☞ The ship REPUBLIC, D Jackson, master, is now discharging opposite the Mint. Consignees are requested to take out their permits and attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee. All goods not permitted in 5 days will be sent to the public stores under a general order.
FOSDICK & BRO. 73 Camp

☞ The consignees of E M B (from 1 to 8) seven ... a diamond from 843 to 889, 2 cask hardware; W K 1 14 to 20, 7 casks hardware; C A B in a triangle from 1 to 101, 2 cases mdze; [B] 2 cases hardware; [L] 6 ch... ; K O, G A D No 8, 1 piece N O Boilands, Geneva; ... 8 No 372, 1 bbl brandy; P F No 10, 1 hhd wine; HY ... 8 No 92, 6 casks wine; H ... in a triangle, 1 box watches ... per ship REPUBLIC, from Liverpool, are requested to take out their permits and make themselves known to the discharging clerk on the levee, or their goods will be sent to the Custom-house stores.
FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Camp

☞ The Captain of the French ship EMILY will not be responsible for debts contracted by the crew of said ship. f 14 2t

☞ Ship COLUMBUS, Capt Collins, from Boston, will commence discharging this morning opposite the Orleans Press ... consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee. J P WHITNEY & Co. f 13 73 Camp

☞ Neither the captain nor the consignees of the French brig MINERVE, Captain Rainet, from Marseilles, will be accountable for any debts contracted by her crew.
f 14—1st BLANCHARD, EIMER & Co, 24 Bienville

LOST—Yesterday morning, on Royal street, a draft at sight, drawn (in French) upon Mr Jule Lavergne, endorsed about the 7th inst, to the order of Wm Dunbar, unendorsed by him for $484. The name of the drawer—... Payment has been stopped, the finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it with Horace Bean & Co., at 79 Julia st. f 14

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Eastern District of Louisiana—No. 211—John G Gaines, Assignee of the Estate of Walton & Kemp, Bankrupts. By virtue of an order issued from the Hon the District Court of the United States for the District aforesaid, dated 10th, 1845, I will expose at public sale on Friday the 21st day of February, 1845, at 12 o'clock M. at Banks' Arcade, Magazine street, the following property viz:
Sundry Notes and Accounts secured by Texas Notes and Bonds as collateral security, as follows:

C. Vinzant's notes in the hands of Wm. Patterson, Texas, for collection, balance due	$ 363 06
To secure the payment of the balance due by C. Vinzant Texas bonds and notes are held, as follows:	
Notes	$7 000
Ten per cent bonds	1 000
Eight per cent bonds	800
	$9,700
J. F. Edrington's two notes	$887 79
To secure the payment of this amount, the following Texas money is held as collateral security:	
Notes	$400 00
Ten per cent bonds	500 00
Eight per cent bonds	2,500 00
	$4 733 24
J E Little, balance on two notes	$744 80
Texas notes held as collateral	$1 600 00
Nolan & Craig, two notes	$425 05
Texas ten per cent bonds	$2 000
Do eight per cent bonds	3 000
Held as collateral	$2 300
E. S. Perkins & Co. account	$10 345 77
Texas ten per cent bonds, held to secure the payment of the account of E. J. Perkins & Co	$15,800

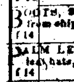
f 15—3t A SIDNEY ROBERTSON, U. S. Marshal

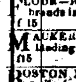
NEW publications—just received and for sale by the subscriber, the following valuable works, viz:
Niebuhr's History of Rome, complete in 2 vols.
Part I. Thiers' History of the Consulate and the Empire of France under Napoleon, to be completed in 10 Nos.
Wirtz's Posthumous Memoirs of his own Time.
Vols 6 and 7 Mrs Heman's Works.
Taylor's Medical Jurisprudence, with Notes and Additions by Dr Griffith.
Williams & Clymer on the Repository Organs.
Sir Astley Cooper on the Testis & Thymus Glands;
Together with an unequalled stock of school, medical and standard books, blank books, paper, stationery, &c.
J B STEEL, 14 Camp, Successor to Norman, Steel & Co.

FERBOS, No 249 Royal street, corner Dumaine, receives by the ship Bordeaux Packet and offers for sale—Wines in casks and cases, viz: Chateau Margaux, Chateau Lafitte, Haut Sauterne, sardines in oil of the best brands in box and halves; French mustard in large and small pots, bottle and glass corks; sealing wax for bottles.
Also—In store from former importations—Wines of all qualities in casks and cases, fruits in brandy; superfine anisette; prunes in boxes; Lyon sausages; truffled pates; green peas; capers in oil, &c. 12 2t

SUNDRIES—200 bbls mess and prime pork; 200 do mess beef; 30 O and prime beef; 1600 do superfine St Louis flour; 1600 do No 2 north and south mackerel; 300 kegs Old Cotton, ... Cut Nails; 125 drums fresh Smyrna figs; 2000 large ... bags; 100 bags Laguyra coffee; 40 half-tierce Boston hops; 180 coils Missouri bale rope; 200 dozen painted pails; 40 bbls No 1 castor oil; 40 M principe segars; 100 ... sperm candles; now in store and landing, for sale by
f 15 PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras

FRESH MADDER SEED of Direct Importation.—An excellent article for cultivating on a plantation, the profit from it is much larger than either sugar or cotton. Apply at the seed store of
WM DINN, 11 Common


FRESH HAVANA TOBACCO SEED—A superior article for sale at the seed store of
WM DINN, f 15 11 Common


CAROLINA CORN PEAS, of Direct importation—60 barrels of very superior quality, for sale at the seed store of
f 15 WM DINN, 11 Common

BEEF AND PORK—300 bbls mess and prime pork; 200 bbls mess M O. and prime beef at Sozanth's Wisconsin Inspection, for sale by
f 14 PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—300 cases, landing from ship Natchez and Columbus, for sale by
f 14 R G HOOBS, 12 Customhouse.

PALM LEAF HATS—28 cases fine and common Palm leaf hats, for sale by FROST & Co., f 14 10 Magazine

FLOUR—1000 bbls St Louis flour, superfine favorite brands in store and for sale by
f 15 PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras

MACKEREL—175 bbls No 3 North and South, now landing from barque Natchez, and for sale by
f 15 PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras

BOSTON NAILS—300 kegs Old Colony Iron company nails, in store and for sale by
f 14 PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras

FIGS—150 drums fresh Smyrna figs now landing from ship Columbus, for sale by
f 15 PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras

SOAP—25 boxes Oline, a new article, for sale by
f 14 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co, 93 Tchoupitoulas

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—20 boxes ordinary, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co, f 14 93 Tchoupitoulas

LEAF TOBACCO—Havana best Vuelta de Abajo tobacco leaf, for sale by
f 14 J M CABALLERO, 22 Old Levee.

EXCHANGE ON BOSTON at sight to 60 days, for sale by f 14 J P WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp

FOR SALE AT LOW PRICE—Twenty arpents Ribbon Canes, for sale by Mr. B SAULET. Two miles above Gretna. Apply on the premises. f12—6

FOR SALE—A COW PEN with 25 fine Milch Cows Calves, Horses, Milch Pails and Cart, &c., situated at Metairie road. For farther information apply on the Plantation of Mrs. WIDOW FRANCOIS, between the Race Ground and the residence of Mr. John S. West, or in the City at No. 49 St. Anne street, between Royal and Condé streets. Said Establishment has customers in town. f 13—3

HEAD QUARTERS, 1st Division, L. M.
New Orleans, Feb. 12, 1845.

Orders No. 3.

1st. The approaching Anniversary of the Birth Day of Washington, the Father of our Country, will be celebrated by the Volunteer Corps of this Division with due military honors and by a Sham Battle; for that purpose they will assemble at their respective parades, fully equipped, on Saturday, 22d inst, at 7 o'clock A. M.

2. The officers and troops of the U.S. and the volunteer companies from other places that have been invited to join in the celebration, will rendezvous at half past 7 o'clock A. M., on the Place d'Armes of the First Municipality, or on Lafayette square of the Second Municipality, as may suit their convenience.

3. The Artillery will be fully equipped with horses to their pieces, and will be prepared with twenty five rounds blank cartridge per piece; the Infantry with twenty rounds of blank cartridge per man.

4. The different corps of volunteers of the Division will make the necessary arrangements to pass the day out of town and will be prepared to move to the point of general rendezvous at 8 o'clock A. M. To guard against accidents to spectators, a detachment of cavalry will be despatched half an hour in advance of the troops, to clear the field, and will, during the action, keep the crowd from the ground occupied by the troops.

5. Brig Gen Charles Cavillier, commanding Louisiana Legion, and Brig Gen Horatio Davis, of the 1st Brigade, will make the necessary division of their forces, and are otherwise specially charged with the execution of this order as to their respective commands.

By order of
Major Gen JOHN L LEWIS,
Commanding 1st Division L. M.
CHAS. A LABUZAN, Aide de Camp
f 13

HEAD QUARTERS LOUISIANA LEGION.
Order No 2.
New Orleans, February 13th, 1845.

IN accordance with the order emanating from Division Head Quarters, the Legion will parade on Saturday 22d of February instant, to celebrate the Anniversary of the birth of GENERAL WASHINGTON, the father of our country, at 7 o'clock, A. M. Punctual attendance is requested. Usual place of rendezvous.

By order Brigadier General Chs. Cuvillier.
f 13 CHAS. L. DUROCHER, Aid-de-Camp.

F. & T. LACOSTE, 100 Royal street, offer for sale landing from Bordeaux packet, a complete assortment of white wine, viz: Haut Sauterne, Haut Barsac; Sauterne in half casks; Red wine in casks Mouton, red, Saint Emilion, Chateau Margaux and Chateau Lafitte.

In store from former importations:—Wines in casks and halves, viz: Montferrand, St. Emilion, St. Estephe Medoc, St. Julien, Chateau Margaux and Ch. teau Lafitte, and also in cases of bottles and half bottles. A complete assortment of Cordeals, Anisettes, Fruits in Brandy of the best brands; Cognac Casks of different qualities. f 12

THE undersigned offers for sale, landing from ships Talma and Bordeaux Packet from Bordeaux:—
4 half pipes Cognac brandy, 4th proof, Castillion brand;
10 qr. do do do do do;
30 baskets superfine olive oil.
From former importations:
10 half pipes brandy same brand, entitled to drawback; 20 qr. do 400 cases, 15 bottles, red wine, entitled to drawback; 200 do do white wine do; 150 casks red wine, different brands; 50 half casks do do white wine, Haut Sauterne; 50 half casks white wine vinegar; 50 cases prunes in flasks, rolls and transparent boxes; 50 boxes corks of different qualities; 100 baskets of 180 each empty bottles; old Champagne brandy in casks of 20 and 30 gallons; fine wines in casks and cases of 12 bottles and 24 halves; fine and superfine absinthe in baskets, assorted cordials, superfine currants, Swiss absynth, fruits in brandy in flasks of pint and quart, sardines in oil in boxes, halves and quarters, Champagne in bottles and halves, salt thread in small bales, &c.
f 12 EDOUARD LARROQUE, 85 St Louis

SUNDRIES—French wines—claret, St Emilion and other brands; casks and half casks; do in cases; ale, of various marks and prices; among it some fine Chateau Margaux, ... J J Dupuy and other brands in half pipes; champagne; white wine in bbls, Frontignac, Sauterne, Haut-Sauterne, Graves, cordials, &c, &c, in store and for sale by f 12 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

SUNDRIES—Bologna sausages in boxes; Sardines in oil. No. ... assortment of French confectionery, pickles in vinegar ... boxes, assorted; orange flower water of superior quality and mot plums; French capers; plums in ... ; macaroni, vermicelli, &c.; sealing wax, &c., in store and for sale by
f 12 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

FOR SALE—100 bxs and bbls Boston refined sugar; 100 ... casks ... 3000 ... bags; 20 ... ; 70 bxs white Havana sugar; 30 bxs Havana ...; 100 do ... soap; 150 casks rice; 20 bxs ... ; 200 do ... almonds; 30 boxes sperm candles; 20 do No 2 ...; 200 bags No 1 do, 200 kits salmon; 20 ... ; 10 ... grindstones; 500 kegs white lead; 100 ... ; 50 ... pails; 800 mats cassia; by
MONCRON & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier

WHITE LEAD, &c.—100 kegs prime No 1 and extra, 500 lbs each; 200 do 50 lbs each; 300 do 100 do each; 150 do 50 do each; 100 do 25 do each; 1 do imperial green paint; 400 do permanent do; 15 bbls linseed oil English, in store for sale by
f 11 W F VREDENBURGH & Co, 30 Old Levee

WINE—[22]5 casks Bordeaux wine, St Julien, St Estephe Montferrand and Queries; 75 do do St Julien and St Estephe, 1841; 50 do old Chateau Lafitte and Leoville, 1834; 50 do old Margaux and Pauillac medoc, 1837; 44 half do Pauillac Medoc and St. Emilion; 25 half do do St Emilion, Bordeaux and Graves; 25 half do do de Bonds for sale by
f 10 DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co. 11 and 15 St Louis

FOR SALE by the undersigned—Havana and English ducks, New York stripes, French Locks assorted numbers; Swiss Absynth, of Perzod & Lecoultre; Brandy Cherries; Burgundy Wine, Volnay's and Chambertin, Champagne Wine in barrels, Guatamala Indigo.
J. ALBERT, 22 St. Louis st.

FOR SALE by the undersigned landing from ship Talma ... truffles ... an ... Perigord truffles; 150 half boxes Perigord truffles; 500 ... Lyon salami.
LOREILHE & Co, corner Royal and Customhouse.

THIRTY cases 10 boxes each, sardines in oil, 10 do 100 do; 4 cases 10 boxes green peas; 12 do 12 glass jars prunes; 10 do ... soft shelled almonds; 100 boxes fresh citrons; for sale by DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co., 11 & 15 St Louis

DEMIJOHNS, &c.—3000 round demijohns ½ galls each; 100 baskets empty bottles; 500 ... half long pointed corks, 50 casks half corks, 10 ... demijohns ... 4 bales ... twine ... in store and for sale by
f 10 DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co, 11 & 15 St Louis

OIL, &c.—50 baskets Marseilles oil Plagniol, 12 bottles; 150 do Fournier do; 100 do Plagniol and Fouchel 24 half bottles, 150 baskets; 75 boxes olives, capers and pickles; 50 do French vinegar for sale by
f 10 DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co, 11 & 15 St. Louis

SEGARS—Landing ex brig T Street from Havana—3 M Regalias ... 3 M Regalias; 10 M Canones, 30 M Millar, ... and 5M ... for sale by DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co., 11 and 15 St Louis

HAVANA SEGARS—Receiving ex steamer Alabama and brig Tell, from Havana—80,000 segars, Regalias Canones, Pressados, Bayonettas, Millar & Damas of the Cabana, Woodville, Victoria and Palma brands for sale by f 11 E JOHNS, 11½ Poydras

WINE—60 barrels Madeira, imitation Marseilles, 8 half pipes Teneriffe imitation Madeira; 4 do 12 barrels old Madeira, 25 do old imitation Port; 4 do old Port, for sale by DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co, f 10 11 & 15 St. Louis

WINE—220 brls white wine, Haut Sauterne, Barsac and Graves; 150 cases do Sauterne and Haut Sauterne; 35 bris white wine vinegar, for sale by
DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co, 11 and 15 St Louis

RIO COFFEE—2000 bags prime Rio coffee, put up in double linen and single twilled bags, rec'd by brigs Harriet and Warsaw, from Rio de Janeiro, for sale by
f 10 J W STANTON & Co, corner of Magazine and Lafayette sts

SPERM OIL—5000 gallons winter strained bleached and unbleached sperm oil, a fine article and warranted to stand cold weather, for sale by
f 10 J W STANTON & Co, corner Magazine and Lafayette

GUNPOWDER—Eden Park Mills, in kegs, halves and quarters, in quantities to suit purchasers and of a quality guaranteed to equal the most favorable manufacture hitherto known, offered for sale by
f 10 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

SUNDRIES FOR DRAWBACK—10 qr pipes Castillon brandy, vintage of 1821; 8 do J J Dupuy do; 100 cases claret, St Julien, entitled to debenture, for sale by
f 12 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

HAVANA SEGARS—Regalias brand Ugues, Uranie, Yadis-Cubana, Mahoneca, Palma Colorado, &c. &c. now landing and for sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, f 11 34 Tchoupitoulas st

BRANDY AND WINE in cases entitled to drawback—30 half pipes brandy, 4th proof, 400 cases St Julien red wine, for sale by FOUGET, SON, f 11 147 Royal

STORAGE at 111 Magazine st, and a yard in the rear of the building, terms moderate apply to
R DITTRICH, f 11 20 Poydras, corner of Tchoupitoulas

SARDINES—100 boxes and half boxes sardines in oil, of Chancholin, Riffe and Basset of La Rochelle, landing ex packet ship Bordeaux, for sale by
f 11 BLANCHARD, EIMER & Co, 24 Bienville

COFFEE &c.—150 bags Rio Coffee; 50 do Havana do; 30 do Java do; 30 cases white Havana Sugar; for sale by DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co., f 10 11 & 15 St. Louis

TALLOW—57 brls superior, in fine shipping order now landing from steamboat Express Mail and for sale by
f 10 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co., 93 Tchoupitoulas

WOLFE'S SWAN GIN AND LA ROCHELLE BRANDY—10 pipes Wolfe's Swan Gin; 10 do Meder's; 10 eighth pipes La Rochelle Brandy, for sale by
f 10 J. B. RATHBONE & Co. 8 Canal st

HAVANA SEGARS—80 000 assorted qualities, landing from steamship Alabama; 20,000 Regalias Fleurada from brig ... for sale by
f 10 J M CABALLERO, 22 Old Levee

SEGARS—80 000 Regalias and Millars; Ugues and Cabana's brand, landing per. steamship Alabama, from Havana, for sale by E THOMPSON, f 10 36 Old Levee

BRANDY—8 half pipes Rochelle brandy; 7 qr pipes do do; 4 do Bordeaux do; for sale by
f 10 HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN, 44 Poydras

LETTER PAPER—French letter paper, very fine vellum for European postage, in boxes of 25 reams, for sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, f 10 34 Tchoupitoulas.

SEGARS of various brands and descriptions—a very large and assorted stock, imported from Havana, on hand and for sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, f 10 34 Tchoupitoulas

SPERM CANDLES—500 boxes assorted New Bedford sperm candles, for sale by
J W STANTON & Co, corner Magazine and Lafayette

SUGAR—30 hhds fair and prime qualities, in store and for sale by A. GORDON, WYLIE & Co, 53 Bienville street

CUBA LEAF TOBACCO—An invoice of 51 odd bales an assortment of leaf tobacco, for sale by
f 10 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

MADEIRA AND SHERRY in Indian bbls, imported and for sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas.

LEATHER—Sole leather, country made, excellent quality, in store and for sale by
f 10 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

SUGAR—Box Havana sugar—a lot of superior yellow offered for sale at a fair price by
f 10 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

NAILS—300 casks assorted cut nails, for sale by
f 10 J W STANTON & Co, corner Magazine and Lafayette

CHAMPAGNE—10 baskets, for sale by
W F VREDENBURGH & Co, 30 Old Levee

SALES AT AUCTION.

DORSEY, VINCENT & CO.,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
No 40 Chartres Street, New Orleans.
☞ Particular attention given to sales and package sales of dry goods.
☞ Liberal advances will be made upon all goods consigned for sale.

BY SYKES & HYDE.
A DEVALL, Auctioneer
Office, ...
ON Monday, 17th instant, at 12 o'clock, will be sold at J. S. Turner's Warehouse, 25 Julia street, by order and under the inspection of the Port Wardens, for account of whom it may concern—
500 bags Rio Coffee, damaged on board the ... on the voyage of importation.
Terms—Cash. f 15

BY F H PETETAIN
At No 2 Old Levee street.
Groceries.
WILL be sold this day, February 15th, at half past 11 o'clock—
Rio coffee; Havana do; soap, sperm candles; sperm oil; tobacco, vinegar, ground pepper, anisette, claret wine, Champagne wine; pork, olives, &c. &c. Also,
15 cases preserved cherries in their juice;
15 do do strawberries do do;
15 do do peaches do do. f 15

BY F. K. TRICOU.
WILL be sold on Saturday next, 15th inst. at noon, at the City Exchange, St. Louis street, to the highest bidder:
The negro woman MARIA, aged about 25 years, good house servant, somewhat of a cook, washer and ironer, guaranteed against the vices and maladies prescribed by law. During a number of years she has belonged to the present proprietor, she ... ran away but once, and went back of her will after a few days, and in the only case of his selling her off.
Terms—One-fourth cash, balance at 3, 6 and 9 months credit, in notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendor and special mortgage until final payment.
Acts of sale before Louis T. Caire, notary public, at cost of purchaser. f 15

BY ANTHONY FERNANDEZ.
SATURDAY next, 15th inst., at 12 o'clock, will be sold at the City Exchange, St Louis street—
A lot of ground situated in suburb Franklin, being lots No 1, 2, 3 and 4 in square No 144.
Lot No 1 forming the corner of Poets and Moreau streets, and measuring 30 feet 10 inches 7 lines front on the first named, and 114 feet 10 inches 4 lines in depth fronting Moreau street.
The lots 2, 3 and 4 measure each 30 feet 10 inches front on Force street, between Moreau and Arts streets, and 114 feet 10 inches 4 lines deep, all American measure.
The lot of ground situated in suburb Tremé, measuring, English measure, 32 feet front on Orleans street, between Robertson and Villeré streets, having 71 feet 8 inches by ... on one side, 71 feet 7 inches 4 lines deep on the other, and 32 feet in the rear.
There is a brick house on the lot, ground and eight rooms, four below and four above. There are two doors on the street, and the house is conveniently divided for two families. The yard is bricked all over. There is a cistern on both sides. The kitchen is two stories high, and separated from the house. The whole is rented at the public auction at 336 per month.
The mulatto woman SYLVIE, about 30 years of age and her three children—
ERNEST, a mulatto boy, about ... years;
ANTOINETTE, a mulattress, aged about 3 years;
JULES, a mulatto boy, of ... years.
The mother is a good washer and cook, and is particularly warranted a true and faithful servant.
Terms—cash.
Acts of sale before Felix Percy, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser. f 15

BY FRANCIS FERNANDEZ.
SATURDAY next, 15th inst., will be sold at the City Exchange, St. Louis street, without reserve:
A handsome property situated at the corner of Casacalvo and Marigny streets, having 66 feet front on Marigny street, by 61 feet front and depth on Casacalvo street, French measure, on which is a house ... two story kitchen, bricked ... , and ... a ... cistern, &c., well rented for $30 per month.
Terms—One-third cash, one third at 6 months and one third at 12 months credit for endorsed notes bearing mortgage. Also, a house and lot adjoining on Marigny street. f 13

BY ABAT & DOMINGON
Sale to close a Concern.
ON Tuesday, 18th February, 1845, at 10 o'clock, A. M. will be sold at Chartres street, No. 91, between Bienville and Customhouse streets,
THE STORE OF MR. F. COUPER:
Consisting in Dry Goods, and sundry articles, too numerous to be described.
Terms—cash.

MANDEVILLE COLLEGE.
WANTED, a teacher of Music. One who is competent to give lessons on the Piano and Violin can make application to Ph. Guesnon, Esq., office Pontchartrain Rail Road Company, Victory street.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
THE partnership heretofore existing under the name of Fernandez & Saucier, for the auction business, was dissolved by mutual consent, by act passed before A. Ducatel, notary public, on the 14th instant. Mr. H S Saucier remains charged with the settlement of said partnership.
New Orleans, 14th February, 1845.
ANTHONY FERNANDEZ,
f 14 H S SAUCIER.

OFFICE WESTERN MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
New Orleans, February 13, 1845.
AT an election held at this office on the 3d inst the following gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year:—
L Matthews, A B Roly[?],
John Martin, ... Bach,
J L Bogart, A ... Morris,
W ... Benton, W ... Hopkins,
F ... R ..., ... Warren,
H F McKenna, J D Mears,
John Mearns, J ... Whitall,
David ...
At a meeting of the Board, on the evening of the 12th inst, L Matthews, Esq, was unanimously re elected President.
f 13 GEORGE C LAWRASON, Secretary.

NEW AND FASHIONABLE SPRING GOODS FOR LADIES DRESSES.
C. M. SIMPSON, 38 Chartres street, corner of Customhouse, has just received by the recent arrivals from France and New York, the following new goods:
1 case Cashmeres, new printed;
1 do rich and medium price;
1 do extra rich, entirely new designs;
1 do new plaid French Lawns;
1 do new jaconets, very low;
Several cartoons ... and fancy handkerchiefs; 1 case new and rich silks for dresses, which will be sold at very low prices;
2 cases parasols, new styles;
Several cases of calicoes at all prices.
Also—selling off, at less than cost, a large quantity of Cashmeres de laines, crapes, chaleys, &c. together with a full and complete assortment of dry goods suited to family use.

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.—Lost or stolen, on the 31st January last, between the Royal Street ... and the Hotel kept by Mr Fulton, (known as the Mansion House) fronting the Hospital of Charity, in the street de los Oficios, in Havana, a CARPET BAG, which was placed with some trunks on a dray, containing 800 SPANISH DOUBLOONS—Also, a Razor, with a black handle and marked "Magnum Bonum," and other articles ... and various articles of clothing.
Said Carpet Bag measures about 18 inches in width and 8 inches in length, and was locked with a brass padlock, which had the name of "Samuel Dane, London," inscribed on it.
Whoever will deliver the above Bag and contents to No. 3, Calle del Baratillo, Havana, or to Edmund W. DANA, at the St. Charles Exchange, will receive the above named reward, of Five Hundred Dollars. f 11 3t

NEW ORLEANS DRAINING COMPANY.
AN election by the stockholders of this company for six Directors to serve during the ensuing year, will be held on Monday next, 17th inst., at the Company's office, between the hours of 11 A M and 1 o'clock P M.
f 12 6t FERGUS GARDERE Secretary.

NEW INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,
BY J. B. CABOS,
No. 24 Jefferson street, New Orleans.
SEVERAL cooks and stewards wish to be employed on board of vessels or steamboats.
Also—Barkeepers, who can furnish good recommendations.
TEN SERVANTS, white or colored, cooks, washers and ironers, can be engaged immediately in private families, at good wages.
N. B.—Bakers and other tradesmen, or those who are in want of journeymen or servants of either sex, may apply to M. Cabos, No. 24 Jefferson street, from 10 A. M. till half past 2, and from 4 to 6.
☞ Persons having employment to offer to workmen will not be required to pay any thing at this office. f 6—1m

SPRING DRY GOODS.
BY the last arrivals from Liverpool and Havre, we have received an extensive and splendid assortment of British, Scotch, German and French DRY GOODS to which we call the particular attention of dealers as we are determined to sell at as low as the importers of the northern cities. In our assortment will be found:
25 cases Irish Linens; 10 do cotton ... ; 18 do linen ... ; 6 do lawn and cotton do; ... Paris fancy ... 3 do ex superior do; 4 do white ... ; 3 do ... ; 8 do London ... ; 20 do ... ; ... French elastic ... ; ... gloves ... ; ... embroidered ... ; ... together with a large and well selected stock of domestic manufactures, suitable for ... ; which we call the attention of planters, country and city merchants.
H DE GOER & KIPPARD, 32 Magazine

FOR SALE—... No. 74 Camp street, have in store and for sale on accommodating terms:
Sperm Oil—2000 gallons winter strained;
Sperm Candles—250 boxes New Bedford;
Tanner's Oil—21 barrels Tanner's Oil;
Holland Gin—25 pipes Meder Swan brand;
Brandies—6 half pipes Cognac, Dumas brand; 16 half do, Pellevoisin brand, 8 half pipes and 8 quarter casks Imitation Brandy; 3 quarter Peach do, Pellevoisin brand;
Wines—10 quarter casks Oporto Port; 7 quarter casks do Madeira; 4 half pipes do.
Teas—200 ... boxes Young Hyson; 50 half Chests Gunpowder; ... Souchong ... Hyson;
Cider—... Newark Cider;
Vinegar—100 ... Cider Vinegar;
Porter and Stout—40 casks London Porter and Stout;
Butter—... firkins Goshen Butter;
Tobacco—10 boxes manufactured Tobacco;
Clocks—10 cases wooden Clocks;
Soda Water—200 doz. A W Rapp's brand;
Champagne—25 baskets Champagne Wine;
Verdigris—20 casks, ground in oil;
Paper—100 reams Foolscap;
Shoes and Brogans—cases Ladies' Shoes and Brogans;
Lead—200 pigs in lots to suit purchasers. f 12

SUNDRIES—1000 brls flour, St. Louis brands; 200 do mess and prime pork; 140 do M O beef; 25 do No 1 castor oil; 100 bags Laguyra coffee; 100 kegs western butter; 80 half chests Young Hyson tea; 50 boxes soap; 1 6 boxes sperm candles; for sale by
f 12 1w PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras

PEACH AND OTHER FRUIT TREES.
2000 Peach Trees of the best varieties, mostly free-stones, all of very large size.
Also—A choice lot of Cherry, Plum, Pear and Fig trees; fine collection of Green House and Garden plants; Yews; Scotch Broom, ... Seeds of Hedge, Cane, ... edgings, now landing and for sale by
f 10 P C SHANNON, 3 Tchoupitoulas

HOLLAND GIN—10 pipes Holland Gin, ... brand; 20 Jamaica rum; 10 bris peach brandy; 10 do ... whiskey; 30 do Monongahela do; 10 do ... ; 20 ... of ... proof imitation American cognac; 20 do alcohol; 1 pipes imitation Holland gin, 5 do ... ; 20 do ... ; 20 do northern cider; 20 do ... for sale by
f 10 DARAN, QUEYROUZE & Co, 11 and 15 St. Louis

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f 15