The New-Orleans Bee.

No 149. VOL V.—NEW SERIES. NEW-ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 16, 1843. VOL XVIII—WHOLE NO. 4125

Official Journal of the State, GENERAL & THIRD MUNICIPALITY COUNCILS.

BY BULLUTT, MAGNE & CO., NO. 81 CHARTRES STREET.

TERMS OF THE BEE.
SUBSCRIPTION.
Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, tri-weekly, one year in advance, - - - 10

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or to the paper and advertising, it will not be considered as discontinued on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

ADVERTISING.—One dollar per square, for each language of the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one; any alteration from the original advertisement will be charged as a new one. TEN lines are a square from ONE to TEN times, charged as a square.

ADVERTISEMENTS not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged $ per square for each language and for each insertion.

SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Merchants and Traders, in French and English, Commission merchants, ship and steamboat forms, &c.	$60
Banks, insurance office, public institutions,	80
To advertisers in either French or English only, a reduction of 25 per cent will be made on the above prices, payable quarterly in advance.	

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ADVERTISEMENTS out of the direct line of business of the yearly advertisers, such as legal, auction, and plantation sales, houses or lots of ground to let lease or sell, runaway slaves, stray animals, &c. &c. will be charged as separately and at the ordinary rates.

NOTICES OF ARTICLES of a personal nature, when admitted, will pay two dollars per square, in advance.

Theatres and other places of amusements, advertising daily for the season, to be charged 100 dollars either French or English only, and 150 dollars for both languages.

MARRIAGE AND OBITUARY NOTICES.—Articles calling the attention of the public to sales of property, cards, passages, benefits, &c. &c. will be charged one dollar per square, for the first insertion in each language.

CAUTION NOTICES.—No advertisements of bankruptcies will be published in any case, unless paid for in advance.

All announcement of Candidates for political offices will be charged double the price of other advertisements.

BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.

CARDS.

TO PLANTERS, DRUGGISTS, PHYSICIANS, &c. The subscribers are constantly supplied with a large and well assorted stock of fresh medicines of the best quality, which together with paints, oils, turpentine, &c. they offer to country dealers and planters upon the most reasonable terms.
JARVIS & ANDREWS,
20 Common st and 7 Canal st Row.

☞ MR. JOSEPH A. HALL is our legally authorised Agent and Attorney in fact, during our temporary absence in this city.
NORCROSS & FOSDICK.

☞ During my absence Mr. G. LEGENDRE is charged with the business of St. Peter. Mr. Legendre is authorised to receive letters for me, and to account for the same.
CH. DUFOUR, Liquidator.

☞ Mr. ALEXANDRE WIEDEMAN will superintend my business during my absence.
CH. DUFOUR.

☞ NOTICE.—Messrs. North & Brothers are alone authorised to receive letters for, or attend to any unsettled business of the late firm of Foot & North, dissolving the co-partnership of the New Orleans partner, Mr R North.
New Orleans, 24th May, 1843.
FOOT & NORTH, in liquidation.

BUDDECKE, WOODS & CO.
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
16 Gravier street, corner Tchoupitoulas.

CARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN,
General Commission and Forwarding Merchants.
No. 44 Poydras street.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON, COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 31 Canal street, New Orleans.

CLYMER, THOMPSON & CO.,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
No. 49, Tchoupitoulas Street,
New Orleans.

LINDLEY AND RUSSELL,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
96 Tchoupitoulas street.

GEORGE BEDFORD,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT
No. 47 Poydras Street,
New Orleans.

FORDICK & BROTHER,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 66 Camp street, New Orleans.

HERAN, LEES & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
New Orleans.

THE subscribers will make liberal advances, in cash, on cotton, tobacco, sugar and other produce consigned to the above address.
HEWITT, HERAN & CO.
6 Camp st

PEET & MORTON,
(FORMERLY PEET AND SMITH),
WHOLESALE DRY-GOODS DEALERS,
No. 17,
Chartres Street, New-Orleans.

T. & B. TOBY & BOGERT,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
No 70 CAMP STREET,
New Orleans.
THOMAS TOBY. | SAMUEL TOBY. | GEORGE C. BOGERT.

NORCROSS & FOSDICK,
Commission & Forwarding Merchants.
Agents of the Boston Sugar Refinery.
New Orleans, Sept. 1, 1840. NORCROSS, WM S FOSDICK.
40 Gravier st

ISAAC BRIDGE,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,
And Agent for the sale of Robertson & Hoyt's Improved Salamander Iron Safes, and Amos Stevens' Patent Balances,
76 Magazine street.

OCEAN INSURANCE COMPANY,
OFFICE No 45, CAMP STREET.
Cash Capital, $100,000.
INSURES AGAINST FIRE, MARINE, AND RIVER RISKS.
WM. A. GASQUET, *President.*
CHAS. BIRGUY, Sec'y.

NEW HARMONY. FRANCIS D. DARLING. GEO. FOSTER.
HARROD, DARLING & CO.,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
40 & 42 Camp st, New Orleans.
Bostonnais New Orleans Regular Line of Packets,
No. 40 Common street, New Orleans.
HEWITT, HERAN & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
No. 44 Camp street,
MEMBERS OF THE FIRM: New Orleans.
JAMES HEWITT.
DAVID HERAN.
JAMES LEES.

NOTICE.
THE subscribers have this day associated with them in the Commission and Forwarding Business, Mr. James L. Carman, and the business will in future be conducted under the style and firm of
HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN.
A. C. L. Hartwell.
Thomas H. Kidder.

H. DE GOER & RIFFLARD,
Importers of French, English, & German Dry Goods,
AND DEALERS IN
DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES
AND ALL KINDS OF
NEGRO WOLLENS AND COTTONS,
For Plantations,
H. De Goer, Paris. J. Riffelard, New Orleans.
New Orleans, No. 28, Chartres street.

YOUNG LADIES' ACADEMY,
CONDUCTED BY MRS. P. A. PIN,
146 St. Louis street.
(Between St. Louis and Conti.)
The various branches of education are taught in both the English and French languages.
BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION:
Reading, Writing
Grammar, Arithmetic,
Geography, History,
Mythology,
Lessons in Music, Drawing, Embroidery, &c. separately given.

ADVANCES will be made by the undersigned on consignments of flour, grain, pork, &c. to their friends in New York.
GEO. K. CLIFFORD.
47 Poydras st

FLOUR—300 brls best St Louis brands by
J. R. SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st.

TEAS—20 cases assorted teas, in store and for sale by
JOHN R. SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st.

SUGAR—35 hhds prime sugar for sale by
J. R. SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st

CORN—1000 sacks, in prime shipping order, and for sale by
J. R. SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st.

RED BEANS—20 sacks prime red beans, for sale by
WM J. BRYAN & Co, 28 Commerce st

WHISKEY—100 brls in store, for sale by
WM J. BRYAN & Co, 28 Commerce st

COAL—43 tons Cannel coal, for sale by
S. & J. P. WHITNEY & Co., 016

CAPS—Men's fur and seal caps, for sale low by
FROST & Co, 19 Magazine st

SHIRTS—Men's red flannel shirts, striped twilled do, for sale by
FROST & Co, 19 Magazine st. 016

FRENCH BLANKETS—Mortpellier blankets, 2 quarts, for sale by
J. ALBERT, 22 St Louis st. 016

BUCK SHOT—Tootle's buck shot for sale by
J. ALBERT, 22 St Louis st.

RIO COFFEE—In store and for sale by
WM FRHIN & Co, 56 Customhouse st

FLAXSEED—41 brls flaxseed in store and for sale by
HULLIN & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st

LIQUORS AND MUSCAT WINE—In boxes for sale by
GEO GREEN & BRO, 62 Gravier st

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—2 brls for sale by
JARVIS & ANDREWS.

REMOVAL.—GEORGE BEDFORD has removed to No. 98, Common Street.

BEEF—50 brls prime beef at inspection and for sale by
FRYE & FROST, 24 Poydras st

PLANTATION ORDERS for shoes and hats supplied by
FROST & Co, 19 Magazine st

RED FLANNEL SHIRTS—40 doz for sale by
FROST & Co, 19 Magazine st

FLOUR—100 barrels best Missouri flour, for sale by
HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 44 Camp st

BACON HAMS—2 hhds prime hams, for sale by
HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 44 Camp st.

EAU DE COLOGNE—14 boxes for sale by
SCHMIDT & Co, 98 Common st

GUNNY BAGS—For sale by
GREEN & BRO, 62 Gravier st

MANILLA CORDAGE—Manilla cordage for sale by
GEO GREEN & BRO, 62 Gravier st

SHOULDER—A small invoice for sale low by
GREEN & BRO, 62 Camp st

LIVERPOOL ALE—Bass's ale, 4 dozen pints, for sale by
HARROD, DARLING & CO, 42 Common st

HAM—50 half bbls Mess shad, in store and for sale by
HARROD, DARLING & Co, 40 Common st

BEEF—50 half bbls Mess beef, for sale by
GREEN & BRO, 62 Gravier st

Steam Packets.

STEAMER CASPIAN, Capt. R. S. Freeland, for Saint Louis—This splendid new and fast running steamboat is hourly expected to arrive, and will meet with her usual quick despatch. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
J. B. SHAW & Co, agents, 24 Poydras st

ATTAKAPAS WEEKLY PACKET—BEA—The splendid low pressure steam packet CINCINNATI, will arrive from Charleston about the 10th of October, and will immediately commence her trips in the above trade under the command of Capt. F. C. Gillett, where she will run as a regular weekly packet to New Iberia, throughout the season. For further particulars or information, apply to
JOHN HALL,
No 1 Front Levee st.

U. STATES MAIL STEAMER BRILLIANT, WEEKLY PACKET FOR THE COAST, Donaldsonville, Paquemine, Baton Rouge, Port Hudson, Waterloo, Bayou Sara, Point Coupee and Tunica.

Capt. J. Hart having made arrangements with the Clifton to carry the Mail on Sunday, the splendid double engine steamer BRILLIANT, will hereafter leave New Orleans every Wednesday at 10 o'clock, A. M. and Bayou Sara every Saturday, at 12 o'clock, M. and arrive in New Orleans early next morning. The rate of passage, &c. will be the same as charged by all good packets running the coast. For freight or passage, apply on board or to
WM H AVERY, Agent.

☞ Persons having claims against the estate of the late WILLIAM BROTHERS, will please make the them known to
H R DENIS, Administrator,
84 Toulouse st.

ADVANCES made on Consignments to our friends in Philadelphia.
J. & S. TOBY & BOGERT.

HAVANA COFFEE—100 bags Havana coffee landing ex brig Hope Hawes and for sale by
A. DURAND, 7 Conti st

HAVANA SEGARS—A general assortment of best Havana segars, always on hand and for sale by
J. M. CASALLERO, 122 Old Levee

RUSSIA SHEETINGS—10 bales Russia brown sheetings, for sale by
TUFTS & HOBART, 20 Customhouse st.

NAILS—300 kegs Boston Swedes iron nails, assorted sizes, for sale by
TUFTS & HOBART, 20 Customhouse st.

PINE APPLE CHEESE—10 boxes superior p. a. cheese, landing from ship Louisa, for sale by
TUFTS & HOBART, 20 Customhouse st

GOSHEN BUTTER—30 kegs superior Goshen butter, landing from ship Louisa, for sale by
TUFTS & HOBART, 20 Customhouse st

CORN—275 sacks of Corn, in fine shipping order, landing from Algerquin, and for sale by
HULLIN & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st

RECEIVED from Glasgow—12 bales very superior and fancy cottonade, for winter pantaloons, for sale by
DUNCAN KENNEDY, 52 Toulouse st

FRENCH BLANKETS—A few bales of 3 points, for sale by
EUG ROCHEREAU & Co, 13 Conti st

SUPERIOR COPYING AND NOTARIAL PRESSES of various sizes, for sale at cost price by
WM McKEAN, cr Camp and Common sts

MESS BEEF—30 half bbls in store and for sale by
CLYMER, THOMPSON & Co.
48 Tchoupitoulas st.

LARD—400 kegs and 14 tubs in store and for sale by
CLYMER, THOMPSON & Co.
48 Tchoupitoulas st.

FLOUR—50 bbls superfine and 50 bbls crossed in store and for sale by CLYMER, THOMPSON & Co.
48 Tchoupitoulas st.

BACON SIDES—80 casks of good quality, for sale by
WORSLEY & FORMAN,
74 Tchoupitoulas st.

OLD HICKORY WHISKEY—10 bbls very superior, for sale by
WORSLEY & FORMAN,
75 Tchoupitoulas st.

HOMASTON LIME—900 casks, fresh and now landing, for sale by
GEORGE BEDFORD, 98 Common st

SHOULDERS—26 casks landing from steamer Diamond, and for sale by
SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH,
26 Poydras st

MACKEREL—30 brls No. 3 and 3 mackerel, for sale by
J. W. STANTON & Co,
corner of Magazine and Lafayette sts

SOAP—140 box Winchester's No. 1 soap, for sale by
J. W. STANTON & Co,
corner of Magazine and Laf

HYDRAULIC CEMENT—200 brls fresh, in store and for sale by
T. & S. TOBY & BOGERT, 70 Camp st

WHISKEY—120 brls (uncinnati rectified; 120 brls common Whiskey, high proof, for sale by
H. McKINNELL & Co, 24 Poydras st

ITALIAN MACARONI—Landing, and for sale by
J. K. LOREILHE,
corner of Customhouse and Royal streets.

LYON SAUSAGES—Landing, warranted new and prime, for sale by
J. E. LOREILHE,
corner of Customhouse and Royal streets.

MACKEREL—Nos. 1, 2 and 3, in assorted packages, just received and for sale by
HARROD, DARLING & Co, 40 Common st

CORN—200 sacks white corn, in fine shipping order, for sale by
HARROD, DARLING & Co,
40 Common st

NAILS—200 dox superior painted nails, in store and for sale by
HARROD, DARLING & Co,
40 Common st

KENTUCKY JEANS and Linseys, for negro clothing, for sale by
SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH, 26 Poydras st

BACON—Hams and clear sides, for sale by
SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH,
26 Poydras st

SEGARS—An assortment of various Havana brands always on hand and for sale by
REYNAUD & FALLON, 16 Bienville st.

PRINCIPE SEGARS—A genuine article, in store, and for sale by
REYNAUD & FALLON,
16 Bienville st

PACKING YARN—200 rolls superior Kentucky manufacture, for sale by
SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH, 26 Poydras st

SWEET CHOCOLATE—5 cases sweet Spanish chocolate, received per ship Edward Everett, for sale by
ISAAC BRIDGE, 76 Magazine st

PATENT BALANCES—Fairbank's Patent Balance, of all sizes, constantly for sale by
ISAAC BRIDGE, 76 Magazine st

RIO COFFEE—270 sacks now landing from barque Gangerfield, for sale by
JOHN A MERRITT & Co, 83 Gravier st

FAMILY HAMS—130 bbls sugar cured hams for sale by
HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN,
44 Poydras st.

TOBACCO—10 boxes manufactured tobacco, landing ex steamer West Wind, for sale by
MERLE, BEVILL & Co, 46 Old Levee.

HAMS—10 cases canvassed hams, just received and for sale by
WM J. BRYAN & Co,
24 Commerce street.

FRUIT TARTS—For one nurse, 2no Wood's manufacture, for sale low by
JAS D DENEGRE, 16 Customhouse st

COPPER—20 cases shoeing copper, assorted sizes; 10 kegs copper nails, for sale by
HULLIN & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st

TURKS ISLAND SALT—1000 sacks on board ship Louisville, for sale in lots to suit purchasers by
HULLIN & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st

YELLOW SUGAR—Just received from Havana, in store and for sale by
REYNAUD & FALLON, 16 Bienville st

TANNERS' OIL—25 brls prime tanners oil, now landing and for sale by
JARVIS & ANDREWS,
20 Common street.

SALAERATUS—12 casks saleratus, landing from Rockall and for sale by
JARVIS & ANDREWS,
20 Common street.

SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE—25 barrels Boston distilled spirits turpentine, for sale by
JARVIS & ANDREWS, 20 Common st

CAYENNE PEPPER—6 cases bottled cayenne pepper, for sale by
HULLIN & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st

CLOTHING—Kersey pants, cottonade do, red flannel shirts, stripped twilled do, on hand and for sale by
FROST & Co, 19 Magazine st

BOOTS—500 cases men's thick kip, seal and calf boots for sale by
FROST & Co, 19 Magazine st

EXCHANGE ON BOSTON, at 60 days sight, for sale by
NORCROSS & FOSDICK,
40 Gravier st

RIO COFFEE—1000 bags prime Rio coffee, a superior article for sale by
HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 65 Camp st

LARD—2,000 kegs prime leaf lard, in store and for sale by
HEWITT, HERAN & Co,
65 Camp st.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE—200 pcs bagging, and 500 coils rope of very superior quality for sale by
HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 65 Camp st

PORK—1,000 brls mess M. Clear, self inspection, &c. &c. for sale by
HEWITT, HERAN & Co,
65 Camp street.

EXCHANGE on Paris for sale by
BLANCHARD, EIMER & Co,
24 Bienville st

HAY—140 bales Philadelphia hay landing from ship Globe and for sale low on the levee by
S. & J. P. WHITNEY & Co, 78 Camp st.

SWISS ABSYNTH—50 cases Marks, André & Co, for sale by
LOISON & SILVESTRE,
32 Gravier st.

PHILADELPHIA ALE—In casks and barrels, in store and for sale by
AARON COHEN,
90 Common street.

ROOFING SLATES, of all sizes and qualities, in store and for sale cheap, in lots to suit purchasers, apply to
LYALL & DAVIDSON, 104 Camp st

CANVASSED HAMS—35 hhds superior quality, in store and for sale by
HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 65 Camp st

SHIRTS—5 cases hickory striped shirts; 1 case Merrimac calico shirts, plaited bosoms, for sale by
ISAAC BRIDGE, 76 Magazine st

BROGANS, BOOTS & SHOES—Cases comprising a complete assortment of articles in the above line, for sale by
ISAAC BRIDGE, 76 Magazine st

CORN MEAL—30 bbls Rhinebred corn meal, for sale by
BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co.
16 Gravier st, cor Tchoupitoulas

BALE ROPE—150 coils best Missouri bale rope, for sale by
BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co.
16 Gravier st, cor Tchoupitoulas

SOAP—150 boxes superior Cincinnati soap now landing and for sale by
BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co.
16 Gravier st, cor Tchoupitoulas

SAIL DUCK—50 pieces Italian sail duck, for sale by
BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
16 Gravier st, cor. Tchoupitoulas st

SWEET HEATS—25 boxes Havana sweet meats, in store and for sale by
F. TROIBGROS, 26 Old Levee.

WAGONS, for oxen and horses, small and large sizes, for sale by
JAS D DENEGRE,
16 Customhouse st

GUNNY BAGS—25,000 large 2½ bushel bags, in store and for sale by
NORCROSS & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier st

MACKEREL—No 2 and 3 Mackerel for sale by
J. W. STANTON & Co,
corner of Magazine and Lafayette sts

FLOUR—50 half brls family flour in store and for sale by
PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras st

SALAERATUS—6 casks best Boston, for sale by
PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras st

MANILLA CORDAGE—For sale by
GEO GREEN & BRO, 62 Gravier st

HAVANA COFFEE—In store for sale by
REYNAUD & FALLON, 16 Bienville st.

RIO COFFEE—For sale by
WOOD & SIMMONS, 80 Magazine st

FLOUR—500 brls fresh St Louis flour, for sale by
J. R. SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

HENRY CLAY.

NEW-ORLEANS:
MONDAY MORNING OCTOBER 16, 1843.

CLAY CLUB.

A meeting of the members of the Clay Club will be held at their room, (25 Exchange Place), on Monday evening, 16th instant, at seven o'clock.

A punctual attendance is required, as business of great importance will be submitted to them.

ALFRED ROUSSEAU, }
C. C. WILLIAMS, } Secretaries.
ALPH. CANONGE, }

DEMOCRATIC WHIG ASSOCIATION OF *MUNICIPALITY NO. THREE* OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

☞ A meeting of said Association will be held on Tuesday evening, the 17th October instant, at half past 6 o'clock, up stairs in the building situated at the corner of Marigny and New Levee streets. Members are requested to be punctual, and all those who are friendly to the cause are respectfully invited to attend.
JOHN CULBERTSON, President

LOCOFOCO CONSISTENCY.

It is a part of the policy of locofocoism to distort facts, in the hope of exciting the prejudices and influencing the passions of the ignorant, and with a view to divert public attention from the real causes which, ever since the accession of General JACKSON to the Presidency, have been impelling the nation, step by step, into bankruptcy. The prominent argument employed on all occasions, by these preachers of political heresies, has been, that the ruin which had overtaken the entire Union, was caused by the abuse of the credit system, and that this abuse grew out of the existence and operations of a National Bank. It is perfectly true that the abuse of the credit system, the cause the calamities of the last few years, but the locofoco presses forget to add, that this abuse originated in the unprecedented expansion of bank issues, and that this expansion did not take place until the charter of the National Bank had expired, and the local banks, under the instructions of Gen. JACKSON's Secretary of the Treasury, had increased their circulation ad infinitum and multiplied the emissions of paper money to countless millions.

The connection of a credit system with a National Bank is, however, the stock in trade, the capital on which locofocoism has been doing business for several years. Yet, in order to prove its falacy, we have only to cite the language of one of its organs in this city, the *Republican*. That paper published the following article a few days since:—

REVIVAL OF THE CREDIT SYSTEM.—We think it a part of our duty to notify our friends, that the system of long credits has been revived in the eastern cities, and probably in England too; and that business and commercial men are about to venture out of their shells, accompanied by long credits, such as were in vogue in the palmy days of 1836.

Yesterday, we were told of a storekeeper in Mississippi going to New York with $2000 in cash, and purchasing $30,000 in merchandize, principally on a credit of twelve months, which in Mississippi may be interpreted into two or three additional years.

If these things be true, the trade of the country, with its agricultural interests, are again about to be laundered on the sea of speculation, without any other compass or pilot than we found in 1836, when the vessel was full of sagacity possessed by one adventurer over another.

We would not be understood as objecting to any increase of prices, or restoration of confidence; still we must say that the prudent course of a Republican ought not to be lost by those who have been made to suffer by them.

If the expansion of the credit system in 1836, was caused by the mismanagement of a National Bank, what, pray, has produced the same result in 1843, seven years after the prostration of the monster by the Quixotic experiments of our locofoco rulers, and when a majority of the Republican institutions have shared the same fate? This is a specimen of locofoco consistency, and as the attentive observer may meet with twenty more in the course of a single day's research among the organs of that party. What now becomes of the theory of the essential and inseparable connection between and mutual dependence of, banking and inflated credit?

The real causes of the revival of business are not very difficult to find. While the work of bank destruction was steadily going forward, it was accompanied *pari passu* with commercial distress and general embarrassment. All expedients to revive business failed until a Whig Congress enacted a sound Protective Tariff—From the moment this law went into effect, the tide of devastation has been rolling back, and commercial prosperity taking its place. The whig press, with one accord, contended that a tariff would speedily arrest the spread of bankruptcy and impart stability to commerce. The tariff has been but a few months in operation, and the predictions of the whig party have already been abundantly verified. Thank Heaven! The result in Tennessee renders the repeal of this enlightened measure, by the reckless expounders of locofocoism, utterly impracticable.

The voters of Georgia and Maryland have expressed the invigorating effects of this vital national principle, and hence the reason why they have proclaimed through the ballot-box their confidence in the party to which they are indebted for their rescue from the oppressing and destructive influence of locofoco experiments. We have little doubt that the general satisfaction with the present tariff, and the resolution in the south on the subject of Free Trade, are potent causes of the invincible repugnance to Mr. CALHOUN, manifested by all the leaders of the "Democracy." They know that Free trade will kill any candidate in the north, and that even in the south it has ceased to be a recommendation. The time is not distant when no candidate enlisted under the banner of Free Trade, will stand the remotest chance of success any where. The people have had a fair opportunity to test the effects of the compromise and protective policies, and they will be slow to yield to any theory, while they can gather instruction from practical experience. The "Free Trade" humbug has well nigh exploded.

THE MARYLAND ELECTIONS.

Saturday's mail brought us Baltimore papers of the 7th inst. containing nearly complete returns from the State. The final and conclusive returns ought to have been received yesterday, but the Baltimore papers failed to arrive. We annex the list of delegates known to be elected in all the counties in the State, except Worcester, Queen Anne, Somerset and St. Mary.

Counties.	1842. (W.)	1842. (L. F.)	1843. (W.)	1843. (L. F.)
Allegany,	1	3	1	3
Anne Arundel,	0	5	2	4
Baltimore city,	0	5	4	1
Baltimore county,	0	5	0	5
Calvert,	1	2	2	1
Caroline,	1	2	2	2
Cecil,	2	2	2	2
Charles,	3	0	3	0
Carrol,	0	4	1	3
Dorchester,	4	0	1	4
Frederick,	2	2	1	3
Harford,	3	1	3	1
Kent,	3	0	3	0
Montgomery,	2	2	4	0
Prince George,	4	0	4	0
Talbot,	0	3	0	3
Washington,	0	5	0	5
	26	42	33	35

Whig nett gain, 7—making a difference of 14 in the strength of the parties. Queen Anne, it is probable, has elected 2 whigs and 1 loco. Somerset is reported to have chosen 4 whigs. St. Mary, the *National Intelligencer* reports as having elected 3 whigs. This would give the whigs 42 members, or a majority of 2. In Worcester there was, we think, no opposition to the whig ticket. If so, the whigs will have 46, and the locofocos 36 members in the House, being a whig majority of ten. Under any and every circumstance, we think the whigs have the House. The Senate contains a whig majority of five.

On the strength of a locofoco gain in the county of Dorchester—a gain accounted for by the fact that extreme sickness prevailed in the county, and that vote is 750 short of last year—our locofoco friends at Washington manufacture a little into the expected defeat of the whigs. They will find little cause for exultation in the certain whig gain of seven members, which figures infallibly demonstrate. To-morrow we hope to make them "laugh on the wrong side of their mouths."

GEORGIA.

It is useless to multiply details. The State is whig to the core—Governor, the two Congress men and the Legislature by very heavy majorities. Hear what sound locofoco authority says—the Savannah *Georgian* of the 10th:

"We give returns this morning from sixty-six counties, leaving the following counties to be heard from, viz:—Appling, Bryan, Campbell, Carroll, Dade, Decatur, Dooly, Early, Emanuel, Fayette, Forsyth, Lowndes, Marion, Montgomery, Habun, Randolph, Stewart, Sumter, Twiggs, Union, Walker, Ware and Wilkinson, which counties gave McDonald, in 1841, 3,699, and Dawson 2,959 votes. Should these counties vote as they did in 1841, (of which there is no likelihood, as we have reports from several already which show a great falling off in the vote,) Crawford will be elected Governor by a bout 2,200 majority; if they vote less heavy, or in the same proportion as in counties already heard from, we would not be surprised if Crawford is elected by 4,000 majority."

Half of the counties referred to by the *Georgian* have been heard from. They show a steady gain, and render the surmise of that paper as to CRAWFORD's majority more than probable.

The whigs will have from 46 to 60 majority in the Legislature on joint ballot. Glory enough for one day.

☞ The Whigs of Portland have elected the more representatives to the Legislature, on the third trial. The whigs of Bath succeeded in electing their representative, at the second trial.

MR. WEBSTER is in New York.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

Dear Sir,—

Although the news by the Steamer is not very important, there are yet many little items worthy of being brought under the especial notice of your readers. The internal state of Ireland and Wales is most unsettled. Rebecca and her daughters in Wales, and O'Connell leading on his host of "gallant Repealers," have yet shown no sign of returning peaceably into private life. It is evident, however, that the present state of things cannot long continue; and that the measures of conciliation hitherto exercised by the Government, will, at no distant day, end in the bringing to justice of a set of disaffected incendiaries, whose doings without meaning to any extent the peace of the empire, have now continued long enough to excite the indignation of Her Majesty's loyal subjects. Last week the Welsh insurgents had a rencontre with the police at Pontardulais, when several of the former were wounded and taken prisoners, the leader of the party himself being among the number. In Ireland, the Agitator is proceeding to organize the great "Repeal Parliament," and already his deluded followers are making a scramble with each other for the high honor of a seat in that august assembly. It is reported that he expects to pocket £30,000 by this scheme—the depositing of £100 in the funds being the qualification of membership, and the Association being intended to consist of 300 members. Applications are daily received from persons ambitious of becoming members of this Council of 300; but there seems no disposition on the part of applicants to "down with the *dust*," the £100 from each is a sticker! On Sunday, last week, a Repeal meeting was held at Laughrea, in the county of Galway; about 12,000 were present, (though the Repeal papers, as usual, quadruple the numbers), and those generally consisting of the very lowest classes of the people. Indeed the paucity of attendance of persons of the higher and middle ranks at these wretched displays is remarkable and instructive. Such is the state of things within the limits of our empire at home.

Her Majesty is still gadding about, on pleasure bent, and like a liberated caged bird, seems to enjoy her freedom amazingly. No sooner had she returned from her short, pleasant trip to Normandy, than away she hies again in her new steam-yacht, to Ostend, on a visit to the King and Queen of the Belgians. There she still remains, although she talks of leaving Brussels tomorrow or next day to settle down once more in quiet and seclusion at Walmer Castle. The *Times* of this morning has a witty leading article upon the subject of Her Majesty's peregrinations.

The London correspondents of some of the Irish journals, in death of other matter, late drawn a very startling picture of Sir Robert Peel's present state of health, and have intelligently intimated that he is labouring under some chronic disease which threatens fatal results. There is not the slightest foundation for these gloomy rumors—the Right Hon. Baronet certainly never appeared when I saw him last much bettered by the great physical and mental labor which he must have endured during the late Parliamentary session, but there is not a little relation, which will soon restore him, his health is in no degree affected.

The recent very desastrous accounts which have been received from Australia, which would almost lead to the supposition that the entire colony is on the eve of bankruptcy, has given quite a check to emigration to that quarter. Those parties, therefore, who are desirous of settling themselves in other lands are now turning their eyes towards the United States, and at the time past a considerable emigration to America going on from this port; the emigrants are chiefly of the better classes, very few steerage passengers being amongst the number. It appears from a Parliamentary return just issued, that since 1825 572,993 emigrants have left this kingdom; since 1833 the average has been three times the number of previous previous to that period.

DREADFUL SHIPWRECKS.—Accounts of several melancholy shipwrecks have been received in London during the past week. The *Regalia*, Indiamen, was wrecked in Bass Strait on her outward passage to Bombay; the passengers and crew saved. She sprung a leak, and just before going down the long boats were received to, and providentially left in with the French frigate *Cleopatra*, bound to Mauritius. The *Queen Victoria*, Indiaman, struck on a reef of rocks at Rodriguez, on her homeward passage, on the 7th April, and became a total wreck.—Eleven lives were lost in the attempt to reach the shore. The ship *Thomas Rickinson*, on her homeward passage from the Mauritius, struck off Point d'Oro, on the 27th May, and was totally wrecked; officers and crew saved. The *Arabella Thompson* was lost in a heavy squall, about 80 leagues from Madras, on the 23rd of May; seven of the crew were drowned and the rest saved after two days exposure in the boats. The schr. *Princess Augusta*, from La Have to Hottton, was wrecked on the 20th of August, and all the crew lost but one. H. M. sloop *Fantome*, 16 guns, Capt. Hayes, was totally lost off the Bragwa in a violent storm, on the 22nd of August, and all hands perished. The steamer, was wrecked in the Channel; passengers and crew saved. The ship aded American steam frigate of war *Missouri* was lost fire on the night of the 25th August, off Gibraltar, burned to the water's edge and sunk in four fathoms water. All hands were saved.

The great number of fires which have recently occurred in the Metropolis has suggested a suspicion of incendiarism, and the *Morning Post* publishes a paragraph by a correspondent, who says that people in the Chartist convention talked of "a newly invented incendiary substance," and of the facility with which London might be *Moscow-ed*.

CLERGY RESERVES, CANADA.—A parliamentary paper recently published, states that the following are the investments of the Clergy Reserves, viz: Consols and Five per cent. Canadian Debentures, on account of the sales of Clergy Reserves in Canada, which produce an interest of 5 £19 s 9 s 11 per annum:

	Consols.	Debentures.
Canada West	121 963 16 2	
" East	13,999 9 8	30,850
	135,963 5 10	30,850

I observe that the Lord Bishop of Newfoundland has been appointed to the See of Jamaica, and has quitted his late diocese by the express wish of his new labors.

On the 4th inst. John Clinton, the American charged with uttering Treasury notes of the United States, of which the endorsement had been altered, applied at the Guildhall to be allowed to put in bail. The application was refused.

Mrs. Gilmour, the woman charged with murdering her husband in Scotland by poison, and about whom so much has appeared in the United States papers, has arrived in this country, having been given up by the American Government for trial.

The Lord Advocate of Scotland has been returned, unopposed, for Dalkeith. The King of Sardinia has been returned to his own kingdom, where he was better received by his subject than he was while in England.—The Emperor of Russia, on the proposition of the Senate, has issued an ukase establishing a free postage throughout Russia and the Grand Duchy of Finland; no matter what the distance may be, so that boxes of and the sum of the letters will vary in charge according to weight. Other continental nations besides France and Russia, have also resolved to reduce their postage rates.

The celebrated Duke of Normandy has been passing through the Insolvent Debtors' Court. His debts were stated to be £5,000, and on the credit side, after putting down large estates of immense value in Spain, "inherited in virtue of his mother, Marie Antoinette," there is this item: "All my right and interest to the Throne of France, as the lawful son and heir of Louis XVI, late King of France." It is believed that "the Duke" intends shortly to make an appeal to the benevolence of the British public.

Decorations have which occupied the past week, seem to have taken a sonne of the knowing ones who backed the favorite for the Great St. Leger stakes, which was won by Mr. Mathews' Nutwith, a horse with 100 to 6 against him. Cotemporaries ran a good second.

There are very favorable notices of Mr. J. F. Cooper's new novel of Wyandotte in the Literary Gazette, Spectator, Atlas, Era and other papers of the 9th inst.

The government contract for 100,000 pounds weight was adjudged on the 7th to one house, Messrs. Kock, Son & Farwick, by whom it has been taken at the low rate of 1½ per pound of gallon—one half to be East Indian and the other West Indian. This is the third contract for 100,000 gallons since the commencement of the present year.

The market for American provisions may be called generally very dull, with the exception of hams and lard. Considerable sales of put ashes were made at Glasgow last week at rather lower rates, but latterly the value has been recovered—pot 24s. 6d. to 25s.; and pearl 25s. 6d. to 26s.

The quick voyage out and home made by the Hibernia, leaving the Great Western both ways, has added much to her celebrity. She is one of the fastest of the mail boats. The Great Western, however, labored under disadvantages in having bad coal from which little or no steam could be got.

We are still without the Indian mail, overdue nearly three weeks—some casualty, it is feared, has occurred to the steamer between Suez and Bombay, as she had to pass the Indian Archipelago. Arrangements are making for a more certain and speedy conveyance of the overland mail.

The news from Spain is of the most melancholy character. A new era of crime and disorder appears to be opening in that country. The savage executions ordered by Narvaez have excited the deepest indignation among the inhabitants of Madrid and a counter revolution has broken out in Barcelona and Seville, with every appearance of being joined in by the cities of Cadiz and Tarragona. From what is passing, there is no knowing how matters will terminate—probably in the recall of Espartero—of one result, however, there can be no doubt, and that is that the rule of the existing government will cease as soon as the Cortes meet. It is said that in consequence of the favorable reception given to Espartero in this country, the provisional government at Madrid intend to transmit a diplomatic note on the subject to the British cabinet. Mr. Pakenham, the English minister