LATEST DATES.

London	Nov 3	
Liverpool	Nov 1	
Paris	Nov 1	
Havre	Nov 1	
Mexico	Nov 12	
Tampico	Oct. 16	
Vera Cruz	Nov. 1	
Houston	Nov. 26	
Galveston	Nov. 26	

MONEY MARKET.

Bank notes	par	
Exchange	par	
Merchants and Traders	par	
Specie	par	
Texas stock	par	
Louisiana	10@20	¢ cent. dis
Commercial	@1½	do
Mobile	1@1½	do
Carrollton	1@1½	do
Lafayette	1½@2	do
Improvement	35@40	do
Jackson	70@75	do
Exchange	20@25	do
Union	37½@40	do
United States Treasury Notes		
$1,000 bills	@ ¼	¢ cent. dis
$500 bills	par	do
$100 bills	par @ ¼	do
State and Municipal Securities	10@12	do
United States Stocks	50@75	do
Alabama	15@18	do
Kentucky	par@2	do
Tennessee	6@10	do
Virginia	2@3	do
Ohio	2@3	do

Commercial.

NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY NIGHT,
NOVEMBER 30, 1842.

The transactions in Cotton to-day reached fully 3,000 bales yesterday's prices. Buyers for England and France are the principal operators. The market is quite firm.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION.

Uplands and Mississippi.		*Tennessee and N. Ala.*	
Ordinary	4@4½	Ordinary	@
Middling	5@5½	Middling	@
Middling fair	6½@6¾	Middling Fair	50@
Fair	7@7½	Fair	00@
Good ordinary	3 d@	Good ordinary	00@
Good fair	8 d@	Good fair	00@

Exchange is advancing, and drafts bills on New-York are higher at ¼ ¢ cent discount — Sight bills, per ¼ ¢ cent. Sterling, 9@9½ ¢ cent from France, 5 @5½

DEPARTURE OF THE ATLANTIC STEAMERS

	FROM ENGLAND	FROM BOSTON
Britannia	Nov. 19	Dec. 17
Acadia	Dec. 4	Jan. 1

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS.

Philadelphia—Per ship Chester 46 bales cotton, 100 bbls ale, 100 bbls Porter, 100 bbls wheat 1295 pigs lead, 41 bbls rum, 10 bbls molasses 250 bbls sugar.

Port Valery, France—Per brig Ripersler—283 bales cotton, 100 bbls bacon.

Havana—Per brig J W Huntington—300 bbls flour, 2163 kegs lard, 4 bbls and half bbl lard oil, 6 box tongues, 100 bbls rosin, 2 bbls spirits turpentine.

Richmond—Per brig Orleans 295 hhds sugar, 190 bbls molasses, 1 hhd do molasses, 4 boxes mace.

Norfolk—Per brig Henry P Sumner 150 hhds and 26 bbls sugar, 30 barrels and 100 bbls molasses.

Pensacola—Per schr Mobile—230 bags corn, 24 bbls flour, 10 bushels rye, &c

Havana—Per Spanish brig Malaga—Malaga fruit

Tampico—Per schr Virginia—sundries.

Mobile—Per schr Harriet—sundries.

Mobile—Per schr Charlotte—sundries

IMPORTS.

St Pierre—Per brig Architect—cargo U S Haina.

Marseilles—Per bark Beaver—50 casks wine, to T Ocorkor.

Wilmington (Del)—Per brig Ontario 400 casks lime and 50 bbls potatoes, to W B Hatch

New York—Per barque Barrington—mdse, to Fritz, Dorsey & Co.

Philadelphia—Per ship Stephen Baldwin—300 bales hay, 1 case mdse, 1 case cigars, 1 keg copper nails, to master.

Boston—Per barque Huntress—160 bbls mackerel, 100 do herring, 20 half do do, 2 kegs tongues, to master.

Boston—Per brig Spartan—72 bales gunny bags and 2 bales

Kingston, Ja—Per Brit schr Billow—$10,000 specie, to order

Campeachy—Per Columbian schr Valador—$1,000 specie to Hall, Dyer & Co

Rio Janeiro—Per Swedish barque Lubeck—1,000 bbls and half bbls wine, &c

Turks Island—Per brig Mon-co—8000 bushels salt, to master

CONSIGNEES.

Per barque Lubeck, H Thomas, P Rogers, G M Lucas, A Comer, Field & co, A Gaiard, J M Pratt, Ryan & Co, T C Dacastaing, Morse.

Per brig Choctaw—Norcross & Hostick; Stark, Day, Snyder & co, T C Twitchell, Riddle & Mann, order and Collins

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

New Carthage—Per steamer Louisiana—72 bales cotton to Buckner & Stanton, 54 Burke, Watt & co, 183 H H Foley, 16 Gardner, Norcross & co, 81 Bandy, 20 Jones, 20 Hill, 2 Armour, 143 P Hoope, 140 Ringold & Ferriday, 165 Bailey & Kelly, 4 Wiggs & Davenport, 40 J Goodin & co, 24 Franklin & Hendrickson, 50 W Jackson & co, 50 Nugent, Weir & co, 20 Green & McDougall, 11 de Lum & Turner, 8 do J B Hogan, 8 do J Rodgers, 8 do Newman & J W Moore, 18 Arthur, Hilton & co, 7 D Mitchell, 1 S P Denson, total 1287 bales.

Donaldsonville—Per steamer John Armstrong—17 hhds Cigars Brandi & Landry, 40 De Lizardi & co, 15 Martin Lovesteck & co, 20 Lambert & Thompson, 71 Hale & co, 4 H Foley, 12 hhds sugar, 11 Tate, 35 bbls molasses, Luther & co, 2 bbls syrup, 1 demijohn syrup, J H Felt, 2 bbls sugar, L Peterson.

Mouth of White and Arkansas Rivers—Per steamer Arkansas 140 bales cotton, Ward, Mather & co, 10 J P Lamb, Whitehouse, 15 Buckner & Stanton, 92 Burke, Watt & co, 114 M White & co, 10 A L Gaines & Bro, 6 J M Bell, 200 do Gullmore & Hendricks, 24 Lilly & Robertson, 120 do ship Wm Jackson & co, 10 T K Price & co, 90 Ringold & Ferriday, 74 Pilcher & Rayburn, 8 Kelly & Cunningham, 8 H Moore, 31 Pucket & Huntington, 90 Hall & co, 8 Ferguson, 25 E & T Prescott, 15 T J Read, son & co, 10 Vincent Gallaway.

Cincinnati—Per steamer Bluntville—1 bbls, 2 half do gin, 17 bags mdse, 19 kegs gin, 20 barrels oysters on board; 204 do do, order, 30 bbls potatoes, 20 bbls beans, 10 wet hides, 10 bbls soap and sundries, R S Kendall, 250 bbls potatoes, E Mulligan, 14 do leather, W Cripple, 20 kegs tobacco, 1 firkin butter, 1 half do do beef, 25 kegs butter, 57 do lard, Farmer, Britton & Swift, 46 half do do do, 40 bbls starch, Kendall & Davenport, 5 bale oil, 5 kegs lard, 10 sacks sugar, 47 bales hemp, 21 bris tallow, 41 do pork, 2 do beans, A F Cobern, 7 bbls linseed oil, 3 bbls whiskey, 2 do 3 do Smith, 1 keg butter, 30 bbls potatoes, W Holt, 136 bbls flour, 1 do do do flour, J McGregor & co, 3 sacks meal, 1 do do do meal and sundries, 1 bbl flour, 1 bbl whiskey, C McMahon, Trooper & Pearsall, 11 bales cotton, Brander, Wilson & co, 30 bbls flour, Thomas, on board, 18 sacks corn, Hinton & King, 11 bales to, Master of Cushion & co, 1 do to Taylor & Brown, Dale & co, 5 M D Cooper & co, 15 1 Dockey & co, 37 T A Smith, 30 do Pearson, Dougan, Cunshaw & Moore and J B Byrne & co.

Nashville—Per steamer Missouri—257 bales cotton, to Ruffin & Newman, 216 Burke, Watt & co; 1 do Hamilton & Hendrickson, 10 Clark Aiken & co, 112 Robson & Allen, 107 do Brander Williams & co, 41 Andrews & Bros, 52 Martin Fernandez & co, 75 Carter & Wheland, 10 do Turner, 52 F Walker, 41 Payne & Harrison, 40 Jackson & co, 40 Gates & co, 32 Gardner, Norcom & co, 30 Taylor & Mead, 20 do Cook, 20 Green & Bro, 6 Lockett, 10 Hughes & co, 15 Franklin & Henderson, 15 Montross & Stillwell, 14 W H Garland & co, 8 Bayless & Beck, 7 Watts & Biggs, 6 Isam Smith Thompson & co, 6 Hewes & co, 6 Nicholson & co, 6 Pearsall, 6 Flower & Bailey, 5 Y Gallaway & co, 4 Kelly & Cunningham, 3 T J Reed, son & co, 2 M D Hubert & co, 1 owner on board, total 1 12 bales cotton, 1 bale wool, 1 chest tea, 1 trunk mdse, Bataille & Bigey, 21 bbls mdse, W H Garlan & co.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED

Ship Chester, Vandyke, Philadelphia, J D Denegre

Bar Que Epernier, Verdil, St Valery, (France.) Blanchard, Kimer & co

Brig J W Huntington, Kimbury, Havana, A Grant & co

Brig Orleans, Smith, Richmond, Bailey & Baxter

Brig Henry P Sumner, Howland, Norfolk, J Alexander

Brig Malaga, Spanish Paquinette, Havana T Oxnard, Jr

Schr Mobile, Ferry, Pensacola, T C Twitchell

Schr Virginia, Edmonds, Pensacola, Tampico, Capdeville & Cucullu

Schr Marmion, Smith, Mobile, Connolly & Wilson

Schr Charlotte, Johnston, Mobile, Connolly & Wilson

ARRIVED

Towboat Prairie, Dunnet, from the Passes—went down light, brought up barques Lubeck and Stag

Ship Mississippi, Davis, from the Passes—towed down ship Pathfinder and barques Lubeck and Stag

Brought up ship Choctaw and Edward and Roland, and schr Ann Louisa, Wright

Towboat Pilot, Davis from the Passes—towed to sea ship Eliza Pickle, brought up ship Stephen Baldwin

Barque Huntress, Hall, from Boston, 7th inst

Ship Stephen Baldwin, Golden 12 days from Philadelphia, to master

Schr Pathfinder, Murphy, 16 days from Boston, in ballast, to master.

Barque Huntress, Griffin, 10 days from Boston, to master

Barque Sachem, Stoneacre—9 days from Kingston, Ja, in ballast to master

Barque Beaver, Edmunds from Marseilles, Sept. 19, to T Oxnard, Jr

Barque Avola, Dayse from Marseilles, via Gibraltar, 32 days, in ballast to master

Barque Barrington, Bartor, 16 days from New York, to master

Barque Lubeck, (Swedish) from just 60 days from Bordeaux to H Thomas

Barque Stag, Pearson, 22 days from Boston, in ballast, to master

Brig Nuevitas McFarland, 14 days from Mayaguez, Porto Rico, in ballast to master

Brig Troy, Deane 13 days from Barbadoes, in ballast, to master

Brig Architect, Gray, from St Pierre via St. Thomas, to George Bolton

Brig Choctaw, Miller 16 days from Boston, to Norcross & Hostick

Brig Howard Roland, from Antigua, in ballast to master

Brig Ann L Lemmond, 4 days from Cedar Keys Florida, in ballast to master

Brig Ontario, Hatch 12 days from Waldoboro' (Me), to master

Brig Monsoon, 6 days from Turks Island, to master.

Schr Rubicon, Bunker, Norfolk, 16 days from Kingston, Ja

Schr Volusia, Johnson, Pensacola, 4 days from Campeachy, to H Thomas

Schr Thomas Hunter, Wm Transport) Hussey, 4 days from Tampa Bay, in ballast, to order

Schr Victoria, Lewis, 4 days from Montego Bay, (Ja) in ballast, to master

Sloop Havana, Parker, 20 days from New London, (Conn) in ballast, to master

Steamer Louisiana, Tuttle from New Carthage

Steamer Arkansas, White, from Mouth of White and Arkansas Rivers

Steamer Bluntville, Irwin, from Cincinnati

Steamer John Armstrong, Strock, from Donaldsonville.

Steamer Missouri, Green, from Vicksburg

MEMORANDA

Brig Elmer Laird Noland reports having spoken a brig when 5 days out from Antigua, and is now nearly waterlogged

Brig Architect reports having left at St. Pierre, ship Charlemagne, which vessel arrived there on the 11th and was to sail for New Orleans on the 20th Nov.

COASTWISE PORTS.

Charleston, Nov 21—Cleared, brig Daniel Webster, Parker, New Orleans

PASSENGERS

Per brig Architect—S Matthews, esq, of St Thomas

Per barque Barrington—H Pitty, capt & Young

Per brig Choctaw—W B Porter and lady, E Woodward, B A Sprague

Per barque Lubeck—M Guerin and 1 steerage

Per steamer Arkansas—H W Ward Dr Dunn, T V Davis, N H Fish, L De Lane, J C McAllister, W F Stacey

Per steamer Louisiana—Miss Featherstone, Mr Featherstone, J H Moore, Carpenter, Orillion, Hale, Barker, Liddle, Brown, Hardy.

Per steamer John Armstrong—Madm Mazuro and family, Madm Lacrosse, Mrs Underhill, Mr Cassere and family, M Lafayre, M Taylor, Z Blevier, F Verner, Brandlett, L Poache, M E Nicholas, Trapenard, D Mercy, Chabourd Constant, E La Branche.

Per steamer Brunette—Mrs Lambeth and family, Mrs Blanco and family, Rev. Mr Brewton, Messrs J Joyce, Lose Compston Swan, Thompson, Brown, Prewett, Browning May, Rymers, Hughes, Johnston, Curry, Ferdenand.

Per steamer Missouri—Hon Dr. Gwinn, lady, children & servants, Weldon & lady, Miss Dameron, Miss Mayslord, Miss Waite, Messrs Mayslord, Rabb, J Watson, Fonner, Dr Kane, Wood, Alderman, Lead Bay, Wilcoxson, Gaynor, Dr Kane, Geo Martin, J Amis, Leonl. Oliver, Bernard, C E Palmer, Carter, Taylor, Massie, T W Beck, Isaiah Gale, Noble.

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"Truth is omnipotent, and Public Justice certain."

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

HENRY CLAY.

(Subject to the decision of the American People.)

NEW-ORLEANS:
THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 1, 1842.

☞ The Mail failed, yesterday, beyond Charleston.

IMPORTANT FROM YUCATAN.

TEN DAYS LATER.

By the arrival of the schooner *Velador*, Capt. Favras, 15 days from Campeachy, we have received files of Merida papers to the 15th ult., being later by nearly two weeks than previous advices.

From what we can gather in these journals, it would seem that the whole state of Yucatan is in a perfect ferment at the invasion of her territory by Mexico.—Nothing, says the *Siglo de Merida*, can exceed the enthusiasm of the people in the interior, and their hatred of our infamous enemies. If, continues that paper, the "Banner of Free State" has not yet been displayed, it is the fault of the enemy, whose cowardice restrains him from submitting the issue to a decisive action."

The papers contain long lists of contributions in money and provisions, bestowed by the citizens for the purpose of sustaining the army. From these we infer the prevalence of a spirit in the revolted province, which will sustain her in the struggle for independence.

A large detachment of troops had left Merida, to succor the beleagured city of Campeachy. These reinforcements, it was supposed, would arrive at their destination, about the 10th November.

Yucatanese spies, reported that the Mexican General MORALES, was dangerously ill, and that the traitor VALAY, would probably be shot, for having given false information respecting the affairs of Yucatan.

From the Merida *Siglo* of the 15th November, we extract the following official despatch of Col. GAMBOA, touching an engagement between the Yucatanese troops, with a portion of the Mexican army, at Humul, near Campeachy.

"Sir,—Between the hours of 8 and 9 this morning, the enemy's troops were completely routed by the forces under my command. On our side there were but five wounded, and none killed. The slaughter of the enemy was much greater. The details I reserve for another opportunity, from press of time. I have the honor of accompanying this despatch with the equipments of a soldier of the enemy, consisting of a helmet and musket.

I wish you to make known to his excellency the governor, this triumph of the arms of the state through the patriotism and decision of the troops under my command.

God and Liberty.

Campeachy, 12th November, 1842.

TO PEDRO LEMUS, Secretary of War and the Navy."

Private letters of the same date mention that several deserters from the Mexican lines had joined the Yucatanese. They state that the troops of the Mexicans, consisting of about 4,000 men, were disgusted with the war. They add that the soldiers of the battalion from which they deserted took sides with the federalists, and that they were commanded by a Col ANDRADE whom they greatly abhorred; that many more would have deserted but for the fact, that they were assured that those who had already left the Mexicans had been loaded by the Yucatanese with chains and compelled to break stones in the streets. In the action at Humul, more than forty of this battalion had refused to engage.

In consequence of the state of the country, the elections which were to take place about this time have been deferred.

The Yucatan journals are redolent of patriotic appeals to the people, and breath a spirit of defiance of danger and thirst for battle, which if at all equalled by their soldiers in the field will redound to the glory and success of their arms.

The Mexican army have with them about 700 women (a custom very much in vogue with the soldiers of that country), whereupon the Yucatanese assert that the white force is made up of women, of whom those in petticoats are the most courageous.

There seems to be little doubt of the frequent desertions from the invading army, as almost every paper contains a list, more or less numerous, of the names of such as have come over to the side of the patriots.

TEXAS.

We received, several days ago, a letter from an esteemed correspondent, residing in Galveston, (whose opportunities for acquiring correct information of the dispositions of the people of Texas and the contemplated movements of the army are unbounded,) which was not published in season on account of the press of other matter.

Our correspondent gives a concise account of the recent invasion, which may be relied upon as substantially correct. As this is the beginning of a series of letters, through which we expect to derive the most authentic intelligence of the operations of the young republic, we subjoin extracts from it, though some of the information contained in it has been anticipated by both our own and other city journals.

Galveston, Nov. 26th, 1842.

Dear Sir—Many statements having been made in relation to the late invasion, I have thought that a concise recapitulation of the facts connected with it, might not be uninteresting to you.

Bexar was surprised by Gen. WOLL, commanding a force of 1,300 men. The District Court was in session when he entered the town. The Texans, numbering 53, took possession of a stone house and fired on the enemy, killing three and wounding five. When they ascertained the force of Gen. WOLL's command they surrendered at discretion. The judge, the district attorney and three members of congress amongst the prisoners.

A few days after Capt. CALDWELL, commonly called *Old Paint*, took position on the Salado, five miles east of Bexar, with 220 men hastily collected. They were attacked next day by the Mexicans in full force, and fought for 4 hours fighting repulsed the enemy, who left sixty-two dead upon the ground. Others, including Col. CORDOVO and several lesser officers, were taken to Bexar and buried. Their precise loss, besides the sixty-two left upon the ground, is not known. It was reported by the Bexar Mexicans as over an hundred killed and two hundred wounded. The Mexican force was formed east of the Salado, and consequently the Texans were between them and Bexar. During the battle, Captain Davinson, the friend and companion of the celebrated Deaf Smith, commanding a company of fifty odd settlers and soldiers, arrived on the ground. He could not force his can force at 200. They decided to charge through the enemy and join their countrymen under CALDWELL. They made the charge and encountering 600, retreated to a small thicket. Cannon was brought to bear upon them. Thirty-three were killed—the rest made prisoners, except two who escaped. Fifteen of the enemy were killed in this attack—wounded unknown.

After WOLL retreated from Bexar he was twice attacked by Capt. HAYS, whose men killed five of the enemy.

Although the enemy was repulsed, and retreated precipitately before an inferior force, with much the greatest loss in killed and wounded; we do not exult in victory, as our loss in killed was of our bravest citizens, and the prisoners the most useful and respectable class.

We have intelligence not to be doubted, that Mexico has positively declined the offered mediation of Great Britain, and avows her determination to invade the country in the spring. The British minister in Mexico believes she will do so.

Your Secretary of State requested a suspension of offensive operations against Mexico until the result of a proffered mediation could be known. This was acceded to by the President. This Government has received no notice of the effect of the offer. Your Government, acting in good faith, will of course give ours the earliest information of a failure. The truth is, if we are not to have peace, we are anxious to have war as soon as possible. We have a rich and beautiful country rendered valueless by reason of the uncertainty that prevails. We will give them a good fight. I do not for a moment doubt the result. But should I be mistaken, and we should be overwhelmed, we will give them battle at every stream, at every grove; fire the last shot at them as we cross the Sabine and Red rivers; return next day, and fight them again. We cannot and will not give up this country. It is too good for the Mexicans. It is perhaps worse governed than any other. We will of course have to suffer two years, unless our *accomplished* President shall have a call, and I hope from Heaven. He may get in as an eleventh hour man.

With great respect, &c.

SANTA FE EXPEDITION.—We perceive that Mr. KENDALL has resumed his Sketches of the travels, privations and sufferings of the prisoners of the Santa Fe Expedition. The narrative is to be continued to the departure of the author from the seat of Mexico. A most interesting part of the history of the adventures of the captives is yet to be written. These Sketches have obtained a wide circulation, and have met with universal commendation for the graphic manner in which the incidents of the expedition are related, and the scenery, customs and inhabitants of the country described.

☞ We learn that Mr. TAYLOR, who made so narrow an escape from the fire on Monday night, is much better, and hopes are entertained of his ultimate recovery. His preservation is almost miraculous.

CUMBERLAND RIVER.—The Nashville Banner of the 18th November says: "The river has risen about two feet under the late rains, and is still rising. Boats of the smaller size now find plenty of water."

FROM JAMAICA.

By the arrival of the barque Beckon we have received a full file of Jamaica papers to the 14th November inclusive.

The official tables of the exports to Jamaica, during the year ending the 30th September, 1842, have been published. Without comparing them with those of the preceding year, the Kingston Standard thinks they exhibit a heavy deficiency.

The Colonial Parliament was in session, and appeared to be occupied with manifold serious projects of local concern—such as the establishment of a penitentiary; alterations in the militia law; duties on the importation of horses; wharfage rates, &c.

The Itinerant Baptists about Jamaica appear to be perpetual sources of disquietude and trouble among the inhabitants. They are in general Abolitionists of the rankest sort, and are continually engaged in stirring up the brutified negro population to acts of insubordination and defiance of law. A quantity of stolen property was lately found concealed on the premises of an eminent class-leader of this sect—herself the mother of a convicted criminal, under sentence of transportation.

We understand that a great deal of excitement prevails in Spanish-Town, relative to the late forgery on the Receiver General, and that much surprise has been expressed, that no public steps have been taken in the matter. Both the parties are highly respectable, and have hitherto maintained characters beyond all suspicion; yet it is evident a forgery has been committed, and that none one "has done the deed." Would it be otherwise than just that those implicated should be held to bail, so that should any further transpire, their presence might be ensured! Neither would he in any way dismissed by such a measure, and public justice demands that the affair should not be allowed to pass unnoticed.—*Kingston Standard, Nov. 7.*

A committee has been appointed by the House of Assembly to memorialize her Majesty on the subject of the sugar duties. The object is to induce the Home Government to act with regard to sugar, as it has already done with respect to coffee—that is, to reduce the protective duty imposed on Foreign Sugars, at the same time reducing the duties on that of British production.

The subject of the chartering of an Island Bank is much mooted in the public journals. The Banking institutions now in existence have been distinguished by errors of administration similar to those which have prostrated the banks of our own country, and the question is now agitated of winding them up and establishing a new monetary institution on a proper basis.

A considerable sensation is excited in Jamaica by the increase of *Myalism*—a name given to certain superstitious practices which are supposed to be excited by a communion with Obeah—the evil spirit of the Africans. A number of persons professing christianity have engaged in these mummeries, for the purpose of affecting the simple minded negro and exciting him to acts of turbulence and phrensy. The spread of this superstition and the mischievous ones made of it by evil minded persons, have at length aroused the attention of the authorities and trials and convictions have been had against persons arraigned for practicing upon the deluded blacks. The effects of *Myalism* upon those under its influence are described as being extremely horrible—producing an aberration of intellect which, not unusually, ends in the destruction of its votary. Individuals who have been heretofore furious abolitionists, now that the negro has been released from a less degrading servitude, are resorting to this mystery to obtain a mastery of his mind and turn its hellish orgies to their own account. They make a traffic of the souls of their victims and barter humanity for a six-pace.

MR. WALLACE'S CONCERT.

The celebrity of Mr. WALLACE as a composer of music, as well as his brilliant execution upon the piano and violin, will no doubt attract a large company to his Concert, to be given at the Ball-room of the St. Louis Exchange on Saturday evening. He will be assisted by several amateurs of acknowledged ability, and the programme of the performances present a variety of entertainments of the most captivating character. To the lovers of good music the announcement will be truly refreshing, as an opportunity will be afforded them of hearing the most exquisite and difficult passages of some of the best pieces of the great composers, executed in a masterly style.

Mr. WALLACE we perceive will perform a composition of his own upon the occasion.

☞ The battalion of Artillery intend celebrating the feast of St. Barbe (their patron Saint) on Sunday next, the 4th instant, by a Grand Mass and other religious ceremonies, at the St. Louis Cathedral, the use of which has been granted for the occasion. The rev. clergy have consented to officiate. The ceremonies will commence at 10 o'clock a. m. After the religious rites a collection will be made for the benefit of the orphans.

☞ The remains of "OLD JOE" were attended to the Protestant Cemetary, yesterday evening, by a large concourse of citizens, and deposited their in final resting place, with military honors. There was not an individual who attended the funeral or witnessed the pageant as it passed along the streets, who did not heave a sigh over the melancholy fate of the brave old man, and exclaim with suppressed emotion,

"Alas poor old Joe."

THE BANKS.

The following is an abstract of the condition of the Banks on the 26th of November, as published by the Board of Currency.

	Banks.	*Cash Liabilities*	*Cash Assets.*
Specie paying	Bk. Louisiana,	$1,808,409 00	$2,369,049 37
	City Bank,	466,800 26	602,750 64
	Commercial Bk.	363,131 87	389,561 99
	State Bank,	508,319 14	736,417 26
	Mechanics & T.	1,116,470 03	1,325,986 24
	Union Bank,	890,620 23	974,905 96
	Total,	$5,153,733 55	$6,128,561 48
	Canal & Bank'g Co,	$969,567 09	$992,975 67
	Carrollton Bank,	79,495 41	93,353 23
	Citizens Bank,	896,918 71	958,970 56
	Consolidated Ass'n,	355,492 45	114,570 64
	Total,	$1,601,453 66	$489,090 10

Total of all the banks, $6,755,187 21 $6,627,651 58

The condition of nearly all of the banks has been materially improved since the last report. The specie paying institutions are quite as strong, if not stronger, than any others in the Union.

THOMAS MOORE, a sailor on board of the barque St. Clair, bound from Havre for New Orleans, with some cargo, two cabin and eight passengers, states that said barque was blown ashore on the morning of the 4th inst, on the N. E. end of Cuba, between Neuvitas and Puerto Principe; The captain, passengers and crew left the vessel about dark, in two boats. About 6 hours after their departure from the wreck, the barque was seen to be in flames, and is supposed to have been totally consumed.—*Courier.*

MISS HAMBLIN ACQUITTED.—The trial of Miss HAMBLIN, the actress, for the murder of Mr. EWING, to whom she was supposed to be married, took place on Monday, at Mobile, before Judge BRAGG. The prosecution was conducted, solely, by PERCY WALKER, Solicitor, and the defence by Messrs. WM. D. DUNN, DANIEL CHANDLER and J. W. L. CHILDERS, Esq's. The arguments were closed and the case submitted to the jury, about 8 o'clock on Tuesday evening. After an absence of 10 minutes, the jury returned a verdict of *not guilty.*

JOSHUA R. GIDDINGS, the same individual against whom congress at its last session, passed resolutions of censure for his fanatical and mischievous conduct, has come out against Mr. CLAY. GIDDINGS is a foolhardy abolitionist and will be an acquisition to the locofoco ranks, in their opposition to the farmer of Ashland.

TENNESSEE.—The Nashville Banner, alluding to the contumacy of the locofoco majority of the Senate in refusing to go into an election of U. S. Senators, says:

The "thirteen" just before the adjournment, played over again the farcical solemnity of the last session. They gravely received *Mr. John C. McLamore* into something that would like to be a Senator, but refused to the last to elect Senators in the old fashioned way, by which the *majority of the General Assembly*, and not thirteen factious partizans, are empowered to discharge the high duty of choosing Senators in Congress for a Sovereign State of the Union. They justified instead that the *minority* party should elect *one*, and the *majority* party the *other* Senator. It would seem that the Democratic Senators did not care how the Whig Senator was chosen—they would waive principle, and throw all consistency to the winds, to secure the election of *one Senator of their own party.* "I will go into Convention," said Mr. Gardner, on Tuesday, if one Democratic Senator can be secured! I will vote in "any mode," said Mr. Turney, "if the Whigs will elect one Democratic Senator!" The Whigs may elect whom *they please*, ("dumb candidates" not excepted,) said *Mr.* Loughlin's resolutions on the last day of the Spring Session, if they will only consent to the election of *one Democratic Senator!*—So it is a question of power after all! and not of principle, with these mincing patriots. What a humiliating figure they now cut in the eyes of an intelligent and order-loving public—whilst the Whigs have stood immoveable on the platform of the constitution, fortified by their principles and the established usage of their fathers, and braved with a consciousness of right, which springs alone from an honest zeal to promote the public good.

☞ We are indebted to the clerk of the steamboat *Missouri* for late Vicksburg and Grand Gulf papers.

The Hungarian Singers have arrived, and will probably be engaged at one of the Theatres.

Melancholy Occurrence.—The body of Mr. William B. T. Sansomy, of this city, was found early this morning in the dock between Magwood and Exchange wharves, having fallen in, it is supposed, last night, which was very dark, in proceeding from one wharf to the other. The tide was just coming in, and there were signs in the mud of the efforts made by the deceased to get out of the dock, of course unavailingly.—*Charleston Patriot.*

☞ We are authorized to announce Col. CHAS. CAYLUS a candidate for the office of Recorder of the 3d Municipality.

Messrs. Editors of the Bee:

Please announce in your estimable paper that Mr Antoine VIANNAY will be supported at the approaching election for Recorder of the 3d Municipality, by

A LARGE MINORITY OF VOTERS.

☞ A. DURAND, has removed to Conti street, No. 7.

☞ CUCULLU, LAFEVRE & Co., have removed to No 17 Conti street.

☞ Dr. FORMENTO has removed his residence to No. 109 Royal street, next to the Louisiana State Bank. n30 2

☞ Messrs. HERBAULT FRERES have removed to St. Louis street, No. 96, between Royal and Bourbon streets. n29

CHANGE OF RESIDENCE.

MD. JACQUES LABORE has removed to No. 71, between St. Louis and Toulouse streets, formerly the residence of B. J. Campanel. n30

☞ A CARD.—Beauregard Chouest, for Bakersfield, fast running passenger steamer MISSOURI, J B Grice master, will leave the wharf opposite the Customhouse, at 10 o'clock P. M.—at which hour passengers will please be on board. d1 C DUANE & Co, Agents.

☞ Barque BEAVER, Capt. Edmonds, from Marseilles. This vessel will commence discharging this morning.—Consignees are hereby notified that all goods not permitted within five days, will be sent to public store.

d1 S & J P WHITNEY, 73 Camp st

☞ Ship HONANTUM, Captain King, for Liverpool.—This ship will clear to-morrow. Shippers are requested to make their export manifests at the Customhouse this day.

d1 S & J P WHITNEY, 73 Camp st.

☞ Neither the Captain nor consignees of the Danish brig CARAVANE, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew after said vessel.

n29

☞ The captain or consignees of French ship VILLE DE BORDEAUX and BORDEAUX, will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the crews of said ships. n30

☞ The ship VILLE DE BORDEAUX is now discharging opposite the Mint. Consignees are requested to take their permits from the Custom-house. All goods not claimed in five days will be sent to the Customhouse. n29

☞ The ship VIRGINIA, Capt. Ball, from Alexandria, will commence discharging opposite the Orleans Press this day. Consignees are requested to receipt for their goods on the Levee. LEVI H. GALE,

n30 91 Common street.

☞ The ship EDWARD is now discharging opposite Port street, 3d municipality. Consignees are requested to obtain permits, in as much as the necessary steps have been taken to send to the Customhouse for a general manifest, the permits of which shall not be taken out within the ten days prescribed by law. C. DUFOUR,

n30 11 Conti st.

☞ NOTICE.—The ship HARGRAVE, Capt. Bailey, from Boston, is discharging opposite the new Red Stores, Third Municipality. Consignees are particularly requested to give receipts for their goods on the levee.

n30 L H GALE, 91 Common st

☞ NOTICE.—The consignees of the following lots of cotton, per Neptune, are requested to call on the undersigned and settle for freight and salvage: China Hill, White diamond 2; D Hunt 1; S D Walker 2; Reid Hill 1; G Prince 1; Mount Pleasant 1; Mount Place 1; W 1.

n30 if FRANKLIN & HENDERSON, 66 Gravier st.

NEW ORLEANS GAS LIGHT AND BANKING COMPANY,
NOVEMBER 1, 1842.

THE Annual Election for Directors of this institution will be held at the Banking Housepon Monday the 3d January next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

d1 m2 J W HOUGHTON, Cashier.

WASHINGTON FIRE COMPANY No. 4.

ATTENDS a monthly meeting on Monday, 5th December, at half 6 o'clock, p. m. BENJ. VAN DISTERN, Secretary.

d1

☞ N. B—Monthly washing on Sunday, 4th December, at 7 o'clock, a. m.

TO RENT—A two story dwelling ho se, with a two story kitchen, garden, large cistern, and other conveniences attached. The house has four large rooms and gallery on the first story, and four rooms with gallery in front and rear in the second story; the whole forming a very pleasant residence for a large family, situated at the corner of Dryades and Enterprise streets, in the 3d municipality. To good tenants it will be rented on low and accommodating terms.

d1 1m JOSEPH FALZON & Co, 34 New Levee

TO RENT—Two commodious dwelling houses, situate one at the corner of St Ann and Robertson streets, the other in Robertson, between St. Ann and Main sts, the yards of both houses are handsomely paved, and ornamented with shrubs and trees—Likewise five stables, with each property, with each house, the stables, and all other convenience for respectable families. Apply to JAMES ROACH,

d1 Robertson st, between St. Ann & Main sts

J. H. Mulford vs. Municipality No. 3.

PARISH COURT—No. 18,064. By virtue of an alias writ of execution issued from the Parish Court, Ninth Ward, in the Parish Court in and for the parish and city of New-Orleans, will be sold at the City Exchange, St. Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets, in the city, on Tuesday the 13th December, 1842, at twelve o'clock m.

$300 of notes of the Municipality No. 3, secured in the above suit.

Terms—Cash V. ALLAIN,

d1—3t in 10d Sher. of the Parish of Orleans.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court—Eastern District of Louisiana.—William Biggs is declared a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that William Biggs, of New-Orleans, has filed in this Court his petition to be declared a bankrupt, upon which an order has been duly entered appointing the 4th day of December, at ten o'clock A. M., for the hearing of said petition. All persons interested may then appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

By order of the Court—Nov 30. ED LAUVE, Deputy Clerk

d1 3t of the United States District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court, Eastern District of Louisiana.—Samuel S. Moss, of the Parish of Jefferson, to be declared a Bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that Samuel S. Moss, of the Parish of Jefferson, has filed in this court his petition to be declared a Bankrupt, upon which an order has been duly entered, appointing the 4th day of December, at 10 o'clock, A. M. for the hearing of said petition. All persons interested may then appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

By order of the Court—30th November, 1842.

ED LAUVE, Deputy Clerk

d1 3t of the United States District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District court, Eastern District of Louisiana.—Henry Little, of New-Orleans, to be declared a Bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given, that Henry Little, of New-Orleans, has filed in this court his petition to be declared a Bankrupt, upon which an order has been duly entered, appointing the 26th day of December, at ten o'clock, A. M. for the hearing of said petition. All persons interested may then appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

By order of the Court—30th November, 1842.

ED LAUVE, Deputy Clerk

d1 3t of the United States District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District court, Eastern District of Louisiana.—Henry Lafitte, of New-Orleans, to be declared a Bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given, that Henry Lafitte, of New-Orleans, has filed in this court his petition to be declared a Bankrupt, upon which an order has been duly entered, appointing the 26th day of December, at ten o'clock, A