TRADE AND COMMERCE.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURE OF THE ATLANTIC STEAMERS.

FROM ENGLAND. FROM BOSTON.
... Jan 4 ...
... Feb 4 ...
FROM ENGLAND. FROM NEW YORK.
... Feb 19 ... March 16

EXPORTS.

New York—Per ship Emily—[illegible] bbls pork, [illegible] do and [illegible] kegs lard, 167 bbls and 45 hhds hams and shoulders.
[illegible]—Per ship Tyrone—[illegible] bales cotton and 40 bbls [illegible].
Liverpool—Per ship Monmouth—2766 bales cotton.
Glasgow—Per barque Caspian—[illegible] bales cotton.
St Thomas—Per brig N. F. Frothingham—[illegible] bbls flour.
Philadelphia—Per brig Frances—[illegible] bales cotton, 100 hhds sugar, 90 hhds and 92 bbls hams, 100 bbls molasses, 31 do [illegible] 14 bbls and 1011 kegs lard, 70 bbls pork.
Baltimore—Per brig Olive Branch—167 hhds, 20 tierces and 444 bbls molasses.
Liverpool—Per British brig Kathleen—[illegible] bales cotton, 125 [illegible] tallow, 100 do lard, 10 apples, 161 bales hides.
New York—Per brig Mars Hill—1200 bbls flour, 9 tierces, 249 [illegible] 6 half do and 112 kegs lard, 54 bbls molasses.

IMPORTS.

Boston—Per ship Tennessee—ass'd mdze.

CONSIGNEES.

Per ship Tennessee. A D Crossman Bowe & Crenshaw; [illegible] & Waterman, S Broadwell; Tuttle & Hobert; Harrod & [illegible]; J Lanfear & co; C Dorne & co; T Bancroft; North & Bro; Cooke, T W Allston; Reina & Man, Frost & co; [illegible] & Bro, A S Ramey, Nicross & Fosdick; S & J F [illegible] & co; J Burbank, Lindley, Russell & Gribble, F de [illegible], Taylor & Duncan, Worsley & Forman; F M [illegible], Franklin & Henderson; Toole & Barriere; S L [illegible] & co; Valentine & Budlocke; W H Roberts[illegible], Stacy, Day, Stauder & co; J Small; A Hallum; J [illegible], Allen, Harrod, Darling & co, J Bullard; Ed[illegible] Mulford; J Dubour; Wilson; J Dockery & co, Stafford & Bartlett, W C & co; and order.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

[illegible]—Per steamer Osceola—[illegible] bales cotton, Ward [illegible] & co; 215 G M Pinckard; 200 Burke, Watt & co; 112 [illegible] & Rayburn; 92 T K Price & co; 90 Franklin & Henderson; 94 Hart & Scott; 73 Payne & Harrison; 49 Kelly & [illegible]; 19 A Ledoux & co; 31 Dick, McLean & Hill; [illegible]; 21 J Goodin & co; 70 A L Gaines [illegible]; A & J Dennistoun & co; 21 J Gaudin & co; [illegible] & Bro; 64 E Ford & Goodwin; 30 S B Frost; 65 Fears, Donegan, Crenshaw & Moon; 46 Pinckard & Huntington; 23 Andrews & Bro; 24 Duncan, McAllister & co; 20 McRae, Graham & co; 20 A Wiltshire; 22 Converse & co; 28 Fetter & Lonsdale; 25 J T Cram; 21 J Lallande; 21 Bailey & Brown; 15 Hewitt, Heran & co; 19 N Galloway & co; 12 Toby & Bogart; 9 Brander, Williams & co; 3 Gilmore & Henderson;—total 2116 bales.

Shreveport—Per steamer Robt T Lytle—[illegible] bales cotton to McMahon, Trotter & Pearsall; 144 C C & S B Hearn; 130 Backus, [illegible]; 57 B D Fatal; T Payne & Harrison; 21 J Benner; 5 T K Price & co; 5 T B Winston; 36 Brander, Williams & co; 25 Dick, McLean & Hill; 16 Gardiner, Nortom & co; 30 Kirkman, Abernathy & Heman; 25 J M Bell; 10 R Ordeway, 4 Fetter & Lonsdale; total [illegible] bales cotton—4 bgs mdze, [illegible].

Randolph—Per steamer Jean of Arc—[illegible] bales cotton and [illegible] hhd tobacco, M D Cooper & co; 1 do and [illegible] bales cotton, A L Addison & co; 273 Brander, Williams & co; 204 Frierson, Dale & co; 127 Armor, Lake & co; 113 E Ford & Goodwin; 97 J Dockery & co; 11 L Dobbin, 10 Goodwin & Foster; 92 Andrews & Bro; 91 Martin, Pleasants & co; 80 Fears, Donegan, Crenshaw & Moon; 10 Dupuy, Tate & Nalle; 5 T [illegible] Chenowith & co; 12 Dick, McLean & Hill; 24 Pilcher & [illegible]; 10 Taylor & Hart; 10 Oakey, Payne & Hawkins; 14 Pegram & Bryan; 12 T J Read, son & co; 6 Baker & Craddock; total [illegible] bales.

Lafourche—Per steamer Gen'l Harrison—[illegible] hhds sugar, A L Caveber; 25 hhds do and [illegible] bbls molasses, F H Foley; [illegible] bbls do and 30 hhds sugar, Laforest & Rivière; 15 do E Mason; 2 J J Troncini; 5 do owners on board; 10 bales cotton, A Rivarde & co; 4 do and 5 bales hides, Brand & Landry, total 54 bales cotton, [illegible] hhds molasses, 170 hhds sugar.

Bayou Sara—Per steamer Luda—[illegible] bales cotton, Oakey Payne & Hawkins; [illegible] J Benner; [illegible] A Ledoux & co; 71 do Payne & Harrison; 26 Pilcher & Rayburn; 41 M White & co; 30 N O Hall; 30 J O Peirson; 22 J B Byrne & co; 20 Stafford & Bartlett; 20 J Goodin & co; 24 Brander, Williams & co; 23 Burke, Watt & co; 22 Fellows, Belleoq & Degeloes; 26 C C Lathrop & co; 20 Flower & Finley; 15 McRae, Graham & co; 10 Dunbar & Flower; 10 Campbell & Hatch; 9 E Smith & co; 9 J Armour; 8 A Rivarde & co; 9 J R Shaw & co; 7 do Ringold & Ferriday; 7 P A Hardy & co; 6 G L C Davis; 6 T Barrett; 6 N Benoist; 4 J Lalland; 3 Dupuy, Tate & Nalle; a W Jackson & co; 3 M Caruthers & co; total 364 bales cotton, 23 hhds sugar, J W Zacharie & co; 100 bbls molasses, Adams & Whitall.

Bayou Sara—Per steamer Clipper—362 bales cotton, A Ledoux & co; 137 J B Plauche & co; 126 Payne & Harrison; 114 Burke, Watt & co; 70 A Rivarde & co; 60 M White & co; 56 H & W Hopkins; 30 Franklin & Henderson; 26 Fellows, Belleoq & Degeloes; 20 Curtis & Welles; 20 Gilmore & Henderson; 17 C A Brinkley; 10 J B Byrne & co; 12 Harrod & Darling, 9 Dunbar & Fowler; 7 Lambeth, Thompson & co; 6 Oakey, Payne & Hawkins; 6 W Jackson & co; 6 Frierson, Dale & co; 6 L Dupuy; 5 Flower & Finley; 4 W & J Montgomery, 1 D F Bourgeois; total 1120 bales cotton—10 hhds sugar, J A Laverich & co; 36 bbls molasses, W E Florance.

Vicksburg—Per steamer Ambassador—[illegible] bales cotton, Ward, Moffat & co; 173 Payne & Harrison; 109 Clark, Aiken & co; 148 Dick, McLean & Hill; 120 Gilmore & Henderson; [illegible] Lambeth, Thompson & co; 64 Bailey & Brown; 47 Lilly & Robinson; 56 Fears, Donegan, Crenshaw & Moon; 48 J [illegible] & co; 41 Pinckard & Huntington; 43 W Jackson & co; 39 J Goodin & co; 27 Frierson, Dale & co; 29 J M Jefferson & co; 19 W H Gorton & co; 19 McMahon, Trotter & Pearsall; 19 Martin, Pleasants & co; 15 A & J Dennistoun & co; 13 Franklin & Henderson; 13 T J Read, son & co; 12 Brander, Williams & co; 12 P Hooper; 11 J B Davis & co; 9 Amos & co; 9 Birdwood & Pratt; 9 G Pollard; 9 Dupuy, Tate & Nalle; 6 J M [illegible], Henry & co; 5 F K Thomas; 5 E D Hyde & co; 5 Curtis & Welles; 3 Duncan, McAllister & co; 3 Mitchell & co; a W H Segardes; 2 F Walker & co; total 1402 bales cotton.

Williams' Landing—Per steamer Maid of Kentucky—[illegible] bales cotton, Bailey & Brown; 210 Franklin & Henderson; [illegible] Burke, Watt & co; 78 E T Thornton; 71 McMahon, Trotter & Pearsall; 54 Yeatman & co; 47 Payne & Harrison; 47 C Pollard; 40 Minter, Chisholm & co; 26 Watts & Biggs; 20 Clark, Aiken & co; 20 Dick, McLean & Hill; 17 P Hooper; 8 [illegible] Smith; 6 J Goodin & co; 4 Baker & Craddock; 3 J M [illegible]; 1 J Dockery & co; 2 owner on board; 2 for re-shipment; total 1100 bales.

St Louis—Per steamer Highlander—93 bbls beans, 100 do pork, 153 do lard, 400 kegs do, 34 bbls flour, Price & Frost; [illegible] and 10 do corn meal, Connolly & Wilson; 20 casks sperm oil, F M Wald & co; 9 do and 31 bbs sperm candles, W Frost & co; 671 pigs lead, 45 bbls pork, 30 do beef, 4 do beeswax, 47 kegs lard, Morin, Boyle & co; 3 pigs mdze, 10 bbls lard, 79 flour, 503 pigs lead, 10 Dennis & co; 10 bbls corn [illegible]; W Givens, 14 bbls cider, Fredrick & Bro; 167 [illegible] pork, 387 kegs lard, 1985 pcs bulk pork, J Small; 630 kegs lead, Wilson & Gleason; 279 do and 31 bbls castor oil, 10 do lar; 1000 pigs lead, W Jackson & co; 40 bbls beef, 43 do flour, 3 do oil, 233 sacks corn, 14 bbls beef, owner on board; 30 do pork, Wiggin & Davenport; 69 beef hides, L Dobbin.

Eastport—Per steamer Tennessee Valley—591 bales cotton and 2 hhds tobacco, Yeatman & co; 41 do and 14 bales cotton, Hewitt, Heran & co; 31 do, 63 hhds tobacco, 112 mo[illegible] bbls, 123 sacks corn, 4 bbls peas, Fetter & Lonsdale, 133 bales cotton and 3 hhds tobacco, A L Addison & co; 21 do and 24 bales cotton, Brander, Williams & co; 10 do and 21 [illegible] tobacco, Hills & Minnott; 12 do and 47 bales cotton M D Cooper & co; 3 do, 8 hhds tobacco and 9 bbls beans, [illegible] Crenshaw; 2 hhds tobacco, 10 bbls lard and 7 kegs do Pucher & Rayburn, 9 bales cotton and 5 hhds tobacco Armour, Lake & co, 143 sacks corn and 6 bbls meal, G W [illegible], 41 hhds tobacco, T K Price & co, 16 do Pegram & Bryan; 1 do Lockman, Abernathy & Heman; 3 E & S L Pre[illegible] co; 6 Valentine & Buddecke, 74 bales cotton Dick, McLean & Hill; 50 J Dockery & co; 25 J H Laverich & co; 22 Everett & Lucy; 21 J Andrews, 17 R King, 14 Frierson, Dale & co, 11 M White & co, 13 Baker & Craddock, 11 McMahon, Trotter & Pearsall; 10 Backus & Demerett; 9 P A Hardy & co, 6 Andrews & son, 27 sacks oats, owner on board.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Emily, Crane, New York, Hullen & Woodruff
Ship Tyrone, Spear, Havre, S & J P Whitney & co
Ship Monmouth, Patten, Liverpool, S & J P Whitney & co
Barque Caspian, Battlett, Glasgow, Bridge & Bro
Brig Frances, Soule, Philadelphia, J H Ashbridge
Brig Olive Branch, Watts, Baltimore, W C Whitridge
Brig Kathleen, Larnon, Liverpool, Hamilton & co
Brig N F Frothingham, Dennett, St. Thomas, T & S Toby & Bogart
Brig Mars Hill, Gray, New York, master

ARRIVED.

Towboat Star, Heston, from the Passes—towed to sea ships Clinton and Medomak, barques Lanarkshire and Clermont and a brig—brought up ship Tennessee.
Ship Tennessee, Wise, 16 days from Boston, to Harrod & Darling.
Barque Kensington, Gorham, 35 days from Algiers, to master.
Steamer Clipper, Perry, from Bayou Sara.
Steamer Ambassador, Brenham, from Vicksburg.
Steamer Luda, Clark, from Bayou Sara.
Steamer Jean of Arc, Church, from Randolph.
Steamer Robt T. Lytle, Lockwick, from Shreveport.
Steamer Osceola, Frost, from Columbia.
Steamer Gen'l Harrison, Batchelder, fm Lafourche.
Steamer Maid of Kentucky, Willard, from Williams' Landing.
Steamer Highlander, Freeland, from St Louis.
Steamer Tennessee Valley, Irwin, from Eastport.

BELOW, BOUND UP.

Seven or eight square rigged vessels, and an English Yacht.

MEMORANDA.

Barque Kensington reports having sailed in company with ship Massachusetts for this port. Off the Hole in the Wall, spoke ship Levant. Off Double Headed Shot Keys, exchanged signals with ship Georgiana and brig Benson. Left at Algiers discharging, ship Flavina, from this port.

Steamer Highlander left St. Louis on the 24th January—reports 2½ fathoms water in the channel. Steamers Louisa Rowena and Shepherdess, up for New Orleans.

COASTWISE PORTS.

New York, Jan. 21—Cleared, ship George Skolfield, Skolfield, N. Orleans; 22d, sailed, barque Quinebaug, Fuller, do; barque John Carver, Pendleton do; schr Penjajawock, Darling, do; sailed, brig Etrurian, Brascomb, do; ship Cincinnati, Barstow, do; ship St. Mary, Foster, do; brig Oneco, Butler, do; schr Sabine, do.

At Norfolk for this port, brig Orleans, Smith, to sail on the 1st Feb.

Boston, Jan 20—Arrived, ship Tacitus, Barstow, N. Orleans; ship Medora, Lunt, do; cleared, ship Kentucky, Somers, do; barque Alabama, Haslett, do; brig Cervantes, Tufts, do; brig Rowena, Williams, do; 21st, cleared, ship Nile, Kenney, ship Maiden, Grozier, both for N Orleans. Sailed, brig Averon, Jordan, do.

Savannah, Jan 20—Cleared, schr Wilder, Shibles, New Orleans, sailed, brig Columbia, Cottrell, do.

At Baltimore for this port, barque Tarquin, Hosmer, to sail Jan. 24, cleared, brig Catharine, Vesper, N. Orleans.

At Boston for this port, brig Basket, Thompson, to sail Jan 22d, brig Hope Howes, Snow, to sail on the 25th, brig Timothy Pickering, Tilden, do.

SPOKEN.

Off Sandy Key Light, ship Lamson, from New Orleans for Marseilles; ship Caledonia, Varney, ditto for Havre.

DISASTERS.

The brig Isaac Mead, from [illegible] for New Orleans, which was taken into Key West, after being ashore on the Washerwoman's reef, had 200 tons [illegible] on board. Her cargo was discharging at last accounts.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Jean of Arc—Messrs Read, Bell, Steele, Gen Combs, Brantley.

Per steamer Luda—Dr Smith and lady, W J Lyle and lady, J L Sterling and lady, Miss Bowman, Dr Williams, Dr Fresno, Dr Butler, Judge Bains, Maj. Butler, Judge John son, Dr Williams, Messrs Stafford, Logue, Henry, Neville, Buckly, Martin, Marchand, Rhodes, Allen, Clark, Mulfert, Ayres, Dearmon.

Per steamer Highlander—Jno Bostwick and lady, Miss Bostwick, Mrs J Lee, Miss Craw, J S Hill, J Perry, C L Frost, A Hamilton, Calert.

Per ship Tennessee—Mr McMahon, L Thayer.
Per barque Kensington—Mrs Gorham, Miss Gray.

☞ Shippers per CHARLES, for Havre, will please make their Exports To-day by 12 o'clock.
f 3 L H GALE, 53 Common st

☞ Neither the consignee nor the captain of the ship [illegible] hold themselves responsible for any debt contracted by the crew. f 1

☞ NOTICE.—Neither the Captain nor Consignees of the French Ship PO, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew. CH DUFOUR. f 1

☞ No debts contracted by the crew of the British barque ADAMS, will be paid by the captain or the consignees.
31 tw WM. PREHN

☞ Ship MARTHA WASHINGTON, Capt [illegible], for Liverpool—This ship will clear this day; shippers are requested to make their export manifest at the Custom-house early this morning. S & J P WHITNEY & Co.
f 3 77 Canal st

INDIA BAGGING—for sale by GEO GREEN & Bro f 3 53 Gravier st

ROPE—Kentucky and Manilla rope, for sale by GEO GREEN & Bro, 53 Gravier st

RAISINS—Bunch and M R raisins, for sale by GEO GREEN & Bro, 53 Gravier st

RIO COFFEE—of various qualities, for sale by GEO GREEN & Bro, 53 Gravier st

LARD—Prime leaf lard, for sale by GEO GREEN & Bro, 53 Gravier st

GUNNY BAGS—for sale by GEO GREEN & Bro, 53 Gravier st

BLANKETS—A prime assortment blankets for sale by GEO GREEN & Bro, 53 Gravier st

NEW-ORLEANS BEE.

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"Truth is omnipotent and Public Justice certain."

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

HENRY CLAY.

NEW-ORLEANS:
FRIDAY MORNING, FEB'Y 3, 1843.

THE GAMBLING BILL.

We perceive, with infinite regret that the Special Committee have reported Mr. RATLIFF's bill to license Gaming-Houses. It is a source of unmeasured regret that such a measure should receive the countenance of the Legislature for a day—that it should survive the process of parturition—that it should not have come still-born into the house, a deformity too monstrous to perform any of the functions of life. We had hoped that if the progress of civilization had not fortified society against the possibility of legalizing this species of free-booting, the evident decline of the vice, under the well directed vigor of the law, had accomplished what christianity could not. Great has been the struggle to wipe from the statute book a stain with which barbaric legislation begrimed its pages; desperate for a series of years was the contest between virtue and the enchantments which the High-Priests of crime threw around the sacrificial altar, and now forsooth we have a proposition to throw away a victory so dearly purchased and let loose again upon the community the blood-hounds that the strong arm of power can alone hold at bay.

Was gaming an indulgence too costly for the poor, was it confined only to the rich; was it an aristocratic luxury beyond the aspirations of the mechanic or the laborer, it would nevertheless be insufferable in morals however its terrors might be mitigated in practice.—But we have no priviledged orders in this free country—we have no classes of men, seperated from the rest and infected by law with impunity to violate the mandates of morality or clothed with especial grace to monopolize vice without reproach. All here are equal and the Legislator should bear in mind that he is making laws for the governance of all his fellow-citizens—the rich, the poor, the young and old, the unwary as well as the pimp—the christian as much as the black-leg. And it behoves him to be careful of, and to watch sleepless over the interest of the weak, that a snare is not laid for youth, or pernicious examples tempt to lure the wayward from the paths of truth.

We know that the advocates of licensed gambling are not themselves votaries of the vice—they argue that by legalizing public banking games they will break up private gaming, and that the ends of justice will be subserved by making the practice, if not more respectable, at least less debasing. These ideas are altogether fallacious. To imagine there would be less gaming under such a system, would be to suppose the police of a faro-bank more efficient than that of either the state or city, or both combined: And to throw around a "modern hell" the refinements that dazzle the decoyed green-horn at Frascati's or Crockford's is not the way to weaken the propensity for, or lessen the practice of gaming. Does any one suppose that a single gambler would be reclaimed by making his vocation a lawful one? And does not every body know that thousands upon thousands of the rising generation are deterred from gambling by the sense of shame that overwhelms them in sneaking into forbidden places to do a secret and a branded act? Throw open these houses under the sanction of the law—erect a temple to Mammon and burn around the pedestal of the blood stained deity incense of sweet savor, and wake the echoes of night with music of rarest cadence—and how many are there in this city or in the legislature who would not visit them, through curiosity, if for nothing else? And is it right, or moral, or christian, to tempt the youth of the country within the precincts of such a place? Is it statesmanship to invest the most pernicious of all crimes with any of the qualities of respectability,—or wise to dignify the most disgusting species of vagrancy with the slightest protection of law?

Besides, there is such proof of the immense good wrought by the suppression of public gambling, that it cannot have escaped the most careless observer. Take an example from our steamboats. The time was, when a vessel could not get under way before the cabin was strewed with card-tables, and during the whole trip, morning, noon and night, every passenger would be engaged in play—for money! Nearly every other man you would meet at the public hotels, in stages, in steamboats, at watering places, and indeed at every place of public resort was a blackleg. Now it is unusual to see a game played upon a steamboat for money, and the race of this species of professional swindlers is fast becoming extinct. They do not dress now as they were wont—in fine apparel with mustachios, imperial, and ruffled shirt, nor travel with body servant. They have fallen into straightened ways, and their vocation has become a scorn and a curse. Is the Legislature prepared to open a new manufactory to supply the market with thorough bred gamesters? Are the members willing to inflame the taste for gaming afresh, by affording a dainty indulgence to the appetite? Can any one seriously contemplate a revival of this degrading custom without disgust and horror?

Look upon our city! Does not the stranger who sojourned here two years since miss something that offended his eyes? Does not the Christian in his daily walk remark an improvement in the aspect of Canal and adjoining streets? Then the walls of the houses were bedizzened with lottery bills in gaudy colors, with imposing capital prizes—arresting the attention of the public, and tempting the cupidity of the needy, the avaricious and the young. And in entering one of those offices, over whose doors these insignia were unfurled, you would find the working man, the mechanic and the apprentice parting with his weeks wages to purchase a piece of painted paper. Lotteries have been suppressed: and with the removal of the gorgeous poster has passed away the thirst for this species of gambling.

As a last resort, the craps tables were nightly thronged with the eager disciples of Plutus. The wildest fancy can scarcely paint the scenes that continually occurred at these receptacles of vice. The agony of despair was strangely mingled with the evanescent triumph of successful gaming—exhibiting the extremes of passion in dreadful proximity. To look without emotion upon the countenances of the betters, was an achievement denoting a hardened heart. Compressed lips and starting eye-balls indicated the intensity of feeling under which the progress of the game was watched, & no face wore a natural hue except the automaton who, with cold indifference to the agony that surrounded him, levied his contributions upon the deluded multitude, and filched from the father the mite that should have procured a morning's meal for his children. Craps have been put down, thanks to the Attorney General, and now our city is without a single abode of vice, except such, perhaps, as rats have and vermin, who burrow within concealed places.

The passage of this law is urged to supply a revenue to the State. If the State derives any considerable emolument from this source, it will be by encouraging gaming—by stimulating vice, by resuscitating a collapsed and decayed race of money-lifters. Every dollar so received will be the evidence of some fraud upon the stranger, or of a youth victimized, whose tender mind has been debauched by the blandishment of the gaming table.—Better far that the treasury should be bankrupt, than that the morals of society should be polluted to replenish its exhausted coffers. A revenue purchased at the cost of virtue is too expensive, however great. Granting that a large addition to the receipts could be collected in this manner, (a fact by no means certain,) why make an exception of this crime? Why not legalize arson and let the incendiary light up the consuming fires with a statute of the State upon paying a price for the privilege. Put a dagger in the hands of the assassin upon the payment of a fee—he is equally respectable with the black-leg, and his vocation is less pernicious, as its influence is more circumscribed. There is not a manly feature in the crime that recommends it to consideration. It has so daring to awaken for it the sympathy of the bold, no tendency that can commend it to the charity of any one.

How could the officers of the law stamp the deal-box with the arms of the State, without a blush? That seal represents the Pelican opening her bosom to feed her young with her heart's blood; whilst by the act of legalizing gambling, the State would offer up her children to be devoured for shekels of gold. Why not license the pollution of females as well as the depravation of the other sex? Why not arm the seducer with impunity, as the gambler with law? Let not our legislators risk the terrors of such a statute. Let them not encounter the reproaches of those who may fall a prey to its baneful influences. Who could invoke the distraught gaze of the undone youth, the ruined father, or encounter the aspect of some desperate fellow-being whose own hand has taken the life that God alone can give and alone should take away, and feel that all this resulted from his own act as legislator. Who would volunteer to reap the revilings of the forsaken wife, the curses of the orphan, or the execrations of the legatee, by encouraging the fell spirit of gaming—a demon whose throne is raised upon the suicide's grave, whose sceptre is moistened with the widow's tears, whose music is the sigh of the broken heart, and whose plaything is man's eternal soul.

THE BILL to divide the State into four Congressional Districts, underwent yesterday its third reading in the House, and was finally passed by a vote of 27 to 20.—This vote is but an indifferent criterion of the merits of the bill, as no less than seven or eight of its friends were absent, while its opponents mustered in full force. It is worthy of remark that the bill received the unqualified support of several of the ablest [illegible] members of the House—an infallible evidence of its perfect fairness and justice.

The Newport Rhode Islander says that the dwelling house on the farm purchased by the United States Government, some years ago, to extend the site of Fort Adams, was entirely destroyed by fire a few days since. It was occupied by some half dozen or more soldier's families.

THE GALE.—The late gale on the Lake must have been [illegible]. The Southerner, which arrived last evening in a crippled condition, met the Creole off Pascagoula after midnight on Wednesday. She was rolling very heavily, having taken a [illegible]. [illegible] was obliged to [illegible] sixty [illegible] to sea, and was [illegible] the necessity of throwing portion of her cargo over-board, and using her furniture for fuel. She likewise lost her rudder.

The Fashion was yet aground in Lake Borgne.

[illegible] AMERICAN REVIEW.—We [illegible] from Mr. MORGAN of the Literary Depot, [illegible] number of this work. Its contents are as follows: Downing on Rural Architecture; The English [illegible]; Hallam's introduction to the literature of Europe; Ward's memoir of Sam'l. Carter; Works of Alexandre Dumas; Madame Calderon's Life in Mexico; Insanity in Massachusetts; Gray's Botanical Text Book; Eckfelt and DuBois on Coins; Charles Dickens. Several of these reviews are on subjects of uncommon interest and are written with consummate ability.

☞ On the 11th ult., three men named Tinsley, Kelly and Webb, were arrested at New Albany, Indiana, in whose possession was found twelve thousand dollars in counterfeit notes, on the Bank of [illegible], five or six thousand on the State Bank of Indiana, and two or three thousand on the First Municipality of New Orleans—twenty thousand in all. The magistrate [illegible] at liberty on the ground that there was no law in Indiana authorising the arrest or detention of persons having counterfeit money in their possession, unless evidence were adduced to prove that they had attempted to pass it.

ON DITS AT WASHINGTON.—The well informed correspondent of the Charleston Courier furnishes quite a batch of political rumors. The report that Mr. Spencer is to retire from the cabinet and take a foreign mission, on account of his recent domestic afflictions, is considered incorrect. There is no reason to believe that there will be any re-organization of the cabinet during the remainder of Mr. Tyler's term. Mr. Jenifer, Minister to Austria, and Mr. Todd, Minister to Russia, are to be recalled—also Messrs. Hunter, Hall, Barrow and Bushnell. Mr. Cushing, it is probable, will be sent to China, and Mr. Wise to France, so that the President's "peculiar friends" will be amply provided for.

The judgment of the Court of Inquiry in the Somers case, is before the Secretary of the Navy. The tenor has not been divulged, but there is no doubt that it is an honorable acquittal, Commander McKenzie has asked for a court-martial and will doubtless have one.

ANOTHER FIRE occurred in Mobile on Tuesday night in the Cotton-pickery, in Royal street, belonging to Dr. Berghaus, being, strange to say, the third establishment of the kind, in the occupancy of that gentleman, destroyed by fire in the course of three or four weeks. Fifty bales of cotton, on which no insurance had been effected, were consumed.

FIRE IN BROOKLYN.—On the morning of the 22d ult. a fire broke out in Brooklyn, in Main street, between Fulton and James, which destroyed in a short time no less than twelve buildings, occupied as stores and dwellings. The greater part of the property was insured.

TWO MAILS were yesterday received, bringing dates from New-York to the 23d ult. By our Mobile Correspondence it will be seen that Mr. CLAY had not reached Mobile at 12 o'clock on Wednesday.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE BEE.]
Mobile, February 1st, 11 A. M.

Gentlemen:

It has been blowing a very heavy gale from the northward during the last eighteen hours, and to this cause is attributed the non-arrival of the Creole with the honorable HENRY CLAY. The preparations for his reception are on an imposing scale; at 9 o'clock this morning the military and fire companies, besides numbers of citizens, left for Hitchcock's Press, about half a mile from town, this being the place designated for the landing of Mr. Clay. I am afraid he will not reach before late in the afternoon; indeed it is generally believed that the Creole is aground. The weather is very fine but the cold is intense; ice one inch thick was made last night.

The northern mail is just in, but brings no news.
Yours, *

12 M.—No Creole in sight, the convoy of boats which left this morning to form an escort are returning. Half past 12.—The Creole is in sight.

CONGRESSIONAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE BEE.
Washington, Jan. 23, 1843.

In the Senate, to-day, the unfinished debate on the bill for the benefit of the Petersburgh Rail Road Company, came up, and was continued by Messrs. Archer, Rives and Evans in favor of the proposition to extend the time from the 3d of March to December next for laying down the new rail road iron imported; and in opposition by Messrs. Buchanan and Phelps. The bill was, however, passed by a majority of one—yeas 20, nays 19. The Oregon bill then came up, and Mr. Morehead, as he was entitled to the floor, addressed the Senate in its favor for upwards of an hour. He advocated the bill entire as it then stood. Mr. McRoberts also spoke on the same side. On motion of Mr. Woodbury the Senate then adjourned.

In the House of Representatives the morning hour was consumed in recommending a vote to print 5,000 copies of a majority and minority report on the subject of negroes, which reports had been ordered to be printed on Saturday. The motion was reconsidered and the question was then laid on the table. Mr. Fillmore made a statement to the House in denial of publications which appeared in the Madisonian and New York Union, charging that a whig caucus had sat upon the subject of reporting the Exchequer plan, and had submitted to the dictation of Mr. Clay, conveyed in a letter from him to go against all exchequers. Mr. F. denounced the whole as a gross fabrication. After a short discussion on the subject, the Senate on the resolution of the Committee of Ways and Means, recommitted the President's Exchequer plan, came up, and Mr. Roberts spoke on the subject. The House then adjourned.

Washington, Jan. 24, 1843.

In the Senate, to-day, very little of importance was done during the earlier part of the morning hour. At half past 12 o'clock the Oregon bill was called up, and Mr. Woodbury spoke for an hour in favor of its passage without alteration. Mr. Phelps followed on the same side. Mr. Huntington succeeded Mr. P., and opposed the bill on the same grounds heretofore urged by others. Mr. McDuffie next obtained the floor in opposition to the bill on new grounds; but the hour being late, the Senate went into executive session, and shortly after adjourned.

In the House of Representatives this was motion day. After some time the debate on the Exchequer plan was resumed, and Mr. Cushing concluded his remarks commenced yesterday. There was nothing of general public interest in the remainder of the proceedings.

[FROM OUR NEW-YORK CORRESPONDENT.]
New York, January 22, 1843.

The only extraordinary thing I have to write you, is on the state of the weather here. For this week past it has been as mild almost as summer—clear genial skies and bright sunshine. Something so uncommon in New York, in the month of January is the universal theme of remark. The wind has been steadily from the southward, and Mr. Espy's disciples predict the coming of a violent storm. They say the equilibrium of the atmosphere is totally destroyed; but what that means I don't precisely comprehend.

I am very much disappointed at not being able to send you to day the news which was expected to have arrived at Boston by the steamer of the 4th. The Eastern boats, however, are in without any news of her arrival.

You will of course have read with interest the proceedings of the Court of Enquiry, in the case of Commander Mackenzie, and I am very sorry to add that the penny papers here have succeeded in creating a very unfavorable feeling towards him among a certain class of people. To form a correct judgment of his conduct, it is absolutely necessary to see the vessel. She is so diminutive that it is difficult to conceive how they could stow so many men on board of her and her stores.—There was no possibility of confining the mutineers so as to avoid their coming in contact with the crew.—There was scarcely room—and many cases may be easily conceived in which there would not be any—for an officer, had he been attacked, to have drawn back sufficiently far to have presented his pistol. Continued attempts are making to bring the Commander and Lieutenant Gansevoort before a civil judge, and I expect they will not escape this kind of persecution until they have been tried before a Court Martial.

During the last three days there has been but little doing in Cotton, in consequence of the steamer at Boston being hourly expected—prices continue to have a downward tendency, and within a week a decline of 1-4 ct., per lb., may be noticed. Uplands, ordinary to middling bring 5 a 6 1-4 cts., fair to good fine and good 6 3-4 a 7 1-2 cts., Tennessee and Alabama 5 1-4 a 6 3-4 cts., Mobile, Louisiana, &c., ordinary to middling 5 1-4 a 6 1-4 a 8 1-2 a 8 3-4 cts., per lb.; the sales amount to 7,000 bales; freights to Liverpool are 5 8 a 3-4 but the packet of the 25th 11-16 a 7-8 is asked.

Sugars are rather heavy—the bulk of the late arrivals have been of common to fair qualities, of which 600 hhds have been sold at 4 1-2 a 5 and 5 1-4 cts. per lb.—Molasses is in demand, and sells freely on arrival at 19 cts. The flour market is dull; 600 Ohio, via New Orleans sold at $4 37 1-2;—Genesee held at $4 56 1-4; Common Southern kind $4 25 a $4 37 1-2.—Wheat is in demand at 81 a 83 cts; there is no enquiry for Pearl Ashes; Pots are inactive at $5 56. Lard is active, and heavy sales are making at $6 25 cts., which is now the ruling rates. We have had some arrivals of Pork, via New Orleans, but there have been none important. Lead is in but little request, 2,000 pigs Missouri sold at 3 1-2 cts., and 1600 pigs at 3 3-8 cts. cash. Exchanges are extremely dull, New Orleans par—Mobile and other Alabama funds 15 a 15 1-2—Nashville 4 a 4 1-2—Louisville 3-4 a 1—St. Louis 1 1-2 a 2—Cincinnati 1 1-2—London 105 a 106 1-2—Paris 5 47 1 2 a 5 45—Bremen 75 a 75 1-4—Hamburg 34 a 34 1-4.

OFFICIAL REPORT
OF THE
PROCEEDINGS OF THE SENATE OF LOUISIANA.

THURSDAY, February 2, 1843.

The Secretary reported to the House of Representatives, for their concurrence, the bill to change the names of Joseph Jewell Wilkinson Nicholls and Catherine Isabella Nicholls.

Mr. BOSWORTH presented a Report upon the petition of John F. McEllroy, adverse to the petitioner's prayer for relief.

Mr. BERNARD offered a resolution fixing the adjournment of the Legislature for the 27th of February, instant, and the rules being dispensed with, it underwent its several readings, and was passed.

The PRESIDENT announced the following as the Committee on the part of the Senate, under the resolution passed yesterday, for visiting the several Colleges of the State:—

For the College of Franklin, Mr. Durel; College of Baton Rouge, Mr. [illegible]; College of Jefferson, Mr. [illegible]; Centenary College, Mr. Carter.

[illegible]

Mr. [illegible] called up the bill amending the Charter of the [illegible] Insurance Company.—Passed.

Mr. Dawson asked the Senate to take up the bill creating an additional election precinct in the parish of Livingston; which, he stated, he had voted to lay on the table, in order to obtain information relative to it. He had since learnt [illegible] the [illegible] that measure [illegible] desire[illegible].

The bill was [illegible] and [illegible] with, it was passed [illegible] to the House [illegible] the Chamber [illegible].

Mr. MORSE, under the suspension of the Rules, introduced an act relative to the manumission of slaves.

Order of the Day.

[illegible] creating a new parish, to be called the Parish of [illegible]—Passed.

Whereupon, the Senate adjourned.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

[illegible]

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Thursday, February 2, 1843.

The House met pursuant to adjournment. The roll being called, [illegible] answered to their names. [illegible].

Mr. Hamell presented a resolution adding the Crescent City, [illegible], to the number of [illegible]. The resolution was [illegible].

Mr. Robertson offered a petition from the inhabitants [illegible], relative to the obstructions in Bayou Grosse [illegible], which was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

The same member presented another memorial from the citizens of Iberville and Ascension, praying the formation of a new parish.—The petition was referred to a committee composed of Messrs. Robertson, Nicholls and Selby.

Mr. Wadsworth called up the resolution providing that the yeas and nays be called for only at the request of one-fifth the members present. He then moved to lay it on the table, as there were provisions on the subject of the yeas and nays laid down in the Constitution.—The motion prevailed.

The Speaker laid before the House a resolution of the Police Jury of the parish of Caddo, remonstrating against the division of the parish.

The Speaker also laid before the House a petition of the citizens of Caddo, praying the formation of a new parish, from the southern part of Caddo and northern part of Natchitoches, and declaring the proceedings of the Police Jury gratuitous and unauthorised.

On motion of Mr. Forman, these documents were laid on the table, subject to the call of the house.

Reports of Standing Committees.

None were presented.

Reports of Select Committees.

None were offered.

Bills and Notices of Bills.

Mr. Taylor presented an act to abolish the office of Recorder of Mortgages in the Parish of Natchitoches. Mr. Taylor stated that the object of the bill was to save the parish a heavy amount of cost. The rules being dispensed with, the bill was read a second time and adopted.

On motion of Mr. Baylies, the House dispensed with its rules and took up the various bills at their third readings.

Mr. Winchester said there was a rule introduced by him two sessions since, appropriating two days in the week to bills reported from Standing Committees. The rule was intended to prevent private business overlaying and excluding public business. He now asked for a dispensation of the rules, in order to present a resolution to take up the reports of Standing Committees on Tuesdays and Fridays, in preference to other business. The resolution lies over under the rules for one day.

Third Readings.

The act to amend the act relative to roads and levees, was read a third time and passed.

The act relative to appeals and notices of judgment being at its third reading;

Mr. Brower asked a dispensation of rules, to introduce an amendment. The motion prevailed. The amendment proposes to dispense with a notice of judgment, wherever personal service has been rendered by the party. The merits of the amendment were briefly discussed by Messrs. Brower, Winchester, Brashear and Selby. The amendment was adopted.

On the final passage of the bill, Mr. Selby spoke in opposition. Cases had occurred where suits had been brought, judgment rendered and execution ordered, without the defendant knowing any thing about it. He might, it is true, bring a suit to annul the judgment.—Hence the bill might originate two suits. The passage of the bill would lead to various interpretations of the law, and endless litigation. It was a dangerous thing to unsettle fixed laws. Taking the bill as it stood, it was a bad one for the people, though perhaps a good one for the lawyers.

Mr. Brower thought his friend from Carroll did not understand the bill. The object of the bill was to save expenditure to unfortunate debtors, and it had been framed expressly with this view. He could not conceive how injustice or difficulties could grow out of the plain and simple provisions of the bill. The proviso suggested by the gentleman from St. Mary, which might lead to embarrassment, was not contained in the bill.

The bill was then finally passed.

The act to divide the State into four congressional districts was read a third time and passed, with a slight amendment by which that part of the Parish of Orleans lying on the right bank of the river was annexed to the second district.

Mr. Brewer said before the bill was passed that he had been opposed to it from the first. He thought the House had gone to work unadvisedly—that the State had been districted in an unprecedented manner—he believed that we had no right to divide counties. He read the act of 1822 dividing the State by counties, and showed that the districts did not contain an equal population. He would vote against the bill, and called for the yeas and nays—which stood yeas 27, nays 21. So the bill was passed.

Mr. Clark having voted with the minority through misconception, moved to have his vote recorded in the affirmative. The motion prevailed, and the bill was consequently passed by a vote of 27 to 20.

On motion the House adjourned.

ERRATUM.—In reporting yesterday Mr. Philips' resolution requiring the Committee on Contingent Expenses to provide offices for the Governor, Treasurer &c., in the building containing the State Library, by an error of the press, the word officers was inadvertently substituted for OFFICES.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEW ORLEANS.
New Orleans, February [illegible], 1843.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual election by the Stockholders of eleven Directors to serve for one year, will be held at the Banking-House on Monday, the 6th March next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
f 2 GEO. O. HALL, Cashier.

STOLEN from Dr. Alexander—[illegible] a set of SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS in a [illegible] case, containing the [illegible] in silver. [illegible] a small box of [illegible] containing instruments for operating on the eyes. These instruments are well marked with the name of Joyant. A reasonable reward will be given to whoever will restore the stolen articles at the corner of Rampart and Main streets, or will furnish information which may lead to their recovery. f 2

WASHINGTON FIRE COMPANY, No. 1.—Attend a Monthly Meeting, on Sunday, the 5th February, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Punctual attendance is requested, as business of importance will be before the meeting.
BENJAMIN VAN OSTERN, Secretary.
N. B. On Sunday, the 6th instant, Monthly Washing, at 8 o'clock, A. M. f 3

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Thursday, February 2, 1843—Present, the Hon. Theo. H. McCaleb.

In the bankruptcy of Armand Pitot, No. 152,
of James M. Grice, No. 184.

Report of the Board of Commissioners:

The said estates as above entitled, Nos. 152 and 184, being referred to the Board of Commissioners, and they having thus reported thereon according to the order of court, prior to the order of distribution of the assets among the creditors who have proved their debts previous to said reference: It is ordered that a hearing of the said reports of the two said estates shall be had on Thursday, the 23rd of February next, at 10 o'clock, A M, when all the creditors who have proved their debts, the bankrupts, the assignee, and all other persons in interest may appear and shew cause, if any they have, why the said reports shall not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in conformity; all objections and oppositions thereto to be filed in writing on or before the said day of hearing.

By order of court. N R JENNINGS,
f 3 2t Clerk of the U S District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court, Eastern District of Louisiana—W. H. Toy, of the parish of Jefferson, to be declared a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given, that W. H. Toy has filed in this court his petition to be declared a bankrupt, upon which an order has been duly entered appointing the 18th day of March next, at ten o'clock a.m., for the hearing of said petition. All persons interested may then appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

February 2.—By order of Court.
feb 3—3t JAMES R JENNINGS, Deputy Clerk of the U. S. District Court.

In Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Eastern District of Louisiana—Jules Lacois, of New Orleans, to be discharged from all his debts, and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that Jules Lacois, a bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate; upon which an order of court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this court, the 19th day of May 1843, at nine o'clock A M, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

By order of the court—Jan 31, 1843.
f 3 7t in 70ds JAMES R JENNINGS, Dy. clerk U S District Court.

In Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Eastern District of Louisiana—John C Smith, of the parish of East Feliciana, to be discharged from all his debts, and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that John C. Smith, a bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate; upon which an order of court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock A. M. when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

By order of the court—Jan 31, 1843.
f 3 7t in 70ds JAMES R JENNINGS, Dy clerk U S District Court

In Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Eastern District of Louisiana—Spencer Gloyd, of New Orleans, individually and as a member of the firms of Spencer Gloyd & Co, and of Gloyd & McDonnell, to be discharged from all his debts, and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that Spencer Gloyd, a bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate; upon which an order of court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this court, the 19th day of May 1843, at nine o'clock A. M. when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

By order of the court—Jan 31, 1843.
f 3 7t in 70ds JAMES R JENNINGS, Dy Clerk U S District Court

In Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Eastern District of Louisiana—Present the Hon. Theo. H. McCaleb—January 31st, 1843—In the bankruptcy of John K West; E. A. Bradford, assignee.

Upon reading the petition of the said assignee, to sell at private sale the furniture surrendered by the bankrupt, including the portion set aside for the use of the bankrupt, which portion has been valued at the sum of two hundred and twenty-seven dollars.

It is ordered, that a hearing of said petition be had on Friday the 10th of February, at ten o'clock A M, when and where the creditors of the bankrupt, and all other persons interested may appear and shew cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Copy, test, N R JENNINGS,
Clerk U S District Court.

WINE—Champagne, Burgundy and Malaga wines, for sale by GEO GREEN & Bro, 53 Gravier st

SUGAR—[illegible] for sale by F. REYNAUD, 16 Bienville st

BOTTLES—[illegible] for sale by F. REYNAUD, 16 Bienville st

COFFEE—Havana [illegible] for sale by J M CABALLERO, 30 Old Levee

H[illegible] J M CABALLERO, 30 Old Levee

CHAMPAGNE—An excellent quality in store, and for sale by WM PREHN, 60 Customhouse st

SHERRY WINE—An excellent superior Sherry Wine for sale by A L ADDISON & Co, 60 Tchoupitoulas st

LIME—300 bbls landing and for sale by GEORGE BEDFORD, 47 Common st

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court—Eastern District of Louisiana—[illegible] of W. Oakey, [illegible] to be discharged from all his debts and for a certificate thereof.

[illegible]

February 1, 1843—By order of the Court.
JAMES R. JENNINGS,
f 3 7t in 70 ds Dep'y Clerk of the U. S. District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court—Eastern District of Louisiana—John L. Reed & Evert Thompson, of New Orleans, individually and as members of [illegible], to be discharged from all their debts, and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that John L. Reed & Evert Thompson, bankrupts, have presented their petition for a discharge and certificate; upon which an order of Court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this Court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock, A. M. when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and Certificate should not be granted.

February 1, 1843.—By order of the Court.
JAMES R. JENNINGS,
f 3 7t in 70ds Dep'y Clerk of the U. S. District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court.—Eastern District of Louisiana.—Mrs. Ann Rohe, of the Parish of East Feliciana, to be discharged from all her debts and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that Mrs. Ann Rohe, bankrupt, has presented her petition for a discharge and certificate; upon which an order of Court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this Court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock, A. M. when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

January 31, 1843.—By order of the Court.
JAMES R. JENNINGS,
f 3 7t in 70ds Dep'y Clerk of the U. S. District Court

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court.—Eastern District of Louisiana.—Archibald B. Bein, of New Orleans, individually and as a member of the firms of B. & A. B. Bein, of J. Hall & A. B. Bein, and of Hall, Bein & Clapp, to be discharged from all his debts, and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that Archibald B. Bein, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of Court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this Court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock, A. M. when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

February 1, 1843.—By order of the Court.
JAMES R. JENNINGS,
f 3 7t in 70ds Dep'y Clerk of the U. S. District Court.

In Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Eastern District of Louisiana—Dewitt Clinton Gilbert, of New Orleans, to be discharged from all his debts and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given that Dewitt Clinton Gilbert, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of Court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this Court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock A. M. when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

By order of the Court—Feb. 1st, 1843.
f 3 7t in 70d JAMES R. JENNINGS, Dep. Clerk of the U. S. District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY—United States District Court—Eastern District of Louisiana—Nathan F. Gonily, of New Orleans, to be discharged from all his debts and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given that Nathan F. Gonily, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of Court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof at this Court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock A M, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

By order of the Court—Jan. 31st, 1843.
f 3 7t in 70d JAMES R. JENNINGS, Dep. Clerk of the U. S. District Court

IN BANKRUPTCY—United States District Court—Eastern District of Louisiana—William Dennis LeRoy McRae, of the Parish of East Feliciana, to be discharged from all his debts and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given that W. D. LeRoy McRae, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of Court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this Court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock A. M. when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons interested, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

By order of the Court—Jan. 31, 1843.
JAMES R. JENNINGS, Dep. Clerk
f 3 7t in 70d of the U. S. District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY—United States District Court—Eastern District of Louisiana—Alexander Monroe alias Alexander Monroe Wood, of New Orleans, to be discharged from all his debts and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given that Alexander M. alias A. M. Wood, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of Court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock A. M., when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

By order of the Court—Jan. 31, 1843.
f 3 7t in 70d JAMES R. JENNINGS, Dep. Clerk of the U. S. District Court

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court—Eastern District of Louisiana—Sawyer Hayward and Dudley P. Logan, of New Orleans, individually and as members of the firm of Hayward & Logan, to be discharged from all their debts and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given that S. Hayward and D. P. Logan, bankrupts, have presented their petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of Court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this Court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock A. M., when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

By order of the Court—Jan 31, 1843.
f 3 7t in 70d JAMES R JENNINGS, Dep. Clerk of the U S District Court.

In Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Eastern District of Louisiana—Samuel S. Littlefield, of New Orleans, individually and as a member of the firm of Tyson & Littlefield, of Baltimore, Maryland, to be discharged from all his debts and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that Samuel S Littlefield, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this court, the 19th day of May 1843, at nine o'clock A. M. when and where all creditors who have proved their debts and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

By order of the court—Feb 1, 1843.
f 3 7t in 70ds JAMES R JENNINGS, Dy Clerk U S District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY—United States District Court—Eastern District of Louisiana—Owen D. Egan, of New Orleans, to be discharged from all his debts and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that Owen D. Egan, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock, A. M., when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

By order of the court—January 31, 1843.
f 3 7t in 70d JAMES R JENNINGS, deputy clerk of the U S District Court

IN BANKRUPTCY—United States District Court—Eastern District of Louisiana—William Carter Lobdell, of the parish of West Baton Rouge, individually and as a member of the firm of Lobdell & Brother, to be discharged from all his debts and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given that William C. Lobdell, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate; upon which an order of court has been entered appointing for the hearing thereof, at this court, the 19th day of May 1843, at nine o'clock, a. m. when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

By order of the court—January 31, 1843.
f 3 7t in 70ds JAMES R. JENNINGS, deputy clerk of the U S District Court

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court, Eastern District of Louisiana—George Munroe, to be discharged from all his debts, and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that George Munroe, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of Court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this Court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock, a. m. when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

February 1, 1843.—By order of the Court.
JAMES R JENNINGS, Deputy Clerk of
feb 3—7t in 70ds the U. S. District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court, Eastern District of Louisiana.—William Ball, of the parish of West Feliciana, to be discharged from all his debts, and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that William Ball, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate; upon which an order of Court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this Court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock a. m., when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

January 31, 1843.—By order of the Court.
JAMES R JENNINGS, Deputy Clerk
feb 3—7t in 70ds of the U. S. District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court. Eastern District of Louisiana.—Henry O. Amos, of New Orleans, individually and as a member of the Commercial firms of H O Amos and Co., of New Orleans, and W F Amos and Co, of Vicksburg, Miss., to be discharged from all his debts, and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that Henry O. Amos, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate; upon which an order of Court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof, at this Court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock a. m., when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

January 31, 1843.—By order of the Court.
JAMES R JENNINGS, Deputy Clerk of
feb 3—7t in 70ds the U. S. District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court—Eastern District of Louisiana—James Blackburn, of the Parish of West Feliciana, individually, and as a member of the firms of Sidwell and Blackburn, of Bayou Sarah, and of F. Blackburn & Co., of New Orleans, to be discharged from all his debts and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that James Blackburn, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of Court has been entered appointing for the hearing thereof, at this court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock, A. M., when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

January 31, 1843.—By order of Court.
JAMES R JENNINGS, Dep. Clerk of the
feb 3—7t in 70d U. S. District Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY—United States District Court—Eastern District of Louisiana—James Davern, of New Orleans, to be discharged from all his debts and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given that James Davern, bankrupt, has presented his petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof at this court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock, A. M., when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

January 31st, 1843—By order of the Court.
JAMES R JENNINGS, Dep. Clerk of the
feb 3—7t in 70d U. S. District Court

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court—Eastern District of Louisiana—Paul La Croix & Theodore La Croix, of New Orleans, individually, and as members of the firm of [illegible], to be discharged from all their debts and for a certificate thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that Paul La Croix & Theodore La Croix, bankrupts, have presented their petition for a discharge and certificate, upon which an order of court has been entered, appointing for the hearing thereof at this court, the 19th day of May, 1843, at nine o'clock, A. M., when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such discharge and certificate should not be granted.

January 31st, 1843—By order of the court.
JAMES R JENNINGS, Dep. Clerk of the
feb 3—7t in 70d U. S. District Court

[illegible]—[illegible] bags and [illegible] bbls in store and for sale by A L ADDISON & Co.
f 3 60 Tchoupitoulas st

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.
Managers—LUDLOW & SMITH.
BENEFIT OF MISS MARY ANN [illegible].

FRIDAY, February 3rd,
The admired comedy, in [illegible] acts, called
HEIR AT LAW [illegible] STRATAGEM.
[illegible]

PAS DE DANSUE, by Miss MARY ANN [illegible]

The vaudeville of
A LOAN OF A LOVER.
[illegible]
Gertrude, .. (with songs) .. [illegible]

To conclude with the Ballet of
LA SYLPHIDE, by Miss MARY ANN LEE.

☞ YANKEE LAND. ☜
NEW ST. CHARLES THEATRE—A CARD.

MR. D. MARBLE takes this method of acquainting his friends and the public in general, that his second and last appearance will take place to-morrow evening, Saturday, February 4th. The entertainments will commence with a new comedy written by C. A. Logan, Esq., entitled YANKEE LAND; or, the [illegible] of the Apple Orchard; after which, the second act of TWO GREGORIES; A MEDLY SONG, by Mr. Marble, his first appearance; the first act of the FOREST ROSE, and last act of BLACK EYED SUSAN.

☞ Mr. MARBLE will perform in all the pieces.

DRAMATIC READINGS.

MISS CLARENDON has the honor to announce that she will give a Second Course of Dramatic Readings and Recitations, at the St. Louis Exchange Hotel, on SATURDAY EVENING, February 4th, 1843.

The Readings and Recitations will consist of selections from Dramatic authors and the American and English poets.

Readings to commence at 8 o'clock.

Tickets, $1—to be obtained at the St. Louis and St. Charles Exchange Hotels. f 3

Mrs. DUCHAMP, Tutrice etc. vs. LOUIS CASSAGNE, syndic.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed by the Hon. C. H. Jackson, Associate Judge of the City Court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale, on the 6th March, 1843, at noon, in the Rotunda of the City Exchange, St. Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets—

One lot of ground, No. 10, and half of lot No. 9, of square No. 7, as per plan drawn by Bourgerol, surveyor, on the 30th April, 1833, and deposited in the office of Lucien Hermann, notary public; said lot No. 10 forming the corner of Claiborne and Columbus streets, having 31 feet 6 inches and 7 lines front on Claiborne street, by 105 feet in depth and front on Columbus street; and said half of lot No. 9, adjoining lot No. 10, measuring 15 feet 9 inches and 3 lines front on Claiborne street by 105 feet in depth, between parallel lines. Seized in the above case.

Terms—Cash. C. CLAIBORNE,
f 3 City Marshal.

FELIX PERCY vs. LEWIS NORTON, t. c. m., Tutor of the minor ANDREW GRANT.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, by the Hon. F. H. Gay, Associate Judge of the City Court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale, on the 6th of March, 1843, at noon, in the Rotunda of the City Exchange, St. Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets—

One half lot of ground, situate in the suburb Annunciation, above this city, being part of lot No. six, in square No. [illegible], said half lot measuring 30 feet front on [illegible] street, between Apollo and [illegible] streets, by 120 feet in depth; bounded on the [illegible] side by [illegible], by the property of [illegible], and on the other side next to [illegible] street, by lot No. seven; together with the buildings thereon. Seized in the above case.

Terms—Cash. C. CLAIBORNE,
f 3 City Marshal.

Succession of Wm. M. Worthington.
SALE BY THE REGISTER OF WILLS.

THURSDAY, twenty third February, 1843, at one o'clock P. M., at the City Exchange, fronting on St. Louis st. between Chartres and Royal streets, by virtue of and in obedience to an order rendered by the Hon Court of Probates in and for the Parish and City of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, dated 31 February, 1843, will be sold for account of the succession of the late Wm. M. Worthington, deceased, the following named slaves:

SARAH, negress, aged about forty-five years, somewhat of a invalid and a little addicted to drinking, but otherwise a good servant and an excellent cook, washer and ironer.

LEWIS, a negro man, aged about twenty-five years, a good house servant and cook.

DANIEL, a mulatto boy, aged about eighteen years, a good house servant and trusty boy.

Terms—Said slaves will be sold for what they will bring, at one year's credit, the purchasers furnishing bond and security in favor of the Judge of the Court of Probates and dative executor, with special mortgage on said slaves.

W. F. C. DUPLESSIS, Register of Wills.

N B—The acts of sale at the expense of the purchasers, before Octave de Armas, Esq, notary public. f 3

Sale by the Register of Wills.
Succession of FELIX MORAN.

TUESDAY, fourteenth February, 1843, at 12 o'clock, P M, in St. Paul street, between [illegible] and Dumaine streets, by virtue of, and in obedience to an order, rendered by the honorable Court of Probates, in and for the Parish and City of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, dated 1st February, 1843, will be sold, for account of the succession of the said late Felix Moran, deceased.

The moveable effects belonging to said succession, and consisting of Horses, Drays, Furniture, &c.

Terms—Cash. W. F. C. DUPLESSIS,
f 3 Register of Wills.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—First Judicial District Court—The State of Louisiana, to all whom these presents shall come, greeting:

Whereas, Jacques Roye and Martin Roye, having purchased at a sale made by the Sheriff of the District Court of the first Judicial District, the property hereinafter described, have applied to the clerk of this Court, in whose office the deed of sale is recorded on the [illegible] day of December A. D. 1842, for a monition or advertisement in conformity to an act of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, entitled "An act for the further assurance of titles to purchasers at judicial sales," approved the 10th day of March, 1834.

Now, therefore, know ye, and all persons interested herein, are hereby cited and admonished in the name of the State of Louisiana, and of the first Judicial District Court, who can set up any right, title or claim, in and to the property hereinafter described, in consequence of any informality in the order, decree or judgment of the Court under which the sale was made, or any irregularity or illegality in the appraisements and advertisements, in time or manner of sale, or for any other defect whatsoever, to show cause, within thirty days from the day this monition is first inserted in the public papers, why the sale so made should not be confirmed and homologated.

The said property was sold by the Sheriff aforesaid, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1842, by virtue of a decree of this court, rendered on the [illegible] day of October, A. D. 1842, in a suit entitled [illegible] vs. Martin Roye et al., Pierre Dupuy, No. [illegible] on the docket of this court, at which the said Jacques Roye and Martin Roye became the purchasers, for the price of [illegible] thousand seven hundred dollars, payable cash.

Description of property as given in the judicial conveyance, viz:

A lot of ground situated in the faubourg Tremé of this city, and making a corner of St. [illegible] and Ursulines streets; which said lot measures [illegible] feet French measure, seventy four feet on St. Claude street, by one hundred and fifty feet in depth and front on Ursulines street, together with a two story brick house and its dependencies.

Witness the honorable A. M. Buchanan, Judge of the Court aforesaid, this fifteenth day of December, A. D. 1842.
[illegible] F. LEBLANC, Dep. Clerk.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—First Judicial District Court—The State of Louisiana, to all whom these presents shall come, greeting:

Whereas, Felix Reider, having purchased at a sale made by the Sheriff of the parish of Jefferson, the property hereinafter described, have applied to the clerk of this Court, in whose office the deed of sale is recorded on the [illegible] day of October, A. D. 1842, for a monition or advertisement in conformity to an act of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, entitled "An act for the further assurance of titles to purchasers at judicial sales," approved the tenth day of March, 1834:

Now, therefore, know ye, and all persons interested herein, are hereby cited and admonished in the name of the State of Louisiana and of the First Judicial District Court who can set up any right, title or claim in and to the property hereinafter described, in consequence of any informality in the order, decree or judgment of the court under which the sale was made, or any irregularity or illegality in the appraisements and advertisements, in time or manner of sale, or for any other defect whatsoever, to show cause within thirty days from the day this monition is first inserted in the public papers, why the sale so made should not be confirmed and homologated.

The said property was sold by the Sheriff of the parish aforesaid on the [illegible] day of August, A. D. 1842, by virtue of a decree of this court, rendered on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1841, in a suit entitled Felix Reider vs John Jackman and John W. Palmer, No. [illegible] on the docket of this court, at which sale the said Felix Reider became the purchaser for the price of five thousand five hundred and fifty dollars, payable cash.

Description of property as given in the judicial conveyance, viz:—

Those certain lots of ground with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the suburb Livaudais, in said parish of Jefferson, in the square No. 26, comprised within Washington, Chippewa, Jersey and Fourth streets, and designated by the Nos. 20, 21 and 22 on a certain plan of the same and other lots, drawn by W. Thornton Thompson, surveyor, dated the 10th April, 1840, and deposited in the office of H. B. Cenas, a notary public in the city of New Orleans; the said lot No. 20 measuring one hundred and seventy feet six inches front on said Washington street by one hundred and twenty-five feet in depth and front on said Chippewa street, of which two strips form one of the corners; one hundred and twenty-five feet on the line which divides it from lot No. 21, and one hundred and thirty-five feet on the line which divides it from lot No. 19; and said lots Nos. 21 and 22 measuring each thirty feet front on said Washington street, by one hundred and twenty five feet in depth between parallel lines, all American measure.

Witness, the honorable A. M. Buchanan, Judge of the Court aforesaid, this [illegible] day of January, A. D. 1843.
F. LEBLANC, Dep. Clerk.

IRISH LINENS—The subscriber offers for sale at reduced prices by the package, a full assortment, viz:—[illegible] wide in whole pieces, low priced to extra fine; also [illegible] half do do; diapers and damasks in the piece; damask cloths; brown and colored pantaloons stuffs; colored plaids and fancy drills; brown Hollands; low priced to fine platillas, Britannias, &c. WM PREHN,
f 3—1w 60 Customhouse st

SUNDRIES—1500 bags Rio, Havana and La Guyra Coffee; 200 tcs Rice—100 boxes Teas—100 bales 4-4 Brown Shirtings—500 kegs Nails—80 coils Rope—800 pcs Ducks—30 ceroons Indigo—in store, and for sale by
f 3 WOOD & SIMMONS, 30 Magazine st

A YOUNG NEGRO, 12 or 14 years old, well recommended, will find employment at the undersigned's store. J E LORRILIRE,
f 3 corner of Royal and Customhouse sts

SUNDRIES—50 boxes French brandy fruits; 80 do absynthe; 30 do French letter paper; 200 baskets anisette, (champion;) 260 boxes claret, in store, and for sale by
f 3 F. REYNAUD, 16 Bienville st

WHITE LEAD—[illegible] kegs white lead of the New York and Naugerties White Lead Company, in store, and for sale by WM PREHN,
f 3—1w 60 Customhouse st

TOBACCO—[illegible] boxes best brands manufactured chewing tobacco, Lochwich's brand, for sale low to close consignment by GEORGE BEDFORD,
f 3 47 Common st

PORK—75 barrels new mess and prime pork, at inspection and for sale by A L ADDISON & Co,
f 3 60 Tchoupitoulas st

BAGGING AND ROPE—Constantly on hand, of superior Kentucky manufacture, for sale in lots to suit by
f 3 A L ADDISON & Co, 60 Tchoupitoulas st

COPPER, TIN PLATE AND BLOCK TIN—An assortment for sale by A L ADDISON & Co,
f 3 60 Tchoupitoulas st

IRISH WHISKEY—Old Irish whiskey of superior quality, in 5 gallon demijohns, in store and for sale by
f 3 WM PREHN, 60 Customhouse st

HAVANA SEGARS—An assortment of choice brands, in store, for sale by
f 3 J M CABALLERO, 30 Old Levee

MOLASSES—Hogsheads, tierces, &c. now landing from [illegible] Commons, and for sale by
f 3 LEVI H GALE, 53 Common st

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—[illegible] Kentucky, of various brands and qualities, for sale by
f 3 A L ADDISON & Co, 60 Tchoupitoulas st

BRANDY—[illegible] pipes French brandy, in [illegible], also on do, in store and for sale by
f 3 GEORGE BEDFORD, 47 Common st

RED AND WHITE WINES—[illegible] for sale by
f 3 GEORGE BEDFORD, 47 Common st

PINE BOARDS—[illegible] for sale by
f 3 LEVI H GALE, 53 Common st

YAWL BOAT—A new cedar yawl boat [illegible] for sale by
f 3 LEVI H GALE, 53 Common st

SALMON—[illegible] for sale by
f 3 [illegible]

[illegible] F REYNAUD, 16 Bienville st

SUGAR—[illegible] boxes brown Havana sugar, [illegible] in store and for sale by
f 3 F REYNAUD, 16 Bienville st

BUCELLAS WINE—In store and for sale by
f 3—1w WM PREHN, 60 Customhouse st

SALES THIS DAY.

BY A. [illegible], AUCTIONEER.

[illegible]

BY J. A. BEARD, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold on Saturday, Saturday 4th inst. at 12 o'clock, at Banks' Arcade—

Negress JULIA, aged about 24 years, a good cook, washer and ironer, and [illegible].

JULIA ANN, aged about 7 years, a smart, bright girl, fully guaranteed and sold for no fault.

Terms—One-half cash, balance on four months' credit, for approved endorsed note and mortgage until final payment.

Act of sale before D. L. McCay, Esq., notary public. At the same time and place several other slaves—Conditions at sale.

BY J. B. [illegible].

[illegible]

STEAMER [illegible] FOR VICKSBURG and all intermediate landings.

[illegible] at Poydras Wharf [illegible]
f 3 [illegible] 46 Poydras Street

Steamboat CASPIAN for ST. LOUIS on Saturday, [illegible]
f 3 [illegible] 43 Poydras st

WEEKLY LAFOURCHE PACKET.

SPLENDID STEAMER BELLE AIR, Capt. [illegible]

[illegible] The Belle Air being entirely new and having superior accommodations for passengers, a portion of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. For freight or passage, apply on board, [illegible].

WANTED TO CHARTER—[illegible]
f 3 POINDEXTER & BRO. [illegible]

WANTED—A ship to load for Mobile—Full freight and despatch will be given. Apply to
f 3 POINDEXTER & BROTHER, 45 Camp st

FOR [illegible]—The A 1 brig [illegible]
f 3 POINDEXTER & BROTHER, 45 Camp st.

FOR [illegible]—[illegible]
f 3 J A MERRITT & Co, [illegible]

FOR NEW YORK—[illegible]
f 3 T & S TOBY & BOGART, [illegible]

FOR BOSTON—The splendid A 1 ship [illegible] GANCE, Capt J H Lovell, [illegible]
f 3 W T WHITE & DAVENPORT, [illegible]

FOR [illegible]—The A 1 fast and [illegible]
f 3 GEORGE BEDFORD, 47 Common st

FOR BALTIMORE—The A 1 [illegible] MASSACHUSETTS [illegible]

WANTED—[illegible]

WANTED—[illegible]

FOR NEW [illegible]—[illegible]
f 3 MULLIN & WOODRUFF, 66 Camp st.

FOR BOSTON—The new brig MARGARET, [illegible]
f 3 HARROD, DARLING & Co, 40 Common st

FOR [illegible]—[illegible]
f 3 LEVI H GALE, 53 Common st

NOTICE—ORLEANS THEATRE COMPANY.

THE PUBLIC is informed that from the present date, [illegible]
J. A. DOBBS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE [illegible] Company,
New Orleans, [illegible], 1843.

A MEETING of the stockholders of this Company will be held at this office on Saturday the 11th February, 1843, at 11 o'clock M.
By order of the Board. R. L. TRACY,
Secretary.

ORLEANS NAVIGATION COMPANY,
New Orleans, January 16, 1843.

AN election of twelve Directors of this Institution, for the ensuing year, will take place at the Company's office, corner of Franklin street and Carondelet Walk, on Monday, the 6th February next, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.
jan 16 6t G. LEGENDRE, Secretary.

OFFICE WESTERN MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE Co.,
New Orleans, January [illegible], 1843.

AN election for fifteen Directors of this Institution, will be held on Monday the sixth day of February next, between 11 A. M. and 1 P. M. at the Office of the Company.
[illegible] L MATHEWS, President.

OCEAN INSURANCE OFFICE.
New Orleans, January 16th, 1843.

THE annual election of Directors for the Ocean Insurance Company for the ensuing year, will take place at the office, No. 44, Camp street, on Monday the 6th February next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m. and 2 o'clock, p. m.
jan 16—dt till feb 6 CHAS BRIGGS, Sec'y.

Office Levee Steam Cotton Press Company,
New Orleans, Jan 16th, 1843.

THIS establishment will commence [illegible]
By order of the Board.
[illegible] D F GUEX, Secretary.

NOTICE—To hire by the month, [illegible] Apply to
f 3 [illegible], Baronne Road.

FRENCH BOOKS FOR SALE—For sale cheap, under a deed of trust, part of a French Library, consisting of about 1000 volumes, chiefly works of history and fiction.

The books and catalogue may be seen at 36 Tchoupitoulas street. If not sold on the 1st February, they will be sold at auction by [illegible].

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!

THE subscriber having a large and constant supply of the best ash, oak and pine wood, will deliver it at $4 to per cord, on any part of the city. [illegible] Also, keeps a constant supply of [illegible].
jan 18 Office [illegible].

NOTICE—The undersigned, shipper and receiver at FONTANIA Landing, [illegible] merchants of New Orleans [illegible].
C [illegible]
Fontania, Jan. 7, 1843.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD [illegible]

[illegible]

$50 REWARD. [illegible]

[illegible]

GAS LIGHT [illegible]

THE NEW SYSTEM OF [illegible] by M. Sandre [illegible]

[illegible]

FOR SALE GROCERY STORE, having a very good [illegible]

NOTICE—[illegible]

[illegible] AUCTION.

[illegible]

BY BACH & WARFIELD.

Eighteen valuable squares of ground in faubourg Marigny.

WILL be leased on a term of 12 years, on Monday, [illegible]

SHERIFF'S SALES.

[illegible]

[illegible] V. ALLAIN, Sheriff of the Parish of Jefferson.

[illegible]

J. L. THIELEN, Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

[illegible]

PARISH COURT.—[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] WM PREHN, 60 Customhouse st