LATEST DATES

New York	Oct 21	London	Oct
Boston	Oct 21	Liverpool	Oct
Philadelphia	Oct 21	Paris	Sept 21
Washington	Oct 21	Havre	Sept 21
Baltimore	Oct 21	Mexico	Sept 21
Charleston	Oct 21	Tampico	Sept 24
Mobile	Oct 11	Vera Cruz	Sept 21
New Orleans	Oct 12	Boston	Oct 21
Cincinnati	Oct 14	Galveston	Oct 14

MONEY MARKET

Boston Bank notes		par	West India
New York do		par	
Exchange and Traders,		7 @8	do
Florida do		12 @15	do
Georgia do		10 @11	do
Louisiana do		1 @1½	do
Maryland do		17 @18	do
Ohio do		4 @5	do
Pennsylvania do		3 @4	do
Virginia do		5 @6	do
Tennessee do		5 @6	do
Alabama do		5 @6	do
Mississippi do		5 @6	do
Louisiana do		5 @6	do
United States Treasury Notes		100 @ par	
Government Stocks		104½	do
Louisiana Bonds		5 @10	do
Louisiana State Stocks		90 @ par	do
Louisiana Union Municipals		90 @ par	do
Louisiana Municipals		par	do
Louisiana Railroad Bonds		4 @7	do
Louisiana Railroad Stocks		2 @3	do
Louisiana Bank Stocks		2 @3	do

Commercial.

NEW ORLEANS, MONDAY NIGHT, October 31, 1842.

We have a very dull market for Cotton to-day, and the sales do not exceed 1,000 bales. Prices are barely sup- ... especially for the ordinary and middling qualities.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION.

Louisiana and Mississippi.		*Tennessee and N. Al.*	
Ordinary	4 @ 5½	Ordinary	5 @6
Middling	5½ @ 6	Middling	6 @6½
Middling Fair	6½ @ 6¾	Middling Fair	6¾ @7
Fair	7 @ 7½	Fair	7½ @8
Good Ordinary	5 @ 5½	Good Ordinary	6 @6½
Good Middling	6 @ 6½	Good Middling	6½ @7
Good Middling Fair	6¾ @ 7	Good Middling Fair	7 @7½

The Sugar market continues very flat, and the sales are merely in retail. We quote 4 @4½, according to quality.

Exchange is advancing, and 60 ds bills on New York were sold at ½ per cent discount. For Sterling there is no limit, and we quote it par to ¼ per cent discount.

DEPARTURE OF THE ATLANTIC STEAMERS

FROM BOSTON		FROM BOSTON	
Caledonia	Oct 20	Britannia	Nov 15
FROM HAVRE		FROM NEW YORK	
Westerwalden	Oct 22	Hibernia	Nov 17

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS

Havre—Per ship Florence, 1017 bales cotton, 34 bris tallow, 50 hundles and 214 bales hides, and sundries.

IMPORTS

Port Louis—Per ship Magnet, 90 bales cotton, 10 kegs tobacco, 40 do to order.

Rio de Janeiro—Per brig Henry Summer, 2100 sacks coffee, to order.

Havana—Per steamship New York, 5,200 do specie, to A L Addison & co, $10,000 do W H Rathburn, and sundries.

COASTWISE

Per steamship New York—N P Freeman, V Hubert, Jas Robertson, Jas Robertson & Mosher, 24 M H Cooper & co, S Brander, Williams & co, 9 Armor, Lake & co, 26 Dick McLeson, Hill & Martin, Pleasants & co, 6 Freeman, Dick & co, 6 McCutcheon & co, 19 Nelson, Hunter & co, Jas Somerville, total 234 bale—394 sacks corn, Toutman & co, 130 do Dick, McLean & Hill.

Natchez—Per steamer Tennessee—338 bales cotton, Buckner & Stanton, 100 A & J Donnistoun & co, 133 Burke, Wakefield, 12 Brander Williams & co, 116 Ringgold, Forstall & co, 10 Wuggin & co, 10 Hunter & co, 10 Dunbar & co, 10 Henderson, 23 Andrews & Bro, 19 Duncan, McAllister & co, 13 Harris & Darling, total 311 bales—1 package to J Lum, and 1 do A R Lazarus, 1 trunk to R Davis.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED

Ship, Lyons, Connor, Havre. S & J P Whitney.

ARRIVED

Towboat Phoenix, Annable, from the Passes—towed to sea ship Tuscaloosa and to the Bar ship Deucalion—brought up brigs Apalachicola, Bielaski, Yankee, and schr Magnet. Reports ships Hope and Deucalion, aground at the S W Bar.

Towboat Fleet, Clark, from the Passes—towed to sea ship Antarctic and schr Lasso—returned to town light.

Steamship New York, Wright, from N York, via Charleston, Key West, &c.

Brig Apalachicola, Bielaski, 8 days from Campeachy, in ballast to Hyde, Neville & Co.

Brig Henry P Sumner, Holland, 32 days from Rio de Janeiro, to master.

Schr Magnet, Taylor, 2 days from Port Louis, (Florida,) to master.

Steamer J Nichol, Dashiell, from Smithland.

Steamer Princess, Hutton, from Natchez.

Steamship New York reports one ship in tow coming up at S W Pass. Ship Pendleton, Pemberton, from Liverpool, in tow of the Prairie, above the Fort. Brig Gossoe of Warren, coming up under canvass.

MEMORANDA

COASTWISE PORTS.

New York, Oct 22—Cleared, ship Manchester, Bassworth N Orleans; ship Metoka, Mouatten, do.

Portland, Oct 19—Arrived, ship Yankee, Thomaston, loading for New Orleans.

Boston, Oct 20—Cleared, ship Chinese, Whitney, New Orleans; brig Nassau, Lindsey, do.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Liverpool, Sept 7—Cleared, ship Manchester, Bassworth N Orleans; ship Metoka, Mouatten, do.

Havre, Oct 1—Sailed, ship Yankee, for Thomaston, to load for New Orleans.

Havana, Oct 20—Cleared, ship Chinese, Whitney, New Orleans; brig Nassau, Lindsey, do.

DEPARTURE OF VESSELS.

Ship Lyons, Connor, for Havre—This ship will clear this day. Shippers are requested to make their export manifest at the custom house early.

S & J P WHITNEY, 75 Camp st.

Ship CHADO, Captain Barstow, from New York—This ship is now moored, discharging this morning, opposite the Hospital Grounds. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of goods.

T & S DOW & BEGERT, 36 Camp st.

Ship JOHN MCNEAL, Captain Stark, from New York, is now discharging between the Vegetable and Bear Markets, consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods to the Levee.

J W STANTON & Co.

Steamer Magnolia, Lafayette st.

Steamer Daniel Webster, Delphine, N C Hyde, Kinsa & Taylor, L L Magee, C W Perry, J H Thompson, L L Fowler, and others, will be ready for consignees of merchandise per ship John Minturn, from New York, as soon as the weather is fair. Consignees of merchandise per ship Lady Emmeline, Stanley, Hope, Ann Eliza, Fowler, and Jane Frances, Lewis, will please send for their goods.

Steamer Belle Creole, Buckner, Brock Marks, J Brown Rice, J L Bonneau, Mitchell, Ferguson & co, Houghtaling, Ewer, and others, will be ready for the receipt of freight.

In the ship Parthenia, Captain Brown, New York for this port, on the 21st October, Mr Thomas Kennedy, Mrs John Kennedy, Miss Frances Harrod, Messrs W Langton, J B Drouillard, E H Emerson, H C Bradley and John Antier, all of New Orleans; Mr T Arnold, Mrs Arnold, Mrs Johnston, and Mrs J A Clarke, child and nurse, of New York, Mrs J Meacher and child, Mrs J Lewis and child, Mr Farrington, of Newark; Mr A H Jaudon, Mrs F A Morgan and nurse, and Miss E Morgan, of Philadelphia.

CHAS DUFOUR has removed his store to No 1 Levee st.

Mr. Thos. Kennedy, of the firm of Kennedy & co, at 35 Camp st.

J A MERRITT
OKO W HYNSON

REMOVAL—J U LA VILLEBEUVRE, has removed his counting Room to No 140 Common street, between Carondelet and Baronne.

RON DUFOUR, Attorney at Law, has removed to No 40 Tchoupitoulas street.

REMOVAL A L ADDISON & CO have removed to 60 Camp street.

HULLIN & WOODRUFF, have removed to 40 Camp street.

R PARTHENON, Commission Merchant, from Baltimore—This ship will be ready for the receipt of freight. Consignees are requested to make entries to the receipt of their goods on the levee.

S & J P WHITNEY, 75 Camp st.

Ship, SEA LION, Captain Hewes, from Havre—This ship will commence discharging this morning, consignees are requested to make entries, and permits within five days will be sent to the public store.

S & J P WHITNEY, 75 Camp st.

NOTICE—The ship WALTER, Capt Boyd, from Havre, is now discharging between the Delineas and Bear Markets, consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods to the Levee.

J W STANTON & Co.

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NEW-ORLEANS BEE.

BY SLIDELL, MAGINE & CO.

Office, 81 Chartres street.

CITY PAPER, PUBLISHED DAILY, for annum, in advance, $12
COUNTRY PAPER, PUBLISHED WEEKLY, $10

"Truth is omnipotent, and Public Justice certain."

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

HENRY CLAY.

(Subject to the decision of the American People.)

NEW-ORLEANS:

TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 1, 1842.

☞ This being ALL SAINTS' DAY, in accordance with custom, no paper will be issued from this office to-morrow.

☞ Our readers will find in our columns a London letter from an old and valued correspondent, whose pen has time and again imparted interest to our columns.

The Legislature of Tennessee is now in session, having been convoked by Governor JONES, two months in advance of its regular period of meeting, for the settlement of various important matters. The necessity of adopting relief laws, by which the intense pecuniary embarrassment which afflicts the people of that State may be alleviated, was one of the chief inducements to an extra session. The apportionment of the State both for congressional and legislative elections, constitutes another and an arduous duty to be performed by the present legislature. But above all, and over-shadowing in its nature and consequences both these momentous subjects, is the election of two United States Senators. Our readers need scarcely be informed that the State of Tennessee has been for more than a year utterly unrepresented in the Senate of the United States. They are familiar with all the circumstances connected with this extraordinary neglect of one of the most imperative requisitions of the Constitution. They are aware that at the last election in Tennessee, the Whig party elected their Governor by more than three thousand majority against the most popular candidate in the State, at the same time choosing a handsome majority of representatives in the lower house, while the State Senate was carried by their opponents by a majority of one. They know, too, that when the legislature met, the locofoco party made every effort to stave off the election, employed every pretext to defeat it, proposed at length that each party should choose a Senator, and when this preposterous idea was justly scouted and indignantly rejected, terminated a series of outrages on law, custom and the Constitution, by absenting themselves from the Convention of both houses, and leaving the Whigs without a quorum, thus purposely preventing the election, and depriving the State of her lawful representation in Congress.

When this disorganizing, turbulent and treasonable act was consummated, the legislature adjourned, and the late session of Congress was opened and concluded, without the presence of a Senator from Tennessee. The legislature of that State has now reassembled, but thus far we have seen nothing to indicate in the remotest degree that the factious minority are disposed to retract their steps. In fact, we may safely predict that the legislature will again separate, without entering upon the election for Senator. We beg our readers to remark that this beautiful display of respect for the laws, is the offspring of locofoco, perpetrated by self-styled "democrats," whose cardinal maxim is that the majority shall govern. The total silence, the absolute vindication or the mild and gentle reproof which this conduct has elicited from the locofoco press, is an admirable illustration of the sincerity and honesty and consistency of that party. When the Whigs in the Ohio legislature resigned and left that body without a quorum, rather than behold the State hopelessly gerrymandered for ten years for the basest political purposes, the whole country rang with the cry of treason; and the locofoco press in particular spoke of the deed as of an outrage that merited the most emphatic public condemnation and rebuke. Nor have we a doubt, that infamous as was the design of the locofocos in the Ohio legislature, and driven to desperation as were the Whigs at beholding a remorseless party bent upon ruthlessly sacrificing the rights of the minority, the resignation of our friends, by creating a sentiment of dissatisfaction in the minds of the lovers of law and order, contributed largely to our recent defeat. But how the conduct of the Whigs in Ohio resembles down to a petty dereliction, or rather becomes just and defensible, when compared with the causeless, criminal, startling proceedings of the demagogues in Tennessee! The Whigs of Ohio were combatting the grossest injustice, though the means they adopted were peculiarly censurable. The locofocos of Tennessee were striving to cheat the majority out of their great rights, and deprive the State of her just representation in the higher branch of Congress. The first sought to avert injustice, the second sought to perpetrate wrong. Yet to the conduct of the Whigs is applied every epithet of vituperation, while that of the locofocos is pretermitted, or defended, or lightly and delicately reprimanded.

An intimation was a few days since made in a Baltimore paper, that the Whigs of Maryland having a majority in the Senate, might not consent to meet their opponents of the lower house, in joint ballot for the election of a United States Senator. We do not believe that anything of the kind is contemplated. We should be the first to reprobate it equally in our friends and enemies. But the locofocos, at the bare hint of the possibility of such an occurrence, fill the air with exclamations of horror, forgetting how gingerly they approach the subject of Tennessee, and through what periphrastic hues they have viewed the policy of their associates in that State.

INSTRUCTION IN ORATORY AND ELOCUTION.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Mr Barton, late of the St. Charles Theatre, proposes to give private lessons in oratory and the art of elocution. Mr. B. is peculiarly competent to the task. He is a gentleman of pleasing and polished manners, of rare intellect and scholarship, and thoroughly familiar with the beauties of the Anglo-Saxon tongue and the graces and strength of its eloquence. We trust he may obtain a numerous class.

THE CONTESTED ELECTION.—The question pending before the District Court, as to whether witnesses in contested elections are compelled to state for whom they voted, was decided yesterday in the affirmative by Judge BRICHANAN. His honor based his decision upon the ground that the mode of taking testimony in these cases is precisely such as is provided for in common law, and that the latter obliges the witness to answer all questions which do not implicate himself.

☞ We are sorry to learn that FELIX CORCILY, Esq., a warm hearted son of the Emerald Isle, and a very good fellow, though a locofoco, was seriously injured at the hurdle race on Sunday, by getting among the horses feet and being trampled and kicked.

☞ A special post-office has been established and is now in operation at "Hard Times Landing," in this parish. J. G. Hollingworth, post-master.—The address is "St. Joseph's."

☞ The news from Campeachy by the *Apalachicola* confirms preceding advices of an expected attack on that point, but it would appear that the Yucatanese are at all events indisposed to yield without a struggle.

☞ A private letter from Mobile dated Saturday 29th Oct., states that the Merchants' and Planters' Bank was unable to redeem her deposits, and that a run had commenced on the Bank of Mobile, but that institution professed to have ample means to meet every emergency.

NOMINATION OF MR. CALHOUN.—The Edgefield (S. C.) *Advertiser*, published near the District of Mr. Calhoun and Mr. McDuffie, hoists its Presidential flag thus.

For President—JOHN C. CALHOUN,

Subject to the action of any Convention.

HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO.—It has been stated that about 1000 foreigners were naturalized recently in Hamilton County alone. How the mass of them voted is shown by the official canvass.

	Shannon.	*Corwin.*
Cincinnati	3334	3937
Balance of County	3788	2042
	7122	5979
Loco Foco majority	1143	

At the Presidential Election in 1840, in the same County.

Harrison received	5673	
Van Buren	5835	
Harrison's majority	38	
Increase of Whig votes	106	
do of Loco Foco do	1287	
Abolition vote	137 (in 1840, 45)	

ATTEMPTED ESCAPE.—Green and Bothwell, confined in our jail for negro stealing and passing counterfeit money, made an attempt to obtain their liberty on Tuesday last. They had contrived to get rid of their irons by sawing them with an old knife left in their cell by a runaway negro who had been confined there before them. They had also partly succeeded in forcing the lock of the door, and had it not been discovered by the jailer, they would probably have effected their escape that evening. They have since been so well secured by hand-cuffs, &c. that they will find it a very difficult task to free themselves, although they have boasted that they would yet take French leave. We believe that they are both deemed to a different tribunal than Baton Rouge will be their next place of residence.—*Attakapas Gazette.*

LIBRARY OF SELECT NOVELS.—We have received from Messrs. McKEAN & CAREY, corner of Camp and Common streets, the 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th numbers of Harper's Library of Select Novels. The volumes forms to contain Paul Clifford, Eugene Aram and the Last Days of Pompeii, by the author of Pelham, and the "Czarina" a new novel by a very admirable writer, Mrs. Hofland. We have already spoken of the form in which this edition is gotten up, as being at once neat and substantial, while the cheapness of each work will give its universal circulation.

NEW BOOKS.—From Messrs Lea and Blanchard, through NORMAN, STEEL & Co, Camp st, we have received the October number of the Medical Journal of Medical Sciences, a highly valuable quarterly periodical edited by Dr. Hays of Philadelphia. We are indebted to the same source for the second vol. of Mrs. ELLIS' "Family Secrets" containing First Impressions and the Minister's Familiar, both of them tales of quiet, domestic life, full of truthful coloring, and rich in pathos and piety.

UNITED STATES ALMANAC.—We are indebted to J. WOODALL & Co., No. 49 Camp street, for a copy of the U. S. Almanac for 1843. It is a most excellent and complete compilation of Statistics. The census tables which it contains are of themselves worth the price of the work.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE BEE.

London, September 19th, 1842.

The ratification of the Treaty at Washington by the Senate, has caused the most lively satisfaction throughout this kingdom. It is regarded, of course, as the conclusion of the Treaty, for here there is no Senate to interpose its adverse action and dissent to the acts of those who represent the executive authority. Consequently, the British public have none of the misgivings which were entertained in our country as to the fate of the adjustment, even after it had been approved of by the Commissioners of the States chiefly interested in the boundary dispute, and after it had received all the ingenious advocacy of its authors and principal supporters. Lord Ashburton is known to have been directed and constrained in the exercise of his power, from the beginning to the end of the negociation, by Lord Aberdeen, the Secretary of Foreign Affairs; and it is equally well known that the Premier and all his colleagues entirely concurred with the noble Secretary in the instructions he gave to the envoy. The ratification by her Majesty's Minister of what has been done by Lord Ashburton, is therefore considered as *certain*; and, in this view, the news which the Britannia brought is justly regarded as the most important, both as respects America and Europe, that has been received from the New World since the end of our Revolutionary War. Some of the questions that have been settled, were a most threatening aspect but recently; any of them might have been eagerly seized hold of as pretexts for hostilities, or might have operated as incentive to war, whenever the Administration of either country felt disposed to try that *ultima ratio*. The amicable settlement of them is looked upon as a great gain; and all the John Bull side grumblings of certain political hacks, and the high-flown indignation of others, at particular parts of the Treaty, cannot prevail against the common sense view which the British public take of the matter—namely, that PEACE WITH THE UNITED STATES is a positive advantage, worth far greater concessions than, even according to the showing of the grumbler themselves, Lord Ashburton has conceded. It is proper to add, however, that the degree of applause bestowed upon the conductors of the negociation, by some prominent journalists in the United States, is regarded, on this side of the Atlantic, as most extravagant—even in those political and commercial circles most favorable to the ratification of the Treaty. Our newspapers must be admitted, I fear, to be in the habit of adopting a highly exaggerated manner of expression; and this characteristic has seldom been more strikingly displayed, or attracted so much European attention, as on the present occasion. Some of them really talk as if nothing great had ever been accomplished before in the whole history of diplomacy! This hyperbolical style—this overwrought eulogy—this glorification of the act and the actors—are quoted as the illustration of Americanism; and never without a considerable measure of ridicule.—Important as the results of the Washington negociation are admitted to be, nobody here would ever dream of setting them up as the basis whereon a great statesman might establish his reputation. Certainly Lord Aberdeen, to whom the credit, so far as the British government is concerned, primarily belongs, is too high in the political world, to be greatly elated by the view them in that exalted light. He justly thinks, with the majority of rational persons, not led away by partisan declamation, that there is not so much honor in putting to rest the questions of difference between the two nations, as there was discredit in permitting them to remain unsettled so long. There could have been a time, within the last twelve years certainly, when two men of ordinary judgment, tact, and information in regard to the questions in dispute, representing respectively the two governments, and having an honest and patriotic regard to the interests of the two nations, might not improbably have settled an equably satisfactory adjustment. But the policy of JACKSON, and VAN BUREN, and of Lord PALMERSTON, was alike in this, during the greater part of the career of each—to maintain their political ascendancy—to keep themselves and friends in possession of the honor and lucre of place, by keeping the two countries continually in hot water—by stimulating the people into war fever—into all sorts of excitement about foreign affairs—thus drawing off attention from the abuses and corruptions at home, and enabling them to pursue their personal ends more successfully. Not to follow this unprincipled and mischievous course, is, at the best, but a negative merit; and the lofty ascription of praise by American journals to a statesman who has been long in public life, and has had many opportunities of distinguishing himself on account of his conduct in this affair, is calculated to produce an impression here, I hope that our American standard of the requisites for eminent statesmanship and diplomacy, is not very high. No one who knows your correspondent, will imagine that in these remarks he wishes to detract from the just merit of Mr. WEBSTER. No American writer, I honestly believe, has laboured more anxiously and industriously to spread the opinions of the Secretary of State before the American public. No one has more zealously or sincerely endeavored to present him, his views, his sentiments, in the most favorable light, especially in those sections of the Union where he enjoyed but little popularity.

BEAUTIES OF TYLERISM.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* publishes a highly colorious epistle, the authenticity of which is vouched for, written by REDWOOD FISHER, an office holder in the New York Post Office, and addressed to the Post Master General. It is an exquisite thing in its way and shows up the hollow hypocrisy and corruption of JOHN TYLER and his confederates most admirably.

[*Private.*]

POST OFFICE,
New York, July 25, 1842.

To the Honorable Charles A. Wickliffe.

Dear Sir.—I feel as if it was about time I should post up our political journal to you, that you may know of our progress "pendente lite," and not hear of us and our doings sooner from others than from ourselves. In my last I wrote you about an ill-advised meeting, called by some weak brethren at Military Hall, and told you of our intention to take hold of it, and give it a tight direction. This we only in part accomplished, for Job Haskell, of charcoal memory, got a resolution passed to call a meeting in the Park—what is called a Mass Meeting. The Military Hall meeting was called by a self constituted committee, calling themselves the Tyler State Central Committee, and note withstanding every possible exertion, we could not procure them to postpone the Park meeting, which ended in a regular locofoco meeting, and did the cause no other good than ridding us of the ridiculous, above named, committee, which, after the Park affair, we procured to be dissolved through one of its own members.

Last night was the first regular meeting of the City Convention. Nine, out of the seventeen wards, were fully represented by five delegates each, of exactly the right kind of men. The bone and muscle of the city; all warm hearted young men. I do not pretend to be strictly accurate, but I think, out of the forty five members, there were not more than three or four holding offices. My advice has been as much as possible to avoid putting them forward—though we do not think it best to forbid their joining in—to sustain the Government.

With this view, I did not go in as a delegate from the 17th ward; but they are all well known to me as good men and true; indeed, they could not have been there, had they been otherwise. Friend George has gone in from the 1st ward; and is, of course, eminently useful. I attended the convention, and was highly gratified at the unanimity with which the organization was conducted. Major Noah was appointed chairman "Pro hac vice," and the requisite committee appointed. Reports were presented of the progress made in other wards; and no doubt was entertained that, on Monday night next, the delegates would be complete from every ward in the city.

Could the President have seen the kind of men who are thus enrolling themselves in his support he might well have felt a pride at the sight. They were the men who always do up the work in which they engage. They live in the mass, and when they move, that portion of the mass in which they live, moves with them. I feel quite safe, my dear sir, in assuring you, that we have commenced under the most favorable auspices possible: as friend George would say—"A big business." And the time is not distant in which we shall make a impression on him which will be felt beyond the limits of our own State.

Already the two great political parties have taken the alarm—more particular by "Tammany" for fear *she shall purloin from them their rank and file to a dangerous extent;* and the fears excited are, I assure you, not without great cause. Many of the centurions have enlisted warmly with us, and we have already experienced the "Vires acquirit eundo," which is soon to give us a standing, &c., to command respect.

I am somewhat older in practice, though I pretend not to be abler, than friend George, and am, therefore, not quite so sanguine. He already sees the city in our *possession*; while I have not yet seen further than that we shall embody some thousands, devoted to our cause by the time the spring election comes around.—We may be able, in some degree, to influence the fall elections; but the great confidence in our eventual triumph should always be felt, we should not promise ourselves too sudden a controlling influence. Indications multiply upon us of a disposition among the people to break away from party, and go for the country; and I was indeed inspirited at the response I found in my neighbors.

Our friends at Washington have great cause to feel well; so far as the city is concerned, they need to sown on good ground, and will produce a heavy crop. As customed, as I have been, to political life for twenty years, I have never seen such a willingness manifested to go forward in the cause of country, irrespective of party. I am well aware that it will seem like magic, at first sight, to see the progress that will be made. But what may not be expected from a city in which it is now boasted that "there are not too Tyler men," by the madness of the "Club" footed race, when, in a week from the day you will receive this, you will hear of the gambolling of a City Convention, composed of eighty-five men who may challenge *Hibernia* party to produce their equals, for there will be neither a ragged, [*] nor a ruffled shirt among them.

I am to expect much abuse from the Federal whigs, but they cannot state a fact to my prejudice, and I am prepared for all and every thing they may choose to utter.

My letters are long, but—as I presume they contain facts which will much interest you—I shall offer no apology.

Believe me, my dear sir,
Your faithful friend and obt'n't,
R. FISHER.

P. S.—A line, however short, from you, by way of encouragement, is at any, and all times useful—as it gives new strength and vigor to expend in the case.

The Union has already a circulation of 3000, which is increasing. I have heard enquiry made, now the press is established, when the only paper is given, in due form, to give it the printing of post office blanks, which still go, as formerly, to the Express, or rather to Townsend & Brooks. The Postmaster probably waits direct orders on the subject. I write this, however, without any authority on my own motion. You will know what ought to be done, and will excuse my making mention of it.

[* This is supposed to allude to the *sans culottes*, of the locofocos.—ED. FORUM.]

☞ The Clerk of the *Mississippi* has our thanks for late Concordia and other papers.

Messrs Editors,

☞ Please announce that Mr. ADOLPHE M. DUPEUX has consented to become a candidate for the Recordership of the Third Municipality, and that he will be supported by a large number of the Voters of that Municipality.

A LARGE NUMBER OF VOTERS OF THE THIRD MUNICIPALITY.

HEAD QUARTERS—LOUISIANA LEGION.

BRIGADE ORDER.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov'r 1, 1842.

CONFORMABLY to Law the Legion of Louisiana will parade and assemble on Sunday, 27th inst, in full uniform, on the Public Square, precisely at nine o'clock, A. M. for an inspection review.

The company of Yagers, Capt H Aub, will report to the adjutant one hour before the review, to close the gates and guard the doors.

The Captains of Regiments will furnish the Brigade Inspector, Major Dunton, with an exact list of the members present at the review.

The heads of the companies are each charged, as far as concerns them, with the execution of the present order.

By order of the Brigade General,

nov 1 NORBET VIONIE, Aide de Camp.

INSTRUCTION IN ORATORY AND ELOCUTION

MR. J. H. BARTON,

Late of the St. Charles Theatre, and Professor of Elocution,

RESPECTFULLY announces his intention of devoting the ensuing winter to instruction in the above branches of polite and professional education.

The course proposed will embrace management of the voice, intonation, emphasis, pronunciation, impediments, gesture and action.

The attention particularly invites the attention of gentlemen educating for the church and the bar, having in Europe successfully prepared students for those professions.

Instructions to members of the stage will be attended to.

To foreigners, and CREOLES of the city desirous of acquiring a correct pronunciation of the English language, the advantages of a competent teacher are evidently addressed.

Mr. B. begs to add, that in the course of his classes he will deliver a series of lectures, explanatory of the elocution peculiar to the various professions and ordinary general.

Private lessons and gentlemen may be attended at their private residences.

Mr Barton will be happy to receive calls at his rooms on Carondelet street, or offer a substitute in the care of James H Caldwell, Esq., Post Office.

WANTED—In a dry good store, a salesman—one who speaks French and English, and understands his business, will find a permanent situation. Address Box P. O. Post Office, with real name. nl H.

BOARD OF COURTESY.

N. ORLEANS, 1st October, 1842.

A DECREE of insolvent agreement of the Bank of Louisiana, having been rendered on the 21st instant, by the Hon. A. M. Buchanan, Judge of the First Judicial District Court, the Board of Directors of the Bank of Louisiana with the 10th section of the Act to revive the charters of the several Banks located in the city of New Orleans, and to authorize the issue of bonds, approved February, 1842, that a meeting of the Stockholders of said Orleans' Bank is convened for Saturday the 14th day January next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. at the Banking House, at which place, to consider and deliberate upon the provisions of the 28th section of the Act to provide for the liquidation of Banks approved March 14th, 1842.

G. MASON, President.

NOTICE—The subscriber closed his lease for the auction rooms of the St Louis Exchange on the 31st October 1842. He thanks the auctioneers and the Merchants who were willing to continue their sales despite the infamous plot of the Improvement Bank, of which he has been the victim, and intimates that he will be ready to sell at auction in the coffee house, to his great prejudice, after having sold in the night of *collecting the tax on auction sales made at the St Louis Exchange.*

He requests the accidental to him to settle immediately.

P. CANTAINE, 54 street st.

ST. LOUIS EXCHANGE HOTEL.

THE subscriber informs the residents of New Orleans and the public in general that this elegant Hotel which distinguishes itself from all others by the splendor and comfort with which it is organized, will be opened on Tuesday the 15th November next, under his superintendence.

He flatters himself that a part of the public patronage will be extended to him, as no pains shall be spared to make this Hotel the most pleasant and comfortable in the city.

The table will be sumptuously furnished with the best the market affords, and his wines are of the choicest.

Gentlemen with families, who wish to engage rooms are invited to call and choose for themselves. The house will be open for visitors from Saturday the 5th November next.

Particular care will be taken to have none but attentive, honest and polite servants employed.

☞ Terms the same as at other well conducted hotels.

J. JEWETT

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The subscribers have formed a copartnership under the firm of J. A. Amelung & Co., for the purpose of transacting a General Commission and Forwarding Business. No. 90 Tchoupitoulas street.

J. A. AMELUNG,
THOS. DALY.

NOTICE—I have this day taken into my partnership my son Jules David, and will continue, as heretofore, the hardware business at my old stand, No 56, Old Levee, under the firm of V David & Son.

V. DAVID.

NOTICE—The copartnership existing between the subscribers, is dissolved by mutual consent. The name of the firm will be used only in liquidation by Wm McKean, who is charged with the same, and will continue in his own name and for his own account.

WM. MCKEAN.
BENJ. CAREY.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court—Eastern district of Louisiana.—Present the Hon Thos H McCaleb—October 31st, 1842—In the bankruptcy of Eliza Leon Bernard, petition of Pierre Gardere, assignee.

Upon reading the petition of the said assignee, to sell the property surrendered by the said bankrupt, consisting of a valuable estate, both real and personal, situate and lots in the city of New Orleans, bank and other stocks slaves goods and furniture.

It is ordered that a jury be impanelled and sworn to inquire and report, whether the said property can be divided without injury to the rights of the creditors, and whether the said property can be divided without injury to the rights of the creditors, and whether it is for the interest of the creditors that the said property be sold.

Upon the report of the jury, the said petition will be granted by the court upon the petitioner's giving security for the proceeds of the property so sold, upon the terms suggested by the assignee.

N. R. JENNINGS, Clerk.
nov 1 U. S. District Court.

TO RENT—The upper part of the house situated in Royal street between Conti and St. Louis, next door to the Louisiana Bank. Being under repairs, the said house will be ready for delivery on the 15th inst. Apply to J. ROBERT & GIRONA, 54 Gravier st.

DWELLING HOUSES TO RENT—Possession immediately—The new three story brick dwellings with offices under, situated in Carondelet street and Lafayette square Second Municipality. Apply to nl—84 ALEDOUX & Co, 77 Canal st.

TO RENT—By the 25th November—that handsome house situated in Toulouse street between Bourbon and Dauphin, occupied by Dr. Formento. Apply to ADOLPHE PLUCHE, nl 31 corner Royal and Bienville streets.

BOUQUETS OF SUPERB FLOWERS—For sale at Dinu's Flower Garden, opposite the Charity Hospital in Common street; Apply there or to nl 84 DINU, 114 Common st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE EXPECTANT, a novel, by Miss Ellen Pickering author of Nan Darrell, The Fright, The Quiet Husband, Women and the Bible, Poems, &c. &c. in 2 vols. Family Secrets, or Hints to those who would make Home Happy, by Mrs Ellis, (late Miss Stickney,) author of Women of England, &c. &c.

Miscellanies, by Stephen Collins, M. D. 1 vol.

Bartlett on Typhoid and of Typhus Fever.

Dewees' Treatise on the Physical and Medical Treatment of Children; new edition, with the author's last improvements and corrections, just received and for sale by the New Orleans Medical and Surgical Book and Stationery Warehouse.

NORMAN, STEEL & Co 14 Camp st.

NEW BOOKS.

FAMILY Secrets or Hints to those who would make home happy. By Mrs. Ellis (late Miss Stickney), author of "The Women of England," &c. &c., in two volumes 12mo.

The History, Diagnosis, and Treatment of Typhus and of Typhus Fever, as exhibited in the epidemics of Bilious, Remittent and of Yellow Fever. By Elisha Bartlett, M.D. in 1 vol.

American Journal of the Medical Sciences. Edited by Isaac Hays, for October 1842.

Just received, and for sale by

W MCKEAN, corner Camp and Common sts

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE Expectant, a novel, by Ellen Pickering, author of Nan Darrell, The Fright, &c. in 2 vols.

Miscellanies, by Stephen Collins, M. D.

Nos 19 and 20 of Our Mess. Just received and for sale by

WM MCKEAN, corner Camp and Common sts.

PAPER HANGING & BORDERS—Just received by the most of French bordering and paper hanging, for sale

HUGO C GILDEMEESTER & Co.

SHERRY WINE of the well known *Triana* brand, in store and for sale by

HUGO C GILDEMEESTER & Co.

POTATOES FOR SALE—200 bris potatoes on board brig Eliza, from Thomaston. Apply on board near the Lower Press, or to

L H GALE, 93 Common st

PAVING STONE FOR SALE—A lot of paving stones on board brig Eliza, from Thomaston. Apply on board near the lower Press, or to

L H GALE, 93 Common st

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—10 boxes Laughers & Armistead's; James River honey dew; 350 do Missouri and Kentucky, in store and for sale by

A L ADDISON & Co, 60 Poydras st

COLOGNE WATER—Genuine Cologne water, from the distillery of P M Farina, Cologne, in store and for sale by

HUGO C GILDEMEESTER & Co.

HOLLAND GIN—Steamboat and other brands, all of direct importation, in store and for sale by

HUGO C GILDEMEESTER & Co.

CURB AND GUTTER STONE—1000 feet of dressed curb and gutter stone, 10 by 18 inches, for sale, now in a building adjacent, by

BENJ. CAREY, 77 Common st.

WATER CASKS—24 iron bound water casks in store, and 24 landing, for sale by

FOSDICK & BROTHER, 66 Camp st

SHOES—4 cases of shoes assorted in store, and for sale by

FOSDICK & BRO, 66 Camp st

SHERIFF'S SALES.

COMMERCIAL COURT—No 4,500—A. G. Hale vs W. L. Goode and others—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Hon. the Commercial Court of New Orleans, will be sold in the coffee house of the City Exchange, St Louis