NEW-ORLEANS BEE

OFFICIAL STATE PAPER.

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CITY PAPER, PUBLISHED DAILY, *per annum, in advance,* $12
COUNTRY PAPER, PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY, . . . $10.

"Truth is omnipotent, and Public Justice certain."

WHIG

NOMINATION OF THE NATIONAL CONVENTION:

FOR PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM H. HARRISON,

OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

JOHN TYLER,

OF VIRGINIA.

FOR GOVERNOR

HENRY JOHNSON,

Subject to the decision of the Whig State Convention.

LOUISIANA ELECTORAL TICKET.

1st District—WILLIAM DEBUYS, New Orleans.
2d do JOSEPH BERNARD, East Baton Rouge;
3d do LOUIFROY BARRAS, Lafourche;
4th do JACQUES DUTEE, St. Landry;
5th do SETH LEWIS, Rapides.

NEW-ORLEANS:

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 22, 1840.

NEW-ORLEANS

YOUNG MEN'S TIPPECANOE ASSOCIATION.

☞ A Regular Meeting will be held this Saturday evening, at half past 7 o'clock, at the Parish Court Room, (over the Post-Office,) on business of importance. Punctual and general attendance is requested.

O. KURSHEEDT, } Secretaries.
N. DELAPLAINE, }

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

When the public mind is tortured to frenzy, by repeated disaster and desponding under multiplied wrongs—when experiment after experiment has only added misery to disappointment—when prospects the most cheering have been blighted, and visions of prosperity have ended in misfortune, until the people are ready to surrender themselves up to gloom and despair, it becomes more and more the duty of the journalist to present before them the causes of their afflictions, that they may apply the remedy and be healed. Whatever of evil may befall the country; however dim the prospect of better days may be, it does not become the patriot to relax his exertions in retrieving the broken fortunes of the state—he should struggle on, though hope herself should set in one dark, rayless and dreary future. He will find that in his bosom which will reward him for his labor, and console him, should all be lost. Far better to eat the bread of poverty, moistened by the sweat of the brow, than turn traitor to our cause and join the revels of those who feast by despoiling the country.

We would call the attention of our readers to the following table, showing the amount of imports and exports for fifteen years, from 1824 to 1838 inclusive. Taken in connection with the history of banking for that period of time, much light will be thrown upon the question which now monopolizes public attention.

For the year ending	*Imports.*	*Exports.*
30th Sept. 1821,	$80,549,007	$75,986,657
1825,	96,350,075	99,535,308
1826,	84,974,477	77,595,322
1827,	79,484,068	82,324,927
1828,	88,509,824	72,264,666
1829,	74,492,587	72,358,671
1830,	70,876,920	73,849,506
1831,	103,194,124	81,310,583
1832,	101,029,266	87,176,945
1833,	108,118,311	90,140,433
1834,	126,521,332	104,336,973
1835,	149,895,742	121,693,577
1836,	189,980,035	128,663,040
1837,	149,989,917	117,419,376
1838,	113,177,404	108,486,616
1839,	162,092,132	121,023,410
	$1,770,224,461	$1,501,619,216

Deficiency in the proceeds of exports, $268,605,245

It appears then, that the foreign debt contracted by an excess of imports over exports for the fifteen years, preceding the 30th September, 1838, amounted to the enormous sum of *two hundred and sixty-eight millions of dollars*, and upwards. By referring to the table, it will be seen that from 1824 to 1831, the exports and imports were nearly of equal amount—the former being sometimes greater, sometimes less than the latter; but exhibiting no greater fluctuation than might be expected in commercial transactions of such magnitude. Our readers will bear in mind that, the war upon the United States Bank commenced in 1830, and that in 1831 the consequences of that war began to be felt. From that period the returns uniformly exhibit a vast excess of imports over exports, particularly in 1836, *the year in which the charter of the United States Bank expired*, when the imports exceeded the exports by more than *sixty-one millions of dollars*. By inspecting the returns as above given, other important facts will be seen, viz: that the imports of 1837 (the year of the great revulsion) exceeded the imports of 1837, (the year in which the United States Bank was charged with having expanded her issues to an undue extent) by more than sixty-one millions of dollars, and that the imports of 1836, (when the charter of the United States Bank expired) exceeded those of any year in which that institution was in existence by upwards of NINETY-THREE MILLIONS! Again, the administration in endeavoring to prevent overtrading, has increased our foreign debt more than TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-SIX MILLIONS; for the tables shew that, of the two hundred and sixty-eight millions of deficit in the exports for the above fifteen years, more than two hundred and forty-six millions have accumulated since the commencement of the war upon the United States Bank.

If then, the embarrassed condition of the country trade is owing to over trading, why not resort to the remedy which used to keep commerce within its proper channel. The foreign debt, contracted prior to 1831, was not in the least burdensome, and was no more than the expanding resources of the country could well make good. From that period over trading commenced, and over banking also. We some time since showed that the banking capital of the State banks, has been tripled since 1830—that five hundred and sixty bank charters have been granted by the States since that time, and that during the existence of the United States Bank, the increase of banks averaged about six banks a year; whereas, since the divorce of the bank and the general government, those corporations have multiplied at the rate of more than *seventy* a year.—We then showed that the remedy against over banking was a national bank, and we now show, if facts prove any thing, that such an institution is the surest resort against over trading. We will continue, from time to time, to lay important *facts* bearing upon this point before the people—we trust that it will not prove to be a useless task.

KENTUCKY AND INDIANA ELECTIONS.

We learn verbally from the captain and passengers of the steamer New Orleans, that full returns of the elections in these two states had been received in Evansville, on the 11th inst., resulting in a whig majority in Kentucky of SEVENTEEN THOUSAND AND UPWARDS, and in Indiana of about NINE THOUSAND!!

ILLINOIS ELECTIONS.

All that we can ascertain about the contest in this state we have extracted from the St. Louis New Era, of the 12th inst., which says as follows:

ILLINOIS ELECTION.—Col. Archer, (whig) has been elected in Clark county. Edgar county has elected one whig and one loco foco. Coles county has elected two whigs. In Vermilion county, J. J. Browne, B. Calhoun and Isaac Forman (all whigs) have been elected by 300 majority.

CRIMINAL COURT.

THE STATE VS. TROUT.—The trial of this case, which has excited a great deal of interest, has been postponed until Wednesday next, owing to the circumstance that only eleven jurors could be found yesterday to attend.

YUCATAN.

HORRID MASSACRE.—The schooner Atrevida, arrived yesterday from Campeachy, which place she left on the 13th instant.

Perfect tranquillity reigned in the city at the departure of this vessel. A Texian brig and schooner were at anchor in the harbor. We have already alluded to the capture of Tabasco by the Federalists. It seems from all that we have been able to ascertain from the captain of the Atrevida, that a part of the Centralist army, consisting of two hundred men, who had been obliged to leave the city, had afterwards received reinforcements, and had marched towards Tabasco, which they had succeeded in recapturing, and taking advantage of the feebleness of their enemies, who were suffering from sickness, had been guilty of cruelties of the most revolting nature. Nothing was spared; all the inhabitants who pronounced themselves in favor of the Federalists were massacred without distinction, and their property pillaged and devastated.

Among the visitors at the Union Hotel at Saratoga, are Lt. Gov. Bradish and lady, M. de Bodisco, Russian minister and lady; the Swedish minister; Mr. Stanley, M. C. from N. C.; Mr. White, senator from Indiana; Mr. Meredith, of Baltimore, and several other persons of distinction. The number of travellers from the south at the present season, is much smaller than usual. Philadelphia appears to be more fully represented at the springs than usual. Boston much less so.

Mr. Webster is expected at Saratoga on the 19th. [*Troy Whig.*

MISSOURI ELECTIONS.

By the steamer New Orleans, arrived yesterday morning, we have received dates from St. Louis to the 12th instant, which furnish the following additional details, which we have gathered from the New Era:

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR. 1840. Cook.	Reynolds.	Allen.	Wilson.	CONGRESS. 1838. Harrison.	Miller.
Cooper,	789	713	573	540	699	594
Lincoln,	487	597	430	433	510	510
Perry,	343	364	319	318	303	367
Ste. Genevieve,	250	254	170	168	179	178
St. Francois,	235	205	226	223	177	178
Washington,	563	549	513	480	487	487
Pike,	761	767	709	709	638	634
Ralls,	419	409	434	440	318	314
Lafayette,	464	436	315	304	375	379
Scott,	223	507	185	185	435	435
New Madrid,	204 maj.		[illegible]	336	145	140

COMMERCE COUNTY.

RETURNS.

	V. B.	*Whig.*
Reynolds,	507	Clark, 252
Marmaduke,	513	Bogy, 258
Miller,	516	Samuel, 205
Edwards,	540	Sibley, 207
White, (Leg.)	447	Gaiding, 264

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

The official returns will vary but little from the following statement:

Clark,	454
Reynolds,	436

The vote for Lt. Governor about the same.

FOR CONGRESS.

E. M. Samuel, whig,	461
G. C. Sibley, do	459
John C. Edwards, dem	434
John Miller, do	433

FOR SENATE.

John W. Williams, whig,	451
James Young, dem	395

FOR ASSEMBLY.

Dr. Wm. Ward, whig,	445
Dr. J. B. Vivien, do	441
Lewis Green, dem	407
R. W. Graves, do	408

FOR SHERIFF.

D. M'Dowell, dem,	508
C. F. Chamline, whig	446

FOR ASSESSOR.

T. G. Smith, whig,	403
O. A. Goshen, dem	286

WHIG MEETING AT SARATOGA.

A meeting of the whigs of the village of Saratoga, and those now visiting the Springs, was held on Saturday, in the grove at that place.

The hon. John W. Taylor, formerly Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, presided, and spoke at length upon the subject, followed, first from Indiana; Mr. Stanley, M. C. from North Carolina; Mr. Barnard, M. C. from New York; and Mr. Clarkson, of Philadelphia. Several thousand persons were present, many of whom were ladies, and the orators of the day were unusually eloquent and convincing. Among the whigs now resident at Saratoga, but one opinion prevailed as to the result of the presidential contest, and that is, the certainty of Gen. Harrison's election.—*Troy Whig.*

TREASURY NOTES.—Several banks of this city, not knowing how to invest their money, have embarked largely in the purchase of Treasury notes. It is very evident from recent arrivals that foreign imports are diminishing daily, and of course the revenue falling far short of the public expenditures, a constant resort must be had to the issue of Treasury notes, even to an indefinite amount. We have no apprehensions of a great fall in the value of Treasury notes, unless indeed the accumulation should be far beyond the amount calculated upon; nevertheless the banks, if they all fall in with the speculation in these notes, and withdraw a large portion of their capital from business, it may be difficult to call in the amount the invested when required. The new administration will, in all probability, change entirely the present system adopted by the Treasury. General Harrison will first ascertain how much money the government actually owes, and how far the revenue will fall short of the public expenditures, and that amount Congress will authorise as a loan, issuing government stock for the same, and providing a sinking fund for its redemption;—call in all the issues of Treasury notes and cancel them. This being done, the next step will be to repeal all specie circulars, all impediments to trade, all checks on currency and exchanges, proceed then to economise the expenses of the government, and get affairs in order. It will be like setting a bankrupt estate, but principal and interest can be paid, and hereafter a similar state of affairs be avoided.—*Star.*

FIRE.—Between 11 and 12 o'clock last night, a fire was discovered in the upper part of the large six story brick building No. 553 and 555 Front street, near the corner of Dover street, owned by Jacob Lorillard, and occupied by Charles Postley for storage. The building and its contents of the upper part, with the exception of a few bags of coffee, were entirely destroyed.

It was said that there was considerable oil in the cellar, which will most probably be saved. The first and second floors contained but few goods. Messrs. Spafford, Tileston & Co. had about 3000 bags of coffee in the building, most of which was in the 3d story. The 4th, 5th and 6th stories were filled with crates of cockery.

It is difficult to give a correct estimate of the loss.—It is supposed that it will not exceed $40,000.—*Journal of Commerce.*

SUSPICIOUS SHIPWRECK.

The *Lise*, a merchantman, bound from the Mauritius to Bordeaux, was wrecked on the Needles rocks, not far from the Cape of Good Hope, in February last. A great many passengers, both at the Mauritius and the island of Bourbon, had embarked in her, relying upon her known good qualities and the experience of Captain Lecescheux, who commanded her. From causes hitherto inexplicable, she struck on the rocks, and passengers, crew and cabin servants, have perished,—while the whole of the crew, including a man who had fallen before the wreck and broke one of his thighs, together with a man who had taken his passage in the forecastle, and of course lived & messed with the sailors, were saved, and have reached the Cape but made a declaration as to the loss of the ship. The English authorities, however, observing that the sailors had brought with them all their own effects, the trunks of the passengers, and other valuables, and that they were spending money very freely, entered upon a rigid inquiry. While this was pending, the sea cast on shore the body of the captain, and those of several of the passengers, which, on being inspected, exhibited numerous wounds and bruises, evidently inflicted previous to the wreck. Measures have accordingly been taken to discover the truth, and punish whoever may be found to have been guilty.

"Among the passengers of the *Lise*," says the *Temps*, "was M. Dupont, one of the richest merchants of Mauritius, who was returning to France with a sum of more than 800,000 francs. His friends at the Mauritius had blamed him severely for his imprudence in embarking so large a quantity of gold and silver under the eyes of the sailors. The voyage was favorable as far as the Needles, but there the wind changed, and blew violently from the west, but no danger was apprehended. At four o'clock in the afternoon, the Cape of the Needles, which is the last southern point to be doubled to enter the roadstead of the Cape of Good Hope, was observed. The vessel was sailing along the coast, and about to double the point when at 9 o'clock she went aground. What had previously occurred is not as yet ascertained. Behind the ship there were rocks, upon which she struck with the sailors, and the only passenger who escaped from the wreck; he had on board on his own account, 100 bales of Bourbon coffee, and some bales of clover and sugar, which had not been insured. At the moment when the Lise struck, Raitine was not aware of what was passing, and was quite astonished on the following day on hearing of his death in a state but as the passage of Africa; his comrades were beside him. Retine put upat Bordeaux at the Hotel de Nantes. The mutilated bodies of the captain and officers, of Messrs. Maurieux, Rey, and family, and the other passengers and servants, were found on the coast. The body of a boy, named Gourdel, of the Isle of France, has not been found. The sixteen men, composing the crew of the Lise, arrived in France, separately, in the Bellone, Gol, and Bordeaux."

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.—We regret to learn that two young lads were drowned in the Shrewsbury river, between the Inlet and Ocean house, on Sunday last. The following are the particulars as near as we can learn:—About noon of the said day, some young men in the employ of Mr. Robert Hartshorne, together with two of Mr. H.'s sons, went down to bathe, and were directed to a certain place where the water was shoal; but they continued much farther down the river, and went in where the water was from 10 to 12 feet deep. One of the lads, named Conover Schenck, son of Garret Schenck, aged 12 years, ventured out too far, and was observed to sink; when one of his companions, named James T. Bowman, with a generous and manly feeling, immediately went out to his rescue, got him on his back, and succeeded in getting him to within a short distance of the shore, when he immediately sunk, to rise no more, until his body was taken out a lifeless corpse. Young Schenck was observed to rise two or three times, when he also expired.

Young Bowman was the son of Samuel Bowman, of Colt's Neck, where his corpse was brought on Sunday evening, which was the first intimation his bereaved parents had of the melancholy news. He was aged about 17 years, and it is supposed that he must have been taken with the cramp, as he was a tolerable swimmer.—*Monmouth Democrat.*

The ASTEROID shower, predicted by professor Olmstead, of New Haven, to appear on the night of the 9th of August, took place, as had been foretold; and 1500 meteors were seen there, by different persons, from 10 P. M., the 9th, to 3 A. M., the 10th. But for the moon, more might have been seen.—*Baltimore Pilot.*

PUBLIC EXECUTIONS.—It would appear by the English papers, that the execution of Courvoisier, for the murder of Lord William Russell, attracted as much of the taste and fashion of London as the combined talents of the Italian opera. A number of noblemen were mixed with the lowest dregs of society, taking up their positions, before dawn of day, in front of the Old Bailey, to see a wretched fellow-creature put to death. How much we are in advance of these people in civilization and true humanity, we trust that all right-thinking men are done in private. The law is the same, the penalty the same; but instead of gratifying a morbid appetite—instead of allowing a nobleman, gentleman nob to dwell on the agonies of a dying wretch, the ministers of justice and of religion, and a few specially desired to attend and see the law executed, are all that are permitted to be present at an execution.—*N. Y. Evc. Star.*

PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE OF THE BEE.

Havana, August 14, 1840.

Messrs. Editors,

In our market there is but little of interest to communicate, all business being completely at a stand.—The arrivals of vessels are but few, and our harbour is quite bare. The prices of both exports and imports are merely nominal. Sales of prime lard this day at $17. Flour, $15 75.

Good sugars can be bought at 5¼.

Coffee, 7c. a 9½c. according to quality.

By an arrival from Key West this day, I have received intelligence that the Indians had murdered every white person at Indian Key, and destroyed the village by fire. Eighteen of the passengers of the Cadiz Packet, lost near New-Inlet sometime since, have arrived at Guanaja, making in all 23 saved out of the 74 souls that were on board.

With nothing further to add, and begging your reference to the Havana papers herewith,

I remain, gentlemen, &c.

(PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE OF THE BEE.)

Baltimore, August 13, 1840.

The Markets.—In Howard street flour there is no activity though some holders have advanced their rates to $5 37½, but I am not advised of a single transaction at that price. Some sales of old wheat flour, good brand, were made yesterday morning at $5 25. City Mills is alike inactive and holders continue at $5 50. I note sales of Susquehanna at $5 25 a $5 38½.

Provisions.—Strictly prime Western Bacon is scarce and in demand at 8½ a 8¾ cents. In Lard there is nothing doing, and holders are firm at 12¼ cents.—Barrel Provisions I continue at former quotations, viz: Mess Pork, $16 50 a $17; Prime, $14 50; Mess Pork, 16 50 a 17; Prime, $14 50; Mess Beef at $15; No. 1, at $13 and Prime, $11.

Whiskey.—Sales of hhds. at 28 cents, and of bbls. at 29½ cents.

The schr. Echo, Fales, 30 days from New Orleans, arrived at this port yesterday.

We have advices from Rio de Janeiro to the 28th of June. By letter I learn that there are about 16,000 barrels flour on hand, and that two cargoes from Baltimore for which only $15 is offering. As good flour is wanted says the writer, a cargo of Hazall would bring $20. Good Coffee is scarce and now will not come in for some weeks. Prices are steady with a demand at 3$900 a 4$200; First 3$700 a 3$800; and regular at 3$500 a 3$650.

From the La Plata there are later advices and the affairs of Rosas look prosperous. In one or two months from present appearances Buenos Ayres may be open to trade.

On the 27th June at Rio some sales of flour were made for export. The cargo per Geraldin at 23$000 and 1000 barrels two days previously 1$65 bris per Ann and 1316 per Wilson Clark was sold at, 14$750 on shore, quite favorable for the next arrivals. Business generally is represented as dull.

A smart shock of an earthquake was felt at Hertford, Conn., and vicinity on Sunday afternoon about four o'clock. Buildings were very much shaken, and the congregations in some of the churches in Hartford into the aisles. It was accompanied by a low rumbling noise, and a report like a heavy clap of thunder. Its duration was from fifteen to twenty seconds.

We continue to receive from the West the most flattering returns of the elections; and even from Missouri, Alabama and Illinois we are not without hope of high favor.

MARRIED.—On the 20th instant, by the Rev. Abiel Armand, Mr. T. F. PRANDIFAN to Miss CLEMENTINE GONZALES, both of this city.

DIED.—On board steamboat New Orleans, on her passage from Louisville to this port, on the 17th August, the bilious fever, MARTIN FRITSSON, a native of Germany.

LATEST DATES.

New-York	July 15	London	July 24
Boston	Aug 11	Liverpool	July 24
Philadelphia	Aug 13	Paris	July 22
Washington	Aug 13	Havre	July 22
Baltimore	Aug 13	Bordeaux	July 18
Charleston	Aug 14	Mexico	July 27
Havana	Aug 10	Tampico	July 27
Houston	Aug 10	Vera Cruz	June 30

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS.

Liverpool—Per ship Orozimbo: 439 hhds tobacco, 720 bales cotton.

New York—Per ship Chester: 13 logs, and 1 bale cotton, 1 bale wool, 1 cedar logs, 110 bls sugar, 1 do molasses, 130 pcs & buffalo robes, 1 cask furs, 466 bbls molasses, 302 pigs lead, &c.

Baltimore—Per brig Mary Cole: 236 hhds sugar, 661 bbls molasses.

Philadelphia—Per brig Swan: 101 hhds sugar, 189 do molasses, 13 do forms de cisterns.

Pensacola—Per sch Charlotte: provisions, whiskey and sundries.

Mobile—Per schr Mary Jane: 9 bbls whiskey, 21 bbls onions, 14 bbls and 30 bags potatoes.

IMPORTS.

Havana—Per brig Ajax: 1234 sks coffee, and lots segars and sundries.

—Per schr Levin Jones: 816 sacks coffee and fruit.

Campeachy—Per schr Attirada: logwood, hats, hemp and sundries.

Cedar Keys—Per schr Essex: damaged flour, bacon and sundries.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

Per steamboat Baton Rouge from Vicksburg—4 bales cotton to J W Zachariе & co; 5 do W Henderson, 6 Payne & Harrison; 9 do W Blower; 5 do Huntington, Pinckard & co; 3 do Franklin; 1 do Polk; 1 do Ogden & co; 7 do Bailey, Beck & co; 54 do Buckner, Stanton & co; 15 do order; 12 do A Ledoux & co; 1 bbl molasses to W Bienhard & Taggart; 1 box mdse to W Brown; 1 box T C Chambers; 1 bag Gossip & co; 1 box Devereaux & co; 1 set furniture W Parker.

Per steamboat New Orleans from Louisville—66 bbls bacon Mahard & bro, 6 kegs butter J Small; 508 sks corn, 24 bbls potatoes, 22 sacks do, 600 cabbages, 1 cow and calf, Sloan & bro; 149 sacks potatoes, 41 bbls do, 1 cow and calf, order; 183 bbls potatoes, 30 apples, J Vairin & co; 24 bbls apples, 127 sks potatoes, J L Lavillebleuvre, 49 sks corn C Doane; 19 bbls tobacco A H Wallace & co; 16 do do Lynch; 8 bbls cotton A P Gray, 7 do Lachheart, Fearn & Donnegan; 3 do, 129 sks oats 39 do corn, P A Hardy; 16 bales cotton, 66 bbls flour, Price, Johnson & co; 99 bales cotton, Hall & Brown; 1 do J Bell; 1 do do Cooper & co; 1 do do Bedford & Beck; 1 do, 3 do tobacco, 26 beeves, 14 do Haley & Buck; 14 do Payne & Harrison; 94 bbls whiskey, 53 do do, 13 do do port, 6 do rye, 3 kegs butter, 1 do rye, 3 do oil, 134 doz chickens, 2 60 cabbages, owners on board.

CONSIGNEES.

Per brig Ajax—R Groning & co; J Huffman; J Cairo; J Nicolis, de Z Tundrast; C Garcia; Bogert & Hawthorne; J Y Laborde; A Trier; J A Barelli & co; J Albert; J Lallande; J Dupuy; F Tyler; F Tyler.

Per schr Levin Jones—A Fisk.

Per schr Attirada—S Fernandez; J W Zachariе & co; F Tee; master and order.

Per schr Essex—capt O Cross.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Orozimbo, Marcey, for Liverpool, B & J. P. Whitney.
—— Chester, Van Dofke, for New York, Moss & Harris.
Brig Mary Cole, Thompson, for Baltimore, U. Bedford & Beck.
—— Swan, Snell, for Philadelphia, J. D. Denegre.
Schr Mary Anne, Montgomery, for Mobile, master.
—— Charlotte, Perry, for Pensacola, J. Thayer & co.

ARRIVED.

Tow boat Lion, Riddle, from the N E Pass, with brig Ajax, schrs Essex, Attirada and Levin Jones.

Brig Ajax, Bruce, from Havana, 14th inst—to R Groning & co.

Schr Levin Jones, Williams, from Havana, 14th inst—to A Fisk.

Schr Attirada, Espin, from Campeachy, 14th inst—to S Fernandez.

U Transport schr Essex, Wolf, 4 days from Cedar Keys with cargo Troops, U S Q M.

Steamboat New Orleans, Lore, from Louisville.

Steamboat Baton Rouge, Brenham, from Vicksburg.

MEMORANDA.

☞ The ship St. Mary, brig Frances P. Beck and schr Wm Seymour, have gone to sea.

Steamboat New Orleans left the mouth of the Ohio 18th August, at 4 o'clock p m—met steamer Kingston in Lucas' Bend; Pawnee above No 10; Chester at Memphis; 18th, met Winchester at No 40; Hoosier at Napoleon; Gen Scott at No 70; Maid of Orleans at Gaines'; Gen Scott at No 84; Gen Harrison at Shirt Tail Bend; Corinthian at Cole Creek; Water Witch at Natchez; 20th, met Buck Eye at Ellis' Cliff, Rodolph at Raccourse Eddy.

☞ The schr G H Righter, Burton, from Attakapas, for New York, left S W Pass Bar, 14th inst.

COASTWISE PORTS.

New York, Aug 12—Arr, ship Utica, Hayre, 21st June; barques Emily, Gottenberg; Empress, Cadiz; brig Grand Turk, Bremen.

Cleared for this port.

At Mobile, Aug 20th, schr Davy Crockett, Jarvis.

Arrived from this port.

At Boston, Aug 10th, barque St Helena, Pierce.

At Baltimore, Aug 13th, schr Echo, Fales, 30 days.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Up at Havana for this port, schr Water Witch, Arnous, to sail 16th Aug.

Sailed from Havana for this port, Aug 10th, steamer Tomochichi, Gillet.

Hence at Havana, Aug 14th, schr Creole.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

☞ A sunken vessel lies in the fairway going into the Elbe.

☞ A vessel has been prepared for exhibiting a light near the sand called the Kentish Knock; the vessel will be stationed at the east side of the sand, and a short distance east of the situation in which the beacon buoy now lies, and the light on board the same will be exhibited on the evening of the 1st September next, and thence forth continued every night from sunset to sunrise. The light on board this vessel will be exhibited from a single lantern; it will revolve, and will burn at an elevation of 36 feet above the level of the sea. Note—The Kentish Knock Beacon Buoy will be taken away when the new light vessel is stationed, but the small watch buoy will be continued.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamboat Baton Rouge—R B Mallinda and lady, Andrews, Lallande, Frois, Nevitt, Pautel, Barrett, T Whitis, Green.

Per steamboat New Orleans—mrs Howry, R J Phelps, lady and 3 children; Hinchback and lady, Harden and svt, McDowell, Gaze, A E White, J H Draper, dr Keene and lady, Fagot and svt, R G Kent, Royal, H S Corradine, judge Montgomery, W C Harris, J Collins, Sabaret and servant, Wood, Wright, F D Brown, J E Jones, C G Goffe, W C Anderson, Grayson, F Coyle, A Kelly.

CONVERSE & Co,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND GROCERS,
New Levee, New-Orleans.

☞ The ship ST. LAWRENCE, Capt. Oliver F Brown, from Liverpool, will commence discharging this morning, opposite the Mint. Consignees are requested to be in readiness with their permits, and attend to the receipt of their goods. 2:20-31

☞ The ship ARCHER, Marston, now lying at the wharf, foot of St Joseph st. Philadelphia, is discharging at the wharf, foot of St Joseph st. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods.

☞ NOTICE—Consignees of 94 bales marked A in a diamond; 30 do H in a diamond, and one box garden seeds, S in a diamond, consigned to order of shippers, per ship Archer, from Philadelphia, are requested to send for said goods, landing opposite St. Joseph street. 220

ANDREWS & BROTHERS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
56 Camp Street, New Orleans.

Jy 30-3m

☞ REMOVAL—PRIESTLEY & BEIN have removed from No. 28 Old Levee, to No. 19 New-Levee. Jy31

IMPROVEMENT BANK,
New Orleans, August 21st, 1840.

SEALED proposals will be received by the cashier until the 27th August instant, for the consumption of fire pulpwood in mahogany for the use of sectionsets, which will be used in the wheelpits, and made according to the plan which may be examined on applying to the office of the cashier.

By order.

J. OLLIE,
a22-12t L BERNARD, Cashier.

NOTICE—Strayed from the subscriber's residence, corner Bourbon and Orleans streets, on the 19th inst., a PARROT, amazon class, speaking well the French and often repeats the word Desjardin. A liberal reward will be given to whoever will bring him back to the subscriber.

DESJARDIN.
a20-3t

SUCCESSION OF FAULIN FRUÉ—The creditors of the above estate are requested to forward their claims duly authenticated to the curators, No. 8 Conti street, and those who are indebted to said succession are requested to make immediate payment to the said curators.

THEL. FARBANCEY, } Curators.
A. DELPEUCH.
New Orleans, 21st August, 1840.
a20-3t in 10ds

CITY COURT—André Clavier vs. Mr. and Mrs. J White.—By virtue of a writ of fi. fa. to me directed by the honorable the City court of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, I shall cause to be sold, on the 2d of September, 1840, at noon, at my office in Exchange Alley, between Conti and St. Louis streets,

1 bureau, 1 looking glass, 2 tables, 6 chairs, 1 lot of pictures, 1 pair fire irons, 1 bedstead, and 10 cooking stoves.—Seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above case.—Terms cash.

CHAS CLAIBORNE, Marshal.
a21

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the Parish and City of New-Orleans.—The State of Louisiana, to all whom those presents shall come, Greeting:

Whereas, Henry Germain having purchased at a sale made by the sheriff of the parish of Orleans, the property hereinafter described, has applied to the clerk of this court, in whose office the deed of sale was recorded on the 18th day of Aug., A. D. 1840, for a monition or advertisement in conformity to an act of the legislature of the state of Louisiana, entitled, "An act for the further assurance of titles to purchasers at judicial sales;" approved the tenth day of March, 1834.

Now, therefore, know ye, and all persons interested herein are hereby cited and admonished, in the name of the state of Louisiana, and of the Parish Court, to be and appear, if any right, title or claim in and to the property hereinafter described, in consequence of any informality in the order, decree or judgment of the court under which the sale was made, or any irregularity or illegality in the appraisements and advertisements, in time, or manner of sale, or for any other defect whatsoever, to show cause within thirty days from the day this monition is first inserted in the public papers, why the sale so made should not be confirmed and homologated.

The said property was sold by the Sheriff of the parish aforesaid, on the 17th day of August, A. D. 1840, by virtue of a decree of this Court, rendered on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1840, in a suit entitled, The Citizens' Bank of Louisiana vs. Jh. Ferdinand D'Hebecourt, No. 11,963 of the Docket of this Court, at which sale Henry Germain became the purchaser for the price of $2,250; the saleable cash.

Description of property as given in the Judicial Conveyance, viz:

"A lot of Ground, situated in suburb Trémé, forming the northern corner of Marais and Ursuline streets, measuring in American measure, twenty-seven feet seven inches front on Marais street; one hundred and four feet three inches front on Ursuline street; ninety-four feet eleven inches on the line separating said lot from the lot late belonging to Devillier Gueneon, and twenty-nine feet eleven inches on the rear line adjoining the property late belonging to Mr. Phister; together with a house built of bricks between posts, a wooden kitchen, and the appurtenances thereunto belonging."

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court of New-Orleans, August 21, 1840.

{ L. S. } Clerk's-Office of Parish Court,
{ L. S. } Probate, this nineteenth day of August, A. D. 1840.

W. F. C. DUPLESSIS,
a22 Register of Wills.

LEECHES—Received by the Chaumachicki at Mobile, for sale at Mr Jean Pierre Sorbiere, corner of Bienville and Esplanade streets, wholesale or retail, at moderate prices.

J P SORBIREAU.
a22-2t

FRESH TURNIP AND SPINNAGE SEED.—Cabbage, carrots, lettuce, cauliflower, onion, radish, &c growth of 1840.

A choice supply of the above articles, just landed from ship Atlantic, at Philadelphia, direct from the grower, warranted fresh, and of the growth of the present year. Apply to

J F HECHLER, Florist and Seedsman,
a22 42 Canal street.

N. B.—A general supply of every other kind of fall seeds, hourly expected per ship Rita—invoice and bill of lading thereof having been already received, and comprising beets, carrots, turnips, cabbages, lettuces, spinnage, onions, leeks, &c. &c. &c.

NAUTICAL WORKS—Blunt's edition of the Nautical Almanac an Astronomical Ephemeris, for the years 1840 and 41; The New American Practical Navigator, being an epitome of navigation, by Nathaniel Bowditch; The American Coast Pilot, containing directions for the principal harbors, capes and head lands on the coast of North and South America, by Edmund M Blunt, Esq; The Ship Master's Assistant and Commercial Digest, containing information useful to merchants, owners and masters of ships, by Joseph Blunt; A New and Practical Treatise on Navigation, in which the usual tedious methods are shortened and improved, &c. &c. by M F Maury. For sale at the New Orleans stationers' warehouse.

NORMAN, STEEL & Co,
a22 14 Camp st.

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES—Just received per ship Archer, a large supply of fresh drugs and medicines, dye stuffs, perfumery, paints, oils, &c &c, for sale on reasonable terms, by

KOHN, MORISON
Wholesale Druggist, 11 Canal st.
a22

COAL—500 barrels Cannel coal, cargo of ship Franklin, for sale now, landing, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers

JOHN E JENKINS,
corner Poydras and Magazine streets.
a22

FRENCH PRINTS—Now landing from ship Mozart ex Havre, an assortment of French prints, of the latest style and patterns, for sale by

KOHN, DARON & Co,
26 Bienville street.
a22

HAVANA COFFEE—245 sacks prime quality, landing per brig Ajax, and 150 bags do, per schr J. TRIER. 34 Gravier st.

HAVANA SUGAR—50 boxes brown, 20 do white sugar, in store and for sale by

R GRONING & Co
a22

COTTON BALLS—2 cases white, entitled to debentiur for sale by

R D BLOSSMAN,
a22 20 Bienville st.

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—20 cases landing from the barque Adario, for sale

F C HOBBS, 12 Customhouse st
a22

BLEACHED SHEETINGS—28 cases, in store and for sale low to close a consignment, by

F C HOBBS, 12 Customhouse st.
a22

CANDLES—100 boxes sperm candles, Boston brands, landing from brig Ellsworth, for sale by

F C HOBBS, 12 Customhouse st.
a22

SPERM CANDLES—26 boxes superior summer made sperm candles, landing from barque Adario, and for sale by

J BRIDGE & Co, 134 Magazine st.
a22

SALT AND COAL—2600 sacks coarse, 1600 sacks fine Liverpool salt, and 600 tons Newcastle coal, from ship Franklin, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, apply to

E F JENKINS,
corner Poydras and Magazine sts.
a22

STEAM BOAT BOOKS—Cash Receipt Books, Passage, &c, of finest quality and binding, for sale at the New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse.

NORMAN, STEEL & Co, 14 Camp st
a22

SOAP—480 boxes extra No. 1 soap, and 220 half boxes No. 1, do, brand of Meacham, landing from barque Adrio, for sale by

ISAAC BRIDGE & Co,
a22 134 Magazine st.

BROGANS & BOOTS—50 cases men's russet brogans and men's calf, kip and mc's calf kip and seal boots for sale by

ISAAC BRIDGE & Co,
a22 134 Magazine st.

CLOTHING—13 cases Attakapas, Harrison, drab and fancy cottonade pantaloons, white linnen and drilling do, landing from brig Ellsworth, for sale by

J BRIDGE & Co, 134 Magazine st.
a20

SALT—1300 sacks coarse and fine Liverpool salt, now landing, for sale in quantities to accommodate purchasers, apply to

E F JENKINS,
cor. Poydras and Magazine sts.
a20

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—200 cases boots shoes and brogans, comprising a general assortment, for sale by

WIGGIN & DAVENPORT,
a20 25 Gravier st.

OIL—2000 gallons winter sperm oil; 2000 gallons fall do do; and 2000 gallons ble