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FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
HENRY CLAY,
OF KENTUCKY.
Subject to the decision of a National Convention.

NEW ORLEANS:
TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 20, 1839.

CONSTITUTIONALITY OF A NATIONAL BANK.

When we referred in Saturday's paper to the report of Mr. McDuffie, as embodying the most cogent and luminous argument in favor of the constitutionality of a national bank, which had ever been submitted, we did so because we knew that any reasoning we might offer, would be little more than a bare transcript of the views embraced in that masterly production. We had the modesty to believe that Mr McDuffie's logic would be better than our own. We still retain that impression—the sagacious of our look-face neighbor to the contrary notwithstanding—Many of the reasons which we shall adduce in support of the constitutionality question of chartering a national bank, are derived from the same source.—

The right of congress to grant a bank charter is based upon various grounds.—1st., Precedent—All the departments of the government have in different periods concurred, under every administration, and during the ascendancy of both political parties, in sanctioning this power. The act incorporating the first national bank passed both houses of congress by large majorities, and received the deliberate sanction of president Washington. This right was accorded by the sages and patriots who were then fresh from the discussions of the convention that framed the constitution. The competency to give a just construction of the constitution will scarcely be denied to those who had a principal agency in framing that instrument. And the name of WASHINGTON is a sufficient guarantee that neither prejudice nor passion would influence the decision of the executive. At that period political parties had not assumed those fundamental distinctions of doctrine which subsequently divided them, and statesmen and legislators based their opinions upon the simple exercise of reason, unperverted by the exclusive exactions of party attachment.

For twenty years the bank of the United States continued in existence—and maintaining an excellent and uniform currency, diffusing the elements of prosperity and the nation, elevating private and public credit, and placing the finances of the government in a condition of entire security. Its charter expired in 1811. At that time the controversy between the federal and democratic parties had assumed an exceedingly virulent character. Mr Jefferson came into power as the champion of the democracy. The question of renewing the charter of the bank came before congress. Let Mr. McDuffie here speak for himself:

"At the commencement of the gr... more violent party ex... ked the period under ... the embargo, non-intercourse, ... other commercial restrictions; when the ... opposition of the leaders of the federal party to the measures adopted by the administration, in the great rights against British aggression, had carried ... majority of the American people to view the ... as the apologists of a nation at ... ready regarded ... of a public enemy. When ... to these circumstances ... said, that the stock of the bank was principally held by British subjects and American of the ... the house will readily perceive how ... national and just to prejudices which ... prayed against the proposition to renew its ... stated by Mr. Clay, in a speech delivered ... that seventy-fifths of the stock belonged ... aristocrats, and that certain English noblemen ... had chained ... cellar, were among the very large ... blockheads. With all these difficulties ... the proposition for renewing the charter ... the president of the ... majority ... sufficient to vote in the house of representatives. The ... of a policy that had its origin in ... especially ... became ... credit ... and the people were clamorous for relief. Under these circumstances ... Dallas, then secretary of the treasury, ... recommendation of Mr. Madison, and of every member of the cabinet, proposed the establishment of a national bank. A bill to that effect was drawn up. It was passed by an overwhelming majority of the ... and ... through each branch of congress. The bill was not signed by Mr. Madison, because it contained some objections to provisions though he expressly declared that he waived the question of the constitutional authority of the legislature to establish a bank as being precluded, in his opinion, by repeated recognitions, under varied circumstances, of the validity of such an institution in acts of the legislative, executive and judicial branches of the government, accompanied by indications in different modes of a concurrence of the general will of the nation."—At the next session, the act incorporating the Bank of the United States was passed by both houses and received the approval of Mr Madison.

It is to be observed, 1st. That during the forty years of existence of a national bank, the ... have existed ... but nevertheless ... have prevailed as well in the operations of commerce as in the fiscal resources of the government. 2d. That at both periods when a bank has been chartered, it has been under circumstances calculated to give the highest possible authority to the decision. Firstly during the administration of Washington and by the patriots of the revolution and the sages of the convention—and secondly, during the administration of Madison, by the preponderating vote of the very party which had so violently opposed such an institution. To use the language of the report—"both the ... parties, yet so long divided ... pronounced it to be constitutional ... by few of the prominent men of either ... committed in its favor." To all ... the unanimous decision of the ...

...ent derived from ...

...donality ...
received with only ... however apply to the bank question. The constitutional authority has been sustained by the ablest men, and the highest judicial tribunals in the country, while the expediency and and beneficial tendency of such an institution have been acknowledged even by those who denied its constitutionality. The precedents in this instance are so grave, so authoritative, that they should be rightly considered as having a binding influence. If not unerring, they are at least weighty arguments in its favor. We shall return to the subject.

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTIONS.

Partial returns have been received from the tenth district represented by Rencher, whig, in the last congress. The candidates are Henderson (w.) Fisher (subtreasury Calhoun) Rowan county gives the following vote

Fisher (S T)	Henderson (W)
687	508

Davies county, a close vote Mr Henderson will have a small majority in the county.

The steamboat RIENZI, from St Louis for this port, is reported to have struck a snag above the mouth of the Ohio river, about the 8th inst, and sunk. It is hoped that she can be raised, and that but a small portion of her cargo will be lost. No lives were lost.

The council of the first municipality did not sit on ... evening, for want of a quorum. Eleven members were present.

... BURNETT, of Livingston N. Y. was lately married in New York to Miss Phoebe ... Osborne, a teacher of the deaf and dumb ... The ceremony is described in the Commercial ... It was peculiarly interesting and impressive.

HYDROPHOBIA.

A little girl in Baltimore died a few days ago, from this dreadful malady. She had been bitten by a rabid animal, about twenty days prior to the appearance of the disease. We again call the attention of the authorities to the number of dogs that infest our streets.—The season for canine madness is at hand, and the safety of the community imperatively demands the employment of prompt and effectual means of ridding the city of those dangerous animals who either have no master, or are culpably allowed by them to run at large through the streets. Hitherto the watchfulness of our municipal functionaries has preserved our citizens from becoming victims to this appalling disorder. For many years there has not been a case of Hydrophobia in New Orleans. Let them not now relax their vigilance.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

New York, August 10th, 1839.

I am not a little surprised at the silence of the whig press on the subject of the "*independent treasury.*"—I am aware that this project is considered by the whig party as too chimerical, if not too profligate, ever to become the law of the land. It should be borne in mind, however, that the locofocos have not and will not elect to congress a single member that is not pledged to support the measure; and I regret to add, that the whigs, on *trying questions*, are far from being as unanimous in their attendance as the administration members. The latter dare not absent themselves, when the drill sergeants of the party order them to be present. That a mighty effort will be made at the next session of congress to pass the sub-treasury bill, Mr. Van Buren has announced to the country and to the world.

And now let us glance at the preliminary arrangements which have been made for this annunciation. Mr Benton has predicted that the bill will become a law, but thinks that it may be found necessary to the accomplishment of this object, that the banks should be compelled to suspend specie payments. The Globe alleges that the whigs wish to create a panic, and that a suspension on the part of the banks will follow, the New Era, the allied organ of the party in this state, and to which even the Albany Argus is compelled to play second fiddle, calls upon its followers to run the banks, and withdraw from their specie in large quantities. Such is the recommendation, hand bills are posted at the corners of the streets, calling upon the hard money gentlemen to come forth and stand by their principles, and accordingly an unsuccessful effort is made by this radical, but routed band.

At this juncture, the president of the United States enters the arena as a political gladiator, in favor of the subtreasury. He previously instructs his bosom friend and counsellor, *John H. Eaton*, as to the manner in which the subject shall be brought before the people, in his address to Van Buren at Castle Garden. For, who that knows the president and Mr Eaton, believes, or can be made to believe, that the latter would have dared to introduce into his address a sentence respecting this vexed question, without previously consulting and receiving the sanction of the veteran? A different supposition is too ridiculous to merit serious notice.

The combination of these, and other circumstances that might be enumerated, leads to the conclusion, that consequence keepers of the president have determined on a death like struggle to fasten upon the community the sub treasury system, and it would appear not less certain that their hope of success rests upon the belief that the banks may be compelled to suspend specie payments. At the first view of this proposition, it presents the aspect of an absurdity. What the banks in the New York, New Orleans, &c. &c. &c. Why? In the ratio of their circulation, they have in fact vaults a sum *greater* than their security requires. So far as it respects their means of redeeming their paper, they never possessed in a higher degree, public confidence. They are censured, and I think deservedly, for their timidity and their apparent excessive anxiety to retain their specie. It is possible, however, that they may see ... of a ... for ... course.

But the question presents itself, what can have created in the mind of the minions of power, an impression that the banks may be safely pressed? What can have caused this simultaneous movement of *Mr. Buren, the Globe, Mr. Van Buren, the New Era &c. &c.* I will tell you what is whispered among some of their leaky vessels. It is said that the government have palmed upon the banks an amount of security notes sufficient by drawing for specie, to keep up the credit of the bank, and that by means of a panic thus created, they entertained an expectation that the banks would be unable to sustain themselves. Such are the rumors. Of their correctness, you will form your own opinion, when taken in connection with the movements to which reference has been made. I will only add, the subtreasury, and the corrupt and profligate schemes for carrying it into operation, ought not to pass unnoticed by the whig press.

Very little variation in the state of market for a few days past. On an average a shade better.

In cottons the transactions are limited. For the week ending last night, the sales amount to about 2,250 bales, at prices barely equal to those of the week preceding. A falling off on inferior qualities of one fourth of a cent. Of the sum total sold, about 900 bales were New Orleans and 550 Mobile. New Orleans may be quoted as ranging from 10 to 11½ cents.

THE EXAMINER

THE NEW YORK COTTON CIRCULAR No. 1.

The interests of the cotton growing states are of such a character as eminently to be affected by the ... of the policy of our own government; and probably there is no community more sensitive to the influence of monetary power, than this great southern staple. We must therefore bear steadily in view that the ... course it is here pursued by the national government and it requires no gift of discernment to comprehend the immediate connection between the speculations of speculators and the radiating influence of a mismanagement by the treasury department.

The short-sighted politicians at Washington have a grasp of mind sufficient to comprehend any ... of national measures, tending to advance the property of our country, but are contented to grovel in ignominious disregard of great national interests in order to perpetuate the sway of mere party influence ... ment. So that instead of the government ... their interests, her policy has been to ... them.

We are decided advocates for support ... *interests the American credit* but then it must have a fair character to bear the natural ... dent to any branch of trade with a fair ... and not resting for support on the credit ... banks associated together for a time by a community of interests in a ... but which ... sion subject and all the supplies consumed ... immediately lessen. When the Bank of the United States came forward with her credit and ... bear on the cotton crop of 1838 the energies of her power were called forth with ... tion and singleness of purpose, which ... enably necessary to the accomplishment of ... nancial scheme, which the entire success ... have unfolded to an admiring world. The ... spectacle of a private corporation wielding ... wealth of this southern country for the benefit ... interested in its welfare, and *like the lyre ... pelicans, regaled with her blood*" those ... interests have conducted to her renown.

... first proposition of the circular, we agree ... the natural price of cotton is regulated ... *air and natural influence of supply and de...* ... not deny that it is to be sustained "*to the advantage of the planter, manufacturer and merchant,*" ... inflination whatever, or that these concurring ... interests can be healthfully promoted by ... proposed. The positions laid down in this ... are reasonable enough, but the illustrations ... corollaries merit the most condign animadversion ... the time of the famous South Sea ... present hour, we undertake to ... ts for national or individual ... fully ...

The Philadelphia STAR, in commenting upon an article in the Cincinnati Whig recommending the *Star* to employ a correspondent to write letters favorable to Gen. Harrison, takes occasion to call the letters in the Bee, Nashville Banner and other papers "*spurious correspondence.*" For ourselves we can tell the *Star*, that it would be conferring a substantial benefit upon its readers, if it would enrich its columns with the able political economical, and commercial views of our correspondent. "THE EXAMINER," and that the title of *spurious* which it unceremoniously attaches to that correspondence, is unqualifiedly false. The secret of the *Star's* spleen is, that our New York correspondent is friendly to the nomination of Mr. Clay—and occasionally keeps us informed of the state of public opinion in the north, in reference to that distinguished individual. The *Star* being an unconditional Harrisonian print, feels mightily grieved at what it considers an attempt to supplant the Hero of Tippecanoe, and hence the uncharitable and uncivil remarks in which it has chosen to indulge.

CONSUL TRUST.—A large meeting of ship masters and others has been held in New York at which resolutions were passed expressive of indignation at the tyrannical, illegal and unjust conduct of Consul Trist, in the imprisonment of capt. Wendall, and other acts of official insolence and oppression.

THE FEVER.—By the report of the Charity Hospital, we perceive that 136 cases of yellow fever have been admitted during the past week. This is 54 more than were received during the preceding week. The deaths are fewer in proportion—only 49; last week 35 out of 84 cases. In private practice the disease is alarmingly on the increase. Every physician has his hands full.

The total number of interments from yellow fever last week was 96, viz—86 in in Potter's Field, 9 in the Protestant cemetery, and 1 in the Catholic cemetery.

REPORT OF THE CHARITY HOSPITAL
AUGUST 19, 1839.

Admitted	38
Yellow fever	27
Deaths	13

☞ A large number of counterfeit Mexican dollars are in circulation in Philadelphia.

The president has recognized John DAVID FISK as Consul of his Majesty, the King of Wurtemburg, for the port of New Orleans, and for the states of Mississippi, Alabama, and the Territory of Florida.

The President has also recognized the appointment of Frederick Fisher as Consul of His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden, for the port of New Orleans.

{From the Philadelphia World.}

THE ABSURDITIES OF INSOLVENCY.—Among the ridiculous opinions prevailing among the ignorant, though now confined, we trust, to very few, is that if a woman be married without her clothes on, her husband is not liable for her debts. This is as well founded as the belief among a portion of the very ignorant in England, that a husband may sell his wife; that is, it has not, and never had any legal foundation.

On Tuesday evening, a widower applied to an alderman in this county, to marry him to a widow.—The alderman, undertaking to act as a matrimonial blacksmith, accompanied the applicant to the house where the chains were to be riveted. Introduced to the apartment where he was to officiate he saw two well dressed and pretty women holding a blanket extended across a corner. Above it were visible a head and a shoulder, the latter very fair, and quite guiltless of clothing. As this is the fashion, the alderman was not surprised, but being very polite, and therefore looking down for fear of embarrassing the lady, he saw two little feet peeping from beneath the blanket, as white and as bare as the shoulders above. Thinking that he had got into the wrong apartment at an unseasonable hour, he begged pardon for the supposed intrusion, and beat a retreat. But before he reached the door, the two blade-maids told him to stay, for there was the bride behind the blanket, waiting to be married.

More astonished than ever, indeed struck quite *in loop* he requested the bridegroom to explain. This appealed to, the swain said that the lady behind the blanket in the costume of Venus just risen from the sea or of the Venus de Medici without the gauze wrapper that some modest people among us put over it when they stick it up in the parlor, was *the widow.*—"*The widow who?*" inquired the alderman. The widow that is waiting for me to marry her. But why does she choose that dress for the occasion? asked the forger of hymeneal manacles. Her late husband died about $150 in debt, and if she marries again without any clothes on, her new husband is not legally bound to pay the debt. Therefore while she stands behind the blanket, and reaches her hand over, I can stand before it and hold her hand, and you can say the word, and make us one.

The alderman after a hearty laugh at this learned exposition of the law, told the bridegroom that if he married the widow even without her skin the purchaser would not save him from his predecessor's debts, all that according to law he must take her as she comes with all her burdens. This advised, the widow vanished upstairs, put off the costume of a goddess, and soon descended in the habiliments appropriate to a modern wedding among the civilised, and covering over her face to conceal her blushes, was joined for better and worse to the widower.

MORAL INSANITY.—Some thirty years ago, a young lady, the only daughter of a noble house in the north of Germany, from having been one of the most cheerful girls, became subject to fits of the deepest melancholy. All the entreaties of her parents were insufficient to draw from her the reason of it; to their affection she was cold, to their caresses rude, and though society failed to enliven her, she bore her part in it with a power and venom of sarcasm, that were as strange to her former character as they were unbecoming her sex and youth. The parents contrived, during her temporary absence from home to investigate the contents of her writing desk, but no indications of a concealed or disappointed passion were to be found, and it was equally clear that no papers had been removed. The first news they heard of her was, that the house in which she was visiting had been burned to the ground; that she had been saved with difficulty, though her room was not in that part of the building where the fire had commenced, that her escape had at first been taken for granted, and that when her door was burst open she was found still dressed, and seated in her usual melancholy attitude, with her eyes fixed on the ground. She returned home, neither altered in manner nor changed in demeanor, and as painfully brilliant in conversation when forced into it. Within two months of her return home the house was burned to the ground, and her mother perished in the flames. She was again found in the same state as on the former occasion, suffered herself to be led away without eagerness or resistance; did not alter her department upon hearing the fate of her mother; made no attempt to console her father; and replied to the condolence of her friends with a bitterness and scorn almost demoniacal.

The father and daughter removed to a spa for a change of scene. On the night of their arrival the hotel was in flames, but this time the fire began in the apartment, for from her window were ... seen to issue, and again was she ... ed, and in a reverie. The ... the sovereign of the ... situated. An ... ed, and ... [illegible] ... striven ... unable to with... her she had been seized with a sudden ... of spirits; that she felt a hatred to all ... world, but had strength to restrain from oaths and ... against it. She is at this moment in a madhouse, where she was first allowed some liberty, but after an exhibition of homicidal monomania toward a child, of a ferocity most appalling, it was found necessary to apply the severest restraint. She still possesses her memory, her reasoning powers, her petulent wit, and observes the most scrupulous delicacy.—*Monthly Law Magazine.*

SALES AT AUCTION—THIS DAY.

BY THE SHERIFF.

At the premises, in St. Charles street, opposite the Exchange, at 10 o'clock, a m—the contents of a museum.

At the City Exchange, St. Louis street, at 12 m—three lots of ground, situated behind the city.

At the same time and place—a lot of ground situated in faubourg Annunciation.

At the same time and place—13 lots of ground, situated in faubourg Washington

At the same time and place—the slave Clarissa.

At same time and place—a lot of ground, situated in faubourg Washington

YELLOW FEVER.—By virtue of a resolution adopted by the council, at their sitting of the 12th instant, the following physicians and druggists have been appointed by the mayor, to attend on indigent people, attacked by the epidemic, within the precincts of the first municipality:

	Physicians	Druggists.
1st Ward,	Messrs. McNeil....	Messrs. Manceau,
	Kennedy,	Sickles,
2d do	Coursault,	U. David,
	Natili,	Pinac,
3d do	Gaillardet,	Pinguet,
	Valetti,	Metge,
4th do	Bailly,	Serres,
	Vionett,	Landes,
5th do	Brugnot,	Vignes.
	Rhodes,	

☞ MR. GURY, having returned from the country, offers his sincere thanks to his friends and fellow-citizens, who, with a zeal worthy of all praise, assisted the firemen in rescuing from the flames his furniture and goods, in the fire from which he suffered on the 9th inst. a20-1t

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, August 20, 1839.

We observe no change in the market for the last two days. We have no sales to report. Prices are as last reported.

EXPORTS.

To Scotland—Per brig Christiana, ballast.

To Havana—Per schr Henry Clay—93 bbls pork, 40 do beef, 1355 kegs lard, 4 bxs tobacco.

Matamoras—Per schr Southerner—72 bbls flour, 11 bales hay, 100 kegs butter, oil, medicines, 2 bbls tobacco, linens, hardware, pickles, wine, prints, cassimeres, cress, drills, &c.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

Per steamboat Paragon from Louisville—24 pcs bagging to A Fisk, 4 do, 64 coils rope, Franklin & Henderson 1 bd mchinery J Thayer & co; 53 hhds tobacco Tate & Hopkins; 6 do Rogers, Gray & co; 107 pcs bagging, 130 coils rope, 6 Bell; 41 do, 250 pcs bagging, Parsall, Ruman & co; 2 do do, 250 coils rope, Lapp & Aterling, and sundries to M White & co, Sturtevant Bayliss, W B Brough.

Per steamboat Tuskina, from Vicksburg—120 bales cotton Rickey & Hadley; 40 M Pleasants & co; 2 (new) Merrill Jennings & co; 6 (new) N & J Dick & co, 3 Keys & Roberts, 16 A H Wallace & co; 2 Burke, Watt & co; 10 boxes cigars, J Duncan & co.

Per steamboat Swallow from Cincinnati—176 coils rope, 271 pcs bagging to Bogert & Hamilton, 31 brls whiskey Mulford & Sigerson; 6 brls pork 2 bells Ogden & Southgate. 1 roll pelly Hyde & Gaston; 8 bdls wire 12 bxs glass, 1 do tobacco Latham Smith and Voorhees; 1 box 1 cask pipes Bacon & McClure; 500 brls potatoes and apples, 100 sacks potatoes, owners on board.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

SALES OF STOCKS.
NEW YORK STOCK-EXCHANGE, Aug 10.

6 shares	United States Bank	110
50 do	do	110
23 do	Vicksburg Bank	35
15 do	do	35

NEW YORK MARKET, Aug 10.—Ashes. The article is dull at former rates. Sales at making of pots at $4 *third* 25 pearls remain at $4 Bags, 5c.

Bacon—Hams have declined to 10@12c shoulders 8@9 smoked beef, 12c.

Cotton—The state of the cotton market is about the same as our last report, except the low grades of upland, of which there is some offering in the market at a little lower price, say ½c less. The sales have been 11 of Upland, 2 of Mobile, at 10@9¾ including 100 bales at 14. 100 New Orleans at 10½. 50 Florida, 10@9¾. Total, 272 bales, principally for home use.

Coffee—The transactions were in a fair extent and principally for home consumption, without material change in prices. The sales embrace for the last week about 1500 bags Brazil, at 10@12—70 Laguayra at 12@13½ 250 Java at 13@14 and 100 Cuba, at 9c generally on 1 mos credit also, 300 St Domingo, at 9½ cash.

Dye Woods—The transactions were entirely confined to campeachy logwood, including about 300 tons at 24c cash, and 30 tons at 1 mos. The market is heavily supplied with barks, which is without demand.

Fish—About 900 quintals of codfish have changed hands in the course of the week, at from $4 75@5 cash. Shad are dull. No 3 mackerel at $16 7 and $14 50 for small and smoked herrings at 9c cash.

Flour—A further advance has taken place since our last. Western is selling at $6 6@6 75 with a fair demand. Ohio sells at $6 25@6 37. The stock of southern and the arrivals are light. Richmond country, $6@6 12. Fredericksburg, $6. Georgetown, $6 37@6 62. Rye flour is unquoted at $4 50@5 per barrel and continues to be in good demand.

Grain—The new wheat continues to arrive, 16 of Indian & North Carolina have been sold at 117 and 20 of Indiana at 120. A little old wheat is offering. Rates are 110@115 for Indiana and foreign rye has been sold at about $12 50 cash and nine tons to arrive—New Orleans being 56@58c weight and other states and prices, 50@55c northern, 54@56.

Lard—The demand is light. Sales of prime quality (tierces) at 10@10½ northern, for immediate delivery.

Naval Stores—North country turpentine sell at $2 25@2 37½ and tar at $2 37½@2 50.

Oil—Nothing doing in whale. Some further sales of linseed have been made at 72@73c. 6 mos.

Provisions—Since our last there has been a slight improvement in pork, and sales of Ohio were made at 16@17; to-day holders offer 16 at 17 for Ohio, and 16@17½ for mess, and prime 14. Beef is very dull, we quote mess at 11, prime at 9@9½.

Rice—We have no change to notice in this article. The transactions comprised about 300 tierces at $4 50 for ordinary, and 4 75, cash and mos, for fresh lots.

Sugar—There is a fair demand for prime sugars at full prices, the lower and middling qualities are heavy, and prices a shade lower.

Tobacco—The demand this week has been light for all kinds of tobacco, about 600 hhds sold at 10@12c. The new leaf for cigarettes is small, and holders are firm. A few sales took place of the manufactured article at the old rates, from 12@30 Cuba tobacco was sold at 10@12c, Manila at from 9@25, and the quantity small. 300 bales of the new crop 86 lbs average tobacco was sold yesterday at about 22c superior quality.

Tea—Twenty chests Oonangs sold yesterday by Austen and Co, on a long credit, for cheaper young hyson, at 60@70c.

Wool—The sales of Saxony fleece have been quite small, at 21@24c. Other fleece has been in good request, at 50@55c for superior Ohio, and 45@48c for common. Pulled wool is in good request, at 30@35c for Lehigh, and 40@45c for Ohio. Foreign wool is quiet, at 30@35c for Cassia, Leghlin, and picaninnies.

Exchange on England, 109¾ @ 110.

LATEST DATES.

New York	Aug 10	London	July 11
Boston	Aug 9	Liverpool	June 25
Philadelphia	Aug 10	Paris	June 5
Washington	Aug 10	Havre	July 9
Baltimore	Aug 10	Bordeaux	July 8
Charleston	Aug 14	Marseilles	July 4
Havana	Aug 10	Tampico	July 18
Houston	Aug 8	Vera Cruz	June 3

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS

CLEARED.

Brig Christiana, Bullard, Turks Island. G Bertrand
Brig Henry Clay, Patterson, Havana. R Gruning & co
Schr Southerner, Gaylord, Matamoras. D Goldsmith

ARRIVED

Steamboat Tuskina, Woods, from Vicksburg
Steamer Swallow, Anders, from Cincinnati
Steamboat Paragon, Ragland, from Louisville

MEMORANDA

Steamer Swallow left Louisville 10th inst
Steamboat Bar, and hailing Passed at the
Steamboat Duke of Orleans, and Alabama passed
Tuskina, at Alexandria

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE ...

Brig Geo Washington, for sale, and ... the ... state of low ... Georgetown 6 Bedford ... Brig B Greene, Langton, 14 days from New Orleans, arrived yesterday

Ship Tiger, Beard, 11 days from New Orleans, at ... arrived ...

Vessels up for New Orleans—ships Arkansas, Dennis, sails Monday 12th inst. Greenhills Marks, Ocmulgee, Leavitt, to sail soon. Troy, Wood, Richmond, Lapham, Galway, Bell, with despatch.

Wind fresh from N W. 2 ships and 1 brig left down in ...

PASSENGERS

Per steamboat Paragon 20 in the cabin
Per steamboat Tuskina, Messrs Kerr and Ale... ...
Per steamboat Swallow, Miss Lum, Mrs Lum, Mrs Ra... ... selle, A W Campbell, Dutrlie, Cam and Mrs Hegner

☞ J. B BLACHE begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has taken the store No 58 Chartres street, where he will commence auction sales, on Wednesday next, the 21st, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Sale days Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.

Grocery sales in Canal street, near the Custom house, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday a23-1t

☞ The ship CREOLE, Cormier, master, from Havana, is discharging this day, opposite Toulouse street. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee. a19

☞ U. S. MAIL LINE BOATS—Passengers travelling by this line are hereby notified that the boats will leave the lake end of the rail road on the arrival of the 11 o'clock cars, from and after this date. a14-6t J W BREEDLOVE, contractor.

☞ During our temporary absence from the city, Mr Joseph A. Beard is our accredited agent for the transaction of all business.
a16 (Signed) WM C TOMPKINS & Co.

☞ During the absence of the undersigned, Mr CHA'S. B. BATTELLE is our authorized agent.
a13-1w CHAS & E BERNARD.

☞ CHARLES R. GLYNN is our authorized agent during our absence from the city
jy 8 N F COMLY & Co.

☞ Mr. MARCUS B. VOORHEES, is fully authorized to transact ... during our absence from ...

A MERICAN GOLD—$2,000 in half, and quarter eagles, for sale by
a22-3t ROBINSON & Co, 45 Camp st

BANK OF PORT GIBSON POST NOTES. For sale by ROBINSON & Co,
a20-3t 45 Camp st.

UNION BANK OF MISSISSIPPI POST NOTES—Wanted by ROBINSON & Co, 45 Camp st
a20-3t

LIFE PRESERVERS—200 life preservers, for sale by W C TOMPKINS & Co,
a20 91 Common st.

PLASTER OF PARIS—300 brls calcined plaster of Paris, for sale by G BEDFORD,
a20 22 Bienville st

HYDRAULIC CEMENT—500 brls, for sale in lots to suit purchasers, by
a20 GEO BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st

ROMAN HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—250 brls for sale by GEO BEDFORD,
a20 22 Bienville st

LIME—500 brls Thomaston stone lime, for sale by GEORGE BEDFORD,
a20 22 Bienville st.

POTOMAC HERRINGS—150 brls fresh Potomac herrings, for sale by
a20 G BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st.

IVORY TABLETS—In very convenient and portable form. For sale at the New Orleans stationers' warehouse. NORMAN, STEEL & Co,
a20 14 Camp st

BEANS—75 barrels superior white beans for sale, corner of St Charles and Common streets, by
a20 R UNDERHILL.

SALT—Coarse and fine Liverpool salt in good order, and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, apply to a20 ALEX PARK, 85 Common st

SOAP—400 boxes Gould's No 1 soap, for sale by
a20 WHITRIDGE & Co, 76 Magazine st

CANDLES—350 boxes sperm candles, for sale by
a20 WHITRIDGE & Co, 76 Magazine st

BROGANS—40 cases extra kip brogans, for sale by a20 WHITRIDGE & Co, 76 Magazine st

SHEETINGS & SHIRTINGS—100 bales sheetings and shirtings, for sale by
a20 WHITRIDGE & Co, 76 Magazine st

LIME—1200 barrels lime, 100,000 tiles from Nantz for flat roof, for sale by GOBET & LAROCHETTE.
For the lime, apply at the corner of Canal alley and St Ferdinand street.
For the tiles, apply in St Peter street, between Robertson and Villere street a20-8t

SALT—Turk's Island salt, landing and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. Apply to
a20 ALEX PARK, 85 Common street

MESS PORK—200 barrels mess pork, for sale by
a20 JOSEPH LANDIS & Co

PRIME PORK—100 barrels prime pork for sale by
a20 JOSEPH LANDIS & Co.

CANVASSED HAMS——Superior canvassed hams in hhds, tierces, and barrels, for sale by
a20 JOSEPH LANDIS & Co

PLASTERING HAIR—30 casks, for sale by
a20 G BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st

EXCHANGE on Louisville for sale by
a20 WM G HEWES & Co, Natchez st.

MEXICAN DOLLARS purchased by JAMES HEPBURN,
a20 Corner Canal and Camp streets.

EXCHANGE on Havana for sale by
a20 R GRUNING & Co.

SOAP—300 boxes No 1 Boston soap, for sale by
a20 G GREEN & BRO, 26 Camp st.

MEDICAL CONSULTATION——Francois Barelle, a graduate of the Board of New York Physicians, a member of the Botanical, Chirurgical and Medical Society of New York, lately arrived in this city, offers his services to those who will honor him with their confidence.
Doctor B. will give consultations, at his residence, free of sickness, as well recent as chronic.—Advice will be given to indigent persons.
a20-1w 14 D.P.M. st

Manufactu... per also, comp... sale at the New Orle... NORMA... IMPR... N...

SEALED PROPO... the 25th inst., for the construction of a half story on each of the four stores in Chartres street, between Toulouse and St. Louis.
The whole conformably to the plans and devices which may be seen at the office of the cashier.
a19 L BERNARD, Cashier.

FLOUR—200 barrels fine flour, in store, for sale by a 19 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee.

MEXICAN MULES, HIDES & LEAD—Just received per schooners Emblem and Philippine Rose, from Matamoras, 20 picked Mexican mules; 27½ hides and 19,60 lbs at lead, the mules are in extra ... ing to purchase mules, are ... JOHN BELLEU ...

Notice—For ... Mare, well made and large ... good trotter, has a very agreeable pace, ... and suitable for the ... Apply to Mr. Aimee Pinegay's stable, ... street. a19-3t

YOUNG MEN'S ... ARD ASSOCIATION OF N. O. ... bers will attend a special meeting on Tu... ing, 20th inst, at eight o'clock, at the ... tel. By order of the president,
a19-2t P BREEDLOVE, Sec'y.

FLOUR—... fresh superfine, in store, for sale by
a 10 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee.

LARD—... of land, in store, for sale by
a 19 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee.

COFFEE ... Havana green, in store, for sale by ... G DORSEY, 44 New Levee.

BUTTER—... gs western butter, in store, for sale by ... G DORSEY, 44 New Levee.

EXCHANGE ON HAVANA for sale by ... CULLU, LAFEYRE & Co.
a19 27 Toulouse st

EXCHANGE ON PARIS & NEW YORK, CHATELANAT, Gravier street, St Charles hotel.

CUBA TOBACCO—112 bales Cuba tobacco landing ... sale by J W ZACHARIE & Co, 88 Customhouse st

SHELLWORK—5 cases of shell work, consisting of baskets, flowers &c. landing, and for sale by
a19 J W ZACHARIE & Co, 88 Customhouse st

EXCHANGE on New York. Drafts on New-York at 60 and 90 days.
a19 ANDREW ... S, 50 Camp st.

BOOTS, SHOES A ... ANS—100 packages landing from ... his, for sale by
a19 R G HO... Customhouse st.

DESK AND PAPE... HITS—For sale at the New Orleans ... arehouse.
a19 NORMAN, ... Co, 14 Camp st

MARBLE BACK ... G CARDS—For sale at the New-O... lioners' warehouse.
a19 NORMAN, ... Co, 14 Camp st

BOOKS ...

... cargo of ... bushels Turks' Island ...
a19 J W ZACHA...

TO RENT ... lately occupied ... & Co. For ... CAR...
a 19 ...RAN & Co. 15 St Louis st.

GOLD AND ... A beautiful ... leans stationers' ... NORM...
a19 ...NCIL CASES—... sale at the New-Orleans stationers' ... & Co, 14 Camp st

YOU... E GUARDS.

BACON—30 hhds sides and shoulders, for sale by
a 17 MAHARD & SIGERSON, 38 N Levee.

TAR—600 kegs tar, 50 barrels do, in good order for sale by W E & R MURPHY,
a 17 139 Old Basin.

TO STEAMBOATS—Pitch pine wood, of the best quality, and 300 barrels rosin dross, for sale by W E & R MURPHY,
a 17 139 Old Basin.

RUM—20 barrels pure N. E. rum, landing from ship St Louis, and for sale by LAMBERT BERCIER & Co.
a 17 63 Old Levee, corner St Louis st.

BRANDY—40 barrels brandy, first proof, landing from ship St Louis, and for sale by LAMBERT, BERCIER & Co.
a 17 63 Old Levee, corner St Louis st.

OIL—10 barrels refined whale oil, a superior article, landing from ship St Louis, and for sale by LAMBERT, BERCIER & Co
a 17 63 Old Levee, corner St Louis st.

MUSTARD—150 dozen mustard, in half pound canisters, and in bottles of various sizes, in store, and for sale by LAMBERT, BERCIER & Co
a 17 63 Old Levee, corner St Louis st.

CANVASSED HAMS—50 tierces canvassed hams; 10 hhds do do; 10 brls do do, for sale by
a17 MAHARD & SIGERSON, 38 New Levee

CAPITAL PRIZE, 100,000 DOLLARS!

LOUISIANA LOTTERY.
CLASS, FOR 1839.

Determined by the drawing of the Maryland Town Hall Lottery, Class 1, for 1839, to be drawn in the City of Baltimore, on WEDNESDAY, September 26th, 1839, at 4 o'clock, P. M.
[*Under the superintendence of Commissioners*]
B. S. GREGORY & Co, successors to
YATES & McINTYRE, Managers.

BRILLIANT SCHEME.

1	Prize of $100,000		$100,000
1	" " 25,000		25,000
1	" " 10,000		10,000
1	" " 8,000		8,000
1	" " 6,095		6,095
1	" " 6,000		6,000
1	" " 4,000		4,000
10	" " 3,000		30,000
20	" " 2,000		40,000
20	" " 1,500		30,000
50	" " 1,000		50,000
50	" " 500		25,000
62	" " 400		24,000
63	" " 200		12,600
63	" " 150		9,450
63	" " 140		8,820
126	" " 100		12,600
126	" " 80		10,080
3654	" " 100		146,160
28436	" " 50		1,421,800
27811	Prizes,		$1,929,705

75 Numbers—12 Drawn.
Tickets $20. Shares in proportion ... ber for single tickets, address the Gregory & Co. 35, Canal street.
☞ Tickets for sale until Tuesday ... ber 1st. Drawing received on the 3d ... a17

BACON—Sides, hams ... ders, in store and for sale by ... LEN, ...dras st.
a17

SALT—1000 sacks ... alt, for sale in lots to suit purchasers. Apply to
a17 ALEX PA...

EXCHANGE on Baltimore, for sale by
a17 J W ZACHARIE & Co