NEW-ORLEANS BEEF.

[illegible]

HENRY CLAY,

OF KENTUCKY,

[illegible] National Convention

NEW-ORLEANS:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 31, 1839.

We [illegible] on the opinions of a correspondent in relation to the article published in Monday's Bee. [illegible] a different view is taken from [illegible] We agree respecting the evil [illegible] in regard to the remedy. The combination of institutions to maintain the prices of the staple [illegible] corporations. If the cotton [illegible] manufacturers, the banks, [illegible] must be held back this [illegible] consumption. In the meantime [illegible] shipped and exported, the [illegible] to a ruinous extent. It is to [illegible] to leave the regulation of the value [illegible] natural laws of trade. Experience [illegible] of monopolies of any kind every kind are [illegible] in their operation almost invariably [illegible]. The great principle of uniformity between supply and demand seems the only safe regulating power in the cotton trade.

[illegible] proposed remedy were both practicable [illegible] it may be held in the interests of [illegible] resort to it. We can raise cotton in this country [illegible] to sell it at a lower rate [illegible] Hence we should refrain [illegible] with other states for the purpose of [illegible] price. It is the interest of Louisiana [illegible] at a rate which will enable her to [illegible] trade without loss but which will have [illegible] collect upon the other cotton growing [illegible] must be never used to carry into effect [illegible] of the banks. How is it to be in [illegible] Bank [illegible] of post notes. The [illegible] Castle Garden, in this city, was on the ground with "cut and dried" speech, but it was deemed inopportune to let him blow off the steam. The fact of the New York address was now evident. No speech was therefore made, and the mahogany retired in sullen silence.

A dinner was prepared for the president and a select few of the knights of the bed-chamber, of which number Mr. Edmunds was one. Mr. Van Buren had employed *quantum suffit* of Slam, Bang & Co's. hugging while here. The democracy, for this reason, was [illegible]

[illegible] Bee [illegible] Monday [illegible] Montgomery [illegible] about 9 o'clock, to be on fire. She [illegible] immediately run on shore, but nothing was saved [illegible] lives of the passengers and crew. The cargo was entirely consumed.

[illegible] CORRESPONDENT

New York, July 30th, 1839.

You have probably seen an attack upon Governor [illegible] in the New Era in which the writer charges Mr. Seward, with having written, "*in disrespectful terms* [illegible] reply to the locofoco committee which invited him to visit this city, for the purpose of participating in the ceremony of receiving the president.—Now, all who know the governor, must know that he is incapable of rendering himself obnoxious to such a charge. It was, therefore, supposed, that the committee, as an act of courtesy, would have had the goodness to publish the correspondence. But this they have not done; and thus, indirectly, are giving countenance and support to the slander.

An anxiety has pervaded the whig community, that the public mind should be disabused on this subject; but the *modus operandi* has been the difficulty, and while the "*gray-beards*" of the party are thinking, the young men's general committee have convened, and as I understand, appointed a sub committee, respectfully to ask of the *governor*, a copy of the correspondence for publication. This is as it should be.—The seal, and the unabating ardor of the young men of the State of New-York, secured the *nomination* of Mr. Seward. Having nominated him, they bore him triumphantly through a most contested *election*; having *elected* him, they are tenacious of his honor, and are now in the front ranks, defending and sustaining him against the vile calumnies of a profligate and unprincipled party. In the hands of such men the people may safely repose every confidence.

The *sea serpent* has, undoubtedly returned on a visit to his Boston friends. He has been seen three times within a few days. The last time on Wednesday, the 17th, off Nashant, by the officers and crew of the revenue cutter. The sea was calm and smooth, and the monster for some minutes within two lengths of the vessel.

Very little change in the stock market to-day.—Some a shade lower, and some a shade better. On an average about the same as yesterday.

Three, P. M., no signal for a steam ship from Liverpool.

THE EXAMINER.

New-York, July 21st, (Sunday) 1839.

On Friday the 19th the president was received at Hudson, with locofoco honors. It was a *chilly* affair, as might have been expected, after the refusal of the city corporation, the firemen &c. to unite in the ceremony. Mr. *John W. Edmonds*, who addressed his excellency at Castle Garden, in this city, was on the ground with "cut and dried" speech, but it was deemed inopportune to let him blow off the steam. The fact of the New York address was now evident. No speech was therefore made, and the mahogany retired in sullen silence.

A dinner was prepared for the president and a select few of the knights of the bed-chamber, of which number Mr. Edmonds was one. Mr. Van Buren had employed *quantum suffit* of Slam, Bang & Co's. hugging while here. The democracy, for this reason, was permitted to dine *below*. But here was "*High Life below stairs.*"

The Safety Fund Banks of this state, have renewed their contract with the State Bank, the Merchants' Bank, and the Leather Manufacturer's bank of this city to redeem, as heretofore, their paper. This arrangement will contribute to relieve the pressure upon these interior institutions, and thus promote remittances from the country, greatly to the advantage of the New York merchants.

Post three o'clock, P. M. and no signal for the *British Queen* or the *Great Westerd*. The mail closes in ten minutes.

THE EXAMINER.

[illegible] LITERATURE is not quite so prolific as usual. Few works of a high character have of late been issued, though some are forthcoming which, from the reputation of their authors, will doubtless command extensive popularity. Among other new publications, are the concluding volumes of lady C. Bury's "Diary of the Times of George the Fourth," that spawn of hoary scandal and malignity, the first part of which has been so seasingly cauterized by the pen of Brougham. It is a work which, from the extracts we have perused, we would deem a disgrace to British literature. Its whole object seems to be the ferreting out and exposure of the peculiloes of high life, magnified into monstrosities by the microscopic organs of her ladyship. Its "damnable hints and diabolical insinuations" against queen Caroline, clothed in the guise of a pulsing sentimentality and a Mrs. Candor-like horror of detraction, prove it to be the emanation of one of those shallow dealers in superficial malignity, that can only court popularity by calumniating the unfortunate.—Some of the English papers treat this book in a merited style of indignant denunciation.

The life of Gracian, the Irish orator and patriot, is announced by his son. D'Israeli is busy at a new novel entitled "Alarcos. Temptation, Cranmer, the Lions and the Flying Dutchman, are the titles of other works which are speedily to make their appearance.

To the Editors of the Bee.

Mr. Bradford says in his published letter assailing us that.

In conclusion, the Bee may be assured that it Jacob Barker, or his clients will request or authorise, under their own signatures the publication, the whole correspondence between the superintendent of the branch mint, and the director at Philadelphia, and the treasury department at Washington, which resulted in the late investigation, and which contains all the subject matter of enquiry, and covers the whole ground, shall be presented to the public in the columns of this Bee or not.

Mr. Bradford must have a very limited view, or suppose the public to be destitute of ordinary intelligence; he writes to the director, charging the co-officers with high crimes, the director, not understanding, or unwilling to condole in his statements, replies, propounding entirely questions, to which Mr. Bradford answers, who appeals to the government to have Messrs. Tyler and Maxwell removed; they continue inexplicable, and unanswerable questions, which investigation proves, *not* to have occasioned, *beyond a possibility of doubt*, that Mr. Bradford was mistaken, that the facts were not as he had alledged, and yet he tells the Committee that the report of the investigation, which cannot contain a word of the testimony, *covers the whole ground*.

If I have made any errors, why does not Mr. Bradford continue to deal with the testimony? No one will think me as weak as to have intentionally exposed myself to prostration, as a statement not sustained by the testimony would do.

That there may be no mistake between Mr. Bradford and myself, I have, that the book of original entry of business received, had two leaves torn from it, the leaves torn up and thrown into the fire place, that the book was not paged, therefore, the detection would have been very difficult but for an accidental circumstance, that four of the entries on those leaves were not copied into the remaining leaves; that when the transaction was detected and exposed by Mr. Maxwell, the Director called the attention of the clerk to get another book and disuse the old one; when my proposition was concurred in, I ordered the porter to get another and to my surprise he returned in about an hour with the weigher's book sewed up.

Ques. By whom was it concurred in?

Answ. Both by Mr. Demitry and Mr. Parker.

Ques. When did this happen?

Answ. May 21st 1839.

Ques. Who crossed the entries in the original book?

Answ. Does not know.

Ques. Did you ever enquire?

Answ. I asked Mr. Demitry why it was done, and he satisfied me that the entries were erroneous or informal.

Ques. Did he inform you when this informality was discovered?

Ans. No.

Ques. Do you not believe, from your conversation with Mr. Demitry, that he crossed those entries?

Ans. I understood Mr. Demitry to approve of them.

Ques. Was the original book sent to the stationer's for the purpose of having the lettering of the new book to conform, or for what other purpose?

Ans. It was sent solely for the purpose of the dimension and lettering, that they might conform; not for the purposes of similar binding and marbling.

Ques. Do they not both conform in the size, binding, marbling, lettering and number of leaves?

Ans. They do; and the excited my surprise when the porter brought it. The porter reported that the stationer said that it was the last that he had, and that he was lucky in getting it.

Ques. Do not the ruling and the pages and the paper conform with the original book?

Ans. They do.

Ques. Are there not in the original book 499 pages?

Ans. Yes.

Ques. Are they not, with the exception of the pages above enumerated, as written on, fair and in a condition to receive entries?

Ans. Yes.

When the books were finally produced to the commissioner (at the close of the investigation,) you will notice the reluctance with which the "*sewed red book*, the weigher's book whitely, the book of original entry just aside was produced, and when brought forward you will see in the attempts to disown it, another weak device of these men.

Mr. Demitry states, after giving a list of books exclusive of the original weigher's book, that "these are all the books kept in the treasurer's and weigher's office, there is a bullion ledger sent from Philadelphia, to which no entries have been made, the ruling not corresponding with the form, and from Philadelphia also, there is another bullion ledger purchased here, but in which no entries have yet been made; some of the heedings, however, are put in, owing to want of time and not wishing to deviate from the forms sent from Philadelphia, without further instructions."

Mr. Demitry being called on in behalf of Mr. Maxwell, for the original weigher's book, produced it with the following declaration: that the clerk spoke English and said book as appertaining to the treasurer's office."—He refers for further illustration to his testimony on that subject.

This discarded book you will recollect that Mr. Bradford testified was the original weigher's book of the treasurer's office. How could Mr. Demitry's wish for new instructions from Philadelphia have retarded the posting into the new ledger present at Mr. Williams, on the 17th February, which had doubtless been ruled according to the forms sent from Philadelphia, the want of which ruling in the ledger sent out having been the cause of rearing the new ledger."

The reader will bear in mind that Mr. Bradford in the publication under his signature, in the Louisiana of Wednesday, the 24th July, 1839, states, that his application for the removal of Mr. Maxwell, "was principally for plotting the displacement of the weigh-master."

The weighmaster was Mr. Demitry, the treasurer's chief clerk; the books about which he testified, appertained to the treasurer's department, and the superintendent takes upon himself the whole affair, and counsels with the clerks and not the chief of that department; the good old man, the treasurer, seems to have been totally neglected, and it did not appear during the whole investigation that he had been made acquainted with the liberties taken with the books and accounts of his department.

Mr. Bradford's talk about plotting was to create a doubt as to the honesty of Mr. Maxwell, he was more direct in his testimony, and when what he said under oath, on that subject, shall be read, every honest man will exclaim monstrous!!!

Your obedient servant,

JACOB BARKER.

[REPORTED FOR THE BEE.]

COUNCIL OF FIRST MUNICIPALITY.

Sitting of Monday, July 29, 1839.

The roll being called, 17 members answered to their names.

A message from the mayor informed the council that he had vetoed the resolution respecting the bayou port warden. The mayor remarked that it was adverse legal to adhere to the ordinances already in existence on this subject.

The council sustained the veto.

Mr. Lesseps was appointed member of the sinking fund committee, *vice* Mr. E. Forstall, resigned.

Mr. Cabocha, director of the college of Versailles, asked that a committee might be appointed to assist in the examination of his pupils.

The recorder appointed Messrs. Luxenberg, Lesseps, Cruzat, Preval and Dorlocourt, on this committee.

Mr. Guirot offered Messrs. Marot Ducros, E. Morphy, and A. Ducros, as his security for the office of treasurer. The council accepted the security.

A letter was read from Mr. L. Dubreuil, a cabaret keeper, asking the reimbursement of a fine of $50, incurred for having sold spirituous liquors to slaves.—The demand of the petitioner was granted.

A letter was read from the committee of the third municipality on the resolution adopted by the council to throw the filth gathered in the streets, in the river at the wharf at the foot of Esplanade street. The committee was of opinion that this measure was attended with the double disadvantage of diminishing the depth of the river, and of impairing public salubrity.

A proposition of Mr. Lusenberg to have the offal thrown in the midst of the stream, by means of a boat with a double bottom, was unanimously rejected.

On motion of Mr. Lambert,

Resolved, That the filth arising from the cleansing of the streets, shall be, as heretofore, thrown in the rear of the city.

On motion of Mr. Preval,

Resolved, That the sum of $500 be paid to Mr. E. A. Canon, attorney, in a note at one year from date, with interest at 5 per cent, for his fee in the suit brought by the United States, against the city of New Orleans.

On motion of Mr. Lesseps, repertorie the committee on finance.

Resolved, That the sum of $300 be paid to Mr. Ph. Guesnon, ex-treasurer, in a note at one year after date, to indemnify for the losses incurred by the exchange and payment of municipal bonds.

The resolution was adopted—yeas 11, nays 4.

On motion of Mr. Lesseps,

Resolved, That the sum of $380 be paid to Mr. Davis, attorney, for his services in the suit by the municipality against Barnett and others.

A series of resolutions, presented by Mr. Crossman, for the paving of Customhouse street, from Royal to Bourbon street, was referred to the committee on paving.

The council no longer forming a quorum, adjourned till Monday next, August 5, at 5 o'clock, P. M.

THE CROPS in Mississippi will, it is supposed, be materially injured by the heavy rains which have fallen.

BANK OF LOUISIANA

New Orleans, July 29, 1839.

To the Editors of the New Orleans Bee:

Gentlemen—By order of the Board, I hand you annexed, the general statement of the bank this day.

Very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

WM. E. LEVERICH, Cashier.

GENERAL STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF LOUISIANA.

To capital of the five branches,	$2,000,000 00	
Bonds and notes bearing mortgage,	1,610,017 13	
Notes and bills discounted and negotiable,	1,457,840 88	
Loan by discounts to state of Louisiana,	800,000 00	
Loans on pledge of stocks	359,170 00	
Bills of exchange,	308,177 69	
Mississippi marine & fire insurance co. stock,	30,000 00	
		4,960,613 89
Exchange, notes and bills protested at parent bank, old account,	60,917 80	
Do. do. new account,	99,806 45	
		160,724 25
Specie on hand,	494,278 30	
Notes of other banks,	66,684 87	
Amount due by the five branches,	164,996 09	
Amount due by bank,	66,263 66	
		792,860 85
Louisiana state bonds, second series, ($600,000, due July 1, 1839, redeemed,	439,000 00	
Protest account,	308 93	
Real estate sold J. R. Wolf,	10,800 00	
Thomas Wilson & co, London,	2,207 41	
Bank estate,	66,746 19	
		26,417 62
By capital stock, (limit $4,000,000) paid in,	$3,997,569 00	
Stockholders, *other than the state*,	32,850 46	
Profit and loss account,	846,792 19	
Notes in circulation,	394,488 00	
Bills payable,	34,580 00	
Amount due banks,	96,083 52	
Baring, Brothers & co, London,	58,351 83	
Louisiana state bonds, 2d series, ($600,000, due 1st July, 1839, (amount to be applied of dividend declared this day, $60,000) amount provided and applicable to redeem said bond,	530,000 00	
Dividends unpaid,	13,783 13	
Dividend No 26, declar'd this day,	150,876 00	
		173,592 13
Individual deposits,		346,289 42
		$6,417,374 62
Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans, July 29, 1839.		

WM. E. LEVERICH, Cashier.

Estimate of the profits of the Bank of Louisiana.

By balance of profit and loss,	$756,968 60	
Discounts, exchange and interest received at parent bank and branches for last six months,	293,774 56	
		$1,040,738 36
Deduct—		
Interest on amount due to stockholders other than the state, for the last six months, at the rate of 5 per cent,	654 89	
Interest on the account with the administrators of the sinking fund for 5 months to 1st July inst when balance of that account $368,550 39, was applied as follows, to payment Louisiana state bonds, second series,	6,899 99	
Expenses parent bank and branches,	37,689 39	
Dividend No. 26, declared this day,	150,876 00	
		194,010 18
Balance of profit and loss account,		$846,728 18
Estimated losses, viz:		
On exchange, notes and bills protested at parent bank, old account, $60,917 80; do. do. new account, $99,806 45	160,724 25	
Do. do. at five branches,	30,000 00	
Mississippi Marine and Fire Insurance Com'y. stock—office in liquidation,	30,000 00	
Probable amount of premium on sterling exchange, to pay interest on $1,980,000 00 state bonds, next 12 months,	5,509 00	
		196,417 80
Amount reserved towards the January dividend,	90,000 00	
		286,417 80
Estimated surplus,		$560,310 38

[Errors excepted.]

Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans, July 29, 1839.

WM. E. LEVERICH, Cashier.

SALES AT AUCTION—THIS DAY.

By J. Levy, 53 Magazine street, at half-past 4 p. m.—oil paintings, &c.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, July 31, 1839.

Our city is excessively dull—trade in every department languishes, and it is with some difficulty we collect material wherewith to make a report of the market. The season approaches for most of buyers of the cotton prices asked. We have to note one sale however of 76 bales at 7 mos. at 13½c. We hear of no sales of flour. The asking prices are $6 50 to $6 75, but buyers are scarce, and will note but operate at the prices high prices. Corn has advanced, owing to there having been but very diminished receipts for several days past. Most of the corn in the market is held in store at 56 to 58c, at which rate the market is very dull. No change in provisions—dull at 6½@7½ for mess pork, and 6½@6½ for prime ditto. We note the sale of 120 barrels of rye whisky at common whiskey at 62, rectified in gold in small lots at 65@70, 280 barrels claret wine, French importation, was sold at auction on the 29th instant, at $2 per box.

EXPORTS.

Beeves—Per barque Albion—Bullock.

Pecans—Per packet Rio Grande—Half a half do 3282 bags nut.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

Per steamboat Manchester from Red River—160 extra corn and sundries to R. Williamson and order.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

SALES OF STOCKS.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, July 21.

43 shares Harlem Rail Road, ... 11¾

26 shares Vicksburg Bank, ... 26

25 do do 26

PHILADELPHIA, July 20

24 shares United States Bank 26

18 do Girard Bank, 10 days dat 67

100 do do Vicksburg, 30 days 26

100 do do ..... 30 do 26

100 do do ..... 30 days 26

1 do do 26

35 do do 26

Second Board.

30 shares Vicksburg Bank ..... cash 26

PHILADELPHIA MONEY MARKET, July 20.—The stock market has closed this week with a decided tendency to decline, except in one or two lines. Our best city stocks are declining in price. Vicksburg sold at 26, at which price it is offered.

The money market continues gloomy and is an unpopular state. The best paper is heavy at 1½, and much than 1 per cent is offered at 1½ per cent, a month.

BALTIMORE MARKET, July 29.—Exchange—Sales of bills on Amsterdam at 45½ cents for guilder. On London there are no drawers at present—we quote nominally at 9@10½ per cent.

Sugar—Small order of sperm, at 6¾@7c.

Coffee—About 1000 bags of Rio have been sold at prices ranging from 11¾@11½ cents. Moderate sales of inferior Rio at 11½. In Baltimore, of which the stock is first hands is but a few hundred bags, is held at 12c.

Flour—Sales have been made at $6 50 for Ohio, and 17th and the latter 19th inst.

The ships Cabinet, Cherokee, and schr Fulton for this port, cleared at Boston 19th inst.

Important to owners of vessels.

Article 1. All foreign ships entering the ports of this kingdom in ballast, and loading a full cargo of salt, shall be free from the tonnage duty. See—Foreign ships entering into the ports of this kingdom in ballast, and taking out again in ballast a full cargo of salt at another of our ports, are exempt from the tonnage duty.

Article 2. All foreign vessels entering the ports of this kingdom under Prussian, in order to complete their cargoes with salt, shall pay the duty of 1/0 rels per ton.

Article 3. All foreign vessels entering the ports of this kingdom to discharge cargoes of merchandise, and here load a full cargo of salt, shall pay the duty of 100 rels per ton.

Article 4. All foreign vessels which (having paid the duty in one of the ports of this kingdom) sailed in ballast to another port of the kingdom, in order there to take a full cargo of salt, are entitled to receive back the duty paid in the first port, with the deduction merely of 100 rels per ton, on producing to the competent authority of a legal certificate of said payment.

Article 5. The disposition of the article 7th of the royal decree of 16th Nov. 1836, relative to the payment of tonnage duty on Portuguese vessels, are applicable to the articles 2, 3 and 4 of the actual law.

Article 6. All former legislation contrary to the present law is hereby repealed.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamboat Manchester—Messrs Judy, and 2 children, Wagner and son, capt J Claborne, Boucherville, Wilson and Lewis.

Per Mr. G. N. PALMER, formerly of Gelston, Illinois, is now in this city, he will confer a favor by mailing known his residence, address office, or through the post office, to [jy31] WM. C. JONES.

Per M Moore, GRIFT, brothers, are in town, there are requested to call at the subscriber's office, No. 78 St. Louis street. A. ST. GEORGES. jy31

Per Mr. CENOT is requested to call at the subscriber's store, to receive a box of goods, brought by the Marengo. F PERRET, 59 Toulouse st. jy 31

Per The ship MARENGO, from Bremen, J J Lartin, master, is now discharging opposite the vegetable market, first municipality. Consignees are requested to take out their permits and remove their goods.

jy 31 F PERRET, 59 Toulouse st.

Per NOTICE—Mr. Montgomery, consignee for 50 cases wine per brig GRENVILLE, Hermes, master, from Marseilles, and Mr. T. Major, are requested to claim, this very day, their goods in default of which they will be deposited at the custom house.

T VATINET & PORTZ.

jy 31-1t 97 Main st.

Per NOTICE—The ship OHIO, Gallagher, master, from Philadelphia, is now discharging below the beef market. Consignees are particularly requested to attend to the receipt of their goods, as the vessel will not be accountable for any goods that may be damaged by rain, or miscarried. N F COMLY & Co.

jy 30 97 Camp st.

Per Consignees of goods per ship OHIO, from Philadelphia, marked J. B. M. W., Armstrong, A. Chibb & Co. care of L. Covey and W. J Oliver will please make their residences known to the discharging clerk. N F COMLY & Co.

jy30 97 Camp st

Per We learn that Mr. Aguado, Marquis of Las Marismas, has sold for a considerable sum to Messrs. Clemenceau & Co., of Bordeaux, the vintages of the estates of Chateau Margaux, of which he is sole proprietor.

jy30-1t

Per The brig CHARLES EDMONDSTON, from Havana, is discharging opposite the red stores. Consignees will please take permits, and attend to the receipt of their goods.

jy27 RICKER & HADLEY.

Per Packet ship MISSISSIPPI, from New-York. This vessel is now discharging opposite the vegetable market. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods. jy26

Per CHARLES R. GLYNN is our authorized agent during our absence from the city.

N F COMLY & Co.

Per Mr. MARCUS T. VOORHEES, is fully authorized to transact all business for us during our absence from the city.

jy1 3m VAN WYCK & Co.

FOR SALE at private contract on the most reasonable terms, the well known fashionable COTTAGE, situated on the bayou Tchoupitoulas at the termination of the Bath rail road and fronting on the avenue of the town of Bath, only 1000 feet from the Bath rail road depot. The cottage, together with the land upon which they stand, consisting of 37 lots each 20 feet front by 120 feet deep. The whole is well ditched, a great part is under cultivation as a vegetable garden and is superior to any thing in Louisiana for a spring garden, as the vegetable is in timothy grass and very eligible for raising stock. The property offers great advantages for a market garden, as the rail road cars run to town three times daily. The cottage being a place of good resort of sportsmen, secures to a purchaser a good income. It is doubtable with the sale of the finest growth. The whole as per plan now exhibiting at the St Louis exchange.

For terms which can be made every way satisfactory, apply to James Hamel on the premises.

Should this property not be disposed of at private sale before the 5th of August next, it will be sold at auction on that day, at 12 o'clock, in the rotunda of the St Louis Exchange, by J A Beard, Esq.

The set of sale to be made, at the expense of the purchaser, to Mr. Marks, Esq., not pub. jy31 6t

FOR RENT—A large lot of ground 64 feet by 126 feet deep, situated in Levee street, one square below the Pontchartrain railroad, suitable for shipyards or carpenter's shops, and will be rented low to a good tenant. Apply to

BUNFORD PERKS,

jy31 cor Poydras and Tchoupitoulas st

$50 DOLLARS REWARD.—Ran away on the night of the 9th or 10th of July, the mulatto boy KENSEY, twenty-one years old, about five feet nine or ten inches high; he has small feet and speaks English and French. The above reward will be given to whoever will lodge him in prison, by giving notice to the subscribers J H FIELD & Co

New-Orleans, or to M D BRINGIER, Parish of Ascension.

jy 18-1pwtf

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Jean Sauvage vs. his creditors for a respite—First Judicial District Court—No. 18,008—On filing a supplemental petition herein, it appears to the satisfaction of this court that the meeting of the creditors of Jean Sauvage, which was ordered to take place to-day at the office of Joseph Cuvillier, esq., notary public, be postponed till the 19th of August next, at ten o'clock A. M. before the same notary.

By order of the court, this 30th July, 1839.

jy31-3t P. LEBLANC, dep. clerk.

COAL—Now landing from ship Renown, from Philadelphia, a handsome lot of Lehigh and Peach Orchard coal, broken and screened, in hogsheads and loose by the barrel, for sale, in quantities to suit purchasers, by B & A SOULIE,

jy 31 55 Bienville st.

FLOUR—1500 brls fresh flour, for sale by

jy31 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee

LARD—1000 kegs leaf lard, for sale by

jy31 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee

FLOUR—300 brls fine flour, for sale by

jy31 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee

TENNESSEE MONEY, for sale by

jy31 JAMES PATTON, 9 Camp st

WHITE WINE VINEGAR—10 brls of very superior white wine vinegar in store, and for sale by

jy31 MUNFORD PERKS, cor Poydras and Tchoupitoulas st

CHEESE—30 boxes prime Goshen cheese landing from ship Mississippi, for sale by

jy31 R T LAWRENCE, 28 and 29 New Levee

BUTTER—15 kegs fine Goshen butter, landing from ship Mississippi, for sale by

jy31 R T LAWRENCE, 28 and 29 New Levee

SPERM CANDLES—50 boxes in store, and for sale by R T LAWRENCE,

jy 31 28 and 29 New Levee

FLAG STONES & ENGLISH FIRE BRICK, for sale by L MILLAUDON.

jy 31 140 Bourbon street

FRENCH BOTTLES—90 crates claret bottles, containing 140 each, in store, and for sale by

MUNFORD PERKS,

jy 31 Corner Poydras & Tchoupitoulas st.

EXCHANGE ON PHILADELPHIA—For sale by JAMES DENEGRE,

jy 31 16 Customhouse st.

SELTZER WATER—Genuine, for sale by the subscribers, LORELIE & VALETON,

jy 31 Corner Royal and Customhouse sts.

WESTPHALIA HAMS—Very fresh, having arrived in 48 days from Bremen, for sale by

LORELIE & VALETON,

jy 31 Corner Royal and Customhouse sts.

ASSORTED SYRUPS—Dried prunes, and a general assortment of articles, suitable for the season

LORELIE & VALETON,

jy 31 Corner Royal and Customhouse sts.

RECEIVED by ship Marengo, from Havre, a lot of fruitpastly assorted, for sale by

jy 31 F PERRET, 59 Toulouse st.

SCOTCH ALE—50 casks quarts and pints for sale by jy31 HOLMES & MILLS, Bank Place

SALT—1,500 sacks coarse and fine Liverpool salt, for sale in lots to suit purchasers, apply to

jy31 ALEX'R PARK, 86 Common st

DRIED APPLES AND CURRANTS—5 bbls and 5 kegs landing and for sale by

jy31 R T LAWRENCE, 28 and 29 N. Levee

BEEF TONGUES—20 tcs in store, for sale by

jy31 R T LAWRENCE, 28 and 29 New Levee.

LOAF SUGAR—50 brls assorted numbers, in store, for sale by R T LAWRENCE,

jy31 28 and 29 New Levee.

TEA—36 cases canister tea, in store and for sale by

jy31 R T LAWRENCE, 28 and 29 New Levee.

LONDON PORTER—30 casks best double brown stout, in quarts and pints, for sale by

jy31 HOLMES & MILLS, 9 Bank place.

CANNEL COAL—A superior cannel coal, for sale low, if taken from the Levee, apply to

jy31 HOLMES & MILLS, 9 Bank place

HOOP POLES—27,000 bbl. barrel and pierce hoop poles, landing between Jolie and St. Joseph streets, for sale by I BRIDGE

jy 31 134 Magazine st

GUNNY BAGS—35,000 2, 2¼ and 2½ inches in length, in bales and bundles, for sale by

jy31 I BRIDGE & Co, 134 Magazine st

BUFFALO AND CHICAGO.—Arrangements have been made to run the following boats between Buffalo and Chicago, leaving each port every alternate day, as follows:

Leaves Buffalo.			Leaves Chicago.		
July	27	25	July	29	Aug 1
Aug	8	26	Aug	17	Sept 2
Sept	10	26	Sept	18	Oct 4

GEN. WAYNE—Capt. AMOS PRETT.

July	29	28	July	27	Aug 3
Aug	11	27	Aug	19	Sept 4
Sept	12	28	Sept	20	Oct 6

JEFFERSON—Capt. THOMAS WILSON.

July	18	28	July	29	Aug 5
Aug	19	29	Aug	31	Sept 6
Sept	14	30	Sept	30	Oct 6

NEW ENGLAND—Capt. CHARLES BURNETT.

July	11	30	July	29	Aug 7
Aug	15	31	Aug	23	Sept 9
Sept	16	Oct 2	Sept	24	Oct 10

ILLINOIS—Capt. C. BLAKE.

July	16	Aug 1	July	24	Aug 9
Aug	17	Sept 2	Aug	26	Sept 10
Sept	18	Oct 4	Sept	26	Oct 12

JAMES MADISON—Capt. R. C. BENTON.

July	18	Aug 3	July	28	Aug 11
Aug	19	Sept 4	Aug	27	Sept 12
Sept	20	Oct 6	Sept	28	Oct 14

GREAT WESTERN—Capt. A. WALKER.

July	20	Aug 8	July	29	Aug 13
Aug	21	Sept 8	Aug	29	Sept 14
Sept	23	Oct 10	Sept	30	Oct 16

UNITED STATES—Capt. L. CLARK.

July	23	Aug 7	July	30	Aug 15
Aug	23	Sept 9	Aug	31	Sept 16
Sept	24	Oct 10	Oct	2	Oct 16

These boats are all of the largest class, and have accommodations for passengers equal to any boats in the world.

H. S. TANNER, GEOGRAPHER AND MAP PUBLISHER, No. 209 Market street, three doors above Eighth, Philadelphia.—Has just published a new and greatly improved edition of a fine sheet MAP OF THE UNITED STATES, and continuing British possessions, accompanied by a digested index on a new plan.

This map is projected on a scale of 30 miles to the inch, is 5 feet 4 inches long, and 4 feet 2 inches high. It exhibits all the counties in each state, the towns, roads, canals, rail roads—many of which have never been shown on any similar map. In it are embodied all government surveys up to the present time, comprising an aggregate area of upwards of 900,000 square miles of actual and accurate surveys. In addition to these important accessions to the stock of knowledge on the general geography of the United States, the map contains, in addition, the boundaries of Texas, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charleston, New-Orleans, and Cincinnati; besides the boundaries of their cities on extensive scales; rocks of all the principal ranges of mountains in the United States; maps of the Western Territory, extended to the shores of the Pacific Ocean; the outlet of the Oregon river, are also included within the boundaries of the map. Texas and the new Territories of Wisconsin and Iowa; together with copious statistical tables, which exhibit the area, capital, metropolis, date of constitution, time of stated meetings of the legislature, day of general election, and population of each state and territory of the Union.

This is the only map of the United States that contains the republic of TEXAS, which not only represents the various grants, but also the counties into which it is divided. This is the case with the plans of cities, no other map of the United States having any thing of the sort.

He has also recently published a new and elegant Universal Atlas, containing 53 maps of all the empires, kingdoms, and states in the known world, and a very complete Atlas Classic, comprehended in 53 maps, Chronological Charts, &c. &c.

Maps of the World and different quarters of the Globe, are constantly on hand, and subject to examination with the above, together with an extensive variety of pocket Travelling Maps and Guide Books, have also been published and are for sale by the publisher and agents.

jy31-2t

TOBACCO—200 bales manufactured tobacco, lbs. and small lumps of various qualities, for sale by ISAAC BRIDGE & Co,

jy31 134 Magazine st.

SOAP AND CANDLES—800 boxes tallow candles No. 1 soap, and 100 boxes tallow candles, assorted sizes, brands of Jackson & Trowbridge, for sale by

jy31 I BRIDGE & Co, 134 Magazine st

RECEIVED direct from Lyons and St. Etienne, by the Marengo, from Havre:

Lyons sausages,
Fowling pieces,
Pocket and dueling pistols,
8 gross percussion tubes,
Satin and other ribbons.

jy31-3t 108 Conti street, corner of Ursulines.

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS REWARD.—STOP THE THIEF!—On the 10th of July instant, THOMAS BWIGHT, left the employ of Messrs. Ward & Co, at Columbus, Miss., and feloniously took with him the money belonging to the company, consisting of August and 19 months past notes of the Mechanics' Union Bank. At Jackson he purchased a New Orleans Union bank check on the Merchants' bank of New Orleans, for $6,268, payable to Thomas Dwight or order, on the 1st of August, 1839, No. 1863, and dated July 13th, 1839, the residue of the money was exchanged by him at the Union bank for notes of fresh issue, and left New-Orleans on Sunday, the 14th instant, in the cars for Lexington, Miss., and has not been since heard of by his employers. He is a native of Connecticut, was formerly a merchant and storage broker at Augusta, Geo., also at Columbus, S. C., and since the 1st of August, Charlotte, North Carolina, at which place he failed in business, and in December 1838, came to Columbus, Miss., where he was employed by P. B. Shafto & Co., as receiving storekeeper. He is about 5 feet 8 inches of age, weighs near 130 pounds, about five feet six inches high, sandy hair and short red whiskers, light fair complexion; good teeth; light blue eyes; holds his head down under; usually wears a white hat and frock coat, and when walking or writing, walks in a quick, active manner, and has altogether a very quiet, peaceable and place appearance.

The above reward of $1,000 will be paid to any individual who shall secure the money, or any part, and deliver him to either of us at Columbus, or at any other point in the state of Mississippi.

P. B. SHAFTO,

SAM'L BUTTERWORTH.

Columbus, Miss., July 29th, 1839.

The Galveston Gazette and San Augustine Red Land will give the above six insertions, and forward their accounts to this office of the Mississippi Whig. jy 30

PECAN NUTS—20 bbls just received and for sale by J A BARELLI & Co,

jy30 64 Common st.

GIN—30 pipes Holland gin, of superior quality, for sale by J A BARELLI & Co,

jy30 64 Common st.

BRANDY—20 qr. casks French brandy, in st and for sale by J A BARELLI & Co,

jy30 64 Common st.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT—300 brls, for sale low to close consignment

jy30 J A BARELLI & Co, 64 Common st

SEGARS—50 m. segars, Vevey brand, for sale by

jy30 J A BARELLI & Co, 64 Common st

PORK—400 brls mess and prime pork, for sale by

jy30 ADAMS & HARTWELL, 36 Poydras st

BEEF—30 half brls mess and 4 do prime, for sale

jy30 ADAMS & HARTWELL, 36 Poydras st.

VINEGAR—30 half pipes white wine vinegar, for sale low by ADAMS & HARTWELL,

jy30 36 Poydras st

NEEDLES—300 m. of L. Hemming & Son's superior drilled eyed needles, sharps and betweens, just received and for sale by

jy30 FOLLARD & GREEN, 29 Chartres st

PEARL BUTTONS—1000 gross pearl buttons, suitable for the Mexican market, just received per ship Mississippi, and for sale by

jy30 FOLLARD & GREEN,