LATEST DATES.

New York........	July [illegible]	June 5
Boston........	July [illegible]	June 7
Philadelphia........	July [illegible]	June 9
Washington........	July [illegible]	June 7
Baltimore........	July 12	June 4
Charleston........	July 14	May 30
Vera Cruz........	June 17	May 26
Tampico........	June 21	July 13
Mexico........	June 9	July 5

COMMERCIAL.

REMARKS.

Business is now at a complete stand; there is nothing doing worthy of note; sales are confined to the wants of the city and vicinity, with the exception of the limited transactions in cotton and tobacco. The City and Levee are both dull and inanimate; those persons have left who intend doing so, and there are but few vessels, or steamboats at the Levee. We may say that the entire crop of cotton, tobacco and sugar are in, for what more is to come forward will arrive in small parcels, and the receipts when made up on the 1st of October, will not be much over what they are at this time.

The city remains healthy; the weather much the same as last week—pleasant with daily showers.

Money continues plenty, and readily obtained for good paper and a moderate rate of interest; but there is but small demand for it in these dull times.

Specie and bank notes of other states remain the same as last week; for rates we refer to table. Treasury notes are one half per cent lower than last week; they are still one half per cent under dollars. This is caused by the want for remittances, and likewise those drawing interest from date.

Specie is scarce, and very little demand for it at present.

There is very little Mississippi, Western or Alabama money offering, and not much United States to be had.

There has been a small advance on Exchange on London—we quote 11 a 12 per cent out doors—the principal sales 11½ a 12, and some sales have been made over those rates.

Exchange on New York at sight, 6 a 7 per cent; 60 days, 4 a 4½ prem.

Cotton—The transactions of the week amount to about 4000 bales, which may be considered a fair business for the season of the year, and the quality offered for sale, a large part of the cotton now on hand is shipping on owners account.

Mississippi and Louisiana cotton is scarce; what is now offering on sale consists principally of North Alabama and Tennessee; it is thought by some there has been a slight decline in prices of the latter quality—but we leave all our quotations the same as last week.

The exports are 690,004 bales against 567,394 to the same period last season, and 93,234 over the whole of last season.

The Exports stand thus:

		BALES.
Excess to British ports,		118,024
Short to France,	5,877	
North of Europe,	756	
Cowes & a market,	2,172	
Other Foreign ports,	972	9,777
Excess to Foreign ports,		108,247
Excess Coastwise		14,363
		122,610
Total last season,		596,780
To present time this season,		690,004
		93,234

The stock now on hand and on ship board not cleared, is about 56,000 bales.

Tobacco—The sales of the week amount to about 300 or 350 hhds at former prices; buyers are endeavoring to purchase at lower rates, and have been holding off for that purpose—the advance in freights likewise operate against sales. The stock now on hand and on ship board not cleared, amounts to about 10,000 hhds, and on sale from 18 to 1800 hhds.

The exports are 27,677 hhds against 26,032 to the same period last season, leaving a deficiency of 1645 hhds.

The exports stand thus:

	HHDS.
Excess Coastwise,	5,392
Short to Foreign Ports,	3,747
	1,645

Sugar—The principal part of the stock is now in second hands, the sales are small but our quotations of 6½ a 8 cts for good, 5½ a 6½ for inferior, fully sustained.

Molasses—There is very little now offering, but still enough to meet the demand, which has become quite limited—we quote it 30 a 33 cts per gallon.

Flour—The heavy stock now on hand has caused a further reduction in price—we now quote $5 75 a $6 per bbl. The stock is said to be from 35 to 40,000 bbls.

Corn—We find no change in the price of this article for some weeks—it still continues to sell from 75 a 80 cents per bushel.

Provisions—We find no change in prices with the exception of Lard which has advanced to 10½ a 11 cents.

Lime—Several arrivals within a short time has caused the price to decline to $2 00 per barrel.

Hay—There is none afloat, it is selling from store by the quantity at $1 25 per 100lbs.

Freights—The rates continue to advance; we quote Liverpool, 9d, Havre, 1½cts.

There are 38 ships and barks in port, only 4 of which are disengaged; of these there 26 loading, as follows; viz—13 for Liverpool—2 London—3 Glasgow—4 Havre—1 Marseilles—2 Cowes—and 1 for Boston—3, their destination not known, and 4 disengaged.

EXPORTS OF COTTON.

Since October 1, 1837.

CLEARED FOR	This week.	Previously.	BALES. Total.	BALES. Last year.
Liverpool........	5432	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Greenock and Glasgow	....	12651	12651	17957
Other British Ports....	....	123	123	1881
Total to British Ports	5432	[illegible]	468331	334307
Havre........	....	[illegible]	108991	111463
Bordeaux........	....	6417	6417	5666
Marseilles........	402	6174	6576	9112
Other French Ports........	....	3625	3625	5165
Total to French Ports....	402	125117	125519	131396
North of Europe........	....	7166	7166	7922
Cowes and a market........	....	48	48	2220
Other Foreign Ports........	797	10993	11790	12762
Total for Foreign Ports	6631	[illegible]	586864	486687
Boston........	525	37092	37617	38082
Other eastern Ports........	....	[illegible]	10825	11800
New York........	....	[illegible]	28418	21458
Philadelphia........	540	3712	6252	4709
Other Ports U. S........	128	3698	3826	2769
Total for Ports, U. S.	2193	[illegible]	93150	78787
Total........	8824	[illegible]	690004	567394

SPECIE.

Dollars........	¾ a 1 per ct prem
Doubloons........ Spanish	$17,00a17,25
Mexican........	16,50a16,75
American Gold........	1 a 10per Ct prem
Sovereigns........	$5,12a5,25

BANK NOTES.

U S Bank........	6 a 7½ per ct, prem	
Alabama........	9 a 11 per ct dis	
Mississippi—River Banks........	19 a 25	
Brandon and other banks,	35 a 45	
Kentucky........	4 a 5	prem
Ohio........	4 a 5	"
Indiana........	3 a 4	"
Illinois........	3 a 4	"
Tennessee........	7 a 8	disc
Treasury Notes........	½ a ¾ per ct prem.	

NEW ORLEANS PRICES CURRENT.

		$ C.	$ C.
Cotton.—			
Louisa Miss Good & Fine....	per lb	0 13	0 13½
Good Fair........	do	0 12½	0 12½
Fair........	do	0 10½	0 11½
Middling........	do	0 8½	0 9½
Ordinary........	do	0 7	0 8
Tenn & Ala—Good & Fine........	do	0 9	0 00
Good Fair........	do	0 10½	0 11
Fair........	do	0 9	0 9½
Middling........	do	0 8½	0 8½
Ordinary........	do	0 6	0 7
Tobacco.—First quality........	do	0 8	0 9
Second........	do	0 6	0 7
Crossed........	do	0 3½	0 5
Cuba........	do	0 22	0 28
Sugar.—New Orleans........	do	0 6½	0 8
Cuba—white........	do	0 12	0 12½
brown........	do	0 7½	0 9½
Molasses.—........	per gal	0 30	0 32
Bagging.—Western........	per yd	0 19	0 22
Dundee........	do	0 15	0 18
Bale Rope........	per lb	0 9	0 9½
Coal.—Western........	per bbl	0 56	0 62½
Liverpool........	do	0 00	0 00
Scotch........	do	0 00	0 00
Candles.—Sperm, N Bedford	pr lb	0 38	0 40
" Nantucket....	lb	0 37½	0 00
Tallow........	lb	0 15½	0 16½
Coffee.—Cuba........	per do	0 10	0 12½
Rio........	do	0 12	0 12½
St Domingo........	do	0 10½	0 11
Flour........	per bbl	5 75	6 00
Fruit.—Raisins........	per box	2 00	2 25
"	half box		
"	qr box		
Almonds, soft shell	per lb	0 13	0 15
hard do........	do	0 7	
Fish.—Cod........	per lb	1 25	1 50
Herring, per box........		0 75	0 87½
(D Salt	per bbl	0 00	0 00
(Pickled........	do	0 00	0 00
Mackerel, No 1........	per bbl	12 50	13 00
" No 2........	do	11 50	12 00
" No 3........	do	7 00	7 25
Grain—Corn in ear........	per bbl	0 87	1 00
shelled........	per bush	0 75	0 80
Oats—per bush........		0 60	0 65
Beans........	per bbl	3 50	4 00
Hay........	per 100 lb	1 12½	1 25
Hides—La & Miss........	per lb	0 5½	0 6½
Mexican........	do	0 8	0 9
Lead—Pig........	per 100 lb	0 00	0 5
Bar........			7
Lime—Western........	per bbl		
Thomastown........	do	0 00	2 25
Provisions:—			
Beef—Mess........	per bbl	00	00
Prime........	do	00	00
Pork—Clear........	do	00	16 00
Mess........	do	00	24 00
Prime........	do	00	22 00
Hog round........	do	00	17 00
Bacon—Hams........	per lb	0 00	0 00
Canvassed........	do	0 10	0 10½
Sides........	do	0 11	0 11½
Shoulders........	do	0 9½	0 10
Hog round........	do	0 6½	0 6½
Lard........	do	0 8½	0 9
Butter—Northern........	do	0 10½	0 11
Western........	do	0 36	0 40
Rice—Carolina........	per 100 lb	0 12½	0 20
Shot—assorted........	per bag	5 75	6 00
Soap No. 1........	per lb		
Salt—Liverpool blown........	per sack	0 7½	0 8
ground........	do	2 62½	0 00
Turks Island........	per bush	2 50	0 00
Spirits:		0 31	0 36
Brandy—French, 4th pr	per gall	1 37½	1 62½
American, 1st proof		46	0 50
Rum—New Orleans, 1st proof		40	0 50
Jamaica........		00	0 00
Northern........		1 50	0 00
Gin—Holland........		1 50	0 45
American........		40	0 45
Whiskey—Common........		45	0 47
Rectified........		34	0 36
		35	0 37½

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO,

Since October 1, 1837.

CLEARED FOR	Hhds. This week.	Hhds. Previously.	Hhds. Total.	Hhds. Last year.
Liverpool........	486	1505	1991	1932
Greenock and Glasgow........	....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Other British Ports........	....	[illegible]	2149	1989
Total for British Ports	486	2654	4140	3920
Havre........	....	1670	1670	1876
Bordeaux........	....	504	504	602
Marseilles........	....	773	773	699
Other French Ports........	....	....	....	30
Total for French Ports	....	3147	3147	3207
North of Europe........	....	1830	1830	5670
Cowes and a Market........	375	2154	2529	4130
Other Foreign Ports........	50	2538	2588	3104
Total for Foreign Ports	911	13332	14243	17961
Boston........	..	2159	2159	3314
Other Eastern Ports........	..	8	8	....
New York........	164	[illegible]	[illegible]	2481
Philadelphia........	33	1712	1745	927
Other Ports, U. S........	57	1103	1160	969
Total for Ports U. S.	254	13189	13443	8061
Total........	1165	26512	27677	26032

FREIGHTS.

To Liverpool, cotton per lb..........	9d
London, Tobacco per hhd..........	60s
Havre, Cotton pr lb..........	1½c
Hamburg—Tobacco, per hhd..........	$8 a 6d
Cowes and a market, tobacco per hhd	65s 0d
Northern pts in U S, cotton, per lb	1a1½c
Sugar—from the city..........	$3a3,50
Tobacco per hhd..........	$5

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

SALES OF STOCKS

NEW YORK, July 11.

50 shares United States Bank, $120

PHILADELPHIA July 11

11 shares U States Bank 120¼

THE MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 13.

The news has made no change in cotton, and in general the market is without change. Money stocks are lower. Philadelphia funds better and opinion changed with regard to resumption there, which is now expected with confidence.

NEW YORK, July 12.

Cotton—There has been a fair extent of business done since our last, but as some holders have been desirous to close sales, the prices have been a little in favor of the purchaser. Sales 2000 bales, of which 1600 were Upland at 9 a 13; 700 Florida at 9 a 17 a 18½; 400 Mobile 9 a 13½; 200 New Orleans 9 a 13½.

Molasses—The sales embrace parcels of prime N Iberia, at 40 cents; N Orleans, 36a39, and tart Cuba at 26 a 26½.

Sugar—The sales embrace parcels of white Brazil, at 9½a10½ cts for cash and 4 mos; brown Havana 7½ a 8½, and white do at 12, 4 mos.

Tobacco—In Kentucky leaf there has been something doing with considerable enquiry for shippings, but owing to the small stock and light arrivals shippers are not willing to pay the price demanded by holders. We note sales of 120 hhds at from 7 to 10½, the latter for home consumption. In manufactured tobacco there is but little doing, and no change in prices.

BALTIMORE, July 13.

Exchange—We quote bills on London today at 9 a 10 per cent.

Specie—We quote the broker's buying rates as follows: Dollars and half dollars 1½ per cent prem; Am Gold 3 per cent; Royal Doubloons $16 25; Patriot do 15 87½; Sovereigns 4 92.

Cotton—Sales of 50 bales Mississippi, fair quality, at 11 cts.

Flour.—We note a further decline in all descriptions.

Howard Street Flour—The receipts this week have been light, and the transactions limited. The uniform wagon price today is $7; and from stores dealers generally ask 7 50.

City Mills Flour—The sales of the week for export have been extensive at prices ranging from 7 25 down to 7. The stocks on hand are quite small.

Susquehanna Flour—Sales were made early in the week at 7 50; afterwards at 7 25; and more recently at $7.

Rye Flour—The wagon price today is $4 for 1st and the store price 4 37 a 4 50.

The inspections for the week ending Thursday evening comprise the following kinds and quantities.

	bbls	half bbls.
Howard street,	7073	60
City Mills,	1735	382
Susquehanna,	132	10
Total,	8939	452

Lead—A sale of 80 tons Missouri, at 5½ a 6 per lb, 6 mos.

Sugars—At auction on Tuesday, 150 hhds New Orleans were sold at 6 50 a 7; and 62 hhds Porto Rico muscovado at 6 70 a 7. We note sales of White Havana at 13 75.

Whiskey—Limited sales of hhds at 31 cents, and of bbls at 33 cts.

CHARLESTON, July 14.

Cotton—The operations of the week in the Upland cotton market, owing to the small stock offering, has been limited to about 1800 bales, of all qualities, which were readily taken at full prices; and in the middling descriptions, we think rather better rates have been obtained. The following is the result—6 bales at 8½ cents; 50 at 9½; 78 at 10; 26 at 9; 60 at 9½; 45 at 9½; 53 at 9½; 50 at 9½; 36 at 10; 274 at 10½; 484 at 10½; 10 at 10½; 127 at 11; 43 at 11½; 23 at 11½; 70 at 11½; 30 at 12; 7 at 12½; and 93 bales at 13c. In Long Cottons, we have no sales to report.

Rice—The transactions in the rice market the past week, have been confined to about 280 tres at prices ranging from $4 a 4½ per 100.

SAVANNAH, July 13.

Cotton—Arrived since the 6th inst, 1706 bales Upland and 26 bales Sea Island, and cleared at the same time, 5083 bales Upland and 345 bales Sea Island as follows:

To Liverpool 4273 bales Upland and 345 bales Sea Island; New York, 167; Boston 33; Charleston 550—leaving stock on hand, inclusive of all on shipboard, not cleared on the 13th inst of 11579 bales Upland and 178 bales Sea Island.

Since our last the demand for Upland has been very limited, and prices are nominal. The offering stock is very small. The sales amount to 478 bales, as follows: 4 at 7¼; 86 at 8½; 35 at 8¾; 75 at 9; 34 at 9½; 23 at 9½; 26 at 10½; 114 at 10½; 41 at 10½; 44 at 10½. In S Island we report sales of 17 bales stained at 9 a 10½ cts.

Receipts of Cotton at the following places since October 1st:

	1837	1836
Georgia July 13,	299728	214745
South Carolina, July 6,	227259	178108
Mobile July 6,	307876	230145
New Orleans July 6,	720500	569416
Florida June 23,	110241	80081
North Carolina June 16,	17315	16860
Virginia June 1,	31000	26164
	1763838	1304672

The following is a statement of the stock of cotton on hand at the respective places named:

	1837	1836
Savannah July 13,	11757	9026
South Carolina July 6,	17560	28440
Mobile July 6,	20195	10091
New Orleans July 6,	70087	44756
Virginia June 1,	4150	3500
North Carolina June 16,	3900	3400
Augusta & Hamburg July 1,	12209	26295
Macon July 1,	600	12000
Florida June 23,	9000	1000
Philadelphia June 30,	800	2190
New York July 4,	18000	18000
	168888	174407

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, June 7th, 1838

For some days subsequently to the 1st inst. the business in our cotton market was rather extensive, but the demand has been comparatively limited the last day or two, particularly today, and the low and middling qualities, of which the great bulk of the recent supply consists, are ⅛ per lb lower, with more offering than before, while fair qualities and upwards fully maintain former rates. There does not appear to have been any falling off in the recent improved demand for yarns, &c. at Manchester, but the dealers and consumers must pretty generally be well stocked with cotton for the present. The business since this week commenced on the 2d, is estimated at 28,000 bales, about 2000 of it to speculators, and 2000 for export.—The import of cotton into Liverpool since 1st January, is 753,000 bales against 568,000 to same period last year. The supply from the United States is 647,000, being an increase of 196,000. The stock in this port is estimated at about 388,000 of which about 308,000 is American. Last year at same period, the total stock was 333,000, of which 196,000, was American cotton.

Cotton.—Upland, ord. to middling fair 5½ a 6½; fair to good fair 6¾ a 7, good to fine 7½ a 7¾. Orleans, ord. to mid. fair 5¾ a 6¾, fair to good fair 6½ a 7¾; good to fine 7½ a 8½. Mobile ord. to mid. fair 5½ a 6½; fair to good fair 6½ a 7½ good to fine 7½ a 8. Tennessee ord. to mid. fair 5½ a 7½; fair to good fair 6¼ a 6½ good to fine 6½. Sea Island, 15 a 23d and fine 2s a 3s 6d

The demand for cotton this week has again been good, perhaps the sales will exceed 30,000 bales; nevertheless the price is no better. Indeed in some quarters cotton seems to be pressed for sale at rather easier rates. It is admitted at all hands that a very general improvement has taken place in the manufacturing districts; the demand for both goods and yarns has improved, as also the prices of the former. Still the feeling with us is not healthy, and the tendency of our prices downward. The holders of low cotton are the most anxious sellers. We ought to reduce our notations, but we let them as they are, for the present.

LIVERPOOL, Friday June 8.

The import of all sorts of cotton into the kingdom since the 1st January, to the 1st instant, amounted to 770 000 bales, against 646,000 received during the first five months of 1837; and of American separately the receipts were 659,000 against 466,000 bales. The stock in the ports of the kingdom at the same time appears to have been about 483,000 bales, against 474,000 the estimated stock at the same time last year; and of American cotton the stock amounted to about 313,000 against 245,000, showing a decrease in all kinds of 11,000 and an increase in American of 68,000 bales.

Such large buying, for so many successive weeks, without producing almost any improvement in prices, forms a new feature in our market, and we believe it is not too much to say that, had it not been for the superabundance of money, we must have been considerably lower than we are at present, perhaps one penny.

HAVRE MARKET.

HAVRE, May 31.

We have had another dull week in cotton; the sales up to yesterday comprising only 3300 bales, nearly two thirds of which were taken on the last two days. Previously the demand had been very languid.—Prices are pretty well sustained and holders generally firm. Sales this day 1800 bales. There is no improvement yet in the position of the spinners, and some serious embarrassments seem to be apprehended by the dealers, who are in the mean time very cautious in their operations and buy sparingly to meet the immediate wants of their customers. The stock is now, exclusive of three cargoes not reported, 75,896 bales, of which 71,086 are from the U States.—The stock last year on the same day was 91,500 bales, 77,331 of which were of American descriptions.—We quote Upland 74 a 107c; Alabama and Tennessee 71 a 1—c; Mobile 74 a 11 8c; New Orleans 75 a 1 17c.

HAVRE, June 1.

Cotton—863 bales Louisiana 83 50 a 106f; 178 do Mobile 78 a 94; 43 do at public sale 88 a 74; 233 do Georgia 83 50 a 98f 50c; 64 do Florida 88 a 98c; 27 do Virginia at public sale 72 a 80f; 168 do Pernambuco 125f.

HAVRE, June 2.

The sales of cotton today were 1144 bales, as follows:—100 bales Louisiana at 98; 58 do 95; 71 do 88; 50; 100 do 88; 51 do 97; 123 do 94; 33 do 96; 32 do 80; 13 do 95; 58 do 90; 28 do 88; 51 Florida 88.

HAVRE, June 2.

Our last advices were of the 31st ult per the Great Western, since which we have had a very small market for cotton, and although there has been no change in price, the demand has been principally for low kinds and the sales made in the last three days 3000 bales, viz: on the 31st May 1600 bales; 1st on the 1st June, and 800 on the 2d. Ashes are more enquired for, and Pots are improving; sales have been made of 150 bbls. to arrive per Rhone at 45f. 100 tore Carolina Rice, by the same vessel, has also been sold at a decline of 1f.

HAVRE June 7.

Cotton—954 bales Louisiana, 100 at 96 a 98; 115 at 78 a 87; 536 Mobile at 83 a 94½; 104 at 80; 77 Georgia at 89 a 95. 493 Pernambuco at 110 a 119; 117 Madras at 60.

Hides—1100 green salted calf at 47½.

Wax—1500 lbs N York at 190.

ANTWERP, May 30.

We have just learned that the Minister of Finance has decided that ships coming from places of production, are to be subject only to the duty of 80 cents, and not to two florins, for touching at Cowes. This is important to American vessels touching at Cowes for orders.

PARIS June 1.

Stocks—Fives 109 60 a 10 70, threes, 81 45; Bank of France 2790.

EXCHANGE.

PARIS, June 7.

Five per cents 109 95; Three per cents 80 15 80—Bank of France 2790, Bank of Havre 1110; Lafitte shares of 400f, 1120; shares of 500f, 1120; Naples funds 99. Spanish Active 22½. Stocks of all kinds are low today. The Five per cents are at 100 95, and the Three per cents with the coupon cut off today at 80. The Lafitte are the only stocks in which there is an advance. The industrielles are quiet.

LONDON, June 6.

STOCKS.

Bankers Quotations—N York state 5's, 1845, 92½ a 95; do 1860, 95½; N. Y. City 1860, 92½; Penn 5's, 1854-60, 92 a 94; do '62 to '65, 94 a 95; Ohio 6's, 99 a 103; Maryland 6's, 99 a 100; Mississippi 6's, 93 a 95; Virginia 6's, 97½; Louisiana sterling bonds 5's, 96 a 98; Indiana 5's, 86 a 88; Alabama 5's, 82 a 84; do sterling 5's, 95 a 95½; Florida 6's, 90 a 92; U. S. Bank shares £25

LONDON, June 7.

Consols have been during the morning at 93¼ for the Account; Reduced done at 94, at present 93½ 94. Exchequer Bills 60 67 70. India Bonds, nothing doing. Bank Stock 204½. India Stock shut.

In the Foreign Market Spanish Active, as in the early part of the day, 21½ 21¾ with coupons; Portuguese rather lower, 36½; Three per cents 24½; Brazilian 80½.

Three o'clock—Consols for Account 93½.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Tacitus, Russel, Liverpool,	July 19th. R Green
Sch Southerner, Gaylord, Brazos River,	W Bryan
Sch J Allyn, Smith, New York and Providence,	Master
Sloop Harriet, Hinds, Houston	Master
	July 20th.
Ship Orleans, Sears, New York	H O Ames
Sch Wm & Mary, Taylor, K[illegible]	Master
Sch Triumph, Chase, Bayou,	J W Zacharie

ARRIVED.

Tow boat Shark, Thomas, from the Passes, towed to sea ship Rienzi, bark Moro Castle, and Mobile, and schs Tiger and Alerta; brought up ship Caledonia, and brigs Cora and Alfred Tyler; left the N E Pass on the 18th at 9 A M.

Tow boat Grampus, Annable, from the Passes, towed to sea ships Ellen Brooks and Robert Pulsford, and brigs Frances Amy and Omar; brought up ship Saracen, and sch Henry; left the S W on the 19th inst, at 11 A M.

Tow boat Hudson, Lignel, from the Passes; towed to sea ships Montpelier and Eagle, brig Catherine and schs Henry Clay, Lydia and Despatch; brought up ship Steiglitz, brigs Harriet Brainerd, Alpha and Sisters, and schs Pantaloon and Wm Read.

Ship Steiglitz, Gibson, from Liverpool May 27th, to master.

Ship Saracen, Devereaux, from Liverpool June 3d, to master.

Ship Caledonia, Coffin, 20 days from Georgetown, D C, to J A Merle & co.

Brig Alfred Tyler, Carter, 21 days from Boston, to master.

Brig Cora, Curtis, 20 days from New York, to master.

Brig Alpha, Thomas, 7 days from Havana, to R Gromng & co.

Brig Harriet Brainerd, Preble, 26 days from Charleston, to F Ghaul & co.

Brig Sisters, Coverdale, (for Philadelphia, return ed in consequence of having unshipped her rudder going down under canvass.

Sch Wm Read, Nichols, from Wiscasset, Me, to master.

Sch Pantaloon, Saunders, 25 days from Baltimore, to master.

Sch Henry, Clark, 6 days from Matagorda, to master.

Steamboat Levant, Laurent, from Bayou Sara.

Steamboat Brian Boroihme, Griffin, from Shreveport.

Steamboat Hannibal, Mosely, from Jonesville.

Steamboat Echo, Brasher, from Cincinnati.

Steamboat Isabella, Walker, from Mobile.

Steamboat Giraffe, Sutter, from Pascagoula.

EXPORTS.

Per ship Tacitus—951 bales cotton and 232 hhds tobacco.

Per sch Southerner—groceries, provisions, &c.

Per sch J Allyn—137 bales cotton, 2010 pigs lead and 25 bbls whiskey.

Per sloop Harriet—sundries.

Per ship Orleans—702 bales cotton, 142 hhds tobacco, 3083 pigs lead and sundries.

Per sch Wm & Mary—250 bbls flour, 100 bags corn and 50 kegs lard.

Per sch Triumph—52 hhds tobacco and 500 sacks corn.

IMPORTS.

Per ship Caledonia—2 slaves, mdze and military stores.

Per ship Steiglitz—rail road iron.

Per brig Alfred Tyler—300 ice.

Per brig Cora—curb stones, lime, hay, &c.

Per ship Saracen—mdze, hardware, &c.

Per brig Alpha—sugar, coffee, tobacco, segars, &c.

Per brig Harriet—government stores.

Per sch Wm Read—paving block.

Per sch Pantaloon—asst mdze.

Per sch Henry—38 bales cotton, 2 trunks clothing and 1 bundle bedding.

CONSIGNEES.

Per ship Caledonia—J W Zacharie & co; A L & J L Addison; Price, Johnson & co; Dr F Lambert; Maj J Clark; and J Stevenson.

Per brig Alfred Tyler—Bowditch & Stanton.

Per brig Cora—J A Barelli & co; F Forgey; Labedie & Jacquelin.

Per ship Saracen—Schmidt & Wamer; Coit & co; P Shannon & Bro; A & J Dennistoun; A Grant; R & J Correll; Hyde & Comstock; Lambeth & Thompson; E Sinet; J A Merle & co; Gas Light Bank; and order.

Per brig Alpha—A Castillo; R Gromng & co; F Laborde; Scmidt Warner; J Cabel o, Curcilu, Lapeyre & co; A B Prieur; A Delpauch; and order.

Per sch Wm Read—D Aiken.

Per sch Pantaloon—D Adams; Burke Watt & co; R Lawrence; R D Shepherd; R H Mc Gill; Sacerfield, Lambeth & Thompson; Forsyth, Gostman & co; F Laralde; Harris, Clegg & co; G H Mc Dowell; Falkner, Stanton & co; and order.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

Per steamboat Levant—42 bales cotton, [illegible] do M White & co; 21 bbls molasses, Adams & [illegible] all; 1 lot casings, J Leeds; 11 boxes and 2 casks Steen, and 1 doz spades, Gaylord, Stewart, and [illegible] to order

Per steamboat Echo—40 hhds [illegible] 302 bbls flour, 26 kegs lard, 2 bbls [illegible] do and 3 bbls beef, G Dorsey; [illegible] tarle; 171 do Hadden & Hall; [illegible] 300 bbls flour, Earl & Budenden; [illegible] co; and sundries to order.

Per steamboat Brian Boroihme—30 bales cotton, J B Lee & co; 5 do Stewart & Cobb; 6 do Peyroux, [illegible] & co; and sundries to owners on board.

Per steamboat Hannibal—20 bales cotton, M White & co; 4 do to order; 16 do Allan Asher & co; 176 bbls flour, 76 hhds tobacco, Forsyth & Limerick; 4 do A Prieur; 75 bbls whiskey, Layet & Amelung.

PASSENGERS.

Per ship Saracen—Miss Card and mrs Smith.

Per sch Henry—Mrs Townsley, Ewing, Moreland, Belknap and Lippard.

Per brig Alpha—Mrs Hora, Cruz, Hickling, Sabala, Lewis, Pulug, Dobere, Sherman and Lavdue.

Per brig Harriet—Hemphill, Weaties, Collins, J Siddon and 2 sons.

Per steamboat Echo—Ford, Lockett and 2 servants, Miller, Homes, Davies, Weaver, Desmares, Hoyle, Cardot, Hoolry, Smelter and Jones.

Per steamboat Brian Boroihme—E Lanve 3 ladies 2 children and servants, P H Taney lady and servant, Dr S P Russell, Cable, Sanford, J Burke, A Burke, H Jane, Barlow, Rachawl and Fanichen.

Per steamboat Levant—W Kernan, Brady, Irnieky, Verbois, Crane, Cain, Brooks, Landry, Blake, Hetcher, Morris, Hoya, Piantevigne, Hickey, McElaw, Festel, Fitzpatrick, Muse, Brown, W H Barrow, W H Barrow, J Marcos, Goodby and servant, Menart, Henry, Dorican and lady, mr and mrs Orr, mrs Preu child and servant, mrs Livingston, miss Dezel, E Forstall, Burrat, Manade and Lossigne.

MEMORANDA.

Vessels spoken—Lat 27, lon 86, Eliza Warwick 5 days out hence for Liverpool; lat 23 45, lon 89, Joseph Hankey, Edmondston from Baltimore for St Marks.

The ship Caledonia spoke off the Tortugas on the 9th inst, sloop Rosetta, hence for New Bedford, she hoisted a signal of distress which induced Capt Coffin to go 15 miles off his course, when all she wanted was to enquire her longitude.

The brig Alfred Tyler, 14th inst, spoke ship Creole 150 miles from the Balize, 5 days out.

Ship Saracen was becalmed 6 days off South Point; 17th inst, spoke ship Queen Adelaide, hence for Liverpool, off South Point.

Sch Henry left at Matagorda sch Helen for this port.

[By the Express Mail.]

Cleared for this port, New York July 12th, ship St Mary, Foster.

Hence at Boston, July 10th, brig Castor, Flitner; 11th, brig Gen Bolivar, Rogers; brig Washington, Weston.

Cleared for this port, Boston July 11, ship Charleston, Dill.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Havre June 3, ship Elliott, from New York, up for New Orleans; June 1st, sailed for this port ship E M Miller.

Hence at Nantz, May 30, the Arno.

Off Dover, June 3, Fanny, hence for Stockholm.

Marseilles, May 27th—Up for this port, the South Carolina.

Hence at Liverpool, June 3d, Woodberry, Cutting.

Hence at Hamburg, May 31st, Neptune, Dallman.

Sailed from Liverpool, June 2, for this port, Saracen, Devereux; Saxon, Mansfield.

Havre, June 9—ship Bolivar, Temberton, for New Orleans, 20th June; Zoleff, Perris, do.

SPOKEN AT SEA.

Lat 31 19, lon 74 30 W, brig Impulse, Coombs, hence 12 days for Porto Rico; 24th June, lat 25 41, lon 88, brig Charles Joseph, Frost, from New Orleans for Leghorn; off Carysfort Reef, June 28th, sch Echo, Brown, hence for Thomaston.

DISASTER.

An American brig was seen June 4th, lat 37, lon 37, with both masts gone about 8 feet above the deck; she was about 150 tons, painted green and yellow.

NOTICE.—The Creditors of the direction of the Marigny Theatre, are requested to present their accounts at the house of Mr Viosin, purchaser of the said theatre, on Royal street, between St Ann and Dumain, and receive the amount of their claims.

The subscribers will apply at the office of Mr Mezelid Thomas, Exchange Alley, for the balance due them. By order of the Direction.

july 19 A. LANUSSE, Manager.

NOTICE.—WILLIAM C NORRIS having withdrawn from the concern of W C & T Norris, the business heretofore conducted by them, will be continued under the firm of T Norris & Co, at 38 Chartres street, by the undersigned.

THADDEUS NORRIS of Philadelphia,
WILLIAM S MOUNT }
W T THROCKMORTON } of N Orleans.

N B. All persons indebted to the late firm of W C & T Norris, are requested to pay their accounts to Norris & Co, who are duly authorised to act for them.

New Orleans, July 16, 1838. july 19—28t

THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY J. BAYON, PRINTER FOR THE STATE, AND FOR THE FIRST MUNICIPALITY.

NEW ORLEANS:
SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1838.

MURDER OF GESPI BARBA.

A few days since, a crime as atrocious in its conception, as it was revolting in its execution, was perpetrated in the parish of St. Bernard. The mere outlines of this horrible murder have been previously given, but diligent enquiry having since put us in possession of all the circumstances connected with the affair, we hasten to lay them before our readers.

Fifteen days before the commission of the murder, one of the accused, named John O'Neill, repaired to the house of one Welsh, who is likewise an accomplice, and asked for lodgings. Some days after, he returned to Welsh's, accompanied by Michael Tolls, who had arrived recently from Mobile, and requested Welsh to accommodate him. Two days subsequently, Tobin, one of the accused, passed opposite Welsh's house, in which O'Neill, Welsh and Tolls were at the time. One of them exclaimed "there is Tobin," and Tolls crossed the street and followed him.

Soon after this occurrence, Tobin presented himself to Welsh, and after taking a glass of grog, requested him also to furnish him with lodgings, declaring that he did not wish to live any longer with O'Neill. Welsh wished to know the reason. Tobin replied that O'Neill had purchased twenty-five calves' heads from a man whom he had induced to bring them to the Port of Orleans, and that he, after selling them, had runaway without paying for them. He, Tobin, did not wish to be implicated in this business.

In fine, Tobin, O'Neill and Tolls resided together at the deponent's during some days. O'Neill and Tolls went out every evening. One night Welsh saw them enter with a white jacket, hat and other articles of clothing. He asked them how they had been obtained? The reply was, that they had lost $300 by their negligence, but that meeting an individual on the road, they had vented their auger on him and had fixed him. Tobin, it must be observed, never left the house without a bar of iron, which he carefully hid within his sleeve.

Eight days before the murder, Welsh, Tobin, O'Neill and Tolls were seated on the staircase in the house. They complained of business, and O'Neill observed that times were so hard that he was then worth less than on his arrival in New Orleans. He then continued as follows:

"Some time ago, I went with Adams to a Spaniard's house; the negro who waited on us with something to drink, informed us that there was a trunk under his master's bed, so heavy, that it required three men to lift it; himself to raise it, when the floor was secured. He also told me that he knew the negro, as he had concealed him in his house at one time during three successive days."

"The best means of doing the business," continued O'Neill, "will be to visit the spot in a carriage, and there to take all the necessary steps."

After some deliberation, it was decided that O'Neill should go and hire a carriage. This was done. He returned to Welsh's house at 8 o'clock in the morning, and the four accomplices repaired to Barba's. Welsh and Tolls left the carriage and went into the Spaniard's house, while O'Neill and Tobin entered the neighbouring plantation, and interrogated the inhabitants as to whether they were acquainted with a certain Wilkinson, who, as they pretended, owed them money. On the return of the others, they declared that they had not been enabled to find the individual whom they sought. They then began drinking, and asked the clerk if he could provide dinner for them.—This was done; Welsh paid for their repast. O'Neill then asked for the old man. The reply was that he was in bed. "I ask you this question," said O'Neill, "because I have lately arrived on board a flat boat, and have some whiskey for sale." "How do you sell it?" "Forty-five cents a gallon." "I have some cheaper than that," was the answer and there the affair ended. They offered a dollar to the coachman to drive them to the English Turn, but he replied that his horses were too much fatigued. They therefore entered the carriage, and returned immediately to Welsh's.—It was then that they commenced elaborating their infernal project. One of them assured the others that the night was the most propitious period for its execution. O'Neill observed, however, that he had already been twice at Barba's, in company with Adams, in a yawl which they had stolen from a ship in New Orleans, but they had invariably found too many people there to enable them to strike the blow. A discussion arose on the subject between the four. O'Neill then proposed a game of cards, saying that the winner would determine whether night or day should be selected. This singular proposal was accepted. Tolls was O'Neill's associate, while Welsh was Tobin's partner. O'Neill was the winner, and the expedition was fixed for the next day; but the time it failed, as the wretches had not yet completed all their preparations and had not obtained firearms and other weapons.

On Thursday they had arranged their scheme somewhat better: arms were procured and distributed among them, with the exception of Tolls, who had left them in the morning after an altercation which had occurred between him and O'Neill. The expedition then was composed of five men, to wit, O'Neill, Welsh, Tobin, Adams, and an individual named James Waters. The day preceding the perpetration of the crime, Welsh repaired to a stable situated in Girod street between Carondelet and Baronne, and hired a wagon and a saddle horse for the following day.

The next morning Tobin rose at an early hour, purchased some brandy, and declared that it was time to prepare every thing. Six o'clock had just struck—O'Neill next made his appearance, went in search of Adams and soon returned with him. Tobin was sent for the wagon, but it was refused without previous payment. Welsh gave him 4 dollars, and the wagon was finally obtained. When they had breakfasted, the arms being wrapped up in a cloth, were deposited in the wagon. Welsh alone entered the wagon and drove to the establishment called the Union House, in Champs Elysées. The others were already there with a person who proved to be the man called Waters. Welsh was invited to descend and take a drink, after which he re-entered the wagon, and repaired to a stable in St. Charles street. The band were there already. Two horses more were hired, and Welsh left in company with Tobin as far as the railroad. They all met once more at the cotton press, and stopped again near the barracks to drink. At about half a mile from Barba's house, they once more halted and divided the arms. They left one horseman's pistol in the wagon which was too large for convenient use. They then started, leaving Tobin and Welsh only in the wagon. At a small distance from Barba's house, Tobin descended.

Having arrived opposite the Spaniard's dwelling, Tobin, Adams, Waters and O'Neill entered immediately. Welsh dismounted from the wagon at about the distance of a quarter of a mile, and went towards the house. He ordered the negro to bring him something to drink, went and lay down awhile beneath the shade of some trees, then arose and drank a second time. At this moment O'Neill entered Barba's room, Welsh heard the report of a fire-arm, while at the same time Adams pushed the negro by the shoulder towards Welsh, crying out "do you take care of him." Welsh, however, refused, and Adams replied that the death of two persons only was necessary. (He probably alluded to Barba and the young man, as they could have felt but little anxiety with regard to the negro man and woman, knowing their testimony to be valueless.) Waters was then appointed to take care of the negro. The latter, however, escaped almost immediately, and was pursued by Welsh as far as the spot where stood the wagon; Welsh fired at him with a pistol but missed his aim.

During these events, the clerk who was behind the counter, attempted to escape but stumbled and fell near the door. One of the assassins seized him, passed one hand round his throat, and with the other adjusted the muzzle of the pistol on his temples so as to be certain of his aim. At the very instant that he was about to fire, the negro woman, who hearing the noise, had run forward, armed with an axe, or a shovel, pushed the door violently, which on opening, struck the villain, and made him stagger back. The young man who had already escaped one shot and who was spared so fortunately a second time, profited by the momentary confusion, and fled to the dwelling house of Mr. Ducros. Adams fired at the negro woman, and wounded her slightly.

In the meanwhile the murderers commenced the work of plunder and secured the trunk which was the object of their cupidity, and the inducement to their crime. They forced it open, but found to their inexpressible disappointment, that it was divided into two compartments, one containing clothing, two dollars and various objects of little value; the other was carefully closed. They had no time to lose in opening it. The negro and young man had probably given the alarm, and their immediate departure was necessary. They accordingly took it to the wagon, but after proceeding some distance, the horse fell from fatigue, and they were obliged to abandon it. Having encountered a negro man who was driving a carriage, they entered it, and were conducted into town as far as the second municipality. But they were not thus destined to evade the stern retribution of offended justice—the police had already received notice of their misdeed and were on the track of the assassins.

The Captain of the Guard of the Third Municipality, having been informed that the wagon had been left on the road, caused it to be removed and restored to the proprietor, Mr Hill. The latter, assisted by the guard, repaired the next morning to Welsh's house, and there arrested Tobin. It is somewhat curious that Mr Hill was ignorant of the murder, and of the supposed connexion of Tobin with its commission. The Captain of the Guard had deemed it more prudent to say nothing on the subject; and Mr. Hill, while apprehending an assassin, thought only that he was arresting a debtor. The next day, the Captain of the Guard being told that O'Neal was at Welsh's, went there immediately and had him seized. Welsh himself had been taken previously. A few days after, traces of Adams were discovered, and by dint of constant and active pursuit, this miscreant was arrested in a street in the Lower Faubourg, between Morales and Urquhart.

Waters alone escaped. He had obtained possession of two pistols, the only articles of which Barba's house was robbed. The sale of these objects will, doubtless, procure him the means of evasion. Such is a simple statement of facts in this atrocious affair. Its surpassing fiendishness is matched only by the ferocity of the murderers, for it is established that on the very evening of their abortive attempt at robbery and too successful murder, they contemplated the assassination of the Port-Warden, who resides at Lake Pontchartrain. Some days before this, they had conceived the design of destroying the Toll keeper, of the Shell-road, that leads to the Lake. The citizens are eternally indebted to the sleepless vigilance of the police, which has at length been so rewarded by the successful capture of four out of five of these detestable villains. Chance certainly effected much in unveiling misdeeds, for had their horse not fallen through fatigue, they might probably, have escaped. They would have returned the horse and wagon to the owner, and the first great link in the chain of circumstantial evidence by which the crime has been traced to their doors, would have been wanting. In this, however, chance?—We think not. It is rather the special contrivance of an over-ruling and all wise Providence, by whose decrees it happens, that guilt, however crafty it may be, usually perpetrates blunders, and exposes itself to detection by its clumsy attempts to escape suspicion. Let no one be foolhardy and impious enough to imagine that the resources of mere human ingenuity will baffle the Divine determination to unmask and punish crime. The history of guilt is but the uninterrupted record of the impotence of all efforts permanently to conceal a violation of that at human and divine enactment—"Thou shalt not kill."

In the present instance facts are encountered which denote a degree of cool audacity and hardened indifference truly demoniacal. The criminals tranquilly make the hour of their victim's assassination depend upon a turn of the card. Their preparations are made with the most wonderful calmness, foresight and premeditation; and on the very evening of the crime, while yet red and reeking with the blood of Barba, they project another scheme of murder, and gloat over the prospect of another victim. Their career of infamy will now, however, be cut short, and sickened humanity will, we trust, soon be rid of the monsters.

We understand the criminals have been claimed by the parish of St Bernard, that they may be tried in the parish in which the deed was committed.

The Governor's proclamation.—We publish today Governor White's proclamation, offering a reward of $500 for the arrest of ARCHIBALD FRITH, accused of having murdered on the 6th inst, in the Parish of Avoyelles, an individual named Dorman. Our worthy chief magistrate has, however, forgotten in his proclamation, one very essential point, viz: the description of the culprit. Without it, his apprehension will prove somewhat difficult.

ALBERT BOA.

The True American in his division of parties in the Senate of Louisiana, calls this gentleman a *Whig*—How happens it then that he was continually denounced by that print before and during the election, as an unmitigated Loco Foco? How happens it that he was placed on the Democratic Ticket? Again, Mr. B—, of Attakapas, is termed a Whig. Now this gentleman was called a Democrat in the Attakapas Gazette, and was opposed by Col. Declouet as the Whig candidate, who is not only an uncompromising Federalist, but a very popular man. Here then there are two Democrats called Whigs by the American—two off and two on. What becomes of the Whig majority in the Senate? Martin G. Penn is put down neutral. That gentleman declares that he is a Democrat, though he supported Mr. Rimon.

Resumption in Pennsylvania.—The proclamation of Gov. Ritner makes resumption by the Great Regulator indispensable, his influence and exertions to the contrary notwithstanding. The Gov. says, that in return to general and real resumption in specie, and a withdrawal of all illegal paper from circulation, do not now take place, when all admit it may, with safety and public benefit, he shall hold it his duty, forthwith, to take all the measures to compel it, which the constitution and the laws have placed in his power.

In what a pitiable position does the bank suspension now stand. Deserted by his allies, and unsupported in his dishonorable scheme even by the Federal Functionary who owes his elevation to power, to the influence of the Bank of the United States. The proclamation puts an end to all plans of further delay, and accordingly we may expect to find Pennsylvania, before the expiration of another month among the resuming states of the Union.

The Virginia Banks, we learn, are all prepared to resume, and only await decisive action on the part of the institutions of Pennsylvania. As Gov. Ritner's proclamation makes resumption on the part of the latter certain, those of Virginia will doubtless co-operate with them immediately.

Bills of the Old United States Bank.—A bill making it a criminal offence to give currency to these bills, passed by a majority of eight in the house of Representatives, a few days previous to the adjournment of Congress.

The citizens of Charleston have, in a numerous meeting, protested strongly against any attempt to establish an agency of the Bank of the United States in that city, as a measure fraught with injurious consequences to their trade, and utterly uncalled for. A memorial is to be drafted and submitted to the Legislature praying that body to subject said agency to prohibitory taxation, in case the United States Bank of Pennsylvania should, in opposition to the sense of the community, allow the establishment of said agency in the city or state.

Meeting of the Philadelphia Banks.—The following resolutions were adopted at the meeting of those institutions on the 11th.

Resolved, That the Banks of Boston, Providence, Baltimore and Richmond, and such others as the time admits of, be invited to meet the banks of Philadelphia in convention in this city, on Monday, the 23d inst., to consult upon the measures to be adopted for an early and simultaneous resumption of specie payments.

Resolved, That the committee be instructed to communicate this resolution to the banks in question, and to make the necessary arrangements for the meeting of the convention.

It was also resolved, that it be recommended to the several banks of the city and districts, to appoint one or more delegates to represent them in this convention.

The association then adjourned sine die.

BY THE EXPRESS MAIL.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

By the arrival this forenoon of the packet ships Virginian, Harris, from Liverpool, and Burgundy, Rockett, from Havre, the editors of the Commercial Advertiser have received files of English and French papers to the latest dates, which are from London to the 7th, Liverpool and Paris to the 8th, and Havre to the 9th June.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The most prominent topic of the London papers is the fatal riot near Canterbury, of which we published a long account on the arrival of the Great Western.—The subject had been brought up in Parliament, in consequence of certain serious charges alleged against the magistrates of Kent and the keepers of the lunatic asylum in which Courtenay had been confined, for allowing him to go at large. The charge was made in the Chronicle. Courtenay's real name, it seems, was John Nicholls Tom.

The affair was investigated by the magistrates on the 4th, at Faversham in Kent, fifteen of the prisoners being before them, four of whom were committed on the charge of wilful murder. Nine of the rioters were killed in the affray.

The papers give portraits of Tom, or Courtenay, in his rich velvet gown covered with gold chains, his long black beard, &c. He appears to have deluded his followers much as Matthias did some in this city, making them believe that he was the Deity, able to work miracles, &c.

Mr and Mrs Stevenson left London on the 4th June, on a short visit to Earl Spencer.

The London Chronicle of June 7 contains a full report of the dinner given to Sir Francis Head, on the 6th. When the health of Sir Francis was proposed, he rose and commenced a speech in which, he said, he was anxious to explain what had been the conduct of the North American colonies, and that of the United States and their citizens; but before he had entered upon the details of his exposition, "he was so much overcome by his embarrassment that he was utterly unable to go on, and after several unavailing attempts, resumed his seat amidst loud cheers."

The Royal William, steam packet, it is stated in the Liverpool Mail, was to sail from that port for New York on the 5th July. She is said to be a vessel of great speed, and first rate accommodations.

Martin, the lunatic who set fire to the York Minster some years ago, died in Bedlam on the 3d of June.—Although quiet in his deportment, he was obliged to be closely watched, having a strong propensity for mischief. He was between 50 and 60 years of age.

We copy the following rumors from the London Herald. It is not likely that there is much truth in them.

On Dits—It is reported in high quarters that the following modifications, additions, and omission, are contemplated in ministerial arrangements:—The Duke of Sussex to go as Lord Lieutenant to Ireland; Lord Mulgrave to have the Horse-office; Lord J. Russell to be First Lord of the Treasury; Lord Melbourne to retire; Sir F Lamb his lordship's brother, now ambassador at Vienna, to be made a peer.

Lady C. Buggin, who manages the Duke of Sussex's household, to be made a peeress by the style and title of Countess of Enniskillen. On the duke's late *fête* to the Queen, her ladyship did the honors, and presided at the head of the table.

The Lady C. Buggin referred to, it is well known is married to the Duke of Sussex. It is also rumored that Lord Glenelg is to retire from the colonial office, and be succeeded by Lord Spring Rice.

The London papers have a great deal to say about the new colony to be established in the New Zealand islands, of which we pass a high sugar word there.

The Br. steamer Sir Lionel Smith, sailed hence on the 13th May for London, had not arrived on the 7th June.

Some interesting items in relation to the coronation are necessarily omitted.

The *Journal des Débats* announces the death of the Duchess d'Abrantes—widow of Junot—on the 7th of June.

BELGIUM AND HOLLAND.

The Courrier Belge announced that the cabinet of the Hague had made known to the Conference in London, that the King of Holland is ready to evacuate Venloo, Lille and Limbourg, which, under the treaty of November 15, are to belong to Belgium. The Minister continues protesting against the arrangements of the Conference. Much diplomatic activity existed between Paris, Brussels and London.

It was reported in the Paris Journals that Prussia was preparing to enforce the surrender by Belgium of Venloo and other strong places awarded to Holland, but these reports were not credited at Paris. It was doubted, however, that the combined cabinets were to enforce a final settlement of the dispute between Holland and Belgium.

There had been several attempts at riot in Brussels ... although, however, by the mob. They originated in ... St Petersburg ...

The ... of the Nicholas I, steamer, Captain Spaak, sailed from Petersburg to Travemunde, with 128 passengers and a cargo of 33 men was destroyed by fire in the night of the 31st of May, between 11 and 12 o'clock, off Cape Airlie, about 3 English miles from the road of Travemunde. The ladies and children had retired to rest, and the greater part of the men were asleep at the time the alarm of fire was given. The captain, with great presence of mind, steered toward the coast, and ran the vessel aground about 100 paces from shore.

The confusion was no greater than was expected, but all the passengers and crew were saved, except five persons; viz: three passengers and two of the crew, who are missing. Of eleven carriages on board, two were thrown overboard, and the others burned, and most of the passengers' effects are lost. The mail bags and the despatches of three couriers could not be saved.—The only money on board was a barrel of gold, which it is hoped may be recovered.

FRANCE.

The Paris papers of June 3rd, announce the arrival at this city of Mr. Muhlenberg, envoy extraordinary, &c. to the Court of Austria from the United States. He was presented to the King of France, with Mr. Cass, his secretary, on the 2nd.

The reported committee of the Chamber of Deputies had reported the bill for the Havre and Paris railroad, without amendment.

The bill for the reduction of the 5 per cents was to be reported to the Chamber of Peers on the 9th.

The Chamber of Deputies was engaged upon a bill granting an extraordinary credit of 12,171,000 francs, for keeping up the French possessions in the North of Africa.

The King was to review the National Guards of Paris on Sunday, the 10th of June.

A Toulon letter, dated June 2nd, states, that the brig of war Dupetit Thouars was ordered to sail immediately on a secret mission, supposed to Mexico.

The Toulon papers state that the sloop of war Paris, the brig Voltigeur, and the transport Indienne, had received orders to sail for the coast of Mexico, and that the brig Badin had sailed for the same destination.

There was a rumor current in Paris, that the Duke of Orleans was about setting out for the northern frontier. Also that General Bernard was to be appointed commandant general in Africa, and be succeeded in the War Department by Marshal Soult.

SPAIN.

It seems that the famous Maker Muniagorri has not by any means given up his plan of raising up the Basque provinces from the afflictions of the civil war, as we find the annexed paragraph in one of the London papers.

A letter from Sare of the 28th, informs us that Muniagorri had had an interview at Perrages, with Lord John Hay on the evening of the 26th, and that his lordship had communicated to him a despatch from his government, authorizing him to afford the independent chief all the aid he may require for the success of this undertaking.

Muniagorri had returned to Sare on the 27th, and published a short proclamation, in which he announced that he had been promised the support of both France and England in his attempt to restore peace to the four provinces, and to obtain for them the full enjoyment of their ancient privileges.

The number of volunteers already enrolled under his banners, exceed 700; and in the night of the 26th, the lieutenant colonel of the second battalion of Guipuscoa came to Sare to offer him his services.

Don Carlos left Estella, with his ministers, on the 20th of May. Just before his departure, he caused the Bishop of Leon, the auditor-general, and the fiscal, to be arrested. The auditor-general, Fonez Barreans, it is said, was shot two hours afterward, and was reported that the same fate awaited the bishop and the fiscal.

Don Carlos arrived at Tolosa on the 21st, and on the next day reviewed his troops. Generals Zaratiegui and Elio had been condemned to death, General Guergue was degraded, and was to be succeeded by Gen. Maroto.

A Frenchman on-house officer had been shot by the Carlists; charged, the Carlist accounts says, with plundering.

It was supposed that Don Carlos was aiming to try his fortune in the Asturias. Espartero was preparing to march on Estella. The government had concluded in making contracts for provisions till September.

The forces of Espartero were estimated at 45,000—Those of Don Carlos at 18,000.

PORTUGAL.

The Lisbon papers affirm that the Portuguese Government has refused its assent to the treaty for the suppression of the slave trade.

DIED,

Yesterday at 10 o'clock, P. M. at his residence, corner of Champ Elysées and Levee streets, Mr. PAUL D. POWER, a native of Ireland, for many years a respectable resident of this city. His friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, which will take place this day at 4 o'clock, p. m., precisely from his residence, without further invitation.

FOR SALE.

THE Polyglot Library of Anson Requests, (except the works on Law and Eloquence) comprising from 400 to 500 volumes, bound and in pamphlets; in which will be found:

History, Memoirs, Voyages, Philosophy, Religion, Poetry, Romances, the Latin Classics, (editions of Elzevir, Barbou, &c.) with the best French translations; some translations in Italian, German and English. The Greek Classics, (editions of Brunck, Heyne, Boissonade, &c.) with the best French translations. Some works on Medicine, Agriculture and Mathematics. Italian, German, Spanish and English books; Dictionaries and Grammars, and interlinear translations. Many rare works and pamphlets. A number of volumes on the United States of America—all of which will be sold at moderate prices, at 112 Royal st, between Conti and St. Louis.

A large portion of the above works are from the Library of Abbe de la Mennais, and bear his autograph. july 21

NOTICE.—A married man, who can furnish good recommendations for morality, and who speaks French and English, and a little Spanish, desires to find a situation as clerk in a store in the country, or as overseer on a plantation, or in the neighborhood of the city. Being acquainted with agriculture and the business, he would be able to make himself useful on a plantation, as well as in a store.

Apply at the house of Mr W Thomas, Exchange Alley. july 21

ESTATE OF VICTOR MIRAMOND.

BY virtue of an order of the Hon. Court of Probates of the parish of St. Landry, I shall expose for sale at public auction, on Wednesday, the 22d of August next, at noon, at the City Exchange, in Saint Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets—

The undivided half of a lot of ground in Faubourg Annunciation, being lot No. 11, in square No. 56, bounded by Thalia, Melpomene, Basilique and Apollo streets, according to the plan of the said Faubourg, deposited in the office of L. T. Caire, notary public, the said lot having 60 feet front on Melpomene street, by 120 to depth, French measure.

Terms—One-third in ninety days; one third in six months; and one-third in twelve months, the purchaser furnishing notes with an approved endorser, and secured by special mortgage on the property.

Act of sale before Jules Mossy, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser.

july 21—3t, 18, 22. M. BARNETT, Auctioneer.

NEW ORLEANS & CARROLLTON RAILWAY.

PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until Saturday, 28th, for the erection of 2 two-story houses and kitchen, one blacksmith shop, one carriage house, one stable for 20 horses, 180 by 20, and one coach-house, 46 by 12.

Plans of specifications can be seen on application at the office, Poydras Barrow street.

(Signed) GEORGE MERRICK,
Chief Engineer, N.O. & C.R.R

July 20, 1838. july 21—4t

NEW-ORLEANS & CARROLLTON RAILWAY

New Arrangement for Sundays.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on and after the 22nd day of the present month, the Railway cars on Sunday, will leave each end of the road after 9 o'clock a.m., every hour, instead of every other as heretofore. Arrangements for running on week days the same as usual.

(Signed) GEORGE MERRICK,
Chief Engineer, N.O. & C.R.R.

July 18, 1838. july 21—4t

$10 REWARD.

RANAWAY on the 9th inst, the American negro named AMAND, aged about 21 or 22 years; 5 feet 6 or 7 inches in height; speaks English and French; has a long face, black skin, no mark; had on blue cottonade pantaloons, white cotton shirt and straw hat. Captains of vessels and others are warned not to harbor him, under the penalty of the law.

The above reward will be paid to whoever will secure him in one of the jails of this parish, or bring him to the house of the subscribers, in Jefferson parish.

july 21. JOSEPH CAVALIER & SON.

$20 REWARD.

Ranaway from the subscriber on the 15th inst, the negress named MARTHA, aged about 20 years, about 5 feet high, well made, she has lost her right eye and always wears a handkerchief over it. City of Lafayette.

july 21—3t PETER HANSON.

$50 REWARD.

Will be paid for the apprehension and delivery to the subscriber of a colored woman MARY, sometimes called MARY ANN, who left my house about the 24th June last. Said woman is stout, well made, dark complexion and about 5 feet 8 inches high. She has hired herself out lately in Julia street and has been seen near the upper market. The utmost rigour of the law will be enforced against any individual harboring said woman.

New Orleans, July 19th 1838.

july 21—3t JOHN GRAYSON, 73 Royal st.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish of St John the Baptist, Court of Probates—Succession of the late Michel Valcain Fortier.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of said succession, & to all persons interested to show cause within ten days from this publication, why the account filed in this court by Norbert Gendesnique administrator of said succession, should not be homologated and confirmed, and the distribution of the funds made in accordance thereto.

Parish of St. John the Baptist, this 16th July, 1838.

july 21 V. A SCHAFFEVIC, Clerk

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court of Orleans—Pierre Marozzi in actual custody vs. his creditors. Upon reading and filing the petition in this case, it is ordered, that a meeting of the creditors be held in open Court on Friday, 10th August next, at 10 o'clock, to shew cause why said prisoner should not be discharged. Clerk's Office, 17th July, 1838.

j'21 dflaw ARM. GUYOL, Dep. Clerk

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS

THE price of fresh flour being this day $6 50 per bbl, according to the tariff, bakers must give during the ensuing week commencing Monday, July 23. 41 ounces of bread for a bit. The loaves which are sold at one bit for three loaves, are required to weigh 25 per cent more; that is to say 51¼ ounces.

New Orleans, July 20, 1838.

july 21 C. GENOIS, Mayor.

NOTE LOST.—Lost yesterday morning at about 11 o'clock, in the vicinity of the City Exchange, a note for six hundred and fifty dollars, subscribed by M Dupont, to the order, and endorsed by L Ferand, Sis, at 60 days, and bearing the date 13th of July, instant. Payment of the same having been stopped, it can be of no use to any but the owner.

SEVERIN LATORRE,
Burgundy street, between Barrack and Hospital streets. july 21—3t

FOR SALE.—20 hhds of fine sugar of last year's crop; 300 bbls Creole corn, several hhds molasses; apply to N N DESTREHAN.

Three miles from New Orleans, on the right bank of the Mississippi. july 21—3t

TO STEAMBOATS.

THE subscribers have constantly on hand at choice lots of pitch pine wood, cut 4 feet long, which they offer for sale at their usual prices. Country boats will please send their orders the day before they require the wood to be delivered.

july 21 W H & S MURPHY, Old Basin.

BY PROCLAMATION.

E. D. WHITE,

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

To all whom it may concern, greeting?

WHEREAS due proof hath been made before me, that on or about the Sixth of the present month of July 1838, at the parish of Avoyelles, in the state of Louisiana, Archibald Frith did commit the crime of murder on the person of one Dorman; and that said Archibald Frith has fled from justice.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the authority in me vested by the laws of Louisiana, I do hereby offer a REWARD of $500 for the arrest and apprehension of said Archibald Frith, to be paid on due proof that said fugitive has been apprehended and lodged in jail in the parish of Avoyelles, or in the jail of the city of New Orleans, so that he may be brought to justice.

Given under my hand at New Orleans, this 19th day of July, 1838, and of the Independence of the United States the Sixty third.

(Signed) E. D. WHITE.

By the Governor,

Wm. C C Claiborne, Secretary of State.

I do hereby certify the above to be a true and correct copy of a Proclamation issued this day by the Governor of Louisiana.

WM. C. C. CLAIBORNE, Secretary of State.

New Orleans, July 19, 1838. july 21

STRAYED MARE—A small, cream colored mare, having scratches and a white spot on the fore head; the said mare is at the stable since the 17th of July, 1838, the owner is requested to claim the same, in default of which she will be sold on Saturday, the 4th of August, 1838, by Mr Guillotte, auctioneer, according to the police ordinance. The said mare is at the stable of Mr Guevin, No 214 St Ann street.

New Orleans, July 18, 1838. july 21

STRAYED MULE—A large, cream colored mule, having no particular mark visible, has the same property; the said mule is at the stable of Mr Guevin, No. 214, St Ann street, since the 17th of July, 1838; the owner is requested to claim the same, in default of which he will be sold on Saturday, the 6 h August, 1838, by Mr Guillotte, auctioneer, according to the police ordinance.

New Orleans, July 18, 1838. july 21

TEXAS LAND FOR SALE.

A QUARTER of a league of Land (1107 acres) on Angelina river, 16 miles from Nacogdoches. This land is a portion of a league granted by the government to a citizen as a colonist, who yet resides in the country. The best title will be given, the dues having been paid according to law.

Also—Several grants of Land to Soldiers, by the Texian government.

Also for sale—A lot of Ground on the corner of Scuthern and St Ann streets.

A house at Madisonville with the appurtenances, on a lot of 60 by 300 feet, making the corner of Hilery, St Francis and Main streets.

Several handsome properties in Second Treme, Suburb Marigny.

Apply to IRDION, broker.

july 21 3t

THE UNDERSIGNED offer for sale, landing from the ship Elizabeth, from Bordeaux, and of recent importation, 180 casks claret of several qualities; 150 cases white wine; Barsac and Sauterne; 150 bags salt; 50 bbls Marseilles brandy; 90 bbls brandy; 100 boxes olives, of several qualities; 900 do do Sauterne and Barsac; 80 do do Hermitage, (white first crop); 100 do do Burgundy, Chambertin; 150 brandy fruits; 90 do Swiss Absynthe; 50 do Kirchwasser; 150 do anise and cordials; 40 do hearts of cherries, 300 baskets of fine anisette; 20 boxes Muscatel Frontignan; 300 baskets of olive oil; 25 boxes preserved fruits; 200 baskets Champagne; 160 boxes oil from Marseilles; 100 corks; 20,000 fine demijohns; 40 boxes of sugar almond; 50 baskets (Bolgnoise); 30 do Chateau Margaux; 50 bags coffee; 60 bbls peas; 200 demijohns, from five to five and a half gallons; brandy in half pipes; 1500 boxes anchovies, jellies, hunting guns 1 0 Kentucky bagging, and 150 coils rope; 300 boxes sperm candles.

july 21 CH POLOC & DUFOUR.

BRITISH STEAM SHIP GREAT WESTERN.

1340 Tons,

JAMES HOSKEN, Commander.

NEW YORK TO BRISTOL.

The regular sailing days of the above ship, for the remainder of the year, are fixed as follows:

From Bristol.	From New York.
Saturday, 7th July,	16th August,
1st September,	4th October,
20th October,	22nd November.

Steerage passage to Bristol, including provisions, wines, &c. For berths in the main saloon, or cuddy, thirty-five guineas, ($183 32); in the other parts of the ship, thirty guineas, ($140); and servants, from $71.10. and 20 30; Children under 12, and servants, half price.

Letters received on board will be charged 25 cents single sheet, larger letters in proportion. A bag will be appropriated to letters for the continent of Europe, and they will be forwarded from on payment, in addition to the ship's postage on letters, of the regular English postage from Bristol to their port of departure from England to the continent, which part of departure should be designated on the letter.

The ship can carry about 200 tons of goods, and persons wishing to import goods by this conveyance, and who have no established correspondent at Bristol, will have every requisite facility provided, on application to the subscriber, and the like facility will be afforded to those shipping goods from this to Bristol, for their transmission from thence to their place of destination.

A surgeon is permanently engaged for the ship, and every provision made for the comfort and security of the passengers.

For passage by any of the trips from New York, or freight, apply personally, or by letter, to

RICHARD IRVIN, No 98 Front st.,
Agent of the Great Western steam ship company.

New York, July, 1838. july 21—Tuft&Sat

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The first class regular trader steamer PRAIRIE, J M Freligh, master, will leave on Sunday 22nd inst, at 10 o'clock A. M., and will take what freight offers in the mean time. Passengers or freight for landings ready prior to the landing. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to

SLOAN & BROTHER, No 30 New Levee street, or to J. BAILEY.

FOR MOBILE.

Via Bay St Louis, Pass Christian, Biloxi, West and East Pascagoula.

The superior and fast running steamboat ISABELLA, Walker, master, will leave the lake end of the Railroad for the above ports on Sunday evening the 22d inst., after the arrival of the 7 o'clock cars.

For freight or passage, apply to

WALKER, KNIGHT & Co., 26 New Levee.

july 21

N B—The letter bag for the above ports at the office of W K & Co.

FOR MANCHESTER and SPARTA, (Texas) VICKSBURG, GRAND GULF, RODNEY and NATCHEZ.

The well known steamer MEMPHIS, having nearly all her cargo engaged, will positively leave on Tuesday the 24th inst, at 10 o'clock, M. For freight or passage, apply on board or to

july 21 COMSTOCK, HYDE & Co, 16 Poydras st.

For PITTSBURG, PORTSMOUTH, MAYSVILLE, CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.

The very light draught steamer ALERT, A Glover, master, is now receiving freight and will leave on Tuesday 24th inst, with despatch. For freight or passage, apply on board at Poydras street wharf or to

july 21 COMSTOCK, HYDE & Co, 16 Poydras st.

For LOUISVILLE and CINCINNATI.

The fast running steamer GEN. WAYNE, capt Bogan, is hourly expected, and will leave for the above and intermediate ports on the 24d. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to

july 21 JOSEPH LANDIS & Co, 14 Poydras st.

FOR BAY ST LOUIS, PASS CHRISTIAN BILOXI & PASCAGOULA.

The fine low pressure steam boat GIRAFFE, Capt Swiler, will leave for the above places on the mornings of

THURSDAYS & SATURDAYS,

immediately after the arrival of the 6 o'clock cars and return as heretofore on Fridays and Mondays.—The public may depend on her not leaving punctually on the above days. For passage apply to Captain Swiler.

P S—The Giraffe will be prepared on previous notice to Capt Swiler, to make one trip to an pleasure excursions, providing sufficient a number offer to remunerate. july 19 1m

FOR ST. LOUIS, ALTON & ALL INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.

The splendid upper cabin and fast-running, staunch built steamer GEO. COLLIER, J Belshoover, master, having the most of her cargo engaged and on board, will be dispatched for the above and intermediate ports, on Saturday, 21st July, at 10 o'clock a.m. For freight of the balance or passage, having splendid furnished accommodations, (all in state rooms) apply on board, opposite Gravier st or to

july 20 POSEY & HAWTHORN, 63 Gravier st

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The A 1 and fast sailing ship ROWENA, capt Reed, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will meet with immediate despatch. For freight of 300 bales of cotton, or passage having handsome accommodations, apply to

july 21 LEVI H GALE, 93 Common st.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The A 1 and fast sailing ship ROBERT, W—, capt Dalmore, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will meet with immediate despatch. For freight of 300 bales of cotton, or passage having handsome accommodations, apply to

july 21 LEVI H GALE, 90 Common street.

BOATWRIGHT'S COTTON GINS.

THE Subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of Boatwright's Gins, a supply of which will be received in a few days.

july 19—3t G M LEE, 90 Common st

LAFAYETTE FIRE ENGINE NO 2.

FREDERICK DASSAN, having resigned as foreman of the said company, Thomas Kenyon was elected until the annual election takes place.

july 19 3t I. A. B. ROQUET, Secretary.

NOTICE

ANY person having claims against S. W. Smith, will please call at the store of the undersigned.

DEJOUX & FERNANDEZ, Auctioneers,
july 19—3t 17 Exchange Alley.

FOR SALE—The handsome property, making a part of the late plantation of Prosper Marigny, containing two arpents fronting the river by 40 arpents in depth. The two arpents are designated on a plan deposited in the office of Th. Turcand, notary public, as Nos 14 and 15. There is on the property a magnificent house, containing four apartments with galleries on each side; in the yard is a kitchen and ironing room, chicken house, negro cabins, &c. The ground is fertile in the production of vegetables and is now cultivated as a garden.

If the said property is not disposed of at private sale on Saturday the 28th July inst, it will be offered at public sale at the City Exchange, St Louis st, by Messrs. Ramy & Gu nault.

Also—8 fine slaves, accustomed to a plantation and garden will be included in the sale.

For conditions at private sale, apply on the premises. july 19 21, 24, 26, 28

TO RENT.

A House in Rampart street, between Ursulines and Bayou, apply to R. BEQUIER.

july 21

Sales at Auction.

BY DEJOUX & FERNANDEZ

ON Saturday the 21st inst, at 12 o'clock, will be sold, at the City Exchange;

6 LOTS OF GROUND, situated in Faubourg Washington or Daniel, designated by Nos 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, in square No 21, bounded on one side by the property of Mr McCarty, and on the other by Independence and Morales, and measuring 25 feet 6 inches on front by 80 in depth.

Terms—Half cash, and the balance in 6 months, in notes satisfactorily endorsed, and bearing mortgage until final payment.

The act of sale before T Caire, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser. july 21 1t

BY BOUNY & GUINAULT.

WILL be sold on Thursday next, 26th instant, at 5 o'clock P M, in New Levee street, between Hospital and Barrack streets, No 264,

The COLUMBUS COFFEE HOUSE, with a large assortment of Cordials, Wines, &c., a Billiard Table, with Bar Furniture.

The whole to be sold in block, agreeable to the inventory, which can be examined on the premises.

Terms cash. july 21 2t

BY BOUNY & GUINAULT.

Succession of Mr Cortambert.

WILL be sold on Tuesday, 24th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely, at the City Exchange, St Louis street,

A negro wench named SALLY, aged 35 to 40 years, a cook, washer and ironer.

BETSY, aged 11 years, a servant.

Terms—6 and 12 months, in notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendors, and bearing 10 per cent per annum from the day. [The notes becoming due if the same are not paid at maturity], with all necessary giving the payment and mortgage.

The act of sale to be passed before J. Cuvillier, notary.

The slaves will not be delivered until the same be passed and signed; however, they will be at the risk of the purchasers from the time of adjudication.

july 19—3t

BY HEWLETT & CENAS.

WILL be Sold on Saturday 28th instant, at 5 o'clock, at the depot of the 3d Municipality, in Tchoupitoulas, near Julia street—

A quantity of flatboat plank, bowls, wood, stone ballast, sawdust, empty casks, &c &c.

july 19—3t Terms—Cash

MUNICIPALITY NO 1.

BY virtue of a resolution of the council, will be exposed for sale by P Dupuy, auctioneer, on Tuesday the 24th inst, at 11 o'clock A M. under the gallery of the Municipal Hall, and for account of the municipality No 1,

24 mahogany armchairs, turned and lined with hair cloth, and nearly new. Terms cash.

By order of the council. D AUGUSTIN, Secretary.

july 19

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.

ON Saturday next, 21st instant, will be sold at the City Exchange, at 12 o'clock, A HANDSOME LOT OF GROUND, situated at New Carrollton, at a small distance from the hotel, and comprised between Pullching, Dakin, and Goldsmith streets and the Upper Levee street; said lot measures 80 feet front on Dakin street, by 180 feet in depth, and commencing at 168 f. from the corner; together with all the improvements thereon, consisting of two houses, kitchen and stable of 20 feet square; the house measures 30 feet by 24, and 20 feet by 18. The vendor will cede until the 1st of January next, a field of 12 arpents (enclosed), with all the gardening thereon, at the rate of $6 per month.

Terms—Cash.

The act of sale to be passed before W Lewis, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser.

july 19—4t

BY T. MOSSY & GARIDEL

ON Monday, 24th instant, at 12 o'clock, at the City Exchange, St Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets, will be sold by virtue of an order from the honorable the Parish Court for the Parish and City of New Orleans, bearing date of the 12th July, 1838, and under the direction of J Maguin, Syndic of the creditors of Maguin & Langadorff.

The Lease of the three story Brick Building No 1 Chartres street, between Conti and Bienville streets, formerly occupied by the said Maguin & Langadorff. Said lease to expire on the 31st October, 1843. The said lease will be sold subject to an under leasing of the second and third stories and one half of the garret—leased until the 31st October 1840, for $1500 per annum.

The Lessee to give security to the satisfaction to the Syndic. jy 19 2t

SYNDICK SALE.

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING

ON Monday the 6th day of August next, at 12 o'clock, a m, will be sold, at the corner of E Tonti & Delamare in St Louis street, between Royal and Bourbon streets,

The Stock in trade, consisting of Liquors, Brandy, Gin, Rum, Wines, Coffee, Sugar, Tea, &c, and a variety of other articles, in the lines, belonging to the estate of Tonti & Delamare by them surrendered to the creditors and sold by order of an order from the Honorable the Parish Court for the City and Parish of New Orleans.

Terms of sale—Cash for all sums under $200; for sums exceeding, half cash at four months, in notes with an endorsement to the satisfaction of the syndic.

july 19—4t

BY BOUNY & GUINAULT.

WILL be sold on Saturday 21st July at 12 o'clock at the City Exchange, St Louis street, on account and risk of Mr Louis Rousseau, who did not conform to the conditions of the adjudication, made to him on the 20th June 1838.

One LOT OF GROUND situated in the Nuns' suburb, measuring 29 feet 11 inches 10 lines fronting Prieur street, 118 feet 8 inches on one line, 117 feet 2 inches 3 lines on the other and 63 feet 11 inches 7 lines on the rear line—the whole in conformity to a plan drawn by W L Atkinson, on the 9th June, 1838.

Conditions: 733 38, the 21st June 1839, and the balance one half cash, and the other 15 months, credit for a note dated 20th June 1838, satisfactorily endorsed, with mortgage until final payment.

jy6—11, 16, 20, 21

BY H J DOMINGON

J P Long & Co vs their creditors.

BY virtue of an order from the honorable the District Court, bearing date the 12th of July, 1838, will be sold on Saturday the 28th of July, at 10 o'clock A M., in the store No 25 Royal st, between Conti street and Conti ...

A quantity of furniture consisting of chairs, sofas, tables, bureaus, sideboards, &c. &c.

Terms—All sums under one hundred dollars, cash, and all sums above $100, 90 days credit with notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the creditors.

At the same time and place, the lease of the store, expiring on the 1st November next, 1838, will be sold. july 17 2t

TO COTTON PLANTERS—The subscribers are offering for sale the improved Cotton Press, lately invented by Dr Newell, of Grand Gulf, and manufactured by Messrs. James Wilson & Co, of Cincinnati and are prepared to fill orders for any number wanted.

The threads of both screw and nut being cast by lathes out of solid iron, fit each other with great accuracy; and having an equal bearing on all the threads at the same time, and not liable to strip or break, but work true and with remarkable ease and power, single horse being sufficient to press a bale as hard as desired.

Since the introduction of Dr Newell's press, many alterations have been from time to time been made, by which the weight of the levers and the strength of the press have been much increased, and its operation rendered so simple and perfect, that the strength of the grooving and dependency, any carpenter can easily construct one. The press being connected to the joint of the gin room, takes up less room, except only when two horses are used with other trains. Much time and trouble are saved by having the bale made in the second story or lint room, so that there never have to go below.

It makes a very handsome bale, and works with such ease and expedition, that three hands can pack twenty bales in a day.

All who have seen the press, many of which are in operation in the neighborhood of Grand Gulf and Natchez declare it to surpass all others in simplicity, strength and durability, and in saving time and labor. The price of screw and casting, without frame, is $500 cash on delivery, purchaser paying freight and commission. Apply to

JUSTUS VAIRIN & CO., 23 Poydras

N B. The drawing of the press and certificate may be seen at our office. july 17—3m

THE Copartnership under the name of Vergne & Co. for the manufacture of Calcined plaster of Paris, being dissolved by common consent, the public is informed that said manufactory, situated near the Elysian fields, at the corner of Urquhart and Marigny streets, they have been purchased by Messrs De Pouilly Brothers & Co, they will continue as a new firm, the manufacture of calcined plaster. Employing the best qualities of gypsum which come from the quarries of Montmartre (France) the plasters will always be superior to those imported at N York. Every barrel will be warranted to contain four bushels and will be sold below the cost of the imported plaster. Builders and plasterers are requested to apply at the corner of Exchange Alley, and St. Louis street, or at the Warehouse No 113 Conti street. They will keep in their store, gray and yellow hydraulic, and Roman cements, plaster prepared to manure lands can always be prepared by gardens and planters at moderate prices.

Title of the firm for the sale of plaster,
J N DE POUILLY, T DE POUILLY & Co.
Or for building only to
july 13 DE POUILLY & DE POUILLY.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Jefferson, Court of Probates—Succession of Jacques Philippe Charbonnet, deceased.

On Saturday, the 21st of July instant, 1838, at 12 o'clock a.m., by virtue of a decree of the Hon. Court of Probates in and for the parish of Jefferson a second, bearing date the 9th of April, 1838, rendered in the matter of the succession of Jacques Philippe Charbonnet, deceased, I will expose at public sale, at the dwelling-house of Jacques Charbonnet, jun., in this parish, opposite the city of Lafayette, the moveable effects and furniture belonging to said succession, and to the community which has existed between the deceased and his surviving wife, Mrs. Alexandrine Madame Benoudy. Terms—Cash.

Parish of Jefferson, July 11, 1838.

july 11—6t, 11, 14, 17, 20 F DUGUE, Judge.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of St. Bernard—Court of Probates—Will be sold, in compliance to an order of the Court of Probates in and for the parish of St. Bernard, by the undersigned Judge, on the premises, Monday the 23d day of July, at 11 o'clock, A. M. for the account of the succession of Gonie Barba, the contents of a Grog Shop, well furnished together with the right of lease to the house, having two years and two months to run from the 31st day of July inst, and all the buildings where the deceased kept his establishment, together with a great number of pigeons and poultry, horses, carts and other moveable effects.

Terms of sale—The contents of the shop, furniture, pigeons and poultry one half cash and the balance at six months credit for endorsed notes at the satisfaction of the undersigned Judge, and the horses, carts, &c. cash, it is well understood, that the delivery will not be made until the purchaser will comply with the conditions of the sale.

Parish of St. Bernard, July 17th 1838.

july 9—3t OCTAVE S ROUSSEAU, Judge.

NOTICE—The public are cautioned against trading for a note drawn by John Ballow, Jr. to the order of John Ballow, and endorsed by him, bearing date May 23d, at 60 days, for the sum of five hundred dollars. Said note having been lost or stolen and the payment thereof stopped.

july 17 3t LOUIS MERIDIER.

STOLEN or TAKEN THROUGH MISTAKE.—30 bales Cotton, bearing no mark, and damaged, lying opposite the Lower Cotton Press, were stolen or taken through mistake, on Thursday the 12th instant. Said cotton came from ship Franklin, and had been lying on the Levee for a good while.

A liberal reward will be allowed to whoever will give some information concerning said cotton.

Apply to the office of this paper. july 19—3t

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between D F Persson & J D Allevon, is dissolved by mutual consent since the 1st of July inst. D F Persson, a Pianoforte maker, will continue for his own account the same line of business, at No 38 Condé st.

New Orleans, July, 1838. D F PERSSON.
July 19 3t J D ALLEVON.

L'ABEIL[LE]

[IMPRI]MÉ ET PUBLIÉ PA[R] ...
Journal officiel de l'Etat et de la [P]r...
NOUVELLE-ORL[ÉANS]
SAMEDI MATIN, 21 JU[ILLET]

MEURTRE DE GESPI ...

Un crime, affreux dans sa conce[ption] ... ses détails, a été, il y a quelques ... et la consternation dans la paroi[sse] ... la Nouvelle Orléans.

Nous en avons déjà dit quel[ques] ... faits dans toute leur atrocité ... son les ... conséquences.

Quinze jours avant le meurtre, ... O'Neall, un des accusés ... [illegible]

Le meilleur moyen pour faire l[e coup] ... O'Neall, ... [illegible]

Les complices tinrent conseil ... [illegible]

... Quand Welsh se trouva ... Tobin, Adams, James et O'Neal ... [illegible]

... [illegible]