COMMERCIAL.

LATEST DATES.

New-York	may 21	Boston	may 20
Philadelphia	" 21	Baltimore	" 22
Charleston	" 27	Washington	" 22
Paris	apr 14	Liverpool	april 16
Havre	" 15	London	" 15

Sales of Cotton Yesterday.

800 bales, Mississippi, ... 16 cents
100 " Mobile, ... 16¼ "
71 " " .... 17¼ "
1131 " Alabama, ... 13¼ "
500 " " .... 13¼ "
1152 " " .... prices not transpired.
149 " "
3903

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The following is the latest accounts of the Liverpool markets:

LIVERPOOL, Saturday morning, April 16.

As I stated on the 8th inst, the business of our Cotton market last week was got through without spirit, and, though the sales amounted to about 20,400 bales, and, though the speculators and export buyers took of this amount about 4000 bales, still were not able to maintain our ground; we lost in price about 1-4 per lb.

Sales from the 2d to the 8th inst, iclusive, as follow: 130 Sea Island, 23 a 2s 6d; 90 Stained, 9¼a16; 2840 Upland, 10¼ a 12; 4750 Orleans 8½ and 12½; 2850 Tennessee and Mobile, 8½ a 12¼; 340 Pernambuco, 13 a 13½ 1050 Bahia and Macaio, 10¼ a 13½; 800 Maranham, 11½ a 14; 20 Peruvian 14.50 Laguira, 11½; 10 Demerara, 1s; 170 West India, 12.30 St Domingo, 10½ 210 Carthagena, 8½ a 9,870 Egyptian, 14 4-4 a 17½; 2140 Surat, 5½ and 8½; 20 Madras, 84,930 Bengal, 5½ a 6¼.—Total, 20,430 bales

The purchases of speculators amounted to about 2300 bales American, 750 Brasil, and 100 Surat, and those of export buyers amounted to 450 American, and 700 bales Bengal. The supply of all sorts of cotton into the ports of the kingdom since the 1st of January amounts to 335,000 bales against 250,000 received during the same period in 1835; and from the United States we have received 244,000 against 230,000 bales.

We opened this week in our market with precisely the last [illegible] Thursday, on which day and yesterday the business improved, and any thing we lost in price in the early part of the week, has been regained. We therefore let our quotations stand as they are. The chief sales now making in Upland, are from 9½ to 11½; in Orleans, from 9½ to 11½ and in Mobile, from 10½ to 11 1-4.

We thought from the smalness of our stock, that the time had not yet arrived when our prices were to be materially reduced. We think still that the market for the present, ought to maintain itself. Nevertheless if the Trade once take up the belief thoroughly, that the supply for the whole year will be quite sufficient for all the demand upon it, they may give us enough to do to hold our own, even from the present time. We rejoice to find that our friends generally have not been induced to give the high prices demanded in America, which are sure, sooner or later within the year, to lead to a disastrous result.

Upland, ordinary to middling fair, 9½ a 10; Fair to Good fair, 10½ a 11½; Good Fine, 11½ a 11½. Orleans, ordinary to middling fair, 9 a 10½; Fair to Good fair, 11 a 11½; Good to Fine, 11½ a 12½.—Mobile, ordinary to middling fair, 9½ a 10½; Fair to good fair, 11 a 11½; Good to fine, 11½ a —. Tennessee, ordinary to middling fair, 8½ a 9½; Fair to Good fair, 10 a 10½; Good to Fine, ——. Sea Island. 17d, a 2s and fine up 2s 6d a 2s 9d.

The sales of Cotton this week, as follow:—100 Sea Island, 23d a 2s 6d; 40 Stained, 8½ a 13½; 7610 Upland, 10 a 11½; 7320 Orleans, 8½ a 12; 2450 Tennessee and Mobile, 8½ a 12; 1050 Pernambuco, 13 a 14½; 720 Bahia Macaio, 11 a 14½; Maranham, 11½ a 14; 110 W India, 10½; 10 Peruvian, 14; 180 Egyptian. 16; 410 Surat, 6½ a 9; 19 Madras, 8½; 880 Bengal; 5½ a 6½—Total, 21,550. Of which speculators took about 2500 American and 300 Bahia, and exporters 100 American and 650 Bengal.

The stock of all kinds of Cotton at this port amounts to about 146,000 bales, against 171,000 this time last year; and of American we appear to have 98,000 against 144,500 bales.

Interesting to Shippers of Cotton.—The New York Mercantile Advertiser of the 21st instant says, 'From the circular of Messrs. Geo. Holt & Co, dated Liverpool, Friday evening, April 15, 1836, we compile the following statistics of the cotton trade. During the period from January 1, to April 15, 1836, the importations of Brazilian, Egyptian, East and West India Cottons, (as compared with those of the same period of 1835,) have increased 5378 bales. At the same time the importations of American Cottons during the same period have decreased 45,456 bales! The stock computed to be on hand of the American qualities on April 15, was less by 56,500 bales than the quantity computed to be on hand on same date in 1835, while the stock of Brazilian, Egyptian, East and West India qualities computed to be on hand the same date this year, was more by 21,800 bales than on April 15, 1835, and while the qualities, taken weekly for consumers' use, were only 165 bales more. The average quantity of the above foreign cottons taken for consumers' use weekly, was 1717 bales more this year than in 1835."

TRIESTE, April 2.

Cotton—Imports in Mch, 57 10 bales American. Price continue to advance. The cargo of New Orleans, per Orient, has been placed at 62f, with some extra discounts. Pepper—Some speculative demand at 23½, but holders ask 28. Sugar—Imported in Mch, 2499 tons. Stocks in first hands 31st ult. 6233 tons. Sales Campos white 23 a 24f, Muscovado 16 a 17; Bahia white 22½ a 23½, Mus. 15½ a 16½; Pernam, white 23 a 25, Mus 17 a 18; Santos do 17½ a 18; Havana 21 a 21½; crushed 26 a 27½. Owing to the small stock Brazil has maintained firm prices most of the month, but severals have tended to reduce rates; a better demand for white than for Mus Cassia—Little inquiry; retail sales at 39 a 40f.

NEW-YORK, May 21.

Exchange Domestic—Is in a most deranged state, worse and worse. The difficulty of negociating paper on all parts of the country is greater than we have known it since the war. At New-Orleans we are credably informed that 6 per cent is paid for United States Bank Notes; all through the valley of the Mississippi drafts on New York are four to five per cent premium. Here bank drafts at sight on Cincinnati, Louisville, and the whole West, are at 4 per cent disct. The derangement of the currency is now felt in a ruinous manner, with no prospect of its being better.

Exchange Foreign—The state of the Money market was such the last packet day, that Exchange rather fell off. Bills on London stood at 107 cash; high sales however for paper.

Money—May is a month of great payment; it is said a larger amount is due from the merchants this month than usual. Money has been, during the past week, tighter than at any time yet. Although large sums have been loaned on paper, in the street, at one and a half per cent; yet on stocks, particularly on Railroads, a much higher rate has been paid from day to day. The present state of things is unparallelled; no failures whatever have occurred; confidence is not at all shaken; money appears to be abundant enough, at exorbitant rates, and those who have been short and compelled to resort to extra rates have had to bleed most freely in the way of extra interest. The Bank, it is agreed on all hands, have their line of discounts extended beyond any former amount, and yet they are unable to discount one half the good paper offered. Produce keeps up; a pretty ready sale for every thing; the balance of trade in our favor; specie coming in instead of going out of the country—and yet the pressure continues.

Real Estate—There has been a very quiet time in Real Estate for the last two weeks. The state of the money market is such that there is no spirit to go into land speculations; on the contrary, monied men can do so much better with their means in Wall-street, that until the present pressure is over, we need not expect much stir in Real Estate.

Specie—The export still continues unusually light, while the importations are very large.

Export this week,	Gold.	Silver.
To West Indies,	6400	——
East Indies,	——	27000
	6400	27000

NEW-YORK, May 20.

525 shares U S Bank .... 124½ a 125
100..do....N O Commercial Bank 100
50..do....N O Gas Bank 101½

The Market—Western Flour is 12½ cts lower—the current price of good brands is $6,37. It arrives freely, and sells more freely than last week. Ashes have become rather heavy. Cotton remains as for two or three days past. Northern Corn, 92 cts; Southern, 83 a 85 cts; Rye, 92 cts; Oats, 53 cts. The great sale of Coffee went off with spirit. About 5000 bags Rio were sold at 12½ for fine, to 11½ for good light colored. The Banks are selling bills on England at 10 per cent, and taking paper at 4 and 6 months.

NEW-YORK, May 21.

650 shares U S Bank .... 125 a 125½
50..do....do......15 days 125
100..do....do......B 16 days 127
40..do....N O Mech & Traders 103
312..do....N O Gas Bank .... 102 a 102½

The Market—(Spirit of this morning's reviews.)—Ashes remain at $6 50 and $7 50. Liverpool coal at $9 50 chaldron. In coffee the chief business was the great sale by auction of 5000 bags Rio, at 11½ at 12½, and 50 bags at 12½. The sales of the week in cotton are 1900 bales, with some slight decline in price. Western flour is $6 37 a 50 for common and good brands; Troy $6 25; Georgetown and Howard st. $7 25; Richmond, country $7; Ryenour is $4 50. There have been large sales of Baltic Wheat at 131½ cts be. Northern corn at 90 cts; oats 40 a 52 cts. Sales 1500 Montevidio hides at 13½ cts. Leather sold at former rates 800 hhds Havana and Matanzas molasses, most of it tart, sold at 51 a 33 cts; 80 hhds very prime Porto Rio, 20 hhds St Croix at 15 cts. Sugar continues to decline, the sales include 400 hhds Porto Rico at 9½ a 10½ cts. 840 boxs white Havana at 11½ a 13½, and 400 brown at 10 a 10½, and some lower. Sales Wilmington turpentine at $5. Rosin at $1 75. Provisions generally are inclined downwards. Sales of foreign linseed oil at 116 a 117½ cts. Sale whalebone at 24 cts, and whale oil to the trade from 42 a 43 cts.

In Liquors there are a good many sales at about former prices. Wool is firm in price. Several vessels are loading Cotton for Liverpool at 5-16 and ½ per lb. (The rate of exchange on England 7 a 7½ premium for cash. Stocks have taken a great start to day. It will be seen that they are 1, 2 and 2½ per cent higher than yesterday. This advance is founded on the belief that the money market will very soon be essentially relieved.—Jour of Commerce.)

AUGUSTA, May 27.

Our Cotton market has again declined, both in prices and in the feelings of purchasers. Since the receipt of the last accounts sales have been difficult to make even at a decline of fully 1 cent on prime, and 2 cent on Inferior; We now quote 13 a 17½ cts and believe that it would require something very choice to bring 18 cent.

In Groceries very little doing, save to the Country trade. A sale of salt was made on Saturday, at 50 cts 90 days, and since then same price Cash has been refused.

Stocks—Considerable enquiries this week to purchase. Trust Stock at $25 advance, but none can be obtained at that price—Some few shares were sold yesterday at $30.

Freights to Savannah 50 Charleston $1 per Rail Road.

THE BEE.

Official State and City Paper, of the first and third municipalities. PRINTED BY J. BAYON.

NEW-ORLEANS: TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1836.

FOR PRESIDENT
M. VAN BUREN.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT
RICHARD M. JOHNSON.

The general council in its last night's sitting has laid a tax of $200 per annum on each grog shop.

It is to be regretted that the Post and Union should assail a banking company like the St Charles; and endeavor to undermine its reputation by any covert assertions. That company belongs not to any individual; its subscribers in future having been incorporated by an act of the legislature with the banking privileges the other chartered companies, might as well have escaped the shafts of censure without cause. It is never well to ascribe the credit of a company or merchant, no more than the reputation of an individual.

The St Charles banking company are priviledged to issue negociable notes: and they are as valid and as good as the notes of any other bank in New Orleans, as long as the institution shall be properly conducted: and for that the public have sufficient and almost superabundant guarantees.

Texas. The reports from Texas have been confirmed, by direct arrivals yesterday, which state that the remnant of the Mexican army under the command of General Filisola had crossed the Colorado river; and were near Rio Grande, having taken a circuitous route to avoid the depredations of the Comanches Indians. We have however not heard any thing definite concerning the rumored surrender of the division under Colonel Wolf—and may still be permitted to doubt it: for Wolf [illegible] surrender in the manner rumored.

It is also stated that the volunteers from this place under General Green had arrived at Galveston, to the number of 500; and that New York schooners were lost south of Louisiana, with nearly a like amount of volunteers for the conquering army; so that it may safely be said that citizens of the United States despoiled a friendly nation of one her finest provinces, as there were really not more than 50 Texians in the battle of San Jacinto, under Houston; and that most of the Texian army consists of volunteers from the United States. But the spirit of liberty and speculation is not easily checked or restrained. Texas must therefore be independent of Mexico.

The Italian opera has had its refuge in New Orleans: not that it has commanded success here, after having failed elsewhere; but that it has not so wholly failed here as in other places. The Italian opera cannot be sustained in any city out of Italy, so as to realize a profit by its representations,—as the expences attending them are necessarily great; and as it is not suited to the taste of the many. It is therefore usually placed under the protection of the government, or some cognoscenti who are willing to bear the expense for the sake of the gratification and fashion of the enjoyment. But it is a luxury not relished by all; and its expenditures must fall on some to sustain it.

In New Orleans, it has been Mr Caldwell's fate to be almost the sole patron; but certainly the sole sufferer. Unaided he engaged the whole troupe at an expence of $30,000,—the extravagant sum at which they rated their talents and attractions; but at the end of the season, he finds his coffers minus $10,750. This he had to pay to gratify his own taste in catering for the public.

It has however taught him very partially a lesson of precaution hereafter: for with the exception of Pedrotti and Montressor, who are gone to Havana, he has engaged all the troupe for Louisville—to tickle and elevate the taste of the Kentuckians. But he has been taught; for he refused to re-engage the company for New Orleans unless a certain number of boxes was purchased previously for the ensuing season. This has been nearly effected; altho it is not certain whether either Montressor or Pedrotti can be here next winter—as their engagement at Havana may preclude an engagement with Mr Caldwell. Yet if it is possible to have them, it is probable he will have them here.

He has sent an agent to England to engage as many chorus-singers as possible; and finding that the legitimate drama cannot succeed in New Orleans, he will next year concentrate his energy and attention on Italian and English opera, on melodramas and ballets, on spectacles and other attractions.

It is almost an anomaly in life to find a person independent in mind who is independent in circumstances—not that wealth gives dependence of mind, but that want generally or greatly prevents its exercise or destroys its existence. It is true that comparative want may be a competence, if contentment exists with it; and also that integrity and independence may accompany them: but it is equally true that the will is fettered, for action is restrained, by the *res augusta domi* by the straitened circumstances in life. The mode of action greatly depends on the means; and the end, on both.

Franklin evinced his independence of those who would have controlled his press, by showing them on what he was contented to fare; yet his contentment elevated his pittance into a competence, and by that he was enabled to evince his comparative independence of a few. He knew not absolute want; and could therefore bear to be independent to a certain extent; but had it been otherwise, he might himself have been compelled to reiterate the excuse of Shakespeare's apothecary—

My poverty and not my will consents.

Had indeed poverty overtaken him (or such as him) in the autumn or winter of life, his former reputation and habits might have left a remnant of that moral pride of mind, which would have verified the metaphorical saying of Moore—

You may break, you may ruin the vase as you will,
Yet the scent of the roses will hang round it still.—

But that is the fate or good fortune of very few

We have heard of a young gentleman of good birth in England, and of easy circumstances in early life. But adversity having overtaken him, it conquered the proud spirit for which he had been remarkable—and reduced him to the grade of a coffee house lounger. Yet his talents and spirit were occasionally evoked.

Having denied the position of a politician who had been haranguing and boasting for some time, it was agreed that they should argue the point *in extenso*.

The reduced gentleman commenced; but having proceeded a little with much mildness and intelligence, he was interrupted by the other with the request, 'please pull up the collar of your shirt before you go further.' This was a poser to the unfortunate gentleman and he was instantly nonplust—as attention was attracted to his abject circumstances.

The talent of an artist or the genius of a philosopher bends or is made to succumb to wealth; and hence the irony of an acerbid or morbid mind assumes the aspect of sycophancy or fawning. Men may be humble without being humiliated; but when they are humbled by want and hardship, their humility is something worse than hypocricy.

Hence it is that every person of talent who would be independent in action or in mind, should early and earnestly endeavor to secure a competence in life. Poverty is a decided enemy of love, esteem, respect. Life is a curse without the means to live.

Yet how many young gentlemen of excellent mental attainments are there now in New Orleans, following the profession of law or medicine, who cannot realize a livelihood; and who find themselves obliged to succumb to the veriest ignoramus in mercantile life, who has amassed wealth by assiduity: but with the talents of an angel, a man may be a fool in the pursuit of wealth here, and happiness hereafter.

Early in March last, we gave a statistical account of Louisiana for 1834, as far as could be gleaned from the tableaus of the state treasurer. But as these are always unfortunately one year later than the actual time and recources, we could not then give the account for 1835—the ended year.

But last week, thro the politeness of the state treasurer, we obtained the result of his assessments in the parish of Orleans for the year 1835. This statement shows that the value of property is estimated at $31,918,185; and as it is taxed by law at $1 for every $1000, the state tax on it is $31,918. The taxes on personal professions and pursuits in New Orleans amount to $22,129: these are laid on slaves of which there were 8,135; on wholesale merchants, of which were 323; retailers, 786; taverns, cabarets, etc, 543; brokers, 56; auctioneers, 16; exchange brokers, 27; notaries public, 17; apothecaries, 55; billiard tables, 51.

By the statement which we presented in March, it will be seen that many of the professions and pursuits had nearly doubled in 1836. But to persons who like ourselves endeavor to obtain the latest and most accurate information, it is painful to find that the assessments for taxes are not made for upwards of a year after the taxes are due: not only that we are deprived of correct information up to the present period; but that we believe real and downright injustice is done by the delay:—for there are many merchants who merely winter here, and reap their profits by speculation, that never pay one cent for state or city taxes. This is unjust and unjustifiable.

We regret that we cannot communicate to our readers recent statistical information of a satisfactory nature. Statistics are shamefully neglected in Louisiana and New Orleans, because neither the state legislature nor city authorities, will enforce the t[illegible] committed to them.

We have conversed with the gentleman, who made his proposals in the Bulletin of yesterday, to stop the crevasse at Morgan's plantation; altho' he declines to state the means which he intends to adopt, if engaged in the enterprise, we feel confident that his skill and experience is equal to any task he may bind himself to perform.

We fully concur in the opinion of the lady in the time of William the Third of England, who asserted that in men desire begat love; but in women, love produced desire. The more animal feelings of women are much more refined than those of men; their desire are not so easily excited, but when they are stimulated into love, they are much more permanent than those of the other sex. The hand of a lady can unfortunately be easily purchased; but her heart is a price jewel, which nought but mutual affection can gain or retain. Man desires without thought; woman loves only on reflection—particularly when she has been civilized by education: it was therefore idle in the sacred historian to assert that any love could surpass that of a woman. Desire may stimulate the love of man; but love or affection alone can excite the desire of woman.

Correspondence of the Bee.

WASHINGTON, May 19th, 1836.

This city exhibited yesterday, quite a scene of rejoicing. Every countenance seemed to be animated with joy, and every pulse beat with pleasure. Citizen and stranger were alike delighted. The cause of all this gratulation was the gratifying news from Texas of the capture of Santa Anna and his myrmidons, at the information of whose destruction every one seemed to be pleased, from the previous indignation which the cold-blooded cruelty of the Mexicans had excited. They looked upon it as a mark of retributive justice, and though the principle of retaliation had long been banished from the code of modern warfare, they seemed to think that on this occasion, the retaliation, if it were as reported, was called for by justice and the necessity of the case. Almost at the moment this pleasing intelligence was received, Mr. Mangum presented the [illegible] North Carolina, concerning the recognition of the independence of Texas, on which Mr. Preston took occasion to comment, in a strain of eloquence equal to any thing I have heard fall from his lips. It is a subject which suits the noble ardor of his feelings, and the magnificent character of his declamation. Shall I give you a short sketch of him? The following extract will do it

'Mr. Preston's mind is more imaginative than logical, and every thing that passes through it is embellished by the rich hues of his imagination. He reasons, and reasons well, but he is fonder of ornament than logic, and delights more in the splendid creations of poetry than in the cold formula of argument. The mind of the hearer is never so much satisfied by the force of his reasoning as it is gratified by the splendor of his decorations. These are not, however, so puerile and exuberant as to cloy or offend, but are introduced with great delicacy of taste and propriety of application, and sure to rivet the attention and charm the mind. His imagination is too warm for great depth of thought, or cold and elaborate analysis: his judgment is, however, sound and discriminating, but is always exercised in connection with the brilliant faculty I have named. The skeleton of argument is always adorned and rendered agreeable and pleasing by the splendid drapery he casts around it, and the hearer is struck with wonder and admiration, without being at all times satisfied with the truth of his positions, or the correctness of his conclusions. His style partakes of the character of his mind—it is rich, ornate and splendid, but still adapted to the subject on which it is employed. Mr. Preston is an admirable actor as well as orator; he knows how to introduce his clap traps, how to strike the auditor with astonishment and admiration when he least expects the blaze that is to follow; and how to suit the word to the action, and the action to the word, without o'erstepping the modesty of nature. When the vivid flash and burst of thunder have passed off, the mind of the hearer is permitted to sink into repose, and to wander for a time along the paths of argument, till another peal startles him from his tranquility, rivets his whole attention and fills his soul with delight and wonder. All this, too, is done with the most masterly power of acting: the attitude, the expression of the countenance, the whole action are suited to the thought, and calculated to give effect to the feeling he wishes to excite. His illustrations are happy and beautiful, and his images poetical and sometimes gorgeous. He does not indulge in puerile conceits or extravagancies of fancy; his are figures and images that the finest taste would relish as appropriate and beautiful. He does not labor to say striking things, but delights to throw out beautiful thoughts; 'thoughts that breathe, and words that burn!' His is not the brilliancy of the epigramist—not that brilliancy to which the lines of the French poet could apply,

Si tu brillais sans être utile,
A ton dernier jour on dirait,
Ce n'est qu'une étoile qui file,
Qui file, file, et disparait;

it is the light of a fervid imagination becoming more glowing and heated by its action, as the 'chariot wheels,' to use an expression of Coleridge, 'get hot by driving fast.' The declamation of some of his fine conceptions is equal, if not superior to that of Macready, Booth, or Cooper; and his tall and dignified form, his manly attitude, his graceful gesticulation and the appropriate adaption of his voice to the sentiment or feeling by which he is influenced, give an impressiveness and power to what he utters, that are felt and acknowledged by all. He is more of the Roman* than the Grecian orator—glowing, superb, fervent, and magnificent. There is much pungency and keenness in Mr. P's sarcasm, but it is polished and courtly. He does not deal in the coarse invective and vituperative of vulgar minds, but the shafts he sends forth are like the fabled thunderbolts of Jove, irradiated with the vivid corruscations of lightning.'

The next cause of rejoicing here was the final passage of the bill for the relief of the district, which I have more than once mentioned to you. It will be the cause of resuscitating the dormant energies of this city, and giving new life and vigor to its almost paralized efforts.

* It is a curious fact, that the bust of Mr. Preston bears a strong resemblance to the likeness we have of Cicero. It possesses almost the same outline of face, and the same general expression. His bust is now being executed by a young self-taught American artist of great genius, named Powers, whose busts want but the animating principle to make them perfect resemblances.

From the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, May 20.

TWO DAYS LATER.

By the packet ship *South America*, Capt. Waterman, we have London papers of April 15, and Liverpool of the 16th, inclusive. Their contents are of little interest to the American reader.

From some recent votes in the Commons, Lord Melbourne and Lord John Russell are evidently losing strength.

Nothing of moment from France.

Mutual butcheries, as usual, are yet going on in Spain.

SPAIN.

Madrid dates are to the 6th of April inclusive.—The *Journal des Debats* continues to contend that M. Mendizabell will be compelled to retire from the Spanish Ministry,—notwithstanding that the address of the Chamber of Procuradores had been positively, and that of the Proceres negatively, favorable to him.

The unfortunate mother of the Carlist chief Babrera, by order of Mina, had been executed by the sentence of a regular tribunal, in consequence of her conviction as a party conspiracy! This disgraceful act of butchery on the part of the queen's officer, has been the subject of debate in the chamber of Procuradores, while discussing the address to the queen. M. Isturiz nobly stigmatized, as it merited, the savage cruelty of the act, although committed by his old friend and companion in exile, Mina. "Why," asked M Isturiz —"why does not the address notice the atrocious reprisal, of which the mother of Cabrera has been the object? Why does it not contain in respect of it a single word of reprobation or of indignation? Who is it that does not see at this moment the mother of Cabrera struck, as well as a crowd of other victims, whose blood falls drop by drop on the heads of Ministers."

The following is the copy of a letter declared by the Morning Herald to be from a highly respectable source:—

"MADRID, April 2.

"The Government has received advices that a Carlist column, composed of 4000 infantry, had approached Valencia, and in an engagement had defeated the garrison. The whole of the province had risen in their favor, and great fears were entertained for the city of Valencia.

"Another Carlist column of 2000 men had besieged Munveidro, and it was supposed that unless the fort was speedily relieved, it must surrender.

"Despatches were also received, stating that a Carlist column occupied in Arragon the rich and populous city of Caspus.

"The news received yesterday from Galacia give a frightful description of the state of that province.—The Carlist bands increased to an alarming extent, from having been joined by a great many Portuguese soldiers."

PORTUGAL.

The Prince had not arrived in Portugal on the 29th of April, but was hourly expected. His marriage, to the Queen, is not popular, and the Ministers will resign on his arrival. A letter from Lisbon of April 29th says:

The Prince is not to be Commander-in-Chief. This has not been publicly declared, but it is a thing quite understood even by himself. Indeed the *Patriotic* Association, who by the way were refused admission into the Palace, when they went the other day to present their remonstrances to the Queen on this very subject, have come to the magnanimous resolution of hissing and pelting him should he land in the uniform of that rank.

The same letter says there is a growing feeling of dislike to England, and a determination to give superior commercial advantages to other nations, particularly to Spain.

The Paris papers bring intelligence from Algiers and Oran, the environs of the latter are said to be very unsafe. They contain a report that the French has gained on the plains of Abra, a considerable victory over the chief named Hadid Boulem, the right hand of Abdel Kader. No particulars are given.

One of Don Carlos's bravest officers, Don Vincent Cordeau, surnamed El Rojo de San Vincente, is dead of his wounds. He was buried on the 5th, at Larrauzar.

A schism broke out between Mendizabal and his party in the Chambers on the first day of their meeting. Letters from Madrid speak with great disgust of some of the "friends of freedom" in the new Chamber. We quote a speciment:—

"All the friends of good order and sound liberal principle are disgusted at the tag rag and bob tail members of the new Cortes. The election of Cordero for Malaga, and Garnindes for Salamanca, has given great discontent. The former you cannot fail to remember, last year, headed a revolutionary mob, and assassinated the lamented General Canterac; and the latter, a native of Bilbao, was chief of the staff to the ragamuffin army of Las Navas. Indeed, so exalted are the principles of this man, that he refused his submission to Mendizabal, although his worthy chief had com[illegible] with the *nec plus ultra* of prime minis[illegible] It is a fact that this man was returned for Sala[illegible] by Las Navas, who possesses some property [illegible]

"Be not deceived by appearances! [illegible] fall; the Exaltados must come into power, and blood must flow!"

A rumour was circulated on the Paris Exchange, that Galicia had risen in favor of Don Carlos, and that the two provinces of Portugal the nearest to the Spaish frontier, had declared for Don Miguel— Not credited.

The Barcelona Journals to the 5th of April, state that Mina was still at Cervera, with about 4,000 men, under the orders of General Alvarez. The Military operations were so combined, that the latter could thence march to the assistance of any of their columus that might be attacked by a superior force.

Letters from St. Sebastian stated that the British squadron off that coast had landed a reinforcement of 120 artillerymen for the garrison.

There is a man in Perth, (Scoland,) named Vade, who is over 140 years old, and can still hear, see, and walk. This is almost coming up with Joice Heath.

The Methodists in Ireland have "struck" for fair play, and in consequence thereof,—refused to pay Tithes. The Episcopalians themselves will fall too next.

A company, with the Knight of Kerry at its head, had been formed to establish upon an effective plan, steamers between Valentia and America.

There is more than a gallon of spirits consumed per annum, in Great Britain, for every man, woman, and child in the empire.

The officers in Dublin have established a Theatre for the good of the poor, as all the money received at the door goes to their benefit.

We take from a New York paper the following remarks of their London correspondent, on the subject of the Naval estimates for the increase of the British Navy, for 1836. We believe they will prove interesting to our readers, as they will throw some additional light on the importance of an immediate increase of our Naval Force afloat. It will be observed that there is employed in the British Navy 33,700 seamen, 9000 marines, and 2000 boys. While on this subject we may express our belief, that the time has arrived when it is all importan that Congress should do something to secure to our Navy in time of need a full supply of able-bodied seamen—which can only be done by inducing the commercial marine to carry apprentices: the many idle boys that are running about our streets and whaves, might be creditably and usefully employed in our naval and merchant service, under the apprentice system.

The navy estimates were brought forward on the 4th, which led to some discussion relative to the proposed increase of the marine force, as alluded to in the King's speech. The total excess of the estimates over those of the last year is £246,000, which has arisen from the necessity of augmenting the number of seamen and marines to the ordinary craft. This increase in the vote of the present session is £254,000, and the number of new hands 5000 men and 1000 boys, making the whole of the sea service to consist of 33,700 men, 9000 marines and 2000 boys. England has only ten line-of-battle-ships afloat, whilst Russia has 18 in the Baltic and had 28 more at the review of Constandt, independent of the frigates, small craft and armed steamers.

Mr. Hume objected to the proposed increase, though he admitted that the present naval estimates were the best and most complete it had ever been his fortune to see. He contended, that the American commers was quite as extensive as the British; it visited every part of the world where British flag had access; and yet the force which the Americans considered ample for the protection of their commerce, was one-tenth of that maintained by this country. Sir James Graham, a former First Lord of the Admiralty, said that portion of the President's message which suggests the employment of boys in the navy, 'as a means of strengthening this national arm,' and congratulated himself on finding so powerful a supporter of his views on this subject as General Jackson. One passage from Sir Robert Peel's speech is worthy of profound attention, for it proves that the right honorable baronet has an idea that we were sleeping on a volcano. He was bound to give credit to government, and not call for the precise basis on which this vote was founded. He saw in the relative positions of France and the United States a reason for maintaining our navy in a state of great efficiency. Though there was no immediate apprehension of danger, yet considering the peculiar position of these countries took steps to augment their naval force it was our exercising circumspection on our part that country should not remain idle, or be necessitated to resort to sudden and comparatively ineffectual expedients for supplying the deficiency.

Notwithstanding Sir Robert tried to evade the real point, and attempted to throw the reason for the augmentation of the navy on the quarrel between the U. States and France, yet I am glad that Lord John Russel placed it on its right footing. 'He did not mean,' said the noble leader of the commons, 'to say that the disposition of Russia was other than peaceful, but still he contended that if other European powers increased their force, this country should not be supine on that point. *It could not be told how negotiations would end*,—and the country should always be prepared to resent insult.' There is more—much more—in the passage that I have marked in italics that meets the eye; there are 'negociations' going on now, relative to the occupation of Cracow, and who knows how they will 'end.' There has been a joint remonstrance sent from St James and the Toileries, which, in well informed circles, is stated to be a very indignant one. The occupation of the republic by the troops of Austria,—Prussia and Russia, must be considered as a direct infraction of the treaty of Vienna, but what is to be thought about the *transportation* of all proclaimed persons to the United Sates, I shall leave you and your government to determine. After a vote of £110,0230 had been agreed to for salaries of officers connected with the Admiralty, the committee rose, thus agreeing unanimously, to the proposed increase. I have been rather minute in the above, because at the present moment, and under all circumstances it cannot fail in proving interesting to your readers.

The foundations of knowledge and virtue, are laid in our youth; if at any other time, the structure must be insecure and imperfect.

He that will not hear the admonition of a friend, deserves to feel the correction of any enemy.

A warm heart requires a cool head.

A Covetous Parsnip.—A family in this town, the other day, when getting dinner, observed one parsnip larger than the rest, and withal rather crooked and knotty. They cut it open, and found an old fashioned silver brooch, which was lost years ago, firmly imbedded in the heart of the parsnip, and completely covered with the root.—*Portsmouth Journal*

ANECDOTES AND FACETIÆ.

The late Sir John Stepney, many years our Minister at Berlin, left at his death five hundred pounds to his valet, to be paid when he delivered a favorite spaniel safely into the charge of an intimate friend. Care killed a cat, in this instance it killed a dog. However, necessity is the mother of invention, and the man had it stuffed, and then conveyed it to the place of its destination. He delivered it with some compunctious visitings, from which he was speedily delivered by the lady's exclaiming. "What an agreeable suprise—I throught the nasty creature was alive! Oh, I will have a glass casetat once; and here is the acknowledgment needful I believe for your legacy."

No one who knew him but will remember how much gaiety mingled with Admiral Sir James Lake's kindness of heart. He loved a joke as if he kept company with his childhood all his life. One day a young Fitzroy came to dine with him, his table being as open as his heart. "We are engaged to Lord Rothwell's," said the Admiral, "but we will take you with us I suppose you have a good appetite of your own."

There is one trait in the Turkish character, which we should like to see imitated every which we should like to see imitated every where. A price is set upon a piece of goods, or upon any service rendered, and the purchaser or employer either gives the amount without a murmur, or declines a bargain without a word.

No men have more perplexities than newspaper publishers. Notwithstanding their terms are printed daily there are many persons who, after the service is rendered, undertake to fix own prices, and think it very strange indeed that the regular printed charges should be exacted. There is but one right way of doing a thing. If the terms do not suit you, let the service not be accepted; but let no man who prides himself upon a Christian sense of justice and propriety be less honorable or less liberal than a Mussulman. If we do not like a hat or a pair of shoes, or a garment, at vendor's rates, we are under no obligation to take it; but certainly, after using the commodity, any cavil, ing about prize would come from us with a bad grace, "Live and let live," is a good rule. Every friend of the industrious classes of the community will observe it scrupulously and cheerfully. All men are entitled to a fair and honest remuneration, whether for "head work," or the toil of their hands.—Richmond Compiler.

There is at present, in Jedburg, a French water dog of uncommon sagacity; but it is not remarkable for its sagacity alone, for instead of its skin being covered with hair it has a fleece of wool, considered by the best judges to equal to Merino. The proprietor, within the last two years, has made the fleeces into a vest, a pair of trowsers, and two pair of gaiters. The whole is of a beautiful fawn color.

A New Discovery.—A discovery has been made, and a patent taken out, for using blackberry bushes in the process of tanning leather. Should this prove a good substitute for oak bark, it will be of great importance in points of view.

There is nothing very important from Portugal with the exception that the young Queen was very anxious to see her husband, who had been dancing cotilions in London up to the last date.

It was stated at a parochial meeting, on the subject of the introduction of a new poor law system, in St. Clement Danes vestry, on Tuesday, that Madame Vestris has been proposed as one of the candidate guardians!

The Sultan's eight hundred wives employ five hundred cooks, and, if Mr Willis, the penciller, is to be believed, consume two thousand five hundred pounds of sugar daily.

There have been, further arrests in France, touching a second conspiracy supposed to have been formed against the Kings life.

No man according to an official circular, issued from the Treasury, will hereafter be retained in the service of the Government who is known to be an Orangeman.

MESSRS WALTER & DUBAYLE'S, Day and Boarding School—Course of studies—Reading and writing; the French, English and Spanish languages, practically and gramatically, the Latin and Greek languages: Arithmatic Geometry and Algebra; Rhetoric, Geography, History and Drawing, and in general all sciences useful to a man who wishes to occupy a distinguished place in the community.
Pestalozzi's & Jacotot's methods are followed for certain parts of the education.
The scholars will be kept if required, from 7 o'clock am, till 6 p m. By this system the advantages offered by this establishment are the same as those of a good college. june 3-3t

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Medora, Pike, London, J B Roy.
Barque Jane, Richie, Glasgow, Holmes & Mills
Brig Comet, Marcy, Marseilles, Legendre & Lamery.
Schooner Vanda, Graffam, Newbury Port, S & J P Whitney

ARRIVED.

Towboat Pilot, Clark, from the Passes, took to sea ship Denmark. ship Emerald and schooner David Rogers. Brought up to the city, ship Lyons and brig Lexington, and to slaughter house point, schooner San Jacinto. Reports nothing off or in the river.

Ship Lyons, Davenport, Havre, April 12th to L H Gale; cargo wines, cordials and dry goods.

Brig Lexington, Wise, 18 days Philadelphia to master cargo assorted.

Schooner San Jacinto, Henry, Velasco, 29th May, to W Bryan, in Ballast.

Steamer Atalanta, Staley, Cincinnati.
Steamer Cumberland, Irwin. Louisville.
Steamer Teche, Dough, St Martinsville.
Steamer American, Washer, Natchitoches.
Steamer Cloutierville, Benorst, Natchitoches.
Steamer Arkansas, Holderman, Arkansas.
Steamer Jone, Grice, Manchester.

EXPORTS.

London—Per ship Medora, 510 hhds tobacco
Glasgow—Per Barque Jane, 1098 bales cotton.
Marseilles—Brig Comet, 429 bales cotton, 190 bags coffee, 21½ M Thonson, staves 10 boxes, camilla and sundries
Apalachicola—Brig Mary, 1 stove, United States.
Newbury Port—Schooner Vanda, 152 bales cotton, 69 bbls. pork, 720 sacks corn.

Per Teche—28 bales cotton, J B Plauché; 49 hhds sugar, Gray, Durive & Co; 22 bales cotton, J B Plauché; 12 bales cotton, 17 hhds sugar, Lastrape & Desmare; 1 sugar roler, Chatigné & Co.

Per Cloutierville—7 bales cotton, C Toledano; 5 ditto, Bullitt, Ship & Co; 7 ditto, Dubog & Chatigné; 24 hides, Peyroux & Co.

Per Arkansas—2 boxes Henderson & Gaines; 12 packs peltries; ½ bbl beeswax, Lavillabeaure & Wallace; 18 bales cotton, to ditto; 9 bales cotton and 2 boxes, Yorke & M'Alister; 11 bales cotton, Gray Durive & co; 61 bales cotton, Burke, Watt & co; 25 ditto; 25 bbls. pecans, 1 lot hides to order.

Per Jone—11 bales cotton, 155 pieces bagging, 162 coils rope, 5 bales twine to Bucken, Stanton and co; 33 bales cotton, Byrne, Hermann and co; 12 ditto, 20 ditto Bogert and Hoopes; [illegible] co; 6 ditto, Bier and Stever; 24 ditto, Tarbe and Nash; 10 ditto, Forsyth Goodwid and co; 14 ditto, T Barrett and co; 1 ditto, Martin Pleasants and co; 3 ditto, Leigh Maddux and co; 2 ditto, Caruthers, Harris and co; 12 boxes merchandize, 16 kegs nails, to order.

IMPORTS

Sundries per castings M Erskins; 1 box, Sloo & Byrne; 32 hhds and 11 bales cotton, Tiernan, Cuddy & Co; 14 bbls flour, A Prieur; 18 bales cotton and 5 hhds tobacco, Leigh Maddux & Co; 45 hhds. tobacco, A H Wallace & Co; 27 bales cotton, N & J Dick & Co; 7 ditto, Martin, Pleasants & Co; 1 ditto, Robeson Wood & Co; 1 box, Walker, Walton & Co.

Per Cumberland—674 pieces bagging, 194 coils rope W G Freeland; 71 hhds tobacco, A H Wallace & Co; 7 packages merchandize, to ditto; 58 hhds tobacco, Brie & Stever; 7 ditto, N & J Dick & Co; 264 coils rope, J Leland; 2 hhds tobacco, Damarin & Co.

CONSIGNEES.

Ship Lyons, Taslet & Delamore, Quirtier & Albert, Fouché & Gougot, J A Merle & Co, J Magee, A Morel, Herbault & Roumage, J W Zacharie, A Senecal E Rayal, M Museo, E Martin.

Brig Lexington, Byrne, Hermann & Co, Robeson Wood & Co, Kirkman, Rosser & Co, Fergus Chaffin & Co, M'Alister, Conner & Co, Wilcox, Anderson & Co, N & J Jenks & Co, B L Tracy & Co, E Johns & Co, Wm. M'Kean, Sloo & Byrne, Forsyth, Goodwin & Co, T C Cash, R Yeatman, T Toby & Bros. C H Bancroft, Bogert & Hawthorn, W Massey, Tourné & Beckwith, J & W Gallagher, J Sanders, W W Caldwell, Leigh, Maddix & Co, Martin Pleasants & Co, C Mackie, Tietnan; Cuddy & co, A H Wallace & co, Lockhart & Arrott, Dicks & co, Lambeth & Thompson

MEMORANDA.

At New York for this port, May 19, ships Baltimore, Cheeseborough, Citizen, King; 20th, ships Copia and Leoran.

Ship Mozart, twenty-one days hence for Havre, was spoken on the 8th May last, lat. 38 30, long. 64 30; Barque St Louis, for ditto, on the 10th.

Hence, at Elsineur, 2d April, the Palemon, Malmgreen.

Hence, at Bremen; 2d May, the Amelia, Bringeman.

At Falmouth, 8th April, the Lavinia, Jones, from Liverpool, for this port, with loss of foremast, sails and rigging.

Hence, at New York, 21st, ship Saratoga, Hathaway 13 days; Yazoo, Eldridge; brig Matawankeag, Higgins.

Cleared at Boston for this port, May 19th, brig Marine, Smith.

Hence at Portsmouth, May 15th brig Turner.

June 4, ship Lyons seen ship Mary Maria, of Boston, from Bremen, 30 miles eastward of the Balize, bound to this port.

Hence, at Velasco, Texas, Barque C P Williams, schooners Flash, Pennsylvania, Brutus, Invincible, and steamer Ocean, with volunteers.

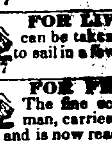
The Mississippi river 5 feet at mouth; Arkansas passed Mississippian above Vicksburgh and Emerald, at Baton Rouge.

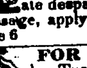
Saint Charles Theatre.

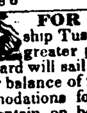
On Tuesday Evening 7th June 1836, Will be performed
CHARLES THE II.
Rochester MM. J M Field.
Charles 2nd. Hunt.
Cap Copp Decamp.
Mary, Mrs. Hunt.
To conclude with
RAISING THE WIND.
Jeremy M. J M Feild.

THOMAS FELLOWS,
Exchange Broker,
No. 39, Chartres street.
Purchases and sells Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Bank and other Stocks, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Doubloons, Sovereigns and other Gold Coins, on the most reasonable terms. sept 9

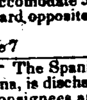
J. D. BEERS, I. R. ST. JOHN & Co.
Exchange Office.
No. 60, Chartres street.
CHECKS at sight, short sight, and on time. on New York, Augusta Ga. Philadelphia, Savannah do. Fayetteville, N Macon, do. Charleston, S. C. Mobile.
Mississippi, Alabama and all uncurrent Bank Notes Gold and Silver Bullion, Gold and Silver Coins purchased—Doubloons, Sovereigns, and other Gold coins for sale.

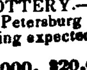

FOR MOBILE, BILOXI
And all intermediate landings.—The Steam Boat MERCHANT, Capt Swiler, will leave the rail road on Thursday morning 9am, just on the arrival of the 8 o'clock cars, for the above places.
For passage only, apply to capt Swiler on board or to
june 7 JOHN KILSHAW Jr.


FOR LIVERPOOL. 200 bales cotton can be taken on board ship Ambassador, to sail in a few days, apply to
june 7 LINCOLN & GREEN.


FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER. The fine schooner FLORA, Capt Appleman, carries 800 bbls and draws 5½ ft when loaded and is now ready to receive cargo, for terms apply to JAMES REED & Co.
june 7 35 Royal st.

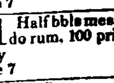
FOR HAVANA—The fine packet schr. PHENIX, Spicer master, will have immediate despatch, for the above port For freight or passage, apply to the captain on board, or to
june 6 R. GRONING & Co


FOR BOSTON—The fine fast sailing ship Tuscany, captain Littlefield, having the greater portion of cargo engaged and going on board will sail with all possible despatch.
For balance of freight or passage, (having good accommodations for four or five passengers,) apply to the captain on board, opposite the vegetable market, or to GODFREY, BLOSSMAN & Co


PASSAGE FOR NEW-YORK.
The fast sailing brig CORAL, Capt Doughty, will clear this day and sail tomorrow and can accomodate 5 or 6 passengers. Apply to the capt on board opposite the Cathedral or to
EASTMAN & BROS,
june 7 29 Old Levee.

The Spanish polac VIZCAINA, James, from Havana, is discharging between St Louis & Toulouse sts, consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods. june 6

LOTTERY.—Another mammoth scheme!—VA. Petersburg class 9, drawn at Alexandria May 28, drawing expected on Friday the 10th inst.
CAPITALS.
$50,000, $20,000, $10,000, $5,000, $4,000, $3,000, $2,750, $2,500, $2,000, $1,610, 5 of $1,500, 50 of $1,000, 100 of $500, &c.
Tickets, $10 | Halves, $5.
Orders promptly attended to, if addressed to
YATES & McINTYRE, New Orleans.
june 7—4t


LOUISIANA CARRIAGE REPOSITORY. Coaches, barouches, gigs, sulkies, stanhopes, coachees, single gigs for Doctors, phaetons, tilburys, &c. Also 1 French cab, built in Paris and a second hand barouche just received and for sale on moderate terms by H BEACH & Co.
june 7 46 & 48 Royal st.

600 Bbls superfine and 300 do cross flour for sale by G DORSEY.
june 7 28 New Levee.

41 Half bbls mess pork, 20 do mess, 21 do M O, 50 do rum, 100 prime, 9 soft, 2 P O sour, 1 cargo for sale by G DORSEY.
june 7 28 New Levee.

100 Cases gun powders 24 & 50 lbs ea "Red stone mills" brand, landing and for sale by COIT & Co.
june 7 20 Custom House st.

150 Half bbls full branded prime beef, 9 do M O do, 61 do M O cross, 65 do prime cross, 2 de cargo, 29 do de cross, 4 half do mess cross, 2 de m O cross, 1 do prime cross, 98 do b beef for sale by G DORSEY.
june 7 28 New Levee.

PONY FOR SALE. A jet black Indian Pony, well broke and gentle and a very beautiful animal, can be seen at Hills stable corner of Poydras and Camp sts. Price $500. june 7—3t

LANDING from packet ship Louisville from New York, 130 kegs assorted nails 6 to 60d, 36 boxes best Whittimore cotton cases no. 10.
J LABADIE,
june 7 50 Levee st.

Citizens Bank of Louisiana.
New Orleans 7th June 1836.
THE subscribers to the capital stock of this Bank are required to furnish forthwith to the cashier a description of the property they propose to mortgage. Those who will have failed to comply with the present requisition on the 30th of this month shall be considered as having abandoned their claims to the stock and their names shall accordingly be erased from the list of subscribers.
By order of the board.
june 7 J B PERRAULT, cashier.

NOTICE.—The subscription Books of the stockholders of the "Merchants steam boat Co" for the purpose of establishing a regular communication by steam between this port, Havana and ports in Mex co, is now open at the Ocean Insurance Office, shares $500 each.
Thomas Barrett, E. Seinett, S. W. Oakey, James Curell, J. Kilshaw Jr. } Committee for receiving subscriptions.
june 7

NOTICE.—Such stockholders of the steam boat Merchant as have not received 3 dividends will please to call on the subscriber for payment.
june 7 JOHN KILSHAW Jr.

Mechanicks and Traders Bank
New-Orleans, June 6th 1836.
AGREEABLY to the 17th section of the charter of triennial meeting of the stockholders of this institution will be held at the Banking house on Saturday the 11th inst at 10 o'clock A M.
june 7 SAM C BELL, cashier.

NOTICE is hereby given that application has been made to the Louisiana State Bank for the removal of a certificate of stock No 1977 dated the 2d March 1824 for ten shares, 5 fifths paid, in favor of Joe Brownson which has been mislaid or lost.
june 7—6t 1pw

TO hire, two good house servants, aged from 11 to 16 years, apply to
JOS BARTHET,
june 7 20 Toulouse st

WANTED, any number of shares of the Citizens Bank, do of the Bank of Louisiana, do Commercial Bank, do State Bank do Union Bank, do Ocean Insurance Co, Merchants do, do Ponchartrain railroad do, apply at no. 119 Royal st. june 7 6t

FOR SALE—Shares of the City Bank, do Improvement banking do, do Atlantic Ins do, at moderate [illegible]

WANTED—Two cooks, either male or female good characters and with excellent recommendations, can find advantageous situations, high wages, by applying at No 119 Royal st. june 7—6t

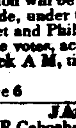
FOR SALE—A good washer, and good hair dresser; these 2 slaves are particularly recommended and will be given on trial. For particulars and terms, apply at no. 119 Royal st. june 7—6t

EXCHANGE on Philadelphia for sale by
KOHN, DARON & Co.
june 7 23 Bienville st.

10 Bales linen osnaburgs, some very low priced just received and for sale by
ANDREWS & BROS,
june 8 19 Chartres st.

50 boxes writing ink, for sale by
FROST & Co,
june 7 8 Custom House.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.—Parish Court for the parish and city of New Orleans—Present the hon Chs Maurian, judge—No 8933. Wm H Sesener & Co, Brown & Erwing & Chs Ely, vs. A McLean, for a forced surrender. Let an order of sequestration issue against the property of A McLean, to be found within the jurisdiction of this court. Let a meeting of the creditors of said McLean be held at the office of Felix Grima not pub on Saturday the 8th day of July next 1836, to appoint syndics to take possession of and manage the insolvent's property for the benefit of his creditors. Let J J Mercier Esq, attorney & counsellor at law be appointed to represent the said McLean absent, and in the mean time, it is ordered that all proceedings against his person and property be stayed.
Extract from the minutes—Clerk's office, June 6 1836
june 7—2pw ARMAND PITOT, clerk.


TEN DOLLARS REWARD, will be paid for the recovery of the negro boy named William, the property of Jules LeBlanc, he is about 15 years of age, 4 ft and some inches high and is absent from home since about eight days, apply to J LEBLANC,
june 7—3t 103 Royal st.

ELECTORAL NOTICE.—The electors of the 1st District of the 2nd municipality, are informed that the last election for a member of the police jury of the parish of Orleans not having taken place, a new election will be holden on Monday, 13th May, at Banks Arcade, under the superintendance of Messrs Wm Freret and Philip Lafonta.
The votes, according to law, will be received from 9 o'clock A M, till 3 P M
CHARLES MAURIAN, judge
june 6

JACOTOT INSTITUTE.
MR Caboche respectfully informs all persons anxious to convince themselves of the efficacity of the method followed to teach his pupils, to be present to the public exercises which will take place at his college, on Thursday & Friday 9th & 10th inst, at 4 o'clock P M, and also to the distribution of premiums, tobe held on Saturday, 11th June, at the same hour.
june 6—6t

Exchange Banking Company,
New Orleans, June 6, 1836.
NOTICE.—An instalment of Ten Dollars per share will be payable at the Banking Room, on Friday 1st July next, by order of the Board.
june 6 R. BRENAN, Cashier.

SHIP CHANDLER, PRICE.
ALL persons concerned in the general average loss by this ship, are hereby notified that in ten days from the date hereof I shall close the statement, and that all claims not handed to me on or before the time herein specified, will be barred.
june 6 W. Y. LEWIS, Notary Public.

NOTICE.—The copartnership heretofore existing under the styles of Heno & Waterman, and of Heno, Waterman & Co., are dissolved by mutual consent from this date.
G. HENO.
W.S. WATERMAN.
june 6 J.F. GOMEZ.

HAVANA SWEETMEATS.—50 Boxes Havana sweetmeats just received and for sale by
june 6 R. GRONING & Co.

HAVANA COFFEE AND SUGAR for sale by [june 6] R. GRONING & Co.

HATS.—100 Boxes Beaver Hats, for sale low, by
june 6 R. GRONING & Co.

REMOVAL. Dr Byrenbeidt has removed to No 43 St Louis St, between Chartres and Royal sts, opposite Hewlett's New Exchange. june 6—3t

20 Quarter casks and 50 indian bbls of dry malaga wine for sale by
PERKS & HALL,
june 6 2 Front Levee.

15 Firkins Goshen butter just received and for sale by PERKS & HALL,
june 6 2 Front Levee.

SARDINES, BRANDY—Landing ex Globe, from Bordeaux, and for sale by the subscribers: 10 pipes cognac brandy, Dussaud's brands, 1 case anti-goutz syrup of Dr. Boubee.
Landing ex Celilia, from Nantz, 30 cases sardines in oil, in tin boxes, 200 dozens guignolet from Angers.
CARRIERE, DARAN & Co.
june 6 11 St Louis st.

NOTICE.—The suberiber having closed his evening sales, would thank all those who have goods in the back store, to take them away, as Mr Duffy who has charge of the business is about leaving for New-York Persons having sales, will please call within 10 days, and get their settlement, and those owing bills will make payment.
JOHN M BACH,
june 6—10t 58 Banks Arcade

James Vance, vs. his Creditors.
THE Creditors of this estate are requested to leave at the office of Wm Y Lewis Esq. not pub on or before Thursday next the 9th inst, a statement of the amounts due them, to enable the syndic to file a provisional tableau of distribution. june 6—4t

NOTICE—For sale, cash, or on credit with an endorser, the fine schooner Messenger, of 93 tons burthen. Apply to examine said vessel, on board, at the Basin of the New Orleans canal, or to Mr Choppard, Chartres street, Between Bienville & Conti.
june 6—6t 3pw

LANDING from brig Globe, from Bordeaux and for sale by the subscriber, 20 half pipes old cognac 45 cases fruits preserved in brandy, 30 bbls vinegar, 40 casks red wine.
E TASTET & A DELAMARE.
june 6—3t 90 St Louis st.

250 bbls mess pork, 150 hhds first quality bacon 300 bbls whiskey, 100 kegs lard in store and for sale by
M MAHER.
june 6 16 Poydras st.

CONSOLIDATED Association Bank Stock—80 Shares of the stock, for sale by
THOMAS FELLOWS,
june 4—3 39, Chartres street.

PONTCHARTRAIN Rail Road and Old Architects of 1828 Stocks—For sale by
june 4 THOMAS FELLOWS.

LOWER Cotton Press & Orleans Navigation Company Stocks—For sale by
june 4 THOMAS FELLOWS.

HAVANA COFFEE—2617 bags prime green Havana coffee, landing ex Legonia, John Edwards and Phenix, for sale by
june 6 R. GRONING & Co.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish court for the Parish and city of New Orleans—Present the honorable Charles Maurian, Judge—June 4th 1236—No. 8228—Benjamin Briol in actual custody vs. his creditors.—Upon reading and filing the petition and schedule in that case, it is ordered that a meeting of the insolvent's creditors take place in open court on the 25th day of June instant, in order to deliberate upon the prayer of this petition, and in the mean time all proceedings against his person and property are stayed.
By order of the Court,
Clerk's office, New Orleans, June 4th, 1836.
june 6 P. A. GUYOL, dep. clerk.

NOTICE.
ONE or two experienced Contractors for building houses, together with any number of journeymen house joiners and carpenters, will find constant employment at Pensacola. For further particulars, apply at the office of the Alabama, Florida and Georgia rail Road Co. Pensacola. june 4—

NOTICE—The creditors of the estate of the late George Bossier, Sr, deceased ad interest in the parish of St John the Baptist, are required to notify, at the clerk's office of the Court of Probates in and for said parish, in the delay of fifteen days after the first publication of the present notice, the full amount of their claim.
Parish of St John the Baptist, 14th May, 1836,
m 28 T. Le BLANC, Judge.

Sales at auction.

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.
ON Saturday next, 11th instant, at Hewlett's Exchange, at noon, will be sold three valuable lots, situated in Faubourg Franklin bounded by Washington's walk, Morales, Musique and Bons Enfans, and designated by Nos. 1, 2 and 3; measuring each 34 feet front, by 117 feet in depth.
Those lots are high and in a quarter already built, and improving fast.
Terms—One third the 18th of October next, one third the 18th of April next, and the other one third the 18th of October, 1837: notes satisfactorily endorsed, with mortgage until final payment. The last note will be deposited with the notary, as security out of sale, before E Seghers Notary Public, at the expense of the purchaser. The plan will be deposited at the Exchange.

BY J. B. BLACHE.
WILL be sold, on Wednesday the 8th inst, at half past 4 o'clock P M, at No 175 Bourbon st between St Peter & Toulouse, a handsome assortment of French furniture, china flower pots, sets of china cups & saucers, chandeliers, castors, linen table & bed cloths, &c.
Terms at sale. june 7

BY JOHN M. BACH.
WILL be sold on Friday July 1st at 12 o'clock, at Hewletts Exchange, corner of St. Louis and Chartres sts, by order of the Hon the Court of the parish and city of New Orleans, the following described property, viz:
8 lots of ground situated in the parish of Jefferson, in the town of Carrolton, square No 130; purchased of Prudos and Damien, and all paid up except $80.
2 lots of ground at the corner of Union & St John the Baptist sts, in the rear of suburb Marigny.
Terms: 6, 12 & 18 months credit, june 7

BY J M BACH.
WILL be sold, on Friday, 10th June, at 10 o'clock at the store on Marigny's canal, a quantity of wares and mdz, belonging to the creditors of Wm P Mc Niel & Co.
Terms: Cash. june 7

BY J M BACH.
WILL be sold this morning at 10 o'clock at Banks Arcade, a quantity of wine in boxes and casks brandy, gin, beer in barrels, olives in boxes &c, also 107 baskets champaign. june 7

BY M. BARNETT SR.
WILL be sold on Saturday 11th instant, at Hewlett's Exchange, at 12 o'clock, that beautiful and well known tract of land situated about three [illegible] Old Chemneys, and divided into 56 lots of half an aprent each, fronting on the sea shore by about 28 arpents in depth of will more fully appear by reference to a plan which will be exhibited a few days previous to the sale. This land is immediately on the track of the steamboats to Mobile, and within 6 or 7 hours run from New-Orleans, and from its ellegible situation, the salubrity of its atmosphere and the many advantages it possesses in point of locat on hold out inducements to purchasers which are not to be surpassed. This land is high and thickly timbered with white and live oak laurel, cedar, pine, &c. Immediately along the margin of the sea shore are several natural springs of cool and excellent water: these advantages added to the late rapid improvements, and increase in the value of property in this section of country, must render it a safe and desirable purchase. The public is assured that this is probably the last section of land for sale between Pass Christian and Baloxi; it is therefore advisable not to loose so favorable an opportunity of making a profitable an investment.
The title to this property is unquestionable and fully guaranteed.
Terms:—6, 12 and 18 months credit, for approved endorsed notes with mortgage until final payment.
Act of sale to be passed before Wm. Boswell, eeqr notary public, at the expense of the purchasers.
june 6—6t

BY THOMAS C. CASH & CO.
Positive Sale of Valuable Real Estate, to close a concern.
WILL be sold at the Arcade Exchange, on Tuesday June 7th at 12 o'clock.
Four valuable Lots of Ground, situated on St. John Baptiste street, between Orange and Richmond sts. measuring each about 31 feet 10 inches front by a depth of nearly 128 feet. On these lots are the two very good one story frame buildings with kitchens, &c. under rent at $20 and 18 dollars per month, they would now command $25 at least, an opportunity for a good investment here presents itself as the property lies in a flourishing part of the city and continues rapidly to increase in value.
Terms—The purchaser to assume the following payments viz: A note due 30th August next for $2297,88-100, a note due April 30th 1837 for $3375, a note due 30th April 1838 for $3,375. Balance payable $1746 50 in 9 months, and the remainder in 12 mos. from the day of sale in sums to suit the vendors, with an approved endorser and mortgage on the property until final payment.
Acts of sale to be passed before H B. Cenas, at the expense of the purchasers. june 4 3t

BY J. B. BLACHE.
BY virtue of an order from the Hon. the Court of Probates for the parish and city of New Orleans, bearing date the 26th of May 1836, will be sold, on Thursday, the 30th of June next, at 12 o'clock, at the New Exchange, corner of Chartres and St. Louis street, the following named slaves held in common by Sylvanie Malliered and F. W. of C and her minor daughter Maria Remissaire Eleonore.
Slave Mary, aged about 22 years, since 9 years in the country, a waiter, ironer, cook and house servant, fully guaranteed, and her daughter Polymnia, aged 4 years.
Terms—One half cash, and the balance at a credit of 6 and 12 months, for approved endorsed notes and mortgage. m28

BY THOMAS C. CASH & CO.
Syndics Sale.
WILL be sold at Hewlett's Exchange, on Wednesday, the 15th June, at 12 o'clock, m.
By virtue of an order from the honorable the District Court, and under the direction of the Syndics for the creditors of James M. Crosby, an absconding debtor.
15 Valuable Lots of Ground, situated on the new foubourg Marigny. as per plan
Terms—6, 9, and 12 months credit, for approved endorsed notes, with mortgage until final payment.
m 14

United States vs. brig Phœnix her tackle, apparel and furniture.
IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Eastern District of Louisiana.—By virtue of a writ of vendition exponas to me directed, will be sold at Bank's Arcade, Magazine street, between Gravier and Natchez streets, suburb St. Mary, on saturday 18th instant, at 12 o'clock noon, the brig Phœnix, her tackle, apparel and furniture.
Terms of sale, cash.
june 4 J. H. HOLLAND, U. S. Marshall.

Mayoralty of New-Orleans.
BY F. DUTILLET & DELERY, Auctioneers.
ON Tuesday the 14th inst. at twelve o'clock, at Hewlett's coffee house, corner of Chartres and Saint Lewis streets,
The materials of a frame building situated on a lot of ground belonging to the 3rd Municipality and facing Piete street, will be sold to the highest bidder.
Terms—cash, the buyer obliging himself to demolish said house and remove the materials in a delay of thirty days from the day of sale.
june 4 D. PRIEUR, Mayor.

PARISH OF JEFFERSON—Court of Probates—Succession Elizabeth Shaw—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said succession and all persons interested to shew cause within ten days from the publication hereof, why the account rendered by the executors of Barney Coffee, curator of said succession, should not be approved and homologated and the bond of said curator cancelled.
june 4—3* F. DUGUE, judge.

PARISH OF JEFFERSON—Court of Probates—Succession of Bernard Coffey—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said succession and all persons interested to shew cause within ten days from the publication hereof why the amount rendered by the testamentary executors of their administration of said estate should not be approved and homologated.
Parish of Jefferson, 4th June 1836.
june 4 F. DUGUE, judge.

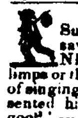
NOTICE—H. M. Hart & Co., have this day taken into partnership A. C. Labatt, and their usual business will be continued at No 58, Chartres street, under the firm of Hart, Labatt & Co.
The firm of H. M. Hart & Co, is continued in liquidation. june 4—3

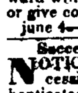
FOR SALE—A creole negro, 16 years old, good house servant and driver: also a mulatress, about 20 years old, good house servant, ironer and somewhat of a seamstress. Apply to J. M GRAS,
june 4—3 309, Rempart st.

FOR SALE—Carrollton Bank Stock; Mechanics and Traders Bank do; City Bank do; Union Bank do; Amelioration Bank do; Merchants Insurance do; Atlantic do do; Commercial do do; Upper and Lower Press do; Old Architect of 1828; Pontchartrain Rail Road Stock.
june 4 EDW. GOTTSCHALK, Broker.

NEW BOOKS—Spain revisited—by the author of "A Year in Spain."—Ovid translated by Dryden, Pope, Congreve, Addison and others—in 20 and 21 of Harper's Family Library—Just received by
C H BANCROFT,
june 4 14 Camp st

NOTICE—Whereas it is ascertained that Alexander Murray Caw, late of the firm of J. R. Poizat & Co. of St. Thomas has transacted illegal and injurious business for said firm and has since left the Island, we do find it requisite do make known that said Alexander Murray Caw is no longer a partner of said our firm of J. R Poizat & Co., and consequently that no transactions make or entered into by him will be considered binding for us.
Saint Thomas, April 25th 1836.
m 27—2w J. R. POIZAT & Co.


$10 REWARD—Runaway from the subscriber's house, on May 31, the negro MOSES, dark complexion, about 25 years old, 5 feet 2 inches high, speaking french and english. The above reward will be paid to whoever will bring said slave back to the subscriber, or will lodge him in the jail of this city.
june 4—3 F. ROBERT AVART.


20 Dollars Reward—Runaway since Sunday evening, the 22nd May, from the gang saw mill, in fauxbourg Livaudais, the negro NED, aged about 25 years, about 5 feet high, limps or the the right hips and has no beard; he is fond of singing and of a gay disposition. Having never absented himself before, and being altogether a very good boy, it is feared that some accident has happened to him or that he has been decoyed. The above reward will be paid to any one who will put him in jail or give correct information about his fate.
june 4—3

Succession of Raimond Pujol, (alias Boileau.)
NOTICE—Persons having claims against said succession are requested to hand the same duly authenticated to Mr Pierre Roy, St Philip st between Levee and Conde sts; curator of said estate or to the undersigned, JOHN L. THIELEN,
may 31 Atty. of the Curator