COMMERCIAL.

LATEST DATES.

New-York	feb 23	Boston	feb. 15
Philadelphia	" 22	Baltimore	" 24
Charleston	" 20	Washington	" 23
Paris	jan. 16	London	jan. 16
Havre	" 18		

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS, March 9th.

SALES OF STOCK AT THE BOARD OF BROKERS.

150	shares Atchafalaya Bank	101½
25	do Ocean Insurance Company	62½
75	do do do	62½

COTTON.

154	bales Mississippi, (selected)	20¼
101	do do	18
69	do do	19
98	do do	14¾
197	do Louisiana	17½
17	do do	16
104	do Arkansas	16½
689		

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.

194 shares U S Bank, 127½ a 127¾
427 do do do 128 a 128½

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 22.

210 shares U S Bank, 127 a 127¼
100 do do (60 time) 130

BALTIMORE, Feb 24.

COTTON.—We note sales this week of Mobile at 18 a 18½, and of Uplands at 17 cents—the market has been rather more animated since our last.

EXCHANGE.—We quote Bills on England at 9¼ a 9¾ per cent. premium—Paris 5f 35.

MOBILE, March 8th.

COTTON.—Yesterday but little animation was witnessed in the market, and from what we have been able to learn, should say, sales to the extent of 500 bales were effected at prices per last quotations, which we continue.—Good and fine, 18½ a 19½; good fair, 17½ a 18; fair, 17¼ a 17½; middling, 16¾ a 16½; ordinary, 14 a 15¼.

Saint Charles Theatre.

Third Grand
ITALIAN OPERA NIGHT.

The manager respectfully announces to the public the third representation of Il Pirata.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 11, 1836.

IL PIRATA,

Composed by the celebrated Bellini.

[illegible] Signor Comini.
[illegible] CHARACTERS. [illegible] Montresor.
[illegible] Adelaida Bedioni.

AMERICAN THEATRE.

CAMP STREET.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 11, 1836.

Will be performed Sheridans Comedy of

SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.

Sir Peter Teazle,	Mr. Mason. Sen.
Charles Surface,	F. S. Hill.
Joseph Surface,	C. Mason.
Crabtree	Thorne.
Lady Teazle,	Miss Mason.
Lady Sneerwell,	Mrs Russell.
Maria,	Herbert

Solo on the Trumpet by Sig Gambati.

To conclude with the admired Drama of

BLACK EYED SUSAN.

William,	Mr. Scott.
Quid,	Farren.
Peter, (With songs)	Hodges
Black Eyed Susan,	Miss Nelson.

EXTRAORDINARY SPECTACLE.

Mr. Adrien,

Will give a few nights more of his wonderful and astonishing amusements at the room, corner Royal and Orleans streets.

This Day, at 7 o'clock, Brilliant soiree.

Mr. Adrien will divide his representation in three parts. In the first, 15 new experiments and feats of gentleman, executed with his well known dexterity. In the second, new illusions in which the spectator will be astonished over the least description and numerous and well executed creations off new to the ladies. In the third, phantascopy, with new forms and applications.

Mr. Adrien will not enter into any other details, as he feels certain not to disappoint the public, for whose past favors he offers his most sincere thanks.

Box office, open 6 o'clock P M. The performance will begin at 7. Admission, $1—Children under 8 years half price. m 11

BROWN & Co.'s CIRCUS,

A FEW DOORS ABOVE THE AMERICAN THEATRE.

The managers most respectfully announce to the ladies and gentlemen of New Orleans and its vicinity, that their company of equestrians having arrived, they will open their

ESTABLISHMENT

EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK, WITH A VARIETY OF

Gymnastic, Equestrian and Athletic Feats. &c. &c.

Among the gentlemen attached to the company are the following, of well known talent:—

Messrs. North,	Messrs. Levi,
Stickney,	Ricardo,
Rogers,	Wills,
Rockwell,	Stone,
Minnich,	Phillipo,
Shay,	Long.
Mateer,	Master Lipman.

MISS NEWMYER'S FIRST ESSAY.

AND THE CELEBRATED CLOWN,

Mr. Elleburn.

Prices of admission—Boxes 75cts; Gallery 50cts. Doors open at 6 o'clock; and performance to commence at 7 o'clock precisely.

Proper officers are employed to enforce a rigid decorum.

Slaves not admitted without a pass from their masters.

Seats can be secured from 10 o'clock, A. M. until 3 P. M.

For particulars of performance see bills of the day. jan 12 2tf

Orleans Theatre.

For the Benefit of Miss Dupuis.

ON TUESDAY, MARCH, 15, 1836.

Will be given the first representation of

CHARLES THE III,

OR

THE INQUISITION.

Drama in 4 Acts, by Masers d'Epagny and Deyeux.

To be followed by the first representation of

THE OLD WOMAN OF 16 YEARS.

Vaudeville in 1 Act, by Messrs Messerville and Carmouche. m 9-5t

THE PARTNERSHIP existing under the firm of Borderes & Brothers, has been dissolved by mutual agreement from this day. Mr A Borderes is alone to settle all outstanding accounts. Persons who may be indebted to said firm are now informed that, in case their accounts should no be settled and paid off by the end of this month, they will be handed to a justice of peace for collection,

D. BORDERES,
A. BORDERES,
Z. BORDERES.

m 10-3t

PUBLIC SALE—*Parish of St. James.*

THE sale of the property belonging to the succession of Joseph Paul Fabre not having been terminated in the course of the 2d and 3d days of March 1836 will be continued on Monday the 14th of March 1836, on the premises. The sale having been adjourned to an other day, as it cannot be fixed for an earlier day, owing to the other engagements of the undersigned parish judge.

Will be sold on said day, the plantation of J P Fabre, situated in the parish of St James, measuring 14 arpents front more or less, and eighty arpents in depth; bounded above by the plantation of widow Evariste Lassalle, and below by that of widow Joseph Laurent Lassalle, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon. Thirty arpents of which are cultivated in canes, planted in canes, ninety-six arpents of which are in canes, and sixty-six arpents of woods.

And whereas, the stock in the Citizens' Bank belonging to the succession and secured by mortgage and hypothecation and certain slaves of said J P Fabre, [illegible] not sold in New Orleans, when there offered for [illegible] viz: said shares will be sold on the [illegible] day. The purchaser of the stock will be obliged to receive a mortgage to the bank in lieu of the mortgage existing and to cause the mortgage against J P Fabre to be raised and cancelled within ninety days.

Will be sold some moveable property belonging to the succession.

The terms and conditions of the sale are as previously advertised. For the bank stock and the moveable property, payable in March 1836, 1/3 cash. The plantation in three instalments: in March 1837, March 1838 and March 1839, in notes satisfactorily endorsed, payable at the counting-house of Peyroux, Arcueil & co, in New Orleans, and bearing interest at the rate of ten per centum per annum, after maturity, if payment be delayed.

m 9 L M TANEY, Judge

WHISKEY—200 bbls superfine whiskey landing from steamer Farmer; 300 do from steamer North America, for sale by

m 10 ORAIN & MIGNON, 7 New levee

FLOUR—430 bbls flour Bakers brand landing from steamer North America, and for sale by

m 10 ORAIN & MIGNON, 7 New levee

BUTTER—43 kegs western butter landing from steamer Farmer, and for sale by

m 10 ORAIN & MIGNON, 7 New levee

THE SUBSCRIBERS offer for sale the following articles, imported directly from Malaga, by the Constancia

1830 Iron pot and flat iron; 225 do round; 160 half pipes [illegible] 200 bbls do; 1400 bbls brandy; 300 do sweet [illegible] 100 sacks filbert; 6000 reams paper; 835 bbls [illegible] 200 do extra wines; 75 do vinegar 1000 jars olive oil; 30 cases agap; 105 do almond oil; 1830 cases raisins; 1610 half cases do, 600 qr cases do; 60 bags mint; 4 cases silk ribbon of Granada; 2 casks cremor; 500 jars olives; 380 seroons soft shell almonds; 448 cases lemons; 100 jares grapes.

m 10 A. M. MIRANDA & Co.

SELLING, BY CAUSE OF IMMEDIATE departure. The subscribers, being about to leave this country, offer for sale on advantageous terms the stock, good will and run of customers of the "Marine Coffee house," situate on the Levee, between the two markets.

The advantageous situation of this establishment together with the care always taken to satisfy the public and keep their patronage, are its greatest and best recommendation.

m 7-3t BINET & BONNELLY

LEECHES—Very large leeches, for sale at the drug store of A. A. PEYCHAUD, 129 Royal st

m 9

THE BEE.

Official Bills and City Paper,
PRINTED BY J. BAYON.

NEW-ORLEANS:
FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 11, 1836.

For Mayor

L. U. GAIENNIE.

For Recorder

JOHN CULBERTSON.

E J FORSTALL Esq has been elected president of the Citizens' bank, instead of John A Merle. Perhaps there could not have been a better choice made, as none of our citizens excel him in the knowledge of financial and political economy. It is to be greatly regretted that his bill for the emission of 20 millions of state bond has not been passed by the legislature: as no measure is better calculated to afford revenues for educational and internal improvements.

The governor has vetoed the supplementary bill of the Gaslight and banking company. He has no objection to augment the privileges of a chartered company; but believes it to be unconstitutional to alter the prominent features of a charter, as this would impair the obligation of a contract.

ORLEANS NAVIGATION COMPANY.—At the last session of the legislature, a suit was ordered to be instituted by the attorney general against this company, as having forfeited their charter. Today this suit will be brought before judge Watts, in the district court: and we may expect a fine specimen of ingenuity from Mr Mazureau and his advisers.

When this suit was ordered last year we only smiled at its absurdity, and the useless expense to which it was likely to lead; but we harbored our thoughts in silence, as we hoped the threat would stimulate the company to renewed exertions—the only benefit likely to result. This company was chartered in 1805 forever to construct a canal leading from the bayou St John to the river Mississippi: so as to effect a connected navigation between the lake Pontchartrain and the river.—There were no restrictions of any kind imposed on the operations of the company and no provision ever indirectly hinted for the forfeiture of the charter. They were privileged to tolls when they deepened the bayou to admit vessels drawing three feet water—privileged to make a second charge when the canal Carondelet admitted vessels of the same draft—and privileged to make a third charge when that canal might be connected with the Mississippi river. They were also permitted to construct any other canal in the parish of Orleans, between the river and lakes provided they obtained the consent of the governor.

It may be considered that they were bound to do what they were privileged to do—that is to connect lake Pontchartrain with the Mississippi by the bayou St John and the canal Carondelet; as they were permitted to charge tolls. But on minutely scanning the terms of the charter, it will be perceived that their privilege of charging was to commence at a certain period of their work: without that work being effected, the privilege was void—yet it may not therefore follow that they are imperatively bound to preserve the conditions on which the charges were privileged; and certainly is cannot follow that they lose their charter, in which no imperative conditions were exacted from the company. The only offset is that charges may not be paid; unless the bayou and canal are maintained of sufficient depth for the free navigation of vessels drawing three feet water.

Whatever may be the impolicy of granting a charter in perpetuity, we cannot believe that the charter of this company is in any manner unconstitutional; nor do we suppose that it can be forfeited, as no provision was made for declaring it null and void under any circumstances They were permitted to improve the inland navigation of the parish by as many canals as they thought proper—the only restriction being in the rates of tolls to be charged on their canals or turnpike roads. We might as well assert that they have forfeited their charter by not continuing canal Carondelet to the river Mississippi, as they were permitted to do—as to believe it forfeited because they did not construct a good harbor at lake Portchartrain, which they were not required nor prohibited to do; altho an appropriation had been made by Congress for that purpose, as another appropriation by the national legislature had also been made for the canal to the river. They were fools as regards their interests; but their folly is not tantamount to a forfeiture of their charter. This was in force from the period of its becoming a law, and to continue forever. They could not violate it, for there were no prohibitions, and indeed no requirements.

So much for the BEE vs the legislature; or rather against the prosecution of the attorney general

But we were pleased that some notice had been taken of the miserable condition of the bayou and canal, as public opinion might conquer the negligence of the [illegible] their lethargy to a sense of their situation and interests, if they disregard the welfare of the public.—We were not much mistaken. The company elected a new president; and began to reflect seriously on their improvements. They improved the canal and bayou, being doubly stimulated by the opposition which they were soon to experience—opposition not from the attorney general: for that they may laugh to scorn; but opposition from the Orleans canal westward. The latter is the true policy: tolerate and protect competition, then monopoly and negligence are found no more. Interest compels to energy and vigilant exertions

This is the case in the present instance. The directors of the Orleans navigation company finding their craft in danger from this competition not that prosecution, have contracted for an excavating machine to deepen the water in the bayou St John and canal Carondelet—the contractor being bound under a penalty to keep seven feet water in the harbor and throughout the bayou and canal at lowest tides. The machine will be in operation on the 1st of May. This will secure the trade on this route for the central municipality, whose future council would do well to countenance this company.

But the directors should not cease here. They are allowed to make a road on both sides of their canal; and have the exclusive use and possession of 60 feet on both sides by an act of Congress—from the point whence their canal issues from the bayou till it shall reach the Mississippi. The whole of Canal street is therefore theirs in property and for exclusive use, by a prior, paramount and supreme claim—their charter and the acts of Congress.

And they should even go further. Their harbor at the lake has been declared by Congress to be a port of entry and delivery—they can demand an appropriation for its improvement in any manner required.

If they act spiritedly and honestly, they need not fear the opposition of the upper canal. All rests with themselves. They have the privilege of realizing 50 per cent on all their outlays: they can make it if they will.

The surplus revenue in the U S treasury on the 1st of January, was $16,651,856.

The secretary of the U S treasury has issued a circular to all receivers of public monies, collectors, disbursing officers and deposit banks, not to make any payments after the 1st of May, in notes of a less denomination than 5 dollars; and after the 5th of July next not to make or receive payments in notes less than 10 dollars. This is to maintain a safe and sound currency.

The deposit banks are further requested not to issue notes less than 5 dollars for any part of their circulation after the 4th of July; and none less than 10 after the 3d of March '37. It is also expected of them to make specific of all payments exceeding 500 dollars; in American gold coins—which will soon be supplied to them for that purpose. This request is based on their obtaining the government deposits without paying any interest on them.

A committee of the Congress house of representatives has been appointed to report by bill or otherwise on the expediency of issuing gold coins for 1, 2, 3 and 4 dollars; and of increasing the number of branch mints for coinage. Mr Henry Johnson of this state, is a member of said committee.

General Francisco Vital Fernandez has been appointed by Santa Anna, to be commandant general of Tamaulipas and New Leon: and General Cos to be commandant general of Coahuila and Texas.

Don Manuel Edward de Gorostiza has been appointed ambassador extraordinary to Washington from the Mexican government.

General Fernandez has issued a decree declaring Matamoros to be a military station; and forbidding any to leave that city without a passport. None can enter there or at the mouth of the Brasos without reporting themselves; and any harboring strangers are liable to penalties, as are also any who converse freely on the affairs of Texas.

The army invading Texas is said to be 8000—of these there are only 3,500 bearing arms, and capable of service. The cavalry corps under Folisolos were obliged to retire on Monclava; from want of provisions. The utmost effective force that the Mexicans can raise will be about 5,000; but were that number doubled, they will be the prey of the Texians. What cares the wolf how many the sheep are?

The Texians can raise 5000 men of their own; and are aided by 2000 from the United States. By this time, they have in general assembly declared their independence of Mexico. This step was deemed necessary on the approach of an invading army, making the contest national.

[illegible] THE SENATE ON SATURDAY

The [illegible] to the banking privileges to the [illegible] main road, subsequently passed, and [illegible] both houses, [illegible] their concurrence [illegible] rejected by the [illegible] vote.

Mr Hoa moved to table on the part of the senate—The branch bill attached to the bill would destroy it; and the company would not accept it in that form.

This motion being lost by a vote of 5 to 4, he then moved to reject the bill *in toto*. Lost by a vote of 6 to 4.

Mr. Bossier moved to concur in the amendments of the house, increasing the capital of the company; and attaching consequently branch banks.

Mr Hoa opposed this motion. On a former occasion he had shown that this company was the first to establish a railroad in Louisiana—that it had commenced operations in 1830 with a capital of $150,000; but finding this sum insufficient to complete the road, had been granted a capital of $250,000—that having succeeded in perfecting the road, its stockholders are unable to declare a dividend or proceed in the works contemplated, in consequence of their expenditures having been $700,000, twice as large as their capital—and that to enable them to complete the very important improvements in constructing a railroad with a double track to Chefmenteur river, and building there a harbor, they ask for privileges which have been conceded to other companies not half so meritorious in their nature and useful in their object. That railroad will not only be of importance to New Orleans in its trade with Mobile, Pensacola and other seaboard cities in the gulf; but will be advantageous for the trade of the upper districts in the state, in affording facilities for trade and travel not attainable by other means. In such an undertaking to be destroyed by branch banks, which will absorb much of the capital of the company; and much of its attention also? He is well aware of the manner of proceding when banking privileges are granted to a company for an object of internal improvement, that its supporters are compelled to permit branches in order to mollify members: he also well knows that then the main object is neglected, and the internal improvement left to chance. A different system would be the course of policy and prudence as well as of wisdom and justice. [He spoke further at length, but want of space prevents a detailed report.]

After a desultory discussion between Messrs Brownson, Bossier, Moore and Hoa, the motion to concur was lost by a majority of 8 to 6.

The vote on the first motion of Mr Hoa being reconsidered, the senate agreed to insist by a vote of 8 to 6.

All the amendments of the house were then rejected; and the bill restored as it had previously passed the senate. It was soon after returned, with the concurrence of the house.

Mr Moore moved to take up the bill to incorporate the New Orleans and Mobile seaboard association.

It was amended and passed.

Mr Luny moved to take up the bill supplementary to the state act (vetoed by the governor) amending the charter of the Gallatin bank.

He attached another bill that had been vetoed by the governor to the present, altering the charter of the Red river railroad company.

The bill so amended was passed.

Mr Hoa presented a resolution that no new bills shall be introduced during the remainder of the session. Adopted.

Mr Dupre moved to take up the bill for the relief of the Franklin college.

Mr Brownson advocated the enactments of this bill. An appropriation had last year been made for this college, when the building should have commenced: but this fact was required to be attested and certified by trustees consisting of twenty-five individuals scattered thro the state from Ouachitta to St Mary, who would not if they could take the trouble personally to ascertain the fact. In consequence a joint committee of the legislature had been appointed to visit, and report on the fact: now as the appropriation of last year was based on the commencement of the building, and as this has been verified by the committee, it is but reasonable to expect the appropriation previously ordered for the college.

The first section was adopted.

The 2d was to make an annual appropriation of $13,500 for the college.

Mr Labauve objected to this grant, without being afforded satisfactory information to warrant it.

Mr Hoa moved an amendment, that this appropriation shall not be granted till the building shall have been completed, and in a state to receive scholars: yet even then only on the condition of the college admitting one indigent scholar from each congressional district. Adopted.

Mr Bossier presented an additional amendment, that the sum of $1500 be appropriated for the academy at Claiborne, when one-fourth of the building shall have been erected; and Mr Cuny proposed a like amendment in favor of the academy at Harrisonburg. Both were adopted.

The bill so amended was passed.

The bill for the relief of Lefebvre and Hardy being taken up; the senate desisted from their amendments in favor of Crissy and Populus.

Mr Labauve moved to take up the bill making an appropriation of $1500 for the construction of a road at the cut-off in the eastern part of Iberville parish.—He strenuously advocated the utility of the road, and the propriety of the grant.

But the senate thought otherwise, and rejected the bill by a vote of 9 to 2—Messrs Labauve and Lacoste in the minority.

The senate adjourned till next day

BY AUTHORITY,
AN ACT,

Authorising the governor to purchase arms for the use of the state, and for other purposes.

SEC 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, that the governor be and is hereby authorized to draw on the treasury from any funds not otherwise appropriated, the sum of fifty thousand dollars, to be expended in the purchase of arms, guns, pistols, and swords, in the proportion which shall appear to him the best adapted, to the wants of the state, and said arms to be deposited in the state arsenal.

SEC 2. Be it further enacted &c, that the governor be and is hereby authorized to deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the commandant of the 5th regiment of militia, in the parish of St Charles, for the use of the St Charles guards, a volunteer corps, in said parish, seventy muskets, with bayonets and cartouche boxes, fit for service, and seventy sabres, out of any arms now in the arsenal of the state, or that may hereafter be therein; that arms be furnished to the two companies of cavalry of the parish of Jefferson, to the company of cavalry of West Baton Rouge, and to all the volunteer companies, which are now, or may be organized in the state of Louisiana.

SEC 3. Be it further enacted &c. that the said arms shall not be delivered to the aforesaid commandant of the 5th regiment, until he shall give a bond, and sufficient security for the safe keeping and delivery of the same in conformity to the provisions of this act of the legislature, approved the 19th day of the month of November 1831, entitled "an act to provide arms for the volunteer companies of the state."

SEC 4. Be it further enacted &c. that the aforesaid colonel, or commandant of the 5th regiment, shall distribute, or cause to be distributed among the members of the aforesaid company called the St Charles guards the aforesaid muskets, bayonets, cartouche boxes, and sabres—or such number thereof as may be necessary, in conformity with the provisions of the above recited act of the legislature.

SEC 5. Be it further enacted &c. that a sum of five thousand dollars be and is hereby appropriated for the purpose of repairing the fieldpieces belonging to the battalion of artillery of the legion of Louisiana—it said sum of five thousand dollars be deemed necessary by the governor, that a sum of five hundred dollars per annum be appropriated for the use of said battalion of artillery, to enable them to purchase cannon balls and powder, and to practice target shooting at least twice in every year.

SEC 6. Be it further enacted &c. that the civil engineer shall draw a plan and estimate of an armory, to be built on a lot of ground belonging to the city of New Orleans, on the site of the old prisons, near the [illegible] that said building be at least two stories high, and so constructed as to contain twenty pieces of artillery, and ten thousand stand of arms; and that a sum of twenty thousand dollars be appropriated for that object. Said building to be commenced as soon as the city council of New Orleans, or a majority thereof, shall have notified the governor of the state of their consent, or transfer to the state the lot of ground necessary for the aforesaid building.

SEC 7. Be it further enacted &c. that there shall be appointed by the governor of the state a proper person to serve as an armourer in said arsenal, whose duty shall be to remain constantly in said building, to keep in complete order the arms and equipments there in deposited, and who shall receive a monthly salary of sixty dollars

SEC 8. Be it further enacted &c. that the governor shall deliver to the colonel of the 7th regiment of militia of this state seventy stand of muskets and bayonets, with cartouche boxes, under the conditions made in this act.

SEC 9. Be it further enacted &c. That the governor be authorized to purchase one nine pound field piece of brass, and artillery for each and every brigade in the state.

(Signed) ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. DERBIGNY,
President of the Senate.

Approved February 25th, 1836
(Signed) E. D. WHITE,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

New Orleans Improvement and Banking Company.

NOTICE—Proposals will be received at the office of this Company until Monday next, 14th March, for the delivery of all the bricks, lime and sand necessary for erecting the building of the Citizens' Bank.

Proposals will also be received to contract for all the brick work

J. H. RABOTEAU,
m 9-6t Secretary.

New Orleans Improvement and Banking Company.

NOTICE—Proposals will be received at the office of this Company until the 1st April next to contract for the works hereafter described, to be executed for erecting the building of the Citizens' Bank, viz:

For all the wrought and cast iron and smith's work.
For the carpenter's work
For the brass or zinc roofing
For the marble and stones
For the plastering and cornishes
For the sculptures and carving
For the painting
For the glazing and lights

No undertaker of said works will be allowed to sub-contract for any other work than his own trade or profession.

The book of conditions and terms will be left for inspection at the office of the Company, from 9 o'clock A M, until P M.

J. H. RABOTEAU,
m 9-22t Secretary.

CARROLLTON BANK.—The situation of general book-keeper in this institution is vacant. Application to be made in writing.

J. NICHOLSON, Cashier.
m 8

[illegible] ship Euphrates, Coffin, New York, Dein & Cohen
[illegible] barque Clement, Martin, Portsmouth,
Thomas & Thatcher.
[illegible] barque Richmond, Burroughs, Providence,
Waterman & Burgess.
Brig Virginia, Long, Mobile,
Brig Energy, Wilcox, Apalachicola,
Tourne & Beckwith.
Brig Tordenok, Tolman, Havre,
master.
Schr Bravo, Smith, Mobile, J & J Dameron.
Schr Nile, Rogers, Matamoras, J W Zacharie.
Schr Equity, Martin, Corpus, (Texas) W Bryan.
Schr Composer, Lincoln, Matamoras, J N Ricaud.
Schr Creole, Schneidas, Tampico.
Harrison, Brown & co.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Tuscarora, Smith, Portsmouth.
Steamer Columbia, Clark, Bayou Sara.
Steamer Bayou Sara, Laurent, Bayou Sara.
Steamer Chief Justice Marshall, Clark, Cincinnati.
Steamer Black Hawk, Gordon, Opelousas.

IMPORTS.

Opelousas—Per steamer Black Hawk—198 bales cotton, O'Duhig & Chatigny; 130 do, 50 saddle trees, 70 beef hides, C Toledano; 31 bales cotton, Lestrape & Desmares; 100 saddle trees, O'Duhig & Chatigny.

Cincinnati—Per Chief Justice Marshall—23 bbls onions, 3 Landis; 130 boxes & 121 hhds bacon, Layet & Amesling; 100 kegs lard, 12 do butter, 10 bbls dried beef, 10 do onions, 10 do dried apples, 2 hhds bacon, Craig & Pomroy; 50 bbls whiskey, 325 do flour, 170 do apples, 500 do meal, and sundry vegetables, eggs, &c. to order.

Portsmouth—Per steamer Tuscarora—200 bbls flour, M Martin; 800 kegs lard, J Landis; 297 hhds tobacco, 31 boxes mdze, Harrod & Quarles; 162 bbls whiskey, Tiernan, Cuddy & co; 45 kegs butter, A D Gove: 221 bbls corn meal, 41 do apples, 8 do butte, 49 kegs do; 16 bbls cider, 9 kegs lard, 10 bbls onions, 127 ploughs, and sundry poultry, eggs, vegetables, &c to order.

Bayou Sara—Per steamer Columbia—95 bales cotton, J Armor; 95 do, Burke, Watt & co; 19 do Bullitt, Shipp & co; 20 do, J F Smith; 31 do, J B Plauché & co; 24 do, Lambeth & Thompson; 20 do, Lee & Hardy; 6 do & 3 bales moss, A Lodoux: 3 bales cotton, Brander, McKenna & Wright; 13 do, T Barrett & co; 10 do, Byrne, Hermann & co

Bayou Sara—Per steamer Bayou Sara—63 bales cotton, Burke, Watt & co; 69 do, N & J Dick & co; 10 do, T Barrett & co; 26 do, Lee & Hardy; 54 do, J B Plauché & co; 17 do, Peyroux, Arceuil & co, 14 do, A Leloux; 12 do, Brander, McKenna & Wright; 5 do, Sullie, Shipp & co; 5 do, B Maclay; 4 do, B Landlay; 1 do, Buchanan & Hagan; 2 do, L LeCarpentier; 20 shds sugar, 25 bbls, W Hodge; 3 bales moss, Treat & Flower; and sundries to order.

St Martinsville—Per steamer Velocipede—22 bales cotton, Lestrape & Desmare; 112 do, Plauché & co; 12 do, Lee & Hardy; 20 bbls molasses, J B Plauché & co; 16 bales cotton, J Mezes; 6 do, O'Duhig & Chatigny; 5 do, to order; 3 hhds sugar, Peyroux, Arceuil & co; 20 do, Lavilleboeuf & Walton; 1 do, T Toby & Brodsens; 73 hhds sugar, H Bradley; 14 hides and sundries, E Montagne.

EXPORTS.

Portsmouth—Per barque Clement—7361 bales cotton
Providence—Per barque Richmond—807 bales cotton.
Mobile—Per brig Virginia—10 casks rice, 500 pieces bagging, 25 coils rope, 100 bbls rum, 27 box s mdze.
Havre—Per brig Hokomok—601 bales cotton.

MEMORANDA.

Hence at New York, 23d, ship Kentucky, Bunker.
Cleared from New York for this port, 23d, ship Orleans, Sears.
Went to sea from Baltimore for this port, 25th, ship Grace, Brown.

Citizens' Bank of Louisiana.

THE new Board of Directors of this institution held their first meeting on Tuesday, the 8th inst, to wit:

Messrs. J. Dupré,
L. LeBlanc,
P. A. Delachaise,
Vict: Pastu,
John Armand,
Alcee Labrunche,
John A. Merle,
E. J. Forstall,
L. G. Hilzaberg,
A. B. Roman.
P. J. Tricou,
Bern Marigny.
} On the part of the State.
} Appointed by the Stockholders.

The oath required by law having been taken by Judge E. Rawle, the board proceeded to the election of a President, when Mr John A Merle was unanimously elected. Whereupon, Mr Merle informed the board that his intention being to absent himself shortly from the State, he could not accept The board then adjourned to the following day, when Mr E J Forstall was unanimously elected President.

Exchange Committee—
Messrs. J. A. Merle,
P. J. Tricou,
L. G. Hilzabergs,
m 11 CH: LESSEPS, Ass't Cashr.

MUSKETS & GUNS—Received per ship Creole from Liverpool, 200 tower Muskets, with bayonets complete, and 50 cases of single and double barrel Guns, subject to debenture.

m 11—1w VICTOR DAVID, 39 Old Levee

HARDWARE subject to drawback—The subscriber has received per ship Tacitus, 800 packages of Hardware, selected by himself in the different manufacturing towns of England, and being well acquainted with the articles suitable for the different ports of Mexico, make it a desirable purchase for those trading with that country, the assortment is in small quantities, and each invoice sufficient for debenture.

VICTOR DAVID.
March 11—1w

NOW LANDING from ship Augusta, from Havre and for sale by the subscriber, [illegible] received in oil, very fresh. F. PERRET & GALLY,
m 11 59 Toulouse st

$25 REWARD—Will be paid for such information as may lead to the conviction of the thief or thieves who broke into the premises of the subscriber, faubourg Montreuil, late on Wednesday night or early on Thursday morning, and stole therefrom about 100 fowls, &c.

m 11—3t JOHN KILSHAW, Jr.

SIX AND A HALF PIPES Cognac Brandy—(Dupuy's Brand)—11 Pipes Holland Gin, (warranted good) 12 iron chests, assorted sizes, 200 bbls flour for sale by TOURNE & BECKWITH,
m 11 Nos 28 and 29 New Lee.

WINES, &c.—25 Baskets choice Champagne, 50 Casks Marseilles Madeira 50 do. dry Malaga, 30 do. sweet, 5 pipes Old Port, 25 quarter pipes Cognac Brandy, 40 casks London Porter—landing for sale by EASTMAN & BROTHERS.
m 11 30 Old Levee st

HATS—The Subscribers have in store received by recent arrivals, 500 Cases Hats consisting of Black and Drab Beaver, Silk, Oiled, smooth Russia, Seal and Roram Hats, large and small brims. Also Wool Hats, Hair, Seal and Cloth Caps all of which are offered for an accommodating terms at the Hat Store No. 10 Chartres street.

J. EVANS & CO.
m 11

BY virtue of an order of sale to me directed by hon. J Bermudez presid ng judge of the city of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 21st of March, 1-36, at 4 o'clock P. M. on the premises the contents of a grocery store, situated in Champ-Elisees et near the corner of Levee, seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above case.

Terms Cash.

B. BEAUREGARD, Marshal.
m 11

CAUTION.—The public are hereby cautioned against employing ROBERT RAINEY, who absconded on Monday, the 7th inst, with several sums of money belonging to the subscribers—amount not yet known, having collected accounts from different houses in this city. The said Rainey is an Irishman, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, red hair, freckled face; considerable some time before speaking when addressed.—Had on when he left a black body coat, drab pantaloons, buff waistcoat with small gilt bell buttons. A suitable reward will be paid for his arrest and delivery in jail.

m 11—3t WE & R MURPHY, 132 Bann.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the Parish and City of New Orleans—Present the honorable Charles Maurian, judge—(No. 8729)—Wm Potter vs. his creditors—On motion of B Harrison, Esq of counsel for the insolvent in this case, it is ordered by the court that a meeting of his creditors take place at the office of B Harrison, esquire, public, on Saturday the 9th day of April next, then and there to deliberate upon the affairs of the insolvent; and that in the mean time all proceedings against his person be stayed. It is further ordered, that Franklin Wharton, Esq, attorney and counsellor at law, be appointed to represent the absent creditors in this case. By order of the Court. ARMAND PITOT, Clerk.

B. Flauché vs. J. W. Bingey.

BY virtue of a writ of fi. fa. to me directed by the honorable J Bermudez, presiding judge of the city court of New Orleans. I shall expose at public sale on the 16th of April 1836, at noon at Hewlett's Exchange corner of St Louis and Chartres sts, two lots of ground situated in suburb Ponchartrain, and front to the Bayou road and designated by Nos 35 and 41 as per plan of said suburb deposited at the office of H Lavesque then notary public, seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above case.

Terms of sale cash.

B. BEAUREGARD, Marshal.
m 11

$30 Reward.—Ran away from the subscriber, residing at St Martinsville, Atakapas, during the month of February last, the negro named ISAAC, aged 18 years, about 5 feet high, round faced, complexion rather light, stoops a little walking and rather lame from having had his thigh broken some 5 years ago. He took no spare clothes with him, and as he likes to be neatly dressed, he may have procured some in the city, where he came on board a steamboat. The above reward will be paid to whoever will lodge him in any of the jails of this state, and will give information thereof to Mr Victor David, in the city of New Orleans.

m 11—6t J J ROUSSEAU.

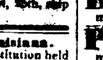
STATE OF LOUISIANA.—Parish of St. Bernard—Court of Probates.—By virtue of an order from the Court of Probates in and for the parish of St. Bernard, will be sold at public auction, by the undersigned Judge on Wednesday the 6th day of April next at Hewlett's Exchange, in the city of New Orleans, at noon, the following property belonging to the community existing between Cyprien Lefebvre and the late Rosalie Garic his wife.

A tract of land or plantation, situated in the parish of St. Bernard, on the Bayou aux Bœuf at about three miles from the River Mississippi, measuring one arpent and a half more or less front on both sides of said Bayou, with a depth of forty arpents, on both sides of said Bayou, bounded on the upper line and on both sides of said Bayou, by the property of Mr. Francis Garic and on the lower line also on both sides of said Bayou by the property of Mr. Octave S. Rousseau. And also following slaves: Norbert 26 years, Marianne 45 years, with her two children Amilia 8 years and Auguste 5 months. Terms.—The Plantation 1, 2, and 4 years credit, for approved endorsed notes and special mortgage until final payment, and the slaves at 6 and 12 months credit for approved endorsed notes and special mortage until final payment.

OCTAVE ROUSSEAU, Judge.
m 4,

[illegible] passage apply to [illegible]

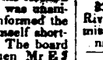
[illegible] Packets will be served on board [illegible] m 11



For Tuscaloosa, Alabama,

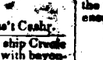
and fast running upper cabin steam boat HAIL COLUMBIA, Capt Parkinson, having her freight engaged will leave for the above and intermediate ports on Sunday 13th inst. at 4 o'clock P. M. For passage only, having superior accommodations apply to Captain on board, or to

ROWLAND & HART,
m 11-2t 47 Old levee.



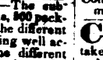
For Gibraltar—The A 1, coppered and copper fastened brig MARINE, Davis, master, having one half of her cargo engaged will be despatched for the above port in this month. For balance of freight apply to the captain on board, or to R. GRONING & Co.

Advances will be made on consignments by the above vessel. m 11



For Havana, on Saturday next—The remarkably fast sailing A 1, brig CICERO, Capt Watts, will positively sail on Saturday next the 12th inst. For balance of freight or passage, apply on board opposite pass No 42, or to

HARRISON, BROWN & Co,
m 11 47 Bienville st



For Richmond—To sail positively on Sunday next 13th inst—The superior brig DANIEL H. MILLER, Failes, master, will sail as above, and can take the bulk of 200 bbls; for which, or passage, having good accommodations, apply on board, or to EASTMAN & BROTE.
m 11 20 Old levee.

☞ Neither the Captains or Consignee of the British barque ANN, will be accountable for any debts contracted by the crew of said vessels.

ORLEANS STREET RAIL ROAD.—This road will be opened to the public on Sunday the 20th inst, for passengers to and from the bayou St John. Fare each way, 12½ cts.

The Cars will leave St Claude street, every hour from 7 o'clock A M, to 7 o'clock P M. ss 11-1m

Treasury Department,
New Orleans, March 10, 1836.

ALL persons liable to contribution in the parish of Orleans, are hereby informed that the collection of state taxes for the year 1835 will begin on the 10th April next. F. GARDERE,
m 11-3t State Treasurer.

WHISKEY—100 barrels superfine whiskey landing from steamer Majestic, for sale by

m 11 JOSEPH LANDIS, 14 Poydras st

BACON—24 casks bacon landing from steamer North America, for sale by

m 10 G. DORSEY, 28 New levee

PORK—Mess, prime and rump pork, landing from steamer North America, for sale by

m 11 G. DORSEY, 28 New levee.

LARD—2700 kegs lard landing from steamer North America, for sale by

m 11 G. DORSEY, 28 New levee