THE RISE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY, BY JEROME DAVON.

STATE PRINTER.

THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED."

TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 29, 1833.

FOR GOVERNOR

J. B. DAWSON.

FOR MAYOR:

JOHN H. HOLLAND.

FOR CONGRESS:

1st District—CHARLES CAYARRE.

2d District—JAMES M. BRADFORD.

An Act of the Legislature, approved 14th March 1820.

"ART. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Mayor and Recorder shall be chosen from among the citizens who are *heads of families*, and resident within the city at the time of their election, and possess the *other qualifications* required by the existing laws."

Fellow citizens, if the law requires this as a condition in completing the eligibility of a candidate for the place of Mayor, judge if respect for public manners and morals, does not more imperiously exact that it should be found in a candidate for the office of Governor.

We are requested to announce R. A. CANON, esq. as a suitable person to fill the place of recorder, at the approaching election.

A gentleman of our acquaintance, whose business calls him to the Parishes of Natchitoches, Catahoula, Washita, Carroll and Rapides, informs us that Judge *Dunbar* will obtain twice votes to one that will be given against him. He represents the people of those parishes as being almost unanimous in favor of that gentleman. This statement meets only the expectations that we had previously formed.

We learn, by the New-York and Philadelphia papers received by yesterday's mail, that "a storm and gale" were experienced in those places. Fears were entertained that vessels on the sea coast had suffered much, as those inward bound which were close in, were much exposed.

It is represented in New-York as having injured a good deal of property in the cellars, and in Philadelphia as having demolished numerous houses in Schuylkill Seventh street, and uprooted and prostrated to the earth five or six of the most stately and beautiful trees—the ornaments of Franklin square. The whole damage occasioned had not been ascertained.

DIRECT FROM FRANCE.

The ship *New Orleans*, from Havre, whence she sailed on the —— September, has arrived at our port, and brings us files of papers to the 4th, containing intelligence from Paris to the 3d. The dates thus afforded have been anticipated by arrivals at New-York from Liverpool, but we find some additional particulars not altogether devoid of interest.

The voyage of the King of the French to Cherbourg affords a sad commentary upon his professions of fidelity to republican principles. He likes not to be reminded of his past promises to ameliorate the moral and political state of his country. The expression of the public voice is an act of boldness that he does not willingly tolerate. The truth of the foregoing, is evidenced most strikingly by the following recital.

It seems that on the arrival of the *Citizen*-Monarch at Livjeux, the President of that city, after having paid to him the customary honors, expressed a hope that the privileges of the people should be secured, and that the benefits of the revolution might be certain, although progressive." To this, delivered with many protestations of fidelity, the King in an angry mood replied abruptly, and in a style any thing but republican. "The National" calls to mind in commenting upon the subject, an example of the disinterestedness of Louis Philippe when he was only Duke of Orleans and lieutenant-governor of the kingdom, which sets his present conduct in bold relief to that of his former professions.

The *Tribune* which offered some observations which were deemed too bold upon the subject matter above alluded to, has been seized again, making the 84th time since it has come under the ban of the citizen government. A similar punishment has also been the fate of the *Quotidienne* for venturing to republish the obnoxious article.

Nothing particular is offered in regard to the state of Portugal. Don Pedro had convoked the Cortes upon important questions affecting the Regency and the marriage of Donna Maria, the young Queen. The elections were to have taken place on the 1st instant. Napier contemplated cutting off the supplies by water of Bourmont. According to the statements of the best informed journals, it appears that the Miguelite army at Coimbra, consists of not more than 18,000.

The state of things in Switzerland tend towards a prompt and satisfactory pacification.

No evidence is presented of the moral or political advancement of France, so far as the government of Louis Philippe is concerned, in those principles that were made the basis of their glorious but ineffectual revolution in July.

Under the head of latest news our readers will find some interesting extracts which we give without abridgement.

ELECTION IN NEW-JERSEY.—The Trenton State Gazette says, that so far as accounts have come in, there appears to be little doubt among the politicians, that the Jackson party has succeeded in electing a decided majority in the next legislature. They have elected their ticket in Somerset by an increased majority—in Middlesex the reports are that but one candidate on the national republican ticket has succeeded—in Gloucester, Salem, Cumberland and Burlington, it is also reported that the Jackson ticket has succeeded.

We agree with the Philadelphia *Gazette*, the paper with whom the proposition first started, that the numerous disastrous conseqences daily happening to steamboats, should be remedied by the appointment of a *committee of examination*, composed of scientific men and practical artizans, to examine the condition of the boats. The trifling with the precious existence of thousands, owing to the most reprehensible ignorance on the part of those engaged on board of steamers, should be counteracted by some prudential measure.

A new trick to defeat the malice of creditors. Lately, at Bethel, three bailiffs having gone to [illegible] a seizure for debt, the debtor went [illegible] brought into his house a bee-hive, [illegible] the bees, the annoyance was so great [illegible] iters were compelled to take to flight.

The liberty of the press in England, [illegible] as in this country. We daily see the [illegible] of the foe. The latest we have met with is contained in the *Standard*, and purports to be a *critique* upon the late speech of the King. After treating "his Majesty" and his Ministers in a most cavalier manner, it pronounces his address "despicable and slovenly, a wretched specimen of twaddle, containing not a single grammatical sentence, and fully on a level with the literary and intellectual taste of those on whom Ministers rely for support.

The following singular paragraph from the London Athenæum may afford food for conversational gossip among our political guidances.

Letters from Paris make mention of a work about to appear there, which it is expected will create no little bustle in the cabinet of Louis Philippe. When the Duchess de Berri was apprehended, she was so well pleased with the secrecy of Gen. Dermoncourt, who had command in Nantes, that she intrusted to him the whole of her papers. These he refused to deliver up to the government, but now, in consequence of some disagreement, he is about to publish them under the title of "La Vendee et Madame." He has resolved, it is said, to state without reserve, all he knows of the intrigues that were carried on, and among the documents will be a letter from one of the most influential Ministers of Louis Philippe to the Duchess, wherein he offers to establish her son on the throne, upon condition that the office of Constable of France be revived and given to him; and one from another Minister apprising her that her place of concealment was known, and directing her to [illegible] for Toulon, or she would be arrested."

[illegible] New Orleans at this Post.]

From Galignani's Messenger.

PARIS, TUESDAY, Sept. 3.

On Saturday morning the King, accompanied by the Princes, the Minister of War, the Minister of Marine, and Marshal Gérard, visited the port of Granville, and proceeded to the head of the pier; and being attended by the engineer of the ponts, and chaussées, and the port officer, conversed with them on the most advantageous position for the new dock. His Majesty conferred the Legion of Honor upon M. Borgognon, the engineer. He afterwards proceeded along the quays to the Rue des Juifs, where he reviewed the National Guards, who, as well as the people, expressed their loyalty by repeated shouts of *Vive le Roi! Vive Louis Philippe!* The King then entered his carriage, and took leave of Granville. At Coutance his Majesty was received by the Sub-Prefect, under a triumphal arch; and having mounted his horse, rode to the Bishop's Palace, where he received the Bishop and his Clergy, and the Public Authorities of the place. He afterwards reviewed the National Guards, who were drawn up on the Boulevard. Here the Minister of the Marine left his Majesty, and hastened to Cherbourg by the shortest road, in order to prepare for the reception of the King at that port. His Majesty continued his route by St. Lô where he arrived at half past six o'clock, and was received with every mark of honor and devotion. He passed through the town on horseback to the Champ de Mars, where he reviewed the National Guards, and a battalion of the 51st regiment of the line. At half-past 7, the King returned into the town, and alighted at the Prefecture, where he received all the Civil Authorities and Military Officers. Having dined, his Majesty honored with his presence a grand ball offered to him by the town.

Extract of a letter of the 31st ult. from Cherbourg.—"Yachts from England are continually arriving, and yesterday several small, fast-sailing, elegant cutters reached this port. In the evening the *George Canning* steamer, arrived with passengers. In passing through the lines of the French ships of war a bend on board the steam-vessel played the *Parisienne*. Last night a steam-packet arrived from Havre with passengers, most of whom have come to be present at the fêtes. This morning, at 6 o'clock, a large yacht bro't Lord Durham, who has come to Cherbourg to pay his respects to the King of the French. His Lordship landed very early to confer with the Port Admiral on the customary exchange of salutes. At 9 o'clock, about a dozen yachts, cutters and schooners, cast anchor in the roadstead, with a beautiful sloop and a fine brig at their head. Lord Yarborough, Admiral of the Yacht Club, was on board the sloop, which bears the Admiral's flag at the main top. The number of Yachts now at Cherbourg amount to about forty, and more are expected. Most of the inhabitants of the town went to the quay to see the flotilla from Cowes come in in full sail. Cherbourg is exceedingly crowded with visitors. The guns are now firing as a complimentary salute between Lord Durham, Lord Yarborough and Admiral de Machau."

The *Sentinelle des Pyrenées* of Bayonne of the 29th ult. says:—"A courier from the English Ambassador at Madrid, who reached Bayonne two days ago, was stopped and very much beaten by some robbers at a short distance from the Spanish capital. His despatches were taken from him and destroyed. He states that they contained an account of the submission of Cadaval and Molelios."

Extract of a letter of the 29th ult. from Liestal, chief town of Basle Country.—"The Ambassadors of Austria and Prussia have received despatches of a very pacific nature. It has been decided by the Sovereigns, who met at Theresienstadt, that they would not compromise the safety and tranquility of their states, whose order begins to reign, to support the aristocracy of a republic, in which a political reform, and the establishment of a central Government have long been called for. Thus, unless the Swiss attempt to revolutionise the Grand Duchy of Bayden and the Kingdom of Wirtemberg, which is not probable, they will have nothing to fear from the Holy Alliance. On the other hand, we are assured that the Austrians are collecting an army of 20,000 men at Milan, and that troops have entered the Voralberg and the district of Gaula. The castle of Neufchatel is being fortified, as the governor is afraid of being attacked by the exiles, who are dispersed in the Cantons of Berne and Vaud, and who might join the Poles."

Whilst the German papers state that Duke Charles of Brunswick is going through Belgium and Hamburgh to stir up an insurrection at Bremen, the Swiss journals announce his passage through the Canton of the Grisons.

Extract of a private letter of the 23d ult. from Ancona:—"We learn from Rome that it is now two months since the persons employed under the Government have received any part of their sallaries, such is the exhaustion of the Pontifical treasury. It is said that the object of M. Torlonia's journey to Naples was to concert with M. de Rodschild for a new loan of two millions to the Papal Government, the negotiations for which are stated to have been broken off at the moment when they were on the point of being crowned with success. Letters from the frontiers of Naples announce that many arrests have taken place in the Abruzzo, the causes of which are unknown. Several persons also have been arrested at Sinigaglia and Jesi. The head-quarters of the Pontifical troops are now at Fano."

The *Nuremberg Correspondent* of the 26th ult. in a long article, examines the respective positions of "the legitimatist and the liberal alliances of Europe." France, lately isolated by her revolution, appears to the writer to have made immense progress towards establishing her preponderance in the West. This is now the centre of a powerful league, which extends its sway from the banks of the Rhine to the Ocean, where it is seconded by the trident of England. The principal support of the legitimist league is Russia.—Austria, in consequence of her inferiorodate situation, confines herself to a policy purely expectant. All her efforts are directed towards the preservation of her influence in Italy. One great advantage of the three Northern Powers is that their armies are ready for war. On the other hand, they find in the tranquility of their States, and in the devotedness of their subjects, a principle of force which France does not possess. The *Correspondent*, in conclusion, approves of the *statu quo*, and commends European diplomacy for endeavoring to prevent the scourge of war by pacific negotiations.

The *Swedish Mercury* states that according to recent accounts from Poland, it is now certain that the Emperor Nicholas will shortly visit Warsaw, where preparations are already making for his reception.

We learn from Frankfort that the grand reviews at St. Petersburgh concluded on the 14th ult. The troops then assembled amounted to 80,000 men. The Emperor on that day gave a dinner on one of the islands of the Neva to the corps of Cadets, which his Majesty honored with his presence.

The principal persons at Frankfort who signed the protest against the restrictions put upon the press in Germany, have been tried before the Tribunal of Police in that town. Several, among whom are persons of respectability, have been condemned to two or three weeks imprisonment, and others have been acquitted.

The German papers from time to time give brief accounts of the session of the Hungarian Diet, which appears to be zealously endeavoring to emancipate the agricultural class from the state of bondage to the nobility, to which they have been subject for ages. In one of the late sittings, a bill was passed, which grants to the Communes the right of buying wine where they may think proper. It further enacts that the Lords of manors shall not in future force their peasants to consume their wines; that the peasants are at liberty to import foreign wines, without paying a duty to their lords, and that the latter, at the demand of the communes, shall separate their pasture grounds from the common pasture.

Letters from Algiers state that a silver mine has been discovered at one day's journey from Constantine, and that the Dey has ordered it to be worked.

The *Ami de la Charte*, of Nantes, of the 31st ult. contains the followings:—"Some serious disturbances occurred on Thursday at the fair of Veyre, in consequence of the levying of the duties on liquors. A detachment of about fifty hussars, who were summoned to the aid of the magistracy, after sustaining a shower of stones and other provocations with exemplary patience were, about [illegible] the evening, ordered to charge. Two Lieutenants were wounded, one of them very severely, and several of the soldiers were dismounted and ill-treated. Two merchants of Clermont; who endeavored to pacify the mob, were also much hurt by the rioters. The soldiers, in their turn, received several sabre wounds, one of which is said to have been mortal."

POSTSCRIPT.

We have just received the London journals of Saturday, the 31st, due yesterday. They contain nothing of importance, except the following from a Second Edition of the *Sun*: we must remind our readers that it is a *City* article, and that the notice of Government now issued is an exact renewal of the one which made much noise in some of the London papers about three weeks ago.—

"The city never was in such a state of excitement; Government have just issued a contract as transports, for three months certain, just been posted at Lloyd's for two [illegible] already immediately to convey troops (it is supposed) to Portugal, as is supposed. It is said that [illegible] forces to assist the Miguelite cause. Consols fell [illegible]; the Scrip to 22, and the Bonds to 88.—The market has since rallied."

LONDON, August 30.

The London Miguelites are nearly choked with sobbings over the last accounts from Portugal. Where be now the invincible army of 30,000 "traitors to be relied upon" at Santarem? Where the powerful corps of observation, to check Saldanha, and keep all access to Oporto closed?—Where the reaction in favor of Miguel throughout the Algarves and Alemtejo? Where, alas! and in whose possession, the impregnable lines of Torres Vedras? The mighty host of 30,000 have dwindled (as, be it recollected, we said they must) to 10,000 crest-fallen, disorganized, ill-appointed, unpaid, half-starved, totally ineffective rabble.—The powerful corps of observation at Oporto has been attacked and dispersed, or cut to pieces. The entrance to Oporto by sea and land is free, the Miguelite blockading and observation squadron having fled to an undiscoverable distance, and Saldanha being so much at his ease as to embark a considerable body of troops, and detach them immediately to Lisbon. The "impregnable lines" of Torres Vedras have been deserted by that arch renawer the Duke de Cadaval, as Lisbon was previously, and seized by the *rebel* Villa Flor, without firing a shot. "All the chances for Miguel" (confound the dice!) have turned into mischances. Lastly, England has accredited a minister to her majesty queen Donna Maria, and our worthy admiral is said to have threatened that if Lisbon be attacked, he will land his marines and blue jackets to protect the Portuguese capital, with the British lives and property against all assailants, from whatever quarter.

The [illegible] a certain combination of a portion of the [illegible] compromisingly enlightened people like the Poles should be dashed to and stalled into a community of dunces, boroughmongers, with beings, called human, to whom such loathsome, nay, impious trash can be communicated as a part and parcel of religious instruction!—*Globe.*

The *Dublin Evening Post*, which may be taken as the organ of a party in Ireland forming a *juste milieu* between the slavish idolaters of Mr. O'Connel and his slanderers of the Orange party, gives the following character of the hon. member:—"To us he is no more, and never can be more than an historical character, a singular compound of 'meanness that soars, and pride that licks the dust;' of great talent with a touch of madness—of matchless energy, and most pitiable weakness—a man with liberty on his lips, and despotism in his heart—with ability to make a personal friend, but totally without the power of keeping one—equally capable of generosity and baseness—false and feckle—passionate and yet cowardly—a man, in short, of great public services, and deplorable mischiefs to the public weal—who might be a blessing to his country—and, just as the coast was clear—just as the opportunity was made for him to become powerful as a patriot—was prompted by low ambition, or his necessities, to remain an agitator. This is what we think of Daniel, and whether he gets office or not, what we shall always think. His friendship or his enmity, is, in either case, alike indifferent to us. While in opposition, we set him and his countless crew of low scribblers and filthy spouters at defiance. And, if he should be bought, we shall defy his enmity, and continue to despise the malice of tools."—*Guardian.*

The *Patriote Suisse* of the 30th ult. says:—"A great majority of the legislative body has just sanctioned the impious resolution of the despotic Septemvirate, called the council of state of Neufchatel, by determining not to send deputies to the federal diet; but on the contrary, to renew the demand made 18 months ago to the king of Prussia for a separation from Switzerland. If this servile majority is not at present aware of the responsibility it has undertaken, it will feel it when the town of Neufchatel is called upon to furnish billets for the federal troops."

The *Augsburg Gazette* of the 29th ult. gives the following, of the 24th ult. from Vienna:—"The duchess of Berry is expected shortly at Prague, her amicable relations with the royal family having been renewed. Several hundreds of Polish emigrants, hitherto in Galicia, have been transported at their own desire to Triests, where they will embark on board American vessels to seek a new country. Letters from Belgrade assert that the treaty between Russia and the Porte contains stipulations with respect to Servia. The Turkish garrisons of the fortresses of Sabatz, Semandria, Uriza, and Solop will be withdrawn, and those places delivered up to Servia within a year. The relations of the fortress and town of Belgrade, the annual tribute, and in general all the affairs of Servia, are to be regulated by negotiations at St. Petersburg.

Commercial.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—*Sales of the Stock Exchange.*

50	shares United States Bank, ...(on time)....	109
20	do.....do.....do.....	109½
221	do.....do.....do.....	109¾
50	do N. Orleans Canal & Banking Co.....	114½
	(this week.)	
50	do.....do.....do.....	114¾
100	do Commercial Bank of N. O..(this week)..	106½
50	do Mechanics & Traders Bank, of N. O....	109

HAVRE, August 31.

COTTONS.—The movement of which we noticed the commencement in our last report of the 23d instant, continued with increased animation, and a further advance in prices, which, during the three following days, was gradually extended to 20 a 25 centimes on Uplands and 30 a 35 centimes on Louisiana and proportionally on the other descriptions of Cottons. On the 26th the order of buyers began to abate, and, since then, the market has become completely calm, and now remains very unsettled.

The transactions of the last eight days (the three quarters of which, at least, are sales and resales made between Speculators) have amounted to 11093 bales as follows: 3494 bales Louisiana at 146 to 215; 6678 B. Upland, Mobile, Alabama or Tennessee at 128 to 205; 894 B. Bahia at 155 to 210; and 17 B. Surat at 120; all these prices duty paid.

The arrivals, within the same period, have been, per contra, confined to 110 B. Pernambuco received from Lisbon, and the 17 B. Surat above mentioned, received from Rotterdam.

Stock this day,	59230	B. of which	27997	U. S.
do. same period 1832,	44127	——	39723	"

N. B. This is the stock reported by the Brokers; but it is generally thought, there should be added to it about 2000 bales, existing in various hands, but not declared.

Imp. 9 first months 1833	157746	——	139502 "
do. do. 1832	134607	——	140084 "
Outg. 3 first months 1833	146976	——	124477 "
do. do. 1832	137721	——	116249 "

A letter dated on the 5th, says that the transactions from the 1st to the 5th, comprehend only 300 bales, sold at the nominal price of the preceding week. Holders being disposed to sell at a shade below quotations.

Sales of the 3d, 100 bales Louisiana, at 165f.

BORDEAUX MARKET—August 30.

COTTON.—No regular prices can be fixed, so rapid are the advances. No part of the cargo of the *Jeune Gabrielle* (from New Orleans) has yet been disposed of. We have only to notice the change of hands of 16 bales Louisiana, good merchantable quality, at 135f. Higher prices could be obtained to day.

DYING WOODS.—This article is in demand—the 1,400 quintals brought by the *Jeune Gabrielle*, were sold on board at 11 francs, duty paid.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED

Barque Caledonia, Pilcher, Liverpool, Gordon, Forstall & co.

ARRIVED,

Steamer Huntress, Herriman, from S. W. Pass, towed up ship New Orleans, 50 days from Havre; and brig John A. Robb, 12 days from Baltimore. Reports inside the bar ship Gironne, from New York—in the river brig Atha.

Steamer Porpoise, Marshall, towed to sea ship Nashville; brought up ship Gauronne; brig Thomas and Edward; and schooner Pilot reports towed in over the bar ship Antioch, Whitney, from Castine; brig George, from New Haven. Left the bar at 3 p. m. Sunday, nothing in the offing.

Ship Gauronne, Skidely, from New York, cargo to Kirkman, Maxfield & co; White and co; Wilcox and Fearn; T Mossy; J Boazier; Thomson and Grant; J Vairin and co; Allain and Duplessis; F Frey and co; Tourne and Beckwith; P Tulane and co; and others.

Brig John A. Robb, Bennet, 12 days from Baltimore, to Harrison, Brown & co—cargo to A D Gove; J W Zachrie & co; Reynolds, Byrne & co; J & L Garnier; Bell and Buckanan; Wallace, Lambeth and Pope; Whiting, Slark & co; J Linton; S C Bell; Wilcox and Fearn; Byrne, Ryon & co; J Hagan & co; Harrison, Brown & co; Morton, Brown & co; Thomson and Grant; J W Breedlove & co; Maddox and Woods; N and J Dick & co; J H Graham; J G Washington & co; Martin, Pleasants & co; W L Robeson & co; Yorke, Macalester & co; Lockhart and Arnet; J Baron, jr & co; S W Noyes; Bogert and Hawthern; E Larabee & co; G W Pritchard & co; Whitall, Jaudon & co; Cockayne, Watt & co; L Millaudon; J Chaubert, Brander and McKenna; J G Stevenson & co; Harrod & Charles; Jameson, Eddy & co; and order—3 passengers.

Ship New Orleans, Patten, from Havre, 5th September; cargo assorted—Bayon; E Gaignon; J Le Blanc; Morice, Kennedy, Durel & co; B Booth & co; H Bonnabal and Brother; J Kohn and Bordier; J Mager; J P Freeman; V David; S Hermann and co; A Quartier and Boutin; Jourdan; Hill and Henderson; F Frey and co; E Sonnet; J Somet; Baulard Brothers; Durand; F Gillet and co; T Nicolet and co; Roger; Dubourg; J W Zacharie and co; E L Bernard; Meramond, O'Duhigg and co; N Zimmer; L Moh; A L Boimare; L Millaudon; W Notz and co; Binoche Brothers; G Fontintate; Barbarin and Fils; Dufilho, jr; Millard and Mason; E Johns and co; L G Sassinot; Mrs Dupas; Vingnand; N Fournier; M F Cougot; Delpeuche; Blanc and Brugier; Carriere and Bordenat.

Brig Thomas and Edward, from Thomastown, with lime

Schr Pilot, Springer, (late, Springsteel, who died at S. W. Pass on Saturday last) 11 days from Tampico, to J A Merle and co, in ballast.

Schr Exert, Fuller, from Mobile—cargo, fire wood.

Steamer Ouachita, Harrison, 12 days from Cincinnati—cargo, 50 bbls apples, 10 do onions, 3 do dried peaches, 6 do apples, 20 do potatoes, 4 hhs starch, 20 do candles, 1 keg tobacco to J Harrison; 1110 pigs lead J C Swan; 18 bdls tobacco Lockhart and co; 46 bales cotton Martin, Pleasants & co; 12 do Carruthers, Harris & co; 5 do J Hagan & co; 107 do Bullitt, Shipp and co; 10 do Williams and Lee; 35 do Wilcox and Fearn; 30 do W Bogart; 14 do J Linton; 20 do A Fisk, Watt and co; 100 do M and P Maher; 26 do M White; 22 do Brander and McKenna; 4 do Allain and Duplessis; 6 do Blanc and Brugier; 4 do 1 trk Rhodes and Peters; 147 sacks corn Sledge and McKernan—30 passengers.

MEMORANDA.

Up at Havre for this port, ships Cityanna to sail 6 the 10th September; Fortune, 15th do; Napier, 20th do; Helena, 30th do.

Hence at New York, 14th Oct. ship Orleans, Fowler.

Ship Chandler, Price, sailed from Philadelphia for this port on the 14th inst.

Hence at Havre, 1st Sept. ship Robert Morris.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—Consignees per brig John A. Robb, from Baltimore, will please attend to the receipt of their goods, opposite post No. 71. oct 29

WANTED a situation as book keeper or out door clerk in some respectable commercial house, by a young man of good character, fully qualified. Merchants wanting such a person, will please apply at Messrs Williams & Lee, or at this office. oct 24—6

FLOUR—750 barrels of superfine flour, for sale by P H PETITPAIN. oct 24 Chartres and Toulouse sts.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE on England and France for sale by T & J GALLY. Toulouse st. No. 59

J. DARRAMON have received by the ship New Orleans, from Havre, 4 cases solving silks, entitled to draw back, for the Mexican market. oct 29

L. BINOCHE, BROTHERS, of Paris, have the honor of informing the ladies of New Orleans, that they have received, by the ship New Orleans, a complete assortment of *FANCY AND FASHIONABLE GOODS*, in the last taste and of great variety, at the corner of Royal and St. Louis streets. oct 29

WANTED—A young man, lately arrived in this city, and who has a general knowledge of French and English, offers his services as French Translator and Writer—Apply at this office. Oct 29—3t

THE undersigned offer for sale an assortment of Drugs and Medicines, received by the late arrivals—as

Hops, Gusco, Honey in Tierce,
Butter of Cocoa, Sarsaparilla,
Roman Camomile,
Camphor Cream or Tartar,
Pulverised and natural Bark,
Cinnamon of Ceylon. Essence of Rose,
" " Camomile,
" " Valerian,
" " Cinnamon,
" " Nutmeg,
Flower of Lavender,
Arabic Gum, Galta Adricanthe,
Hemlock, Belladone, Digitale,
Marrubé Sage, Erigelia,
Ether, Quinine,
Acid: Sulphuric, Nitric, Hydrolic, &c. &c. &c.

Oct 29 C. CUSACHS & Co.

DRUGS. MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, &C. The subscribers have received and are now opening, 300 packages, comprising a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Surgical Instruments, Colors, Oils and Fancy Articles—the whole of which having been selected by one of the Firm in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, are warranted of best quality, and will be sold low on reasonable terms.—Country Merchants and Druggists are invited to call and examine the assortment at No. 89 Chartres Street.

Oct 29. DUCONGE & PEYCHAUD.

John Moury vs. Capt Hunter, Steamboat Highlander and Owners.

Thomas Standy vs Same

BY virtue of two Writs of Fiery Facias to me directed by the Hon G. Preval, Associate Judge of the City Court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Saturday, the 30th day of November next, at 12 o'clock, at Hewlett's Coffee House, corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets, the Steam Boat Highlander, her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture; seized in the above suits.

Oct 29 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

A. McCarty vs. Campbell, Jh. Terrell, garnishee.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. W. Grivot, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Friday, the 9th of November, at 4 o'clock P M, at the [illegible] Canal, two pair of wheels; seized in the above suit.

oct 29 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

Office of the New Orleans Architect Company,
October 19th 1833.

NOTICE.—The subscribers to the balance of the capital funds of this institution, are hereby notified that they shall have to pay, at the Office of the Company at the Levee Steam Cotton Press, on Wednesday the 20th day of November, the fourth tenth on the amount of their respective shares. By order of the Board

oct 21 SOMMEREAU, Secretary.

JUST received per ship Gen. Hand, from Marseilles, and for sale by the subscribers—3 boxes opium, of Thebes, (Egypt,) of a superior quality.

oct 18 THEO. NICOLET & CO.

RICE—160 tierces of rice landing from schr. Kenhawa, from Charleston, for sale by

oct 11 F. H. PETITPAIN. Chartres and Toulouse.

HAY.—100 bales landing from ship Florence, and for sale by oct 16 LINCOLN & GREEN

PEPPER, TEA, &C.—200 bags pepper; 100 boxes gunpowder and imperial tea; 50 boxes assorted pickles; just received per brigs Envoy and Aldrich, from Boston, and for sale by J. THAYER & CO.

oct 18 29 Magazine street.

FOR SALE—About 500 *FENCE PICKETS*, already sharpened, and of a long length, commonly called Cypress Pickets. Apply at this office. oct 4

200 crates Porter BOTTLES, in store, for sale by oct 11 BENJ. BOOTH & Co.

MACKEREL—100 barrels Mackerel No 3, landing from ship Helen Mar, for sale by

oct 24 F H PETITPAIN.

BRANDY, &c.—The subscriber offers for sale, landing from the barque Zilia, from Bordeaux, the following articles:—

40 pipes cognac Brandy, 4th proof,
310 baskets Aniseed,
50 cases preserved fruits,
White and Red Wine, of first quality.

IN STORE.

100 casks Red Wine,
150 baskets empty bottles,
200 do. Olive oil,
300,000 corks,
50 cases assorted salted articles; the whole entitled to drawback.

oct 21 L. G. SASSINOT.

4,000 BARRELS of STONE COAL for sale.

The subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he has opened a Coal Yard in Toulouse street (corner of Burgundy street) where he intends keeping the best English and American Coal for supplying private families, Coffee Houses, Stores, &c. &c. &c.

WILLIAM E. MURPHY.

N. B. New Castle Coal for Blacksmiths.

Oct 28—3t

MRS. WIDOW DUPAS having retired from business, requests all persons to whom she is indebted to present their claims to her, and those who are indebted to make payment. She resides at No. 127, corner of Royal and St. Louis streets. oct 23

LANDING from ship Zilia, capt. Lavallie, from Bordeaux, and for sale by the subscriber, Royal street, No. 47, and opposite said vessel—an assortment, 228 casks, of old wine, of the years 1822, 1825, 1827, 1828 and 1830; of the 1st, 2d and 3d vintage of St. Emelion, Canon, Pomerol, Fronsac, St. Estephe, Medoc, Grave Medoc, &c.

—ALSO—

20 half pipes of good cognac brandy, of the years 1827, and 1828, and 9 pipes of the same age; the whole of which is entitled to drawback.

—LIKEWISE—

4 casks white wine, Berjac, 1825; 1 cask dry Mushrooms; 300 baskets fine Anisette; 6000 Lambeth, of the first quality.

He also offers for sale, from preceding importations—an assortment of wines in casks, of qualities, as before described, having a right to drawback, as well as an assortment of wines in cases, both white, and red. The whole selling at reasonable prices.

New-Orleans, oct 21 P. LAFAYE.

SOLD ON ACCOUNT OF DEPARTURE.

THE handsome plantation of Mr. P. Blanchard, situated on the bank of the river Mississippi, two miles below the city, and on the same side.

There is one arpent and eight toises on the river, upon eighty in depth, of which from about thirty to forty is enclosed.

Upon the property is established a brick yard, which is in full operation, and affords a great revenue, susceptible of being augmented still more.

The buildings are all new, and in a good state, and consists as follows—facing the river:

A house two stories high, containing on the second story four apartments, two large cabinets, a front and back gallery, the whole painted and papered anew, and on the first story, which is even with the ground, likewise four apartments, of which the first is used as a dining room, the second as a pantry, the third as a cellar, and the last as an ironing room.

Before the house is a handsome little parterre, embellished with beautiful shrubbery and flower trees, selected with great care and taste—the alleys are made of brick, and the whole is surrounded by a fine *claire-voie* (light-sowing.) In the yard back of the house there is a kitchen, servant rooms, built in brick, a well also built in brick, a hen house, a pigeon house, privies, &c. &c.

A fine orchard which produces well.

Further in arrear is an overseer's house, a hospital, a hen house, a pigeon house, a privy, negro cabins, blacksmith shop, stables for horses and for cows, &c. &c.

The brick yard which is very extensive consists of three large kneelers, three large furnaces to burn the bricks in, a shed, together with staging and planks to dry the bricks on.

The establishment by its distribution is so arranged that the process of making bricks need not be suspended during rainy weather.

The above establishment, with or without the negroes upon it, will be sold on reasonable conditions, and all the accretions will enter immediately into account.

Persons desiring the said property can come and visit it, and for the terms application can be made to Mr. P. Blanchard, on the place. oct 11

OFFICE LEVEE STEAM COTTON PRESS COMPANY,
New-Orleans, 30th Sept. 1833.

THE stockholders are hereby notified that a dividend of three per cent on the amount of capital paid in, will be paid to them or their representatives on the 1st of November next.

In conformity to a resolution passed by the Board, stockholders who did not take their proportion of stock at the time the balance of the stock was subscribed, will receive an additional dividend of ten per cent on the amount of stock owned by them at that time.

By order of the Board.

oct 2 H. G. BECHTEL, Sec'y.

MOLASSES—400 barrels Molasses, barrels in good order for sale by TOURNE & BECKWITH, oct 28 15 New Levee st

SALES BY AUCTION.

BY T. MOSSY.

WILL be sold to-day, 29th October, by auction, on the Levee in front of Canal street, at half past 3 o'clock, 38 hogsheads of sugar of the last crop. Terms will be made known.

oct 29

BY J. LEVY & WHITING.

ON Thursday the 31st instant, will be sold at the corner of Dauphine and St. Ann streets, at 4 o'clock, P. m., the stock of a cabaret, containing a variety of articles, advantageously situated. Terms—One half cash, balance four months credit for an approved endorsed note. oct 29

BY J. LEVY & WHITING.

ON Saturday the 2d instant, will be sold at Hewlett's Exchange coffee house, at 12 o'clock, slave JANE, aged 16 years, acclimated, 3 years in the country, washer, ironer and cook, good house servant, honest, industrious, &c., fully guaranteed against the vices and diseases as prescribed by law. Terms—One half cash the balance six months credit for a satisfactory approved endorsed note and mortgage until final payment. Acts of sale to be passed before Wm. Boswell, esq. notary public at the expense of the purchaser. oct 29

BY H. J. DOMINGON.

WILL be sold on Saturday next, 2d November, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Exchange Coffee House, the following slaves:

Betsey, a negress, aged 30 years, very good washer and ironer, somewhat of a cook, and house servant.

Jenny, a griff, aged 19 or 20 years, good cook, somewhat of washer and ironer, and good house servant.

Henry, a negress, aged 19 or 20 years, good cook, what of a washer and ironer; good house servant.

Charlotte, a negress, aged 18 years, good house servant, and cook.

Charlotte, a negress, aged from 17 to 18 years, good cook and house servant; she is pregnant.

All the above slaves speaking French and English, having been 6 years in the country. They are sold only because the owner has no need of them.

Terms—6 and 12 months credit in approved endorsed notes. The acts of sale to be passed before Samuel Barker, notary public, at the expense of the purchasers. oct 29

BY H. J. DOMINGON.

WILL be sold on Thursday, 27th November, at Hewlett's Exchange, 12 o'clock, by virtue of an order of the court of probates, and for the account of the estate of Jules Lesenne:

4 lots of ground situate in Nuns' faubourg, the plans of which are exposed at the Exchange.

Terms—One-fourth cash, and the balance at 1, 2, and 3 years in approved endorsed notes secured by special mortgage. oct 29

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Tuesday, 5th November next, at his auction store, Toulouse street, at 10 o'clock, A M, will be sold by virtue of an order from the honorable the Court of Probates for account of the succession of the late S Prechel.

The stock in trade of a Jeweller's store, consisting of Jewellery, Silver ware, Jeweller's tools and glasses, &c the whole belonging to said estate. oct 29

BY TRICOU & CANONGE.

WILL be sold, on Tuesday, 29th inst at Hewlett's coffee house, at 12 o'clock,

22 Lots of ground, situated in the new Faubourg Marigny, in Union and St John Baptist streets, agreeable to a plan exposed to the exchange.

Terms—For 5 lots, 6, 12 and 18 months credit for approved endorsed notes, and mortgage until final payment. And the 7 others, the conditions will be known, at the time of sale. The act of sale to be passed before L. T Caire, not pub. oct 25

BY TRICOU & CANONGE.

WILL be sold, on Thursday, October 31, at 11 o'clock, at Hewlett's coffee house,

79 NEGROES, well accustomed to the work of a plantation. Their qualities and ages, will be make known by a hand bill.

Those Negroes are sold for the accounts of Messrs. F. Duguë & co, Louis Hawkins & Duguë frères & Le Harnage. There is a mulatto girl of these negroes, that the sellers are engaged to warrant.

The conditions will be make known, by the hand bills.

Acts of sale to be passed before Felix de Armas Esq. at the expense of the purchasers. oct 21

BY P. DUTILLET.

ON Monday next, the 28th October, will be sold at Hewlett's Exchange, in New Orleans, at twelve o'clock, A PIECE OF GROUND having twenty arpents front on forty in depth, situated at twelve leagues from Pointe Coupee, on the Bayou Moreau. The said land is advantageously situated on the bank of the river. For further particulars apply to J. L. LATIL, sept 27 Garrison street.

BY P. DUTILLET.

WILL be sold, by order of the Court of Probates of this parish, on Saturday 3d of November next, the following property belonging to the community which had existed between Baptist Besnet and late Marie Anne Gabert, his wife, to wit: