THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
JEROME BAYON.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 2, 1832.

GOVERNOR.

J. B. DAWSON.

CONGRESS.—*First District.*
E. D. WHITE.,

Candidates for the state legislature.

B. Z. Canonge.	A. Ducros,
W. F. C. Duncan.	D. Augustin,
S. Mazureau,	C. Daunoy,
A. Hoa,	F. Labatut,
J. R. Sterrett,	L. Abbadie,
S. D. Dixon,	J. Lafaurie,
B. Marigny,	E. Canon,
J. R. Grymes,	L. Pedro.

J. M. Kennedy.

In conformity with an established custom, we respectfully announce to our patrons, that the Bee will be published only three times a week, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, commencing with to-day, until the first of November next. During the general suspension of commercial operations, our subscribers will scarcely regret this arrangement, since it will afford us the opportunity of preparing our sheet with more care than can be devoted to a daily journal; and since, should important news arrive on the vacant days, it will be immediately issued in an extra.

At a numerous meeting of the inhabitants of this city and of the suburb St. Mary, convened last evening, for the purpose of adopting measures to promote the election of an able and independant candidate for the house of representatives, Mr. F. Trinchard, Jr. was called to the chair and Mr. T. St. Ceran appointed Secretary.

Messrs. Charles Patton and E. Lauvet having expressed to the assembly in lucid and energetic language, the qualities which entitle the undernamed individuals to the suffrages of the community; it was unanimously resolved that the following ticket be supported.

B. Z. Canonge,	Wm. F. C. Duncan.
J. M. Kennedy,	J. R. Sterrett,
D Augustin,	J. R. Grymes,
B Marigny,	

F. TRINCHARD, President.
T. ST. CERAN, Secretary.

New Orleans, 2d July, 1832.

The election of members of the state legislature excites scarcely the *slightest* degree of excitement.—Less than 300 votes were pooled yesterday.

The detachment of the city Guard which was sent to arrest a man at the Bayou bridge, on Saturday evening, was examined on the charge of having killed John Byrne, yesterday by the mayor The man by whom the unfortunate deed was committed, was retained in custody for trial.

Gale at sea.—The brig Hampton, which arrived here last evening from New York, experienced a gale, on the 7th ult. lat. 38, long. 74, in which she lost her top masts, sails &c. To the eastward of the Hole-in-the-Wall, she saw 6 or 7 vessels dismantled The ship Golconda, outside the bar, is also dismantled.

Having no mail yesterday, we avail ourselves of the opportunity to bring up an arrearage of deferred articles, that have been some time on hand.

Washington, June 18.

The sittings of congress, or rather of the house of representatives, are becoming exceedingly laborious and fatiguing. During the last week the house has sat, upon an average, each day, near nine hours; and yet on Saturday evening, after eleven hours' sitting, were obliged to adjourn without arriving at any material point concerning the tariff question. We think, however, that the house is wearied to such a degree, that they will insist upon voting, instead of debating, after the first and second day of this week, and that some definite result, as to the tariff bill, will be arrived at before the close of this week.

The debates on this subject have been exceedingly able, and have been listened to by the house, though worn down with fatigue, that we have ever known so many long speeches to have been. As no newspaper can ever publish the whole of these speeches, we are glad to learn that they will, many of them be put in pamphlet form, and in that manner reach the public. *Nat. Intelligencer.*

Mr. Large, the new charge d'Affairs of the United States to Belgium, sailed from Charleston for New York a few days ago, there to take passage for Brussels via France, by the first Havre packet.—*Ib.*

Washington, June 18.

We understand that orders have been issued from the War Department, for the concentration at Chicago, of about 1000 men of the regular army, from the garrisons upon the sea-board and the lakes, and that General Scott has been directed to take the command of the operations against the hostile Indians. We learn that measures have already been taken for *raising the mounted rangers*, authorized by the recent act of Congress, and that these will march, without delay, to the scene of warfare. General Scott has been empowered to call for such militia force from the adjoining States, as circumstances may render necessary.

The plan of operations will be by a combined movement of the troops under General Scott and those under General Atkinson, from Chicago and the Mississippi, to attack the Indians on both sides, and scour the country, till they are entirely subdued. We are informed that General Scott has orders to reduce them to unconditional submission, and not to suspend his operations, while any of the hostile Indians remain east of the Mississippi. They will be required to cross that river, and to repair to such districts as may be assigned to them. And such arrangements are contemplated concerning boundary lines, as effectually to prevent the recurrence of similar aggressions. The surrender of the Black Hawk, and some of his principal Chiefs, as hostages for these people, and to secure the frontier against their future cruelties, is made indispensible.

There is reason however to hope, that the force now under General Atkinson, if the last call of the Governor of Illinois has been fully obeyed, will have checked, if not subdued, the Indians, before the arrival of general Scott. Still, as the operations are remote, and the result of our Indian campaign always doubtful, and more particularly as the nature of the warfare is of most distressing character, it is certainly prudent to guard against any consequences, and to take such measures, as will effectually reduce the hostile Indians, and overawe the disaffected. It is the dictate, not only of policy and humanity, but of true economy. If our operations are not vigorously conducted, and if one or two more severes should befall our arms, no one, who knows the Indians can venture to predict how far the spirit of disaffection would extend, nor what tribes would remain quiet.

From the known talents and experience of General Scott, and from the ample means, placed at his disposal, as well as from the plan of operations, which has been directed, we anticipate the most vigorous measures, and a speedy termination of this murderous and unprovoked contest.

We cannot but hope, that in the state of things in the north west, every dispassionate man, of whatever party, will see the necessity of an immediate removal of the Indians beyond the sphere of our settlements. The scenes that are now acting form a lesson worthy to be remembered by all who are the real friends of the Indians.—*Globe.*

Albany, July 15.

Among the passengers in the packet ship Charlemagne, which sailed from New York on Monday for Havre, was brig. gen. John E. Wool, inspector general of the United States' army. Gen. W. goes abroad at the direction of the government, and for purposes of information connected with his department, and with military science, tactics, and improvement generally. For this duty, probably no officer in the country is better qualified than gen. W. To his rank in the army, the reward of capacity and service, and to the able, arduous, and efficient discharge of the duties of inspector general, he adds a high reputation for gallant conduct during the late war. He leaves the country with the best wishes of his numerous personal friends for the successful prosecution of the objects of his visit, and for his return in good health.—*Argus.*

From the Baton Rouge Gazette.

Washington City, June 8th. 1832.

Gentlemen—Enclosed I send a bill which has passed Congress, and now awaits the signature of the President to become a law, which, I presume, will not be refused—it is a measure which is calculated, to a great degree, to benefit a large number of the *citizens* of our State. Congress will not rise until the latter part of this month. I cannot leave here, as the reduction of the Tariff is still before us, and warmly contested. As to my election, I depend on my friends—and if I was there, should do the same. My duty requires that I should remain at my post. I am &c.

PHILEMON THOMAS.

Messrs. Young and Barbee.

An Act to authorize the inhabitants of the State of Louisiana to enter the State Lands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That every person who, either by virtue of a French or Spanish grant, recognised by the laws of the United States, or under a claim confirmed by the commissioners appointed for the purpose of ascertaining the rights of persons claiming lands in the State of Louisiana, or by virtue of any title derived from the United States, owns a tract of land bordering to any river, creek, bayou, or water course, in the said territory, and not exceeding in depth forty arpens French measure, shall be entitled to a preference in becoming the purchaser of any vacant tract of land adjacent to, and back of his own tract, not exceeding forty arpens, French measure, in depth, nor in quantity of land, that which is contained in his own tract, at the same price, and on the same terms and conditions, as are, or may be, provided by law for the other public lands in the said State. And the Surveyor General for the State of Louisiana, shall, and he is hereby authorized, to cause to be surveyed the tracts claimed by virtue of this section; and, in all cases where, by reason of bends in the rivers, lakes, creeks, bayous, or water courses, bordering on the tract, and of adjacent claims of a similar nature, each claimant cannot obtain a tract equal in quantity to the adjacent tract already owned by him, subdivide the vacant land applicable to this object between the several claimants, in such manner as to him will appear most equitable.

Provided, however, That the right of preemption granted by this section, shall not extend so far in depth as to include lands fit for cultivation, bordering on another river, creek, bayou, or water course. And every person entitled to the benefit of this section, shall, within three years after the date of this act, deliver to the Register of the proper Land Office, a notice, in writing, stating the situation and extent of the tract of land he wishes to purchase, and shall also make the payment and payments for the same at the time and times which are or may be prescribed by law for the disposal of the other public lands in the said State, the time of his delivering the notice aforesaid being considered as the date of the purchase:

Provided, also, That all notices of claims shall be entered, and the money paid thereon, at least three weeks before such period as may be designated by the President of the United States for the public sale of the lands in the township in which such claims may be situated; and all claims not so entered, shall be liable to be sold as other public lands. Whenever it shall be necessary to re survey shall be paid by the persons who shall enter the land to re-survey under this act, at the time he or they shall pay the price of such land, to the Receiver of Public Money. And if any such person shall fail to deliver such notice within the said period of three years, or to make such payment or payments at the time above mentioned, his right of pre-emption shall cease, and become void; and the land may, thereafter, be purchased by any other person, in the same manner, and on the same terms, as are or may be provided by law for the sale of other public lands in the said State.

ENGLAND.

[From Bell's (London) Weekly Messenger, May 13.]

The New Ministers and their Characters.

It is impossible to give a picture of the excitement, agitation, and commotion of the last week, from the moment Lord Grey tendered his resignation, and his Majesty was advise to accept it. The dissolution of Ministry diffused universal consternation. The general aspect of society was not, however, despondent, and although disappointed, men did not fall into despairing or inactive sorrow. A firm and undaunted resolution was immediately assumed by every one of just feeling and independent spirit,—a resolution to rally round the constitution, and to consider the carrying of the Reform Bill, as an indispensable condition of the public submission to the laws and government of the country. There is, indeed, no choice left to us between Revolution and Reform. Dreadful indeed is the crisis when men put this question to themselves,—Whether obedience is due to the state, or whether matters have not arrived to such an extremity, that the problem to be solved is,—shall we abandon our rights and liberties on one hand, or tamely submit to the advancing disposition of a power behind the throne—greater than the Throne itself—a base back-stairs intrigue. We would not, for a moment, impute any unworthy motive to the generous and patriotic heart of the King. His Majesty is as blameless as Lord Grey, and is compelled to yield to the difficulty of the same circumstances, from which we hope the country will rise and rescue both.

Every thing that has occurred in and out of Parliament with reference to this important question, will be found in another part of our paper.

The Duke of Wellington having undoubtedly the formation of the new Administration, it will consist of the following persons:—The Duke of Wellington, Sir J. Leach, Lord Lyndhurst, Sir C. Wetherell, Mr. A. Baring, Marquis of Chandos, Lord Mansfield, Lord Aberdeen, Lord Lowther, Lord Ellenborough, Duke of Northumberland, Duke of Buckingham, Mr. Croker, and Lord Wicklow.

The Duke of Wellington—spoke and voted against Catholic Emancipation when out of place—came into office, and passed it. Will the country indure a second similar instance of such compromise?

Sir J. Leach—is best known as a lawyer partial to the Opera. Eminent in his court, and brilliant in a side box. Constant at *ecarte*, and a capital BUBBY at a duchess's table.

Lord Lyndhurst—having been master of the Rolls when he opposed Catholic Emancipation, Lord Chancellor when he passed it, and Lord Chief Baron under a Whig Administration, we will leave the inference to *our readers.*

Sir C. Wetherell—is by no means so *well dressed* a man as Sir J. Leach.

Mr. Baring—the honorable representative of his own breeches pocket,—the Thesus of Thetford,—who expects to lay out a new Reform bill in shares, as easily as a Southampton rail road. He refers to Mr. Dascle for a character.

The Marquis of Chandos—the heir of Stowe, and the proprietor, master, owner, and mortgagor, of about 3000 Negro slaves in the West Indies. Is he better *acquainted with the venerable British oak, or the botany of the sugar cane?*

Lord Mansfield—*Mat nominis umbra.*

Lord Aberdeen—an Athenian Thane; an antiquary, and an amateur of those venerable institutions, the rotten boroughs; a friend of Don Miguel, and one—whose sympathy for Poland will not let him sleep at night.

Lord Lawther—a nobleman who has—given his name to the Arcade.

The duke of Northumberland—an accomplished linguist. The anecdote is well known, that when he went upon a special embassy to Charles X., and addressed his majesty in French, the good natured Bourbon replied with a smile—that he did not understand German and would rather carry on the conversation in English. Lord Ellenborough—an exquisite nobleman, of whom it was said by a witty countess, "That the sight of that young person carracolling on a little poney on his way to Downing street, was sufficient, of itself, to warrant a revolution in the country." When Jove shook his ambrosial curls, Homer says "Olympus obeyed."—When my lord Ellenborough scatters the essence from his hyacinthine locks, who can resist him?

Duke of Buckingham. "So much for Buckingham." *How much*, Sir George Duckett best knows.

Mr. Croker—*Vide* Boswell's life of Johnson.

Lord Wicklow—has, through life, set his face against *education. Vide debates on the Irish education committee.*

It is truly gratifying to learn that sir R. Peel will not associate his name with the above list, and we have only to ask, whether an administration constituted of such names is one that can enjoy the public confidence for a moment, to be entrusted with the sacred office of carrying into effect the reform bill? Is it for such persons that the country has toiled and sweat through the furnace of taxation; that they slaved like the Israelitish brick makers, and the moment the promised land has opened to their view, it is by such persons that the prospect is to be clouded, and an irresistible impediment thrown in their way to thwart their dearest wishes?

Here, then, we are again to have a thoroughgoing Castlereagh administration inflicted on the country.—What will be the result at home no man can doubt, and what the consequences will be abroad has, we suppose, already been determined by the framers of this cabinet. Don Pedro will be put under quarantine in Madeira, and Don Miguel will have a good chance of a loan, negotiated on the credit of the new ministry.

In the mean time we earnestly entreat our fellow countrymen to be quiet and peaceable in their demeanor. On Monday the house will be called on the motion of Mr. Hume, when we suppose that Mr. Baring will open his new Budget, and the duke of Wellington will uplift his club (not the Conservative) to crush schedule A in the house of lords.

London, May 14.

There is a strong report that the Duke of Wellington, with all the "grace of congruity" for which the noble duke has rendered himself so celebrated, intends to carry the bill of Lord Grey, with as material alterations as beyond an abolition of the division of the counties. It is even said that he is likely to commence this copyright in committee, and to begin with the enfranchising clause, occurring to the tenour of Lord Lyndhurst's motion. If this be true it is obviously the object, in the face of all personal consistency and decorum, to render it difficult for the Commons to reject the measure. All this in the face of the celebrated protest, to which we have given admission again to-day, should it take place, would amount to one of the strongest instances of greediness for place, at the expense of all moral and social self-respect, that was ever exhibited in the annals of place hunting.

This morning there has been an increasing demand for gold at the Bank of England, and the office is even now more crowded than usual; but most of these people are for small sums.

Devonport Telegraph.

Nothing could exceed the consternation produced in this town by the intelligence from London on Wednesday, that the reform bill was all but lost. Business was totally suspended, and the utmost gloom was spread through all ranks. Groups were to be seen every where assembled in anxious conversation on the prospects of the country. This despondency was greatly increased when the news of the resignation of the ministry arrived. The shops were instantly half closed, as if with one accord; flags were displayed on board the shipping, and on the house tops, half mast high muffled bells were rung, and every demonstration of public sorrow was exhibited. Never since the death of the Princess Charlotte has so strong a feeling been raised on any public occasion, and it must strike the boroughmongers with dismay to find the people cherishing the principle of reform with so deep rooted an attachment, as it must deprive them of all hope of perpetuating a system so professedly obnoxious to the national spirit. At Stonehouse, the same public demonstrations of concern were displayed by the inhabitants. The tradesmen partially closed their shops, and flags were hoisted at half-mast. At Devonport, a more confident tone was held, but the inhabitants, we understand, are about to meet, for the purpose of expressing their unabated interest in the great question.

Hull Rockingham.

At Beverly, on Thursday, upon the receipt of the news that the King refused to create peers, nothing was to be heard in the streets but murmurs and execrations against what was termed the hypocritical King, and many asserting that they would immediately go home and burn the King's picture; and one gentleman actually ordered every picture of royalty in his lodging room to be placed in the cellar. Mr. John Wilcox, a Caledonian, sent for a constable, and commanded him to remove these nuisances—pointing to the royal pictures.

Immediately on the receipt of the intelligence that ministers had been in a minority, an address to his Majesty was prepared by the friends of the reform bill in this town, requesting him to exercise his prerogative in the creation of peers to such an extent as would secure the success of the measure. The address was signed by about 2,530 persons, in 12 hours, and has been sent off to Lord Brougham for presentation.

Address to his Majesty.—The intelligence of the fatal division on Monday, in the House of Lords, produced in this town, on its arrival, the same sensation it seems to have produced in every populous place in the country from which there have been arrivals. Grief, suspicion, and indignation marked the countenances of the reformers in every street, friend asking friend what could be meant and what was anticipated. Early in the evening, a spontaneous meeting took place of the gentlemen usually taking the lead in reform questions, and to them it appeared, that the whatever was meant, no time ought to be lost in putting ministers, & through them the King, in possession of the feelings of the people of Hull. An address, was therefore immediately prepared to his Majesty, and notices issued that it would be for signatures the whole of the next day. Early on Wednesday morning it was ready, and by the evening signed by nearly 3,000 names—the gentlemen of the Political Union handsomely leading their assistance in facilitating the business. On Thursday morning it was sent off to Lord Brougham, and we hope be for this that King William is informed that the reformers in Hull are at their post. We presume that the subsequent intelligence of the resignation of ministers, with the proceedings in London and the other large towns, will dictate further steps here, and that at any rate, another address to the King will be prepared and sent to him, expressive of our confidence in his late ministers, requesting him to reinstate them, urging the imperious necessity of passing the reform bill into a law, and advising him to dismiss intriguers from his confidence.

France.—*Duchess of Berri.*—By the accounts from France, we learn that the lady-heroine who had been captured on board the Carlo Alberto, shawled to the chin, and otherwise enveloped in mysterious disguises was not the Duchess errant of Berri, but some other devoted body, equally adventurous, though, we fear, not equally safe from consequences as the thoughtless mother of Henry the Fifth. It appears that upon the steam boat reaching according to orders, Jonsephine and St. Andre, and 29 feet 8 inches, in the rear by 100 feet deep. Also a portion of ground in the rear of said lots, giving to each of them a depth of 20 feet in addition to the above depth, seized in the above suit. (june 30.) L. DAUNOY, Mars.

Thomas Jumbetts vs. M. Dillon.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Honorable W. Grivot, associate Judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Monday the 16th of July, at 5 o'clock, at the principal, Sundry articles of furnitures, seized in the above suit. june 30 L. DAUNOY, Mars.

K. B. Mutter vs. J. Mallman.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, by the Honorable B. Beauregard, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale, on Tuesday the 16th July, at the principal, a quantity of house hold furniture, seized in the above suit. jude 30 L. DAUNOY, Mars.

E. Richards vs. P. Wisey.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable P. Smith, associate Judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale, on the 13th day of July, at 12 o'clock, at the corner of St. Louis and Chartres street, a horse, seized in the above suit. june 30. L. DAUNOY, Mars.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has removed his store to the corner of Chartres and Toulouse streets, where he offers for sale:

150 casks Marseilles wine,	Entitled to debenture
300 barels dry Malaga wine,	
60 bales corks,	
100 cases red wine Gruau La Rose, St. Julien, Medoc, Lafitte, St. George's &c.	
100 baskets Champaigne,	
150 cases Medoc wine,	
100 baskets Olive oil; 600 demijohns,	
250 boxes Hyson tea,	
150 boxes assorted chewing tobacco,	
100 barrels Northern gin,	
50 do Northern brandy,	
220 boxes Sperm candles,	
100 barrels Sperm oil,	
80 boxes tallow candles assorted,	
100 barrels of Whiskey; 100 bags of coffee,	
60 barrels or Western beer,	
50 barrels sugar,	
5 pipes Holland gin, 1st. quality,	
50 hogshead sugar, 1st: quality.	

Together with a general assortment of family groceries.
E. H. PETITPAIN.
july 2 Corner of Chartres & Toulouse.

TO BE SOLD—300 bags Rio coffee first quality,
100,0000 Havana and melee segars,
500 coils bale rope,
3 hogsheads Madder, cotton bagging, negro clothing and Cotton Sail Duck of the celebrated Crook's Manufacture, for sale by
HARRISON, BROWN & Co.
july 2 117 Royal st.

CORN MEAL.—8 barrels fresh kiln dried corn meal, for sale by STETSON & AVERY.
june 28 31, Camp street.

Union Bank of Louisiana.
9th June, 1832.

A PREMIUM of two hundred dollars is offered by this institution for the best plan of a banking house. Subscriptions will be received until the 13th of July next. By order of the board.
june 11 S. B. PERRAULT, Cashier.
☞ For further particulars apply at the Bank.

FRESH BUTTER.—36 kegs and 6 boxes, containing stone jars, fine fresh Ohio butter landing and for sale by STETSON & AVERY.
28th june 31, Camp street.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Eliza, Morrison, Bordeaux, Thomas Tobin
Sloop Frederick, Johnson, Mobile, T M'Manus

CLEARED.

Brig Hampton, Ward, from New York—to J Hagan & co; cargo lime, hay, etc. to order. Lost top masts, sails, etc. in the gale of the 7th ult, in lat. 38, long. 72—saw 6 or 7 vessels dismantled to the eastward of the Hole-in-the-Wall.

Brig Wm Osborn, McManus, from Havre, to the master—cargo to A L Edmare; T Nickolet & co; E Johns & co; 124 passengers—outside the Bar Ship Golconda totally dismantled.

Schr United States, Williams, from Havana—cargo fruit.

Steamer Whale, from sea, with brigs Hampton, dismantld, from New York, and brig William Osborn, from Havre 30th May, and schr United States from Havana. In the offing 2 brigs and a schooner.

THE undersigned having taken Mr. Antony. Peychaud in partnership, will continue his business from this date under the firm of *Ducongé & Peychaud.*
New Orleans, June 12th 1832.
july 3 F. P. DUCONGÉ.

ESSENCE Bergamott and Oil of Roses; Vanilla just landing from New York and for sale by the subscribers,
120 lbs Essence Bergamott,
120 ounces Oil of Roses, warranted pure,
10 lbs Vanilla 1st. quality
DUCONGÉ & PEYCHAUD.
july 3 Chartres st.

A TEACHER of the French language, wishes a situation in town or in the country. Apply at this office. july 3

MOLASS AND SYRUP.—64 barrels, landing opposite St. Louis street, for sale by
HARRISON, BROWN & CO.
july 3 117, Royal st.

L. GAMOTIS, chemist & brevetist (No. 30, *Camp st. between Common and Gravier, near Bishop's hotel,*) Informs the public, that he has established a Drug Store, where every kind of Drug and Medicinal preparation will be found;—also all kinds of Syrups. He flatters himself that those persons who may honor him with their support will be satisfied with the quality of his drugs as well as moderate charges.
An assortment of all kinds of CHOCOLATE. july 3

SIXTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.—Runaway from the subscriber on the 17th of June, a mulatto or quatroune, named Thomas, aged about 25 years, 5 feet 1 or 2 inches in height, light complexion, and clear skin, with a small beard and an old scar on his breast. Speaks both French and English. He had on white pantaloons, cotton shirt and a roundabout. This slave formerly belonged to Mr. Felix Labatut, he was employed last summer on the rail road, afterwards for some months at the Livery Stable of Mr. Lavand in Royal Street, & last in driving one of the city carts. It is supposed that he will attempt to pass himself as free. The above reward will be give to whomsoever will conduct the aforesaid slave to jail or to his master, Campart street between Hospital street and the quarters of the city guard. july 3.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—Runaway yesterday the Grifon Caroline, recently from Nachitoches, about 14 years of age, broad features and very stout built; her left hand is deformed, the fingers being drawn up by a scald, when young, had on a light cotton frock. Captains of Vessel and Steam Boats are cautioned against harbouring said Caroline, under the penalties of the law. The above reward will be paid for her delivery at No. 162 Hospital street.
july 3

COURT OF PROBATES,—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the estate of the late *Marguerite Saint*, f. w. c. and to all whom it may concern to shew cause, within ten days, why the account rendered by A. Dupin, testamentary executor of the de'd. should not be homologated, and the said executor discharged from his trust in the premises. By order of the court,
MARTIN BLACHE,
june 30 register of wills

J. Mitchel vs. J. McAdams.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable P. Smith, associate judge of the city cout of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Saturday 14th of July, at 5 o'clock, on the premises, No 20 Girod Street, a quantity of house hold furniture, &c &c. Seized in the above suit.
june 30 L. DAUNOY, Mars.

J. Wiley vs. James Flood.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed, by the Honorable J Bermudes associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Wednesday the first of August next at 12 o'clock, at noon, at Hewlett's coffee house, corner of Chartres and St. Louis street, 3 certain lots of ground 7, 8 and 9, measuring each 30 feet front on Jersey Street between Josephine and St. Andre, and 29 feet 8 inches, in the rear by 100 feet deep. Also a portion of ground in the rear of said lots, giving to each of them a depth of 20 feet in addition to the above depth, seized in the above suit. (june 30.) L. DAUNOY, Mars.

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REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has removed his store to the corner of Chartres and Toulouse streets, where he offers for sale:

150 casks Marseilles wine,	Entitled to debenture
300 barels dry Malaga wine,	
60 bales corks,	
100 cases red wine Gruau La Rose, St. Julien, Medoc, Lafitte, St. George's &c.	
100 baskets Champaigne,	
150 cases Medoc wine,	
100 baskets Olive oil; 600 demijohns,	
250 boxes Hyson tea,	
150 boxes assorted chewing tobacco,	
100 barrels Northern gin,	
50 do Northern brandy,	
220 boxes Sperm candles,	
100 barrels Sperm oil,	
80 boxes tallow candles assorted,	
100 barrels of Whiskey; 100 bags of coffee,	
60 barrels or Western beer,	
50 barrels sugar,	
5 pipes Holland gin, 1st. quality,	
50 hogshead sugar, 1st: quality.	

Together with a general assortment of family groceries.
E. H. PETITPAIN.
july 2 Corner of Chartres & Toulouse.

TO BE SOLD—300 bags Rio coffee first quality,
100,0000 Havana and melee segars,
500 coils bale rope,
3 hogsheads Madder, cotton bagging, negro clothing and Cotton Sail Duck of the celebrated Crook's Manufacture, for sale by
HARRISON, BROWN & Co.
july 2 117 Royal st.

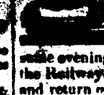
CORN MEAL.—8 barrels fresh kiln dried corn meal, for sale by STETSON & AVERY.
june 28 31, Camp street.

Union Bank of Louisiana.
9th June, 1832.

A PREMIUM of two hundred dollars is offered by this institution for the best plan of a banking house. Subscriptions will be received until the 13th of July next. By order of the board.
june 11 S. B. PERRAULT, Cashier.
☞ For further particulars apply at the Bank.

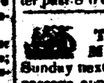
FRESH BUTTER.—36 kegs and 6 boxes, containing stone jars, fine fresh Ohio butter landing and for sale by STETSON & AVERY.
28th june 31, Camp street.

FOR HADDONVILLE.



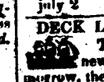
The Steam Boat CORSAIR, Rhodes master, will leave the Railway on Sunday Morning at nine A. M. and return by seven o'clock, the same evening. The above steam boat will also leave the Railway, on Wednesday morning at nine o'clock, and return on Thursday; passengers wishing to leave on Sunday are requested to be ready for the cars at quarter past 8 o'clock. june 30.

FOR TAMPICO.



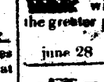
The fast sailing schooner ELIZA THOMAS, Capt. Delarue, will sail positively Sunday next the 8th. For freight of few barrels or passage, apply to TUYES & Co.
july 3 No. 104, Royal st.

WANTED.



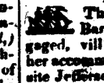
A schooner that will stow from 600 to 800 barrels for a port in the West Indies. Apply to HARRISON, BROWN & Co.
july 2 117 Royal st.

DECK LOAD WANTED FOR ANTWERP.



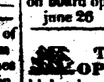
The splendid and remarkably fast sailing new brig CANADA, will positively sail to-morrow, the 6 inst. wants about 100 bales cotton. Apply on board opposite port No. 102 or No
HARRISON, BROWN & Co.
july 2 117 Royal st.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The A. 1. ship



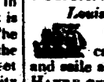
SARAH & CAROLINE, capt. Prince, will meet with immediate dispatch, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, apply to
LINCOLN & GREEN, or
june 28 BENJ. BOOTH & CO.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The A. 1 ship



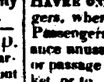
TACITUS, Capt. Chandler, will begin to load in four days, and having a considerable portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with despatch. Apply on board, or to LINCOLN & GREEN.
june 27

FOR BOSTON—(*2d Packet.*)



The fast sailing ship HELEN MAR, Barker, master, having considerable cargo engaged, will meet with despatch, for freight or passage, her accommodation being good. Apply on board opposite Jefferson street, or to
27 June. STETSON & AVERY.

FOR BOSTON

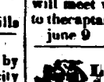


The fine Schooner JOHN GEORGE, Cobb master, having considerable cargo engaged will meet despatch, for freight or passage apply on board opposite the custom House, or to
june 26 STETSON & AVERY.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The first class copper fastened ship ALCIDE, A. T. White, master, wants 30 to 100 hhds tobacco and a deck load of 90 to 100 bales cotton, and can also handsomely accommodate three passengers Apply immediately or to
june 26 I. OGDEN & CO.
No. 59, Canal st.

FOR NEW YORK AND HAVRE, (*to sail 5th July*)
Louisiana and New York Line of Packets.



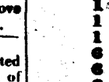
The new elegant ship LOUISVILLE, capt Price, will commence loading to-morrow and sails as above. This ship will take freight for HAVRE ONLY; will stop at New York to land passengers, where her detention will not exceed two days. Passengers bound for Havre will find in this conveyance unusual comforts and conveniences. For freight or passage apply on board, opposite the Vegetable Market, or to FOSTER & HUTTON.
june 21 77 Canal street

FOR BORDEAUX.—French ship MARTINIQUAIS, capt. Duporteau; for freight apply on board, or to J. MAGER.
june 15

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

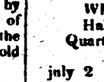
The fine substantial coppered and copper fastened brig ORION, burthen about eight hundred hhds. of Tobacco. She has undergone a thorough repair and is in complete order for any voyage. For terms apply to J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.
june 12 80 Bienville st.

FOR BALTIMORE.—The fine fast sailing packet brig AJAX, W. Rollins master,



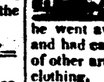
having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will meet with despatch. For freight or passage apply to the captain on board opposite the Custom House, or to
june 9 J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.

FOR MARSEILLES.—The A. 1 Brig



LATONA, S. Snow master, will meet with despatch. For freight or passage, having handsome accommodations, apply to
june 7 LAUVE & BENEDICT, 88 Conti st.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The A. 1. ship



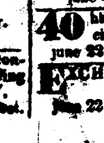
CALUMET, capt. Osgood, is now loading. For freight, apply on board, or to
june 5 LINCOLN & GREEN

NATCHITOCHES
CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY
17th Class for 1832,
The drawing will take place on Saturday, 2d of July

PRIZES.	DOLLARS.		DOLLARS
1 or	10,000	is	10,000
1 or	3,000	is	3,000
1 or	1,500	is	1,500
1 or	1,000	is	1,000
1 or	800	is	800
1 or	623	is	623
6 or	500	are	3,000
6 or	300		1,800
6 or	200		1,200
156 or	50		7,800
156 or	20		3,180
624 or	8		4,992
7800 or	4		31,200

PRICE OF TICKETS:
Whole Tickets $4 00
Halves 2 00
Quarters 1 00
J. B. FAGET, *Manager.*
july 2 No. 119, Chartres street.

RUNAWAY SLAVE.



Runaway from the subscriber, night before last, an American mulatto, named Chesley, about 22 years of age, and a carpenter by trade, he is about 5 feet 5 inches in hight, American measure—had on when he went away white pantaloons, and Nankeen vest, and had cap on his head; but as he took away a variety of other articles, it is probable that he will change his clothing. He formerly belonged to Mr. Guilhem, carpenter. He plays the flute remarkable well. Captains of vessels and steam boats, are cautioned against receiving him on board, under the penalties of the law.
june 29

FIVE Dollars reward will be given to the person who will conduct to jail or to the office of the Bee, a young negress, aged 11 years, named Fanny. She speaks only English, and has an open pleasing countenance. She was seen on Sunday morning in one of the streets of faubourg St. Mary.
june 19

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the other side of the river, on Saturday last, the two Mulatto boys named NECK and BEN.

NECK is about 5 feet 6 inches, aged about 19 years.

BEN is about 5 feet 10 inches, aged about 21 years.

They have been seen near the Rail Road. Whoever will lodge the said slaves in the jail of this city, will receive the above reward on applicationto this office.
june 15

100 Boxes bunch Muscatel Raisins,
14 qr. casks Marseilles white Wine.
110 boxes claret, for sale by
june 23 SAM C. BELL, 81 Canal st.

SNUFF, TOBACCO, AND SEGARS MANUFACTORY, No 37 Conde Street, betwen St Ann and Main streets. F. Henry & Montanet, having purchased the establishment of J. Murphy, have the honor to inform the public and their friends generally, that they have constantly for sale, both by wholesale and retail a large assortment of Havana and Melee cigars, snuff, and the best Cavendish tobacco. They flatter themselves that by the good quality of the articles which they will keep, as well as by the moderate prices at which they will sell them, they will secure the patronage of those accustomed to use these articles.
june 26

40 hhds. sugar; on a plantation, 7 miles from the city, and for sale by
june 23 DUCROS & MORPHY.

EXCHANGE on