THE BEE.

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"THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED."

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 22, 1833.

FOR GOVERNOR:

J. B. DAWSON.

☞ This being the anniversary of Washington's birthday, no paper will issue from this office on to-morrow.

The Rev. Mr. Clapp, at the request of the Committee of Arrangements, will deliver an address at 11 o'clock, in the First Congregational Church, and not at the Cathedral, as announced in the programme of the ceremonies of the day.

We have New York dates of the 7th, Baltimore of the 8th, Washington of the 8th, and Charleston of the 12th inst.

Owing to the nonreception of our regular Washington papers, we are unable to lay before our readers any direct account of matters at the capital, at the latest dates. We learn, however, from the Baltimore Republican, that the tariff bill was fairly out of the committee of the whole and on the table of the house of representatives. Further debate on the question cannot, of course, have been anticipated. We cannot venture an opinion on the fate of the bill, although Mr. Adams' motion to strike out the enacting clause, should have failed before a majority of eighteen votes. This may be attributable to a thin attendance of members; but when the day shall have been fixed for the taking of the question by yeas and nays, it is expected that each vote will tell.

We are authorized to state, that a meeting of the Louisiana state colonization society will be held on Saturday evening, the 23d instant, at 7 of the clock, in the Rev. Tho. Clapp's church. A full attendance is requested.

Asterisms.—Corn, fodder, and bacon, are the only staples laid down in the war circular of governor Hayne, for the benefit of the champions of the sovereignty of South Carolina. We see no mention of whiskey; the heroes of the "last trench" must, and therefore, swill at their own expense, or be satisfied with ditch-water for their beverage.

CONGRESS.—*It will be seen by a reference to the* Congressional proceeding, that the Tariff Bill has at last passed through the committee of the whole; and we now indulge a hope that we shall shortly see what disposition will be made of the subject in the House of Representatives. The protracted debate may now be cut off by a call of the previous question, and the fate of the bill in that House may be decided. The Globe expresses the opinion that the question will be decided during the present week. Consequently, it cannot be long before we shall know the result.

Considering the length of time it has occupied the attention of the House, and that it has yet to pass the ordeal of the Senate, we think it hardly likely it will become a law during the present session. If however, it should pass the House of Representatives, it may be considered as affording some reason to believe that at the next session it will pass both Houses, and it may induce the people of the South to wait patiently until the close of the next session, under the hope that their complaints will be attended to, and their grievances relieved. In this case we trust that we shall pass through the storm, which has threatened a dissolution of the Union, unscathed and unhurt; and harmony, happiness and peace may be ultimately restored to the country, although it may be delayed longer than could have been desired.. *Balt. Rep.*

A paragraph has lately been circulated in the newspapers stating that Mr. Madison had expressed disapprobation of the doctrines of the proclamation. The Washington Globe in answer to that report says.

"We have no means of knowing what opinions that venerable patriot has expressed on the subject; whatever those opinions may be, they are entitled to the highest respect.—His memory, judgment, and reasoning faculties are unimpaired, and his love of country is as ardent as in the brightest days of his life. We repeat, that we are not acquainted with the judgment he may have passed on the Proclamation: but from the opinions he has given on the most important doctrine in it, we are led entirely to disbelieve the assertion contained in the paragraph to which we allude. His letter to Mr. Everett, lately republished, contains a triumphant refutation of the nullifying dogmas which were attempted to be deduced from his resolutions of '98. The following extract from a letter written nearly three years since, taken in connection with the speech to which it alludes, we think goes further.

(Copy of a Letter to Mr. Livingston.)

You have succeeded better in your interpretation of the Virginia proceedings in '98–'99, than those who have seen in them a coincidence with the nullifying doctrine so called. This doctrine, new to me as it was to you, derives no support from the best cotemporary elucidations of those proceedings—the debates on the resolutions—the address of the Legislature to its constituents, and the scope of its objections made by the Legislatures of other States, whose concurrence was invited and refused.

The error in the late commentaries on the Virginian proceedings has been from a failure to distinguish between what is the theory of opinion, and what is positive fact or theory: between the right of the *parties*, and of a single party; and between resorts within the purview of the Constitution, and the ultima ratio which appeals from a Constitution cancelled by its abuses, to original rights, paramount to all Constitutions.

(Signed) JAMES MADISON.

JUDGE BIBB'S SPEECH.

It was not our design to have made any comments upon this production. Our correspondent at Washington *had pronounced it to be "able and logical,"*—nor were we disposed to think that his *prepossessions could have warped so essentially his better judgment*, until we assumed the labor of abridging it for publication. On this review we are constrained to say that if the doctrines of the Jeffersonian school are best presented by such an exposition as this, it is no wonder that they did so little favor with the American people. "The great wielding of the Constitution," as our friend designates Mr Calhoun, may well say of such coadjutors as Judge Bibb—

Non tali auxilio, nec defensoribus istis.

The tide of his verbosity is stretched far beyond the scale of his argument; and we have found very little more, (if indeed it be executed) in condensing what was said during the two last of his three days' speech. His repetitions, both in language and sentiment, are constantly recurring—his positions generally unfounded, and his conclusions weak or fallacious. Aaron Burr was twice and twice as much, and ten times more to the purpose, in many instances. Not a few positions are ascribed to the opposite side that they have never maintained, and he seems to need cutting a windmill, for the mere pleasure of knocking them down. On This may he occupied himself principally in playing the lawyer; to what purpose the further progress of the debate will probably show.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

HORRID ACCIDENT.—We are informed by a gentleman from Plymouth, that a most distressing accident happened in that town last week. The circumstances as he related them are as follows: A man was cutting up meat in his house, with a large knife, it unfortunately glanced and struck one of his daughters, and instantly killed her. A large kettle filled with boiling soap was on the hearth at the time, and the mother, with an infant in her arms, was standing by the fire place. She was so much agitated by the disaster, that, instead to relate, she let the infant fall into the boiling soap, and it survived but a few moments after it was taken out. Thus, in the short space of fifteen minutes, the parents were deprived of two beloved children.—*Barnstable Journal*

WANTON ATTACK.

In the House of Representatives, on Thursday last, Mr. Adams' resolutions calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for explanations as to parts of his Report, coming up—Mr. Kennon, of Ohio, in the course of some remarks made in opposition to it, said, among other things, that if he were now, or ever had been, unfriendly to the gentleman from Massachusetts, his desire would have been: Oh, that he might wing a dart; that that dart might be a spear; and that spear might be called "Dermot Morrogh."

[Here the Speaker called Mr K. to order.]

Mr Stewart, of Pa., said, in reply, that he should be very sorry to follow his (Mr K's.) example in the cold, deliberate, unprovoked, and disorderly attack he had made on the venerable gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Adams) which, however, he hoped the gentleman from Massachusetts would not condescend to notice.

Mr Adams did not condescend to notice it, and treated it, as it deserved to be treated, *with contempt.*

THE undersigned have now landing from barque Bellechasse from Bordeaux, and offer for sale the following wines of a very superior quality.

200 casks superior claret Wine, Medoc, St Estephe and Mont Ferant,
25 casks common and 25 half casks St Julien,
25 fierces Barsac,
25 fierces and 4 half casks Sauterne,
300 fierces Medoc,
200 do Pauillac Medoc,
50 do Margeaux,
20 do St Julien,
10 do Haut Brion,
50 do Sauterne,
40 Baskets Moseaux,
24 half cask vinegar.

feb 21 JOHN HAGAN & CO. Canal st.

MARSEILLES WINE, also, in cases, Grant Laffeotan, Champaigne, Medoc, Frontignan, &c, for sale by (f19) J. MAGEE.

(*By authority.*)

LAWS OF THE STATE.

AN ACT

Securing to Muhlen Holden, his heirs and assigns, the privilege of keeping a ferry across the Bouguechitto river in the Parish of St. Tammany, for the term of ten years.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened*, That from and after the passage of this act, it shall be lawful for the aforesaid Muhlen Holden, his heirs and assigns, to keep up a ferry across the Bouguechitto river in the parish of St. Tammany, on the public road leading from Covington in the parish of St. Tammany, to Columbia, in the state of Mississippi, at the place known by the name of Mitchell's Ferry, for, and during the term of ten years.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted, &c.* That the said Muhlen Holden, his heirs and assigns, shall be entitled to demand and receive, for his or their services in keeping up said ferry, the following toll and no more, viz: for every four wheel waggon and team, fifty cents; for every four wheel pleasure carriage, twenty-five cents; for every cart and horse, twenty-five cents; for every man and horse, twelve and a half cents; for every foot passenger, six and a fourth cents; for every led horse, do.; for every head of horned cattle, three cents; and for each head of sheep or hogs, two cents.

SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted, &c*, That the said Muhlen Holden, his heirs or assigns, shall be bound to keep up and maintain said ferry, in a good, safe and complete order and condition, for and during the whole ten years; and upon his or their failure to do the same, he or they shall be fined in a sum not exceeding ten dollars, for each and every day, he or they shall refuse or neglect to keep the same; to be recovered on information being made, before any justice of the peace in and for the aforesaid parish of St. Tammany; one half for the use of the informer, and the other half to be paid over to the then acting overseer of the road, of the road district in which said ferry is located, and by him to be expended, in making improvements on said road to the best advantage.

SEC. 4. *Be it further enacted, &c*, That the said Muhlen Holden, his heirs and assigns, shall be bound, and they are hereby bound, under the penalty contained in the 3d section of this act, to transport at all reasonable hours, and in the most expeditious manner, all passengers either on foot or on horse back, waggons, carts, carriages and stock of every description, across said ferry.

SEC. 5. *Be it further enacted, &c*, That the said Muhlen Holden, his heirs and assigns, shall be bound to transport free of any charges or costs, all judges and electors going to and returning from the performance of their respective duties as such; all persons going to, or returning from the performance of militia duty, and all ministers of the gospel and persons going to and returning from church.

SEC. 6. *Be it enacted, &c*, That Uriah Smith of the parish of St. Tammany, his heirs and assigns, shall have the exclusive privilege of keeping a ferry across the river Bouguechitto, at Wright's old place, (now owned by said Smith) for the term of ten years.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted, &c*, That the said Smith, his heirs and assigns, shall be entitled to demand and receive the same rates of ferriage that are now, or may hereafter be allowed to the owners of the ferry on the same river, known by the name of Mitchell's or Holden's ferry, and that he or they shall be subject to the same penalties, obligations and responsibilities, that the owners of the aforesaid ferry are subject to.

(Signed) ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
C. DERRIGNY,
President of the Senate.

APPROVED, February 15th, 1833.

A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, February 13, 1833.

The house met agreeably to adjournment.

Mr. Voorhies, of Avoyelles, chairman of the committee of enrollment, reported as duly enrolled the bills, entitled "An act to determine the time of holding the district courts in the different parishes of the 2d, 5th, 6th and 7th judicial district;" And,

"An act to amend the act, entitled an act to incorporate the Clinton Female Academy."

On motion, Ordered, that said report be adopted.

The speaker having signed said bills, the clerk was directed to request the signature of the president of the senate to the same.

On motion of Mr. Ory, ordered that leave of absence be granted to Mr. Voorhies of Lafayette for a few days.

A message from the senate by Mr. Davis their secretary, informing the house that the committee of enrollment of the senate, having reported as duly *enrolled*, the following bills, the signature of the speaker is requested to the same.

"An act securing to Muhlen Holden and Uriah Smith, their heirs and assigns, the privilege of keeping a ferry across the Bouguechitto river, in the parish of St. Tammany, for the term of ten years."

"An act to authorize commissioners to draw a division line between the parishes of St. Martin and St. Mary."

And, "An act to authorize the Terrabonne and Lafourche navigation company, to unite its capital and powers with those of the Barataria and Lafourche canal company."

Mr. Voorhies, of Avoyelles, chairman of the committee of enrollment of the house of representatives, reported the above bills as duly enrolled.

Said report being adopted,

The speaker signed the bills, and the clerk was directed to request the signature of the president of the senate to the same.

Mr. Canon presented to the house the petition of Augustin Robaudi, &c. praying for certain relief.

On motion, *ordered*, that said petition be referred to the committee on propositions and grievances.

Mr. Canon presented the following resolution.

Resolved, that the bill relative to the inspection of tobacco, be again referred to the committee of commerce, manufacture and agriculture, and that said committee be requested to take into consideration all the laws relative to that subject, and report by bill or otherwise.

On motion, ordered, that said resolut on be adopted.

Mr. Bullard, chairman of the committee of *propositions* and grievances, to whom was referred the petition of certain inhabitants of Donaldsonville and of the parish of Lafourche praying for certain relief,

Reported against the demand of the petitioners inasmuch as the demand is for the improvement of the levee of Bayou Lafourche, opposite Donaldsonville, and neither survey or estimative plan of said work, was made by the civil engineer of the state.

On motion of Mr, Nicholls, *ordered*, that said petition be again referred to the same committee, with instructions to report a bill to that subject.

Mr. Watkins as chairman of the committee to whom was referred the petition of Francoise Melanie Davis, praying for a divorce, presented the following report:

The committee to whom was referred the petition of Francoise Melanie Davis, praying that a law be passed, dissolving the bonds of matrimony, now existing between her and Lewis Davis, her husband, beg leave to report that they have examined the petition and the accompanying documents, from which it appears that the petitioner was married in marriage in the year 1825, in the parish of St. James, to Lewis Davis, and that about the month of September of the succeeding year the said Lewis Davis, deserted their common dwelling, disappeared from the state and has never since returned, leaving the petitioner without the means of subsistence: these facts are substantiated by a certificate duly authenticated, to which is appended the signatures of some of the most respectable planters of the parish of St. James. It also, *appears that the petitioner* did apply to the district court, of Nov. 1821, but said court was *adjourned to 5th of March, 1831*; on the 5th March it was adjourned to the month of May, in May it was again adjourned to the 2d Monday of January, 1833, and from thence to May of the same year—from these facts, it being apparent that your petitioner not being able to obtain relief from the courts of justice, your committee think it their duty to offer the following bill.

J. WATKINS.

The bill accompanying said report, entitled "An act to divorce Francoise Melanie Davis, from Lewis Davis, her husband from the bonds of matrimony;" which was read for the first time.

On motion, ordered, that said bill be rejected.

On motion, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules and that leave be granted to Mr. Porter to make the following report:

Mr. Porter, chairman of the committee of claims to whom was referred the petition of Thomas J. Lawler, presented the following report:

The committee of claims, to whom was referred the memorial of Thomas J. Lawler of the parish of St. Landry,—Reports,—That the memorialist is jailor of the parish of St. Landry.

That on the 17th June, 1830, a slave the property of a citizen of the said parish, was by order of the District Judge of the 5th district, placed in *the custody of the law, to protect* him from alledged ill treatment, and that the said slave was detained *in custody, until the 2d Oct 1831.*

Proceedings in the mean time took place in the District *Court*, from which an appeal was taken, and the Supreme Court, reversed the decision of the Judge *a quo*, and the slave was in consequence restored to his master. The law having made no provision, to meet the expenses incurred in such cases, your committee is of opinion, that justice requires a special appropriation *should be made*. The amount claimed by the memorialist is, $148 50; which is at the rate of 30 cents *per diem*. But the committee think a sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, would be sufficient, which sum is fixed upon in the bill hereunto annexed.

The whole of which, is respectfully submitted.

JAMES PORTER, Chairman.

On motion, Ordered, that said report be adopted.

The bill accompanying said report, entitled, "*An act for* the relief of Mr. Thos. J. Lawler," which was read for the first time, and ordered for a *second reading* on to-morrow.

Mr Porter chairman of the committee of claims to whom was referred the *applications of P. Barry*, presented the following report.

The *committee of claims*, to whom was referred the application of P. Barry—reports.

That P. Barry Attorney and Counsellor at Law was appointed by the Judge of the District Court, to act as prosecuting attorney, on behalf of the State, at the last court held in and for the Parish of Natchitoches.

It is proved to the satisfaction of your committee, that at the time he was so appointed, there was no district attorney in the 6th Judicial District, the same having become vacant by the death of William Wilson. The Judge was therefore bound by law, to appoint one *pro tem*—and your *committee* believes that under these circumstances, the person so appointed is entitled to compensation—and that one hundred and fifty dollars, *would not be more* than in strict justice he ought to receive.

The bill of which, together, with a bill for his relief, is respectfully submitted.

JAMES PORTER, Chairman.

On motion *ordered* that said report be adopted.

The bill accompanying said report entitled, "An act for the relief of P. Barry, which was read for the first time.

On motion of Mr Duplessis, ordered, that the house dispense of their rules and proceed to the second reading of said bill.

On motion, ordered, that the House dispense with their rules and proceed to the third reading, and to the consideration of said bill.

On motion of Mr Duplessis, the house resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr Duplessis, being called to the chair.

After some time, on motion of Mr Nicholls the committee of the whole rose, and the Speaker having resumed his seat, Mr Duplessis, as chairman, reported that the committee of the whole had had under consideration, the bill entitled, "An act for the relief of P. Barry," and had adopted the same with an additional section.

The House took up the said bill.

Mr Garland moved to amend the title as follows, "An act for the relief of P. Barry and of Thos. J. Lawler, which was adopted.

On motion, ordered, that said bill do pass, and be entitled, "An act for the relief of P. Barry and of Thos. J. Lawler.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

A message from the Senate by Mr Davis their Secretary, informing the House that the committee of enrollment of the Senate, having reported as duly enrolled the following bills.

"An act to determine the time of holding the District Courts in the different Parishes of the second, fifth, sixth and seventh Judicial Districts," and An act to amend the act entitled, "An act to incorporate the Clinton Female Academy," the president of the Senate had signed the same.

Mr. Voorhies, of Avoyelles, chairman of the committee of enrollment, reported that he has this day presented to the governor, the bills entitled

"An act to determine the time of holding the district courts in the different parishes of the second, fifth, sixth, and seventh *judicial* districts."

"An act to amend the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Clinton female academy," and the resolution relative to the introduction of the arms purchased by the state."

On motion of Mr. Chinn, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and that leave be granted to him to introduce the bill, entitled "An act to increase the salary of the attorney general of the state of Louisiana;" which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Nicholls, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and that leave be granted to him to introduce the bill, entitled "An act to amend the laws relative to the publication of the decisions of the supreme court of the state of Louisiana;" which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Bullard, *ordered*, that the house dispense with their rules, and that leave be granted to him to *introduce the bill*, entitled "*An act to provide for the sale* of the gun-house in the town of Natchitoches," which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Johnson, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and that leave be granted to him to introduce a bill, entitled "An act supplementary to an act, granting to S. Vanwickle, the exclusive privilege of keeping a ferry across the Mississippi, in the parishes of Pointe Coupee and West Feliciana," which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Maddox, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and that leave be granted to him to introduce a bill, entitled "An act to repeal the act, entitled An act supplementary to an act, to support the privilege of free suffrage in elections, and to prohibit all undue influence thereon, and to prescribe the manner of, determining contested elections, and *for other purposes*," which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

A message from the governor by Mr. Verloin, his private secretary, informing the house that the governor has this day approved and signed the following bills.

"An act to determine the time of holding the district courts in the different parishes of the second, fifth, sixth, and seventh judicial districts.

"An act to amend the act, entitled "An act to incorporate the Clinton female academy," and the resolution relative to the introduction of the arms purchased by the state."

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The bill entitled "An act to amend the act, entitled an act to incorporate the bayou Bonfil navigation company, and for other purposes," approved March 14th, 1830, was read for the second time, and ordered for a third reading on to-morrow.

The house took up the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the Citizens' bank of Louisiana," which was under consideration when the house adjourned yesterday.

During the discussion of the 13th section, Mr. Nicholls moved to strike out the words "that in addition to the interest at the rate of seven per centum per annum, which the said bank would be entitled to charge on the moneys laid out and advanced for the erection of such buildings or buildings, it may also receive a commission of one per centum on the amount so advanced, including the premium of insurance thereon, until finished."

On the adoption of said amendment, the yeas and nays were called for by Mr. Nicholls, when it appeared that Messrs. Bullard, Chinn, Dupre, Garland, Holstein, Morgan, Mulhollan, Nicholls, Foster, Voorhies, of Avoyelles, and Walker, had voted in the affirmative—11 yeas.

And that Messrs. Bouligny, Canon, Canonge, Charpentier, Daunoy, Ducros, Duplessis, Forstall, Grymes, Hoa, Horton, Jones, Legendre, Leonard, Lessassier, McRae, Marigny, Ory, Porter, Robin, Roussel, Sibley, and Watkins, had voted in the negative—24 nays.

Said amendment was consequently rejected.

Mr. Nicholls moved for the rejection of said section, which is as follows:

"That the said bank shall have power to advance money to individuals, for the purpose of building a house or houses, or other buildings, according to plans and contracts which shall be submitted to the board, and upon such security as the said board may judge proper: Provided, that the external walls and the roof or covering, shall be of incombustible materials: And provided, also, that the advance for erecting such building or buildings, shall in no case exceed, together with the building or buildings, also of which shall be clear of previous incumbrance; that in addition to the interest at the rate of seven per centum per annum, which the said bank would be entitled to charge on the moneys laid out and advanced for the erection of such building or buildings, it may also receive a commission of one per centum on the amount so advanced, including the premium of insurance thereon until finished; when the proprietors of such lots and buildings may, and shall have the privilege, if they so chose, of being placed in the situation of borrowers from the said bank, on mortgage, for the amount advanced on said buildings, on a pledge of the lots and buildings united, and shall be subject to the same conditions, and have all the privileges hereinbefore provided for persons borrowing money on mortgage: Provided, that no part of the nett profits of that portion of the capital of this bank allowed to the parishes of the state, other than the parish of Orleans, be thus appropriated; and provided, also, that the profits on monies advanced to individuals for the *purpose of erecting houses* and buildings, shall be exclusively reserved for the benefit of the stockholders residing in the city and parish of Orleans."

The yeas and nays were called for by Mr. Nicholls, when it appeared that Messrs. Garland, Guillet, Holstein, Morgan, Mulhollan, Nicholls, and Voorhies, of Avoyelles, had voted in the affirmative—7 yeas.

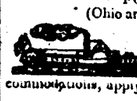
And that Messrs. Bouligny, Bullard, Canon, Canonge, Charpentier, Chinn, Daunoy, Ducros, Duplessis, Dupre, Forstall, Grymes, Hoa, Horton, Jones, Legendre, Leonard, Lessassier, McRae, Marigny, Ory, Porter, Robin, Roussel, Sibley, Walker, and Watkins, had voted in the negative—27 nays.

Said section was consequently adopted.

During the discussion of said bill,

On motion, the house adjourned until to-morrow morning.

FOR LOUISVILLE.
(Ohio and Mississippi Mail Line.)



The steam boat HOMER, Gay, master, having part of her cargo engaged will have despatch. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply on board, or to

TOURNE & BECKWITH.
feb 22 15 New Levee.

FOR MARSEILLES.—The very fast sailing ship EDWARD, Gareil, master, having her cargo engaged, will sail in a few days. For freight or passage, apply to JULES LeBLANC,
feb22 Royal street, no 103.

AN unmarried, acclimated, graduate in philosophy, 40 years of age is desirous of a situation as preceptor in a genteel family. Versed in book-keeping and corresponding in French and English, he would rather accept the latter vocation. Refer to the Rev'd Manhant, rector of the Ursuline church, New Orleans. feb 8mif

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish Court for the parish and city of New-Orleans.—Present the Honorable Charles Maurian, Judge—February 13th, 1833. No. 6[illegible] *Paul Vidal, vs. his creditors.* The cession of property of the petitioner having been accepted by the court for the benefit of his creditors, it is ordered by the court that a meeting of the creditors of said petitioner take place before Joseph Cuvillier, Esq. notary public, on Tuesday the 26th inst. then and there to deliberate on the affairs of the insolvent, and in the mean time all proceedings against his person and property are stayed. By order of the court.
feb 14 F. BUISSON, Clerk.

MONEY in sums of one dollar and upwards, to be had on application at No 10, St Louis st. f20

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED,

Ship St. Louis, Storer, New York, P Laidlaw
Polacre Tres Amigos, Victory, Havana, Estevanell & Courval
Brig Mary Jane, Higgins, Baltimore, D Marston
Schr Eliza Thomas, Butler, Tampico, Dufait
Schr Amelia, Roche, Pensacola, Master

ARRIVED,

Towboat Pilot, Riddle, from sea—towed to sea by S W pass, ship Fama, brig Laliaroque and Romulous—brought up Br ship Cassandra, and schr Water Witch. Left the Bar Tuesday at 7 p m, reports the whether very thick for three days past; nothing in sight off the bar; passed at Fort Jackson, brigs Volunia and Orbit.

Ship Cassandria, Grierson, from Port Glasgow, in ballast, to A Lockhart & co.

Schr Water Witch, Riley, from Bath, via Key West,—with lumber to the master.

Steamboat Reaper, Harrison, from Onachita—cargo cotton, &c. Fisk, Watt & co; T H Hosee; J B Plauche & co; *Miramond*, O'Duhig & co; Gaillard & co; Brander, M'Kenna & Lee; and others—18 pass.

Steamboat Bonita, Butler, from Natchitoches;—cargo, cotton to Miramond, O'Duhigg & co; Le Carpentier; Peyroux, Rivarde & co; Wilcox & Fearn; Clapier & Micoud; J Hagan & co; A Ladoux—27 pass.

Steamboat Columbia, Laurent, from Bayou Sarah; cargo cotton, &c. to *Williams & Lee; Reynold; Bruno & co*; M White; J Linton; J Hagan & co; Bullitt, Shipp & co; N Cox; Plauche & co; Blanc & Bruzier; Whitig, Stark and co; Quertier & Boutin; and order.

Steamboat Honor, Gay, from Louisville;—cargo, oats, whiskey, flour, lard, &c &c Sloo & Byrne; Byrne, Ryon & co; Townsley, Pricer & co; J Beckwith; Bell & Buchanan; Carriere & Barduzat; G B Reiss; A M'Connell; E N Dillon; Brander, M'Kenna & Lee; capt. T Gillet; J Hagan & co; Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; Whitall, Jaudon & co; M White; Martin, Pleasant & co; P&M Maker; M & P Bellars; and others—195 passengers.

Steamboat Lafourche, Carter, from Bayou Lafourche—cargo sugar, &c to J Hagan & co; Morgan & co; and others; 36 passengers.

Steamboat Lancaster, Hinclo, from St Martinsville—cargo sugar, &c to J Nicholet & co; M White; Ducros and Murphy; N Morse; T Segond; J Jacobs; Peyroux, Rivarde and & co; and others—26 pass.

☞ LYCEUM.—On account of the Washington Ball, Mr. Sympson's Lecture on the manners, customs, &c. of the English, is postponed till the evening of Monday next. It is to be hoped that the ladies of this city will attend. The lovers of humor will find a feast. feb22

TO LET, a *summer residence behind the lower pleasure* situated in faubourg Washington, the 4th square in St. Ferdinand street. Apply to JULES LeBLANC,
feb23 Royal street, no 103.

50 QR. Casks Marseilles Madera wine, in store and for sale by HARRISON, BROWN & CO.
feb 23 117 Royal str

SEGARS.—300 bill boxes segars, various qualities, in store and sale by HARRISON, BROWN & CO.
feb 23 117 Royal str.

STRAW PAPER.—1500 Reams wrapping paper, in store and for sale by HARRISON, BROWN & CO.
feb 22 117 Royal str

MOLASSES BARRELS.—150 molasses barrels in fine order, now landing from steamer Homer, for sale by TOURNE & BECKWITH,
feb 22 15 New Levee.

TEA.—Bancher's tea for sale by wholesale and retail, 50 cases New hard Cheese, recently received.
feb22 PRY GUILLAUME, 149 Chartre st.

GOODS FOR THE NEW ANY MARKETS.—Ginger ale, Cordial assortment, ways on hand of Brandy and other Dry Goods, which form the entire, for sale by HARRISON, BROWN & CO.
117 Royal street.

WHITE ANNAPOLIS OYSTERS—Just received per Lorenzo, 18 barrels very fat and fine oysters, for sale by [illegible]

[illegible] 150 bbls Mathews and [illegible] 12 tubs [illegible] 100 boxes, which three last [illegible] LANE & GREEN.

[illegible] has applied to [illegible] Marshal of the [illegible] to give notice to all persons who are concerned, that unless they make their appearance within 60 days from the date of the last advertisement, why the said fund should not be [illegible]

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, at New-Orleans, on this 21st day of January, 1833, and in the year of the Independence of the United States the 57th.

Signed by the Governor: A. B. ROMAN.
feb 22 George Morris, Secretary of State.

FRENCH SCHOOL LOTTERY, CLASS NO. 4.
To be drawn at Pierson's Hall, Common street, on Tuesday, Feb. 26, at 6 o'clock.

CAPITAL PRIZE, 16,000 DOLLARS.
MANAGERS' OFFICE,
No. 71, Common street, opposite Bruslé's hotel.

72 NO. LOTTERY—11 DRAWN BALLOTS.
SCHEME.

1	of	$16,000	$16,000
1	"	5,000	5,000
1	"	3,000	3,000
1	"	1,673	1,673
1	"	1,500	1,500
1	"	1,300	1,300
1	"	1,200	1,200
1	"	1,100	1,100
7	"	1,000	7,000
10	"	500	5,000
10	"	300	3,000
130	"	120	15,600
61	"	75	4,575
61	"	40	2,440
122	"	30	3,660
122	"	20	2,440
2989	"	8	23,912
20,130	"	4	80,520

23,660 Prizes, Amounting to $178,920

PRICE OF TICKETS—Whole tickets $4, halves $2, quarters $1. Packages of 24 tickets, embracing all the numbers put into the wheel, cost $96—warranted to draw not less than $44, and may draw the four highest capitals. Packages of halves and quarters in the same proportion. LAWTON & MEAD,
feb 20 Managers.

FRENCH EVANGELICAL CHURCH
LOTTERY,
CLASS, No. 5, for 1832,
To be drawn in the City of New-Orleans,
ON FRIDAY, 22TH FEBRUARY, 1833.
D. MALCOLM, manager,
And Proprietor under the Act authorising the Lottery, No. 55 *Chartres street.*

66 NUMBER LOTTERY—10 DRAWN BALLOTS.
SCHEME.

1	of	12,000
1	"	4,000
1	"	2,000
1	"	1,500
100	"	200
16	"	150
56	"	75
56	"	50
112	"	35
112	"	20
224	"	10
1560	"	8
15400	"	4

18480 Prizes amounting to $131480

Price of Tickets—Whole $4; Halves $2; Quarters $1.

Packages of 22 whole tickets $88; warranted to draw not less than $40—shares in proportion. Apply at the Manager's Office, No. 55 Chartres street. feb 20

JUSTIN DUREL proposing to leave for France in April next, will sell the following goods on very reasonable terms: plain and embroidered cloth and merino cloaks, french indiennes, chalis, popaline, satinet, crape, plumes and flowers, fine false jewelry, &c, &c; besides he has received sparkling Champaigne wine of 1st quality, which he offers on most advantageous terms. Apply at his store, well known under the firm of Widow Van Rooten & co, 159 Royal st, opposite the Consolidated Bank. f13

20 DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 12th instant, the negro WILL, generally known under the name of Bill, belonging to Jacques Larose; he has been a good many years in this country, was a sailor on board one of his master's vessels—common size—aged about 25 years; having little beard, strongly marked with the small pox—very dark skin, rod and rival eyes. He is supposed to have embarked on board some steamboat and to have gone to Indiana or Kentucky, where he already has been. The captains of vessels or other crafts are advised not to harbour him shelter under the penalties provided by law.
feb 19 JACQUES LAROSE.
New Orleans.

☞ The editors of newspapers published in Louisville are requested to insert said advertisements for a week, and forward their accounts to this papers office.

PROGRAMMA OF THE CELEBRATION OF THE BIRTH DAY OF GEORGE WASHINGTON

Order of the procession to be formed at 10 o'clock, at the state house in Canal street.

Deputy marshal,
Military escort,
Marshal of the day.
1—GOVERNOR AND SUITE.
2—Ex-governors.
3—Secretary of state.
4—Civil engineer.
5—Orators of the day.
6—State treasurer.
7—Judges of the supreme court.
8—Attorney general and deputy.
9—Judge of the United States district.
10—District attorney and marshal.
11—Joint committee of arrangements.
12—Members of the senate and officers.
13—Members of the house of representatives and officers.
14—Mayor, recorder, treasurer of the city, and city comptroller.
15—Members of the city council.
16—Invited strangers.
17—Judges of the district court 1st district and officers.
18—Judges of the district court of other districts & officers.
19—Judges of the criminal court and officers.
20—Judges of the parish court and officers.
21—Judges of the city court and officers.
22—Collector, post-master, naval officer, surveyor of customs.
23—Receiver and register of the U. States land office.
24—Members of the bar.
25—Register of wills, register of mortgages, register of conveyances, and register of births and deaths.
26—Notaries public.
27—Officers of the customs.
28—Presidents, directors, and officers of banks.
29—Foreign consuls.
30—Surveyor general and city surveyor.
31—Reverend clergy.
32—Members of the medical societies.
33—Franklin typographical society.
34—Mechanic society.
35—Fireman society.
36—Commercial library society.
37—Revolutionary officers and soldiers.
38—Military and naval officers of the United States.
39—Mexican officers.
40—Veteran corps and members of the old Orleans battalion
41—Officers of the militia in the state.
42—Harbour master and port wardens.
43—Captains of vessels and steam boats.
44—Strangers and citizens generally.
45—Mississippi fire company, no. 2, with engine & horses.
46—Military escort.

B. C. TENNEY,
LAFAYETTE SAUNDERS,
CASIMIR LACOSTE,
Committee of the Senate.

F. A. CANON,
JOHN WATKINS,
WILLIAM VOORHIES,
THOMAS W. CHINN,
W. F. C. DUPLESSIS,
Committee of the House of Representatives.

Amusements.

AMERICAN THEATRE.

ON FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 22,

IN honor of that day which gave to this western hemisphere the brightest luminary it has ever known—him "who was first in peace, first in the hearts of his countrymen," the immortal Washington, Mrs. Rowe will recite an appropriate Ode—the stage adorned with transparent portraits of Washington and Lafayette.

After which, Mr. Hermizen will sing one of his most popular comic songs. To make the entertainments as attractive as possible,

CINDERELLA

Or the Little Glass Slipper, will be presented.

With entire new scenery, Decorations, Dresses, Machinery, &c. with all the original music.

The extensive arrangements and engagements which have been made for this magnificent Opera, will oblige the managers to pay it every evening till further notice.

Felix,	Mr Field
Baron Pompolino,	Thorne
Dandini,	Caldwell
Pedro,	Russell
Cinderella,	Miss Placide
Clorinda,	Mrs Russell
Thisbe,	Miss Rowe

ORLEANS THEATRE.

SUNDAY, February 24th, 1833, the third and last representation of the successes of Messrs. Goaffe and Fleche—preceded by the Farce of Sevrin. Opera in 4 acts—music of Paer. f22

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

ON Saturday, 23d instant, a fancy dress and masquerade Ball. Admittance $1 50. Dance will continue every Saturday until St. Joseph's day. None shall be admitted beyond the first dance, without exhibiting his mask or cloak. feb21

BALL ROOM.

Corner of Bourbon and Bienville streets.

SUBSCRIBERS to the four quarterly dressed balls which have taken place in said Room, are informed that a subsequent one is appointed for Friday next, 22d instant, Washington's birth day, for a

GRAND DRESS and MASQUERADE BALL, composed of the same society of ladies. Persons who wish to subscribe, may apply at the ball room, where the list is deposited. f20

BALL ROOM.

Corner of Bourbon and Orleans streets
SATURDAY, FEB. 23,
GRAND DRESS AND MASQUERADE
BALL,
Admittance—Gentlemen, one dollar and 50 cents.

TO LET.—The two fine new warehouses, designated by the two post stores, situated on Levee street, between Toulouse and St. Ferdinand streets. Possession to be given immediately. Apply to THEODORE NICOLET,
feb21 Royal street, No. 103