State of Louisita, calling a meeting extraordinary of the Legislative for the 14th instant, the general assembly convened yesterday at the old Convent. The Speaker took his sear of about '12 o'clock, members in attendance

On notion of Mr. Dupré, the Clerk of the House was directed to inform the Sanate that they had formed a quorum, and were ready to proceed to bu-

A message from the Senate through Mr. H. Datheir Secretary, informed the House that the benate had met, formed a quorum and elected Mr. Charles Derbigny their President.

Mr. A. Mc Connel offered the following resolu-

tion which was alopted.

Resolved—that a committee of three members of the Hote and——of the Senate be appointed to wait upon the Governor and inform him that the

General Assembly are ready receive his communications. Messrs. Mc Connell, La Branche and The Senate informs House that they have adequate the resolution and by the House.

The members appointed to the House.

The members appointed to behalf of the House, that the Hall, and returned after a few moments' absence. Mr. Mc Connell, chairman of the committee reported that the governor, would invention

mittee, reported that the governor would immedimittey send a written communication.

Mr. Venloux, private Secretary of the Governor, brought in his Excellency's message.

On motion of Mr. Voorhies, that part of the

message, relative to the introduction of slaves, was reforred to a joint, committee of the two Houses, composed of tensilembers of the Representatives

of the Senate.

Ar. Rowin presented accordance inviting the Senate to meet the House et 2 this day to elect a

United States' Senator.

Of motion to dispense with the rules, there appeared for the dispensation, 25, and 11 against it.

The Chair observed that by a resolution of last session 4-5 of the votes were necessary to have the rules dispensed with. A discussion arose on this question, in which Mesers. Robin, Voorhies, Ducros and Mazureau took a lively part. The Speaker maintained his opinion. On Mr. Robin's appeal from the decision, the Chair was supported by a

The House adjourned to this day.

Yesterday's mail brings New-York papers of 31st ult., Philadelphia of the 1st. and Baltimor

of the 2d instant. By the packet ship Britania at New-York, from Liverpool, and the Arktwright from Dundee, the editors of the Courier and Enquirer, were put in possession of London papers, by the former, of the 16th, and by the latter of Dundee papers of the 22d of September. Their accounts are of the most meland the market accounts are of the most mer-mining accommand of the Russian forces, has been realized at the most gloomy manner. In vain had right marshalled forth, the ranks of Poland; in vain had patriotism newed the arm of her defenders; "on Prague's proud archethe fires of ruin glow"—WARSAW HAS FALLEN before the rush of the northern serfs, and the scept ered powers of Europe exult in another bloody, shameful, de-grading triumph achieved by the arbitrary rights of egitimacy over the imperscriptible rights of nations We refer our readers to our extracts from the norther prints, for the details of an event, which wrings the heart of event miend of freedom and independence

From the remaing portions of the continent the news are of considerable interest. The reform bill has passed the commons by a majority of 55 votes.

STILL LATER FROM EUROPE CONFIRMATION OF THE FALL OF WARSAW.

85- By the arrival of the Colosus, Capt. Coffin London dates to the 21st of Septemper have been received at Philadelphia, and communicated to the editor of the United States Gazette. Their import is of a thrilling character in as much as they are confirmatory of the submission of Warsaw. A letter from Warsaw, dated August 8th, leaves no doubt of the fact, and contains a full account of the rendition of the capital. The army has retreated to Plosk and Modlin. The effect produced on the public spirit in Paris, is represented, by the Morning Herald of the 20th, to have been in the highest degree indicative of hostility to the French ministry. Several devices were resorted to, by the citizens, in order to evince the indignation and contempt, which the criminal indifference of the government

has richly bought.

Accounts from Warsaw to the evening of the 8th have been receive at Paris, and convey the intelligence that the army is included in the capitula-tion, and has sent a General to the Grand Duke Michael to recommend itself to the clemency of the

Emperor, whose commands it will await at Plock.
The French Government contemplated fortifying Paris; the works, according to the Quotidicac, were to be begun about the 20th of September-Several to hold themselves in readiness.

NEW-YORE, Oct. 31. By the ship Arkwright from Dundee, a pape of that place of September 20th is received, con taining the following paragraphs which excite our fars and yet leave some ground for hope. Capt. A. states that when he left. Dundee he had London papers confirming the fall of War-

The reform bill was to be finished in the House of Commons immediately, and it was confidently expected would pass the Lords. The news produced no effect on the London

Stock Exchange.
From the Dundee Courier of the 20th Sept. FALL OF WARSAW .- This Capital has at length fallen. After two days' sanguinary fighting the town surrendered by capitulation and the Ru sians entered Praga.

The following communication is from the office of the London Times on the 17th;-"official intelligence was received at Berlin, on the 11th inst. of the capitulation of the city of Warsaw, on the 7th, at 6 o'clock, P. M. after two days bloody fighting in the neighborhood, during which the Russians carried by assault all the entreachments which had been raised to project the city.

Priga on the night of the 7th, and carly on the

Such is the substance of this fatal intelligence. It is still said that the Poles will mainis a fearful blow, and may, we fear, prove fatel

to their cause. be a 'communication' from the London Times, not an extract. The Times receives an express from Paris every other day, and the presumpcomequently, the they merely announced the received reinforcements, vigerously defended fact to the public, and forwarded the particulars the gardens and the edges of the ditches towards to different parts of the United Kingdom.

This is the more probable, as the "Sun" o the afternoon of the 17th, merely alludes to the fact without giving any particulars and states too. that Warsaw fell on the 11th instead of the 7th. There is not the slightest reason to doubt the authenticity of the intelligence, as it is enpressly ited that the "official intelligence" was recei-

ved at Berlin on the Hib:-"A morning cotemporary mentions the capitulation of Warsaw us a catastrophe that took and then the army required repose. place on the 11th after "to-days' bloody fighting is the neighborhood, during which the Russians rried by assault all the entreachments which had been raised to protect the city "

We have still our hopes that this disastrous notes in unfounded; if, however, it unluckily my's same. Both, therefore, implered the clephove correct, we shall memble for the semunion mency of the Emperor, and this circumstance

ATLANTIC OCEAN, Oct 1831.

ATLANTIC OCEAN, Oct 1831. have correct, we shall tremble, for the senstion will escate in the Prench capital. The people

The important inquiry now is—what reception The glorious success which we have obtained. vill it meet with there?

London, Sept. 14.—Two line-of-battle ships, of the first class (one a three-lecker, the other an 80 gun ship), have sailed, under admiral Parker, for the Tagus; and some frigates, with Sept. 14.—Two line-of-battle ships, on the left-gram and the breast. Krukowiecki has seeigned in power.

General Malachowski has announced to the Field. production and safety to the persons and property of the English subjects residing there. London, Sept. 15-P. M. 4 o'clock. Con-

sols closed at 825-8. A Conference of the representatives of the five great powers was held at the Foreign office says:

There is still no positive news from Poland. reported battle on the 22d ult. in which the

Russians were defeated. According to another eport, the Poles had experienced a repulse.

HOLLAND AND BELGIUM. The Belgian Government is anxiously on the dert in the formation of an army, which is to be officered in the first instance by several generals and three hundred officers from France. The militia to also to be called out, and one hundred pieces of cannon to be in readiness in the course of the present month. All these arrangements necessarily grow out of the approaching retire ment of the French reserve, and speedy termin-

ation of the Belgian and Dutch armistice.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 13. (evening.) The 39th protocol has arrived; it relates to the evacuation of Belgium by France, and the occupation of Luxemburg by the German Diet.

The Belgian army is said to be about to be ind Tongres.

Order of the day-for the army in the field." "THE HAGUE, Sept. 11 .- "I announce to he army by the present order of the day, that I have received from His Majesty the King official information, with orders to communicate it to the army, to the several governors of fortre-ses, and the commanders of detached corps under my orders, that hostilities between Holland and Relgium are suspended for six weeks, which commenced on the 29th of August last, at 12 o'clock at noon, to Monday, the 10th of October next.

"Head quarters at Tilbourg, Sept. 8.
(Signad) "The prince of ORANGE,
Countersigned) "Lieut. Colonel NEPREU." London, Sept. 15. -We have received the Paris Journals of Monday and Tuesday's date. They announce two facts of importance; viz. that a protocol has been agreed upon by the members of the Conference, excluding France from any participation in the deliberations on the demolition of the Belgic fortresses; and that the 12,000 French troops left in Belgium are to the conference of the Bour of Lisbon, and was in possession of the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders has taken place in favor of Donna Maria, which however was quelled by the governor after some troubance that contains a superior of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the Conference, excluding France had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and was in possession of the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and was in possession of the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and was in possession of the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and was in possession of the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and was in possession of the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and was in possession of the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had contained to the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and was in possession of the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and was in possession of the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and was in possession of the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and was in possession of the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and was in possession of the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and the River Tague, a revolt among the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and the slanders had forced the Bar of Lisbon, and th members of the Conference, excluding France had fore leave that country, and return to France at the ble. end of the present month.

LONDON, Sept. 17. City, 12 o'clock .- The most unwelcome news for some time past is announced this morning-the capitulation of Warsaw after two days fighting in its environs, with the storming of the formulate Poles, is in general deplored throughout the City; some fair thopes are expected from the Polish army, who have made good their retreat towards Piocks; no doubt the Emperor of Russia will are referred to the contents of these papers, as well as our correspondence, are of the most serious import. Great change at Paris are unavoidable.

But, hesides the office of the 24th says—We yesterday received the Paris papers of Sunday and the Messager des Chambres, dated Monday. The contents of these papers, as well as our correspondence, are of the most serious import. Great change at Paris are unavoidable.

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PHILADELPHIA, Nov 1. STILL LATER.

By the arrival at this port of the Colossus. Captain Coffin, we have through the politeness of Mr. Sanderson, of the Coffee House, London papers to the 21st, and Liverpool to the 22d of the Coffee House, London in good time to protest against the "New Constitution." papers to the 21st, and Liverpool to the 22d of September. The taking of Warsaw, reported Engineers of great reputation had received orders in the New-York postcript, is fully confirmed. A letter dated Warsaw, Sept. 8, says-"Poland is again subject to its lawful sovereign. On the 5th inst. Field Marshal Count Paskewitsch sent surrender of the city: a confidential officer to Warsaw, to demand in the name of his majesty the submission of the city, and to promise, on the other hand, amnes-ty and pardon. With an infatuation which cannot be sufficiently deplored, these words of peace were rejected by the leaders of the insurection. On the 6th, at day break, the Russian army advanced to storm the city. After a most desperate and sanguinary resistance, our brave soldiers, with rare intrepidity; made themselves nasters of four redoubts which lay upon our line of attack, as well as the first line of intrench ments which surround Warsaw itself, and of which Wola is a perfect fortress. The task, however, was not ended with this; there remained a second line of entrenchments, and a bread most round the city, defended by bas-

At four o'clock in the morning of the 7th, the Field-Marshal was preparing to overcome these last obstacles, when General Krukowiecki sent General Proudzinski to him to announce the intention of the Polish nation to submit to its legitimate King. These sentiments were, however, not confirmed by that Chief of the Government who soon after came in person to the Marshal .-The Polish Army, followed by the Diet and He affirmed that the consent of the Diet was the members of the Government, retired through necessary for such a submission. After the most urgent exhortations and representations of 8th the Russian Army entered, maintaining the inutility of further defence, and the disasperfect order—persons and property were resulters which it would inevitably bring with it, the

Plosk, were it was supposed they an effort to maintain themselves."

Such is the maintain themselves." lution-As this was not given by one o'clock, the Marshal sent word that he should give orders tain the struggle. - But the loss of their capital to attack - Halfan hour more was requested for consideration, but this also elapsing without a satisfactory answer being given, the Murshal is-It will be perceived that the above is said to sued orders for the attack. It was terrible, and very successful; flags of truce were sent, but they brought only dilatory answers. The attack was, therefore, begun upon the second line of tion is, that on the 17th their express did not intrenchments, which was carried at the point of arrive until after their edition was printed; and the bayouet-The enemy, who in the meantime the gardens and the edges of the ditches towards the Jerusalem barrier, and even made our that time, rendered the air insufferably hot. troops give way for a moment; but the aidour The thermometer of Farenheit in the town stood of the latter revived; they quickly scaled the at 96, at midnight in the open air. walls of the city, which presented a most formi-dable line of defence. The prodigies of valor which had already distinguished the two days were renewed, and at nine o'clock in the evening the entrenchments, the gardens, ditches, walls-every thing, in short, was in the hands of

> The lines of intrenchments carried storm, 6,000 prisoners and nearly 100 pieces of cannon. were the trophies of those two shemoruble

Nothing could now save the city and the ene-

The state of the s

has been purchased by severe losses. The

Polish army will persevere in hese good sentiments, and disregard the perfidious insinuations which may, perhaps, have been addressed to it.

The London Morning Herald of the 20th

The fate of Warsaw, and the ruin of so sacred a cause as that of Poland, appear to cast a gene but the Message de Chambres mentions another | ol gloom over the public mind; hard and bitter are the complatuts against a government, which by a single manifestation of its will, could have saved a brave nation. The latest accounts from Paris, represent the state of the capital as most alarming, the public feeling is raised to a state of phrensied hostility against the ministers, on their policy towards Poland, their funds have fallen from 2 to 3 per cent.

Our market has not experienced any material Exenequer bills, 8 to 11 prm. Ind a Bonds from I dis. to 1 prem. Russia Bonds 91 1-2 to 92. has at 64 to 74d to 74d per lb.

hoisted in some of the main streets- the drum beats the Palais Royal—the troops of the line are in mo-tion—and to sum up all in one significant sentence, the Ministry has been twice defeated on points which it had strongly at heart.

M. M. Cassimir Perier and Sebastiani had a nar

ow escape with their lives on Saturday.

The French papers contain an abstract of a circular, dated Warsaw, Aug. 15, and addressed to the Polish Envoys at Paris. This document is most affecting and impressive. It charges the cabinets of England and France with bad faith and adds, that if Poland be again enslaved, its fate must be attributed to their "hypocritical sympathy."
INSURRECTION IN MADEIRA.

A vessel has arrived at Madeira, which states that in consequence of a report that the French quadron ble. This official had thought proper to accuse the English Consul of having circulated, this news, and had placed that functionary under arrest in the Consulate House, a large body of troops preventing all ingress or egress, and he intended to keep the English Consul thus confined until further advices

from Lisbon. The London Morning Chronicle of the 24th says

Pyrenness by the French troops.
REFORM BILL.

give implicit credit to the fall of Warsaw, and we wish it was in our power to contradict it. Up to the necessary of the 19th the Reform Bill was to the necessary of the 19th the Reform Bill was to the necessary of the 19th the Reform Bill was to the necessary of the 19th the Reform Bill was to the necessary of the 19th the Reform Bill was to the 19th Lord John Russell moved the third reading of the Reform Bill, which curiously enough, owing to no one rising till after the speaker had put the question, and declared that the ayes had it, was very un-expectedly brought to a division. Sir J. Scarlett CONFIRMATION OF THE NEWS OF The division was 113 to 58. New clauses and sev-The Fall of Warsaw. eral amendments were then proposed and adopted, after which Lord John Russell moved "that the bill An extended but very desultory debate, i

will be perceived, ensued. Ultimately the debate was adjourned until this day.

The following is a statement of the sundry Polish cops, in the environs of Warsaw, previous to the 1. The corps of Kaminski 7'000 strong, was

in the cirvirous of Kouskie. 2. The corps of Rozyeski, about 10,000 men, masse, one at Kaski the other at Pilica, where Case.

there were about 10,000 men.
"The reserves, with the Cossacks of Volhyia amount to more than 15,000 regular troops; Poland, therefore, in the midst of her distress, has now at her command 170,000 men, who will march towards the enemy with the conviction that the safety or the ruin of the country depends upon a decisive victory, and who, sole ly confiding in the assistance of the Most High, who always assists the just cause, are about to sustain a combat with the second Russian Marhal, whose army does not number more than 100.000 men.

"The Duke de Mortemart (French Minister) and suite arrived at Lubeck on the 4th inst. from St. Pétersbourg. [So it appears that there was some truth in the rumor from Cronstad, after all. No doubt the port officer there had received ordres to grant the French Minister a passport .- But we find no intimation that he was dismissed by the Russian Court, or returned on account of any dissatisfaction with his treatment in the Russian capital.]

PORTUGAL. The Times of Friday says—"An expedition is certainly preparing by Don Pedro, in the name of Donna Maria, against Don Miguel. 1: s intended to be from Terceira to Madeira in the first instance.

PRUSSIA. The concentration of Prussian forces in the Rhenish provinces to the amount of upwards f 200,000 men, well equipped and ready to parch at a moment's notice, forebodes, whatever liplomatic assurances there may be to the contrary, that there is little probability of any long ontinuance of the peace of Europe.

ALGIERS. Advices from Algiers of the 3d inst, state that the Arabs had set the whole plain on fire, and that it had been burning for ten days, which, in addition to the heat of atmosphere prevailing at

NEW-YORK, Oct 29. Melancholy .- Captain Snow, of the schooner New-York, arrived last evening from Philadel phia, has furnished us with the following letter walls—every thing, in short, was in the hands of which it appears was left at the cabin of the our brave from. Meantime night had set in schooner, by Mr. Samuel L. Benjamin, who had taken passage for this city. The captain states that one of the cabin windows was found open, from which it is inferred that the writer of the letter had thrown himself into the sea. We should suppose, from the tenor of the letter, the infortunate man must have been in a

there feel an intense interest in the cause of the sensers, which was excited to the Pries, and will not, we apprehend, tankely brook the intelligence of the fall of Warsaw?—Courtier & Enquire.

Skir: These fou will forgive the freedom I the intelligence of the fall of Warsaw?—Courtier & Enquire.

Skir: These fou will forgive the freedom I the with the affairs of a person for whom it is natural to presume you can feel but little interest. Manches and all interest in the former, in conformity with the Emperor's with the intelligence of the ending week.

The former, in conformity with the Emperor's with the intelligence of the ending week.

In some days we shall be able to give a norte of the ending week.

The glorious success which we have obtained, by careful of the course of the ending week.

The glorious success which we have obtained, by careful of bidding farewell to time—my body, of course, I must leave behind, freight or passage apply on bourd, opposite and that I may not occasion any one trouble respecting its disposal, I give for its grave the deep Atlantic. And let not Turk, Jew, Christian, or Pagan, have the foolish assurance to The St. John is intended as a regul Parker, for the Tagus; and some frigates, with other vessels of war, are to be stationed off the bards in order to ensure of the British merchants, in order to ensure the foolish assurance to pronounce my doom, until the spiritual law trader, is just off the ways, had a new three foolish assurance to pronounce my doom, until the spiritual law trader, is just off the ways, had a new trader, is just off the ways, h hands of Mr. Ash, in Chesnut street, bookseller, sufficient to meet all demands against me in Philadelphia, to whom refer. I sincerely thank you and your household, for the kindness with which they have uniformly treated me, and now bid you an earnest farewell! SAMUEL C. BENJAMIN.

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, September 17. COTTON.—The import this week is 7,767 bags and the sales are extensive, reaching 25,500 bag findluding 2000 bags American, taken on specula tion, and 650 for export,] at full and steady prices viz, 420 Sea-Islands at 9d to 17½d; 170 stained do at 5d to 9d; 14,790 Boweds at 42d at 63d; 4340 New-Orleans at 54d to 74d; 5080 Alabamas, &c. at Our market has not experienced any material depression. Consuls for the Account 81 3-4, hias at 640 64d; 1550 Marahams at 64d to 74d; hias at 640 64d; 1550 Marahams at 64d to 74d;

A nother Russia bonds 91 1-2 to 92.

A nother Russia bonds Paris gives alarming accounts of the state of the French capital. The news of the fall of Warsaw seems to have excited among all classes there a phrenzy equal to that produced by the publication of the Polignac Ordinances. Men view it as a national calamity—and national disease. it as a national calamity—and national disgrace, of but the middling and inferior qualities of Americans which each individual must bear his share. The are offered so freely that no advance in prices can one of 15,000 with 300 French officers, and 7 generals. The camps to be at Piest, Turnbut laughed at threatened and hanged in effigy—crowts have taken about 2000 bales of American, and 650 laughed at threatened and hanged in effigy—crowts. throng the streets with crape hat and arm bands, for export, but the quantity in bond is trilling, at some pillaging gun-makers' shops, others busy in present; the import of the week is 7,700 bales, listening to the ardent appeals of the newspapers—and since the 1st of January it is 674,400 against the theatres are almost all closed; the black flag is 652,300 to this period to this period last year; the increase from the U. States is 14,500 bales; 1000 hourly to arms—the Marsellaise is publicly sung in bales of E. India, and 200 of West are announced for public auction on the 23d instant.

The exports of Cotton to the beginning of this week, were 50,115 bags, and to the same period

last year they were 21,095.

There has been a very fail demand for most descriptions of Cotton Manufactures, both for exportation and home use, and we still consider that these vigorous and not unpromising state although low profits are universally complained of. The demand for Yarus for exportation has been very extensive, and is expected to be so whilst the shipping season lasts, and although the prices obtained subject the spinners to more or less of loss, yet most of them will probably consider it is best to go on spinning and lessening their hars of work, than to stop their Machinery altogethe and disperse their labourers : and until Peace is, established on the Continent of Europe and confercial confidence restored, we ap-prehend that this branch of the Cotton business will ontinue to be in a languid and unprofitable state. The consumption of Cotton, as it regards the quantity spun and manufactured, is fully equal to that of last year, but the stocks of Yarns yet held by the spinners are to many of them inconveniently large. The stocks of Cotton in the Ports, it will be ob served, were 74,420 bags more at the beginning of this month than they were at the same period last year but it is we think probable that the dealers and spin-ners in the country held at much less; and with respect to our future prices we may remark that no ap-preheusious are entertained of the growth being less than the consumption, but on the contrary that the growing crop in the U. States is expected to exceed rather than fall short of last year, and existing circumstances do not warrant the hope of any increase in the use of the article in this country, although the more settled state of France would seem to jus-tify hopes of an increase there, whilst on the other hand, as it would appear that there is no necessity for an import of grain to this country, some diminutions in the exports of Cotton manufactures may be anticipated. Connected with the ability of the merchants in this place holding for any length of time a larger stock of Cotton than they have laterly done, may be mentioned the fact, that an unusually large amount of capital is locked up in bonded Grain, and at no past period were eyer the warehouse of this

Marine Journal. PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED VESTERDAY

port so much filled with produce.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY. Brig Crawford, Gardiner, from Rhode-Island, cargo to the master and order. Steamer Telegraph, Crane, from Cincinnati, cargo 1 keg to J Linton; 16 bbls castor oil E L Tracy; November

steamer Abeona, Baldwin, from Louisville--with sengers. These packets are commanded by Townsley, Prieur and co; 5 bags ginseng T Toby; 85 kegs lard M F Maher, 40 cast iron pipes Gordon,

S5 kegs lard M F Maher, 40 cast from pipes
Forstall and co; 92 sheep to owner on boarn!
Steamer Planter, Colla, Bayou-Sarah with 8 bales
sailing.

N. B.—No more passengers will be taken in
N. B.—No more passengers will be taken in hhds sugar, Peyroux, Rivarde and co; 50 do Tuyes and so; 1129 hides Wilbor and Hazard; 4 bundles J Steamer Walter-Scott, Culver, from Manchester,

Steamer Gleaner, Griffin, from Alexandria, with

13 flat boats. from Mayesvile, with about 660 bbls whiskey 3200 bbls flour, and hay to order.
ARRIVED AT THE BASIN.

Shhr. Mary Flower, Pearlington, wood. Schr. Lady Madison, from Madisonville, wood. Schr. Martha, Ann, from Covington, 54 bales

MEMORANDA. MEMURANDA.

Cleared at Baltimore for this port, Nov. 2, brig
Ann and Leah, Goldsmith
Hence at Baltimore, 2d brig Pilgrim, Rice.
Hence at Boston, 27th oct. brig Margaret, Wads-

Cleared from New-York for this port, 80th oct. packet ship Nashville; Mary and Harriet, Tibbetts. Up at Liverpool for this port, ship New-Orleans, Patten, to sail on the 25th Sept. ship Saracen, on

the 1st. Oct. Up at Philadelphia for this port, ship John Sergeant to have sailed on the 8d nov. brig Commerce, Snow, 2d oct. ship Archer, Colc, Soon, brig Bacthus, Copeland; ship Liberty, Davis. Cleared at Boston for this port, brig Maria-The-

Up at Boston for this port, brig Cronstadt.
Up at Boston for this port, brig Cronstadt.
Up at New-York for this port, ship St. Louis, to have sailed on the 5th nov. ship Mordecai, 1st. nov. ship Illinois, do. ship De Witt Clinton, 8th. Cleared from Boston, for this port, oct. 29th brig George, Snow.

WAS taken to the stable, Royal, between Toulouse and St. Peter-streets, A BLACK HORSE, about 6 years old, no visible mark or brand. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property and pay charges; in default of which, said horse will be sold, according to law, ten days after present nonov. 11

WANTED-by a young man who has lately arrived from Martinico-a cituation as sugar maker or overseer on a plantation, who would, if required, take charge of both. The best of testimonials as to character or second can be produced. For particulars apply to LINCOLN & GREET

and the second of the second o

freight or passage apply on bourd, opposite

The St. John is intended as a regular

FOR BAYOU SARAH, BATON-ROUGE, PLAQUEMINES, And all intermediate landings.

The steam boat VER-MILLION, capt. DELAevery Tuesday, at 10 o'clock A. M. and continue throughout the season, leaving Bayou Sarah every Friday at 10 o'clock A. M, for freight or passage apply on board or to GRAY, DURRIVE & CO,

38 New Leveest FOR HAVRE. The A I coppered and has saming surp ST.GEORGE, Capt Taubman, will commence loading tomorrow and have immediate despatch, having nearly all her freight engaged, for the remainder of which or passage apply on board opposite the public square or to FOSTER & HUTTON.

FOR HAVRE, The fine ship, of the first class, ROMULUS, captain HARDING, will sail in a few days, and admits passengers. Ap-

nov 14 FOR NEW-YORK-(Packet of the 20th.)

Louisiana and New-York line. The new and elegant ship LOUIS-The new and elegant ship LUUIS-VILLE, capt. Barce, will com-mence loading on the 13th and sail as above. For freight or passage apply on board first tier above the market or to FOSTER & HUTTON.

FOR BALTIMORE. The coppered and copper fastened packet brig BOURNE, BESTIAL master, will meet with dispatch. For freight or passage apply to nov 9 J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.

FOR NEW-YORK.

LOUISIANA AND NEW YORK LINE OF PACKETS. To increase the facilities of intercourse between this city and New-York, a NEW LINE

November	20th	ns. From Ne October	13th
February -	5th	December	28th
April	201h	March	. 13 th
July	5th	May	28th
September	20th	August	13th

December 5th. October February 20th. January 5th. March 20th. Jane 5th. August Ship NATCHEZ, captain REED.
From N. Orleans From New-York.

20th. November 1:3ch December larch 5th. January 20th. April August 5th. June October 20th. September

43 Ship CREOLE, captain PAGE. om N. Orleans. From New-York. 5th. November 20th. February January 28th. March 13th

5th. April 28th. 20th. July August November 5th. September

From New-Orleans From New-York. January December April 5th. February 20th. May 13th 5th. July 28th.

go I keg to J Linton; 16 bbls castor oil E L Tracy; 25 bbls porter T Townsend; 2 kegs tobacco, M F Maher; 150 bbls molasses, 100 bbls flour T Sloo jr; 620 ps bed furniture W McCauley; 50 sugar tubs Gordon, Forstall and co; 425 bbls pork Byrne, Ryon York expressly for the trade. Their cabins are York expressly for the trade. Steamer Reinder, Miller, from Louisville, with 6 fitted in the most improved and elegant style; were at Ostrowice. In the palutinate of Crass coils rope, 14 bales tobacco M F Maher; 3 reels ample stores of every description, and of the first cow there are two camps formed of the levy on yarn, Whitall, Jaudon and co; 22 casks cheese, A quality, will be provided, and every regard had to the comfort and entire satisfaction of the pas-188 hf boxes glass, 100 ps bagging 100 coils rope, 50 bbls flour Bell and Buchanan; 50 ps bagging llarris and Wright; 192 bbls flour, 23 casks flaxseed comodate. They will, at all times, be towed up and down the Mississippi, by steam-boats, and

cotton W and J H Leverich; 16 do N and J Dick ond co; 68 Williams and Lee; 50 S Henderson; 18 J Hagan and co; 27 Reynolds, Byrne and co; 38 J Linton; 19 M White; 13 A Fisk, Watt and co; 30 ply to

nov 10 FOSTER & HUTTON. ANDING, and for sale by the subscribers, 19 bales 3 points Blankets, 5 pipes Cognac Brandy.

THEOD. NICOLET & Co. nov 15 THE subscriber has received from Switzerland and France. a splendid and fashiona ble assortment of Embroideries, such as needle, wrought, and tamboured collars and pellerines canzous, chemisettes à la Guillaume-Tell, à la Marie-Louise; dotted and figured Swiss Mus-JOS. CH. SPRENGER,

nov 16 No. 37, Chartres street. SPERM CANDLES,—150 boxes of superior quality, landing from brig Premium.

for sale by nov 15 'Wm. G. HEWES, 9, Canal st COURT OF PROBATES—Name is he-reby given to the creditors of the estate of the late Thomas Meade, or all whom it may concern, to show cause, within ten days, before the clerk of the Court of Probates, why the accounts, rendered by the testamentary executors of the deceased, should not be homologated and said executors discharged accordingly.

By order of the Court.
nov. 15. MARTIN BLACHERRegister. COURT OF PROBATES.—Whereas J. W. Breedloyf has petitioned the court. for letters of curatorship on the estate of late Alonzo Burnabens deceased ab intestate; Notice against harbourings and slave, under the most 11is hereby given to all concerned, to show cause gorous penalties of the law. within ten days, why the prayer of the petitioner

should not be granted.—By order of court, nov 15 MARTIN BLACHE, Register. COURT OF PROBATES.—Notice is bereby given to the creditors of the estate of the late John Forsyth, or to all whom it may concern, to show rause, within ten days, why the account presented by D. P. Jackson should not be homologated.

By order of the Court. MARTIN BLACHE nov 15 A Register.

TOR SALE.—50 hilds. SUGAR of the wines and liquides.

He undertable every species of confection in the curie.

TUYES & Co.

his line. Appentions interacted in the curie.

now 10 3

LES AT AUCTION. BY T. MOSSY.

On the store, 20 cases printed calicues, suitable for the winter market. BY ISAAC L. MCCOY.

THIS afternoon (Tuesday 15th test.) at half past four o'clock, on the Levee, opposite St. St. will be sold,

25 Puncheon 4th proof Jamatta Rum imported direct from schr. "Favorite Lass" and entitled to debenture. Terms at sale. 15 nov. BY JOS. LE CARPENTIER & Co. WILL be sold on Wednesday 16th instant, at 11 o'clock A. M. before their auction

store, without reserve, 40 tierces GRAVE'S nov. 15 BY T. MOSSY. ON Tuesday, 15th instant, will be sold at the auction store-1 case containing 25 pieces Houssaye, will depart on Everlasting. Said case having been wet when

landing from the ship, will be sold on account of those concerned, BY ISAAC L. McCOY. N Saturday 2tith inst. at 12 o'olock, at the Exchange coffee house, will be said, THREE SLAVES, viz; Much aged about 25 years; Fountain aged about 22 years; Julius, aged about 21 years, all field hands, and fully

guaranteed. Terms 6 and 12 months credit for approved endorsed paper, and mortgage until final payment. BY ISAAC L. McCOY. ON Thursday 24th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange coffee-house will be sold, A HOUSE & LOT, No. 73 situated in Bourbon, between Couti and Bienville streets. The lot measures 43 feet 81 inches front on Bourbon street, by 127 feet 101 inches in depth. The improvements thereon consist of a good comfortable Brick Dwelling House, divided into four rooms, two small cabinets with a fine back gallery, and a back building also of brick divided into a kitchen and three servants rooms.

session will be given on the 1st December next. Terms, 6, 12, 18 and 24 months credit, for pproved endorsed paper, and mortgage until final payment. BY P. A. GUILLOTE.

The yard is well paved, and the premises may be examined at any time before the sale. Pos-



 $Sale\ postponed\ on\ account\ of\ back$ weather. WILL be sold on his plantation, on Tuesday

15th instant, at 10 A. M. one hundred and odd MULES, just from the Mexican provinces. Said mules are in excellent order. TERMS :- All sums under \$100 cash ; over and above 4 months' credit on approved endorsed paper. For further particulars apply to Bar-

GALVANISH FOR SALE-Equaled by nothing of the kind : the discovery and apparatus are worth 490 dollars. Persons who may feel inclined to purchase will please apply at the office of the Bee, or to Dr. Durand, corier of Burgundy and St. Anne.

To those who are unacquainted with the effects of Galvanism, Dr. Durand, possessor and perfectioner of that object, begs leave to state. that it has been known to cure the following Diseases: -- livery kind of debility in the norous system, palsy, rheumatic pains, obstinate ead aches, deafness, loss of sight and speech, nervous colic spasms, madness, hypochondrical and hysteric affections, nervous fits, epilepsy, tooth ache, indolcut tumques, apoplexy, asthma, palpitation of the heart, sufficienting carairly real and false pleurisy, &c.
It is of great service in various lymphatic Ci-

sorders, authentic proofs of which, as well as of its efficacy in the whole of the Disorders above mentioned, Dr. Durand has in his pos-session, which he is willing to produce to any person who may have doubts on the subject. nov. 15.

J. Thomas, tutor of minor heirs of Herman vs. Saily Johnston.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. P. Smith associate japge of Ship HUNTSVILLE, captain the city court, I shail expose for sale on Friday of November, at 4 mises, Girod street, No. 120. Bed strads, ghairs, hand-iron, d.c. seized in the above suit, nov 15 L. DAUNOY, mashall.

Marie Pierre, vs. Hilliam. . BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. B. Beauregard, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Wednesday the 23 of November, at 4 o'clock, at the principal, 3 tables, 1 bead-stead, 4 chairs, I pr. hand-irons, and 2 iron pots, seized in the L. DAUNOY, marshall. nov 15

FILTY DOLLARS REWARD.



and wore a straw hat.

Masters of vessels (those particularly who rade with Havanal steam bouts and others, are requested not to harbour said negro, under he strictest penalties of the laws.

The above reward of 50 DOLLARS shall be

oaid for said runaway if taken out of this State; r \$25 if taken within the limits of Louisians. nov 14 HATTIER, St. Louis st No. 56. THE subscriber, curator of the estate of Martin Giret, requests all persons having any

claims mainst it to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the same to make imme-C. A. J. BELLOT. diate payment. C. A. J. BELLOT,
Corner of Carondelet and Common sts. nov 14 No. 127.

\$20 REWARD. RANAWAY, since the month of June, an American negro known under the name of THOIRNTON, about 27 years of age, tive feet six or seven inches in height, aor seven inches in height, a-merican measure, reddish skin, large mouth, fine teeth, roman nose, high and broad forehead; he

speaks french somewhat, and frequently visits the protestant churches.

A reward of twenty dollars will be paid to whoever will lodge said slave in one of the jails of this state, or take him back to Ste, Anne

street. No. 51. Masters of vessels and others, are forwarned

Orleans ordinary.

Corner of Royal and Orleans streets. (TO BE OPENED ON SATURDAY NEXT.)
JULES DUMAS has the benour of informing the public that he has recently formed a new Establishment, were persons, who may favour him with their presence will find every thing that can be required on agreeable in a house of the kind; such as private rugms and saloons, which, in connection with the main establishment, will present the strictist neatness, exactitude in the waiters, and delicacy in the meals.

AND STREET AND A STREET