

THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
J. BAYON.

NEW ORLEANS,
TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 21, 1832.

ALVOR
COL PEYRE.
RECOUER
FELIX DE ARMAS.

We had a short mail yesterday—not over ten or twelve papers. Baltimore's dates are of the 6th, Charleston of the 8th instant. We have no New York papers. In those which we have before us, we see absolutely nothing worth extracting; not even merit itself could there find a single atom of interesting intelligence. The eloquence of Hayne and Clay overruns the columns of our exchanges.

THE CHOLERA NO CHOLERA.—We have conversed with a gentleman who came from Mobile, with yesterday's mail-host. If any of us are soon to be summoned to the last reckoning, it will not be through the means of the cholera; there is no such disease in Mobile—at least, the one which gave rise to the rumor, turns out to have been a severe attack of bilious cholic, which visited four persons, who have subsequently died.

The individual, belonging to the city guard, and suspected of being a principal or participant in the theft committed in Mr. David's store, was confronted with his accuser, who was unable to identify him. The belief of the informer was grounded on the circumstance, that a man, who gave him a piece of bush in trust, which was proven to have been stolen from the store, wore a black cap and grey coat; and that the suspected guard was dressed in a similar cap. Beware ye that have any predilection for black caps and grey coats; do them—for either may lead you to the horns of a scalded head-piece, or a scalded case of the same hue.

CELEBRATION.—The vestry of the cathedral of St. Louis has appropriated a large sum of money to the concluding decoration and illumination of the church, on the approaching celebration. Many of our most respectable citizens evidence a proper spirit on the occasion, and enter into suitable preparations.

CORRESPONDENCE.—The approaching anniversary of the birth of Washington, is to be observed by the citizens of New Orleans, with the respect due to the occasion. This is as it should be.—The citizens of this State participate largely in the blessings resulting from the successful termination of the revolutionary struggle. They are sincerely attached to the principles which guided and sustained the patriots of that war; and it is only necessary to refer to one of the many series of the second war, to perceive that a predominant sense of the feeling which pervades the other States of the confederacy.—In addition, more than any other man, contributed, in mind and peace, to the success of the cause of national liberty. He was a warrior and a statesman; and each returning anniversary serves but to renew the gratitude of his countrymen, and the admiration of mankind. He was a man; and the members of the fraternity, also, will do homage to the virtues and talents that distinguished the great and good man. On the twenty-second, the day will be celebrated. By the order in New-Orleans, an appropriate manner, and with every man, every woman, and child at the proper place, happy to add, and cherish the alliance of patriotic and virtuous feelings, by which they are enabled to say, as it relates to the illustrious Washington, we are citizens of the same republic; we are brethren of the same family.

FRANKLIN TYPOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY.—In pursuance of previous notice, the FRANKLIN TYPOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY met at the New-York and Philadelphia Hotel, on Monday evening, 23d inst, when the following Representatives were present and unanimously re-elected:—
Resolved. That the Society celebrate the approaching Centennial Anniversary of the Birth of Washington.

Resolved. That a committee of three be appointed to prepare a badge, similar to that worn by the Society on the English of January last, whereupon, the following gentlemen were appointed, viz.: A. B. Shultz, R. B. Moore, and Joseph G. Burgess.

Resolved. That the Society meet at the New-York and Philadelphia Hotel, on Wednesday morning at ten o'clock, for the purpose of receiving the Badges and joining in public exercises.

Resolved. That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the President pro tem, and Secretary, and published in one or more of the papers of this city.

CHAS. TIEJTEN, Pres. p. t.
P. MCARDLE, Secretary.

The committee appointed by the Board of Directors of the New-Orleans Commercial Library Society, for the purpose of making arrangements for the celebration of the centennial anniversary of the birth-day of WASHINGTON, request the attendance of the Members of the Society in the Rooms, on the 23d inst., at nine o'clock, A. M.—whence they will proceed to join the procession. Budgets, for the occasion, will be ready to be delivered to Members.

T. W. COLLINS,
C. F. WILLIAMS,
N. DELAPLAINE,
J. E. GAINS.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 4.

From *les de Jérôme*.—The brig Margaret, Myer, has arrived at Anapolis from Rio de Janeiro, where she sailed on the 17th December. The editors of the American Journal from Captain M. that the city was by no means quiet, fears being entertained that a disturbance would take place in consequence of petitions then in circulation, the object of which is to dismiss all foreigners from the Brazilian service, and to expel the Portuguese from the country. The city was regularly patrolled every night, and bustle almost at a stand.

The New York Journal of Commerce thus quotes and comments on a recent proceeding in the Massachusetts Legislature.

Indians in Massachusetts.—In the House of Representatives of Massachusetts, on Thursday last, Sir Thaxter submitted a resolution authorizing the appointment of a committee to ascertain the number of Indians in this commonwealth—the state of their morals &c.—with a view of improving their condition, which the gentleman considers as degraded as that of any other race of beings on the face of the earth.

Mr. Thaxter we are told is a lawyer; but Mr. Blake much to the amusement of some of the knowing ones, twice called him, in his remarks, "the next read gentleman from Edgartown"—Sir Thaxter has his new honors with becoming modesty; but what is remarkable for a lawyer he blushed a little at the second touch.—*Boston Gazette.*

A Mr. Thaxter, of the Massachussets legislature, in discussing a resolution in relation to the condition of the Indians of this State, asserted that "from his knowledge of slavery in the Southern States, the state of Georgia had more liberty than the Indian of Massachusetts."—*Some other paper.*

Mr. Thaxter will not probably think himself

greatly complimented by the ignorance which the time it continues, of making love unto men seems to prevail in regard to himself and his profession. The fact is, that he is neither a clergymen nor a lawyer, though for ought we know he may have studied law, but a Teacher. For several years he officiated in this capacity at Athens, Georgia, an' more recently has had charge of a very flourishing school at Edgar town (Marble's Vineyard) his native village.—He is the son of the late Rev. James Thaxter, a chaplain of the Revolution,—the name that affected the pray'r at the laying of the corner stone of the Bunker Hill Monument just before the celebrated oration of the Hon. Daniel Webster. In regard to the condition of the slaves in Georgia, Mr. Thaxter has had abundant opportunity of information, and seriously less in regard to the condition of the Indians in Massachusetts; no considerable portion of whom live within 20 miles of residence. But is what manner he supports the assertion above quoted, if indeed he ever made it, it is hard for us to imagine. We know something about the Indians in Massachusetts, and the country where they are located. And although we should find no difficulty in admitting that they are "degraded" by their vices, we know not in what respect they are deprived of their "liberty," unless it be that they cannot dispose of the Indians, which are held by them in common. We are glad, notwithstanding, that the resolution has been offered, and hope it will be adopted.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5th.

Office of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co., PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3, 1831.

Sir,—

The time has arrived when the Managers of this Company solicit the orders of their friends, I am instructed by them to say, that the prices and terms of payment fixed for the present, are the same as the last year, viz: per ton of cargo, five dollars per ton of \$240 lbs., delivered on board of vessels at the company's wharves on the Delaware; and, for my quantity not exceeding 100 tons, to be made on the first of November, 1832; the other half on the first of January 1833.

Cargo sold by the company will be delivered on board free from fine dust, it being carefully packed before shipment.

As no advantage can be gained by a postponement of orders, I suggest the propriety of your prompt attention to this point and immediately, so as, as the early part of the year affords the best opportunity for low freight and insurance, also the greater certainty of supply.

Many of our distant correspondents having been greatly inconvenienced in consequence of their restricting the company in the price of freight, the Managers respectfully suggest, that orders should be sent without any such restriction, leaving it to their best exertions to procure the same on the very lowest terms.

The Managers, have further directed me to say that they do not anticipate any alteration in prices, but if they should be lowered by the company this year, persons giving previous orders shall receive the benefit of such reduction; at the same time, the managers do not preclude themselves from advancing the price with the advance of the season, should they deem it expedient; but orders received will not be subject to any advance.

The character of the Lehigh coal is so well known, that it is deemed necessary to publish my recommendation of its quality. It is sufficient to state, that for parlour grates, stoves, and culinary uses, no coal is more generally applied in this place; while as fuel for steam engines, for melting, heating breweries and distilleries, and in rolling and slitting mills; the coal has the decided preference, on account of its greater durability and cleanliness, to the extent of more than two thirds of the aggregate consumption of anthracite coal for those purposes in Philadelphia and its vicinity.

Respectfully,
OTIS AMMIDON, Treasurer.
Feb. 21.—6.

which they may due either by words or looks, as unto them seemeth proper, and moreover, no man be entitled to the benefit of safety who doth refuse to accept the offers of a lady, or who doth in any wise treat her proposals with slight or contumely."

COLUMBIANA, Dec. 20.

Wednesday last a little camping boy attended at the Court Hall, to inform the mayor and magistrates that he was buried upon which every body in the court burst into laughter. His incredible tale consisted in the notion of two big men jumping over the palisade of the Wrenthorpe road, nigh that he was buried by a tall man, and in his scramble to escape, received a wound in the thigh. The probability is, that he was making a felonious attempt to scale a garden wall, to steal medars, and that the rent in his clothes and his wound were providentially occasioned from his being arrested in his treacherous progress by the tenterhooks.

London Globe.

CIRCULAR, Office of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co., PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3, 1831.

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Respectfully,
OTIS AMMIDON, Treasurer.
Feb. 21.—6.

Starling Wharf,

ROUTE OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Brig Keokawha, Remondell, Sizal, J. W. Zararie and co.

DEPARTED.

Last evening, towboat Grampus, Jackson, with packet ship Naihale.

ARRIVED.

Brig Croole, Clarkson, from Bremen—cargo.

Brig Whim, Chase, from Mobile—cargo cotton

and Black Elizabeth, Gregg, from Honduras—cargo and 8 passengers.

Sch St Antonio, Lupt, fm Matanzas—coffee, &c.

Sch Atreides, Javier, from Havana, to Lizardi.

Brig Boreas, 350 lbs coffee, fruit, &c.

Ship Good Intent, by the coast—molasses.

Steamer Louisiana, Maynard, from Louisville—cargo, flour to cap Ket; White & co; Foster & Hutton; W Nevin; Townsend, Prieur & co; A C Baldwin; J W Zacharie & co; Bell & Buchanan; W H Oliphant; W A Lupton; F H O'Leary; G E Gray; A Damaring; order; P & W Bullett & Shipp; owners on board. Passengers Capt Riley and Lady, W Alop and Lady, Mrs. H. H. Moore, Mrs. Brooker, and others. Left Louisville on the 12th inst., at 10 a.m.; high and rising; 18th met Caledonia Rockport; Cleopatra near Evansville; 14th, Steamer Telegraph, from Wabash and Shawneetown; 14th, Gen Washington at Trinity; 15th, Frankfort; 15th, Chalk Banks; 16th, Scotland at Beaufort; Convoy at Randolph; Belfast at Devil's Elbow; Seneca at Council Bar; Chieftain at Pine Araine; Philadelphia and two other boats at White river; 16th, Hibernia at No 86; 17th, Talma spon Orleans at Palmyra island; 18th, Peruvian river; Cole's Creek; Powhatan 9 miles above Natchez; Freedom at Natchez; Wanderer at the landing.

Steamer Telegraph, Crane, in tow; Youn Sarah; rot.

J Lupton; W White; M White; J Lee;

McLeod & Cottrell; Remondell; Byrne & co;

Hagan & co; Bell & Buchanan; Allian; Perrault & Allard; Canthar & co; S Henderson; W H Leverich; A Fink; Watt & co; Martin and O'Duall. Several passengers.

Steamer Paul Clifford, Gordon, from Orléans—cotton, &c to Maurin & O'Dahing; J Miramont; J Moore; Kennedy & Duchamp; Toledo & Legrand; M Galien; owners on board. Passengers Rev Rose, Rev Mt Rosy, Dr Ellison, C Daigle; J Williams, and others

ARRIVED.

FIVE AT ST. HELENA.—About three o'clock on the morning of the 16th Aug., the Theatre was discovered to be on fire. The engines were upon the spot in five minutes, and about 700 soldiers and officers, and as many as a thousand other men, women, &c; but, notwithstanding all their exertions, and an abundant supply of water, the fire had got such a hold before it was discovered that it was utterly impossible to save anything. The combustible nature of the building, together with the scenery, made it blaze out most terribly, and the whole town was as light as day. Considerable apprehension was entertained for the safety of the town, but most fortunately there was not a breath of air stirring. Had it happened five or six days before, the whole town must have been burnt, owing to the wind, which had been dry and hot for some time very stormy from the Cape. Indeed, as it was, some flakes of fire fell into Mr. Gilson's premises, more than a quarter of a mile off, and some upon Ludderhill, a height of six hundred feet above the Theatre. The people belonging to the shipping in the harbour say that it was the greatest sight they ever saw. The fabrics of New York, saw it 12 miles out at sea; the officers and crew thought that a volcano had burst out. Every thing was destroyed—scenery, wardrobe, &c. &c. As soon as the fire was discovered, three twenty-four pounders were discharged up the town to awake the inhabitants, and the whole corps of drummers, about thirty in number, were marched up and down the town, beating until day-light, to keep the people from going to sleep.—*Globe.*

At the late sale at the Dock Yard, Kingston, Upper Canada, the hull of the St. Lawrence, a 120 gunship, was sold for £23,000 currency.—This vessel is said to have cost half a million of money.

It is mentioned in the papers that Montreal is declared a free port.

The ship Gold Hunter, Lord, 110 days from Havre, and 48 from Foyal for New York, with 112 passengers, put into Halifax 18th ult. for provisions, having only half a barrel of breadstuffs previous to her arrival; the passengers violently broke into the hold, and helped themselves to 20 or 30 cases of Champagne wine.

A gentleman, who was present at the late duel between M. Manginot and M. Viret, relates the following pleasure in the part of one of the Honourable Deputies, while the pistols were charging:—"Monsieur, c'est la première fois, depuis la Révolution de Juillet, que nous mettons deux bouteilles de la même couleur dans le même sac." Luckily neither of the balls told at the respectable distance of twenty paces. They manage "those sort of things" better in France than *chez nous*.—*Court Journal.*

Leap Year.—The following extract from an old volume printed in 1606, entitled "Courts, Love, and Matrimony," is especially dedicat-

ed to the old Batchelors of this city:

"Albeit it is now become a part of the com-

mon laws in regard to the social relations of life,

that as often as every bissextile year doth re-

turn, the ladies have the sole privilege, during

CAMP STREET THEATRE.

The only night this season of the BRIGAND.

ON TUESDAY EVENING, Feb. 21st.

Will be presented the original Drama of

THE BRIGAND.

Alessandro Macaroni, Mr. Caldwell,

Previous to which the laughable Farce of the

MAY QUEEN.

Caleb Franklin, Mr. Cowell,

To-morrow, Wednesday, 22d Feb.

Day of the imperial WASHINGTON!

will be presented Capt. Glover's Play,

THE LAST OF THE MOHICANS,

With the CENTENNIAL ODE, and

FAREWELL TO RAISING THE WIND.

feb 21

Office Love Street, Cotton Press Com'y, 6

New Orleans, 20