LA ABEJA.

NUEVA-ORLEANS, 3 DE JULIO DE 1830.

El navio *Guerrero*, que salió de la Habana para Cádiz, fué visitado el 19 de mayo. Sobre los 37°, 17', de latitud; y 20° 27', de longitud; este buque había perdido su palo mayor y el de mesana; sus vergas parecian estar amarradas. Fué desmantelado once dias despues de su salido, y navegada sobre [illegible] palos de resguarda. (*Courier and Herald.*)

Hemos recibido por el bergantin *Horatio*, una carta de nuestro corresponsal, esta mas informado que el *Admirable* congreso de Bogotá ha nombrado sus oficiales sin haber nombrado á Bolivar de presidente. Añade que este personage necesita apoyo, que en un pequeño número de amigos que disminuyen diariamente.

El *Liberal* de Maracaibo, con [illegible] fecha anterior (3 de abril,) contiene algunos detalles del movimiento de las tropas destinadas á obrar contra Venezuela. Este representa como poco dispuestas á batirse contra sus hermanos. La desercion de las tropas se efectuaba en masa. En Su. [illegible] se los amigos de Bolivar para reunir soldados se amparaban de los hombres casados á quienes hacian encadenar; tambien tomaban todos los caballos. Los artículos se habian puesto en requisicion é igualmente las mulas. Se habia ordenado un empréstito forzoso de [illegible] pesos, y los que debian pagar la cuota eran [illegible] propiedades vendidas. La [illegible] de mas importancia, porque [illegible] la confirmacion del deseo de Venezuela de permanecer unido á Colombia, [illegible] circulares fechadas en Valencia 27 de [illegible], cuyo objeto era la [illegible] de la [illegible] de Colombia. Segun [illegible] y el tono de [illegible] en que [illegible] redactadas, debemos [illegible] existe [illegible] disposicion amigable [illegible] de Venezuela, [illegible] el resto de Colombia.

CARTAGENA 5 de mayo.

Aprovecho la salida del bergantin *Horatio* para anunciar que el adorable congreso constituyente ha cerrado sus sesiones. Antes [illegible] ha concluido una constitucion [illegible] modificadas en la especie [illegible] y la ha dirigido al pueblo [illegible] que [illegible] amorosamente [illegible] Caro y Tomas Tenorio, habiendo [illegible] su [illegible] á la redaccion de un pacto [illegible] el pueblo estaba resuelto á no obedecer.

El congreso aunque tenia derecho de hacerlo, se abstuvo de nombrar presidente de la república. Bolivar continua [illegible] en su casa de campo [illegible] esperando fuga ó para [illegible] alguna que medita algun gran [illegible] lado, lo que puede [illegible] mismo tiempo, y que en ningun caso le servirá mas que para aumentar la animosidad que de todos [illegible] contra él.

Habra que concederle un gran mando, si [illegible] pago, teniendo aun *diez bocas* [illegible] órdenes.

(*Courrier des Etats-Unis.*)

COLOMBIA

Extracto de una carta particular recibida por los editores del *Journal of Commerce*.

MAGATALBA 16 de mayo.

Hemos sido informados hace poco, por la llegada de un extraordinario, que toda Colombia está en favor de P. z que Bolivar y sus compañeros habian salido de Bogota para Cartagena, en donde debian embarcarse para las costas, probablemente para no volver á este pais. Si esto relato es exacto, los amigos volverán á tomar su antiguo [illegible] dad. *Idem.*

Mexico 12 de junio.

El gobierno del Estado de Mexico ha comunicado al de la union la noticia de la muerte del general revolucionario Montes de Oca, con [illegible] noticias no oficiales. Se asegura que [illegible] cado á resultas de una crápula.

Toma del fuerte de San Cristobal Barradas por el general Arnijo.

Secretaria de guerra y marina.—Division de operaciones.—Escmo. Sr.—Estando en Coyuca con la division de mi mando, mandé al teniente coronel D. Rafael Navarrete con 100 caballos á las Anonas, y que de alli se dirigiese, segun las noticias que hubiese adquirido, al pie del cerro de Barradas, como en efecto lo verificó el 21 de este. Inmediatamente que llegó, con arreglo á mis instrucciones, se puso en contestacion con el cabecilla que se sostenia en aquel punto, el cual solo pidió condiciones, pues se penetró sin duda del estado de mis soldados, y resolvió abandonar aquella posicion.

El 22 me incorporé con el resto de mi division á Navarrete, y solo esto los acabó de decidir, pues en el acto que llegué, mandé un correo y se encontró [illegible] artillería en la entrada principal [illegible] y todo él sin un hombre. En el momento que se me dió parte de esta ocurrencia [illegible] puse subiesen los tenientes coroneles Gonzalez, Ojeda y Navarrete con 30 infantes que practicasen un reconocimiento de las provisiones de boca y guerra, dejando la infantería de guarnicion al mando del capitan Cuesta del activo de Morelia, siendo el resultado de lo que se encontró lo que demuestra el adjunto estado que tengo el honor de acompañar. (1)

Este pais ha recobrado la tranquilidad con este suceso, en el concepto que [illegible] apoyaban allí sus esperanzas, y los pueblos inmediatos han conocido su error, detestando á los malvados. No hago mencion á V. E. de mis sentimientos, porque éstos han sido continuados y sería molestar su ocupada atencion, debiendo solo advertir á V. E. que en todos ellos estas beneméritas tropas se han portado dignamente y con recomendacion. Lo que tengo el honor de decir á V. E. para conocimiento de S. E. el vice-presidente.

Dios y libertad. Huétamo [illegible] de 1830.—*José Armijo*.—Escmo. Sr. ministro de la guerra y marina.

(1) Omitimos su publicacion por [illegible] de ningun interes para el público de la Luisiana.

PRINT'D BY J. BAYON DELAUP, & DUPLESSIS.

NEW-ORLEANS:

SATURDAY (MORNING) JULY 3d 1830.

Algiers.—I [illegible] the departure of the [illegible] expedition [illegible] giers [illegible] not yet fixed, [illegible] would probably be about the 15th of [illegible]. The armed force in the [illegible] Algiers is computed at 22,000 men, of the Bedouins or Arabs of the interior is much more numerous, but ill disciplined. The European Consuls at Algiers had, it was said, [illegible] families to Toulon.

Toulon, April 28.—The brig Fleche, Capt. Lapierre, which left Toulon a few days ago for Corsica, has just arrived here, bringing as passengers the 4th Swiss Regiment and the 2d of the line. M. de Bourmont has also arrived here, and though it was at first thought that [illegible] to preserve the incognito, [illegible] have been paid to him. The streets were thronged with persons on his passage, and the air resounded with cries of 'Long live the King!' 'Long live General Bourmont!' It is said that orders have been given for the embarkation to take place on the 5th of May, and that the rest of the squadron, which is now at Brest, will form a division of the fleet, to be commanded by the Trident, commanded by Admiral Rosamel.

Paris, May 3.—On the 19th of April a Tunisian [illegible] of-war cast anchor in the Roads of Genoa. The commander, Reis Mohammed-ben-Ali-Ben-Ali, states that every body was in arms [illegible] whole Sea is Algiers [illegible] never great appreheension was felt respecting the issue of the approaching contest.

All the accounts that arrive from Toulon confirm what we have [illegible] the ardour of the troops, both of the [illegible] and Army; and there is such an eagerness in the latter to join the expedition, that Captains have [illegible] to serve as [illegible] soldiers, and it is thought that the [illegible] men of the [illegible] be preferred to [illegible] join [illegible] in the operations of the [illegible].

The number of English and Italian officers, in the service of the Dey of Algiers is estimated at 300.

London, May 6.—We [illegible] diverted yesterday to the [illegible] Swiss who have lately taken their passage from Havre to New York, and we commended the foresight and prudence displayed in the mode of their emigration. To-day our letters from Liverpool state that some of our countrymen proceeding from that port to the back settlements in the United States instead of going by New York, proposed to land at [illegible] and thence go up the Mississippi in steam boats until reaching the Ohio.

LONDON, May 7.

The communication on Mexican Finance promised yesterday by the Minister, M. De Gorostiza, has been published this morning as a small pamphlet. The Government of Mexico, after regretting their having been as yet unable to fulfil the engagements contained in the Act of Congress passed on the 23d of May, 1828 for allowing to their English creditors one-eighth of the customs on imports, and the whole duty on gold and silver exported, now proposes to make good the payment of one-eighth of the duties and imports, but the duty on precious metals for the present. They recommend that a meeting of the bond-holders be convened in London, and that a person or persons in whom they place confidence be appointed to act for them, such persons to appoint other agents at Vera Cruz and the ports of the Republic to receive said eighth of the duties. Messrs. Baring, Brothers, and Co. are strongly recommended by the Mexican Government, as the Agents for the bond-holders, if no better choice could not be made, and this communication, the work of Don Lucas Alaman, the Mexican Minister for Foreign Affairs, seems, on the whole, of a nature to revive the drooping hopes of the holders of Mexican Stock. The *desideratum* now will be an acknowledgement of the independence of Mexico, and a definitive renunciation of any absurd scheme of interference in Spain.—[Courier.]

The following is extracted from a letter by the Paris correspondent of the London Morning Herald, dated the [illegible] of April:—

I have repeatedly, in my late leters, predicted that this Government would take a high tone with the Liberaux; but I had no expectation that the plan would develope itself ere the expedition to Algiers had produced a sensation. It is difficult, however, for persons of sanguine temperament to dissemble. You have, accordingly in the cavalier conduct of M. de Bourmont at Lyons, on Friday last, a specimen of the hauteur and indifference of that individual towards the Liberal attentions of the authorities of that [illegible] city—the impulse of anticipated triumph. 'He would see nobody, and would return no acknowledgement of any compliment paid him,' says a private letter I received this day. To be frank, the city of Lyons has no right to expect to stand high in Royal or Royalist favour. The enthusiasm with which the return of Napoleon from Elba was hailed by the Liberals in 1815—their subsequent notorious display of dissatisfaction, not to say disaffection, (already so imprudently, I think, resented during certain late Royal visits to the south,) and their discontents respecting the diminution of trade in their city, have rendered the people of Lyons peculiarly obnoxious to the Court and its partisans; among whom, or rather at the head of the latter, must be placed M. de Bourmont. Hence the [illegible] *ovation* of Bourmont, [illegible] partly to contempt, when others [illegible] compliments by the authorities of the second city of France. 'Wait but awhile,' he is supposed by my correspondent to have said to himself, 'and we will make the Liberaux in Lyons and elsewhere speak and act more becomingly.' He set off the next day for Grenoble.

At Lyons, Aix, and many other towns in the south (even [illegible] disputes have arisen (that is, been provoked) between the 'peaceable and unoffending citizens'—as the Liberal Journals call them—and the officers of regiments [illegible] ordered for [illegible]. This is precisely what [illegible] by the Government. What it is [illegible] to [illegible]. Some blows of the sabre have been given, and—which is not wonderful—in all those contests, (says the Royalist) victory has rested with the 'epaulette.'

To separate the soldiers from the people has been long and ardently desired by the Court party. Exclers were, a few months since thrown out to ascertain in what manner the [illegible] in the mode of recruiting army would be received, the present practice of filling up its ranks by conscription keeping [illegible] too closely [illegible] the views of Ministers the connection of the soldier with his country, and its more peaceful inhabitants; but many reasons induced Ministers to refrain from pressing, for some time longer, that project. To strike the best of the troops already in service was the next best thing that could be attempted, and this was practicable only by creating an occasion for employing, and then rewarding or bribing them. The ridiculous quarrel with Algiers was accordingly got up, and to supply the necessary medium, the consequences of which the Liberaux, and the Liberal Institutions of the country, you will very shortly behold; indeed, they have already become manifest. Were further evidence wanted to prove the views of Ministers upon the army it would be found in the incredible extravagance of all the preparations to ensure comforts, and even luxuries, to the troops to be employed in the African expedition. Observe, also, the folly of the Liberal Journals, who have fallen into the snare laid for them by the Ministerialists, and publish the names of those persons distinguished previously for 'Liberal' connections, who have taken service under Bourmont! Among these are Monier, formerly Aid-de-Camp of the devoted Imperialist Rapp; a son of Lannes (of course brother of the present Duc de Montbello) a son of Mihaud, the distinguished General of Cavalry under Napoleon; a son of Poniatowski, [illegible].

It is [illegible], however, as respects the military, that the views of the King and his Ministers are developed. M. de Villele will—I am still assured—be, if he is not a point of fact already, a Member of the Administration. His secretary, when formerly in office, was a determined Congregationalist. On the eve of his own retirement from office, M. de Villele caused M. Alphonse de Chateauvillo to be appointed a Councillor of State; but the appointed was overruled by Martignac. R. has, however, within few days, been replaced and confirmed in the list of Councillors of State. In the Police, also, and in other departments, M. Martignac and his successor 'destituted' several functionaries on account of their connection with the party improperly called 'Liberal' by the Liberaux. Several of these have been recently restored. You will [illegible] thence the renewed influence of the Congregation, and that the reign of the Priests will be re-established. On this and another point only did the King differ from M.—Martignac, namely the abolition of the Censorship. The King was right, for as every [illegible] knows, the liberty of the press and the maintenance of despotism are incompatible. In both respects the King will now have his own way. Mark my words, *a free press will not exist in France three months after the return of a victorious army from Algiers.*

Respecting this all-engrossing topic, allow me to add a strange report in circulation this day—that Russia is extremely angry at the projected expedition, and is preparing for war with all possible celerity—whether to assist the African Government or to maintain her conquests in Turkey, or, in short, with what objects, the report is silent. Another equally strange incident spoken of to-day, but one of which there is no doubt, is the intention of the French Government to increase the army of General Schneider in G[illegible] to 8,000 men.

The unexpected return of the Emperor Nicholas to St. Petersburg, after an absence of only nine days, instead of several weeks, as originally intended, is considered here to be connected with the consideration of the projects of France in Greece and Africa. Of the former subject, at least, there can be little reason for apprehension; still the increase of the corps of Schneider remains unexplained.

The following proceedings about the sovereignty of Greece took place in the British House of Lords on the 30th ult. There is something amusing in the manner in which the Marquis of Londonderry asks for information on a subject with which the very paper that reports his remark is perfectly at home.

It seems strange that the British Government should leave the Nation so long without any official notice of those measures of the Cabinet, with which the people are already acquainted, through the medium of foreign Journals.

The Marquis of Londonderry said, *that he had just returned from France, where he had learned that a prince connected with this country was recommended for the Sovereign of Greece by the Allied Powers.* He [illegible] to know whether [illegible] Asked [illegible] forego his nature [illegible] Great Britain, in order to [illegible] this new sovereignty?

The Earl of Aberdeen did not think it incumbent upon him to answer whatever questions the noble Marquis thought proper to put, but he had no objection to state, that his Royal Highness Prince Leopold was the personage to whom the allied Sovereigns had offered the sovereignty of Greece. Some points of the negociation were not however concluded; they were not fundamental, and would, he hoped, soon be settled.

The Duke of Wellington.—In answer to the observation of the noble Marquis's question, (of Londonderry,) it is presumed.) I have no hesitation in giving him an answer in the negative.

New Factory.—Mr. Giles Thurber, in this village, is constructing a Cotton Factory, the machinery of which is propelled entirely by dogs. In this Factory all the processes of making cotton cloth from the raw material, are to be gone through with.

The power is produced by the weight of four dogs walking upon an inclined belt. This belt, although of wood, is so constructed with legs, as to be capable of [illegible] over the [illegible] its evolutions [illegible] succession of cylinders. [illegible] Berks. [illegible]

Accident.—We learn from a correspondent, that the steam boat Newark, on her passage to New-York on Friday, took in tow a small oyster boat with two men on board; the action of the wheels caused so much agitation, that the skiff filled and sunk, and the men were left at the mercy of the waters—the machinery was instantly stopped; chair and benches, &c. were immediately thrown overboard. One of the men was left at a considerable distance from the boat, and being unable to reach any of the articles thrown to his assistance, soon became exhausted, and sunk considerably under the surface of the water, when the Captain of the Newark, fearlessly plunged into the water, and at great peril, rescued the sufferer from a watery grave. Too much credit cannot be given to the Captain, (whose name we do not know,) for his promptness and intrepidity on the occasion. (*Charlest. Mer.*)

The following Ticket will be strongly supported at the approaching Election by many Voters.

Congress—E. D. WHITE.
Governor—ARNAUD BEAUVAIS.
Senate—* * * *

Representatives.

F. GAIENNIE, F. LANDREAU,
N. MORSE, C. GAYARRE,
S. LIVERMORE, S. D. DIXON,
W. C. C. CLAIBORNE.

The Bee will oblige many of its subscribers and others residing in the upper Faubourg by publishing the above ticket, which will be [illegible] strongly supported.

Mr. A. BEAUVAIS will be supported by a great number of voters, at the next election, as candidate for the place of Governor of the State of Louisiana.

We are authorized to announce that Mr. A. B. ROMAN will be supported as a Candidate for the office of Governor.

Mr. Editor please publish the following ticket and oblige a number of your subscribers.

For Congress.
E. D. WHITE.
For Governor.
ARNAUD BEAUVAIS.
For Senator.
ANTONIO DUCROS.
Representatives.
J. WORKMAN,
LOUIS ALLARD.
C. WATTS.
W. C. C. CLAIBORNE.
C. GAYARRE.
S. D. DIXON.
CHS. CAFFIN.

Ship News.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

[illegible] Transport, Bradford, Rio Bellinas, B Bertus
[illegible] Martha, Hayden, Boston, L H Gale
Brig [illegible], Cameron, Liverpool,
[illegible] Gordon, Forstall and co.

ARRIVED.

Towboat Pilot, [illegible], from S W Pass—towed to sea ships London and Lydia, and schr Juanita—off the Bar schr Delta, of Philadelphia, from Vera Cruz, uncertain when bound—nothing new in the river, or in sight from the Pass at 10 a. m. yesterday—aground on the bar ship Wm Nelson and Pharsalia.

SALE AT AUCTION.

BY F. DUTILLET.

ON Saturday 10th of July, will be sold at the Exchange Coffee-House, a Lot of Ground with a House thereon, situated on St. Charles street, opposite to Gravier's Public Square, between Good and Poydras streets.

The terms will be made known at the time of sale. july 1

BY F. DUTILLET.

ON Saturday 10th of July, will be sold at the Exchange coffee-house, at 12 o'clock, 62 feet of ground advantageously situated in front and near canal Marigny. As the construction of the rail road will soon establish an easy communication with the city, there is no doubt that this property in that quarter will rise in price; and the improvements already begun in that new part of the city, is a further proof of its importance. July 1st

Bridge Vose vs. Barreau.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. [illegible] Judge; associate Judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale, on [illegible] the 12th of July, at 5 o'clock, at the [illegible] 36 pairs of shoes, and one trunk, contained [illegible] Seized in the above suit.

JAVINS L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

Marshall Rule.

Lallemcelier vs. M. Bedale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed, by the hon. P Smith, associate Judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale, on Saturday, the [illegible] of July, at 5 o'clock, at the principal, one [illegible], one canopy. Seized in the above Suit.

July 1st L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

Mayor, Aldermen &c. vs. John [illegible]

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Preval, associate Judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale, on Saturday the 3d of July next, at 5 o'clock, at the principal, 8 chairs, table, and one trunk.—Seized in the above suit. L. DAUNOY, Marshal

June 23

Bonghen vs. C. Laveau.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias directed to me by the hon. P. Preval, associate Judge of the city court, I shall expose to sale on Friday the 2d July at 12 o'clock at the Exchange Coffee-House, one Horse—Seized in the above suit.

June 23 L. DAUNOY, Marshal

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned being about to absent himself from the city for a few days, takes this method to inform those whose interests require a full explanation of all his affairs in his official capacity as deputy Marshal, that [illegible] be had by applying at the office of L. Daunoy Esq. Marshal of the city of New Orleans, and at the office of the Hon. B. Bonford one of the associate judges of the City Court.

Those who have any claims on him either as public or private nature are requested to call immediately for settlement and those who are in any manner indebted to him, are also requested to call within 10 days from this date, to adjust their accounts, and pay the balance that may be due him. After which time all unsettled accounts will be placed in the hands of A. Mace Esq. for collection. LEWIS C. HUTCHINSON,

June 30 Deputy Marshal.

LIME.—149 casks Thomastown lime, in some order, landing from schr. Sarah, and for sale by STETSON and AVERY,

june 26 No. 67 Royal Street.

NOTARY'S OFFICE.

THE subscriber having been commissioned as Notary Public, vice Félix Pedesclaux deceased, has the honor of informing the public that he keeps his office in Mr. Grymes' house, No. 176 Royal street, opposite to Messrs. Cavelier.

The zeal, attention and activity which he will constantly display in the exercice of his functions, the experience he has acquired in the office of the late Philippe Pedesclaux, and above all, the assistance and advice afforded him by his father, in entering a career so laborious and honorable are the motives upon which he founds the hope of obtaining a part of the public confidence.

At all hours, and at all times, the office will be of the deposit public. His office [illegible] that of his father, also in the same place.

June 30 JPH. CUVILLIER.

CHOICE [illegible] CHES.—Received per ship Margaret, from Havre, and for sale by FORESTIER,